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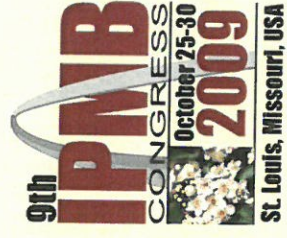
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# Unraveling the biosynthetic pathway of triterpenoid saponins in *Barbarea vulgaris*

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## INTRODUCTION

The *Barbarea vulgaris* - *Phyllotreta nemorum* model system

The wild crucifer *Barbarea vulgaris* is polymorphic in respect to resistance towards the herbivorous pest *Phyllotreta nemorum*. Thereby, the G-type is resistant to *Phyllotreta* larvae and adults. In contrary, both can feed on the P-type without showing any decrease in their viability.

**POLYMORPHIC:**  
 P-type pubescent susceptible  
 G-type glabrous resistant

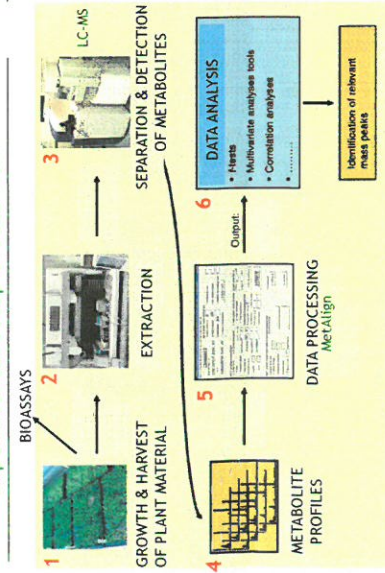
To identify metabolites responsible for the resistance, an untargeted metabolomic investigation was performed. The resistance of F<sub>2</sub>-population plants, gained from a cross between G- and P-type, was correlated with their metabolite profile. Four triterpenoid saponins were found to show the most significant correlation with resistance.

Subsequently, to unravel the biosynthetic pathway of saponins in *Barbarea vulgaris*, a strategy based on 454 pyrosequencing is pursued. Accordingly, transcriptomic data was obtained from the resistant G-type and used for comparative genomics towards *Arabidopsis thaliana* as well as mapping of quantitative trait loci (QTL).

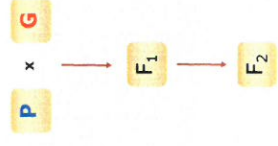


## METABOLOMICS

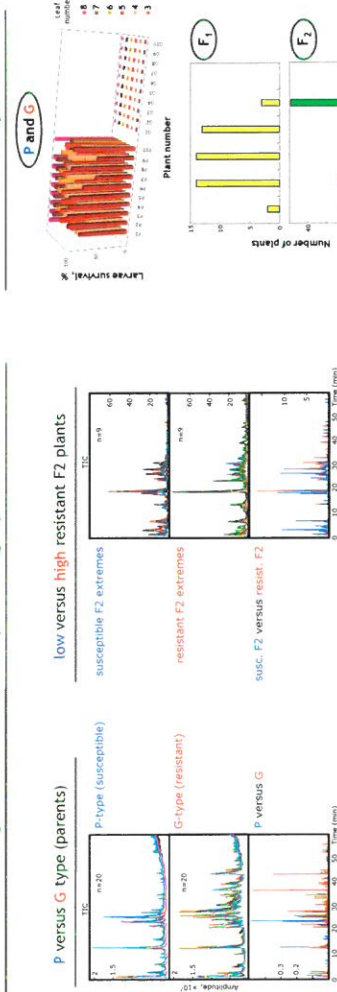
Experimental setup & data flow



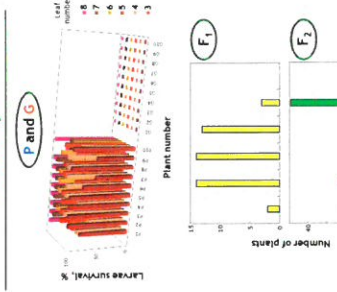
Producing hybrids between P & G



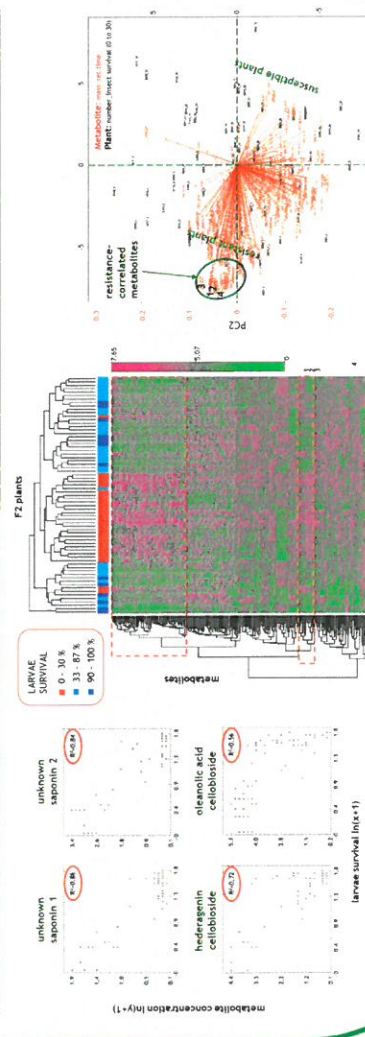
Untargeted metabolite profiling by LC-MS



Bioassays



Correlation and co-variation between metabolite composition, metabolite profile and resistance



correlation analysis

two-way hierarchical clustering

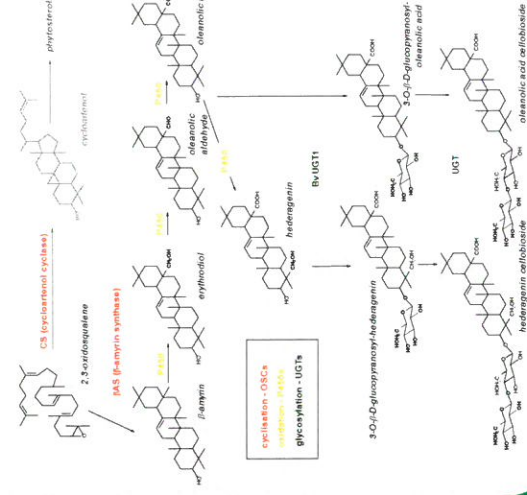
principal component analysis

## BIOCHEMISTRY

Proposed biosynthetic pathway of saponins in *Barbarea vulgaris*

Saponins are derived from the phytosterol pathway. Enzymes belonging to the classes of oxidosqualenylcyclases (OSCs), cytochrome P450 monooxygenases (P450s) and UDP-glycosyltransferases (UGTs) are expected to be involved in their biosynthesis.

BvUGT1 catalyses the first glycosylation step

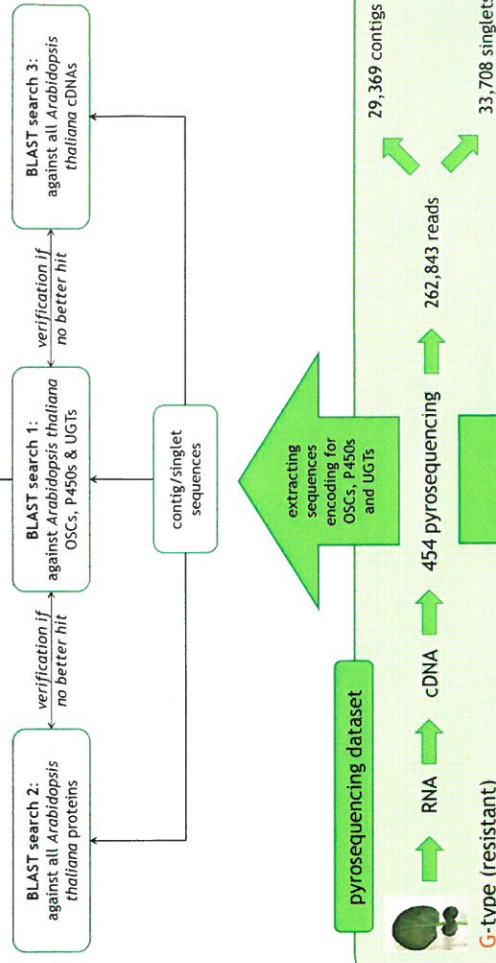


TLC-scan of an BvUGT1 activity assays using [<sup>14</sup>C]-UDP-Glucose and oleonoic acid or hederagenin as substrates.

BvUGT1, isolated from a Japanese *Barbarea vulgaris* subspecies, was shown to catalyze the first 3-O-glycosylation of the saponin aglycons oleonoic acid and hederagenin. Putative orthologs of this gene could be found in both the G- and P-type.

## GENOMICS

- 29 putative OSC sequence fragments
- 269 putative P450 sequence fragments
- 137 putative UGT sequence fragments



metabolite concentration (hrv-1)

**CONCLUSIONS:**

- an untargeted metabolomics approach identified four saponins as most correlating with resistance to herbivory in *Barbarea vulgaris*
- pyrosequencing provided sequence information about homologs of genes of interest as well as SSRs for QTL mapping

**PERSPECTIVES:**

- Search for genes involved in saponin biosynthesis by:
  - screening for homologs of enzymes known to catalyze similar steps of related pathways in the pyrosequencing dataset
  - setup and screen microsome preparations for relevant activities & identification of enzymes in active fractions by MALDI-TOF-MS
  - studies of metabolite profile co-segregation with QTLs
  - exploitation of the synteny to *Arabidopsis thaliana* for QTL saturation mapping
- Use knowledge of the saponin pathway for bioengineering or molecular breeding of crop plants with increased anti-insecticidal properties