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### Ottawa County Times, Volume 10, Number 52: January 10, 1902

Ottawa County Times

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# Ottawa County Times.

VOL. X.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN

JANUARY 10, 1902.

NO.

## Silver Fruit Knives

\$1.00 to \$5.00 per Set.

In plain polished silver, Beaded edge handles with plain centers. Handsomely engraved patterns. Also pearl handles with solid silver ferrules. A nice assortment to select from.

## HARDIE

Jeweler and Optician.

Cor. Eighth St. and Central Ave.

## DRUGS AND BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS AT

### S. A. MARTIN'S

Cor. Eighth and River Sts.

### PRESCRIPTIONS

Quickly, carefully and economically filled.

Fine Line of Cigars.

## Central DENTAL PARLORS.

DR. F. M. GILLESPIE, DENTIST.

18 East Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

### FIRST-CLASS DENTISTRY AND PRICES RIGHT.

Evenings by Appointment  
Ottawa Phone 23.

### REMARKABLE CURE OF COUGH.

#### A Little Boy's Life Saved.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steere of Goodwin, S. D., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up" and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. We had to pull the phlegm out of his mouth in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth today.—Joel Demont, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by H. Walsh, Holland; Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

#### Drink F. M. C. Coffees.

#### Farm For Sale.

An 18 acre fruit farm located half a mile south of the Holland depot for sale. Contains 100 cherry trees, 100 plum trees, 100 peach trees, 3 acres raspberries, half an acre currants, strawberry patch, 100 apple and pear trees. For particulars enquire at this office.

#### Finda Way To Live Long.

The startling announcement of a discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by editor O. H. Downey, of Chubbuck, Ind. "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for Coughs, Colds and Grip. It's invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread Pneumonia or Consumption. Its relief is instant and cure certain." H. Walsh guarantees every 50c and \$1.00 bottle, and sells trial bottles at 10c.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

#### Buy F. M. C. Coffees.

#### Farmers Institute.

At Ossewaarde's Hall, Zeeland, Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 15 and 16, The state speakers are J. W. Hutchins, Hanover; A. P. Gray, Traverse City; Mrs. Ella E. Rockwood, Lansing; and C. W. Gardfield of Grand Rapids. Interesting discussions on fruit, live stock and other lines of farming. No farmer can afford to miss this meeting. 51-52

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Purifiers. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; purifies the whole system.

### GAS LEFT TO VOTERS.

#### The Committee No Recommendations.

At the council meeting Tuesday evening the committee on ways and means, composed of Aldermen Haberman, Van Putten and Geerlings, reported on the application for a gas franchise of Messrs. De Roo and Cappon. The committee's report is as follows: "Your committee to whom was referred the petition of C. J. DeRoo and others asking for a gas franchise, beg leave to report that they have given the matter careful consideration and that in their opinion it would be desirable in the near future to be able to obtain gas in this city for illuminating and power but especially for fuel purposes. That it favors agitation on this subject and that the council should not do anything to thwart any reasonable effort to accomplish this purpose. We recommend that it be left to a vote of the people whether the city should construct its own gas plant or whether a franchise be granted to private parties. We further recommend that the check deposited by C. J. DeRoo and others be returned to them."

The committee on ways and means were instructed to make further investigations on the question of a gas plant.

### AN APPEAL FOR THE PRISONERS OF WAR ON THE BERMUDA ISLANDS.

I received word Jan. 4th, that all goods shipped to the prisoners had arrived and were being distributed to them. Thanks, thanks, to all, who contributed so liberally to this work. Everybody who gave, may know that many a prayer is sent to God from those prison islands for a blessing for the friendly benefactors, unknown to the man who prays, but known to God. And still we may not end our work here, for our committee on the Bermudas asks support, for money, underwear (new), oatmeal, cornmeal, rice, coffee, sugar, tea, etc., for the old men and boys.

Men above 70 years and boys below 16, need more digestible food than hardtack and corned beef. Let every man or woman, who loves an old father, or has a boy, imagine how those would stand a continued soldier's fare, and I am confident that donations for this cause will come in plentifully.

I know that the people in this vicinity have done much for the Boers, and even if I did not get anything, I would not blame them, but where can I go except to those who showed themselves men and women of the right quality. Matth. XXV 34-40.

Let us work and save the old men and boys for South Africa. In South Africa the children are dying; in October and November alone 4,900 babes died. There we can only answer the silent but not less eloquent voices from the ten thousand graves, by money and protests, so that the rulers of the earth may know, that, although they approve these methods by their silence, we are innocent of the blood of these babe martyrs.

I am willing to send the donations as soon as possible to their destination.

DR. L. A. M. RIEMENS.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 8, 1902.

### CHARLES KIPP BOUND OVER.

On Monday afternoon Charles Kipp, who was held on complaint of larceny of furniture from the West Michigan furniture factory, was examined before Justice C. H. McBride. He was held for trial in the circuit court. Mr. Kipp had retained Attorney Geo. E. Kollen. M. Trass who has been in jail at Grand Haven on the same charge was brought here as a witness against Kipp. Trass testified that Kipp had the key to the ware rooms of the factory and helped him load a dresser and chifoniere on a wagon. Kipp is out under \$750 bonds. Mr. Trass will probably plead guilty.

### RUMOR FROM PARIS.

Paris, Jan. 8.—The Courier du Soir publishes another report this evening to the effect that the United States are preparing the way for intervention to the Boers in South Africa.

### CAN SAY CHICAGO.

Sheriff Dykhus Has Prisoner With Whom He Cannot Talk.

Grand Haven, Jan. 6.—New Year's day a strange looking young man, unshaven and unkempt, was discovered wandering about the village of Nunica. When conversed with he would either grunt or talk in a tongue that was unintelligible. He was brought to the county jail and the sheriff is now busy hunting for linguists to find out what nationality his boarder is. The only English word the man can utter is Chicago, and the officials think that the fellow strayed from some institution in that city.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

### FIRST SERVICES IN NEW M. CHURCH.

The first services in the new Methodist church will be held next Sunday morning. At 10:30 there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. A. Clarke, followed by the Sunday school and usual services in their regular order.

### OLD SETTLERS GONE.

MRS. K. VAN DEN BERG. Mrs. Klaas Vanden Berg who resided near Pine Creek, died Tuesday evening aged 82 years, at the home of her daughter Johannes Vanden Berg. She was an old pioneer and came here in 1840. Four children, Mrs. John Essenberg, New Holland, Johannes Vanden Berg of Pine Creek, Klaas Vanden Berg of New Holland and Mrs. B. Baarman. The funeral takes place to-day at the Central Avenue church.

### MRS. A. STEGINK.

Mrs. A. Stegink who died at Vriesland Wednesday, was one of the early settlers. She was born in Zutphen, Netherlands, and came here when only 14 years of age. Her husband M. Den Herder died in 1879 and some years after she was married to A. Stegink, who survives her. Nine children survive her also. They are: Chris and John Den Herder, Mrs. Nellie Vogel, Mrs. J. A. Van Zoenen and Mrs. Leestma, all of Grand Rapids, Cornelius Den Herder of Vriesland, Mrs. M. Witvliet and J. H. Den Herder of this city, and Mrs. Thomas Rynbrandt of Jamestown. One daughter, Mrs. P. Zeldenzust of Grand Rapids died last week.

### LAST BEETS SLICED.

#### The Sugar Factory Closed for the Season.

The Holland sugar factory which has been a busy place for the last three months, sliced the last beets of the season on Wednesday. The output since the factory started Oct. 10, is 5,750,000 pounds of sugar. The factory has made a very successful run and Manager C. M. McLean can well feel proud of the record made.

Secretary F. C. Hall has also been a busy man, but has so thoroughly systematized the office work that a great deal of time and work is saved. The factory started to slice beets on Oct. 10, supposed slicing Jan. 10, and produced 5,750,000 pounds of sugar, used nearly 29,000 tons of beets at an average price of over \$5 per ton and employed about 120 men at good wages. The grade of sugar ranks among the highest on the markets. Acreage is coming in fast and farmers who wish to make contracts should not put it off but call at the office of the company.

### SMITH AND COLBURN TO BE HERE.

On Thursday, Jan. 16, Charles Cullen Smith, evangelist, and L. S. Colburn, singer and choir, director, will begin a two week's meeting the first week at Hope church and the second week at the M. E. church. They will be assisted by local speakers and singers. The meeting promise to be as interesting as those previously held here by Messrs. Smith and Colburn.

### A FINE MUSICAL.

Next Thursday evening, Jan. 19, the ladies' Boston symphony orchestra will give one of their delightful entertainments at Winants Chapel. This promises to be one of the finest numbers on the Hope College lecture course. Seats will be on sale at Hardie's next week.

### ZEEERP-TEN HAGEN.

Ryne Zeerip and Miss Minnie Ten Hagen were married yesterday at the future home of the couple, corner of Fourteenth and Maple streets, Rev. A. Clarke officiating. J. D. Van Der Meulen acted as best man and Miss Zinser from Grand Rapids as bride's maid. Among those present from abroad were Mr and Mrs. Fred Matue, John Myet and Miss Zinser of Grand Rapids, J. Zeerip from Muskegon and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Lemmen and Bert Lemmen of Allendale. The presents were many and beautiful.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

S. Sprietma, the shoe dealer, will in a short time begin work on his new brick block. While the block is going up he will conduct his shoe business in part of the building occupied by A. Rosbach, the confectionery dealer on River street.

### NUMBER OF BRITISH LOST.

#### Report on "Reduction of Force" Since the War Began.

London, Jan. 6.—The total reduction of Great Britain's military forces in South Africa from the beginning of war to December, including death from disease, men reported missing etc. amounts to 24,299 men. Of this number, 19,540 were actually killed or died. A total of 64,330 men were invalidated home, the majority of whom recovered and rejoined their commands.

### PERSONAL.

John Jipping, treasurer of Fillmore township, was in town on business Monday. He reports taxes in that township having come in at a good rate.

G. Van Hees, one of the prominent Zeeland citizens, was here on business Monday.

E. J. Dinkeloo visited his parents a week. He is taking a musical course in Chicago.

M. Van Putten and daughter and Mrs. Della Van Dyke visited in Grand Rapids Tuesday.

Miss King of West Olive left for Chicago Tuesday after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Smith.

J. H. Hinkley of Berlamont visited in Grand Rapids Monday.

H. Takken, the vehicle dealer, was in Grand Rapids on business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zalsman have returned from an extended visit with friends in Grand Rapids and other towns.

W. R. Buss of the Buss machine works was in Indiana on a business trip last week.

Fred Charter left for Chicago a few days ago.

Mrs. Dick Smith of Crisp visited in Grand Rapids here Monday.

Jacob Bolhuis visited his parents atoppersville a few days ago.

Harley Souter and Will and George Dardus have returned from a visit at Delby.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Boone, Sr. spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pieters of Fennville.

John Albers, the well known Muskegon meat dealer, was here on business Monday.

Will Van Zanten is in town from Milwaukee where he has finished his medical course.

A. Michmershuizen was in Fennville Monday in the interests of the Walsh & Roo Milling Co.

Mrs. Paul A. Steketee who has been ill at Coopersville, has returned home but has not yet fully recovered.

R. Wareham of this city has gone to Beaverdam, Wis., for a two weeks' leave.

A well known citizen, was in town on business Wednesday.

G. Tubbergen of East Saugatuck was here on business Wednesday.

Peter Van Regenmorter left Wednesday for a week's visit with friends at Highland Park, Ill.

Miss Nella Pfanstichtl and Mrs. A. C. Van Raalte visited friends in Grand Rapids, Wednesday.

Miss Anna and Charles Floyd returned Wednesday from an extended visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Osborne and son returned to Traverse City yesterday after an extended visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Alberti.

Jas. L. Conkey and H. E. Bradshaw are visiting the poultry show at Kalamazoo.

W. Benjamin and daughters were at Fremont yesterday, called there by the illness of G. Hekhuis, a son-in-law of Mr. Benjamin.

G. Laepple visited in Grand Rapids yesterday.

Mrs. James Huntley, Miss Addie Huntley and Mrs. Fred Boone visited friends in Grand Rapids yesterday.

Herman Van Ark and Henry Winters were in Grand Rapids on business yesterday.

### NEW KIND OF WHEAT.

#### Important Discovery Made by Well-Known Michigan Farmer.

Battle Creek, Jan. 6.—Frank Hodgman, the well known farmer of Climax, has discovered or developed a new variety of wheat. In 1898 he discovered among his wheat a stalk so different from the rest that it at once attracted his attention, bearing a very large head and stem. He saved the wheat and planted it in his garden. Every kernel was red, but what was his surprise when he harvested three pints of the grain to find some white, some dark and the rest every shade of color between. He attempted to differentiate it by sorting. The white, the red and the grade between were all planted separately. But strangely all came mixed as in the first place, white wheat growing among the red and red among the white.

Last spring he sowed one bushel of the wheat and this fall harvested 17½ bushels, which was nearly red, with only a few white kernels. It has a large, white stock, and successfully resisted the fly in the spring. It ripened one week earlier than other wheat. It is very heavy, weighing 64 pounds to a measured bushel, and makes a very fine flour. All farmers and millers who have inspected it say it is a hitherto unknown variety and that Mr. Hodgman has differentiated a new wheat.

## SOME WINTER GOODS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE!

Nothing is reserved—everything must go. We need the money—we need the room. We cannot quote prices on all goods—let a few prices suffice:

- Gents' Grey Shirts and Drawers, to close... 19c
- Gents' heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers... 35c
- All our 25c Fringed Tidies, to close... 15c
- A line of Plush and Cloth Capes at... ½ of
- A line of Cloth Jackets at... ¼ of
- 100 pairs good Double Blankets at... 45c
- A few odds and ends in Ladies and Children's Underwear, to close... 15c
- A few odd Lace Curtains at... ¼ of
- All our Fur Collarettes at... ¼ of
- A line of Dress Goods at... ¼ of
- Some Plaid Dress Goods at... ½ of

Come in and see for yourself that we can save you money on first-class goods.

## John Vanderstelt

N. B.—Ask for our January Fashion Sheet. All Patterns 10 cents—no higher.

## Make Your Hens Lay!

The farm journals are devoting much space lately to a new discovery for making hens lay called **Red Albumen.** We are prepared to supply it in any quantity. We also carry the purest grade of **Red and Black Pepper** at reasonable prices.

## CON. DE PREE'S DRUG STORE

Cor. Eighth St. and Central Ave.

## DIAMONDS! WATCHES!

AND A THOUSAND OTHER ARTICLES TO SELECT FROM, AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

## C. A. STEVENSON JEWELER.

24 East Eighth Street, Holland.

Blank Books. A full line of blank books for office and other use, at S. A. Martin's Drug and Book Store. Let us speak of man as we find him. And censure only what we can remember that no one can. Unless he uses Rocky Mountain Haan Ask for F. M. C. Coffees.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.



**ALWAYS TIRED**

Do you get up tired, go to bed tired, and drag out a tired sort of existence all day? If so, you are not natural. Your nerve force is exhausted. You need help.

**PALMO TABLETS**

revive the whole system. They give strength to the nerves, and vigor to every organ. All weakening loss stopped. Buy a box to-day.

50 cents, 12 for \$5.00. Book free. Haldid Drug Co., Cleveland, O.

**Louisville and Nashville Railroad,** THE GREAT CENTRAL, SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE

**WINTER TOURISTS' TICKETS**

Now on Sale to

**Florida and the Gulf Coast.**

Write for folders, descriptive matter, etc., to

**C. L. STONE,**  
General Passenger Agent,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS TO

**R. J. WEMYSS,**  
General Immigration and Industrial Agt.,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

And he will mail you, free, Maps, Illustrated Pamphlets and Price Lists of Lands and Farms in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Florida.

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure**

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and \$1. Large size contains 2 1/2 times as much. Booklet about dyspepsia mailed free.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

**Where to Locate?**

Why, in the Territory Traversed by the

**LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.**

—THE—  
Great Central Southern Trunk Line,  
—IS—  
KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA,  
—WHERE—  
Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors, Speculators, and Money Lenders

will find the greatest chances in the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of Land and Farms, Timber and Stone.

**Labor—Everything!**  
Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation for the manufacturer.

Land and farms at \$1.00 per acre and upwards, and 500.00 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under the U. S. Homestead laws.

Stock raising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.

Half-Fare Excursions the first and third Tuesday of each month.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it, but don't delay as the country is filling up rapidly.

Printed matter, maps and all information free.

Address,

**R. J. WEMYSS,**  
General Immigration and Industrial Agent  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

**GENERAL REPAIR SHOP.**

Any person desiring any work done such as repairing sewing machines, books, guns, umbrellas, or small machinery of any kind, call at John F. Zalsman, in the building formerly occupied by D. DeVries, corner River and Ninth streets, Holland, Mich.

claims victims. Dr. Miles' Restorative defends them.

**MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.**

**Items Which Are of Special Interest to Our Readers.**

**Happenings Throughout the State Received by Telegraph and Put in Type.**

**Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 6.**—In the United States court Saturday bondsmen in the cases involving Stilson V. MacLeod and Lant K. Salsbury jointly in the charge of conspiracy to defraud the National bank, expressed a desire to be relieved. MacLeod came into court soon afterward with Colonel George G. Briggs, Walter Winchester and William Winegar, who gave a new bond. David Wolf and J. C. McGrath furnished new bail for Salsbury. An afternoon paper came out with an extra saying that Salsbury had disappeared, and within an hour Salsbury began a libel suit against the paper for \$10,000 damages.

**Thinks of Indicting Some Others.**  
MacLeod is about 40 years old. Before he became involved in the scandal he was ruddy of face, jovial and athletic. His hair is now gray. He has a wife and one little son. It is believed MacLeod's wife led him to make his confession. As a result of MacLeod's confession in the water supply scandal the prosecuting attorney is considering the advisability of calling another grand jury in order to reach persons hitherto not connected with the case.

**Contradicts the Whole Defense.**  
MacLeod's statements are not given out, and the full details will not be publicly known until he tells his story on the witness stand, but he flatly contradicts the whole story of the defense in the Salsbury case. MacLeod denies that the \$75,000 ever left Grand Rapids. He will tell on the witness stand what was done with the money. He declares Gates never saw a cent of the money after it was placed in a safety box in the Michigan Trust vault. According to MacLeod's statement the receipt for the \$75,000 and other papers introduced by the defense in the Salsbury case were manufactured while the grand jury was in session.

**ROYAL MOTTO DOES NOT "GO"**

**Gift of Garters Results in a Scrap and an Appeal to Law.**  
Albion, Mich., Jan. 3.—Because, as he alleged, his wife got a pair of garters from somebody for Christmas, a prominent Cleveland man put up a battle royal in Manheimer Bros' clothing store. Phillip Silverstein, accompanied by his wife, formerly Mrs. Edith Jacobs, a daughter of Isadore Jacobs, a retired clothier and very prominent here, entered the store, and Silverstein accused young Lee Manheimer of insulting his wife by sending her as a Christmas present a pair of garters.

Manheimer denied the charge, the lie was passed, when Silverstein, as alleged, slapped young Lee in the face. Lee is a featherweight, while Silverstein is in the heavyweight class. Consequently Manheimer's clerk, Homer Phelps, took a hand and "landed" hard on Silverstein's face. This ended the scrap and Manheimer promptly got out a warrant for Silverstein's arrest, charging assault and battery. Silverstein has not been located and, it is claimed, made his escape on an early train for his home in Cleveland.

**Managed It Very Cleverly.**  
Negaunee, Mich., Jan. 3.—Miss Emma Prout, a belle of this city, eloped with Archie McDonnell, also of this city. The elopement was well planned. While the young lady entertained her mother in the parlor McDonnell drove around to the back door and took her trunk. He then called to see her, and they drove to Ishpeming, where they were married, taking a midnight train to Calumet, where McDonnell has a good position.

**Struck by a Ton Weight.**  
Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 3.—Architect John C. Kaumier looked down a shaft in the new Brush building and a ton weight attached to the elevator shaft came down and rested on his head, jamming it against a timber. His lower lip was almost severed, his teeth driven in and the base of his skull fractured. In spite of this it is not believed he is dangerously hurt.

**Kalamazoo Appendicitis Club.**  
Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 7.—The Kalamazoo Appendicitis club is the name of a new organization formed here for the purpose of giving aid to the great number of persons now suffering from the malady. Its membership hopes also to protect itself against expense incurred in doctors' fees and loss of time.

**Girl Monkey with a Corn Shredder.**  
Galves, Mich., Jan. 3.—Nellie McGuire, a young daughter of Mike McGuire, had the middle finger of her left hand mutilated in a corn shredder at Galves. She was playing near the machine and was pulling out cobs when the accident occurred.

**Horse Bites a Man in the Face.**  
Manistique, Mich., Jan. 7.—Frederick Fields, employed on the farm of Ronald McIntyre, in Doyle township, is suffering from terrible wounds in the face administered by a stallion. He was feeding the horse when it turned and bit him.

**Ex-Speaker Adams' Case.**  
Lansing, Mich., Jan. 7.—Prosecuting Attorney Tuttle has placed the two cases against ex-Speaker Edgar J. Adams at the head of the calendar for the January term of the circuit court, which will convene at Mason, Monday, Jan. 13.

**Size of the National Guard.**  
Lansing, Mich., Jan. 7.—The yearly returns of Adjutant General Brown to the war department shows a total enrollment of 3,106 officers and men in the Michigan National Guard at the close of the year.

**Gen. Alger Progressing Finely.**  
Detroit, Jan. 3.—General Alger is progressing so nicely that Dr. Longyear has given permission for him to partake of some light food of a solid nature. The general's condition is highly satisfactory in every way.

**INDUSTRIES IN MICHIGAN**

**Census Office Prints Figures on the State and Certain Cities.**

Detroit, Jan. 6.—The census office at Washington has printed among its preliminary reports one on the manufacturing industries of Michigan, of which the following is a summary: State—Number of establishments, 16,800; capital, \$284,047,233, an increase of 8 per cent.; value of products, \$556,387,412, an increase of 28 per cent. There were 162,330 wage earners, 906,458,047 of wages, \$25,491,814 of miscellaneous expenses and \$199,153,711 was the cost of materials used. The following is the summary for the cities separately reported:

Bay City—Establishments, 376; capital, \$25,645,525, a decrease of 42 per cent.; value of products, \$7,087,024, a decrease of 22 per cent.

Detroit—Establishments, 2,845; capital, \$71,415,718, an increase of 50 per cent.; value of products, \$100,612,178, an increase of 30 per cent.

Grand Rapids—Establishments, 824; capital, \$23,433,700, an increase of 47 per cent.; value of products, \$24,824,042, an increase of 25 per cent.

Jackson—Establishments, 201; capital, \$4,617,656, a decrease of 7 per cent.; value of products, \$7,587,530, an increase of 41 per cent.

Muskegon—Establishments, 200; capital, \$4,002,390, a decrease of 53 per cent.; value of products, \$5,097,059, a decrease of 38 per cent.

Saginaw—Establishments, 480; capital, \$7,558,806, a decrease of 39 per cent.; value of products, \$10,034,459, a decrease of 11 per cent.

Kalamazoo—Establishments, 208; capital, \$5,796,195; value of products, \$8,056,908.

**HEARD IN A CITY GRILL ROOM**

**Farwell Supper to a Girl by a Man—About Town.**  
Detroit, Jan. 4.—One of the richest and best known men in Detroit sat at a table in the grill room of the Hotel Metropole with a woman who was startlingly beautiful and gowned like a queen. It was a farwell supper he was giving her, and she cried intermittently between drinks of wine. He had either tired of her or had made a resolve to turn over a new leaf on the New Year. The diamonds he had given her flashed from her ears, her fingers and her throat. Every time she moved they sparkled and her rich silks rustled like leaves of corn.

"It's got to be," he was heard to say to her. "I've used you right; you are still young, beautiful and have far more than when I met you. You know that I can never marry you, and what's the use?" "You're going to marry some society girl, I presume?" she said, as a hard glitter came into her eyes; "some fair creature with angel eyes who would pull her skirts aside if she sat near me in the theatre, some mother's darling who will kiss her husband just as I have kissed him—" "Stop!" he said hoarsely; "enough of this!" His wine glass tipped over and fell with a crash to the floor.

**THEY TURNED THEMSELVES LOOSE**

**Sunday No Bar to a Housing Reception to Ann Arbor's Football Team.**

Ann Arbor, Mich., Jan. 7.—Even Sunday could not prevent a football celebration over the return of the Michigan team from the Pacific coast with an unparalleled season of victories and scores. A crowd of 2,000 citizens and students had assembled at the station, and as the train from the west pulled in at 10 o'clock red and white lanterns were touched off, and the band played the familiar rooting songs. Mayor Copeland, the aldermen and all the city officials were at the station. A procession was formed with carriage loads of prominent citizens escorting the football team. Up through the main business streets and to the campus the line of march was like a lane of red fire. The triumphant march ended at the Law building, where Professor Copeland, mayor of the city, congratulated Yost's great proteges.

**Police Justice Is "Short."**

Saginaw, Mich., Jan. 4.—An investigation of the records and books of the police court has been going on for some weeks. Alderman Penney, appointed by the committee to make an investigation, submitted a partial report of the committee, which held a secret session, showing Police Judge Deveau to be short something over \$400 and Clerk C. Johnson to be short about \$225.

**Transfer of the Chapin Mine.**

Iron Mountain, Mich., Jan. 7.—The Chapin mine, of this city, has been transferred to the Oliver Mining company, which is a steel corporation property. The Quinnesee mine, formerly an Illinois Steel company, has also been transferred to the Oliver company.

**Says He Has Not Been Paid.**

Monroe, Mich., Jan. 7.—Contractor W. B. Strang, who is doing the construction work on the Detroit and Toledo electric line, has stopped all work. He says he has not been paid according to agreement. No cars will be run from Detroit to Toledo, as the track has been blocked by loaded cars.

**Port Huron Loses an Elevator.**

Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 7.—The elevator of the Port Huron Elevator company was totally destroyed by fire last night. This leaves but one elevator in this city to handle the grain carried by the Grand Trunk railroad from upper lake ports. The financial loss is \$25,000.

**Michigan Minutes.**

**Mendon—**A franchise to construct an eight-foot drain at Mendon, sixty rods east of the Marquette bridge, has been granted by the board of supervisors.

**Dowagiac—**Freeman and Finley Cronk are said to be two of the heirs to an estate in Holland valued at \$80,000,000.

**Bronson—**Jason Shepard, aged 87, is dead. He was formerly in the furniture and undertaking business.

**St. Charles—**Rev. E. R. Clarke, successor to Rev. J. J. Spouse, has begun his pastorate here.

**Grand Haven—**The sheriff has a prisoner who can say but one word of English—Chicago.

**Ann Arbor—**Christian Hoerz, a young bookbinder, fell into the basement of a saloon and was killed.

**PIANO BOX HOUSES.**

**An Inexpensive Shelter For Poultry**  
In All but the Coldest Weather.  
Some years ago, in looking about for a place to divert my mind from business cares and having three-quarters of an acre of land at my disposal and a natural affection for thoroughbred fowl, I concluded to try my hand with poultry, keeping a few for pleasure and hoping at the same time to get some profit from it. By the time I had fully made up my mind to become a poultryman I had chicken fever in its worst form, and all the noted physicians that I have consulted have pronounced my case incurable.

Now, being in doubt myself as to how long the fever might last and how profitable I might be able to make it, I naturally hesitated about putting great expense into chicken houses. I reasoned that if I got sick of the business I should have very little to lose if I sold out, but at the same time biddy must have some kind of home to shelter herself from the weather and a place to lay and be dry.

On looking about I found that piano boxes would answer my purpose very well. Mr. Warren described my method of putting together, and the pictures will show the two styles. I purchased my boxes at 50 cents apiece and hired two men two and one-half days to put them together.

[Editor's Note.—Mr. Dingley has reference to the article by the Rev. Edgar Warren, which appeared in the November number of Poultry Keeper. The main facts touching on these houses were put by Mr. Warren as follows: Did you ever think of the possibilities that are in two piano cases, which can be bought in the nearest city for 50 cents apiece? On a level place lay down two joists eight feet long. Take your boxes and carefully remove the boards on the tallest side. Spike the boxes to the joists so that the open ends will face each other. With the boards you have taken out close up the gap between the boxes on the back and roof. Put a door in front, a pane of glass on either side of the door, complete laying the floor, put in a roost, cover the building with a good roofing paper, and you have a house that will accommodate a dozen hens at a cost of not over \$3.]

In these poultry houses, crude as they may look, I have cared for 300 old stock and chickens and have raised some fine fowls as could be raised with a farm range. I preferred first to make a success with my birds, hoping to produce a line of birds that would equal the best, and then if I could sell stock and eggs for hatching purposes at a fair price and thereby make a little profit for myself from the profits derived I would build poultry houses as I could. My boxes have been so successful that had I much money to expend in houses I should yet continue to use them for summer houses, as they fill every requirement. Of course I have large yards connected with each of my six houses.

There is nothing like a few standard bred hens for pleasure and profit. While there is not great profit in a few hens, there is more than enough to pay for the trouble besides the pleasure one gets from caring for a fine flock of birds of good breeding. Much of the success with poultry depends upon one's liking for the business and the care the birds receive. Give the same care and thought to a flock of hens as one would to a herd of cows, and the profit will be as great in proportion to the care and money invested.

There are great possibilities in the poultry business for persons of business ability who are willing to work. In an egg producing hen much depends upon the care and feed. A hen to be a good layer, in my mind, must be fed for eggs from the time she is hatched until she commences to lay. Meat and vegetables should form a prominent part of her diet. I am of the opinion that the two hundred egg hen I read so much about nowadays is produced not so much by breeding as by care and feeding.

Perhaps it will be of interest to know what I do with my fowls in winter. I have a stable 35 by 25 feet with a nice dry basement. I purchase my hay pressed, so I can use my hayloft for my breeding pens; also the basement, which makes a nice place for my growing stock and extra cockerels. It is my intention in the spring to build a modern henhouse.—Parker G. Dingley in Poultry Keeper.

**A Prize Tom.**  
This handsome bronze tom, bred and owned by H. F. Hislop of Milford, Ill., won a first at the Pan-American poultry exposition. Mr. F. L. Sewell, who made the sketch of the bird, says: "He



**WON AT THE PAN-AM.**  
possesses an immense frame, great depth and girth of breast and body, which was symmetrically carried and beautifully marked, especially clean in the white tips of the saddle and tail coverts. He is an extremely difficult bronze turkey to defeat."

**At Our Store**

YOU CAN FIND A

**Choice Line of Goods.**

We have a fine line of Handkerchiefs—prettiest and best for the price,  
Table Linens and Napkins,  
Bed Spreads, Circular and Square Shawls,  
Ladies' Flannel Night Robes, Gents' Flannel Night Robes,  
Open-Work Goods in Shams, Scarfs and Doilies. Fancy Pillow Tops,  
Ladies' Fancy Knit Skirts, Woolen Skirts, Golf Gloves, Woolen and Silk Mittens, Purses,  
Infants' Cashmere Hose in blue, pink, red, white, tan and colors at 25c. Infants' Booties, Sacques and Hoods, and Children's Caps.

**G. VAN PUTTEN.**

202, 204 River Street.

**Don't Send Good Cents After Poor Scents!**

Do you know that good perfumes are actually refreshing and invigorating? If not, call and see us. We keep perfumes that will prove a revelation to you.

**ASK HER**

What odor she would prefer. She is sure to appreciate your thoughtfulness. Then come and give us a trial. She will be delighted and so will you.

Try the following odors made by S. Palmer, New York's leading perfumer: Wood Violet, Rose Leaves, Jockey Club, Garlands of Violets, Frangipanni, Pink Mossrose.  
Try our White Rose Cologne.

Other reasonable goods, such as Hot Water Bags, Chest Protectors, Chamis Skins—a large assortment.

**BRISTLES** in your teeth are not pleasant, but you'll get them there every time you use a poor tooth brush. Get a brush that is built right, costs more, but gives more satisfaction than a dozen "cheap" ones. Our best are THE best.

We always have and always sell drugs and drug sundries at the lowest prices, so why shouldn't we solicit your trade when we are sure of satisfying you. Call and see us.

**A. DE KRUIF**

ZEELAND, MICH.

**UNION LOCK POULTRY FENCE.**

For Poultry, Rabbits, Orchards, Gardens, etc.

Pickets 3 in. apart. Cables 1 1/2 in. apart at bottom.

All main strands are two wires twisted together.

Printed July 11, 1918 and April 23, 1919.

Stronger and closer spacing than any other make. Our Union Lock Hog, Field and Cattle Fence, Union Lawn Fence Gates, etc., guaranteed first class. Your dealer should handle this line—if not, write us for prices. Catalogue free.

**UNION FENCE CO., DE KALB, ILL., U. S. A.**

—ALSO—

**BARGAINS**

—IN—  
**Pianos,**  
**Organs**  
AND ALL  
**Musical Merchandise.**

Style \$70  
Drop \$27  
Head \$19

Delivered at Your Home

— TRIAL, FREE! —

20 other kinds... \$15.00 up to \$50.00

Every machine guaranteed ten years. The No 19 New Home has a double feed; a scientific treadle motion that will not make your back ache; steel bearing; automatic tension. Nothing like it; no other kind just as good. Costs no more than an old-fashioned machine. It is the greatest wonder of the age. See the No. 19 New Home before you buy any other. BARGAIN LIST FREE.

**A. H. MEYER**

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

Read the

**OTTAWA COUNTY TIMES**

**This Year.**

H. S. MANTING, Publisher. Published Every Friday, at Holland, Michigan.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 per year, or \$1 per year if paid in advance.

Entered at the post office at Holland, Mich., for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

JANUARY 10, 1902.

OFFICIAL

Common Council.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 7, 1902. The common council met in regular session...

PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

- Mrs. A. G. Manting, Mrs. A. Bredeweg, Mrs. F. De Blöder, Mrs. D. Strowenans...

NOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Kole. Resolved, that the committee on ways and means be instructed to make further investigation...

Real Estate Transfers.

- Jacob Overholt to Harry F. Thomas, s + nw 1 sec. 5 tp, Wright, \$4,500.

Allegan County Items.

William J. Reed of Holland and Flora May Burrell of Allegan were united in marriage at the Presbyterian parsonage Dec. 31.

FISH CHOWDER.

How to Make This Delicatable Dish in True Nantucket Style. For a medium sized cod fish...

How to Make Mayonnaise Dressing.

Mix together one teaspoonful of mustard, one teaspoonful of powdered sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt...

How to Cook Smelts.

Smelts are delicious, covered with lemon juice and allowed to stand for an hour before cooking.

How to Improve the Complexion.

A little lemon juice taken in cold water every morning before breakfast is the best kind of a medicine for the woman...

How to Cure Mange.

A sure cure for the mange is two drops of Fowler's solution of arsenic every other morning for three mornings...

BOERS FIGHT ON.

London, Jan. 7.—Lord Kitchener, telegraphing from Johannesburg, reports the occurrence of a number of skirmishes in various parts of the war field.

EAST HOLLAND.

A happy new year was spent at the old homestead of S. Zeerip. The children from the city drove over and spent the day with their parents.

TO TREAT TO REDUCE THE PAIN AND SWELLING.

An injury resulting from any violent stretching or twisting of a joint with a fracture of bone is termed a sprain.

How to Care For the Teeth.

If the teeth are to get but one thorough cleaning during the day, just before retiring is the best time to give it to them.

How to Make Calf's Foot Jelly.

To make this jelly cut and crack one foot into small pieces and cover with three pints of cold water.

How to Clean Gold Lace.

To clean gold lace pound some rock ammonia finely and apply with a flannel to the lace, rubbing briskly.

How to Make Floor Stain.

To make a cheap floor stain take two ounces of permanganate of potash, put it into a gallon of water and mix thoroughly until dissolved.

How to Make Bean Porridge.

Take the liquid after cooking a boiled dinner, strain it, put it back into a kettle, to three or four quarts of liquid add a pint of white beans and cook all day, adding water as it boils away.

How to Clean Bedtickings.

To clean bedtickings without removing it spread on the stains a paste made of soft soap and starch.

Citizen of Holland Pays a Well Earned Tribute.

The following public statement of a respected citizen adds one more emphatic endorsement of merit to the scores that have appeared before...

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's and take no substitute.

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

Letter Files. For a good letter file at a reasonable price come and see my stock.

S. A. Martin's Drug and Book Store.

Try F. M. C. Coffees.

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the household remedy.

To ward off La Grippe take a dose of Dr Miles' Restorative Nerve on going to bed.

Free Consultation



DR. Mc DONALD The Specialist.

OFFICE PARLORS AT HOTEL HOLLAND

FRIDAY, JAN. 24

ONE DAY ONLY EACH MONTH.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

Dr. Mc Donald has for years made a study and specialty of chronic and lingering diseases that require skillful medical treatment for their cure.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Table with columns for PRODUCE, GRAIN, BEEF, PORK, ETC., and FLOUR AND FEED. Lists prices for various commodities like Butter, Eggs, Wheat, etc.

A Good Stock at our Mill.

- Wheat Bran, Wheat Middlings, Rye Bran, Low Grade Flour, Gluten Feed, Cotton-seed Meal, Corn and Oats Feed, Rye Feed, Corn Meal.

WALSH-DE ROO Milling Co.

We have a complete line of

Fresh Groceries

At our new place of business and invite the public to call in and examine our goods.

Van Anrooy & Sons

Cor. Central Ave. and 16th Street.

In Buying Rubbers

Remember

That our rubbers are the best fitters manufactured to-day.

That you will never have cause for complaint if you buy your rubbers here.

That we have all kinds of rubbers for every member of the family.

That your rubbers will cost you less if you buy here.

That you had better come here and see.

S. SPRIETSMA.

23 West Eighth St., Holland.

DR. D. A. McDONALD The Specialist.

Wellington Flats, Grand Rapids, Mich



"I have noticed that the sale on Chamberlain's Stomach & Liver Tablets is almost invariably to those who have once used them," says Mr. J. H. Weber, a prominent druggist of Cascade, Iowa. What better recommendation could any medicine have than for people to call for it when again in need of such a remedy? Try them when you feel dull after eating, when you have a bad taste in your mouth, feel bilious, have no appetite or when troubled with constipation, and you are certain to be delighted with the prompt relief which they afford. For sale by H. Walsh, Holland; Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.

Try F. M. C. Coffees.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

Owing to advanced age I am unable to continue farming and will sell my farm of 98 acres on easy terms. There is 58 acres located in Section 4, Township of Zeeland, in the village of Beaverdam, near the church, postoffice and stores. It has first-class house, good barn 45 x 50 feet, small barn and wagon shed, plenty of good water at house, barn and in field, good orchard, good fences and soil is excellent mixed loam. The 40 acres is located two miles north of the house and is located in Blendon township, good black soil. No better farm in the community. For terms apply to JACOB KIEVIT, Beaverdam, Mich. 47 7

Buy your Fountain Pens of C. A. Stevenson, the Jeweler.

**Farm for Sale.**

I offer my farm of 27 acres, 1 mile southwest of Graafschap; all improved; good house and barn; good water; reasonable price; part down. Address J. B. Tubbergen, 475 Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich. 51-52\*

Use F. M. C. Coffees.

**CITY DIRECTORY.**

**HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK.** Capital \$50,000. D. B. K. VAN RAALTE, President, A. Van Putten, Vice President, C. Ver Schure, Cashier, General Banking Business.

**F. & A. M.**

Regular Communications of URRY LODGE No. 91, F. & A. M., Holland, Mich., will be held at Masonic Hall, on the evenings of Wednesday, Jan. 22, Feb. 19, Mar. 19, April 16, May 21, June 18, July 16, Aug. 13, Sept. 17, Oct. 15, Nov. 12, Dec. 10; also on St. John's Days—June 24 and Dec. 27. JAS. L. CONKEY, W. M. Otto BREYMAN, Sec'y

**First State Bank**

WITH SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. CAPITAL - \$50,000.00. Cor. Eighth and Market Streets. ISAAC CAPPON, G. W. MOKMA, President, Cashier.

**Holland City State Bank**

WITH SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Corner Eighth and River Streets, HOLLAND, MICH. Established 1875. Incorporated as a State Bank in 1890. A general banking business transacted. Interest paid on certificates. Loans made. CAPITAL - \$50,000. D. B. K. VAN RAALTE, President. ADRIAN VAN PUTTEN, Vice President. C. VER SCHURE, Cashier.

**PERE MARQUETTE**

DEC. 22nd, 1907. Trains leave Holland as follows: For Chicago and West—12:50 a.m., 8:05 a.m., 12:42 p.m., 5:35 p.m. For Grand Rapids and North—5:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 4:22 p.m., 9:45 p.m. For Saginaw and Detroit—5:25 a.m., 4:22 p.m. For Muskegon—5:35 a.m., 12:45 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 9:50 p.m. For Allegan—8:10 a.m., 5:40 p.m. Freight leaves from East Y at 10:50 a.m. Daily. H. F. MOELLER, Gen. Pass. Agt. Detroit, Mich. J. C. HOLCOMB, Agent, Holland.

**Our Market**

Is stocked with the finest of

**MEATS,**

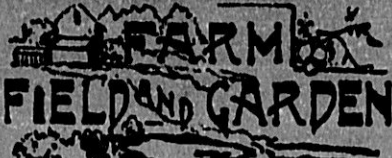
**OYSTERS,**

**POULTRY**

and **FISH.**

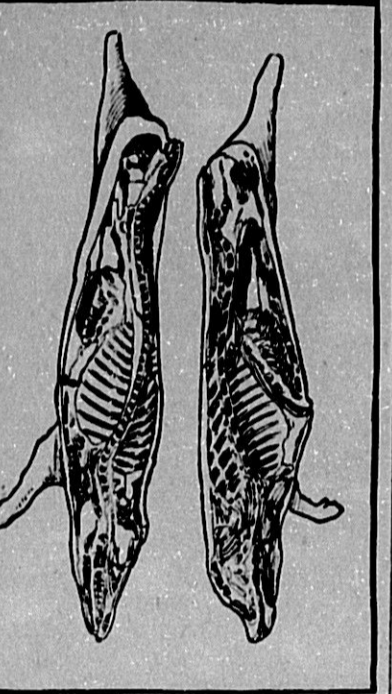
**Wm. Van der Veere**

152 East Eighth St.



**SOFT PORK.**

**Indian Corn as a Cause—Skim milk the Great Corrector.**  
Many theories have been advanced to account for softness in pork. Some have ascribed it to the character of the food, others to undue forcing of the pig in the earlier stages of growth, to killing while still immature, to the breed of the pig, to the locality in which it is grown, and even the phase of the moon when the pig is slaughtered has been assigned as a cause. F. T. Shutt of the central experimental farm of Canada has made a study of the character and causes of soft pork. Mr. Shutt finds that softness (slight resistance to pressure) is nearly always accompanied by illness, and he draws the following conclusions from a series of experiments in feeding:  
That the one great controlling factor in the quality of the pork of finished pigs lies in the character of the food employed.  
That Indian corn and beans tend to softness—i. e., to increase the percent-



age of olein in the fat. If these grains are used, they must be fed judiciously if first class pork is to be produced. If fed in conjunction with skim milk, it has been shown that a considerable proportion of Indian corn may be used in the grain ration without injuring the quality of the pork.  
That a grain ration consisting of a mixture of oats, peas and barley in equal parts gives a firm pork of excellent quality.  
That skim milk not only tends to thriftiness and rapid growth, but counteracts in a very marked manner any tendency to softness.  
That rape, pumpkins, artichokes, sugar beets, turnips and mangels can be fed in conjunction with a good ration without injuring the quality of the pork.  
That the fat of very young pigs and animals of unthrifty growth is softer than that of finished pigs that have increased steadily to the finishing weight.

**BREEDING UP ALFALFA.**

**Better Varieties to Be Obtained by Selection and Other Means.**  
Most farmers and even alfalfa growers, if asked whether there is more than one kind of alfalfa, would say, "No; it seems to be all alike." A California grower, however, takes a different view, believing that it is possible to breed up a better variety. His theory, expressed in Orange Judd Farmer, is:  
Where there is a thick stand the stalks are all forced upright and mingle together, so that the characteristics of each cannot be seen, but if you will carefully examine a field where the plants are very thinly set and therefore have an opportunity to show the differences in their nature by their style of growth you will see that they are very far from being all alike. Some will be lying so flat on the ground that it would be impossible to cut them with a mower, while others grow so upright that they look as if they had been tied to a stake. Then, again, the leaves on some plants are small and narrow, while those in others are large and round, and since the leaves are the best part of the plant this is of very great importance. If you will look at such a field a week or two after cutting, you will see that some plants are only just beginning to grow, while others have already attained a height of six or eight inches.  
In the blossoms similar variations occur. On some plants they are almost white, while on others they are of deep purple. Now, I contend that where nature has already made so many variations man, by careful selection and other means, may make even greater and more important ones. This is a work which cannot be done by the farmer, as he has neither the time, skill nor the appliances to accomplish it, but the experiment stations have all the facilities, and I hope it will not be long before some station will take hold of the matter and succeed in giving us a better variety of alfalfa than we are at present cultivating. If only 100 or 200 pounds of hay per acre at each cutting could be added to the crop by such improvement, it would add millions of dollars annually to the income of alfalfa growers.

The success of the introduction of Sumatra leaf into the Connecticut valley and the control of black rot in the Pennsylvania crop have been very invigorating to the tobacco industry in New York, Ohio, Wisconsin, Texas and Florida.

**HINTS FOR DYING.**

**How to Aid Nature in the Work of This Distressing Disease.**  
Eat slowly, masticating the food very thoroughly, even more so than is possible than is required in health, says the Public Health Journal. The more the food spends in the mouth, the less it will spend in the stomach. Avoid drinking at meals; at most take a few sips of warm drink at the end of the meal if the food is very dry in character.

In general, dyspeptic stomachs manage dry food better than those containing much fluid. Eat neither very hot nor cold food. The best temperature is about that of the body. Avoid exposure to cold after eating. Be careful to avoid excess in eating. Eat no more than the wants of the system require. Sometimes less than is really needed must be taken when digestion is very weak. Strength depends not on what is eaten, but on what is digested. Never take violent exercise of any sort, either mental or physical, either just before or just after a meal. It is not good to sleep immediately after eating nor within four hours of a meal. Never eat more than three times a day, and make the last meal very light. For many dyspeptics two meals are better than more. Never eat a morsel of any sort between meals. Never eat when very tired, whether exhausted from mental or physical labor. Never eat when the mind is worried or the temper ruffled if possible to avoid doing so.

Only food that is easy of digestion, avoiding complicated and indigestible dishes and taking but one to three kinds at a meal. Most persons will be benefited by the use of oatmeal, wheat meal, cracked wheat and other whole grain preparations, though many will find it necessary to avoid vegetables, especially when fruits are taken.

**How to Make Cold Cream.**  
Put in a double boiler six ounces of sweet almond oil, and having put as much water in the outer vessel as for any cooking, set on the range to warm. Have ready four good sized cucumbers which have been carefully wiped to be perfectly clean. Cut them, unpeeled, in squares two or three inches in size. When the oil is warm, add the cucumbers and set the boiler on the back of the stove where the water will simmer for four or five hours. Strain, and to six ounces of the liquid add an ounce of white wax, one of spermaceti and two of lanolin. Heat until these ingredients have melted, then remove from the fire and beat with an egg beater until cold, adding during the beating process two teaspoonfuls of tincture of benzoin. This is one of the best cold creams known and is a standard formula.

**How to Make White Fruit Cakes.**  
One cup of butter beaten to a cream, with two cupfuls of sugar, three cupfuls of flour in which two rounding teaspoonfuls of baking powder have been sifted and the stiffly beaten whites of six eggs. Bake in jolly cake tins, and when done put between the layers the following filling: Chop fine one-quarter pound each of figs, seeded raisins, citron, preserved ginger and blanched almonds and stir them into three whites of eggs beaten stiff, a teaspoon of powdered sugar and the juice of one lemon; frost with the white of an egg beaten with the juice of half a lemon and a cup of powdered sugar.

**How to Cook Veal Cutlets.**  
Take a slice of veal from the thickest part of the leg, with some of the kidney fat; remove the bone and tough membrane and pound the meat until the fiber is well broken; then cut in pieces two inches square; cover with seasoned cracker crumbs; dip in beaten egg, then in crumbs again; put some drippings of pork fat in the frying pan. When hot, lay in the cutlets and cook slowly and carefully, turning them often to avoid burning. They should be a delicate brown color. Serve with horseradish sauce.

**How to Treat a Red Nose.**  
The damsel with the crimson nose must beware of strong tea and strong coffee, all highly spiced, stimulating dishes and greasy foods. Drink plenty of mineral water and eat crisp green vegetables. When you go to bed, cover your nose with a bit of absorbent cotton which has been dipped in a cold solution of boric acid. Dissolve one-half teaspoonful of boric acid in a cupful of hot water, cool and apply.

**How to Make Lemon Jelly.**  
Lemon jelly may be made without gelatin, although the common method requires the gelatin. For the other, the uncommon sort, there is required one egg, one cupful of sugar, the grated rind and the juice of one lemon and two tablespoonfuls of water. This mixture should be cooked as a soft custard is cooked.

**How to Make Dumplings.**  
Sift a pint of flour with a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder and a half teaspoonful of salt. Into this work two teaspoonfuls of shortening and a cupful of cold water. Mix to a soft paste, roll out, cut into squares and drop these into the boiling gravy of the stew. Boil for ten minutes before dishing.

**How to Fry Onions.**  
When beefsteak and onions are in demand for luncheon or dinner, try this method of cooking the onions: Slice and soak in milk for ten minutes or more; next dip the onions in flour and plunge into boiling fat for six or seven minutes. Remove with skimmer and place around the steak.

**How to Soften Shoes.**  
To soften boots and shoes wash over with warm water and then rub castor oil into them. This makes the boots soft and elastic.

**HOW TO MAKE COFFEE.**

**An Expert on the Best Way of Brewing This Beverage.**

There are two ways to make coffee, by percolating and boiling it, says Mrs. Rorer in the New York World. If your coffee is to be boiled, mix the ground coffee with a little white of egg and water; then pour over it the boiling water, bring quickly to the boiling point and lift the pot from the fire. For the second and third time return it to the fire, bringing it to the boiling point. The last time throw in a little cold water. Let it stand a moment to settle and pour off the grounds. Allow a rounding teaspoonful of coffee to each half pint of water.

To make Turkish coffee use the regular Turkish coffee put over an alcohol lamp. Allow three after dinner spoonfuls of coffee and the same of sugar to each half pint of water. Mix the sugar and coffee together, pour over the boiling water, bring three times to the boil and serve. This is not strained or drained.

Should you wish to flavor your coffee oriental fashion take an orange, turn back the skin, put in a little sugar, burn a little alcohol and put a small part of this mixture into your coffee. It gives a delicious flavor. Coffee should be served with hot milk for breakfast. After dinner coffee should be served with sugar only. If cream be used, it must be whipped and put on the top. You will have dyspepsia if the cream be put in the cup and the boiling coffee poured on it.

**How to Cook Calves' Hearts.**  
A ragout of calves' heart is a delicious and may be served over toast for breakfast or luncheon. Prepare and cook the hearts until they are tender. Then cut them into pieces, roll them in flour and saute them brown in a generous quantity of butter. Add a little onion, a carrot and a cupful of beef stock or of water and boil for about an hour. Mix some cornstarch with cold water (about a tablespoonful to a pint of the ragout); stir it into the boiling mixture, and cook five minutes longer, stirring constantly.

**How to Make Potato Omelet.**  
Mix three tablespoonfuls of breadcrumbs, half a teaspoonful of mixed herbs and a little chopped parsley and lemon rind well together in a bowl. Put a piece of butter on the top. Have ready six large cooked potatoes, press through a potato machine on to the other ingredients. Stir well together and add two eggs and half a pint of milk well beaten together. Butter a pie dish, put in the mixture, bake till of a pale brown color. Serve with onion or apple sauce.

**How to Cream Butter and Sugar.**  
It is not necessary that any special tool be invented for creaming butter and sugar. Heat the bowl in which the work is to be done by putting boiling water in it just long enough to warm the bowl, but not long enough to make it hot on the outside. Beat the butter in this warm bowl with a wooden spoon. It will be reduced to a cream in a moment or two, and then stir in the sugar, and the two will form an even cream.

**How to Renovate Crapes.**  
Evening dresses of crappelke fabrics that will not stand pressing may have the wrinkles and creases removed by hanging them in the kitchen for a short time when the teakettle is boiling or the wash boiler sending out clouds of steam. The garments should be slipped on wooden hangers and suspended free from contact with anything. After twenty minutes take into a room which is warm and dry.

**How to Take Dents From Furniture.**  
Dents in fine polished furniture may be removed in the following manner: Lay a number of layers of moistened brown paper over the dent, and put a warm iron over them. The steam will gradually cause the wood to swell and to fill up the dent. It sometimes takes patience, but slight dents which are a considerable mar to furniture may be raised in this way.

**How to Bake Tripe.**  
Cut two pounds of boiled tripe into inch pieces. Peel, slice and fry in a little hot butter four small onions. When a golden brown, turn them into a deep baking dish. Lay on them the tripe. Sprinkle with salt, pepper and one tablespoonful of flour. Pour over enough milk to cover, then put a tightly fitting lid over the top and bake for two hours.

**How to Keep Ribbons Fresh.**  
In the room of a college girl was discovered a secret for an always perfect ribbon, stock or belt. She had eight or ten little toy rolling pins, such as children use, in her ribbon drawer, and on each she wound smoothly as soon as she took it off a belt or ribbon, fastening it with a tiny pin. The crush vanished instantly from her neckwear.

**How to Make Egg Cordial.**  
An egg cordial that will be appreciated in the sickroom needs a tablespoonful of cream, a teaspoonful of sugar, a tablespoonful of brandy and the white of an egg. The egg is beaten almost to a froth, the cream added and the two whipped to a stiff froth. Add the brandy by degrees and serve the cordial at once.

**How to Cook Rice and Sausage.**  
Sausage and rice make a most palatable combination. The link sausages and the rice are simply boiled together, with black pepper and whole spice for seasoning, until both are well done. The dish must of course be served while hot.

**How to Make Glossy Starch.**  
Turpentine in starch gives an added luster and whiteness to the ironed article. One tablespoonful to the quart of starch is the proper quantity.

**How to Make Horseradish Sauce.**  
Chill and beat one cup of cream till stiff; add half teaspoonful of salt, pinch of pepper and three tablespoonfuls of prepared horseradish; if fresh grated horseradish is used, add two tablespoonfuls of vinegar and one teaspoonful of sugar; keep in a cool place, as it should be stiff and thick when used.

**How to Bake Pies.**  
When baking pies, if they are very juicy take a piece of stiff brown paper about two inches long, roll it around so it is like a little tube and insert in the center of the pie, and the steam goes through it like a little chimney. This prevents the juice from running out.

**How to Make Rice Cakes.**  
Beat two eggs until light; add one pint of milk and two cupfuls of cold boiled rice, one tablespoonful of salt and one cupful of flour in which is mixed two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat thoroughly and bake on a hot griddle.

**How to Clean Greasy Mattings.**  
When grease has been spilled on matting, cover the spot thickly with powdered chalk and moisten it by sprinkling a few drops of benzine on it. When this has evaporated, brush off the chalk, and the spot will have disappeared.

**How to Make Swiss Sandwiches.**  
Mix equal parts of grated Swiss cheese and chopped English walnut meats. Season slightly with salt and pepper and spread upon thinly sliced buttered bread. Cut into any shape desired.

**How to Fry Doughnuts.**  
When black spots appear on doughnuts, drop a slice of raw potato into the fat and leave it while the next relay is frying and repeat.

**How to Wash Gilt Crockery.**  
Crockery ornamented with gilt bands or figures should be washed quickly and drained dry, never wiped, even with a soft cloth.

**How to Keep Cake Moist.**  
A slice of fresh bread or an apple in the cake box is good to keep it moist.

Are you going to build? Do you need money? Call and examine our system of loaning money. The Ottawa County Building and Loan Association, 17 E. Eighth St.

**A FREE PATTERN**  
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

**MCCALL'S 50th ANNIVERSARY MAGAZINE YEAR**

**A LADIES' MAGAZINE.**  
A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashion; dressmaking remonies; fancy work; household hints; beauty, etc. Subscribe today, or send 50c for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms: Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

**MCCALL 10c BAZAR PATTERNS 15c**

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Folding and Sewing Lines. Only 10 and 15 cents each—more higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from THE McCALL CO., 113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

**Alberti & Dykstra**

LICENSED EMALMERS, UNDERTAKERS and FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

Calls receive prompt attention night or day.  
Lady attendants.  
26 East Eighth Street, Holland.  
Bell Phone 165-1 ring. 10c

WE HAVE NOW STARTED UP OUR

**New Flouring Mill**

and would be pleased to have a share of your patronage.  
We especially call your attention to our

**"Little Wonder" Flour.**

We have a full line of  
**Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Graham, Etc.**

**BEACH MILLING CO.**  
EAST EIGHTH STREET.

We always pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.

**Going Out of Business.**

Owing to continued ill-health I am compelled to close out my Millinery business. You should improve this money-saving opportunity.

**Prices Reduced 50 per cent**  
Throughout the entire stock.  
This means goods are being offered at half price.

**MRS. M. BERTSCH**  
Corner Eighth Street and College Avenue.

**CEMENT WALKS.**

DO YOU WANT A CEMENT WALK LAID?  
If so, we can do the work and do it right. Our walks will not crack all to pieces and be spoiled. You will save money by calling on us. We will take contracts for any amount of walk. Let us figure with you.

**P. Oosting & Sons,**  
Citizens Phone No. 384. 192 West Twelfth Street, Holland.

**RATES REDUCED ON PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD.**  
After January 1st, the Pere Marquette Railroad will reduce its local rates between many points. The following rates will be in force between:  
Holland and Grand Rapids 35 cents  
" Zeeland 10 "  
" Vriesland 15 "  
" Hudsonville 15 "  
H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A. 51 53

**A Cure for Lumbago.**  
W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me entire relief, which all other remedies had failed to do." Sold by H. Walsh, Holland; Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.  
Call for F. M. C. Coffees.

**FERTILIZER.**  
Farmers should now get their fertilizer. I have the Northwestern and also Swift's, for corn and other crops, and also a special fertilizer for sugar beets. It can be purchased of me or from Bert Tisholt at Graafschap.  
B. J. ALBERS,  
Overisel, Mich.  
Call for F. M. C. Coffees.

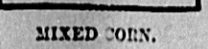
**FARM FIELD AND GARDEN**



**THE MIXING OF CORN.**

**Interesting Experiments With Field and Sweet Varieties.**  
It has been stated that while the pollen of field corn will prove troublesome in mixing with sweet corn, sweet corn will not mix with field corn, or rather its pollen has no influence upon the ears of field corn. In order to test this an experiment was made at the Rhode Island station.

In 1898 sweet corn and field corn were planted together in the following manner: Potter's Excelsior sweet corn, four rows; Shaker's Early sweet corn, two rows; Longfellow, two rows; Stowell's Evergreen, two rows; Longfellow, two rows. The four rows of Potter's Excelsior were on the north side and the others following in the order as indicated. Longfellow, as most growers know, is a yellow flint corn. It is a variety which has been long grown and has been found to be very persistent in maintaining its type. In the autumn of that year, before the corn was harvested, many of the ears were examined to note the effect of planting together. The first rows of the Longfellow corn in each case showed a very large proportion of yellow kernels. One ear was noted in which less than twenty white kernels were to be found upon the whole ear. Rows farther away showed many less yellow kernels. One ear was noticed in which there was none at all. The proportion of yellow kernels in rows south of the Longfellow was much smaller than in rows north of it, this being accounted for by the fact that the prevailing winds during summer are from the south or southwest. A number of ears of the Longfellow were examined in part, but not a single white kernel could be found upon them.



Not all the varieties were grown by themselves to insure the purity of the seed supply, but a patch of the Potter's Excelsior sweet corn grown by itself in another place proved to be perfectly pure, with no admixture whatever of yellow. After husking, the corn was all carefully examined again. A very liberal sprinkling of yellow kernels was found through all the sweet corn ears growing next the yellow corn. The color of the yellow kernels was intermediate between that of the pure Longfellow and the white of the sweet corn, in no case being as dark as the pure Longfellow. In the ears of Stowell's Evergreen most of the yellow kernels were dent, but were not in ears of the other varieties. In the Longfellow corn a very few kernels were noticed which were lighter colored than the others, but they were kernels which were not well developed and did not appear to have been the result of crossing. Aside from this, there was no evidence whatever of any effect from sweet corn pollen. The product appeared like perfectly pure yellow corn.

In 1899 plantings were made as follows: First, sweet corn kernels from sweet corn ears—that is, kernels of sweet corn which showed no indication of mixing; second, field corn kernels from sweet corn ears; third, field corn kernels from field corn or, in other words, field corn, which, although grown near sweet corn, showed no evidence of mixing. From the results of the two seasons' test it seemed safe to conclude that the presence of sweet corn in proximity to field corn does not influence the character of kernels of the latter during the season of growth, while the field corn does affect the sweet corn, entirely changing the character of the kernels pollinated by it. Kernels of field corn may, however, be fecundated by sweet corn pollen, and the result will show the following year when those kernels are planted, though the effect has not been visible upon the kernels themselves. It seems, however, that when sweet corn has been crossed by field corn the effect generally, if not always, shows and that kernels which do not show the effect will give a pure product the following year.

The cut represents the third year product of field corn pollinated by sweet corn.

**Winter Care of Bees.**  
Have a thermometer in the cellar and try to keep the temperature between 40 and 50 degrees. Visit the cellar occasionally to ascertain if the bees are quiet. If they seem uneasy at times, a little more ventilation will probably be quiet them. Allow as little noise and light as possible. Bees consume considerable less honey when wintered in the cellar than when out doors, other things being equal. The dead bees should be swept up and carried from the cellar occasionally and everything kept sweet and clean, so as not to have any foul air in the apartment. In early spring when the weather begins to warm up the bees will no doubt show signs of restlessness. They should not, however, be set out too early. About the time of soft maple bloom is right in most localities. To keep the temperature low and the bees quiet it will be necessary to open the windows at night and keep them closed in the daytime, advises an experienced apiarist in American Agriculturist.

In writing about the care of horses an eminent English army officer has the following to say:  
"Regularity of exercise is an important element in the development of the highest powers of the horse. The horse in regular work will suffer less in his legs than another, for he becomes gradually and thoroughly accustomed to what is required of him. The whole living machine accommodates itself to the regular demands on it, the body becomes active and well conditioned, without superfluous fat, and the muscles and tendons gradually develop. Horses in regular work are also nearly exempt from the many accidents which arise from overfreseness. As a proof of the value of regular exercise, we need only refer to the stagecoach horse of former days. Many of these animals, though by no means of the best physical frame, would trot with a heavy load behind them for eight hours at the rate of ten miles an hour without turning a hair, and this work they would continue to do for years without even being sick or sorry. Few gentlemen can say as much for their carriage horses. No horses, in fact, were in harder condition. On the other hand, if exercise be neglected, even for a few days, in a horse in high condition, he will put on fat. He has been taking daily the large amount of material needed to sustain the consumption caused by his work. If that work cease suddenly, nature will, notwithstanding, continue to supply the new material, and fat, followed by plethora and frequently by disease, will be the speedy consequence."

**Percheron Stallion Reynolds.**  
For many years McLaughlin Bros. of Ohio have been importing high class Percherons and French coach stallions and have built up an enviable reputation. Among horses of recent importation is Reynolds, a four-year-old black Percheron stallion of good size and excellent proportions. He was a medal winner at the Paris exposition in 1900, and many competent judges considered him the best draft horse on the ground. He was approved by the French government for public service in France. The government also granted him a subsidy in order to induce his owners to keep him for the improvement of the breed. Reynolds has magnificent proportions, and his breeding is of the best.

**Horses Exported.**  
The number of horses exported from this country during the eleven months ended Nov. 30 was 24,890 as compared with 27,664 in the corresponding period last year. Of these 14,001 went to Belgium, 6,435 to Holland, 1,896 to France and 2,558 to other countries. The value of the horses exported was \$548,112 as against \$628,893 in the corresponding period last year. During the eleven months 23,136 horses were imported, against 50,000 last year. The United States sent 18,870, against 23,537 last year, Canada 1,354 and other countries 18,912. The value of the horses imported was \$1,015,929 as against \$1,232,903.



**Death of Bramble.**  
Bramble, famous first as a great race winner and later as a sire of race winning thoroughbreds, is dead. In his day he was quite at the top of the tree among American racers and numbered among stakes won the Baltimore cup, the Saratoga cup, the Monmouth cup, the Westchester cup and many other races of like class and renown. Bramble was a bay horse, foaled in 1875, by Imp, Bonnie Scotland out of Ivy Leaf, by Imp, Australian, and in the stud sired Ben Brush, Clifford, Biggonet, Bradford, Rambler and other stake winners of high class, besides scores of breadwinners of the more everyday sort. He died at the Runnymede stud, Paris, Ky.

**Buying Cheap Horses.**  
Colonel George Crawford, Newark, O., is buying plain artillery horses. Some folks say he is operating in behalf of the Italian government, while others hold that he is merely working out a little contract for Uncle Sam. In any case, he is not buying top notchers by any means, and it seems to be a part of the order he is carrying out that the horses must be cheap. They weigh around the 1,200 pound mark and are all included to plainness if nothing more.

**Mash For Horses.**  
A mash composed of two quarts of oats, one quart of bran and half a pint of linseed meal is good for horses. If the horses are to secure the greatest amount of benefit from their feed, give them sufficient time to masticate it before putting them to work, says Kansas Farmer. A horse should never be fed more than it can digest readily. It is not what is eaten, but what is digested and assimilated, that furnishes strength and muscle.

**Exercise Good For Stallions.**  
Colts from sires that are ridden, driven and worked are uniformly more tough and active than those from sires kept in the stables and fat.

**AMERICA LIBERAL TO BOERS.**

Propagandists have secured \$50,000 and will return to resume their efforts.  
Brussels, Jan. 4.—The Rev. Mr. Broekhuysen returns as a Boer propagandist to the United States about the middle of January. He will probably be accompanied by Abraham Fischer, the leader of the Boer delegates, who visited the United States in May, 1900. The clergyman's account of the success of his mission, and his representations in regard to important suggestions from responsible American quarters, have created the belief among Mr. Kruger's entourage that encouraging results could be obtained by the dispatch of another delegation. The Rev. Mr. Broekhuysen says he and other propagandists have collected in America \$50,000. This is more than the Boers have received from any other source. The clergyman also asserts that a number of Senators and government officials in the United States encouraged him to pursue his work and charged him to congratulate Mr. Kruger, in their behalf, on the successes the Boers have obtained against the British.

**ADDS TO BRITISH DEATH LIST.**

War Office Announces Forty-five Additional Killed and Wounded at Tweekfontein Christmas Day.  
London, Jan. 4.—The War office has issued a list of forty-five additional casualties in the attack of General De Wet on Colonel Finneran's camp at Tweekfontein on Christmas morning. Lord Kitchener's previous report gave fifty-six officers and men killed and about 150 wounded or prisoners.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles—horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

**Marriage Licenses, ALLEGAN COUNTY.**

George Renaut of Detroit and Myrtle Harding of Bradley.  
Wm. Hennessy of Watson and Viola Beard of Prairieville.  
Franklin Palmer of Otsego and Otela Keefer of Allegan.  
Wm. J. Walker of Watson and Mary E. Schwartz of Woodland.  
Henry Spohn and Mary L. Griffith, both of Allegan.  
Fred Yerington and Clara Grandey, both of Dorr.  
Walter J. Averill of Dorr and Bell Farnham of Hopkins.  
Harold De Bray and Olive E. Spencer, both of Chicago.  
Alanson Tanner of Wayland and Betsy Sadler of Grand Rapids.  
Wm. C. King and Katie Brackett, both of Wayland.

**CARE OF LAMPS.**

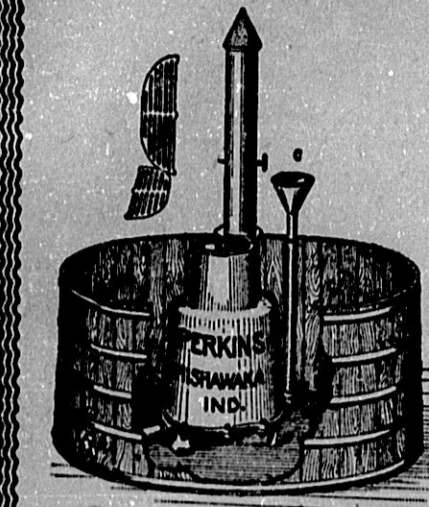
**How They Should Be Handled to Insure Good Lights.**  
Much has been said and written concerning the best lamp chimneys and burners to use in order to have good lights, but neither one is so important as to keep the burners clean. Many lamps give a dull, feeble light or have been set aside as dangerous because they are not properly cared for in this respect and the dust has accumulated in the small air tube at the side of the wick. The remedy is so simple that there is no excuse for this condition of affairs.

New lamp chimneys are toughened and made more durable by putting them in water and heating it gradually until it is boiling hot. When they have boiled five minutes, set them off the stove and allow them to cool in the water. In addition to the daily filling of the lamps and cleaning of the chimneys, the burners should be boiled once a week in water containing enough washing powder to make a good suds. This will remove the oil and leave them bright and clean. Polish with dry flannel. Use none but the best oil, and the lamp should be kept full to insure a good light. Keep the reflector, if it has one, brightly polished. Do not cut the wick, but turn it just above the tube and rub off the charred portion with a match.

**How to Make Codfish Salad.**  
This is a nice fall or winter salad: Pull off in narrow strips a pound of old fashioned salt codfish. Soak overnight in cold or lukewarm water. In the morning squeeze out all the water by putting fish in a thin cloth. Put into a saucepan and cover with cold water and let it boil gently for twenty minutes. Then drain and again squeeze dry. Toss about with a silver fork until pieces are separated, put into a salad bowl with equal quantity of boiled potatoes, hard boiled eggs and, if you like them, a few minced anchovies and a chopped dill pickle. Mix with mayonnaise and garnish the dish with shredded lettuce and chopped celery.

**How to Fry Cauliflower.**  
Soak the cauliflower, head downward, in cold salted water, then cook until tender in boiling salted water; separate flowerets, sprinkle wit paprika and lemon juice and let stand several hours. Dry the flowerets on a cloth, roll each piece in a beaten egg, then in breadcrumbs and repeat this process until all the parts are well covered. Fry in deep fat, smoking hot, and drain on soft paper. Serve on a folded napkin. Pass with them tomato sauce.

Blank Books.  
A full line of blank books for office and other use, at S. A. Martin's Drug and Book Store.



**Cast-Iron Tank Heaters**

**FOR WOOD OR IRON TANKS.**  
It will last a lifetime; takes any kind of fuel—soft coal, wood or cobs; heats water for 50 head of cattle at 5c per day, and will pay for itself in one month on a fair-sized dairy. The ashes can be flushed out with water. There is no danger of fire and it is an absolutely safe heater. Try one.

**Mann Bone Cutter.**

This machine is recognized as the standard cutter of the country. It cuts green bone and vegetables. Begin now to grind, and feed your chickens bones for early eggs. It pays for itself in a short time. Ask for catalogue.



**FOR A CHRISTMAS GIFT**

What can be more appropriate and useful than a nice Portland Cutter, Sleigh Bells, Fur Coat, Blanket or Robe.

Bob-Sleighs, Grinding Mills, Feed Cutters, Root Cutters, Pump and Power Windmills. Come and examine our goods. Make our stores your headquarters when in town.

**ZEELAND - H. DE KRUIF - HOLLAND**

**LUMBER SHINGLES LATH.**

**The Scott-Lugers Lumber Co.**

**WE NOW HAVE ON HAND ABOUT**  
One Million feet of 1-inch and 2-inch Hemlock Lumber, 2 million Cedar Shingles, a large supply of Pine Lumber, Lath, etc.

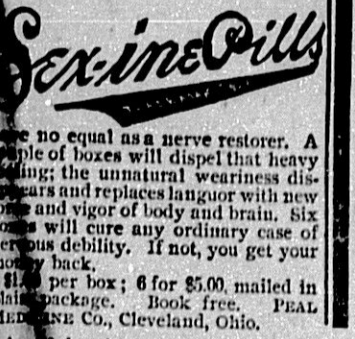
<b>HEMLOCK</b> PIECE-STUFF, BARN BOARDS, ROUGH SHEATHING, DRESSED SHEATHING, Etc. Etc.	Also several car-loads of bone-dry <b>Oak, Yellow Pine, Cypress and Yellow Poplar</b> FINISHING LUMBER.	<b>FLOORING</b> CEILING, AND GERMAN SIDING, WHITE PINE, YELLOW PINE AND HEMLOCK.
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Our immense retail trade requires a large and complete stock of Building Materials.

<b>FRAMES</b> Cornice Lumber, Casings, Mouldings, Base, Etc.	<b>SASH</b> Doors, Screen Doors, Window Screens—(Wheeler's patent), in stock and made to order.	<b>PAINTS</b> Railway Lead, Heath & Milligan's Best Prepared, Pure Raw and Boiled Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes, etc.	<b>LIME</b> Cement, Stucco, Hair, Brick, Etc.
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**WE DO A GENERAL PLANING-MILL BUSINESS.**  
Office, 236 River Street, opp. Phoenix Planing Mill, HOLLAND, MICH.  
**SCOTT-LUGERS LUMBER CO.**

**Poor Indeed**  
Those weighed down by mental depression. Men rise in this world through buoyant nerve force. The loss of this force daily drags down to failure some of the world's mightiest minds. Such a condition is commonly known as Nervous Debility. When you lose self-confidence and lose your strength, energy and nerve force are slipping away, it is high time you seek sensible aid. You prefer health and success to misery and failure.

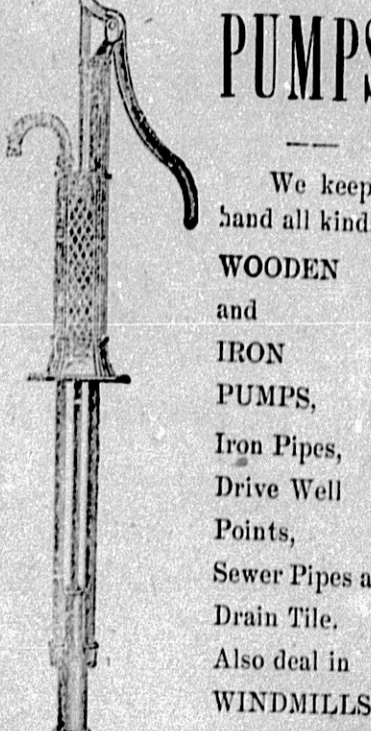


**Sexine Pills**  
None so equal as a nerve restorer. A little of these will dispel that heavy feeling; the unnatural weariness disappears and replaces vigor with new force and vigor of body and brain. Six boxes will cure any ordinary case of nervous debility. If not, you get your money back. \$1.50 per box; 6 for \$5.00, mailed in plain package. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.  
By Heber Walsh, Druggist, Holland.

**Winter Tourists**  
Rates to  
**Cuba, Florida,**  
Points on the  
**Gulf Coast**  
And All Inland  
Southern Winter Resorts,  
As well as points in  
Texas and California,  
VIA  
**BIG FOUR ROUTE.**

Continuing until APRIL 30, 1902, tickets will be on sale from all points on the "Big Four Route," good for return passage until MAY 31, 1902.  
Take Advantage of the Low Rates and Long Return Limit.  
For full information and particulars as to rates, tickets, limits, etc., call on agents "Big Four" Route, or address the undersigned.  
WARREN J. LYNCH, W. P. DEPPE,  
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. Asst. G. P. & T. A. Cincinnati, O.  
E. B. A. KELLUM, Anderson, Ind.

Does your stomach trouble you? Are your bowels regular? Are you bilious?  
**SY-RE-CO** cures indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, piles, biliousness, headache, etc.  
35c per bottle at Heber Walsh's Drug Store.



**PUMPS!**  
We keep on hand all kinds of  
**WOODEN**  
and  
**IRON**  
PUMPS,  
Iron Pipes,  
Drive Well  
Points,  
Sewer Pipes and  
Drain Tile.  
Also deal in  
**WINDMILLS.**

**Tyler Van Landegend**  
49 West Eighth St., Holland.  
Telephone No. 33.  
Upholstering.  
I do upholstery and can give you good work at reasonable prices. Call or drop a card and I will look after the work.  
C. M. HANSON,  
337 W. 16th street, Holland.

Blank Books.  
A full line of blank books for office and other use, at S. A. Martin's Drug and Book Store.





## Real Enjoyment.

To really enjoy your reading your reading you must be provided with glasses properly fitted to your eyes and face.

The least strain involves pain and dullness in the temples and brain. The right glasses relieve the distress and permit the unrestrained enjoyment of every comfort due to perfect vision.

EXAMINATION FREE  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

**W. R. STEVENSON**

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN.

24 East Eighth Street.

HOLLAND.

NO END of dainty Jewelry.

NO limit to our willingness to show it.

NO question as to the fairness of our prices.

NO equal to our Watch stock.

NO shortcoming in our guarantees.

NO repairing too difficult for us.

NO old stock to dispose of.

**GEO. H. HUIZINGA**

36 E. Eighth St.

## LOCALISMS.

Drink F. M. C. Coffees.

Mrs. J. H. Purdy has bought a lot on Twelfth street from Frank Van Ry.

The K. O. T. M. will give a dance and pedro party in their rooms this evening.

The West Eighth street extension of the trolley line will be in readiness next week.

James Lock of Grand Haven, grew and shipped about 29,000 radishes from a pound of seed last season.

The American Brass Novelty Co., of Grand Haven, will in all probability, remove to Constantine.

Miss May Vander Vries, of Grand Rapids, formerly of this city, was married Monday to Edward Spoelstra.

The members of the Gelderland church, Lake Shore, presented Rev. B. DeJonge with a fine Morris chair a few evenings ago.

Circuit Court will convene next week. The larceny case against Charles Kipp of this city, and the arson case against Chris. Luther will come up.

A theological student made an attempt to give a friend a ride behind Jacob Lokker's horse. Result, a damaged student and a damaged cutter.

The freight office of the Pere Marquette road will be altered and renewed. Agent J. C. Holcomb will also add more desk room as the freight business demands it.

The board of public works on Monday night decided to have plans and specifications prepared for a lateral sewer on Twelfth street, between Pine street and Columbia Ave.

Mr. H. Miller has been appointed as chief engineer at the Glucose Sugar Refining Co., plant at Peoria, Ill. He was formerly with the Holland Sugar Co., and last season with the Kilby Mfg. Co., of Loveland, Col.

The bell of the Third Reformed church which was sent away to be re-cast was received this week and was put in the belfry on Wednesday. It weighs 2,600 pounds and two teams with block and tackle were needed to hoist it.

Hope College opened Tuesday morning after the usual holiday vacation. President Kollen gave the students a very interesting and excellent talk at chapel exercises. The college opens very auspiciously for the spring work.

Use F. M. C. Coffees.

J. O. Doeberg has been confined to the house for several days on account of illness.

Rev. Jas. Ossewards of Grand Rapids, has been appointed as chaplain in the army.

Wrapper sale at Du Mez Bros. All wrappers sold at a great reduction. Be sure to see them. Read ad.

The annual renting of pews in the Third Reformed church will take place next Monday evening, Jan. 13.

Dr. J. W. Beardales has bought from the Smith estate for \$1,200, a house and lot on Thirteenth street, adjoining his property on Twelfth street.

Hendrik Bauwkamp and Allice Kruit of Zeeland and John A. Timmer of Zeeland and Trency Elgersma of this city were licensed to wed this week.

Miss Bessie Belle Thew will give a recital during the last week in January. She will be assisted by Miss Stella Clarke and a few pleasing numbers by the children.

The regular meeting of the Hope church Aid Society will be held on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 15, at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. King, Eleventh street.

List of advertised letters at the Holland postoffice for the week ending Jan. 10: George Cameron, Maggie Cobmosa, W. J. Kelly, Barbara O'Neil, Elena M. Ross, Jacob Taylor, Jr.

The funeral of Arie Grevengoed took place Monday noon from the Third Reformed church, Rev. G. H. Dubblink and Rev. H. E. Dosker officiating. He was 82 years old.

M. Beukema, proprietor of the West Michigan Steam Laundry, has bought a gas machine which he will use to heat the machines used in his business. The gas is manufactured from gasoline.

Wm. Swift, who has bought the grocery business in the building of Tim Slagb, East Eighth street, has made great improvements in the arrangements of the store and will run a neat grocery.

An arc light will be placed at the corner of River and Eleventh streets. The council so ordered Tuesday night. It will be greatly appreciated by Hope church attendants, as Eleventh street is very dark evenings.

J. F. Van Anrooy & Sons, the grocers, are building up a fine trade at their store, corner of Central avenue and Sixteenth street. They have a nice clean stock of goods and customers meet with prompt service.

James W. Grove's appetite for the fluid which biteth like a serpent, got him into trouble this week. He not only fell by the wayside but became disorderly. Justice Van Daren said thirty days on the stone pile.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will, next Sunday evening, hold a union meeting with the C. E. of Hope church at that church. Subject: "Entering the Kingdom." Leader: Rev. A. Clarke. Meeting will begin at 6:15.

A. McKnabb who has for years been general foreman of bridges and buildings for what is now the Pere Marquette railway, will perhaps have his office moved to Grand Rapids in a few weeks, as he can be better reached from there.

The committee on poor reported at the council meeting Tuesday evening, the semi-monthly report showing that \$110 25 had been used for temporary aid and \$33 was recommended for the support of the poor for the two weeks ending January 21.

Township treasurers in this vicinity report generally that taxes have come in at a good rate. Since the pickle factory and the sugar factory have been established here township treasurers have noticed that very few have any trouble in meeting the payment of their taxes.

On Monday evening Hope Church Sunday school elected G. J. Diekema, Superintendent; C. M. McLean, Vice Superintendent; Dr. A. C. V. R. Gilmore, Treasurer and Secretary; Chester Beach and Fred Browning, Librarians; Prof. J. B. Nykerk; Mrs. Gilmore, Organist.

John Hietje of Zeeland, passed through here the first part of the week with a car load of sheep for the Chicago markets. While there he visited his brother-in-law John Boomker and family. Mr. Hietje does considerable business in stock buying and selling.

If you want to buy a jacket for yourself or the children you will certainly miss it if you fail to go and see John Vanderluis as he is bound to sell what he has left at some price or other, also a few winter caps, short lengths and remnants of dress goods at almost your own price.

Mrs. A. Stegink died a Vriesland on Wednesday, aged 68 years. She was the mother of J. H. Den Herder and Mrs. M. Witvliet of this city. The funeral takes place to-day at 1 o'clock at the house and at 1:30 from the Vriesland church, Rev. De Jonge officiating.

W. J. Damson received a letter this week from his daughter Mrs. Rev. Bannings, who is now in South India. She writes that they had a fine trip, the weather is pleasant, flowers in bloom and that they like the place and people. She wishes all her friends a "happy New Year."

Rev. A. Vanden Berg of Overleel has declined a call to Pella, Iowa.

G. J. Weekell of South Haven has bought the Saugatuck House at Saugatuck.

Peter Van Anrooy, residing south of the city, is confined to his house by illness.

Sheriff S. H. Lucas, of Missaukee county was here yesterday and called on friends.

Do not miss reading the ad of Devries the dentist. If in need of such work he can save you money.

Alderman H. J. Luidens won a fine silk hat on a wager with Cashier G. W. Mokma that he would not smoke in 1901.

A. E. Ferguson and Peter Smith, well known as successful fishermen, caught a fine string of nine pickerel Wednesday.

The new light house at the harbor is about completed. An elevated steel walk will take the place of the wooden elevated walk.

The steamer Soo City is laid up at St. Joseph for the winter. Engineer Barney Hopkins says the Soo made about 40,000 miles the past season.

Geo. Birkhoff, Jr., of Chicago has bought the 20 acres of J. Kuite, Sr., located west of the city on the shore of Macatawa Bay, for \$8,000.

The catechetical classes of the Fourth Reformed church presented their pastor with a fine inkstand and the pastor's wife received a handsome teapot.

Week of prayer was observed this week by the First, Hope, Third and Fourth Reformed churches. Dr. Kollen will lead at Hope church this evening.

Peter Van Regenmorter has sold a cottage at Macatawa Park to Abe Van der Velde, one of the life saving crew, for \$300. It is located east of the station.

The prospects for a busy building season next spring and summer are very good. Many lots have been sold, especially south of Fifteenth street.

The work of graveling Central avenue from Sixteenth street to State street has been finished by Contractor B. Riksen. It will put that part of Central avenue in excellent condition.

Alderman P. Kleis was happily surprised Sunday by his children who presented him with a pair of gold spectacles. It was his sixtieth birthday anniversary.

As will be seen by the council proceedings this week, the G. R. H. & L. M. Railway Co., has accepted the amendments of the franchise adopted Dec. 18 last.

L. Kouw, while operating a rip saw at the Bay View furniture factory Monday, had a part of his right thumb and first finger cut off and the other fingers badly cut.

Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have been the cause of a blaze at the home of James Price, the architect, West Twelfth street on Tuesday. It did some damage to carpets and curtains.

Attorney Geo. A. Farr of Grand Haven brought in a bill of \$12.05 for services in the railway injunction case. The council at its meeting Tuesday evening referred it to the committee on claims and accounts.

De Witt Hinman died Wednesday, aged 70 years. The funeral will take place to-morrow at 10 a. m. from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Otto P. Kramer, West Eleventh street. The remains will be interred at Saugatuck.

Any parties who are looking for a chance to invest money in a good manufacturing business, should consult J. C. Post. Mr. Post is in communication with two responsible men who desire to go into a line of manufacturing different from any here.

Miss Nettie Luikens, daughter of chief of police Luikens of Grand Haven died at Lorain, Ohio, under suspicious circumstances. The autopsy showed she had died from an operation and detectives are working on the case. Her father took the remains to Grand Haven on Tuesday.

City clerk Wm. O. Van Eyck reports 99 deaths in Holland city during the past year. This is 24 less than in 1900, and taking into consideration that the city is rapidly gaining in population, it makes a remarkable good showing compared with previous years. It also shows Holland to be a healthful city.

In this issue Dr. L. A. W. Riemens has a communication, an appeal to the people for money, underwear and foods, such as sugar, coffee, tea, rice, etc. The goods shipped to the Bermuda Islands have been received by the Boer prisoners. In all about 28 cases of goods were shipped from different points. Every person should do what he can to aid Dr. Riemens in this good work.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Visscher royally entertained the teachers and officers of the Third church Sunday school, the young ladies of Mrs. Visscher's class and the members of the church choir a few evenings ago at their beautiful home on State street, Rev. G. H. Dubblink, Dr. H. E. Dosker, Mrs. George E. Kollen, Miss Anna Sprietema, Miss Zwemer, Henry Kleyn and Will Van der Hart took part in a program of readings, impersonations, story telling and music. Over sixty guests were present and all enjoyed the affair.

# Wrapper Sale

We find in taking inventory that we have too many Wrappers on hand for this time of the year, and in order to reduce our stock we will give a Sale for one week. All the Wrappers included in this Sale

are strictly up to-date goods of beautiful patterns. We

have them in fancy Persian stripes and in neat

figures—nice range of colors; new styles.

Be sure to come and see them.

## Note the Great Reduction in Prices!

\$1.75 and \$1.50 French Flannel Wrappers, now..... \$1.25

\$1.25 and \$1.15 Flannelette Wrappers, now..... .85

\$1.15 and \$1.00 Calico Wrappers, now..... .85

**Du Mez Bros.**  
WE SELL GILBERT'S CELEBRATED DRESS LINES

41 East Eighth Street, Holland.

# Green Ticket

SALE!

—OF—

## Suits, Pants, Overcoats, Shirts, Shoes, UNDERWEAR, ETC.

What Does That Mean? It means that you can save from 25 to 50 cents on the dollar.

We are closing out all broken lines of Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, etc.

We will also close out, within the next 30 days, 1,000 pairs Pants which will also go in this Green Ticket Sale from 25 to 50 per cent cheaper than the regular price.

About 200 Shirts, worth 50c, 75c and \$1.00, will all go at 35c each. Anyone can buy them; none barred; free to all at 35c. First come, first choice. Among the shirts are a good many large sizes, like 16, 16½, 17½ and 18, although there are a lot of 14, 14½ and regular sizes. All the broken lots in our line go at the same reduction. White Shirts with fancy fronts, open and closed; Fancy Negligees in plaids, stripes, etc., and Men's heavy Overshirts and Undershirts.

Big sample line of SWEATERS, bought at a price that will make them go. 600 pairs Sample Shoes—men's, ladies' and children's—bought cheap—sell cheap.

It is understood that ONLY THE GOODS MARKED WITH A GREEN TAG will be sold at reduced prices.

Do not forget this Sale and feel sorry you did not go in time. Numerous articles not mentioned here will be found in our Green Ticket Sale. P. S.—NO DISCOUNT will be given on the GREEN TICKET SALE.

## Sale Began Monday, Jan. 6.

We thank our customers for their patronage given us during the past year and wish them a Happy New Year, and we assure them good values for 1902.

**Lokker-Rutgers Co.**

37-39 East Eighth Street, Holland.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1902.

HE WAS BADLY SMITTEN.

And When His Sweetheart Was About to Depart He Ate Her Ticket.

"And you're not married yet?"  
"No; not yet. I've never been seriously inclined in the matrimonial direction since I was so badly smitten with Dolly Verden when I lived here several years ago. You remember, don't you, how foolish I used to act?"

"This is a part of a dialogue that took place between two young men, one of whom is now a resident of a distant city, says the Detroit Free Press, and is paying a visit to his old home in Detroit."

"I was clean gone on that girl, all right. I am not celebrated for my modesty in such matters, but I was so under the spell of her charms that I could never muster up the courage to tell her how much I thought of her. I reckon she guessed it, though."

"Just to show you how nervous I was in her presence, I'll tell you of an incident connected with my courtship of her. She was going to New York on a visit and I arranged to accompany her to the depot. On the way there she gave me her purse and railroad ticket to carry (you know some girls have a habit of doing those things). I had made up my mind to tell her of the deep, yearning love that was consuming my soul and impairing my appetite and had a few choice love passages framed in my mind. Several times during our walk to the depot I was on the point of unburdening myself, but somehow the words wouldn't come out and I felt that I would make a bungler of it. All this time you can imagine I was in a condition bordering on nervous prostration. Well, we arrived at the station without my having told the old, sweet story. I had her little hand in mine, holding it in a last, lingering clasp, when the gateman said: "Tickets please; the train is ready to start!"

"Oh, goodness me!" exclaimed Dolly. "I came near forgetting to get my ticket from you. Give it to me quick, please."

"Excitedly I fumbled in my pocket for that ticket, but I couldn't find it anywhere in my clothes.

"What have you in your mouth?" asked Dolly. "It looks like part of my ticket."

"And sure enough, it was, but such a small part that it could not be identified as a railroad ticket and was, of course, useless. In my nervousness I had chewed up and swallowed the greater part of Dolly's ticket. What did I do? Why, I had to buy her another. All of which goes to show what a goose a man can be when he's in love, or thinks he is."

MAKING OF A MAN.

Helpless Dependent Transformed Into a Useful Member of Society.

The story really begins with a woman, a beautiful Southerner. Coming North, she met the beau of a New England village, a man who lived on the family fortune and made himself more or less useful as a squire of dames at parties, picnics and balls. They fell in love with each other and were married.

The man would have been quite willing to continue to share his mother's bounty. The wife would not consent. "Don't be dependent!" she said. "Go to work!" The spark of manhood in him flamed at that, and he tried his best; but people who knew him only laughed at his application for employment. "What can you do?" they asked. He had to admit that he did not know how to do anything well. It seemed to him that he had no excuse for existing at all.

"Then," said the wife, at length, "I will get work for you, and you must take what I can get." The only place that her only acquaintance, a mill owner, could promise was one that had belonged to a boy who was to be promoted to a better. It was boy's work at boy's wages, but the grown man took it.

Now the wife showed her quality in another way. She insisted that they must live on her husband's earnings, such as they were, and the pair moved into one room, near the mill. The former belle wore cheap gowns and did her own housework. Probably she as well as her husband learned something by the experience. And how he worked! Promotions came to him, for he more than earned them. Now he is one of the proprietors of the mill in which he started as a 35-year-old "boy," and his wife is the idol of his family and the admiration of the village.

This story is vouched for as true in every detail. It should have special interest for girls who long for a "career," for it suggests that, if no public way opens, they can have one at home. The world moves only as individuals advance, and the forward impulse is best aided by those who stand nearest. —Youth's Companion.

IN ALASKA'S INTERIOR.

Only Two Seasons There—Pestiferous Insects Numerous.

In the vast and almost unknown interior of Alaska, beyond the influence of the "Kuro Siwo," the climate is arctic in the fullest sense of the word. There are only two seasons here—winter and summer. The winter is of eight months' duration, dry, and, excepting certain restricted localities, entirely free from wind. The temperature descends as low as 80 degrees below zero (upon rare occasions even 90 degrees has been reached), with a mean of perhaps 40 degrees below. Ice forms in

the rivers and lakes to a thickness of eight feet and more.

Summer extends over a period of four months. During its earliest months high winds prevail, greatly assisting in the dissipation of the snow and ice, but rendering this time extremely disagreeable. The balance of this short season is mild and the temperature pleasant, rarely exceeding 80 degrees. The snow and rain annually precipitated is about 12.9 inches.

The hapless resident in this inhospitable section is afforded no relief after his long winter's fight for the unity of soul and body by the advent of this otherwise agreeable period, for with the first tempered breeze come countless legions of mosquitoes, black flies and various stinging insects besides, whose agonizing assiduity and ghoulish appetite preclude the enjoyment of the briefest moment. Whence comes the abnormal instinct, says a writer in the Era Magazine, that marks man at first sight as their prey—considering the fact that their ancestry, back to protoplasm, had no knowledge of his being—is an interesting problem best left for entomologists to determine.

How Hicks Saved the Crops.

A farmer out in Renville whose name was Grandpa Dix had never dared let his corn wither out until Hicks.

Now Hicks lived in Missouri and he had a kind of knack of makin' up the climate in a blamed old almanac. Whenever it came winter and the winds began to blow Hicks came out hotfooted and predicted that 't would snow. And along in Janooary his advise was free and bold "About this time of year look out for long continued cold." And when the cold began to break and spring showed up a bit Ol' Hicks said "Spring is coming" and he always made a hit. Now Grandpa Dix he had a way, whenever Hicks said spring, Of hustlin' out upon the land and he never did a thing But plant his corn and sow his wheat, likewise his garden sass, Because whatever Hicks had said was sure to come ter pass. One year about the fust of March the almanac said "warm."

Particular.

As the daily train reached a Vermont village the other day, an antique-looking dame thrust her head out of the window opposite the refreshment room, and briefly shouted: "Sonny!" A bright-looking boy came up to the window. "Little boy," she said, "have you a mother?" "Yes, ma'am." "Do you go to school?" "Yes, ma'am." "And are you faithful to your studies?" "Yes, ma'am." "Do you say your prayers every night?" "Yes, ma'am." "Can I trust you to do an errand for me?" "Yes, ma'am." "I think I can, too," said the lady, looking steadily down on the manly face. "Here is 5 cents to get me an apple." —Boston Courier.

Decidedly Unappreciated.

Jack—That little girl I'm in love with now is a perfect little wildflower, fresh as a daisy. Why, she's never even been waltzed with.

George—Well! Well!

Jack—That's true. Never been anything but engaged a few times.—New York Weekly.

An Artistic Achievement.

Ethel—Why, Aunt Emily, this is a lovely photograph of you! What were you thinking of to get such a charming expression?

Gas as an Economical Fuel.

Gas is the cheapest and most easily managed of all fuels, provided care is given to its use. A good gas stove well managed will, counting in the time for care and lack of dust, cost one-third less than coal.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Great Expectations.

"George has an automobile in view." "Who, George? He couldn't buy the tire for one wheel."

Minerals in Palestine.

The discovery in Palestine of valuable mineral treasures makes it probable that there will soon be an industrial awakening of the Holy Land.

Coffee Production.

The world's coffee production this year is 24,000,000 bags.

FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS

Wilhelm's Eldest Son.

Perhaps the "fierce light that beats upon the throne" blinds people to possible faults and failings of the German Crown Prince, but he really seems to be a manly, attractive young fellow who deserves to be liked for his own sake. We have heard so much about the Kaiser as ruler, composer, writer and sailor that it is especially satisfactory to know something about him as a father.

The tie between Wilhelm and his eldest son and heir is an unusually close one. The Kaiser looks personally after every detail of his son's training, not only at the university, but also in his service with the Guards at Potsdam. Instead of making the Crown Prince believe that he is not old enough to understand the deepest secrets of statecraft, he has for many years discussed all public questions with him with the greatest frankness, believing that this is just as important a part of his son's education as the book knowledge. And it is.

The result is that while the Prince has a sunny disposition, he yet takes a serious view of life and is conscientiously fitting himself for the duties that will come to him, if he outlives his father. In addition to regular studies and statecraft, and military service, the Crown Prince has had plenty of opportunities to become a good shot, a splendid horseman and a fine tennis player. He also plays the violin exceedingly well and draws and paints with skill.

Emperor William has five other sons and while they do not receive the special training in statecraft that has been given to the Crown Prince, the Emperor has laid out plans for their practical education that is a little unusual. August William and Oscar, the third and fourth sons, with six companions, have been established on a little farm of twenty-eight acres, and the boys do all the work. The house is the little peasant's hut that was there originally, and it has merely been made comfortable for the new tenants, with matting, red chairs and whitewashed walls. In the cupboard are plain earthenware dishes. A young peasant and his wife are all the attendants given the boys, who often brew their own coffee when their work in the garden has made them thirsty.

The boys themselves planted the potatoes, corn and other vegetables, cultivated them, and when ready for market gathered them and sent them to the royal kitchen, receiving regular market values for everything.

If more royal fathers had such sensible, delightful ideas, royal boys would not find it so hard after all to be born so close to a throne.—Minneapolis Journal.

The Secret of Success.

One day in huckleberry time, when little Johnny Flaiks and half a dozen other boys were starting with their pairs To gather berries, Johnny's pa, in talking with him, said That he could tell him how to pick so he'd come out ahead.

"First find your bush," said Johnny's pa, "and then stick it to till You've picked it clean. Let those go chasing all about who will in search of better bushes; but it's picking tells, my son— To look at fifty bushes doesn't count like picking one."

And Johnny did as he was told; and sure enough, he found, By sticking to his bush while all the others chased around In search of better picking, 'twas his father said; For, while all the others looked, he worked and so came out ahead.

An Ice Whiz.

If you want to ride so fast on the ice as to lose your breath, you should make an ice whiz. When the ice gets strong cut a hole in it, sharpen a pole six inches in diameter and with a beetle drive it into the mud. With stones block it so it will freeze in the ice exactly vertical. Then saw it off four feet above the surface of the ice, and bore an inch hole in the top. Now get a long light pole (20 feet or more) and balance it on the post. Next bore a hole so a pin can run through it into the post. Attach skaters to one end of the sweep and let skaters push the other end 'round and 'round. Be careful not to get hurt. It is a powerful and dangerous plaything.

Never President, but Best Blacksmith.

There once lived in a Western village a woman who was anxious that her only son should achieve some great success in life, and lift himself above "the common run of men," as she said. When she reflected that even the Presidency of the United States is within the reach of the poorest and

humblest boy,, she did not wish her son to fall far below that station in life.

Long after the son was a man, an acquaintance met the ambitious old lady, then visiting in a distant State, and asked her about her son's success in life.

"Well," she said cheerily, "he ain't the President of the United States yet; he ain't a Senator, nor yet a Congressman, nor Governor, nor Mayor; but I tell you he's the very best blacksmith there is in our part of the country. Indeed he is!"

Stealing "Whiteaways."

At a church recently there was a song service, and one mother took her little 5-year-old daughter to it. One of the selections was "I Love to Steal Awhile Away." It was drawn out in the good, old-fashioned way to the end, and the little miss, after the first line, seemed to be lost in study.

In the midst of the prayer that followed, she climbed up on the seat beside her mother, and in a stage whisper asked:

Stretching.

You may stretch your mouth in jolly fun; You may stretch your legs in a good long run; You may stretch your arms in work, for-sooth; But never, never stretch the truth. —Youth's Companion.

An Easy Answer.

"Sixteen boys went to the canal on a summer's afternoon to swim," said the teacher, "but five were told not to bathe. How many went in?" "Sixteen," said Sam.

Bug in a Hammock.

One morning little Nellie discovered a spider's web in the window. "Oh, mamma," she exclaimed, "come and see this bug in a little hammock!"

Football Armor.

How the Players Protect Themselves on the Gridiron.

The player has three protections against injury, writes Julian Burroughs, in Leslie's Weekly. First and best of all is his muscle. When the season begins the men are given long hard work with the dumbbells, and this is kept up for some time. Most of the men begin to play in school. Years of training, not of football alone, of course, have covered them with hard muscle, which is like a suit of armor. It binds covers, braces, supports and wards off injury as nothing else can. Secondly, the covering of clothing protects the muscles themselves from bruising, and covers the points that the muscles do not. This is mostly leather—for the rules forbid any metal—and seeks to protect the points most subject to injury without hampering the player's movements. Ankle supports, laced up tight; shinguards, like the greaves of the ancient Greeks; a thick leather helmet for the head with cotton padded flaps over the ears, make up the leather fittings. A thick rubber nose-guard adds a touch of gentleness to the player's appearance. This last is bound to the head above, and is gripped firmly with the teeth below, while the wearer blows fiercely through the air-holes at his opponent.

Attacked by a Heron.

"I've hunted everything from gray squirrels to grizzlies," said a veteran Philadelphia sportsman, "and the nearest I ever came to being seriously injured by any sort of game was one time when a wounded bird attacked and tried to kill me. "I was a boy then, and went down to a creek that flowed through my father's farm to watch for a mink. It was early in the evening and a blue heron came and sat within tempting gunshot. I knew it would spoil my chances at mink to shoot the bird, and I didn't intend to do it, but, kidlike, I raised my gun and took aim just to see how I could kill it if I would. I lowered the gun and then raised it again. Every time I raised it I would touch the trigger gently. After a while I touched it too hard, the gun went off and I started toward the heron, which was wounded. "I thought it would be a good scheme to catch the bird, and started to do so, when its bill shot out like a sledge hammer and struck me between the eyes. When I came to my senses it was dark, and it was several minutes longer before I could remember where I was or what had happened. A little harder," said the sportsman, according to the New York Times, "and the bird would have killed me. I shudder even yet when I think of what would have been the result if the bill had struck one of my eyes."

Ocean to Ocean Telephone.

With the construction of two short gaps, one from a point in North Dakota to Miles City and the other from Billings, Mont., to same place, there will be a telephone line from ocean to ocean, via Boston, New York, Chicago, Helena (Mont.), Portland to Los Angeles.

True love doesn't cut much congealed aqua pura in a divorce case.



COWS THAT YIELD MUCH MILK.

The cows which give large yields of milk are not such as might be classed among the "easy keepers." Cows will often eat seventy-pounds of green food in a day, as well as a ration of hay and grain. They have good appetites, and are often expensive, so far as consuming food is concerned, but, on the other side, they convert the large amounts of food into milk and butter, giving larger profits than cows that eat much less and which also produce smaller quantities of milk.

KEEPING FOWLS IN WINTER.

The keeping of a flock of fowls in the winter season in a manner to have the hens lay depends more on how often they are fed than upon the kind of food. It is important, however, that the hens have a variety, as they cannot produce eggs when nothing but corn or wheat is given. One of the essentials is a warm place where they can scratch. Cut straw or leaves can be thrown on the poultry house floor and a gill of millet seed scattered therein. The hens will work industriously for the small seeds, and each one will find but few, but they will be kept busy, be hungry and in good condition when the meal time arrives. The hens that lay the most eggs in winter are those that scratch and work. The idle and lazy hens become very fat and lay but few eggs in proportion to food consumed.

INCREASING SOIL'S FERTILITY.

No farm should become poor by producing crops, for every time a crop is removed from the land something should be applied as compensation. There may be an insufficiency of manure, but in such case the farmer should not hesitate to use fertilizers. On every farm upon which live stock is kept the soil should be increased in fertility each year, and if such is not apparent then there is some fault in the management of the manure. A farmer should consider fertilizer as one of his necessary expenses, and should rely upon that form of plant food as essential to his success.

STRAW A VALUABLE PRODUCT.

Straw takes from the soil much of its valuable mineral matter, for which reason straw should be regarded on the farm as a valuable product. In every 100 pounds of wheat straw are four or five pounds of ash, consisting of lime, potash, soda, phosphoric acid, magnesia, etc. While straw is not considered a suitable substitute for hay, yet cattle will stand around a stack and consume considerable quantities of it. The use of bulky food by the animals is due as much to the mechanical action of such foods in aiding digestion as to the digestible matter contained.

RUBBER CLOTHING.

It used to be an old saying that "there is nothing like leather," but that was in the days when men wore leather breeches and jackets as well as boots, and the leather was different from any that money would buy today. It was almost weather proof, and durable almost as iron. But today there is nothing that is equal to rubber for the farmer or other man whose business requires him to be out in all weathers. We always had rubber boots, leggings and coat, and usually a rubber cap with cape that kept the rain from driving down our neck. Even also rubber mittens when we had to drive in a hard rain, because they protected the hands from cold winds, and were not injured by rain. If we wanted wool socks and gloves under them, we had them, but we cared less for the cold than for getting our garments watersoaked when we could not change them at once. We know not how many attacks of rheumatism, colds and fevers these rubber garments saved us, nor were we entirely selfish with what we thought such a good thing, for the horses had rubber blankets over them when we had to take them out in a cold storm. Even now, when we do not spend much time out of doors, we have rubber heels and soles on our boots to keep us from the wet pavements, and to take off some of the jar in walking. Do not forget then that rubber garments are as much necessary to the farmer in winter as furs to the Arctic explorer.—The Cultivator.

SILAGE FOR BEEF CATTLE.

If the silage has been found a desirable and profitable feed for dairy cattle, is there any reason why it should not be suited for beef cattle? None at all. The silo has not been used by beef producers from indifference, lack of progress, etc. Essentially no evidence of importance has been brought forward to show that ensilage is undesirable for beef cattle.

A number of times during the last dozen years I have found it necessary to employ stockmen for Purdue University that were especially skilled as feeders. In every instance these men, prior to coming to Purdue, had had no experience in feeding silage to beef cattle, and yet, as I recall it, every one of these feeders has learned to appreciate and value silage as a food for the beef cattle, and some of these men have said they would not like to feed again without it. And these were men raised in the beef feeding camp.

In 1892 the writer conducted an experiment at the Indiana station, feeding eight steers of Shorthorn type, not pure bred. These steers were divided into two lots of four each, and one lot was fed corn silage and the other clover hay. The experiment was brief, be-

ing only for six weeks, but during these forty-two days the steers on silage gained 297 pounds, or an average of 1.57 pounds a head each day, while those given clover hay gained 284 pounds, or an average of one and two-fifths pounds a head a day. Each lot ate the same amount and kind of grain, the difference being in the coarse foods. A study of the cost of foods and the gains in weight, show that silage fed steers in forty-two days gave a profit of \$19.20, while those on clover hay gave a profit of \$16.75, the balance in favor of the silage lot \$2.50.—Professor C. S. Plumb, Farmer's Guide.

MANAGEMENT OF POULTRY.

A comfortable building is very essential before any considerable degree of success may be attained with fowls and in order to secure this end a building should be situated facing south, with plenty of windows for admission of sunlight. It must also be dry; dryness is very essential, and though warmth is desirable, still the ventilation is good and the building dry and free from draft, the birds will lay very well, even in the coldest weather. It is our aim in caring for fowls during the winter to provide them with a variety of feed and plenty of exercise in securing it. Our method of feeding is as follows: Morning A mash (warm preferably) composed of boiled beef scraps, milk, vegetables and a little pepper and salt. This made dry and crumbly by the addition of bran or oat-chop and is fed as soon as the birds are off the roost. It is very important to feed but very little of this mash, for if the birds eat the fill they will stand around and not exercise; on the other hand if they are just partly broken they will but themselves scratching in the litter. After this soft feed a little grain thrown into the straw and they receive a mangold or a head of cabbage. The feed keeps them busy until noon when a little more grain is thrown in, with some clover chaff and a little ground green bone (about an ounce of bone apiece). The evening feed is whole grain, wheat or oats, also fed in the litter. In this way we keep the birds exercising almost constantly, insuring good health and freedom from the evil habits of feather and egg eating. Grit and dust are also supplied, and plenty of fresh water. It is a good practice to add a few drops of kerosene or carbolic acid to the drinking water as they are good preventatives against colds and diseases.

Freedom from vermin is only possible where birds have free access to dust baths, and where the quarters are kept clean.

With convenient arrangements roosts may be cleaned with little loss of time, once or twice a week and the litter should be removed as fresh put in every three weeks. Filth and vermin promote disease and must be guarded against. Whitewash (one fresh lime in making whitewash) is one of the very best safeguards against these evils, and the building should receive a coat at least twice a year. It is best applied with a spray pump but a brush and pail will serve very well. Roosts, nests, boxes and other fixtures around which lice are apt to harbor should be sprinkled occasionally with kerosene, special care being taken to soak the cracks.—H. M. B. in The Epitomist.

SELECTING FARM ANIMALS.

Good selection of animals for the farm is necessary for success, and whether one is purchasing the animal or weeding out from the herds and flocks those which are not wanted, it will find a good knowledge of certain qualities necessary for his work. The animals best adapted to the work on the farm are those which one needs. To do this pedigree and records are not the only consideration. A man may be so situated that a costly bred animal might not be what he wants at all. He would need good animals those which would produce excellent results, but not necessarily a high strung, hotblood animal that could show well at exhibitions, but not thrive well on the farm. There is wide difference between animals raised for show and exhibition and those needed for practical farm work. There is just as much difference between these as there is between a high strung racing horse and a heavy, practical plow animal, capable of moderate speed, great endurance and strength. Probably the ideal farm horse best illustrates the kind of animals needed for the farm. A good plow horse is a heavy, but not clumsy animal, and one capable of exerting great power and endurance in plowing or hauling. At the same time the animal must be a fair road horse, not a trotter, but one that can get across the country roads at a moderate pace. The animal should also be a fast walker, and not a slow, clumsy, mule-like creature. Such ideal farm horses are bred now, and to be found on thousands of farms. No farmer of an progressiveiveness would think of walking behind some of the old slow-walking farm horses of a dozen years ago. Such an animal performs about one-half the work that a model farm horse does in a day. The ideal farm cow, sheep or pig should likewise be a medium between the high-bred animal and the old scrub. That is each one should possess some of the hardness of the latter, and be able to hustle a little for a living without suffering therefrom and yet be able to do good work, make beef or milk in good quantities, or produce, pork or wool that will pay. These animals show a degree of success on the average farm which make them of great value. They are suited to a little rough, practical life, and yet when kindly treated, they respond quickly to the improved environment.—C. W. Knox, in American Cultivator.



In this Dr. Talmage's first discourse for the new year he speaks words of encouragement to all the timid and feeble.

The last month of the old year has passed out of sight, and the first month of the new year has arrived.

Behold, also, as it is possible in no other month of the year, the wondrous anatomy of the trees in January, the leaves of the last year all gone and not so much as a bud of a new botanical wardrobe appearing.

The increasing daylight. Behold also in this January month the increasing daylight. Last month the sun went down at 4:30, but in this month the days are getting longer.

Grasp Present Opportunities. The front door of a stupendous year has opened. Before many of you there will be twelve months of opportunity for making the world better or worse, happier or more miserable.

Victories of the Frost. Oh, the might of the cold! The arctic and antarctic invading the temperate zone! The victories of the frost—

Birthdays of Great Men. Furthermore, I notice that January has been honored with the nativity of some of the greatest among the nations.

Hebrew and Greek by incompetent men and the church and the world cried out for a Bible translated by a group of good and the learned.

Preparing for the Future. According to my text, "This month shall be unto you the beginning of months; it shall be the first month of the year to you."

Tribe of Indians Is Dying Off from the Effects of Wearing Coats. The white man's glory—his clothes—is likely to prove the bane of the red man of the West.

CLOTHES PROVE THEIR RUIN. The white man's glory—his clothes—is likely to prove the bane of the red man of the West.

Feeding Sugar Beets. In sections where sugar beets can be grown at comparatively small expense they should form one of the crops for stock feed even if not grown for factory use.

Breed Mature Sheep. Don't breed the lambs. This is a bad mistake so frequently permitted or purposely made as to call for earnest remonstrance.

Old Principles in Farming. While it is undoubtedly true that farmers have learned much about farming during late years that has materially helped them in making the farm pay better returns, it is also true, in many cases, that they are getting away from some of the fundamental principles of correct farming.

It is claimed that the cream of two skimmings mixed will not yield the butter as well as one.

LOST IN THE DESERT.

Helplessness of Men in This Position Described by a Writer. The helplessness that a man feels when he is lost is one of the most terrible parts of his experience.

Convenience in Swine-Keeping. For a door which may be attached to any hog house whose inmates are in the habit of breaking down the usual barriers, nail heavy planking to cleats placed on the inside and use strong strap hinges.

Using Abandoned Pastures. In many sections of the country, but perhaps more largely in the East, one will find on the farms fields which had been used for pasture until they were no longer profitable for that purpose.

Feeding Sugar Beets. In sections where sugar beets can be grown at comparatively small expense they should form one of the crops for stock feed even if not grown for factory use.

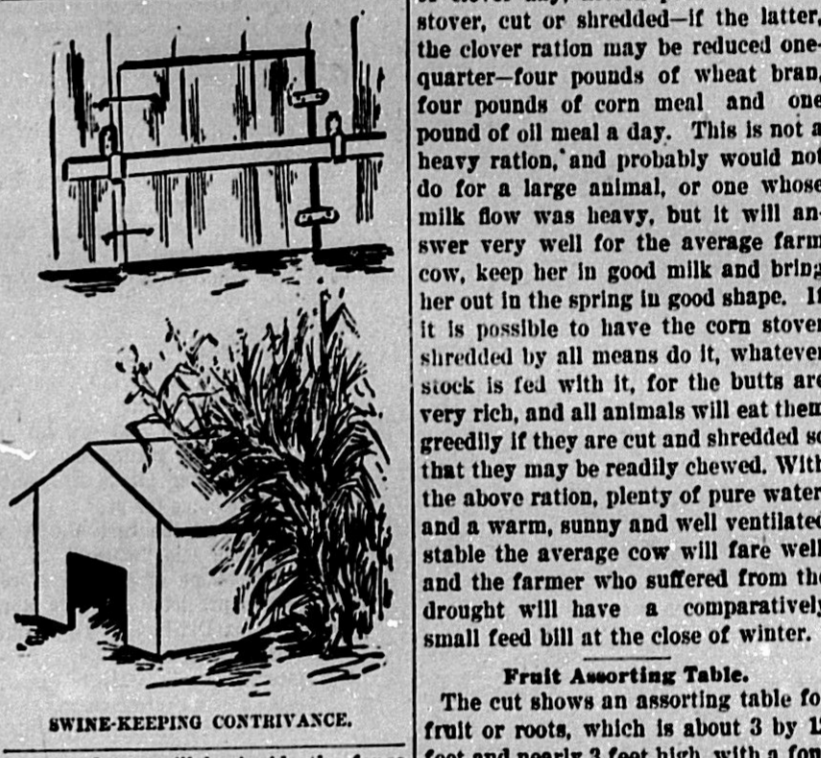
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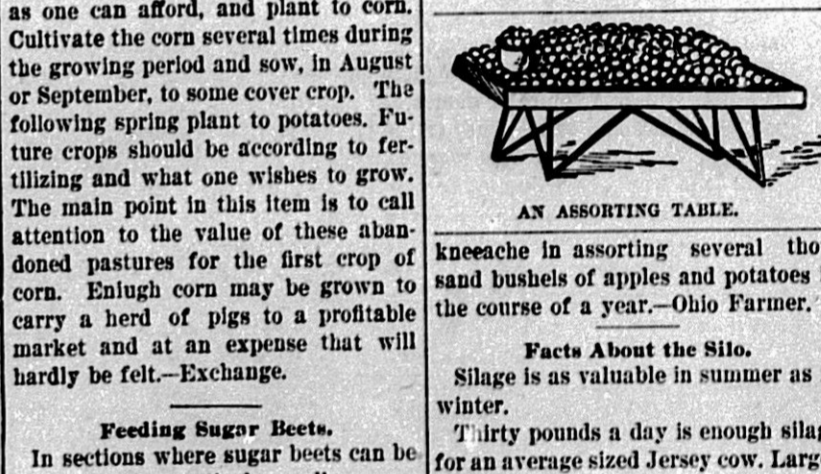
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as much as possible from the farm is too strong and too far-reaching. Time was when sales from the farm were made only after provision had been made for the living and comfort of the occupants, human and animal.



Swine-Keeping Contrivance. For a door which may be attached to any hog house whose inmates are in the habit of breaking down the usual barriers, nail heavy planking to cleats placed on the inside and use strong strap hinges.



Fruit Assorting Table. The cut shows an assorting table for fruit or roots, which is about 3 by 12 feet and nearly 3 feet high, with a four inch rim all around so as to hold about six bushels of apples or potatoes.

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