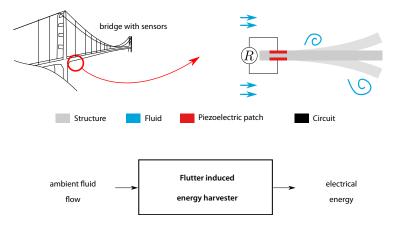
Reduced Order Model Flow induced piezoelectric energy harvester

Christophe HOAREAU

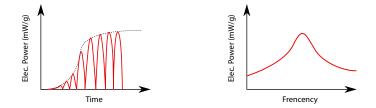
Université du Luxembourg

Wednesday 13 of November

Context | Energy harvesting



Context | Quantity of interest



Maximize power output Minimize the fatigue exposure

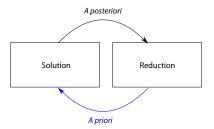
- Challenge 1 : Model and predict the nonlinear dynamic behavior
- Challenge 2 : Quantify the sensibility under changing conditions
- Challenge 3 : Allow just-in-time feedback

\Rightarrow Reduced Order Modelling

Context | Issue and existing approaches

Can we construct a reduced order model of a nonlinear multiphysic problem ?

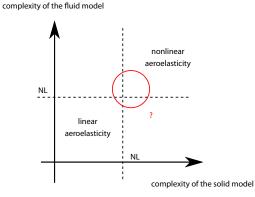
- A posteriori : "Data-based" reduced order model
- A priori : "Model-based" reduced order model



 \Rightarrow POD, PGD, Modal basis, Machin learning, etc ...

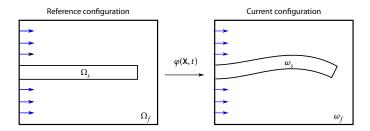
Physical phenomenon | Aeroelasticity

Vibrations of a structure coupled with a fluid with flow



What model is suited to capture the phenomena?

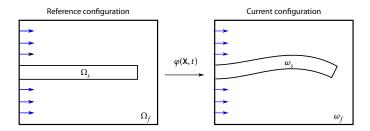
Nonlinear aeroelasticity | Complexity ?



Fluid model complexity	Solid model complexity
Navier-Stokes	Geometrical nonlinearity
Incompressible	Material nonlinearity
Moving mesh	Load nonlinearity
Boundary layer	Homogeneous, Isotropic
Vortex	Thin thickness
Time integration	Time integration

 \Rightarrow [Ravi 2017,PhD thesis]

Nonlinear aeroelasticity | Complexity ?



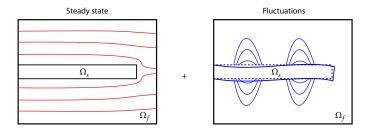
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\Rightarrow [Ravi 2017,PhD thesis]

All phenomena are "captured" but with the price of complexity

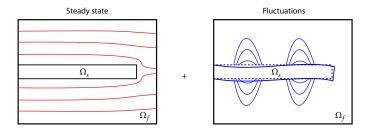
Driven-Multiphysics

Linear aeroelasticity : Limitations ?



Fluid model complexity	Solid model complexity
Steady + fluctuation	Linear elasticity
Potential flow	Homogeneous, Isotropic
Incompressible, Inviscid	Thin thickness
Hamonic - Time	Harmonic - Time

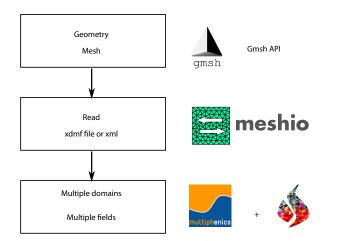
Linear aeroelasticity : Limitations ?

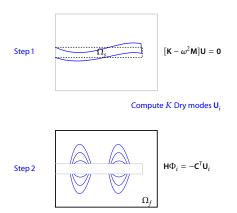


Fluid model complexity	Solid model complexity
Steady + fluctuation	Linear elasticity
Potential flow	Homogeneous, Isotropic
Incompressible, Inviscid	Thin thickness
Hamonic - Time	Harmonic - Time

Does it capture the critical flutter velocity ?

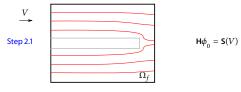
Approach based on FEniCS | Work flow - multiphenics





Compute K potential of displacement responses Φ_i

Now we have a base for the fluid $\{\Phi_i\}$ and the structure $\{U_i\}$



Compute N fluid steady velocity potential $\phi_0(V)$

Step 3 - Field pressure assumption

$$\mathbf{K}\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{f} \quad \text{with} \quad \mathbf{f} = \int_{\Sigma^h} \mathbf{N}^T \mathbf{p} \mathbf{n} ds$$

$$\mathbf{p} = p_{k}(\mathbf{u}) + p_{d}(\dot{\mathbf{u}}, \phi_{0}) + p_{a}(\ddot{\mathbf{u}})$$

Step 4 - Projection on dry modes

$$\mathbf{u} = \sum_{i=1}^{K} \mathbf{U}_i \kappa_i$$
 or $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{B} \kappa$

and

$$\mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{K}\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{k}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{d}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{a}})$$

Step 4 - Projection on dry modes

$$\mathbf{u} = \sum_{i=1}^{K} \mathbf{U}_i \kappa_i$$
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and

$$\mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{K}\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{k}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{d}} - \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{a}})$$

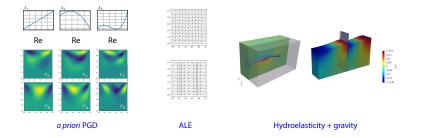
$$(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{k}_{add})\kappa + \mathbf{d}_{add}(\phi_0)\dot{\kappa} + (\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{m}_{add})\ddot{\kappa} = \mathbf{0}$$

Reduced system with FSI operator which gives valuable information on the problem

Next episode ... | Proper Generalized Decomposition

Work in progress

- Proper Generalized Decomposition : Steady Navier Stokes
- Arbitrary Euler Lagrange : moving meshes
- Hydroelasticity + sloshing (3D)



Still learning and still adapting the way I code ... GIT on going

Future work

- Time integration very soon ...
- Nonlinear beam theory (with Lan)
- Piezoelectric equations
- Experimental studies

Thank you all

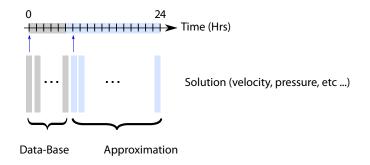
Love FEniCS

```
*** ______
*** DOLFIN encountered an error. If you are not able to resolve this issue
*** using the information listed below, you can ask for help at
***
      fenics-support@googlegroups.com
***
***
*** Remember to include the error message listed below and, if possible,
*** include a *minimal* running example to reproduce the error.
+++
*** ______
*** Error: Unable to extract mesh from form.
*** Reason: Non-matching meshes for function spaces and/or measures.
*** Where: This error was encountered inside Form.cpp.
*** Process: 0
***
*** DOLFIN version: 2019.1.0
*** Git changeset: 74d7efe1e84d65e9433fd96c50f1d278fa3e3f3f
*** _____
```

Reduced Order Modelling | Example of applications

Ex1: Weather estimation

- Objective : estimate 24 hours of weather condition
- Problem : It would take 1 week of computation ...



Reduced Order Modelling | Example of applications

Ex 2: Curse of dimensionality

- Compute reaction force for N parameters in real-time
- Problem : K^N solutions to pre-compute

