



Queen's University  
Belfast



# Mechanical and Physical Response of Nanocomposite-Coated Foams Subjected To Hydration: Potential Uses For Bone Tissue Scaffolds

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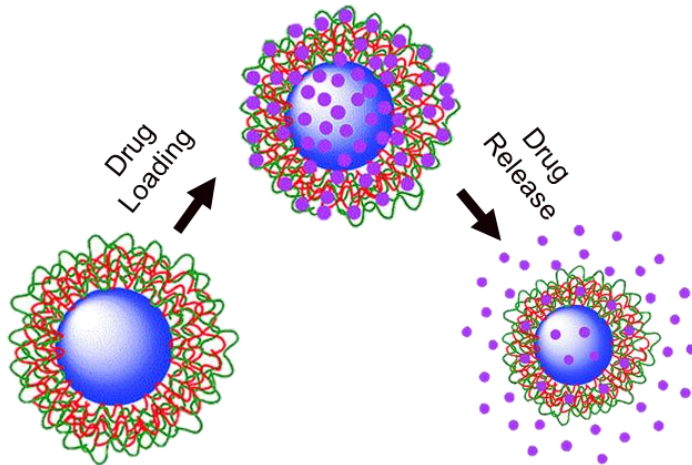
<sup>1</sup>School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Queen's University Belfast, UK

<sup>2</sup>Medical Engineering Research Centre, School of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering, Dublin City University, Ireland

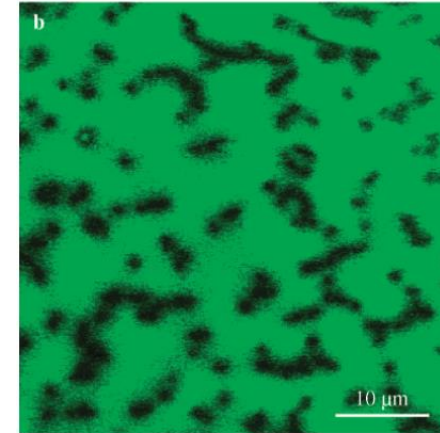
<sup>3</sup>School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, UK

<sup>4</sup>Trinity Centre for Bioengineering, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

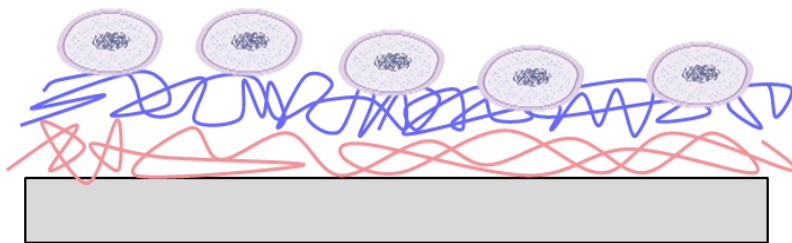
# Layer by Layer Assembly



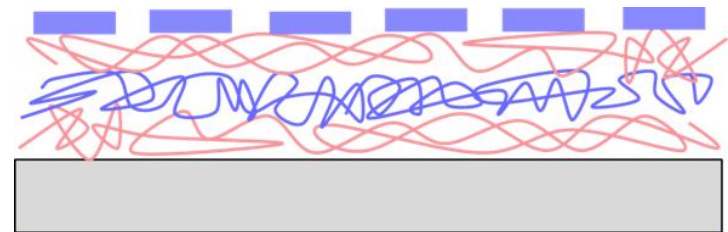
Drug Releasing



Controlled Degradation



Surface Interaction



Mechanical Properties

1. Mertz D et al. Nano Lett. 2007;7(3):657–62.

INTRODUCTION

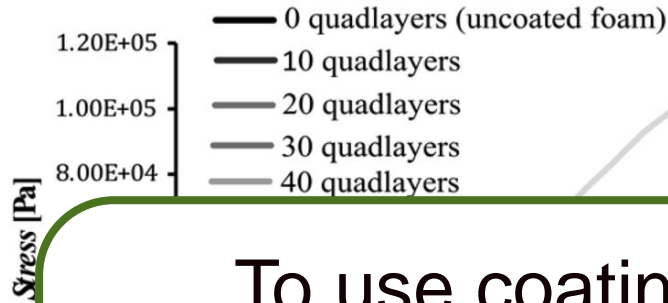
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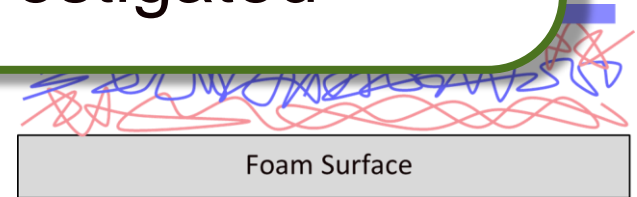
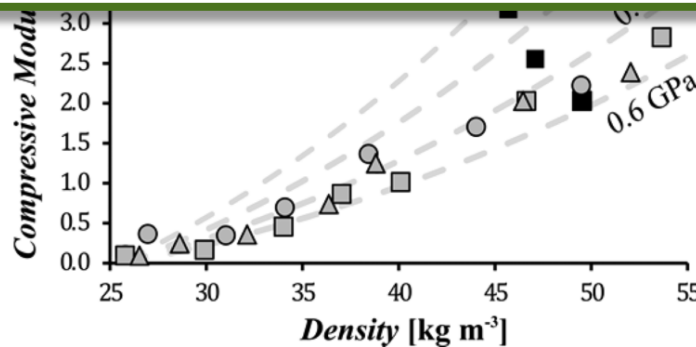
CONCLUSIONS

FUTURE WORK

# Mechanical Properties of Coating on 3D Substrates



To use coatings in bone tissue scaffold applications; mechanical and physical response of the coating upon submersion into a aqueous environment need to be investigated



Ziminska et al. ACS Appl Mater Interfaces. 2016;8(34):21968–73.

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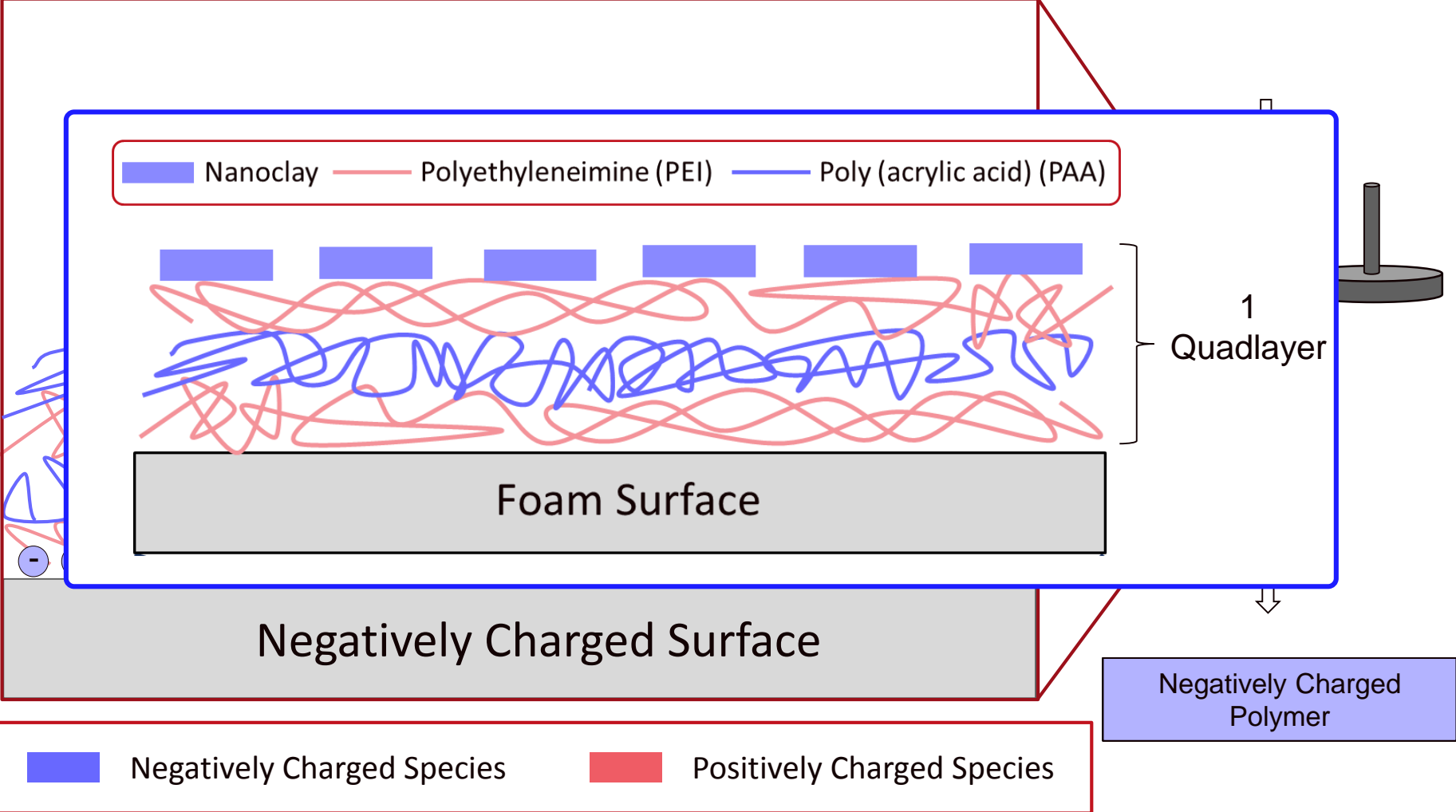
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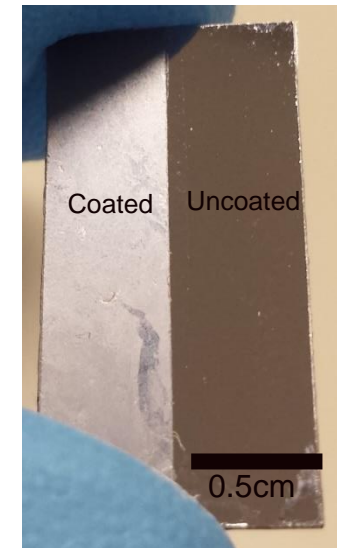
# Mechanism Overview



- Open cell polyurethane foam (12.7 $\emptyset$  x 10 mm)<sup>[1]</sup>
- Glass microscope slides (2 x 1 cm)
- Coated with:
  - » 15 quadlayers
  - » 30 quadlayers
  - » 45 quadlayers
  - » 60 quadlayers
- Samples tested in:
  - » Air ( $\sim$ 25% RH, Ambient Temp)<sup>[1]</sup>
  - » Submerged de ionised water (100% RH, Ambient Temp)
  - » Humidity chamber ( $\sim$ 50 to  $\sim$ 85% RH, Ambient Temp)



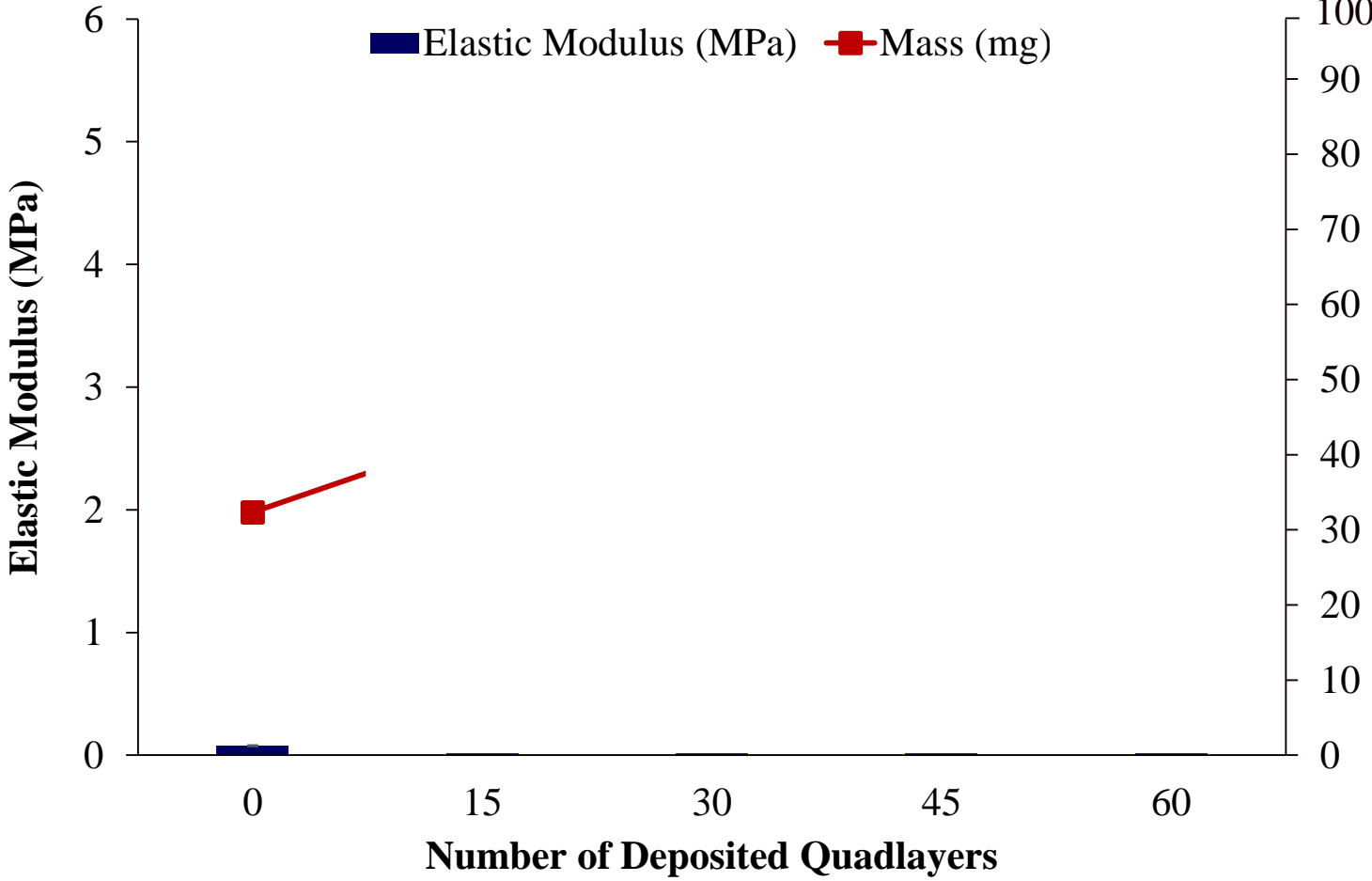
*Polyurethane foam*



*Masked Sample*

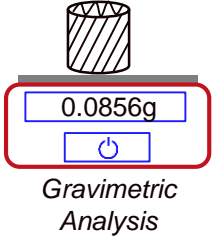
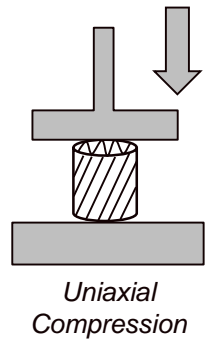
1. Ziminska et al. ACS Appl Mater Interfaces. 2016;8(34):21968–73.

# Elastic Modulus of Coated Foams



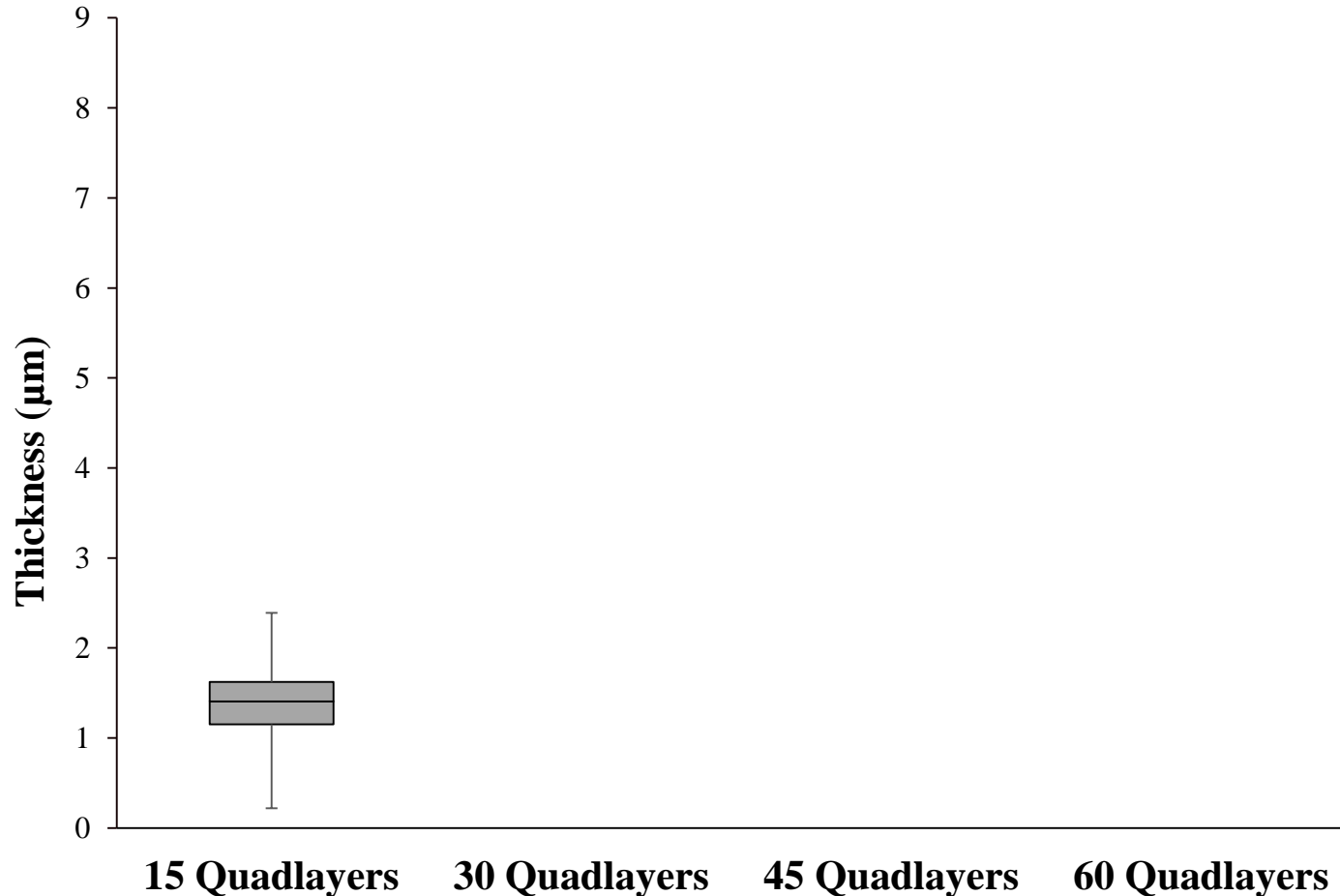
Ambient

(n=5)



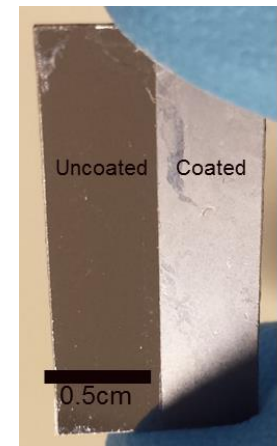
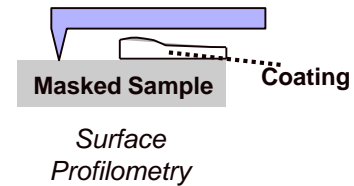
6% deformation at crosshead speed of 2 mm/min

# Thickness Measurements of Coating on Glass Slides



Ambient

(n=100)



Masked Sample

Surface profilometry using Tencor alpha step 200

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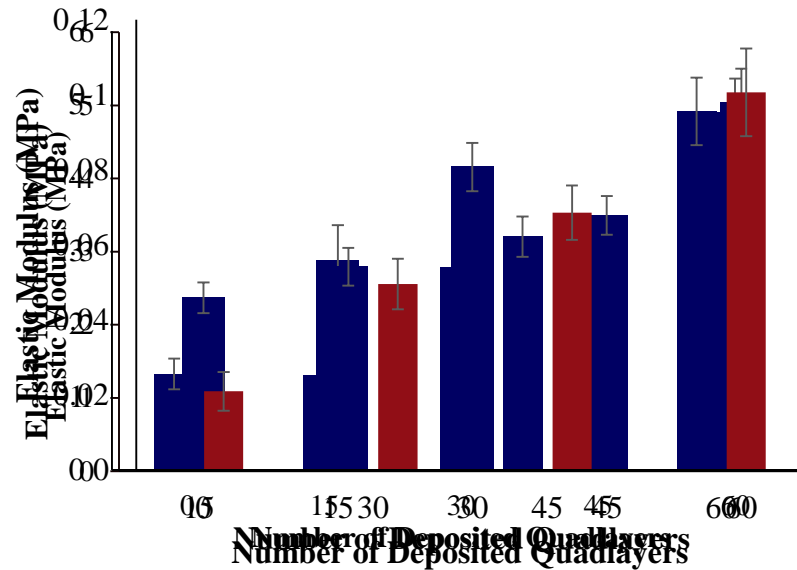
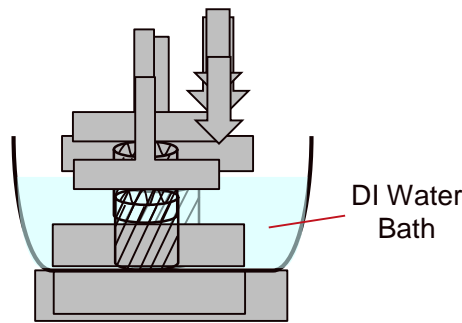
FUTURE WORK

# Mechanical Properties of Coated Foams Under Aqueous Conditions

Average Elastic Modulus (MPa) ± SD				
Quadlayers	Ambient	Hydrated	Hydrated 1 Hour	Desiccated
0	0.08 ± 0.00	0.05 ± 0.00	0.05 ± 0.01	0.10 ± 0.01
15	1.31 ± 0.21	0.06 ± 0.01	0.06 ± 0.01	1.08 ± 0.27
30	2.78 ± 0.26	0.08 ± 0.01	0.08 ± 0.01	2.54 ± 0.35
45	3.19 ± 0.28	0.07 ± 0.01	0.07 ± 0.00	3.52 ± 0.37
60	4.9 ± 0.46	0.10 ± 0.01	0.09 ± 0.01	5.17 ± 0.60

Hydrated

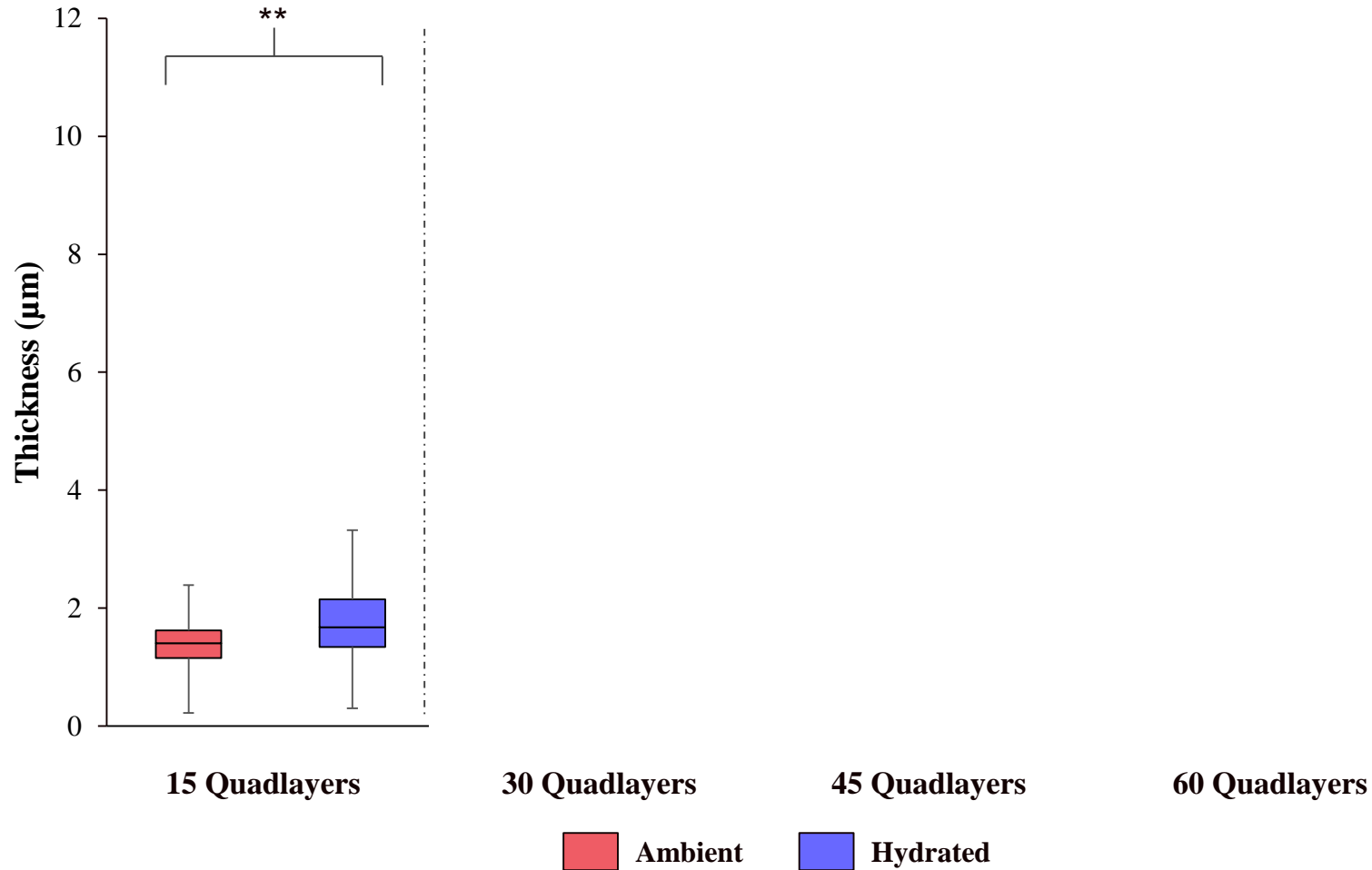
(n=5)



When tested upon immediate submersion in DI water, elastic modulus drops significantly



# Thickness Measurements of Coating on Glass Slides when Hydrated



\*\* Statistically significant increase ( $p < 0.01$ ) in coating thickness when hydrated

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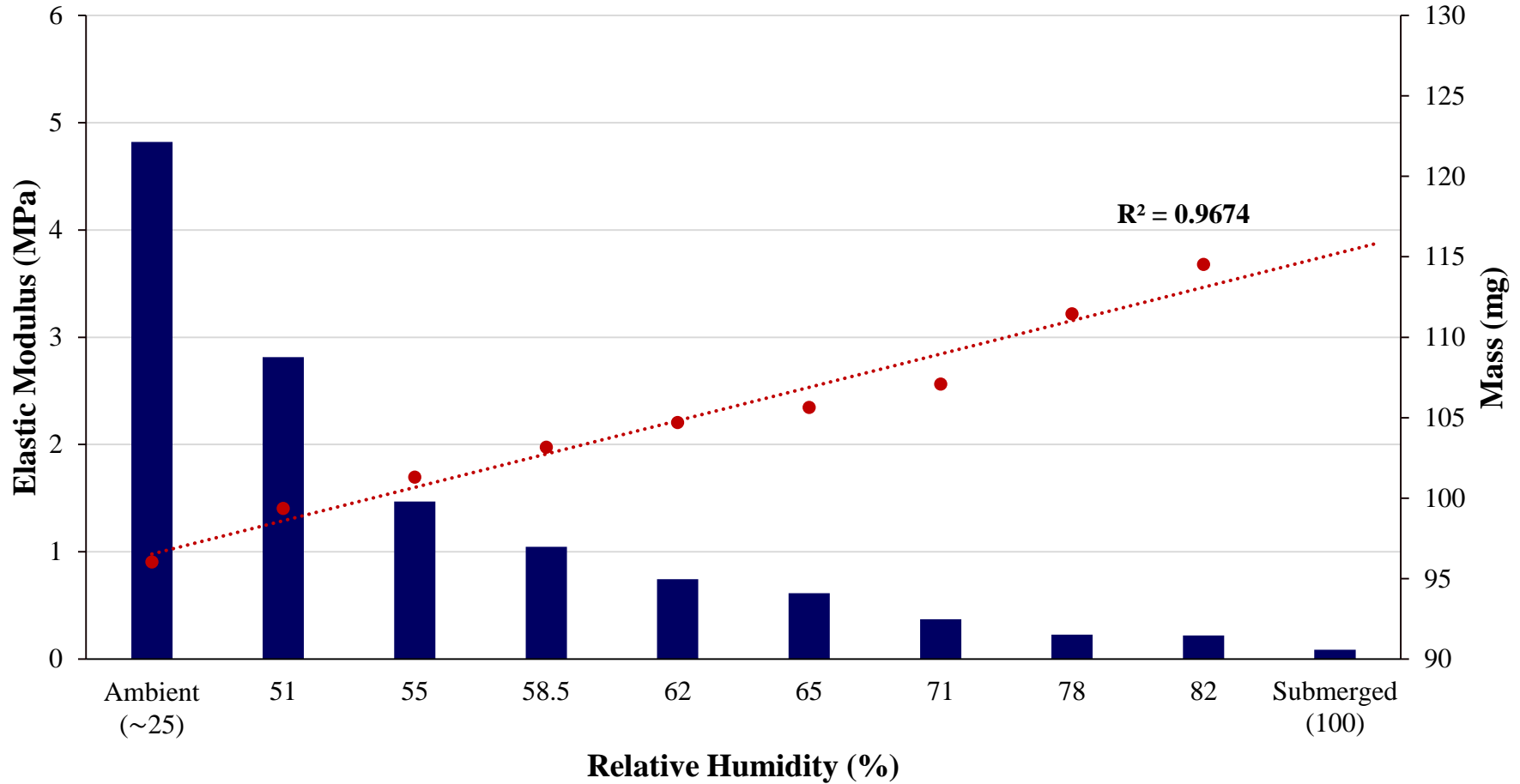
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# Mechanical and Gravimetric Analysis of Coated Foam in Humidity Chamber

(n=1)



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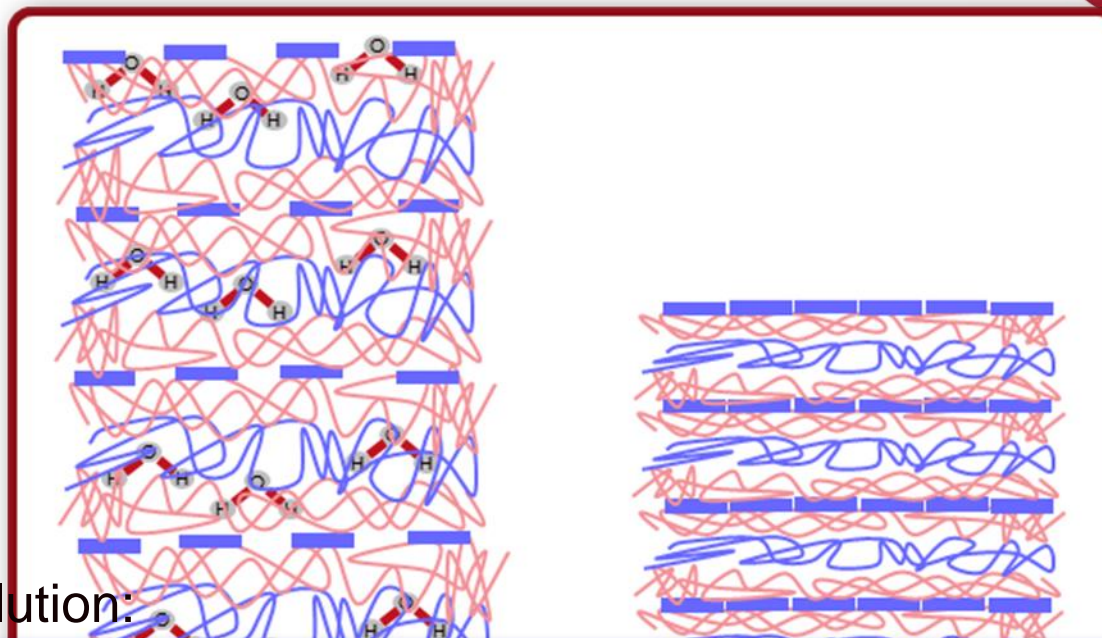


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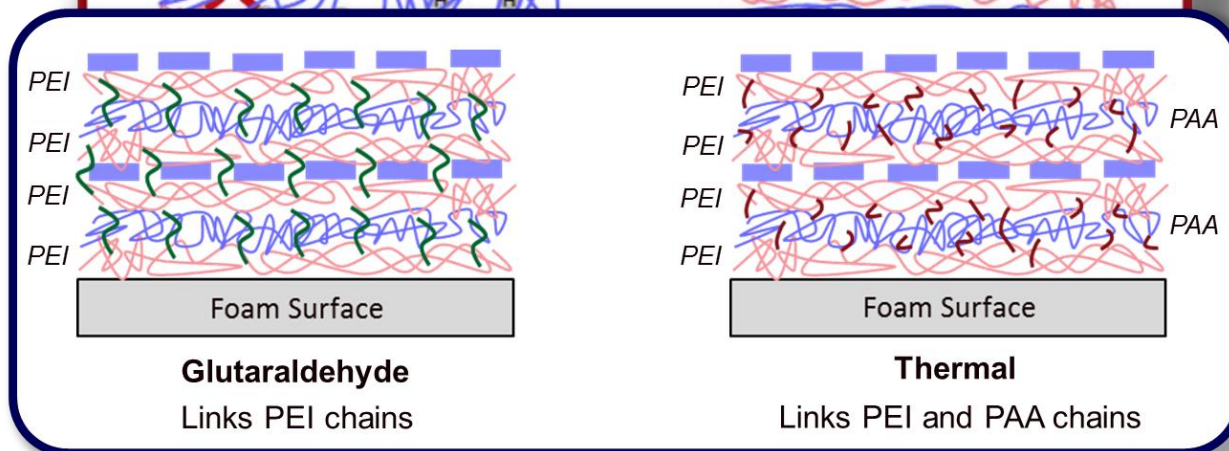
FUTURE WORK

# Water Acting as a Plasticiser



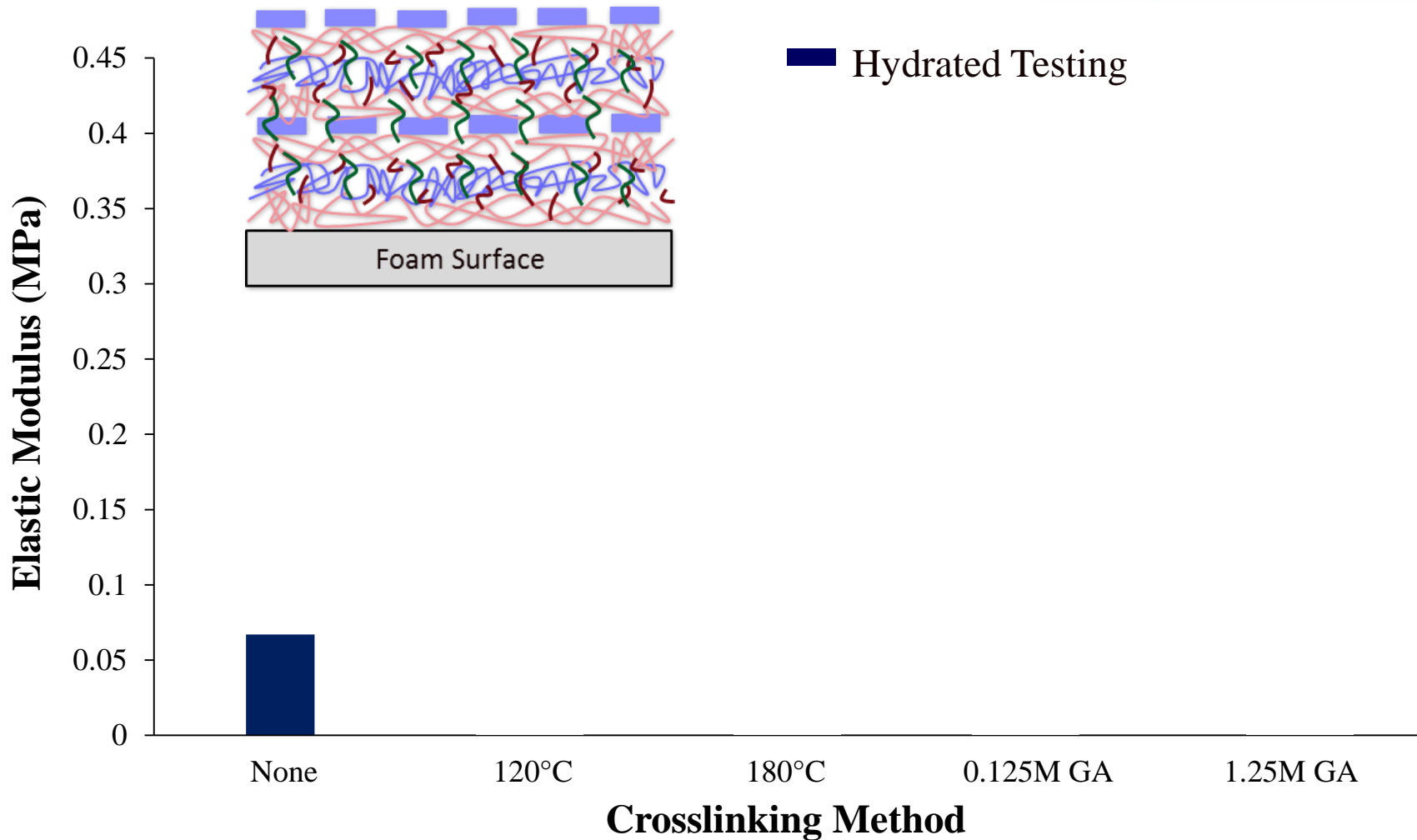
Water Distribution in Multilayers of Weak Polyelectrolytes<sup>[1]</sup>

Proposed Solution:



[1] OT et al. Langmuir. 2006;22(11):5137-43.

# Crosslinking Results



Preliminary crosslinking results on 15 quadlayer coated foams

- ❑ Elastic modulus of coated foam is reduced to that of an uncoated level
- ❑ Coating thickness when hydrated is significantly increased
- ❑ Elastic modulus of coated foam recover post desiccation
- ❑ Increasing mass in conjunction with lowering elastic modulus under increasing relative humidity
- ❑ Effects of hydration on coating synonymous with **water plasticisation** as described by Tanchak et al.<sup>[1]</sup>
- ❑ Crosslinking of coating improves hydrated elastic modulus significantly
  - » Thermal crosslinking offering slight improvement in elastic modulus
  - » Chemical crosslinking offering significant improvement in elastic modulus

[1] OT et al. Langmuir. 2006;22(11):5137–43.



- ❑ Design of experiments to optimise mechanical properties of coating when hydrated
  - ❑ Chemical crosslinking
  - ❑ Thermal crosslinking
  - ❑ Water vapour “barrier” layers

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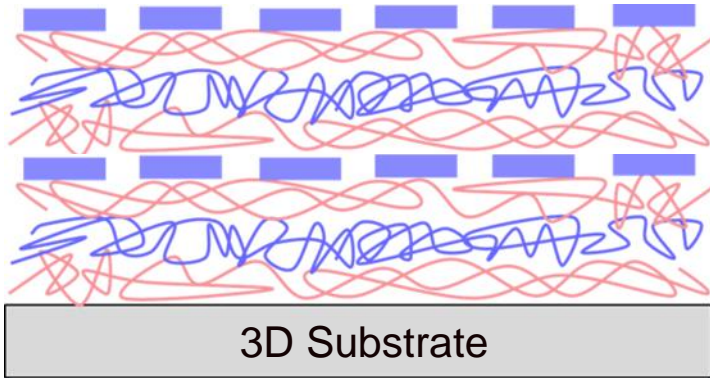


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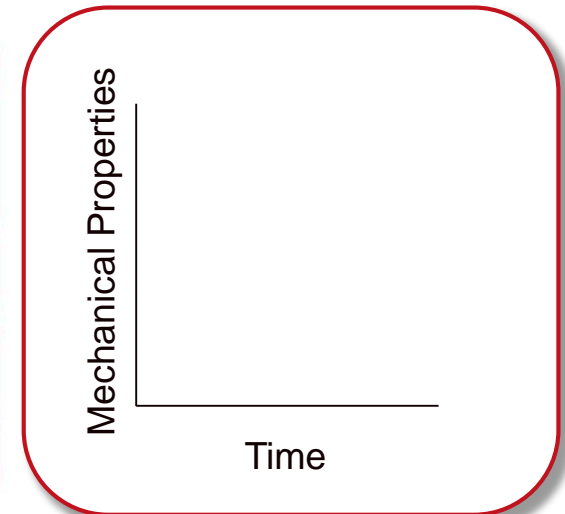
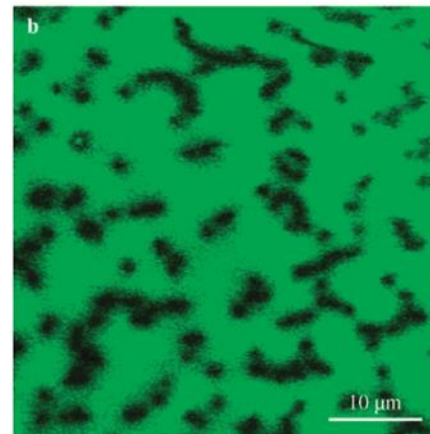
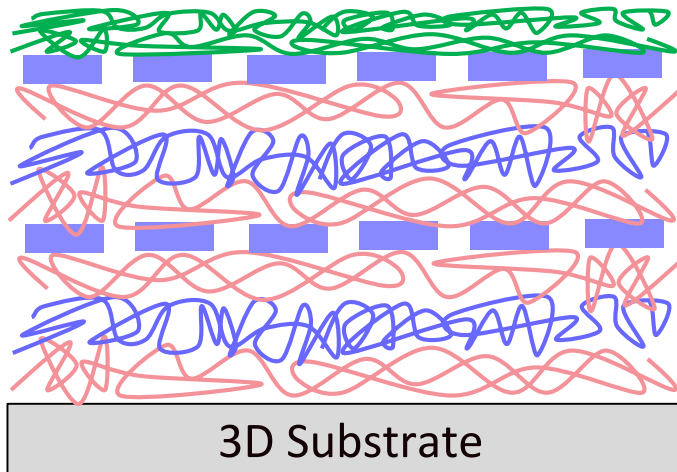


**FUTURE WORK**

## □ Incorporating degradable barrier layers into system



Average Elastic Modulus (MPa) $\pm$ SD		
Quadlayers	Ambient	Hydrated
0	0.08 $\pm$ 0.00	0.05 $\pm$ 0.00
15	1.31 $\pm$ 0.21	0.06 $\pm$ 0.01
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[Image] MD et al. Nano Lett. 2007;7(3):657–62.

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# Acknowledgements

## Special Thanks

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