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[&]quot;Editor: Liane B. Russell, 130 Tabor Road, Oak Ridge, TN 37830. Ph. 615. 482-2153 Star in margin means "Action Needed." Don't be overwhelmed -- check the ACTION SUMMARY!

12. ACTION SUMMARY

¶No	lesue	Contact	"Message!" or Action
1B	Re-mining with no liability	Rep Rahali Copies to US Rep & Sens	'We Oppose HR 40631"
ЗА	Natural areas acquis. funds	Rep McAffee	"Thank you for effort. Try again!"
3B	State wellands	Sens Greer & Kyle; Rep. Kernell	"Thank you for effort!"
5D	Landfill near Smokles	J.G. Layton, etc. (see ¶5D)	'Do not allow landfill!"
6A	Timber cuts in Cherokee NF	US Sens & Rep.	"Support Pilot Test to phase out below-cost tember sales in Cherokee NF?"
6B	Bill to reduce log exports	Sens Sasser & Gore	"Support S753 and S754!"
7	Bill that undermines Wilderness System	US Sens, copy to Chmn Pres. Bush	"Help defeat \$371! "Veto \$371. if it passes!"
6A	Park units boundary study	US Rep	"Support HR 3383!"
9B	Clean Air bill	Sens. Gore & Sasser Various DC numbers	Tell them how you feel about their votes. Get latest info on House bill.
9C	Auto fuel efficiency	Sen. Gore Sen. Sasser	Thanks for co-sponsoring \$1224!" "Co-sponsor \$1224\"
9F	S&L bailout	TCWP	Offer to help inventory evaluation entally sensitive properties that might be available at low cost.
10A	Supt. Dickinson's talk	5/31/90	Attend: bring a friend.
10C	Cedar Barren fence	5/26/90	Helpus erect #.

Senator John Doe United States Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Hon. John Doe U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515 Governor Ned McWherter State Capitol Nashville, TN 37219

2

Dear Senator Doe Sineerely yours, Dear Congressman/woman Doe Sincerely yours, Dear Gov. McWherter Respectfully yours,

To call a Representative or Senator, dial Congressional switchboard, (202) 224-3121

To find out about the status of federal bills, call (202) 225-1772

1. FROZEN BEAD SAFE! A DANGEROUS BILL IN CONGRESS

A. Prozen Head decision now final: no mining in watershed!

We didn't have to eat crowl On March 16 (NL175 \$1), we reported a rumor from "usually reliable sources," that has fortunately turned out to have been correct. As we had predicted, Interior Secretary Lujan announced publicly on March 23 that OSM's "preferred alternative" in responding to the citizens' petition to declare Flat Fork watershed unsultable for mining was No. 3b of the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS), namely, *Designate all parts of the petition areass unsuitable for surface coal mining operations while allowing the use of the existing haulage road through the petition area." The Federal Register notice of the same date (March 23) did not state what the preferred alternative was (it merely announced the availability of the FEIS), but anyone willing to hunt flirough the Inch-thick FEIS could find the small parenthetical phrase "(preferred alternative)" printed next to the discussion of 3b. We had to walt 30 days after publication of the FEIS for the decisionto be formally announced. OSM signed the final decision document on April 24 -- almost in time for Earth Day.

While we had all testified in favor of Alemailve I (whichbars and Operations, fourduring thehal unad), 3b is the next-best possibility. The decision serves to keep the entire 5,200-are petitionarea (Fiat Fork Valley west of the Frozen Head State Park) free of stimpning, and to preserve the esthetic and recreational uses of the park. The fine water quality called the park of t

It should be noted that, under 3b, only the existing haul road is permitted. This roadwinds up the slope to your left as youdrive up Flat Fork Valley toward the park, and appears to be all but invisible. The FEIS states that, under 3b, *coal could be hauted through Ross Gap and the petition area from areas located on the northern slopes of Bird Mountain [i.e., outside the park, and Invisible from It], but no actual mining or additional road construction in the petition areawoutdbe allowed." People familiar with coal mining in the area believe that all the strippable coal has already been mined on the north side of Bird Mtn, and that there are not enough reserves for a big dee p-mining operation. Alternative 3b thus greatly minimizes the chance of surface disturbance of the watershed.

At this time of victory, it is well to remember the more-than-a-decade-long effort that has gone into trying to protect Frozen Head from stripmining. In 1983, concerned citizens formally petitioned the State to have the Flat Fork Valley, which leads into

Frozen Head State Park and Natural Area. designated unsultable for surface coal-mining operations under Sec. #522 of the federal surface mining law. TCWP was one of three organizations that participated in the petition, along with three individuals. We won it once -- then lost it again when Tennessee gave up state primacy in 1984 (a very complex story, briefly sunmarized in NL173 91). Another petition was filled, this time with the federal Office of Surface Mining (OSM), and the process ran its course - with a scoping hearing in Sept. 88, a draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) produced by OSM, a hearing on the DEIS in Nov.'89, and a subsequent comment period dunno which the State administration as well as federal legislators supported the large number of citizens who had expressed themselves in favor of having the entire 5,250-acre petition area designated unsuitable for stripmining (Alternative 1; see NL174 §3).

The person who led the effort over the years and held it logether, who freeligently gathered vial and profit, was long, and perity but effectively mobilized apport, was long-standing TCVP memore Don exposit, and the person of the person of the person held of the person held profit of the person held profit of the person held profit of the person held p

B. A danaerous bill in the Congress

The chairman of the House Subcommittee on Mining and Natural Resources, Nick Rahali (D-W.VA), has introduced HR 4053, a bill whose title (Coalfield Environment Enhancement Act) belies its content. The proposed legislation would amend the 1977 Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act (SMCRA) by adding a section on the ge-mining of abandoned sites. The coal industry has long clamored to do so, professing the objective of wishing to mitigate the abuses of pre-SMCRA mining practices. That such mitigation, in fact, occurs has, however, not been demonstrated; there are no documented cases where re-mining has reduced acid mine drainage, sedimentation, or the risk of landslides. In particular, the technology for re-mining acid-producing areas has been shown to be ineffective.

HR 4653 provides major incentives for the remining of acid-producing areas by greatly limiting the operator's liability for any damage caused. Under existing law, an operator must demonstrated in a compelling manner that he without causeacid mine drainage (AMD) before he camereeive a permit; and should AMD occur anyway, the operator is to be held perpetually responsible. Under the re-mining sections of HR 4053, eeveral liability-limiting provisions are triggered by the occurrence of an unanticipated avent or condition," which the bill defines in such a manneras to render the industry whalst wick-free.

it should be noted that, over the objections of calleid ditizens, industry has already been given a major incentive for re-mining. This was accomplished by a 1983 SMCRA regulation that droped the requirement for eliminating preexisting highwalls in the case of operations in which a site was being re-minad.

WHAT YOU CAN DO: Write to The Hon. Nick Rahall, Chairman, House Subcommittee on Mining and Natural Resources, U.S. Congress, Washington, DC 20515, opposing HR 4053. Let your letter slow that you are sending acopy toyour own Rep. and both Senators and urging their opposition to thisbill.

C. Copsules

 Representatives of area groups interested in coalmining problems will meet with OSM Director Harry Snyder when he visits Knoxville on May 14. Martha Ketelle and Jenny Freeman will represent TCWP. Look for a report in ournextNL.

Available reading matter

The Citzans' Mining Project of the Environmental Policy Institute has sat published The Stipmining Handbook: A Coalfield Citzens Guide to Using the Law to Fight Bask: Against the Ravages of Stir Mining and Underground Mining. TCWP has received a few complimentary copies of this informative. 150-page book: if you would like one, sand \$1 for postage (address at bottom of p. 1 of NL); or, you can order one from EPI for \$9.95 (218 DSI, SE, Wash DC 20003).

 We have two extra copies of the Final Environmental Impact Statement on Frozen Head to give away. They contain quantities of interesting and useful information about the area. Contact us if you want one. Also for distribution are copies of CSMs final decision on the Flat Fork petition, along with a 19-page Statement of Reasons. If any of these tems has to be mailed, send 51 for postage.

2. BIG SOUTH FORK AND OBED

A. Roads restricted to non-sehlcular use

Effective April 16, those roads into the Gorge Area of the Big South Fork NRRA that are not specifically permitted for motorized transportation in the authorizing Activere restricted to non-vehicular use. Access to roads in the plateau portion of the park is not affected by thisaction. The 1974 Act, as amended, designates, eleven roads, crossing or accessing the BSF or Clear Folk, that are to remain open to vehicular traffic. Restriction of additional ogree roads to <u>Don-vehicular</u> use will create an enwoment where hikers, campres, inter runners, fishermen, and hunters may enjoy the river gorges without modernday infrusions. Access to cemeteres and burial sites will confinue to be maintained as it was at the time ownership was transferred to the federal government. Roads which were overgrown or impassible will remain so which were overgrown or impassible will remain so acquisition, it will be controlled by NFS for use of sample members.

B. Obed land acardstrian

Because concern had been expressed by measurements of the several problems of the several had been expressed by problems of the several had been expressed by the half of the several had been expressed by authorized boundary of the Cheef National Wind & Scenic River, Superinlendent Dickinson organized a meeting on this subject on Agri 19. Attending were NPS personnel (including a member of the Regional Offices Land Resources Olvision) and interested citzens (including TCWP members Bill and the Russell and On Todd).

We learned of two major problems. One is that, under the terms of the National WSR Act. condemnation authority is lost after 50% of the infee acquisitions have been made. Therefore, as this 50% mark is approached, even one or two landowners who are rejuctant or slow to sell can hold up the whole process because of the possibility that these parcels might eventually have to be condemned. Specific cases were discussed and remedies suggested. The other major problem is that the National Park Service is as poor as a churchmouse with regard to operating funds: there is only one person in the Atlanta office who must handle land acculsitions for all NPS units in the entire SE Region. (NPS appropriations clearly need to be boosted!).

Another flem discussed at the meeting was the possible need for Obed boundary adjustments; in some river sagmants, the boundary is right at the bluff line, with no buffer strip provided on the plateau. Minor boundary adjustments can probably be handled administra tively; major adjustments would requireciostation (see also 194, this NL).

C. Obed River clearup

The NPS office in Warthurg is organizing an Obed cleanup for May 11, 2, and 13. Manypoups from Morgan and Cumberland Countiles, as well as several cance clubs, plan to participate. The post several cance clubs, plan to participate the put is bound to raise local public awareness of all the Obed has to ofter. Particularly significant be participation of several scout troops, which will make the young people of the area aware of the rare beauty of the river gorges. Back in the late 1960s, when we were working hard to save the river from being darmed, one local official scoffed at the idea of preserving the gorge (which he had never seen) by calling it nothing but a dirty cards in the ground, full of rattle snakes." The new generation should know otherwise.

POST MORTEM ON THE STATE LEGISLATURE (Based on reports by John Williams)

A. Acquisition of natural-resource fands agands Because of the near-lack of state funding for the acquisition of natural areas and other naturalresource lands, environmental groups have been proposing legislative approaches to generaling (§3A). The Environmental Action Fund supported a bill that would have imposed a severance tax on sand, gravel, and crushed stone, and wouldhave increased the automobile registration fee by \$2 annually. Other bills would have increased the see for automobile certification of this, provided for automobile certification of this, provided for Acquisition Fund to parks and natural areas.

The Farm Bureau, which maintains a rigid philosophical opposition to government ownership of land, sabotaged all of these efforts. The Bureau was successful, also, in getting the McWheeter Administration into their camp. Rep. Bill McAlee (Fattanooga), the primary champion of our cause, bitterly withdraw one of his bills, but promised to battle the Farm Bureau again next year on this issue.

B. Wetlands fight carried over to next year

The legislature adjourned, without action on either the good wetlands bill (substitution of Stream Obstruction Removal Guidelines for channelization) or the bad one (facilitation of wetlands drainage); both were referred to a study committee (NL175 §3B). The following groups supported the dangerous wetlands-drainage bill: the Obion-Forked Deer Basin Authority, upset at having had one of its drainage projects stymled by the State: United Foods, a frozen-food agri-business company that has Lieutenant Governor John Wilder on its board of directors; and (guess who) the Farm Bureau. Because the Farm Bureau hates to lose, it will probably be back next year. Our champions were Senators Ronnie Greer (R-Greenville) and James Kyle (D-Memphis), and Representative Mike Kernell (D-Memphis). We hope you will write to thank them for their courage and determination in resisting the tremendous pressures brought by the

C. New golf courses in state stopped -- for now

Farm Bureau.

Sen. Jerry Cooper's bill (NL175 ¶3C) would have allowed the construction of goff courses in ten state parks that are presently without them. This would have been accomplished by creation of a Recreation Authority which would issue bonds, to be paid for by revenue from the new courses plus increased greens tees on existing ones. Not only would the Department of Conservation be totally supposed on any golf-course decisions, but, in the bypessed on any golf-course decisions, but, in the physical on the part of the property of the course of the state of the part of the part of the part of the part of the State Perks moth become totally emissional or state perks moth and the state of state perks moth and state p

The moving force behind the bill came from Lt. Governor Wider and House Consencation Chainman LV. Hills, who want to develop golf courses in Chrickasaw and Rock Island State Parks, respectively. Opposition came from environmentalists, who were appained at the prospect of wholesale who were appained at the prospect of wholesale profileration of developments in our parks, and from several legislators, who didn't want greens' less on existing golf courses raised, or who (like Sen. Riley Damell, b-Clarkeville) were wornied that revenues would be insufficient to pay offithe bond Issue. The Environment Committee.

4. OTHER STATE CAPSULES

- Tennessee's natre artificariae are contributed to percentral exponential provides directly the 1986 Rare Plant Act, which provides fines up the \$1000, and jail arms up to 6 months for this follense. The State does not have sufficient resources to enforce the exe, even when the offense is as bifartant as the two percentral exposures. The provided in th
- The Tenn, Dept. of Transportation, ITDo Ti is having to be retermined once again. TDoT apparently failed to get a dredge-and-fill permit, required under the tederal Cleam Water Act, for constructing an over-passnear Spring CRy, TNI: and, in the ourseof the work, produced maker adverse in/practs on a stream and nearby welfands. EPA has issued an ordertor corrective work, to be done by 173-194, whether or not any line will be levided (which could be considered to the control of the control of
- Again, <u>Tennessee ranks among the bottom five</u> states on a nationwide environmental scorecard. The score, compiled by the institute of Southern Studies from data in recent federal reports, was based on 35 indicators.
- Bez. Martinn Lived (D-3rd) will have a challenger in her bid for reelection to Congress. He is Pete Melcher (competing as an independent), a Chattariooga biology teacher who is running on an environmental plattom.

5. THE SMOKIES AND SURROUNDINGS

Jenny Freeman represented TCWP at a meeting held at the GSMNP headquarters on April 28. Most of the following account is based on her recort.

A. Re-brochucion of endangered species

The last wild wolf in the Snoky Mountains area was killed in 1905. Now there is a program to relimbouse the species time the Park, in the relation to relimbouse the species time the Park, in the relation the Southeast) will be placed first operating the southeast will be present the specially build pens for 6 months to get them acclimatized to the area and bonded to each other. They will then be released, tracked to re months, and recaptured to relimbous to the special pension of the properties of the propertie

In Interacting with otherpask visitors, eachons of us will be able to do his/her share in making peoplethinkof the wolves as a natural (and exciting) part of the Smokies ecosystem. Red wolves are relativelysmall, and their prey consist of rabbits and other small game, they do not run in packs. The humans. Park visitorsare unlikely evert to see away, but if they are skety they may hear its threful on bowl.

The otter reintroduction program is showing good evidence of success, with reproduction having occurred in Abrams Falls Creek. And, after 6 years of etfort, peregr ne falcons may finally be nesting in the Smokles (probably in the Eye of the Needle vicinity of Mt. LeConte).

B. Airquality detariarusian and its offices. Polluting emissions from coal-fired power plans and from automobile exhausts are having major impacts on visibility and on the health of the plans of th

C. Funding for research

A dedicated professional Park Service stall is trying to carry out a variety of needed research projects in the Park but is greatly harroered by serious underfunding. The public does not generally realize how much work NPS staff does to how little pay; besides, many research projects need more tran just dedicationof the investigator.

D. Proposed landfill would threaten bears

"Haywood County, N.C., is proposing to bcate the White Cask Landfill less than 3 miles from the Park boundary in the Cetalochee area. This side is in the center of an important corridor used by the Park and the Pagan National Forest. The black bear, considered to be a symbol of the Smokes, is already heavily stressed by poaching and by land developments (especially rada building) inthe ease around the Park. Tearing out the center of a main task strewwhen added to the other stresses.

WHAT YOU CAN DO: Write in opposition to the proposed landfill site. Address your letter to J. Gordon Layton, Chiel, Soid Waste Section, Division of Solid Waste Management, Dept. of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, P.O.Box 27687, Raleigh, NC 27611. Send a copy to Mr. Teddy Ropers, Chmn and County Mingr, Haywood County

Commission, Cour house Annex, Waynesville, NC 28786.

E. Rezucling in the Park

E. Karyoung in wie Pari

According to an announcement by Sec. Manuel Lujan, the GI Smoky Mins NP is the first of tour national parks chosen tor an industrysupported experimental recycling program. You companies, Dow and Huntsman, will recycle plastic prince tables will be returned to the parks. Recycling bins in the GSMNP should be in place by the end of May.

6. THE CHEROKEE AND OTHER NATIONAL PORESTS

A. We must support elimination of below-cost timber sales

The 1991 budget for the US Forest Service (USFS) proposes a Pilot Test for phasing out below cost imber sales in 12 national forests, of which the Cherokee would be one (N.175 4.4). This proposal is now threatered by a resolution recently passed by the Tennessee General Assembly, which passed by the Tennessee General Assembly, which commercial Timber Sale Pikot Test on the Cherokee National Forest. We must work to counteract the effects of this resolution.

The proposed USFS Pilot Test includes increased funcing for recreation and wildlife, and provision for greater utilization of user fees. The idea is to see to what degree any local econoryic impacts from reducing timber sales would be offset. (Note: ballow-ost timber sales cost the national tap payer lots of money, but some people argue that hey benefit the !local economy.) in 1989, the

Cherokee NF sold 36 million board feet (mbt) hor (i.e., the nation lost haff a million dollars). Under the Piot Test, timber harvest would be reduced to 17 net, and the Cherokee would receive \$1.4 million to expand recreational opportunities (camping, swimming, bokina great).

WHAT YOU CAN DO: Contact both Senators Sasser and Gore and your US Representative and tell them that below-cost timber sales should be phased out. Specifically, aupport the Bush Administration's budget proposal for the Pilot Test in the Cherokee National Forest, and make it clear that the General Assembly's recent resolution (Joint Resolution #653) does not represent your feetings, or those of the people of Tennessee (it was rushed through without public discussion). Why below-cost timber sales must be phasedout: (a)they area drain on the federal budget; (b) they encourage overcutting and subsidize excessive road building: (c) bothovercutting and road building have negative impacts on other National Forest uses, such as watershed protection, wildlife habitat, and

B. A bill to reduce log exports

recreation.

One major cause of the plunder of the oldgrowth forests in the Pacific Northwest is the unchecked overseas sale of timber. Sen. Padwood (R-OR) has introduced S 753 and S 754, which would restrict the export of raw logs from public forests in the USA to mills overseas.

WHAT YOU CAN DO: Ask Senators Sasser and Gore to support 8 753 and 8 754, which constitute an important step toward stopping the "bleeding" of our most majestic forests.

C. Move from within for USFS reforms

There are hopeful signs that the Forest Service may be reforming itself from within, but will the reforms come in time? A recent joint communique to Chief Forests Tube Robertson, communique to Chief Forests Tube Robertson of Chief Forest Tube Robertson on the Robertson of Chief Robertson on the Robertson on the

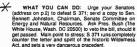
Another sign of discontent within the apency is the formation of the Assoc. of Forest Service Employees for Environmental Ethics, which now has 1000 USFS members, as well as 2000 non-apency members. AFSEEE lobbies for reform within the apency, delends the rights of employees to speak out, and publishes a newsletter, the linner Voice (AFSEEE, P.O.Box 11815, Eugene, OR

97440). Within the next 8 years, about 70% of the Forest Service's top managers are expected to relire, creating an opportunity for rapid change. Hopeluity, not all of our forests will be liquidated before then! (Based on an article in "Common Ground," published by the Conservation Fund.)

7. WILDERNESS ACT ALERT

S 371 by James McClure (R-ID) masquerades as a local bill (the Idaho National Forest Management Act) but, in fact, would undermine the Integrity of the entire National Widemess Preservation System - 91 million acres that have been sel aside in 45 states. This bill has already been approved by the Senate Energy & Natural Resour Committee, so it will require our special effort to keep at rom getting enacted.

The McClure bill makes a travesty of the word "wildermes." An area that defined in the bill would not have protected water rights, would be open to motor vehicles while discouraging histers, and (most othermedous of all) would be subject to withdrawal irom wilderness destination by the Sec. of Aprioditure. This, the bill would take away from Congress the power it exclusively holds under the 1954 Wilderness Act to the wilderness boundaries by status and for all time, so as to find the status and for all time, so as to finding the status and for all time, so as to finding the status and for all time, so as to finding the status and for all time, so as to finding the status and for all time, so as to finding the status and the status



8. NATIONAL PUBLIC LANDS ISSUES

A. Notional Park Sistem boundaries

The House Interior Committee has marked up HTS 383, directing the National PATS. Service (NPS) to conduct an ongoing series of reviews of boundaries of Park System units. The bill was the start of the New York System units. The bill was the task (as originally dratted) was too great for existing agency resources. The marked-up bill requires NPS to chose at least 25 high-prioxy park units to study within the first 3 years, and to study remaining units on "a timely, regular, and comprehensive basis." Concurrent with the lirst study, NPS must develop criteria for subsequent study. NPS must develop criteria for subsequent study in the subsequent study of the new York of the NPS of the NPS

and recreational resources relevant to the unit, as well as the most efficient management of the unit.

WHAT YOU CAN DO. There are many examples (including some right here in Ternessee, eee, e.g., including some right here in Ternessee, eee, e.g., inadequate to protect the resource the unit as established to protect. Write to your US Rep (address p.2) in support of IR 3333. Our support is important, since thebit is expected to be fought by southern the protection of the support of

B. River protection via Forest Planning

to.

Section 5(d) of the National Wild & Scenic Rivers Act requires tederal agencies to consider whether any of their rivers are potentially wild & scenic ones. The US Forest Service did not initially do so in its separate Land Protection Plans for the various national forests; so American Rivers (formerly, American Rivers Conservation Council) and the SC Legal Defense Fund Initiated a program of administrative appeals of USFS Plans. Since 1966, 37 such Plans have been appealed, and 31 agreements have been signed in which the agency has committed itself to further Identification and protection of potential W&S rivers; it looks as though most of the remaining appeals will probably be successfully negotiated. In Tennessee, we have already benefitted from this process. You may recall (NL173 ¶3C) that the Cherokee is the only eastern nationalforest in which rivers have been designated as candidates for possible inclusion in the National W&SR System; eight rivers have been tound eligiblefor formal study, and a ninth (the Nolichucky) has already been recommended for W&SR status.

Unfortunately, the Bureau of Land Management has not been as cooperative as the USF S. Although American Rivers has appealed live BLM plans, no resolutions have been achieved.

C. Threat to WS River removed

Nottoolongago, there was a seriousproposal to construct an airport in the Chattahoochee National Forest, Georgia, practically within spitting distance of a National Wild & Scenic River, the Chattooga (NL169 ¶3G). Because of a major outpouring of opposition from people concerned not only about the actual case but about the precedent it would set for National Wild & Scenic Rivers, the Rabun County Board of Commissioners passed a motion that they would let the airport study be completed, but would subsequently table the study. The Federal Aviation Administration ruled in mid-March to terminate the airport master-planning grant to the county. The FAA letter expresses regret that the citizens of Rabun County will be denied direct access to [their] country's extensive air transportation system. Their loss is great." (Talk about editorializingi)

D. The States' share of the LWCF

The Times used to be when the States pot almost 50% of the Land & Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) appropriations — and the total LWCF amounted to several hundred million \$\$ annually amounted to several hundred million \$\$ annually million. By the whole the several hundred million \$\$ annually million. By the whole the several things to the States are matched by State Lunds and used for land acquisition and development of outdoor-recreation areas. Now, the bush definitions to tolowing the substances which the several so tolowing the hundred pot State grains. Each year, the Congress manages nevertheless to appropriate a pittance for the States: leat year it was \$16.7 million (States samp patient) proveal this year.

9. OTHER NATIONAL NEWS

A. Dolphin-safe tuna ?

For reasons unknown, porpoises in the eastern tropical Pacific travel in association with schools of yellowlin tuna. Tuna-fishing boats therefore set their purse-seine nets on dolphin in order to catch tuna. Dolphins are also caught in large-scale drill nets. The carnage that results from these practices is truly shocking - about 100,000 porpoises annually are estimated to drown or be mangled in tuna nets. On April 12, three U.S. tuna canners - Starkist, Chicken of the Sea, and Bumble Bee (which, in aggregate, account for 70% of canned-tuna sales) -- announced that they would "not purchase any tuna caught in association with dolphins" and would "self only dotphin-free tuna." This is a decision to be applauded. What needs to be ensured is verification of the method of catch. (The majority of tuna boats operating in the eastern Pacific are now under non-US registry.)

HR 2926 (Boxer, D.Callf), stated for mark-up next week, its expected to provide a regulatory framework for entoring helindustry labeling, and to ensure against consumer fraud. The bill will require any state of the state of th

B. Clean Air legislation weakened by White

In January, the Senate began debate on S 1630, which had been overwhelmingly voted out of the Environment and Public Works Committee. Although the bill was already a compromise, considered by many to require too slow a regulatory pace. It turns out to have been much stronger than the version that finally passed on the Senate floor on April 3. The considerable weakening that occurred in the Interim was the result of a compromise agreed on by the White House (which appeared intent on eliminating all strengthening provisions) and the Senate leadership (which was intent on avoiding a Bushveto after all the years of effort toward extending the Clean Air Act). Provisions for a cid raincorptrol are probably the only ones in the Senate bill that are considered acceptable to Clean Air advocates. Particularly galling was the elimination from the committee version of the requirement for a second round of automobile tailpipe emission standards (NL175 ¶7A).

On the Senate floor, there were six key votes. On all of them, Senator Gore consistently voted the pre-environmental position. (In addition, he co-authored a successful strengthening amendment produced in the senator of the senator

WHAT YOU CAN DO: The clean-air votes were probably smorp the most important environmental votes in the Senate this year. It is therefore earlier to the senate this year. It is therefore earlier to the property of the property of the senators to when year year. It is the senators to when year to the year of the year o

C. Fuel officiency and global warming

CO₂ torceases are the major factor in projected global warming. In the USA, the transportation sector accounts for 30% of the CO₂ emitted into our air. S 1224 (1974), p.Newly is designed of increase air. S 1224 (1974), p.Newly is designed of increase CO₂ emissions. In 1988, average mileage of the US feet was 28.7 mpg for ores a nd21.3 mpg for light trucks. The Bysan bill would require automobile manufacturers foliorieses car mileage of 245 mpg (25.5 to 1905). The goal would not only the contract of the contract of

WHAT YOU CAN DO: Thank Sen. Gore for cosponsoring S 1224, and ask for his continued support. Urge Sen. Sasser to become a cosponsor. (Addresses on p.2)

Also about cars: Americans use approx. 1 billion gallons of mofor oil annually. About 40% of this ends up polluting the environment. If we were to recycle and refine all of our motor oil, we would save 13 million barrels of oil each day; this is equivalent to half the daily output of the Alaska Pipeline.

D. Mass transit dramatically reduces air pollution

We all know that every time a commuter rides mass transal instead of driving, healthe reduces air mass transal instead of driving, healthe reduces air control of the caucition of the caucition of the caucition. According to a report memory released by the American Public Transal Association, these are the ligures, in prames per passenger-mise (fortypical work commutes), forthydrocarbons (HC), mittige of the Commutes), forthydrocarbons (HC), entitled by a single-occupancy autor. 209 HC. 208 NOV., 15.0 CC. D; contrasts, per passenger mise NOV., 15.0 CC. D; contrasts, per passenger mise NOV., 15.0 CC. D; contrasts, per passenger mise O.5% of the cart level), 0.4 NOX (25% of car level), 0.02CO (cnly). Visit of cart level.

E. International conference on global warming

San. Al Gore chaired at Prese-day conference of some 200 legislators tom 42 rations, hosted by the US Congress in early May. Unite Press, Bush, the US Congress in early May. Unite Press, Bush, the All Congress in early May. Unite Press, Bush, the actions. They caffed for specific levels of reduction in greenhouse gases over the next 20 years, elimination of the use of CFCs, help from industrial nations for developing countries in feeling stabilization of the world's population at 10 Dillion in the next century. Though the conference resolutions are not binding on any country, it is expected that they will be used by environmental acceleration.

F. The S&L ballout and land protection

Who would have guessed that he Savings & Loans debacte might have environmental implications? As a result of the S&L ballout, about \$200 hillionworth of foreclosed property is now in federal hands. Some of this property includes environmentally ensative lands. There are also some scenic parcels that had been bought by country that the country of the parcels to fail into the hands of the B&Ls (and, secondarily, into the hands of the federal government when bladle out the S&Ls).

The Resolution Trust Corp (RTC) and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp (FDIC) are two

federal agencies charged with cataloguing and selling all Std. assets. The ballout legislation charges the RTC and the FDIC to identify properties with "hatural, cuttart, receasional, or scientific with "hatural, cuttart, receasional, or scientific opportunity for conservation groups and local governments to acquire environmentally sensitive or outdoor-recreation lands at low cost (someone has likened this to the "obb-1-on-tures wayes" involving Three World countries). The only problem produce the requisite inventories.

WHAT YOL CAN DO: Let us know if you can voluniers at regional RTC and FDIC offices to help inventory any former \$8.1 properties in Tennessee or the surrounding region that have "natural recreational or scientific values". TCWP can contact citizen land insist or appropriate coal government offices that might have an interest in purchasing such lands at reliable velywowst.

G. Environmental attitudes

A recent survey of 2172 'copinion leaders' from various walks of life was conducted by a Philadelphia-based research company (HRN) at the request of the Ford Motor Co. Some findings: 78% said the public would be wilking to pay more for environmentally benign products, 70% thought the public would accept a somewhat lower standard of living for the sake of environmental quality, and 70% said industry would not voluntarily act to protect the environment; about 50% thought business had no credibility at all on environmental issues, while 5% credible environmental such products and the province of the pr

10. TCWP NEWS

A. BSFNRRA superintendent to address TCWP

We took forward greatly to Bill Dickinson's talk on "The Big South Fork: A Challenge in Conservation," on Thusday, May 31, 730pm in the Oak Ridge Library Audition. Bill will task about the wonders of the Area and then discuss resource-conservation issues. Refreshments will be served. See the flyer accompanying this NL. Be sure to come – and bring a friend or two.

B. March for Parks

TCWP's major Earth Day activity was participation in the neellow de March 24: our "march" was held in the Big South Fork National River & Recreation Area. As you know, this event was a fundraler to help the NPS purchase water-quality monitoring equipment for BSFNRRA and to print site bulletins. Since all

the money was sent to the National Parks & Conservation Assoc (which will return 50% to the BSFNRRA, keeping the other 50% for national projects), we don't know yet how much was collected. The weather on March 24 was miseable - a cold, drivingrain. Despite this, about 30 people assembledand participated intwo bikes.

C. Cedar Barren fence Constructing the Oak Ridge Barren fence was

to have been another of our Earth Day activities, but violent stonns were threatening on April 21, and the work had to be postponed. And that was just the first of the postponements; on the three subsequent Saturdays it was either pouring, or the ground was so soggy that the risk of causing damage with the City's hole-digging equipment was too great. The activity is now rescheduled for May 26, when the wet spell will hopefully be over. We urge all of you to come out and help assemble the 620 feet of split-rail fence. TCWP was instrument at In saving the Oak Ridge Barren, a registered State Natural Area, from the Crown development (NL 161 and having the City designate it Greenbelt. Subsequently, TCWP raised most of the money needed for the fence. One major contributor and helper was the Jefferson Jr High School's Biology Club; a large contribution was also made by Bechtel. The City's Recreation Dept (Josh Collins) has offered to dig the post holes, and otherwise help with the project.

D. Whites Creek hike report

Another TCWP activity that was to have been held on April 21 actually toke place exactly 3 weeks later. There were so many delays and mixups (The Oak Ridger amounced a wrong date on one occasion) that we figured no one would show up. We did have seven participaints, though, who will not not not be seven to be seven to the control of the third threat of rain. We plan to return for a major maintenance hile in the winter, since there have been a number of blowdowns that need to be taken care of.

E. We thank our polunteers

The following help of assemble NI-174 at Dick Ambrose's house: Possie Starling. Den DeAngelig, Anna Dobbins. Peggy Turner, Harry and Sylvia Hubbel (Charle Riblande, and Dobk Ambrose. The following assembled in 175 at Maureen Gaber, Louise Markel, Ruth Kemohan, Ed Sonder, Charle Klabunde, Maureen Cunningham. Thanks to all these folds Also, our sincerest thanks to the many who collected and/or donated money for the Mach for Parks (see B., above).

F. South Combetand Recentler Area report Herman Baggenstoss has kindly sent us

several copies of the Giundy County Conservation Boards "Cumdustive Report," much of which deals with the South Cumberland Recreation Area, established in 1971. "We thought TCWP might be interested," he writes, "since in its earlydays they tert moral and active support to some of the units acquired, such as the Savage (Culf)". If you would envisible the Culf of th

11. JOBS, ACTIVITIES, READINGMATTER

- May 31, Bill Dickinson, BSFNRRA superintendent speaks to TCWP, 7:30 pm, Oak Ridge Library Auditorium. Refreshments. See enclosed flyer.
- May 25-27, National Forest Reform conference, Tuxedo, NC. TCWP is a co-sponsor. See NL175 \$4C. Call David Adler (Oak Ridge 482-1274), or the WNC Alliance (Asheville 704-258-8737).
- June 16-17, Doe River Gorge trip, Tennessee Native Plant Soc. Call Ed Schell. 615-282-6125.
- For job listings, contact the following: Environmental Job Opportunities, U of Wisc., SSO North Park St, 15 Science Hat, Madison, WI 53706; Environmental Opportunities, POB 788, Walpole, NH 03608; Job Scan, Student Conservation Assoc, POB 550, Charlestown, NH 03603; Job Seeker, Rt.2, Box 16, Warrens, WI 54666.
- The League of Conservation Voters (LCV) is looking for good people to work on campaigns of LCV-supported candidates for the 1990 election. LCV pays for travel expenses and finds free lodging. Call 202-785 8893 for more Info.
- Volunteers are needed for 66 intern positions naturalis/interprefers, researchers, back-countly patiollers) in Alaska state parks. A stipendforfood and bodging is available for most of the positions, which last through August. Contact Volunteer Coordinator, Alaska State Parks. PØB 107001-AA, Anchorage, Alaska 29510-7001; Ph. 907-792-2555.
- A TV Special, "Arctic Refuge: A Vanishing Wilderness?", narrated by Meryl Streep, will be shown on TBS SuperStation on May 27, May 28, June 2, and June 11. Not all dates apply to all areas. Check your local listings for ylewing times.
- Grants for grassroots work in liver conservation are offered by the National Rivers Coalition. Amounts range from \$200-1,000. Contact Suzi Wilkins.

American Rivers, 801 Pennsylvania Ave, SE, Wash. DC: 20003

- The purpose of the new "River Network Bulletin's to circulate ideas for river protection to grassroots activists. The second issue (lust received) addresses protecting the quality of rivers that thow through private lands. To get on the distibution list, write River Network, POB 8787, Portland, OR 97207.
- Do you wantto invest in sociallyresponsible funds?
 An 80-page guide and directory are available for 38 from Social Investment Forum, 711 Atlantic Ave,
 Boston, MA 02111, Ph. 617-451-3252, A brokerage firm specializing in socially responsible investing is Progressive Asset Management, Ph. 1-800-527-3267.
- *50 Simple Things You Can Do to Save the Earth," by John Javna, is full of practical environmentsaving Infonation. (\$4.95 from bookstores; or order from Earthworks Press, Box 25, 1400 Shatluck Ave, Berkeley, CA 94709, and add \$1 for postage).
- "The Green Consumer," by John Elkington et al., provides detailed information about a wide range of everyday choices. (374 pp., \$8.95, Viking/Penguin Books, New York).
- "Dead Heat: The Race Against the Greenhouse Effect." by M. Oppenheimer and R.H. Boyle, proposes practical solutions to flacing the challenge of global warming. (\$19.95, Basic Books/New Republic Books: or order from EDF, 1616 P St, NW, Wash, DC 20077-6048).
- Two publications about the National Wildlife Refuge Systemare available for \$1.50 each. They are "How to be a Nationat Wildlife System Advocate" and "National Wildlife Refuge System." Write Sierra Club, Box P6, 730 Polk S1, San Francisco, CA 94109.
- Over 300 of the country' 800 fand trusts are members of the Land Trust Alliance, which provides technical assistance and national leadership. For Info. call 703-683-7778.
- World Resources Institute publishestar gerunibers of reports on the world's natural resources, energy, polistion, sustainable development, etc. For their catalog, write WRI, 1709 New York Ave, NW, Wash. DC 20006.



- The Video Project, a non-profit enterprise, was founded to produce affordable films and videos on issues critical to our future on the planet. To receive a recentcatalog listing 25 films and videos thatmay be rented or purchased, contact Video Project, 5332 College Ave, Suite 101, Oakland, CA 94618, Ph. 415-655-9050.
- "The Ecologist," founded 20 years ago in England, is an international "peer" journal that is now being distibuted in North America. Its main therme is marts impact on the biosphere, and the social, economic, Subscriptions through MT Press Journals, 55 hayward St, Cambridge, MA 02142, Ph. 617-253-289.
- "Land Letter," a bi-weekly newsletter published by The Conservation Fund, focuses on Caphol Hill and major land management agencies, as well as on nationally significant state news. Introductory subscription, \$100/yr. Call 703-522-6008.
- *Save the Trees: An invitational Exhibition of Paintings* is at the Morgan Keegan Tower in Memohisuntiluine 15.

Bill Dickinson

(49)

Superintendent

Big South Fork National River & Regreation Area

"The big south fork: Challenges in Conservation"

Thursday, May 31, 1990: 7:30-9 pm Oak Ridge Public Library Auditorium Refreshments will be served

Bill Dickinson will show slides of the magnificent resources within the boundaries of the BSFNRRA, then discuss a number of the special resource-conservation problems presented by this Area. The talk should be of interest both to those who do not yet know the BSFNRRA and to those who already love it and want to help protect it. Bring your friends !



Sponsored by Tennessee Citizens for Wilderness Planning
For information, call 482-2153 or 584-6016

Mark

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