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Holland City News, Volume 6, Number 19: June 23, 1877

Holland City News

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EOLIAND CHY

VOL. VI.-NO. 19.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1877.

WHOLE NO. 279.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND CITY, -OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

0. J. DOESBURG, Editor and Publisher. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: -\$2.00 peryear in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three

			3 M.	6 м.	1 Y.
1	Square	 	3 50	5 00 8 00	8 00
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changes. Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two XX signify that no paper will be continued after date. All advertising bills collectable quarterly

Bail Boads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 20, 1877.

Tr	ains.	Arrive at Holland.	$\it Leave$ $\it Holland.$
Grand	Rapids.	* 10.15 a. m. 12.00 " "	1.15 a.m
"	"	‡ 9.35 p. m.	2.20 p. m
"	"		* 2.25 p. m
	gon, Per ig Rapid	itwater s. 11.15 a.m.	5.25 a. m

‡ 9.30 p. m. 2.30 p. m. New Buffalo & Chicago. 1.05 a. m. *12.15 p. m.

5.10 " " 12.15 p. m. 2.15 p. m. ‡ 9.45 " " † 5.10 " " ..

+ Daily except Sunday and Monday. 4 Daily except Saturday. Mondays only.
Mondays only.
All other trains daily except Sundays.
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago time, which is 20 minutes later than Columbus time.

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, May 29, 1876.

Scing No. 4	North. No. 2	STATIONS.	Going No. 3	South.
p. m. 8 00	p. m. 12-15	Muskegon	p. m. 1 45	a. m.
7 25	11 41	Ferrysburg	2 18	8 40
7 15	11 35	Grand Haven	2 23	8 50
6 30	11 07	Pigeon	2 58	9 40
5 55	10 40	Holland	3 35	11 15
5 07	10 18	Fillmore	3 55	11 45
3 55	9 30	Allegan	4 45	1 15

Business Directory.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

SHERBURNE, S. W., Blendon, Mich., Attorney at Law and Notary Public Special attention at Law and Notary Public. Special attention given to foreclosure of Mortgages and collections. Office in the Village of Zeeland at the Store of A. Bolks & Bros.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting Agent. Office in Kenyon's block, 2nd floor, River street.

Bakeries.

DESSINK, G. J. A. Proprietror of City Bakery. Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; Eighth street.

Banking and Exchan e.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting, Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and

Barbers.

River streets.

DE GROOT, L. barber. Hair cutting, shaving shampooning, hair-dyeing, etc., done at reasonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City

KANTERS, L. T. Dealer in Books, Stationery, Cigars, Notions and Toys, opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Books and Stationery.

Boots and Shoes.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather. Findings, etc.;

Dentist.

GEED, M. Dental Surgeon; residence and office on Eighth Street, opposite Bakker &

RERGUSON B. R. Dental Surgeon. Perform I all operations appertaining to Dentistry in the best style of the art. Office over H. D. Post,

Drugs and Medicines.

A NNIS & BROEK, dealers in Drugs. Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries Paints and Oils, &c., Eighth street.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up: Eighth st.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. Van Den Bero's Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; afull stock of goods appertaining to the business See advertisement. Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See ad-

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DUURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods. Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps. Clothing and Feed; River street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and convey-ancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Hardware.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hard ware; cor, Eighth and River street.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE & ALBERTI, Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIJKEMA & BRO., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. River Street.

PLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing pone. Cash paid for Furs.

Merchant Tailors

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Co. in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnish

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU W., New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. A!! kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

DEMING, W. H., Manufacturer of Plows, By improved machinery is enabled to sell the regular Kalamazoo, Plow and warrant them. at lower prices than any surrounding town. Plow points ground to order. 10th street west of River st.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines cor. 10th & River street.

DAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Plugger Mills: (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W., & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

Notary Publics'

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug Store, 8th street.

Physicians

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BEST, R. B. & McK., Surgeons and Physicians. 1) Office at their residence, Overysel, Mich. Dr. McK. Best will go to East Saugatuck every other day for the next year, to keep himself in readiness for professional calls.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon: Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

MORRIS, S. L., Physician and Surgeon. Office, over E. HEROLD's Boot and Shoe Store, Eighth street.

SCHOUTEN, R. A. City Physician. Office at D. R. Meenge' Drug Store, 8th Street.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P. the leading Photographer, Gallery opposite this office.

Saddlers.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street. Sewing Machines.

K ANTERS, A M. Agent for Ottawa and Allegan Counties, for the "Howe Sewing Machine." Dealers in needles and attachments. Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco. Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry. JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; Kenyon's Block

River Street.

Societies.

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening

Visiting pthers are cordially invited.

J. Kramer, N. G. N. W. BACON, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June 20, at 7 o'clock, sharp. J. S. BURNS, W. M.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.	
Apples, \$\partial bushel	30
Beans, & bushel 2 00 @	••••
Butter, \$ 10 @	13
Clover seed, \$\mathbb{B}\text{ lb }	14
Eggs, & dozen	12
Honey, \$ 10	15
Hay, \$ ton 8 00 @	• • •
Onions, & bushel @	1 00
Potatoes. W bushel @	
Pimothy Seed, B bushel	
Wool, 🗑 🖒	
Wood Stayes Etc	

Wood, Staves, Litc. Cordwood, maple, dry \$ 3 00 green..... Hemlock Bark.. Railroad ties,.... Grain, Feed, Etc. (Corrected by the "Plugger Mills.)

Meats, Etc. Smoked Meat.....12

Bran, \$\partial \text{ton} \cdots.....

Special Notices.

Without a Parallel.

We believe that the wonderful results accomplished by the use of "Shiloh's Consumption Cure" are without a parallel in the history of Medicine. Those who disbelieve this and have occasion to try it. can be convinced without expense to themselves. Its success is so wonderful and sure that we sell it on a guarantee to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup. In these cases or any Lung trouble don't fail to try it, it may save your life, while it will cost you nothing if it gives you no relief. Call at the Drug Store of J. O. Doesburg, No. 70, 8th street and Wm. Van Putten, River street, Holland, Mich., and get a trial bottle 10 cents or a regular size for 50 cts. or \$1, sold elsewhere by dealers

"HACKMETACK" a new and delightful Perfume sold by the above dealers.

WANTED

In every city, town and village in the United States, an agent for the sale of Extract of Peach Branch. Send for circulars. Address DR. A. BOSISIO, No. 29 Ninth Street, Holland, Mich.

Dead Animals.

The question has been for a long time what will you do with dead animals. The undersigned whose place of business is near Metz's Tannery, will hold himself in readinesss to remove all dead animals at his own expense, by simply notifying him

thereof. BENNARD WICK. HOLLAND, Aug. 28, 1876.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons in-debted to the late firm of E. Kruisinga & Son, that the undersigned has been appointed the assignee of the estate of said firm, and that all indebtedness due them, must be paid to him without delay.

MANLY D. HOWARD, Assignee of E. KRUIZENGA & SON. HOLLAND, March 28, 1877.

For the Holland City News. OUR PRINCIPLES AND OUR BITTERS.

MR. EDITOR:-I desire to call the attention of the public to the action of the Common Council in regard to the saloons of this city. I feel interested in this matter, as I think every body should, for it involves not only our business and our liberties, but the material interests and development of our city are alike at stake, while the radical tendencies growing out of the situation will eventually lead to revolutionize our present social and moral condi-

tion. During the past two years, as long as the present liquor law has been in force, we have been paying \$150 a year as a local tax and \$25 U.S. tax, before we were lawfully permitted to supply the demands of this community in the way of lager beer, brandy, etc. In addition to this was also a bond, conditioned that we should not sell to regular drunkards and minors, to which bond we have never objected, because in this community we have always been able to get plenty of our best citizens to sign with us; and as to being prosecuted for damages, in case they catch us at it, this is all a farce. The class of people who too sensible to be thus bamboozled. Their set up that they are damaged by the na- principles are not of recent date or local tural consequences of our business, have manufacture. They will not tolerate these

generally lost all standing in society by reason of excessive or immoderate drinking; and will fail to get a respectable back-

These heavy drinkers, the men who don't know when to stop, their fault finding wives and mothers, or the widow whose boy has cut loose from her and who intends hereafter to enjoy his liberties like a little man, have never yet succeeded in mulch-

ing us out of a single dollar in damages. By the late action of the Common Council, requiring us to take out another \$50 city license, matters began to look more serious, and the prospects of the place are not very encouraging, inasmuch as for every saloon, who by this additional license has been forced to shut up, or driven outside the corporation limits, the city will be the loser, both in a business point of view and in the general fund of its treasury. This is not all, for this city licensing involves also another bond, which will no doubt raise havoc with our business; and my lawyer tells me that if the Common Council intends to inforce the law, we shall have to toe the mark. The charter

"The person receiving the license shall, before the issuing thereof, execute a bond to the corporation in such sum as the Common Council may prescribe, with one or more sufficient sureties, conditioned for a faithful observance of the charter of the corporation and the ordinances of the council, and otherwise conditioned as the council may prescribe."

Now look at it, Mr. Editor. The obligations in such a bond will be 1st, a faithful observance of the charter; 2nd, a faithful observance of the city ordinances; 3rd, such other conditions as the Common Council may prescribe, upon the non-performance or violation of any one of which conditions, such bond will be enforced against us and our sureties. I ask, how many of us, in this city, can with safety carry on the saloon business in this way? If we forget one single night to get convicted, the bond will stand forfeited. Every responsible bondsman will see the risk in which he will be involved, and hereafter \$500 or \$1,000 sureties for our good behavior, will be scarce even among the better class of our population.

It looks to me as though this provision will operate as a direct blow at our business. The reform movement has substantially failed to dry us up, and it would be too bad to see its object established through this agency. Hence, I hope that the Common Council will have the moral courage, in some way or other, to evade or ignore this provision of the city charter. If they do, they will find themselves sustained by the better element of the community, and this includes the greater portion of that class of our population, who until lately have been so much abused by us, a class whom we had heretofore considered as our bitterest enemies and hostile to our principles and our business. It is true that in former days, when they were looked upon by us as the old fogies of the town, these same men denounced us and our business, styling our saloons as being the very portals of hell, and warning the young men of the community against going there; but after all, during this temperance movement it must be said to their credit, that if it had not been for the firm stand they have taken against red-ribbonism, our principles as well as our business would stand at a heavy discount.

These men may not come out openly and boldly and sling their money over the bar, as the boys will; this would be expecting rather too much. Let us be patient; this continual open hostility to our avocation and our ideas of moderate drinking may eventually drive them into a position where they will feel compelled to take a more positive stand in our favor. As it is, they do the next best thing for us: they forbid their boys signing the pledge; they keep away from all temperance meetings; they demonstrate to a certainty the want of manhood in a person depriving himself of his liberties; and some of them point out to the masses with a zeal worthy of the cause, the sinfuliness of the temperance pledge and the wickedness of planting themselves squarely in opposition to what a kind Providence intended as a luxurious relief for thirsting humanity-dispensed through our instrumentality, of course.

I feel happy to state that, in a certain sense, this whole dare-to-do-right-total-abstinence-reform business is a failure in our beautiful little city. This community is

Maine heretics or mush-roomed Moodies to impose on them this modern idea and have it palmed off as harmless doctrine, especially when it is found to be in conflict with the imported standards on that point. (These standards operate like my best Jamaica rum-age will tell on both of them.)

The failure of this anti-liquor movement here was fairly illustrated the other night by a desperate attempt to make a break among that class of our population who are generally considered to be the "salt" of this community, and who, to a man nearly, have given this reform business the cold shoulder. The programme was to hold a rousing meeting, in the Holland language, in one of their churches. One of the most powerful of their Holland speakers, a clergyman from Muskegon, was imported for the occasion. But, alas, they had underrated the opposition and our influence. Application was made for the use of the First Church. They failed to get it, for as it happened that week was their annual cleaning-week. Confident of success, they next applied for the Third Church, relying largely upon the influence of the pastor, who, I am sorry to say, is one of the few black sheep of that flock, and a positive red-ribbon man. The consistory of that church, however, had the manhood to say no, and peremptorily refused to have their church-building desecrated by any such ungodly proceedings.

As soon as I heard of this, I felt relieved and invited the boys to come in through the back door-it was Sunday afternoon, you know. I tapped a fresh keg of lager, and we drank repeatedly to the health and the honor of these venerable elders and deacons who had voted in our favor, and taken this liberal stand, and thwarted this subtle attack, upon our business, our interests and our principles. I felt satisfied all along, that outside of a Holland Church a temperance meeting in the Holclose our place at ten o'clock, which we land language would be a failure, and so are very apt to do, or happen to get caught | it was; for although there was a fair turnfor selling on the sly, on Sunday, and out at the hall, yet of all the hundreds they intended to reach in that way, not more than a dozen were present.

I delight in mentioning these facts. I have thought of forwarding also an article to the Public Leader, of Detroit, the organ of the liquor dealers in this State. It would be so encouraging for our folks all over the state, to learn that there is at least one place where these fanatic ideas of tec-totalism are being checkmated, and that too upon such lofty principles and by such unexceptionable and influential men -and women too.

Perhaps I have grown somewhat lengthy in my remarks on this license business, Mr. Editor; but it is not often that one of us resorts to the newspapers for redress, and it is not in every locality that such is advisable. I will state in conclusion that with the exception of this city bond business, we are satisfied with the situation. One of the Vice-Presidents of the reform club has come back to us "slinging beer" as before, and is using his influence among the boys to have them break their pledge, to the delight of many of us, who think it is all wrong or a humbug to sign such pledges. Our philosophy is this: The less tee-totalers, the more moderate or respectable drinkers; the less red-ribbon boys, the more chance for them to become moderate drinkers; the more moderate drinkers, the more material for steady drinkers; the more steady drinkers, the more saloons, and the less of opposition to a general recognition of our claim as being the proper and suitable depos. itories of the earnings of the laborer and the mechanic, the bark-pealer and the vessel-loader, the railroader and the factory hand, the wood-sawyer and the apprentice, the very men who at the close of a day's hard work in the sweat of their brow, invite us so kindly to share with them the proceeds of their labor, and who for a valuable consideration on their part, look to us for their lager beer and their morals, their bitters and their social standing. 'K BENDERTEGEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 18, 1877.

M. MANGIN, the celebrated French billiard player, recently made a run of four hundred and five points in the three ball game, of which all but twenty-one shots were cushion shots. The wonderful peculiarity of his play is that he never relies upon "nursing" the balls, but makes his runs almost exclusively by "round the table" or cushion shots. His friends believe that when he learns to nurse the balls no player in the world will be able to compete with him.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE complaint in the suit against Samuel J. Tilden by the United States to recover taxes alleged to be due by the defendant on his income from 1861 to 1871 has been filed in the United States District Court of New York. The amounts alleged to be due aggregate, with costs and interest, \$150,000.... The prosecuting officers of the State of New York have rejected Tweed's offer to "squeal" on his ring confederates, and returned to his counsel the papers purporting to be the heads of the confession he is willing to make. The cause of this rupture of negotiations is supposed to be the insufficiency of the evidence offered to convict the accomplices named, and the belief that there are too many mental reservations in the statement of the boss thief.

A covered bridge over the Connecticut river at Northampton, Mass., was blown down by a gale last week. A number of people and several wagons and horses were on the structure at the time. A Mrs. Sullivan was killed, Sheriff Cook, of Hampshire county, fatally injured, and several others badly bruised.

REV. JOHN S. C. ABBOTT, the historian, died last week at his residence at Fairhaven, Ct., at the ripe age of 71. His death was not unexpected, as he has been an invalid for a long time.

Mr. Joseph Seligman, the wealthy Hebrew banker of New York, and member of the syndicate to place the Government loan, visited Saratoga with his family the other day, and applied at the Grand Union Hotel for apartments. Somewhat to his surprise he was refused entertainment, on the ground that their presence injured the business of the hotel. The managers of the hotel claim that Christians do not like the company of Hebrews, and for that reason have heretofore shunned hotel. There is much indigna-the Hebrews of New York tion among at this bit of ostracism of their race.... An entire Freshman class of Princeton College, numbering nearly 100, has been suspended and sent home for "bulldozing" the faculty.... Several important discoveries of petroleum oil are reported in Pennsylvania, the new wells aggregating a production of over 32,000 barrels a day.

THE WEST.

THE grasshoppers are developing considerable strength in one or two counties of Iowa and a considerable section of Minnesota. With these exceptions, the crop reports from these States, as well as nearly the whole of the Northwest, are very encouraging....The Black Hills stage was again stopped by highwaymen, the other day, near Hat creek, and robbed of the treasure-box. None of the passengers were

A CATHOLIC priest has just returned to Bismarck, Dak., after spending several days at the camp of Sitting Bull, in the British Possessions. The savage chief is irreconcilable in his hatred of the Americans, and refused to entertain the idea of surrendering. A council was held, at which it seemed to be determined that the hostiles will remain on the British side of the line at present, being in no condition for successful offensive war. English officers were present, who promised that the savages should not be molested as long as they kept quiet.... Four persons were drowned at Eagle lake, Racine county, Wis., one day last week, viz.: Mrs. Oliver Gilbert and Miss Gilbert, and Mrs. Coblet and child. They were attending a picnic, and were out in a row-boat when the sad accident occurred. The boat leaked badly, and swamped before it could get back to the shore.

THE citizens of the usually quiet little city of Mount Vernon, Ohio, have been thrown into a disagreeable state of agitation by the coldblooded murder of a popular hotel-keeper and prominent citizen na ed McBride, by one Bergin, a worthless and dissolute fellow... Ex-Senator D. D. Pratt died suddenly at his home in Logansport, Ind., a few days ago, from heart disease. Mr. Pratt was born in Maine, and was 64 years of age He served in the Indiana Legislature in 1851 and 1855, and was elected to the National House of Representatives in 1868, but never took his seat, being chosen United States Senator to succeed Mr. Hendricks in 1869. He was for a short time Commissioner of Internal Revenue under President Grant.... Hon. John Pettit died last week at his home in Lafayette, Ind., aged 70 years. Mr. Pettit has been quite conspicuous in public affairs, having held the position of Senator and member of Congress from Indiana, Judge of the Circuit and Supreme Courts, and was United States Judge for Kansas Territory in 1854-5.

THE Chicago Journal says: "Reports from every Congressional district of Illinois represent the outlook for corn generally better than it has been for some years past at this season, and a large crop is anticipated. Returns from other corn-growing sections indicate a similar prospect, while other grains throughout the West and Northwest promise the best results."

Chicago elevators contain 672,953 bushels of wheat, 3,800,237 bushels of corn, 288,758 bushels of oats, 155,022 bushels of rye, and 125,446 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 5,042,416 bushels, against 3,415,477 bushels at this period last year. Milwaukee warehouses contain 718,197 bushels of wheat...The First National Bank of St. Louis for a long time re-National Bank of St. Louis, for a long time regarded as one of the soundest monetary insti-tutions in that city, has suspended. The as-sets are said to be ample enough to pay de-positors 50 per cent. to be paid within a few weeks, and 50 per cent. within a few months. The stockholders are hopeless losers.

News comes by way of San Francisco of a formidable uprising of Indians in the region of Salmon river, Idaho Territory, the massacre of many white families, the gathering of the white settlers and friendly Indians for defense, followed by severe fighting, in which, according to the latest accounts, the latter were getting badlly worsted. The dispatches state that there is a general uprising of the savages, and the whole country is wild with alarm. The Indians are massacring men, women and chil-dren in Camas Prairie, and settlers are fleeing in all directions for safety." The hostile sayages belong to a tribe known as Nez Perces, and are said to number 2,000 effective warriors. Gen. McDowell, commanding the Division of the Pacific, has ordered troops from a number of posts in the department to go to the scene of trouble.

SOUTH.

ALABAMA crop report : Rains have been very general in the State, and of great good to the crops. Oats are comparatively a failure : wheat is the best crop ever made; corn and cotton clean and doing well...Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, has gone to Minnesota for the benefit of his health...One-half the Louisville, Ky. Mrs. T. T. Hawkins, daughter of the late Col. Weir, of Lexington, and of Mrs. G. W. Merriwether, whose second husband was, before his death, a prominent banker of Louisville, has been implicated in heavy forgeries of the names of ex-United States Senator Stevenson, the Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, and other prominent citizens. The forgeries mount to \$40,000 or \$50,000. The relatives of Mrs. Hawkins claim that she is insane.

THE wheat-harvest has begun in Kentucky, and the prospect for a heavy yield is good ... Fred Douglass, the other day, visited Talbot county, Md., for the first time since he left, a fugitive, forty-one years ago, and made a speech to the colored people. Douglass also called upon his old master, Capt. Thomas Auld, by whom he was well received.

WASHINGTON.

DR. LINDERMAN, Director of the United States Mint, will, it is understood, recommend in his forthcoming annual report the coinage of a \$2 gold piece to take the place of the \$2.50 gold coin. He thinks that when specie resumption is brought about there will be a demand for smaller gold coins, to be used in change instead of silver half-dollars, and that \$1 and \$2 gold coins will be very popular.

It is announced from Washington that Secretary Sherman has perfected his arrangements for the disposal of the 4 per cent. Government bonds. It is stated that the opportunity of any and all persons who wish to make subscriptions, at par, to this loan will expire on the 16th of July, and the people are invited to invest in it up to that date; after which the syndicate, with which a contract for placing the loan has been made, will control the further sale of the bonds.

JOHN A. HARLAN (colored), ex-member of Congress from North Carolina, has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second District of that State, vice Powers... At a Cabinet meeting last week it was agreed that the vacancy to be created by the resignation of George F. Talbot, of the Solicitorship of the Treasury, shall be filled by the appoint-ment of Kenneth Raynor, of North Carolina. Raynor is an old-line Whig.

THE President has appointed editor R. A Thompson, of the Avalanche, Postmaster at Memphis....A. U. Dockery, of North Carolina, has been appointed Consul to Leeds... James Russell Lowell has accepted the Spanish mission, and will shortly leave for Spain... The question of the amount of silver coin which may be legally issued has engaged the attention of the Treasury Department and the Attorney General. The latter has decided, in a formal opinion, that the whole amount of "change," silver and paper, must not exceed fifty millions, and that silver may only be issued in exchange for paper fractional currency redeemed or known to be destroyed.

THE President is booked for a visit to the White Sulphur Springs of Virginia in the latter part of July....The name of Gen. Julius White, of Chicago, is prominently mentioned in connection with the Turkish mission....The President has appointed M. W. Gibbs (colored) Register of the Land Office at Little Rock, Ark.

SECRETARY SHERMAN has written a letter for the purpose of removing any doubt in regard to his opinion as to the payment of the 4-per cent. bonds in gold. He believes that both principal and interest ought to be paid in gold coin...Nicholas Fish, son of the late Secretary of State, has been appointed Minister to

POLITICAL.

MINNESOTA has just had a special election on the proposed amendment to the State constitution, devoting the land grant of 500,000 acres, originally made for the benefit of internal improvements in that State, to the payment of ntstanding railroad bonds. The proposition was rejected by a vote of nearly three to one.

An election has just been held in Georgia to decide the question as to whether a convention should be held to remodel the State constitution. The matter was decided in the affirmative by over 10,000 majority... The Louisville Cou-rier-Journal says "the man upon whom the Democrats of Indiana have united to lead them in the fight next year to oust Morton from the Senatorship is Voorhees, the Tall Sycamore of he Wabash."

KENNETH RAYNOR, the newly-appointed Soli citor of the Treasury, is a man nearly 70 years of age. He was in Congress in 1839 as an oldline Whig. Of late years he has resided in Mississippi. He was a Union man, a friend of Grant, and a member of the Alabama Commission. sion....Gail Hamilton, in one of her recent letters, charged that George Schneider, of Chicago, loaned Secretary Schurz money to start a newspaper, and, in consideration of that loan, Schneider had Schurz's influence to secure his appointment to the Swiss mission. The latter has been interviewed upon the subject, and pronounces the story an unmitigated falsehood

THE State Convention of the Greenback party of Maine was held last week at Skowhegan. Resolutions were adopted demanding the repeal of the Resumption act of 1874, the withdrawal of the national-bank notes and the substitution of greenbacks, the remonetization of silver, and the reservation of the public do-main for actual settlers. Rev. H. E. Munson was placed in nomination for Governor.

GENERAL.

A JUDGE in St. Louis has ruled that the insertion of an advertisement in a newspaper soliciting practice in procuring divorces, and promising to secure decrees of liberation a vinculo matrimonii without publicity, is a slandar matrimoni without publicity and also in the process of the der upon the true methods of procedure in courts of justice, tending to induce the public to believe that the advertiser possesses certain facilities and privileges enabling him to obtain judicial decrees with a degree of secrecy fatal to the good reputation of the judiciary intrusted with the sacred duty of according justice to those demanding it. Justice thus slandered, the St. Louis Judge holds, may purge herself of the stigma by such assessment of penalty as shall effectually extirpate the divorce shyster from the legal profession and annihilate him in the public regard. The recent General Assembly of Illinois passed a law forbidding the publication of advertisements of this character, but the view that common law has a remedy for the iniquity is believed to be some-what novel and interesting.

Business failures: H. A. Blood, a prominent Massachusetts railroad manager, liabilities \$1,526,000, assets small; Fitzsimmons, cles \$1,526,000, assets small; Fitzsimmons, Clark & Co., dry goods, New York, liabilities \$113,000, assets \$95,000; McGregor Bros., bankers, Windsor, Canada, liabilities \$150,000; Hallock & Co., clothing, Detroit, Mich.; M. J. Steinberger & Sons, millinery, New York, liabilities \$150,000, nominal assets about the same; Hamburg, Hill & Co., millinery, New York, liabilities, \$100,000; S. W. Jacobs, a prominent cattle breeder of West Liberty, Iowa, liabilities, \$75,000; the Commercial Insurance Company, of St. Louis, Mo.

The steamer Montana, which sailed from

THE steamer Montana, which sailed from New York last week, took out for missionary work in Europe eighteen elders of the Mormon church of Utah. It seems that Mormonism is greatly on the decline in all the British states. Great Britain at one time furnished 60,000 dis-

by the followers of Lerdo.... There were five executions in the country on Friday, the 15th inst., three at New Orleans, one at Newnan, Ga., and one at Dayton, Ohio. Three of the murderers killed women, two their wives, the other two selecting men for their victims.... The official canvass of the area in cotton this year, as made under the auspices of the Agricultural Bureau, shows an increase of nearly 4 per cent, upon the acreage of 1876, giving a total in excess of 12,000,000 acres. The season has been too cool for cotton, too wet at the time of planting, and too dry since in all of the area except Texas. The plant is now generally small, but healthy, free from weeds, and in condition to improve rapidly with favorable weather.

SENATOR CONKLING sailed last week for Europe.... The Collector of Customs at El Paso, Texas, informs the Secretary of the Treasury of the capitulation of El Paso, Mexico, to the partisans of Lerdo de Tejada.... A detachment of Mexican Government troops recently crossed the Rio Grande near Fort Clark, Texas, to escape from a superior body of revolutionists by whom they were closely followed. The latter pursued and attacked them on Texas soil, killing and wounding a good many, and then returned to the Mexican side. The defeated Government troops, numbering some forty, were then arrested by the United States military authorities for violating the neutrality laws, and were released on parole. Recruiting is actively going on for the revolutionists on the Texas side of the Rio Grande.

Orders have been sent from Washington to Gen. Ord, commanding on the Rio Grande, directing the release of the Mexican soldiers who recently took refuge in Texas, if there is no danger that they will be again immediately attacked by the revolutionary forces...Reports from Havana say that the condition of Cuba is no better than it was last year; that Martinez Campos, with the 80,000 men he added to the garrisons of the island, has utterly failed to redeem his promise of pacification; that the treasury is exhausted, the production of the staples of the island interrupted, and all industrial and commercial enterprise paralyzed. The Spaniards and most of the people would be glad to have peace at almost any price. But the army contractors don't want it, and they will probably contrive to have their way.

THE case of Great Britain presented to the Fisheries Commission, appointed to adjust the differences between the United States and the provinces of the former country in North America, contains a voluminous history of the fishery difficulties. A total of \$14,800,000 is claimed as damages from the United States.

THE TURKO-RUSSIAN WAR.

A TORPEDO recently exploded in a Russian railway train with terrible effect. A train carrying army goods was on its way from Galatz to Ibrail, having on board a torpedo of English manufacture, technically called the Whitehead or Fish torpedo. When about half way, near where the road strikes the Danube, the torpedo accidentally exploded, blowing the entire train to atoms, killing the engineer, fireman, and brakeman, and tearing up the track for a distance of a quarter of a mile.... The Turks, aware of the inability of their Asiatic army to cope with the overwhelming numbers of the Russian invading forces in the field, have made a bold move to cut the enemy's long line of communications. The success of this movement would compel an instant retrograde movement of a considerable portion of the Russian army, since subsisting upon a country so impoverished would be impossible. The Turkish demonstration has already induced the Russians to withdraw their right wing, which had been far advanced on the road to Erzeroum, and the Turks have consequently been enabled to reoccupy Olti and some other important positions on the road leading west from Ardahan. Russian reports explain that the backward movement was voluntary on their part, and that they had determined to concentrate their forces for the reduction of ing further into the enemy's country.

THE New York Herald's correspondent with the army in Asia telegraphs particulars of the recent battle or series of battles in front of Kars. The fighting began on Saturday, June 9, by a determined attack of the Russians. The conflict was renewed at daylight on Sunday. The Russians had effected a lodgment in one of the outer earthworks on the previous night. The struggle was sanguinary in the extreme. The Russians are reported to have held their ground during the whole of Monday and Monday night. On Tuesday the Turks began the fight, assuming the offensive by making the most desperate sorties. According to the Herald's correspondent from a Turkish source, this resulted on Tuesday in the dislodgment of the Russians, who had been inefficiently supported. The Turks succeeded in surprising the Russians by a flank movement, and the slaughter that followed was very great. The Russians asked no quarter, and the Turks offered none. The last action of the Russian gunners was to spike the few Turkish field-pieces which they had captured in the redoubt. This was after it became a hand-to-hand struggle, and the guns were of no further service.... Typhus fever and other fatal ailments are playing havoc with the Turkish rank and file . . . A war correspondent with the army on the Danube tele-graphs that "the immense mass of material which the Russians are moving toward the Danube can scarcely be lodged in the depots on the river before the 1st of July. It is, therefore, scarcely probable that any attempt will be made to cross before that time."... The New York Herald correspondent in Berlin telegraphs that Russia's reply to Earl Derby has apparently satisfied the powers. Trustworthy information regarding its contents indicates that it rejects the idea of interference with Egypt or the Suez canal. The reply denies all intention of taking possession of Constantinople, but leaves the question of the oc-cupation of the Turkish capital untouched. There is one point on which the document is very clear and explicit. It demands an entire change in the administration of the Christian provinces of Turkey, and indicates that on this

point no compromise will be made. It is now announced that it is the intention of the Russian army to pass the Balkan mountains in Turkey. Then, if England prevails upon Turkey to negotiate a peace, Russia will be willing to treat for a settlement of the difficulties between the two nations. Failing in this, the Czar will dictate a peace from, it is to be inferred, the palace of the Sublime Porte, at Constantinople....It has been finally decided, as the result of close communion between the Czar and Prince Milan, that Servia shall remain absolutely neu-

According to a late Constantinople dispatch, the failure of the Turkish campaign in Asia is attributed to Russian gold and Turkish treachery....The cable sends accounts of another desperate battle between the Montenegrins, 3,000 strong, and a column of 10,000 Turks, in which the brave mountaineers defeated and put to flight their ancient foes, with frightful slaughter. The Turks repeatedly assaulted the Montenegrins, who were strongly posted, and were as often repulsed. The mountaineers, gaining courage by a momentary wavering of the foe, emerged from their experts. emerged from their coverts, and, pouring a murderous fire into the thick ranks of the Mussulmans, put them to flight. Then, with the most fiendish yells, they attacked the panic stricken Turks with the bayonet. No quarter

Minor, resulting in the defeat of the Russians. Mehemet Pasha, the Turkish commander, was

АLTHOUGH Servia will maintain an attitude of armed neutrality, she has concluded a treaty with Russia enabling that power to transport troops through Servian territory... A correspondent at Batoum telegraphs that the Turks fired on a French vessel which was trying to enter that port. The French Consul has demanded an explanation and apology for the insult to the flag.

LATE cable dispatches represent the situation of the Montenegrins as extremely critical.. Trustworthy advices from St. Petersburg confirm the reported utter inefficiency of the commissariat in Armenia and on the Danube. The Czar is exasperated. The scanty provisioning of troops has caused apprehension... The Russians have again begun to advance in Asia Minor They have re-occupied Olti, and pushed their advance beyond, the Turks retiring on their approach without offering battle... The Turks have succeeded in relieving Nicsics, in Montenegro, and have revictualed it for twelve months. revictualed it for twelve months....
It is stated that the Sheik-ul-Islam has sent a delegation of Doctors of Law to the Sherif of Mecca, the direct descendant of the Prophet, for the purpose of demanding funds from the Treasurer of Islam to be applied in defense of the Islam faith. This treasure is formed from the annual offerings of the pilgrims, which are accumulated in the Kasbah of Mecca, and is said to amount to 600,000,000 francs...From Russian sources we have accounts of horrible outrages upon Christian Turks in the province of Tultcha. "Villages and farms," it is stated, are wantonly sacked and burned with a view of rendering the country a desert before the advance of the Russians. Ghastly heads are carried every day by blood-stained murderers into Tultcha, Matchin, Babadagh and Hirsova. The flames of some burning village are visible every night.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE Servian Government continues its warlike preparations. A large party is being con-centrated near the capital....Ludwig III., Grand Duke of Hesse, is dead.... A telegram from Paris relative to the report that the Government means to prevent the preliminary meeting of sections of the Left before the reassembling of the Chambers states that M. Gambetta has relinquished the idea of calling such meeting, the Left being sufficiently agreed upon a line of action to dispense with a preliminary discussion. The Minister of Instruction has decided that any student participating in any political manifestation shall be immediately expelled from college . . . The Barbary states on the shores of the Mediterranean are experiencing a locust plague. The crops have been destroyed by the ravenous hoppers in large districts, and there is serious scarcity of provisions and apprehension of actual starvation among the people.

the freedom of the city of London in a golden \$1,400,000,000 paid no dividends the casket was performed at Guildhall, the other last year; that stock amounting to day, in the presence of a distinguished gathering of Englishmen and Americans...Lady Sterling Maxwell, better known as the Mon. Mrs. Norton, is dead. This lady, a well-known poet and novelist, was married on the 1st of Merch last to Sir William Sterling Maxwell, Bar-onet, member of the British Parliament for Perthshire. The bride at the time was 70 years of age, and confined to her chair with rheumatism. Sir William was 59.

Portugal has proclaimed her neutrality in the Russo-Turkish war. Germany will not issue a special proclamation of neutrality... President MacMahon, on the reassembling of the French Chamber of Deputies, June 16, presented a message demanding the dissolu-tion of that body. An exciting debate followed, Mr. Gambetta replying to the Ministry on behalf of the Republicans. He advocated dissolution as the best policy to be pursued.... A Constantinople dispatch says there has been a dangerous outbreak of from 15,000 to 20,000 mounted Arabs in the district between Damascus aud Aleppo. The country is almost denuded of troops. The Governor of Syria has telegraphed for assistance.

THE Bashi-Bazouks are carrying things with a high hand in and around Constantinople. Among those who have recently suffered from their excesses is an English army officer and an American naval officer, who were beaten and maltreated in a shameful manner....The engineers who made the geological explorations and soundings for a submarine tunnel between France and England report that the tunnel is perfectly practicable, as there is a continuous bed of chalk between the two shores.... Two Constantinople newspapers have been sup-pressed, and the publishers, editors and compositors exiled.

THE stay of ex-President Grant in England will be prolonged beyond the time at first set by him.... Upward of \$500,000 worth of securities and railway stocks were recently stolen from a mail between London and Paris.

Sheridan at Sedan. The following vivid account is taken from Col. Hoffman's "Reminiscences of Two Wars:" "At the battle of Sedan, Sheridan stood near Count Bismarck, Toward its close he shut up his glass, and, turning to Bismarck said, 'The battle is won.' The Count replied that he should be glad to think so, but saw no signs of it yet. In a minute or two more the French gave way. Turning his glass toward Sedan, Sheridan observed, 'The Emperor is there.' Bismarck answered that it could not be; that the Emperor was not such a fool as to place himself in that situation. Looking again, Sheridan said, 'He is there, anyhow.' He had drawn his conclusions from the immense staff he saw and the confusion reigning among them. Sheridan was right. The Emperor and his staff were prisoners of war. The Emperor had behaved with the greatest personal courage, and subsequently, when dissensions arose between the French Generals as to who was responsible for the great disaster, he behaved with the greatest generosity. But he should not have been at Sedan. The post of usefulness and of danger for him was at Paris, and not with the army."

Child-Life in Calcutta. The annual average death-rate of infants in the city and vicinity of Calcutta, including all classes of population, is very nearly 50 per cent. of those of one year old and under. Of the non-Asiatic children the average death-rate is less than 20 per cent., which increases that of the Hindoo and Mohammedan infants to'a startling extent, and of these classes the latter suffer by far the greatest mortality. The vital statistics of Calcutta for 1875 show that, of every hundred Hindoo children born in that year, about sixty died, and, of every hunstephens, of Georgia, has gone to Minnesota for the benefit of his health...One-half the cotton crop along the Arkansas river valley, in Arkansas, has been destroyed by floods....

A startling sensation has just been sprung in dred of Mohammedan children born in the same year, seventy-three died. The

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

AUSTRALIA is about the only country that gives subsidies to steamship lines now. A contract has just been given to a new line to run to the East Indies.

THE annual report on the provision business of the West, prepared at Chicago, predicts that in a few years that city will export direct the greater part of the pork provisions of the West. Figures are given showing that there has been a great increase in the direct trade within the last five years.

THE first shipment of beef to Europe has been made from Boston. When beef was first offered as cargo to the steamers at New York, the line to which it was offered scouted the whole business and refused to carry the commodity. All the lines are glad now to get a load of beef, and at the smaller ports the steamer companies are almost begging for it. Arrangements are being made both at Baltimore and Boston looking to a large

California is beginning to look up hopefully from its woe, and talks even of having a surplus of wheat for export this year of 150,000 to 250,000 tons. A thousand tons of the new crop have already been sold at 21 cents a pound, and contracts for shipping to Europe have been made at from \$10 to \$12 a ton. With 250,000 tons surplus from Oregon, the Pacific coast will thus make no mean contribution to the figures of America and the food of Europe for the next year.

A LETTER from Australia, speaking of the Sydney Exhibition, says the American and Canadian exhibits are the great features of the show. An annex has been built especially to accommodate them, and this part of the fair turns out to be the most densely and most continuously crowded with sight-seers. The things from the United States which attract the most especial attention are the large displays of cotton goods, tools, carriages, scales, house hardware, slates, statuettes and Yankee notions.

THE New York Tribune publishes tables showing the earnings of nearly all the railroads in this country, and also tables showing the dividends made by the railroad corporations. From these The ceremony of presenting Gen. Grant with it appears that stock amounting to \$826,641,702 paid an average dividend of 7 per cent. The dividends made average about 2.6 per cent. on all the stock outstanding. The roads paying dividends have about \$800,000,000 of bonds outstanding, which practically represent the capital invested—the roads being constructed by the sale of bonds, and but a small proportion of cash being invested in stock.

The Depravity of the Armenians.

An English war correspondent writes from Trebizond: "Were a European to exercise his fancy for imagining the quintessence of depravity, the frightful wickedness of the Armenians would still be out of his power to conceive. Those who are not bankers to some Pashathat is, vampires living on the blood of Christians and Mohammedans-are certain to be panders, and that word in the East signifies something much worse than with us. In Hungary, Transylvania and the Bucowina, Magyars, Germans, Roumanians and Slavs would rather find themselves among the plague-stricken than fraternize with the Armenians. No doubt they are more wealthy than the other nationalities, but by what means have they attained to prosperity? Their every word is a lie, their every act a deception. In Trans-Caucasia, the Armenians are the dirtiest, the most immoral of all nations, in every respect far behind the Tartars. A European, therefore, is not likely to feel any desire for their acquaintance."

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES 9 00 @ 13 00
Hogs 5 25 (a. 5 50
COTTON. 1134 12 FLOUR—Superfine Western 5 75 66 25
FLOUR-Superfine Western 5 75 6 6 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago
Conn-Western Mixed 56 @ 58
OATS-Western Mixed 40 2 co
Pour Moss
Ропк—Мевв
CHICAGO. 9 @ 914
Danson Ch. L. C. 1 1 C.
Beeves-Choice Graded Steers 6 50 @ 6 75
Choice Natives 6 00 6 6 25
Cows and Heifers 3 00 @ 4 50
Good Second-class Steers, 4 75 (a) 5 25
Medium to Fair 5 50 (a) 5 75
Hogs—Live
FLOUR-Fancy White Winter 9 50 @10 50
Good to Choice Spring Ex 7 50 @ 8 00
WHEAT-No. 2 Spring 1 441/4 at 1 45
No. 3 Spring
CORN-No. 2
RYE—No. 2
BARLEY—No. 2
BUTTER-Choice Creamery 18 @ 23
Eggs—Fresh
PORK—Mess
MILWAUKEE, 8%@ 8%
MILWAUKEE.
WHEAT-No. 1
No. 2 1 45 (c) 1 46
CORN-No. 2 44 @ 45
OATS-No. 2
RYE-NO. 1
BARLEY-NO. 2
ST. LOUIS. WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall
WHEAT-No. 2 Red Fall 1 70 @ 1 71
CORN-No. 2 Mixed 41 @ 421/
OATS-No. 2 37 @ 38
RYE 60 @ 63
PORK-Mess,
LARD 81/6 81/
Hogs4 30 @ 4 69
CATTLE 4 50 @ 6 00
CATTLE
WHEAT-Red 1 75 @ 1 85
CORN
OATS
A CAMPAGE A CAMP
PORK-Mess
LARD 84@ 10
TOLEDO,
WHEAT-No. 2 Red Winter 1 75 @ 1 78
Amber 1 01 @ 1 93
CORN 48 @ 50
OATS-No. 2 39 @ 41
DETROIT
FLOUR—Medium
WHEAT-White 1 85 @ 1 92
CORN-No. 2 51 @ 52
OATS-Mixed 37 @ 38
RYE 85 @ 90
Termination of the po
PORK-Mess

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

THE Jackson military visit Bay City on the Fourth.

In Jackson county there are 328 deaths to 777 births for 1876.

SEVERAL bands of gypsies are roaming through the State.

CLOTHING for the Ionia prison is being shipped to Ionia.

Ex-Secretary Chandler has gone to California on a pleasure excursion.

TWENTY THOUSAND young eels have been deposited in the mill-pond at Jack-

HENRY BISSELL, a young married German butcher, killed himself recently at East Saginaw.

the fires in Northern Michigan, for which everybody is thankful.

THE hail-storm of Monday of last week in Shiawassee county did much damage about Laingsburg and Owosso.

An eight-foot vein of iron ore has been found in a mine near Marquette, and the further it is prospected the thicker it appears.

JAMES WELCH, of Gladwin county, fell dead in Corunna while on his way to the train in a carriage with his wife, to whom he was married five days previ-

Ex-Alderman John Horn, of Detroit, saved a little boy named Anthony Grogan from drowning one day last week, and lost a \$150 watch and chain in

FIVE THOUSAND young eels have been deposited in the Shiawassee river. About 15,000 have been distributed in the lakes around Laingsburg and in the Looking-glass river.

THE steamer R. N. Rice, of the Detroit and Cleveland line, was damaged by fire while lying at the dock in Detroit to the amount of about \$30,000. There was an insurance of \$25,000.

the barge Emerald, was drowned at Bay City a few days since. He was seated on the rail, lost his balance, and fell overboard.

In addition to Francis Murphy, the blue-ribbon orator, Sylvester Larned, of Detroit: J. W. Fitzmaurice, of East Saginaw, and Isaac H. Parrish, of Grand Rapids, will deliver addresses at the red-ribbon celebration in Lansing, July 4.

THE State Sabbath-School Convention met at Ypsilanti last week. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. C. T. Allen; Vice President, Rev. W. F. Day; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. Z. Grenell; Recording Secretary,

At the annual meeting of the Van Buren County Woolgrowers' and Stock Breeders Association at Paw Paw the dinner and speeches were highly enjoyed, and the sheep-shearing festival was made particularly interesting by twenty-eight different entries.

THE total amount of liquor taxes for this year in Detroit is \$66,510, being a year's figures. The number of dealers of all grades is 685, against 719 last year.

THE wool clip of this State is fast passng into the hands of dealers and manufacturers at prices ranging from 25 to 35 cents for fine, according to condition. mostly at about 30 cents. The estimated number of sheep in the State is 1,800,000. Should the clip average five pounds, this would give 9,000,000 pounds as the product of the State, and, at 30 cents a pound, would give \$2,700,000 to the sheep raisers of Michigan.

THE following is a weekly list of United States patents issued to the inventors of Michigan for the week ending June 12: Apparatus for carbureting air, M. Mann, Ionia; twine-holder, A. Bennsoleil, Alpena; corner stake, S. D. Bonner, Newaygo; head block for saw-mills, H. Cleghorn, Muskegon; extracting mud from engines, T. Draney, Bay City; window blinds, J. W. Fawcett, Cedar Springs: eye-glasses, G. Johnston, Detroit; gas stove, W. McKenzie, Detroit; head blocks for saw-mills, A. Rodgers, Muskegon; lubricator, A. S. Skinner, Hastings.

THE Insurance Commissioner reports the number of companies doing business in this State to be 164, divided as follows: Michigan mutual, 40; Michigan stock, 2; other States, 108; Canadian, 3; other foreign, 11. Companies withdrawn: Alliance, Boston; Armenia, Pittsburgh; Bangor, Bangor, Me.; Citizens', Newark; Farmers' and Drovers', Louisville; Franklin, Indianapolis; Globe, Cincinnati; Home, Columbus, O.; Hudson, Jersey City; Oswego and Onondaga Phoenix, New York; Paterson, Paterson, N. J.; People's, Memphis; Star Fire, New York; Sun, Cleveland. The forty mutual companies in the State have risks in force to the amount of \$98,687,036, and a membership of 51,549, against 32,051 in 1870; amount of fire risks written by the Michigan stock companies of the States and foreign Governments, \$133,397,203; premiums received, \$1,930,583; losses paid, \$986,087; aggregate risks for 1876, \$145,421,718; premiums received, \$2,-104,996; losses paid, \$1,069,110. The risks in 1875 were \$163,074,518; premiums received, \$2,522,605; losses paid, \$1,350,148.

THE following is the full text of the act passed by the Legislature entitled "An act for the protection of guests in hotels from danger by fire." It was approved by the Governor May 22, and will go into effect three months from that date, or August 22, 1877:

section 1. The people of the State of Michigan enact that it shall be the duty of all owners or keepers of hotels or public houses, more than two stories high, to provide such hotel or public house with a sufficient number of fire extinguishers and a suitable fire alarm that can be heard in all parts of the house, and to keep a competent night watch during every night guests are lodged within such hotel or public

house, and they shall keep all halls and stairways well lighted all night, and at the head of each flight of stairs a red light, and no other

red lights shall be used in said hotels.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Township Board, the Board of Trustees of every village, and the Common Council of every city in which is located any hotel more than two stories high, to appoint a committee of three competent persons, one of whom shall be the Chief of the Fire Department or the Fire Warden, in all places having such offices, whose duty it shall be to visit and examine all such hotels within the township, village or city in which they are appointed, and to report to said Board or Council, as soon as practicable, such recommendations as they may door a such a recommendations as they may door the manufacture. tions as they may deem proper for the protection of guests from danger from fire.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of Township or Village Board or City Council, on receiving such report, to cause all needful alterations and additions or provisions necessary for the safety of guests from fire to be made within sixty days, and cause a notice to be served on THE late copious rains have put out the owner or keeper of such hotel, stating the alterations and additions or provisions to be made, either by ropes furnished the sleep-ing rooms of the hotels, or by ladders and such other means as they may think best to secure the safety of the guests, and all such expense shall be paid by the owner thereof And if any owner or keeper of such hotel shall neglect or refuse to comply with such requirements within the time and in the manner specified in said notice, he or they shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$25, and not more than \$100, for each month that he or they shall fail to comply with this act; and all fines accruing under this act shall be collected in the same manner as is now provided by law, and shall go the use of the library of the township, village or city where collected.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the Township Board, the President and Directors of any vil lage and Mayor and Common Council of any city to examine, or cause to be examined, at least once in each and every year, all such hotels within their respective corporations; and it shall be their duty to enforce, or cause to be enforced, the provisions of this act, provided that the provisions of this act shall not apply to hotels having less than thirty rooms used for guests.

Wellington's Strategy.

On a certain occasion during Wellington's campaign in the Pyrenees, that great Captain," being displeased with the dispositions Gen. Pictou had made for receiving the assault of Marshal An 8-year-old son of Capt. Fallins, of Soult, who had menaced him in front, ordered the plan to be entirely changed. But the difficulty was to delay the attack of the French until the change could be effected. This the "Iron Duke" accomplished in person in the following manner: Doffing his cocked hat, and waving it in the air, he rode furiously to the head of a regiment, as if to order a charge. Thereupon rose a tremendous cheer from the men, which was taken up by corps after corps until it re-Pictou's line.

As the roar died away, Wellington was heard to remark, musingly, as if addressing himself, "Soult is a skillful but cautious commander, and will not attack in force until he has ascertained the meaning of these cheers. This will give time for the sixth division to come up, III., the first autocratic ruler of Russia, and we shall beat him." It turned out in the year 1462, the territory he govsupposed those tremendous shouts to an- miles. At his death, in 1505, the whole nounce the arrival of large reinforcements, and did not attack until too late. Had he struck at the right moment, he would have won an easy victory; as it was, he met with a bloody repulse. This decrease of nearly \$10,000 from last was strategy. Not the strategy of books. but the strategy of genius, conceived and executed in the same moment. The idea was born of the occasion, and carried out on the instant.

An Editorial Brutus.

An editor out West indulges in the following talk to his subscribers and patrons. The famous speech of Brutus. on the death of Cæsar, rendered by Shakspeare, is made to do service in this

amusing travesty: "Hear us for our debts, and get ready that you may pay; trust us, we have need, as you have long been trusted; acknowledge your indebtedness, and dive into your pockets, that you may promptly fork over. If there be any among youone single patron—that don't owe us anything, then to him we say: Step aside, consider yourself a gentleman. It the rest wish to know why we dun them, this is our answer: Not that we care about ourselves, but our creditors de. Would you rather that we went to jail and you go free, than that you pay your debts and keep us moving? As we agreed, we have worked for you; as we contracted, we have furnished the paper to you; but as you don't pay we dun you. Here are agreements for job work, contracts for subscription, promises for long credit, and duns for deferred payment. Who is there so green that he don't take a paper? If any, he need not speak, for we don't mean him. Who is there so green that he don't advertise? Is any, let him slide; he ain't the chap either. Who is there so mean that he don't pay the printers? If any, let him speak, for he is the man we're after."

Hawks as Poultry Destroyers.

Colorado has, by legislative enactment, given a bounty of 25 cents for each and every hawk scalp. At Denver city, since the hawk season commenced, the money paid for scalps for that county alone averages from \$30 to \$40 per day. These hawks are mostly killed in the vicinity of chicken ranches, and the bounty does not offset their ravages on the poultry. They not only carry off the young and half-grown chicks, but actually attack the full-grown fowls, which are often killed by the furious onslaught of the rapacious hawks. Meadow larks have almost been exterminated by the common enemy. -Nevada Territorial Enerprise.

PRESIDENT and Mrs. Hayes attended the decoration ceremonies at Arlington Heights, near Washington, and in per-son and with flowers brought by themselves strewed the graves of the dead soldiers. Especially they decorated with their own hands the "Monument to the Unknown."

THE Hindoos are endeavoring to inroduce their religion into Australia, and Hindoo missionaries have been for a year aboring in that country.

A Case of Conscience.

Some years ago in a Maine village a

young lawyer hung out his shingle. For

convenience we may call his name Webber. He was of a social turn, and his office speedily became a sort of headquarters for the good fellows of the neighborhood. About two miles up the river lived an old farmer who was commonly known as "Old Alfred," or "Uncle Alfred." He was a character with a well-developed taste for ardent spirits and a chronic indisposition to pay his bills. The young lawyer was popular, and the storekeepers of the village sent him the bills which they could not collect. Thus it happened that many little accounts against Old Alfred came into young Webber's hands for collection. The old man would never pay until he was sued, and then would make vociferous complaints. He accused the young lawyer of grinding the face of the poor, and railed vigorously against being compelled to pay. His visits were special occasions of delight to the wags who frequented the office, as a lively discussion always ensued over payment of bill and costs. One day Webber had three bills against the old man, one of which he had sued, about one he had written a letter, and the third had just come in. Uncle Alfred came to see about the one which had been sued, and, after a prolonged and animated debate, paid it. Then Webber suggested to him the propriety of paying the one about which the letter had been sent, and thus saving the expense of a writ. The old man de murred for a while, but finally settled that, and then, remarking in a conclusive tone, "I hope I've got through with you now," prepared to go. "Well, no," said Webber. "I've got another little bill here which perhaps you'd like to look at before you go." This was too much for the old man, and he broke into a torrent of objurgations. After he had become a little calm, Webber remarked in his blandest tone, "Uncle Alfred, I will make you a proposition. If you will for the next two hours go around the streets here, mingle in the groups of the people on the streets and in the stores and lead the conversation to such a point that you can remark to them that young Webber is a very clever fellow, I will discount to you \$1.50 on this bill." Old Alfred almost lost his breath at this modest proposal. \ He wanted the \$1.50 bad, but when he realized what he was expected to do for it his heart sank. He said impressively: "Squire Webber, I'm verberated along the whole extent of a very old man and have done many wicked things in my life, but with my views of eternity I can't lie like that for money."—Portland (Me.) Press.

Remarkable Increase of Russian

Territory. At the beginning of the reign of Ivan as anticipated. Soult naturally enough erned comprised about 11,000 square extent of his dominions included about 43,600 square miles. Under the Czar Ivan IV. ("The Terrible") a considerable quantity of territory was annexed, so that at the time of his death, in 1584 the Russian empire may be computed to have contained 75,000 square miles. Theodore I., who succeeded Ivan, acquired territory from the Swedes, and also pushed his conquests beyond the Ural mountains; and at his death, in 1598, the Russian sway extended over ous. Nominally they are 10 per cent. 130,000 square miles. On the accession of Michael I., in 1613, the extent of the Russian empire may be taken at 156,000 square miles. Peter I., by his numerous conquests, materially increased its extent, and at his death, in 1725, it comprised 282,454 square miles. During the reigns of the Empresses Anna Ivanovyna, Elizabeth, and Catharine II., large annexations were made, so that on the death of the latter, in 1796, the Russian dominions extended over 352,472 square miles. The Emperor Paul I. added Georgia to his dominions, Alexander I, conquered Finland and annexed other territories, increasing the extent of the Russian empire before he died, in 1825, to 366,582 square miles; while Nicholas I., by the campaigns of 1828 and 1829, secured to Russia the khanates of Erivan and Nahitchevan, the district of Ordubab, and the pashalic of Achalzic, raising the total extent of the Russian empire to 367,112 square miles. Thus since the reorganization of the Russian sovereignty under Ivan III., some 400 years ago, the territorial dominions of Russia have increased to thirty-five times their original size.

A California Incident.

Jeff White was one of the wealthiest and drunkenest young men in Los Angeles, Cal. Katy Harvey was beautiful, but she belonged to a poor and wicked family, who conceived that they might mend their fortunes by inducing Jeff to marry her. Katy did her best to fascinate Jeff, and succeeded; but Jeff was not inclined to marry, and his sister influenced him as much as she could the other way. The Harveys got him into their house, and gave him whisky and morphine for two weeks. By that time he was at the point of death, and consented to the marriage. A willing Justice was found to perform the ceremony, but with his arrival came Miss White, determined to prevent it. Then there was a scene of strife at the dying man's bedside. Katy took his hand, and the Justice began the ceremony. Then Miss White pulled her brother's hand away. In the midst of the confusion he died, unmarried.

Gen. Ord.

Gen. Ord, now in command of the United States troops on the Rio Grande, is a grandson of George IV. and the actress Mrs. Fitzherbert, to whom he was married by a Catholic priest while prince regent. The consent of Parliament had not been given, and the marriage was illegal in English law. A son was born by this union and consigned to the care of a tutor named Ord, who emigrated with him to this country. The

youth took the name of his tutor, and married a Virginia or Maryland lady, by whom he had two sons, Atlanticus and Pacificus. The first was sent to West Point, and is the General on the Rio Grande. The second became a lawyer in New Orleans, and emigrated to California twenty-five years ago, where he is a Judge.

Fashion Notes.

Walking dress-skirts clear the ground in Paris.

Flounces gathered at wide intervals re very popular.

Scarf-pins of dead or oxidized silver are much sought for.

Linked sleeve-buttons are taking the place of other kinds.

Trained dresses are worn in the house only by Parisians.

Black silk and black cashmere Breton suits are coming in vogue.

The Shepherdess is the newest bonnet. It is intended for country wear. Bonnets composed entirely of flowers are worn by a few daring ladies.

Wide collars and cuffs worn over, not inside, the sleeve, are coming in vogue. Cuffs have round or square corners, to match the collars with which they are

Turned down collars are not as deep as formerly, and have a wider space in

The contest between short and trained street-dresses is decided in favor of the

English shirt-collars have turned-over points, rolled very far back, leaving the throat bare. Sleeveless sacks, slightly loose and

straight in effect, are worn with polonaises for the street. Ribbon lacings, fastening two parts of a garment, are among the novelties in

dress-trimmings. Necklaces of lace will replace for the summer the bands of velvet worn

with stylish costumes in the winter. Last season's silks are admirably freshened into new toilets by side-plaited flowers and ruffles of Swiss or tarlatan

muslin. Stylish suits are frequently made with the Louis XVI., or Continental, basque, with its long, square waistcoat and square postilions, square collar and cuffs a la

mousquetaire. The prettiest cheap jewelry in the market is of porcelain, made to resemble enamel, representing all the flowers of the field and garden. Sets can be had

to match every toilet. The newest style of evening dress is the "baby frock," made exactly as for an infant with all the fullness of the skirt thrown back, short waist, and wide sash belt closed with slashed loops and falling ends.

How Farmers are Oppressed in Turkey.

In the course of a report on the trade and industry of the Turkish empire, prepared by Eugene Schuyler, Consul Gen-Secretary of State on our commercial reis given of one of the Turkish systems of

obtaining revenue: "The taxes form the great obstacle to agricultural improvement in Turkey. Besides an impost of four per thousand on the value of real estate and 4 per cent. on its revenue, the tithes are very onerexcept when an addional half or quarter is imposed; in reality they sometimes amount to 25 or 30 per cent., as they are usually collected by tithe farmers who greatly oppress the people. The peasant, after having reaped his crop, must leave it on the ground until the tithe farmer comes and takes the large sheaf out of every ten. These sheaves the peasants must bring to the common threshing floor at their own expense and must then thresh then. In this way the carts and oxen and the threshing floor of a village are sometimes occupied for all the good autumn weather, then the peasants will be lucky if they be not compelled themselves to carry the grain of the tax farmer to market. In many cases the grain rots on the field before the tax farmer arrives. By law the tithe farmers and their guards must pay their own expenses, but this is rarely done. The party live for weeks at the cost of the peasants, demanding a receipt that they have paid in full before they estimate the harvest. The peasant submits in order to avoid greater loss. Add to this the taxes on cattle, the bad roads and the difficulties thrown in the way of introducing machines, and it culiar results rather adverse to cotton's is easy to understand the standstill of kingship. The 10,000,000 milch cows agriculture here."

Potatoes.

As an article of staple food, no vege-

table compares with the potato. In Ireland potatoes and buttermilk are the principal diet, the average laborer consuming of the former ten pounds daily. In Holland, boiled in fat with other vegetables, they form the ordinary repast of the working classes, who seldom eat meat more than one day in the week. Science teaches that the best proportions of food for the common wants of the system are about 9 per cent. of fat, 22 per cent. of flesh-formers and 69 per cent of starch and sugar; hence, with the addition of a little milk or butter, potatoes are capable of sustaining life and activity. To preserve a large percentage of the nourishing properties of potatoes, they should be cooked "with their jackets on." They need to be well cooked, with a considerable degree of heat; if boiled, they should be placed at once in boiling water; if roasted, the oven should be moderately hot at the start; peeled and soaked in cold water the nutritive, starchy matter is extracted and lost; with a slow oven the skin will be hardened and thickened. To secure the fullest benefits from this valuable vegetable much depends upon a proper knowledge of the best methods of

ALL SORTS.

THERE are four Jews in the Turkish Parliament.

Ir is a fraud to borrow what we are not able to repay.

CANKER-WORMS are killing the famous

elms of New Haven. Advise not what is most pleasant, but

what is most useful. RICHARD H. DANA has attained the

great age of 90 years. THEODORE TILTON'S daughter Florence

is with him in California. Some 800 dozen frogs' limbs from Detroit reach New York daily.

FORTY journals are published in Germany devoted to Socialism.

Most of the Southern papers take the side of the Turks in the war.

A BOUQUET of 350 flowers, each of a different kind, was exhibited at a Geor-

children are picking strawberries at Norfolk, Va. THE London papers employ seventy-

FIFTEEN THOUSAND men, women and

four Parliamentary reporters, the Times leading with fifteen.

ONE Boston gentleman has a cook who has been in the family fifty-four years and still thrives.

THE little town of Salem, N. C., with 2,000 inhabitants, has gathered and sent to market, during the past three years, more than 3,000,000 pounds of blackberries, for which the gatherers received nearly \$500,000.

In an election for school trustees in Denver, Col., votes were cast by 323 women. Only one was challenged, a miss of 18 years, who knew she was old enough to marry and thought she was old enough to vote.

To-DAY Berlin is covered with the wrecks of speculative credulity. Many of the millionaires of a few years ago are in a state verging on absolute poverty. Over-production and over-speculation have caused the crisis.

THE equality in point of numbers of the sexes is most nearly attained in France. For every 1,000 men there are 1,007 women. The other extreme is found in Paraguay, where there are 2,089 women for 1,000 men.

A CHURCH in Berlin, made of paper, is octagonal without and circular within. The material is made waterproof by saturating it with vitriol, lime water, whey, and the white of eggs. The building has fine relief work on the outside, and papier-mache statues adorn the interior.

HOBART PASHA'S valor, rash and impetuous as it seems to the lazy Turks, has been in the way of his preferment. He goes among them by the name of "Veli-Pasha" (Mad Pasha), and they hold, or affect to hold, him of little or no account in council.

COOKED snails are said to possess the power of restoring tone to the coating of eral at Constantinople, for embodiment the stomach when badly injured by in the forthcoming annual report of the strong drink. The sale of snails is a source of much profit to the peasants of lations, the following graphic description | Tivoli, near Rome, Italy, and the flavor is said to be more delicious than that of

> A FARMER in Ohio was prevented six weeks ago from cutting his throat with a razor. He said he would starve himself. He has since been kept alive on such liquids as he could by pretext be persuaded to swallow. He has had his coffin made, and it stands in his house ready for use.

> REAL estate in Washington is at a desperately low figure. The elegant mansion erected by Gen. Howard and subsequently purchased by Mrs. Schoolcraft, was lately disposed of for a mere trifle. The magnificent residence formerly owned by John Chamberlain went off last week for a trifle.

Public opinion in Germany is thus reflected in a conversation between two good burghers of Berlin, taken from a Berlin paper: First burgher-"So we are likely to have another war with France?" Second burgher-"Let us pray they may thrash us, so that they may be as poor as we are.

A GROVE of the great trees of the Yosemite has just been explored. It is of an altitude similar to that of the other groves, 6,000 feet. Instead, however, of being only a cluster of forty trees, it is a six-mile-square collection of 10,000. There are trees in it estimated to be from 100 to 4,000 years old.

A COMPARISON of the dairy interest with the cotton crop shows some pein this country are worth \$450,000,000. and the amount realized from their production foots up to \$275,142,585, while the last cotton crop was worth only \$200,-000,000.

QUEEN VICTORIA has completed her 58th year; only twelve other of the thirty-eight reigning sovereigns of Chris-tendom have attained to this age. The oldest of all is the Pope, who is 85, Emperor William is 80, the Czar is 59, Victor Emanuel is 57, Emperor Francis Joseph is nearly 47. The youngest of the sovereigns is Alphonso of Spain.

HERE is a remark from the La Crosse Sun which will be appreciated by con-sumers of breadstuffs: "There is something peculiar about flour. When wheat goes up 10 cents a bushel, flour finds it out by telegraph, but when wheat goes down, flour gets the news from the east by canal, and a mighty slow canal at that. The city should appoint some one to notify flour when wheat goes down."

NEWFOUNDLAND'S sealing voyage this year has been uncommonly prosperous. Vessels of the fleet have already returned with full cargoes, the cargo of one of them being 27,000 furs. Her voyage lasted only fifteen days. All of the vessels were propelled by steam, steamers having been found more profitable than sailing vessels. Only half as many men as were formerly employed are now needed on the fleet.

MEXICO.

THE plan of taking forcible possession of the northern provinces of Mexico and holding them until such time as there shall appear in that God-forsaken country a government capable at least of keeping its horse-thieving banditti on its own side of the Rio Grande, and further capable of giving some reasonable guarantee of the payment of damages already done, seems not unlikely to become a necessity, under the conditions of chaotic turbulence along the border that are evidently growing worse. At present, there is a pretending Mexican government in the city of Mexico, and another pretending Mexican government in the city of New York. Each of these pretenders has his adherents in the provinces bordering on the Rio Grande; but neither is able to exert anywhere in that region sufficient force to prevent the prevalence of a general throat-cutting chaos. Only last week, a body of Diaz' troops crossed to the Texas side of the Rio Grande to escape annihilation at the hands of a larger body of Tejada throat-cutters. But they did not thus escape, for the Tejada crowd crossed, too, and a characteristic Mexican battle between the "armies" of Diaz and of Tejada was fought on American soil. So it is along the whole boundary between Mexico and Texas. Neither the natural boundary, the neutrality laws, nor the presence at different points of small bodies of American troops, prevents the turbulence and ravaging of a chronic Mexican civil war (that began more than half a century ago, and promises to have no end,) from oveflrowing upon American soil, to the enormous injury of all local American interests.

It is time to put an end to this wretched business by the application of an effective remedy. Such remedy, and perhaps the only feasible one that would have the requisite effect, would be the plan of taking forcible possession of the border provinces.

FINANCIAL.

THE new administration pushes its financial expedients with such bewildering vigor that the president himself is some of the time in doubt whether he is "in step" or not, and the country at large is slow to catch up. Among the points on which Secretary Sherman has a postive policy would seem to be the contraction of the small bills, which are almost entirely of greenbacks. The withdrawal of this country. Newspaper publishers in the West, and other people who send or receive small remittances, complain of the scarcity of the \$1 and \$2 greenbacks. In no other civilized country does the sum total of small remittances equal that of America. The newspaper business is still largely conducted by subscriptions through the mail, although to a diminishing degree, the news companies and private effort steadily encroaching on the mail distribution. The book business is largely conducted by mail, and small parcels in various branches of merchandise are constantly passing to and fro and being remitted for. The fractional currency was handy for this purpose, but can be dispensed with. The American paper dollar, however, is indispensable for this purpose, to an extent to which it is not needed in France or England. We cannot say whether our habitual indulgence in paper money has encouraged the remittance system, or vice versa, but it is undeniable that a currency of small remittances must be provided for popular use in this country. In the anxiety to bullionize the country, a postal currency for remittances may be devised, but every effort to convert the post-office into an exchange bank necessitates a fee to offset the cost of the added clerical labor. The postal money-order and the registration of letters require a fee of 10 cents to sustain the cost of the added Four Pages Colored Plates. clerk hire.

THE following are the items of interest taken from the minutes of the session of the Common Council on Wednesday even-

The Committee on Streets and Bridges are instructed to examine the bridge on Ninth street, near Cappon's tannery, and make an estimate as to what the expense will be to repair the same, and report accordingly at the next meeting of the Council.

The amount recommended by the Director of the Poor and the Com. on Poor for the two weeks ending July 4th, is

An ordinance was introduced and passed amending Sec. 8 and 13, of Ordinance No. 51, relative to licenses, so that liquor dealers at wholesale or at retail, shall be compelled to pay a city license. Amount to be determined by the Council hereafter.

The City Clerk shall receive sealed proposals until the 1st day of July, 1877, to receive bids for the furnishing of lumber to the city from July 1st, 1877, to July 1st,

The salary bill did not pass, after all, only one vote being given in the affimative.

This salary bill is a "sticker." It is amusing, to say the least, to see them so unanimous in voting down a bill which had such a strong support only two weeks ago.

It is pretty well settled that the Prince and Princess of Wales leave England for Australia in the winter of 1878-9. They will return through the United States. The country will pay all the expenses, and the royal couple will thus be able to effect a little economy, which their straitened resources very much need. The Prince, without being extravagant, has now spent every farthing of the money which was accumulated during his minority of the Duchy of Cornwall rents, and he is now running into debt. If the Queen does not assist him, he must soon apply to Parliament; but the Australian visit is meant to stave off the evil day.

Some of the New York papers are wondering whether Mr. John Bigelow will "refuse to recognize" the signature of the secretary of war on the commission of his son, who graduates at West Point this year. Hon. Mr. Bigelow, it is well known, refused to "recognize" both President Hayes and Secretary Evarts on two memorable and festive occasions.

COAL mining is becoming quite an important interest in Alabama. From a yield of 4,000 tons in 1873, the product of her mines grew to 65,000 tons in 1876.

Special Notices.

CANDIES, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Shadines, Sardines, Salmon, Lobsters, Cove Oysters and all delicacies, we have a new stock just received.

G. J. A. PESSINK.

L. T. KANTERS is agent for a large house and offers fire works at wholesale and retail. The surrounding villages, who calculate to celebrate, can buy of him as cheap at wholesale as at Grand Rapids, or anywhere else.-Ice-cream at wholesale cheap, and warranted to keep one day.

New Advertisements.

Mortgage Sole.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 4th day of October, A. D. 1869, made and executed by Albert Borgers and Janua Borgers, of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, parties of the dist part, and Hendrik Lanning and Albert Riddering, of Zeeland, Ottawa County, Michigany parties of the second part, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Otrry, A. D. 1870, at 8 o'clock in the forencon of said day in Liber "T" of Mortgages, on page 84. And whereas, there is claimed to be due and unpaid at this day the social of the said and the said of this date the sum of three hundred and sixty and 55-100ths dollars for principal and interest and whereas, the said mortgage contains a condition that when any proceedings shall be taken to some ten millions of these bills from circulation, by omitting to issue new prints, discloses the need of such a currency in this country. Newspaper publishers in of such foreclosure and sale in case proceedings shall be taken to foreclose the same, and, no suit at Law or in Chancery having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the amount due upon said mortgage, for principal and interest, said attorney fee, and the costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale allowed by law, at public aution or vendue to the highest bidder, on the 18th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1877, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Otawa and State of Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County. The said mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows, to wit: All of that certain piece or parcel of land being situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, viz: The southeast quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty-three (23) in township five [5] north of range fifteen [15] west, excepting the Village of N Groningen and the Tannery property so-called, conveyed by Albert Borgers and Albert Nijmeijer, agents, to August Jansen, by Deed, executed September 14th, 1852, containing by computation twenty-three acres of land more or less.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., June 19th, 1877.

HENDRIK LANNING, and
ALBERT RIDDERING, GEO. W. McBride, Attorney for Mortgagees. Mortgagees. 19-13w



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MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment (of the second installmant) of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated on the ighth (8) day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy four (1874,) made and executed by John A. Roost, and Clara Roost, of the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, parties of the first part, and Gijsbrecht Stein, of Allegan, County of Allegan, and State of Michigan, party of the second part, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, on the eleventh (11) day of May, A. B. 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon of and State of Michigan, on the eleventh [11] day of May, A. B. 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in Liber "Y," of mortgages, on page five hundred and thirty five (535). And whereas, there is now claimed to be due and unpaid at this date on said second instalment of said indenture of mortgage the sum of one hundred and twenty-six dollars and eighty-one cents, (\$12.81) for principal and interest; And whereas, the said indenture of mortgage contains a condition that as often as any proceedings is taken to foreclose the same by vir-tue of the power of sale therein contained the sum of twenty (20) dollars shall be paid by the party of the first part to the party of the second part as a reasonable attorney's or solicitor's fee, and all the legal costs and charges of such foreclosure and sale in case proceedings shall be taken to foreclose the same, and no suit at law or chancery having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefor, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage for principal and interest of said installment, said attorney's fee, and the legal costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale allowed by law, at public auc-tion or vendue to the highest bidder on the tenth (10) day of September A. D. 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon of said day, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County. Said mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows that the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows to the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows to the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows to the county of the coun lows, to wit: Lot numbered five and the west fourth part of lot numbered four in Block fifty eight (58) in the village (now city) of Ho.land, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, ac-cording to the recorded map of the same. Dated, Holland, Mich., June 8th, A. D. 1877.

MARY STEIN, Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Gijsbrecht Stein, d. c. ased. HOWARD & MCBRIDE, Alty's for Executrix.

Administrator's Sale.

IN the matter of the estate of Frederick Van Den Beldt, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises herein described in the Township of Holand, in the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the tweuty-eighth day of May, A. D. 1877, by the Probate Court of Ottawa County. Michigan, all of the estate, right, title and interest of the said deceased, of, in and to the real es tate situated and being in the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit; All that certain piece or parcel of land particularly described as follows; commencing at a point two (2) rods south, and six (6) rods West of the North-east corner of the North-east quarter (%) of the North-west quarter (%) of section thirty-three (38), town five, (5) North, range fifteen (15) West, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, thence running South eleven (11) rods, eight and one fourth (8\(\frac{1}{2}\)) links; thence East six (6) rods; thence South nine (9) rods, fifteen and three-quarters (15%) links; thence West twenty (20) rods and en and one-half (10%) links; thence North twenty (20) rods and twenty four (24) links; thence East fourteen (14) rods and ten and one half (10%) links, to place of beginning, containing two and one-fourth (2%) acres of land, and being a part of the North-east quarter of the North-west quarter of section thirty-three (33) aforesaid. Terms made known at time and place

ISAAC MARSILJE, Administrator. DATED: June 2nd, A. D. 1877.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, 88:

At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the of Grand Haven, in said County, on Monthe fourth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Josephine L. Boyes, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James G. Boyes, representing that said Jose-phine L. Boyes lately died in said County of Ottawa intestate, leaving estate in said County of Ottawa to be administered, and praying among other things, for the appointment of himself as adminis-trator thereof. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday the third day of July next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law

of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Holland City News," a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of A true copy, (Attest.) SAMUEL L. TATE,

Judge of Probate.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery. At a session of said court, held at the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1877. Present, Hon. Dan J. Arnold, Circuit Judge. Sarah E. Wilson, Complainant vs. James C. Wilson, Defendant.

Upon due proof by affidavit, that James C. Wilson, the defendant in the above entitled cause. pending in this court, resides out of the said State of Michigan, and in Canada, on metion of William N. Angel, Solicitor for Complainant, Ordered, that the said defendant do appear and answer the bill of complaint filed in said cause, by the Eighteenth day of September, A. D. 1877, else the said bill of complaint shall be taken as confessed by him; and further that this order be published, within twenty days from its date, in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said County of Ottawa, and be published therein once in each week, f r six weeks in succession; such publication. hoever, shall not be necessary, in case a copy of this order be served on the said defendant personally, at least twenty days before the time herein prescribed for his appearance,

DAN J. ARNOLD, Circuit Judge. Examined, countersigned and entered by me. A. A. TRACY, Register. A true Copy of the original, on file in said cause ALFRED A. TRACY, Register.

HOLLAND MACHINE SHOP

CLARK & GOODRICK, Proprietors.

Having rented the machine shop and power, owned by Wm. H. Deming, of this place, we are prepared to repair all kinds of

Machinery, Stationary and Portable Engines, Setting up New Machinery,

SHAFTING. ETC... Making New Work, Saw Arbors, Shafting,

PULLEYS, ETC.,

Mr. Cla.k having had fourteen years of experieuce in setting up and repairing Engines. Boilers, putting in Steam heating apparatus, Pipe-building for steam, as and water, we will try and give satisfaction to all that give us a call.

CLARK & GOODRICK. HOLLAND, Mich., May 17, 1877.

New Arrival

SUMMER GOODS.

BOYS' CLOTHING

Is offered very cheap at

W. BOSMAN MERCHANT TAILOR.

ALL KINDS OF MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Give us a call and see our

Hats & Caps in Great Variety

Goods. J. W. BOSMAN.

HOLLAND, May 26, 1876.

CHAS. SCHMIDT, AUG. P. SCHMIDT.

Of all kinds and sizes.

Inscriptions cut in both the English & Dutch languages.

Dealer in all kinds of American and Foreign Marble and Granite.

> Chas. Schmidt & Bro., 77 CANAL STREET,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

To the Red Ribbon Men!

Having opened a TEMPERANCE

Next door to G. Van Putten's Store, we would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the facilities we offer them in all kinds of refresh-

Lemonade, Ice Cream, Candies, Cigars, Herring, Hot Coffee and Tea

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

MRS. SOPHIA BARNIER. HOLLAND, Mich., May 1st, 1877.

MORTGAGE SALE. DEFAULT having been made in the conditions

Dof payment (of the third instalment) of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated on the eighth (8th) day of May, A. D. 1874, made and executed by John A. Roost, and Clara Roost, of the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, of the first part, Gijsbrecht Stein, of Allegan, of County of Allegan, and State of Michigan, of the econd part, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa and tate of Michigan, on the eleventh (11th) day of May, A. D. 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day in Liber "Y" of mortgages on page five hundred and thirty-five (535) which third instalment of said indenture of mortgage was on the fifth (5) day of March, A. D. 1875, duly assigned by said Gijsbrecht Stein to I. O. Hoffman, of Allegan, Michigan, said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, on the third [8d] day of May, A. D., 1877, at one (1) o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in Liber "4," of Mortgages, on page two hundred and ninety eight, (298). And whereas, there is now claimed to be due, and unpaid at this date, on said third installment of said indenture of Mortgage, the sum of one hundred and seventeen and 42-100 dollars, (\$117 42-160,) for principal and interest. And, whereas, the said indenture of Mortgage contains a condition that as often as any proceeding is taken to foreclose the same by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, the sum of twenty (20) dollars shall be paid by the party of the first part to the party of the second part as a reasonable attorney's or solicitor's fee, and all the legal costs and charges of such foreclosure and sale in case proceedings shall be taken to forclose the same, and no suit at law or chancery having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or so much there of as is necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage for principal and interest of said installment, said attorney's fee, and the legal costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale allowed by law, at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder on the Tenth (10) day of September, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County; Said mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage and the said mortgage of the said mortgage or the said mortgage of the said mortgage or party and the as follows, to wit: All that certain piece or par cel of land, situate in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and de-scribed as follows, to wit; Lot numbered five (5) and the west fourth part of lot numbered four (4) in Block fifty-eight (58) in the village, (now city) of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, according to the recorded map of the

Dated, Holland, Michigan, June 8th, A. D. 1877. ISRAEL O. HOFFMAN, Assignee. HOWARD & McBRIDE, Att'ys for Assignee.

P. THIBOUT MERCHANT TAILOR

GRAND RAPIDS MICH

Has removed his business to

79 Monroe Street. Will be pleased to see all his old friends and cus

tomers that require anything in the clothing line. We make, cut and trim to order anything in our line according to the latest styles, and for the low est possible prices.

Repairing Neatly Done I. P. THIBOUT.

The undersigned wishes to inform his old friends and residents of Holland and vicinity that being at present located at Muskegon, he has made arrangements with Mr. D. R. Meengs, at Holland, at whose store, on River street, all job work for binding can be left. I have purchased a new and complete line of tools and stock and will furnish first-class work.

Dr. Bosisio's Column.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

A new medicine discovered by Dr. Alexander Bosisio, July 1st, 1876. This remedy is an extract from the branches of the peach tree, and will cure the following diseases, viz: Sore Eyes, Liver Complaint, Diseases of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Sick Headache, Hear burn, Catarrh, Fevers, etc. This remedy can be procured from druggists, who will order if they have it not on hand; or by writ ing to the Doctor it will be sent C. O. D. Price, \$5 per doz., \$3 per half doz. Not less than a half doz.

For Sale at the Following Druggists in Michigan:

1. Heber Walsh, Holland. 2. M. W. Beecher, 1. Heber Walsh, Holland. 2. M. W. Beecher, New Baltimore, 3. A. R. Foster, Otsego. 4. Chas. W. Johnson, Holly. 5. J. K. & S. McFinley, Niles. 6. J. F. Hofman, Hubbardson. 7. E. S. Dunham, Grandville, Kent Co. 8. Arthur Veitch, May P.O., Tuscola Co. 9, Kerkwood Bros., Ispheming. L. S. 10. Louis Meyer, No. 519 12th st., cor. Galena, Milwankan Wis S. 10. Louis Me Milwaukee, Wis.

Holland, Mich., April 26, 1877. After many efforts in the course of the last three years, with several physicians, for the cure of weak eyes, we calle in the services of Dr. Bosisio, who cured my daughter's eyes in two weeks.

W. G. F. BEEUWKES.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 26, 1877. It is a pleasure to inform you, that my wife, who has been confined to her sickbed for 22 years, has so far recovered her health and strength that she is enabled to enjoy her out-door walks regularly after having been treated by Dr. Bosisio three weeks. This improvement is steadily going on, and we have reason to hope for a further cure.

P. BERGHUIS.

This is to certify that after a treatment of four weeks by Dr. Bosisio our six-year old daughter, who for nearly two years has been lame and deprived of the use of her limbs, has so far recovered that she can walk on crutches and is steadily im-

G. VAN SCHELVEN Holland, Mich., April 27, 1877.

BIG RAPIDS, Sept. 26th, 1876. This is to certify that I have been blind for the past seven years, also been troubled with dropsy. I have tried ten of the best physicians in the State but they did me no good. Under the treatment of Dr. Bosisio, at the expiration of one week I walked two miles alone. I have used ten bottles of hi peach branch medicine, and am improving rapidly

every day.

Yours Repectfully, MRS. ELLA MARSHALL.

FREMONT CENTER, Mich., March 22, 1877. This is to certify that I have been suffering from chills and fever for 3 months; cured with one botthe of Dr. Bosisio's medicine.
CHAS. DICKERSON.

I have been suffering with fever and ague for 13 months; have employed numerous physicians but derived no benefit. Was cured with 3 bottles of Dr. Bosisio's peach branch medicine.

Respectfully DORA HACKERSON. In behalf of Dr. Bosisio, I will say that my

daughter has been sick with fever and ague for six months; have tried a great many different medi-cines but with the same result.—Procured some of Dr. Bosisio's medicine, and after taking 11/2 bottles of it she was entirely cured. MRS. HARRINGTON. I have been troubled with the ague for 11 months;

nave tried every kind of medicine that I could get. out could not get anything to help me. Hearing of Dr. Bosisio I sent to him for some medicine, and after taking one bottle I am entirely cured. Yours Respectfully,

538 Jewett St., Grand Rapids, Mich. Had catarrh five years and fever and ague three months. Employed numerous physicians, but re ceived no benefit. Dr. Bosisio cured my ague in 24 hours, and my catarrh in three weeks, with

24 hours, and my peach branch medicine.
MISS ANNIE BAUTHER.

CECHINNE ANTINE.

I have been sick and suffering with a sore throat for the past five years. I have tried numerous physicians, but could find no relief until I employed Dr. Bosisio, and after taking four bottles of his peach branch medicine, since three weeks under his care, I feel as well as ever I did.

Your true friend, SUSAN BAILEY.

I, recovering from a serious illness wish to make a few remarks in behalf of Dr. Bosisio, who has been my faithful physician until I am entirely out of danger. I was attended by two of the leading physicians in Fremont. who held a consultation, with the decision that I could not survive more than one hour from the time of their meeting .-Dr. Bosisio brought me entirely out of danger inside of 24 hours, and in three days was on my feet again.—To the Dr. I am indeed very grateful.

MRS. MARY J. SHOOTER.

It is with pleasure that I make this statement in egard to a serious illness from which I have just recovered .- Some six weeks ago I was to be con fined, and engaged one of the first physicians of Fremont to attend me; my case being an uncommon difficult one, I got no encouragement from him .- I then called a second one, who with nearly the same result, discouraged me to such an extent that I was driven into fits. At last I called Dr. Bosisio, who relieved me of the child and all pain and danger; to him I owe my sincere thanks.

ANGELINE TROYLEY.

Webber, Lake Co., Mich., July 25, 1876. I had been suffering from catarrh for four years. I have been treated by four different physicians during the time but derived no permanent benefit. After being under the care of Dr. Bosisio nve days, and having taken five bottles of his peach branch medicine, I am feeling perfectly cured, and gratefully recommend him to all persons suffering with

MISS ALICE ROWE. Sick with consumption for ten years. Cured in two weeks by using 10 bottles of Dr. Bosisio's peach branch medicine.

Had lung disease and dropsy for four years. Have tried the best doctors in the State and could find no relief. Procured the services of Dr. Bosisio, and in three weeks felt perfectly well. My wife was sick five years with lung disease and consumption; the tried numerous physicians, but found no relief. Was cured in five weeks by Dr. Bosisio.

Yours respectfully, JOHN BALDWIN.

BALDWIN, Mich., July 15th, 1876. I have been troubled with catarrh in its worst forms for about six years. I have tried different physicians and patent medicines, but derived no benefit. After taking five bottles of Dr. Bosisio': peach branch medicise, I am happy to say I am as MIKE O'BRIEN.

Had a running sore for three years; cured in nine days by using Dr. Bosisio's peach branch medicine. L. ULSON.

Had sore eyes 12 years; employed a great many physicians. but received no benefit. Dr. Bosisio cured me in one month.

JENNIE SNIDER.

Big Rapids, Sept. 26, 1876. This is to certify that I have been sick for the past five years, having tried twelve of the best doctors in the State, but they could do nething for me. I commenced under the treatment of Dr. Bosisio, an Italian physician, last week, and in twelve hours got up and left my bed. Respectfully, MRS. H. HAHN.

I have been troubled with sore eyes and dyspepsia for the past five years. Have tried several doctors but have found no relief. I procured Dr. Bosisio and after taking one bottle of his peach branch medicine I feel perfectly well. WILLIAM STOWE.

CONSULTATION FREE,

· No. 29, Ninth Street,

Residence of A. Westveer.

Jottings.

GOLD is steady at 10538.

THE first and second planting of a tenacre lot of corn, in Noordeloos, has been entirely devoured by crows.

MR. HITCHKOCK retires from the Grand Haven News-Journal, and Mr. John G. Lee assumes full sway over his office. Shake!

WE hear that the people of North Holland, Overisel and Coopersville, will have public 4th of July celebrations at their respective places.

THE funeral of the Queen of the Netherlands took place on Wednesday last. The prince of Orange, representatives of foreign courts, and an immense concourse of people attended.

GEO. W. McBRIDE, prosecuting attorney for this County, addressed the public on teetoltalism on Friday evening of last week at Kenyon's Hall. He had a good audience, considering the wet weather of that evening.

As a proof of prosperity and steadily increasing business we may mention that Mr. E. J. Harrington has put a large and handsome new safe in his store. The safe is perfectly fire proof, and a burglar would stand a poor show without being initiated.

THE shipment of staves from the factory of E. Van Der Veen & Co. continues with unabated rush. This week one of our schooners was loaded in 21/2 hours. This factory is also furnishing headings to the Butter Tub Manufacturing Company, all of which is a good sign of business.

THE strawberry and ice cream festival on Wednesday night, was a decided success. The capacious reading room of the Reform Club was well filled with the lovers of the berry, and the well wishers of the Club. It is encouraging for the treasury of the Club, to find their first festival so remunerative.

JOHNNY DE BOE, employed by Messrs Joslin & Breyman, accidentally shot himself through the left hand on Saturday last, the ball entering the inside of the hand and coming out on the back. Luckily it did not break any bones or sever any muscles, and it is hoped that the hand will not be permanently injured.

If the editor of De Hollander doubts our printing of the NEWS, we kindly invite him in, any Friday, and then he can see us do it. If he cannot see it then, we will but the fingers will undoubtedly be partly provide him with a pair of spectacles. stiff-if saved. Mr. Richards bore up un-But, Mr. Editor-while you are a member | der the ordeal, better than some bystandof the Board of Education, would it not ers, who had to take a sudden leave, or become you to correct your phraseology, | faint at the sight of the ghastly wounds. "just a little bit?"

THE railroad war is over again. The fast trains have been taken off, and now they proceed at their old gait. In conscquence our local roads have changed their time table again, which will go into effect to-morrow. The afternoon mail from Chicago will arrive about one hour later, and depart one hour later for Grand Rapids. The mixed train to Grand Rapids will leave about 15 minutes later. Corrected time table will appear in our next issue.

A HEAVY thunder squall passed over this city Wednesday night, accompanied by considerable rain. The house of Mr. H. De Vries, on 7th street, was struck by the lightning in a very peculiar manner. Not the slightest trace is to be found of its entrance into the dwelling, and still its work is plainly to be seen in the cellar-slivering down two of the cellar posts to the ground, and breaking some fruit cans. Besides frightening the family terribly, the damage was very slight.

Our Italian organ-grinder, who don't know enough about medicine to keep his medicine in a bottle, so that he had to have tin cannisters made to keep it from exploding, is out with a card in the Dutch papers against us, which is so full of falsehood and clothed in such disreputable language that it reflects with great credit (?) on the title M. D. It sounds more like the outpouring of an Italian brigand, who escaped from a dungeon. Whether he owes us money or not we shall endeavor to prove in a court of law, which will satisfy the public and us. In the meantime it will be well for cur friends abroad, especially in Allegan, where he intends to locate next, according to the Allegan Democrat of the 20th, to keep aloof from such a character, if they value their pocket-books. It don't surprise us in the least that he has to leave now, from here, under similar circumstances as he left Fremont Centre, for we were eye-witnesses to his management here, which was extravagant in the extreme, and collapsed just like his medicines-burst every bottle. In reply to our friends, who asked us, "how is it you keep his advertisement in"-we say, the pay for that is guaranteed by good parties. Ta, ta! doctor, sling your monkey on your shoulder and pass on to the next town.

A NEW stock of choice cigars just received, some of which are new brands and very good. Call at G. J. A. PESSINK.

SENATOR Ferry is slowly recovering.

THE latest news by telegraph is, that the loss in the St. Johns fire will be larger than at first estimated:

TEN members of the murderous society of miners known as "Mollie Maguires" were hanged in Pennsylvania on Thursday last.

THE log drive from Rogue river is all out and the logs delivered to owners at the city of Grand Rapids and Grand Haven. The drive contained forty-two million feet of logs.

On Friday night of last week another secret society was organized in this city under the name of Harmony Lodge No. 12, United Sons of Industry. Its main object is to promote the industries of the

MR. FRANK Fitch, of Chicago, traveling agent for Davieson's Museum of Anatomy, was in town this week to advertise the same. Mr. Fitch made a complete canvass of the town and every business place supplied with a pamphlet describing the contents of the museum.

Another Indian war has broke out a little further west than the late unpleasantness, viz: in Idaho. Several men, woman, and children have been butchered by the Indians, the regular troops were defeated and General · Howard has telegraphed for reinforcements. Exciting news is hourly expected at headquarters.

THE Council of Hope College has inaugurated a series of sermons on a broad educational basis to be severally delivered on the Sabbaths of the successive Commencement weeks. By appointment of Council, the first sermon of the series will be preached by Rev. Dr. Phelps, in the First Reformed Church, next Sabbath evening, June 24th.

THE rhetorical exercises of the "A" class, will take place in Hope College chapel on Monday evening, the 25th inst., at 71/2 P. M. The Alumini will meet at the same place and hour on the following day, and the General Commencement exercises will take place in the First Church, on Wednesday evening, at 71/2 P. M. A general invitation is extended.

Mr. Chas. Richards, the sawyer in Pfanstiehl & Van Kooi's shingle mill had the hard luck of getting his left hand in the saw on Saturday last, and the three forefingers were almost taken off and terribly mangled. He was taken to Dr. Morris' office, who fixed them up and sowed the pieces together, hoping to save the fingers,

Fife houses of Messrs. J. Myrick and J/Van Landegend were burglariously entered into on Wednesday night, immediately after the thunder squall of that night. At Mr. Myricks a gold watch and chain and masonic pin were taken, and at Van Landegends the burglars contented themselves with taking ten cents from the oldest boys' pantaloons and a loaf bread out of the pantry. It is reasonable to suppose that something prevented them from finishing their work at Van Landegend's, and quite a number of fresh tracks were plainly visible from the gate to the house, after the heavy rain in the loose sand, as it lies at present, and those tracks were carefully measured.

Ir will be sad news for many members of the Reformed (Dutch) Church in this State, and more especially in this colony, that the Theological Department of Hope by the General Synod. It will undoubtedly be looked upon by the masses as a step backward and although it may be a financial necessity, we have yet to hear of a not put their hands in their pockets and help this institution as an outgrowth of the church in the West, as well as Rutgers' College is of the East. We venture to say, that if Dr. Van Raalte had lived it would not have been done.

A RUNAWAY occurred on Thursday last, which might have cost the life of one man, at least. Mr. A. Siersema a farmer residing in North Holland, was coming down hill from Mr. Geerling & Co's mill, and by some fault of the traces the horses got unruly and started down 8th street, at full speed. Mr. Siersema hung on to the lines like a hero. By a slight collision with a heavy wagon the rear part of his wagon was left in front of Kroon's hardware store. The box, however, remained on the front wheels, and Mr. Siersema, into it holding on to the lines for dear life. The horses turned down River street and upset the remainder of the wagon while turning, and immediately after that the horses were stopped. The man had a narrow escape, but was unhurt. The only damages were a broken wagon.

We are prepared to furnish parties or any one person ice-cream at wholesale prices, as low as any other dealer, and we will guarantee a better ice-cream.

G. J. A. PESSINK.

THE steamship Iberian took out one hundred and ninety-five live cattle from Boston on its last trip.

JOHN Tyler, Jr., son of the late President Tyler, has been appointed Inspecter of Customs at Richmond, Va.

A DISPATCH reached this city on Thursday morning stating that about half of the town of Hartford, in this State, was burned during the night.

GEORGE Francis Train lectures this time at the rate of two hundred and fifty words a minute. The advantage of this rate of speed to the general public is that it can't be short-handed.

THE post-office in Allegan, was burglariously entered on Tuesday night and about \$15.00 taken from the cigar case of C. H. Adams. The government property was not disturbed.

THE notorious Robert Toombs, of Georgia, recently made a speech at Hot Springs, Arkansas, where he is staying. He indorses Hayes fully, and says he "is the first man in forty years who had carried out pledges made before the election.'

A HORRIBLE accident occurred at Muskegon, Mich., on Tuesday afternoon. While a youth named Rob't Sickenge, a Hollander, aged 14 years, was at work feeding a refuse-burner at W. H. Bigelow & Co's mill, accidentally fell into the trapdoor of the burner, and before he could be taken out, was burned to a crisp.

THE picnic of the First Church Sabbath school was well attended. The largest part of them went to the mouth of Black Lake, and had a pleasant ride down and up, and another party went to Van Duren's Grove and enjoyed themselves without coming in contact with dangerous water. The children enjoyed it immensely, and the whole affair terminated happily.

EUROPEAN dispatches report a battle in progress near Ostrok, ever since Sunday, the Turks not being able to gain a foot from the brave Montenegrins. The struggle is described as very desperate. In Asiatic Turkey the Russians seem to have won a battle in the open field near Delibaba, completely routing the Turks under the command of Mahemet, who fell during the battle.

THE color line is already beginning to give way in Louisiana. A municipal election was held in Vermillionville last week, and the whites divided into two parties, one of which put up a ticket composed entirely of whites, and the other one of whites and blacks. The white voters were whites and blacks. The white voters were almost evenly divided, and the election The Goods are first-class. Breakfast 25 cts. Dinner 25 was decided by the negroes, who, oddly enough, gave a majority for the straight

PAMENTS who may have occasion to send their children for liquor for medicinal use, should remember the following provisions of the new law: "The only parties allowed in any way to deliver liquor to minors are druggists, who may furnish liquor to any minor on written request of parent or guardian, or the prescription of a physician. It may be obtained once only on each prescription, and the physician making it must not be the proprietor or member of the firm of Opp. Van Raalte's Shoe Store. proprietors of the drug store." This law is very strict and binding on all Druggists who sell liquor, either with or without a Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, city license.

A little bright eyed three-year old was seated in his high chair at the dinner table. Mamnia had placed him snugly up to the table, pinned on his bib, and succeeded in geting the little mischievous College has been temporarily transferred hands quiet and making him "hush" when father proceeded to ask the blessing. While this was in progress our little chubby made a discovery. It was that all the plates on the table, except his own little plate, were good excuse from the rich descendants of | n one pile at "papa's place," and as it our forefathers down East, why they will beemed to him were put there to get the benefit of the solemn ceremony. So, scarcely waiting for the "A men," he held out his own plate in both hands, saying, "Please, papa, pray on my plate, too."-[Christian at Work.

> A LATE dispatch says: A terrible fire swept through the city of St. Johns, N. B., on Wednescay afternoon and night. All the printing offices, hotels, banks, etc., were consumed. A hard blow prevailed from the northwest. Lumber yards were burned, and the flames extended to the shipping, and burned many schooners and larger vessels. Several lives are known to be lost, and a great many are missing. The scene is terrific. Thousands of people wander about homeless. The loss is estimated at from ten to fifteen millions. Most of the provisions of the city are burned, and starvation must ensue unless aid is forthcoming immediately. The gasworks were burned, leaving the city in utter darkness. The telegraph wires were all down, so that particulars cannot yet be ascertained. We will give the particulars in our next issue.

> COME and see our newly fitted up ice-cream parlor, and see if it don't beat anything in the city as well as the ice-cream

G. J. A. PESSINK.

STAR HAT STORE,

NO. 22 MONROE STREET. Next door to Sears' Bakery. Has the

LARGEST

And best assorted Stock of

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS, IN GRAND RAPIDS. 11-18W PRICES VERY LOW.

If you wish to sec a well assorted stock of Goods for the Fall and Winter trade, go and call at the store of

DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware,

Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries. Flour & Feed. Provisions, etc

RIVER STREET.

HOLLAND, MICH

We invite the Public to come and examine our stock and judge for themselves. Our line of clothing is very large and complete and we have no doubt but we can satisfy all who wish to purchase.

WANTED.

Everything in the line of Produce will be receive and at the highest market prices.

HOLLAND, Mich., November 5, 1875.

NEW FIRM! CROSBY'S

G. Van Putten.

Having succeeded the late firm of G. Van Putten & Co., at the same stand and in the same business wishes to advertise through the columns of the News his stock of Dry Goods,

Hats & Caps, Groceries,

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Etc., Etc.

PRICES ARE LOW.

A prompt delivery free of charge, can

CALL AND SEE. G. VAN PUTTEN. HOLLAND, Aug. 2, 1876.

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DEALERS IN

and Fancy Articles. Prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours of the day and night. Our stock is all first-class, and we offer it to the public cheap for cash.

We invite our friends and the public generally to give us a share of their patronage. T. E. ANNIS, M. D.

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The above firm make a specialty of custom work. Guarantee satisfaction. Their prices are low enough to compete with any house in the city.

They keep constantly of hand a choice variety of Ladies and Children shoes and gaiters.

Repairing neatly done and at hort Notice.

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EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

Ladies,

Gents,

Youth and

Misses Wear.

Fall line for the Winter trade. HOLLAND, Jan. 1, 1876.

MORTON HOUSE BLOCK. Corner Monroe an d Ionia treets.

GRAND RAPIDS.

This is and remains the popular Eating House of Grand Rapids.

Spring Chickens on Hand.

If you want a square meal go and try them.

cts. Supper 25 cts.

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Meals got up to order any time, and satisfaction guaranteed.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

Boots and Shoes

Rubbers, Slippers, etc.

Of the neatest styles and best qualities which I offer cheaper than anybody else.

Makes Custom Work a Specialty.

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Meat Market.

No. 76, Eighth St.

This Meat Market is in Sluiter's Store, two doors East of L. T. Kanters' Book Store. We keep on hand a choice assortment of fresh meats, and also

Fresh Pork, Salt Pork, and every thing else belonging to that line of business. Full weights and good quality is our standing rule.

Come and Give us a Trial.

JOHN VAN DEN BERG. HOLLAND, Feb. 24, 1877.

FOR SALE.

A 8 Acre Fruit Farm containing some 300 bearing trape vines, 100 Currant bushes; Strawberries; ears, Apple, Quince, Chestnut, Mulberry, Appriot, Cherry and Peach trees in bearing No money required down inquire of J. VAN LANDEGEND, HOLLAND, April 19

THE SCORE CLESS THE SPAN FOR SPAN

AM authorized to sell the Steam Tug "Gem on favorable terms. Inquire of

BY ELIZABETH AKERS ALLEN.

The red-breast warbles in the leafless branches, The first shy sparrow tries his tender trills, and May, her girdle full of pallid blossoms, Trails slow her faint-green robes across the hills,

And we rejoice; not with light words and laughter We watch the soft relenting of the sky, But with a touch of vague, unspoken heart-ache, We say "the spring has come"—and smile—and

Yet we are glad. How is it that our gladness
Is thus sedate, and calm, and well controlled?
Is it that joy no longer craves expression,
Or can it be that we are growing old?

Have we so changed? Are sense and spirit duller Than when our happy hearts made louder mirth Has it grown less, our fond and quick perception Of all the levely moods of sky and earth?

Once we exulted in the morning's crimson, The evening's purple, and the sunset's gold; And every gleam and cloud brought added rapture, Ere we had thought or dreamed of growing old.

Yet still our grateful hearts leap up responsive To the brave blue-bird, laughing at the cold; Our eyes note every tint of sky and ocean— It cannot be that we are growing old.

No-while our nearness to the great All-mother Preserves us humble, pure and tender-souled, She gives us of her deathless youth and freshness, And those who love her never can grow old.

The years may check or still our lighter laughter, And hush our hearts with chidings manifold, And spring may come and go, and find and leave us Sobered, perhaps, but surely not grown old!

—Scribner for June.

BIANCA.

"Well, Bianca, darling, I'm glad this cousin of yours is coming to Oakwold.' "Why, Anthony?"

"Because you need society, and that of Eastbury is rather too orthodox and primitive for your tastes. As for my own, my medical labors have become no longer a sinecure since old Doctor Parton's death, and you see very little of me during the daytime, just at present."

"Indeed, that is true, Anthony;" and beautiful Bianca Stanley clasped those graceful arms of hers very lovingly about her young husband's neck. "I miss you more than words can tell, sometimes. You remember what pleasant mornings we used to spend during May -the first month after our arrival at Oakwold? You read me those charming 'Idyls of the King, and it was all so delicious; and now"-

"Now I am a man of leisure no longer," Anthony Stanley interrupted, "but one of the busiest doctors in all the county, perhaps. But, Bianca, I want to ask you a few questions about this cousin. Do you exactly relish the idea of her coming here to pay for her board?

I confess, candidly, that I do not." Bianca laughed merrily. "Perhaps I ought to feel very much

ashamed of our limited circumstances, Anthony; that's the way to express yourself elegantly, I believe, when you want to say that you are not well off; but, somehow, I would just as lief the whole world knew exactly how we are situated. Of course, Ellinor understands all about it. Not having seen me since her return from France, she is anxious to spend a few weeks here at Oakwold Cottage, and I am immensely anxious to have her. Accordingly, she proposes doing so, instead of accompanying her mother and sisters to Scarborough. She is not willing to make a third member of our family, you know, without "__

"Yes, yes, I understand. Well, Bianca, you may take her payments for pin-money, if you choose. And now tell me something about your cousin. What is she like?"

"Like a very lovely woman, Anthony."

"Handsome?" "Very."

"Clever?"

"As a schoolmistress. You will be delighted with her conversation, I know. She has a faculty, people say, of making all other women appear stupid and trivial by contrast."

"Nonsense, Bianca. That simile of the schoolmistress was very poorly chosen, if you want to prepossess me with your cousin. I abhor schoolmistresses. Just hand me that bottle directly behind your elbow, that's a dear."

Mrs. Stanley turned toward the row of bottles placed upon a shelf in her husband's surgery, in front of the desk at which he was then seated.

"Which, Anthony? This one, containing white liquid?"

"Gracious, no! That's a horribly poisonous compound. Imagine poor Mrs. Marlowe's feelings if I took over to her sick baby a vial of that deadly stuff. The one to the right of it, if you please. Thanks, my dear. And now, one more question. When is Miss Ellinor Erskine going to make her appearance at the

"To-morrow morning, she writes me. And we may expect her, for Ellinor is infallible about keeping promises.'

The next morning Miss Erskine justiaffied her cousin's remark by arriving at Oakwold. The greeting which she received from Bianca Stanley was warm and affectionate. The two ladies had been intimate friends for almost as long as each could remember, and the love which existed between them was, on Bianca's side, at least, of the sincerest nature. Physically, they formed a striking contrast, Mrs. Stanley's delicate pink-and-white complexion, pale-gold hair, and petite figure being widely different from her cousin's statuesque, stately beauty.

It was beauty of a superb type, most people were fain enthusiastically to admit on seeing Ellinor Erskine for the first time. Unusually tall, but of such perfect grace in her every posture and gesture that tallness was a charm, not a defect; possessing a skin of the purest whiteness, hair of that glossy blue-black hue which is so rarely seen, and eyes of a deep, lustrous hazel; showing, in her manner and conversation, all that the most cultivated and fastidious taste could desire, Miss Erskine was what we may term a fascinating woman in every

and hostess on a twilight walk along the exquisite wooded shore near which the cottage was situated -a line of rugged, picturesque land, where rocks, and bowlders, and fringy cedars made quite a battle for predominance, yet mingled their wild elements in one wilder sort of harmony beautiful beyond expression.

"We must show Ellinor the armchair, Anthony," Mrs. Stanley remarked, as the party stood on a low cliff overhanging the waters beneath, bathed just then in the soft purple of sunset. "It's only about a yard from where we now are.

"The arm-chair!" Miss Erskine said, in surprised tones. "What can you possibly mean, Bianca?"

"A perfect arm-chair," was the reply, carved out of rock by that slow old sculptor yonder, the sea. Anthony and I discovered it about a month ago.

They reached the spot presently, and found the curiosity Bianca had mentioned-a mass of rock, so worn by the immemorial action of the waves below it as to bear an exact resemblance, legs omitted, to an exceedingly comfortable, commodious arm-chair.

"How delightful!" exclaimed Miss Erskine, seating herself in this piece of natural furniture. "I suppose you come here often, Bianca-you and that loving husband of yours?" with a glance of the young lady's hazel eyes in Doctor Stanley's direction. "There's ample room for two, by the way, isn't there?"
"Oh, yes," Bianca answered. "We

do sit there now and then. Anthony read me Tennyson's 'Idyls' in this spot about a month ago."

Mrs. Stanley's remark served to turn the conversation, during their homeward walk, upon literary subjects; and, if her husband had not concluded that Miss Erskine's intellect was fully equal to her beauty, certain clever words which now fell from the lips of Bianca's cousin must have assured him that such was the

"I like her immensely," he said to his wife later that evening, when their guest had retired. "She is certainly a very brilliant woman."

"I'm so glad you think so," was the pleased response. "Ellinor is going to make your summer, as well as mine, Anthony, very delightful, I am sure."

Before many days had passed, Bianca Stanley had cause to recollect her prophecy with regard to Ellinor Erskine. There seemed decided probability of her making Anthony's summer far more pleasant than his wife had anticipated. Liking her cousin, Bianca began to tell herself, with an occasional pang of something very similar to jealousy, was a different matter from appearing almost fascinated by that cousin's society.

"Of course, the young wife mentally confessed, "I am just the least bit jealous. Why should I not feel so? It's perfectly natural. Anthony and I have been leading such a mutually devoted sort of existence ever since our marriage that it annoys me to see him treat another woman politely. Beyond a doubt, he only means to be polite, nothing more. I am very foolish, but I suppose the folly is common to most newly-married wives."

At the end of another fortnight, however, Bianca's slight annoyance had assumed a far different form. It had grown to be a terror. She believed that he was in love with Ellinor Erskine.

Resolutely proud, she suffered her agony-for agony it was, of the keenest sort—to betray itself by no word or sign.
If her treatment of Ellinor Erskine showed faint traces of coldness she could not refrain from exhibiting now and then, it was of so slight a nature as not to be observed by her husband.

Several weeks wore away. Bianca's life had become a torture now. She seldom joined in the conversation between Anthony and her cousin; she seldom intruded upon their frequent tete-a-tetes. also a right to determine what it will and Some women would have shown their anguish in bitter upbraidings and passionate accusations; Bianca held her peace, and was wofully miserable. She loved her husband with an intense depth of love, and was called upon daily to observe his reckless admiration of another woman. It was torment, and yet she spoke no word.

said. "I had hoped to spend this undertakings avowedly criminal. Lotlovely afternoon in your society; but—a proverb.

murmured; and those bewitching hazel fendant in the case above referred to eyes-how utterly had they bewitched the man who now stood beside herlooked even more than the sorrow she professed to feel. "We were going to take a long walk together this afternoon, were we not?"

"Yes. Don't speak about it in that tone, please, or you'll make me do very desperate things in the way of professional neglect.

"Ah, I have no such power over you, I fear," accompanying the words with a long, soft sigh. Dr. Stanley laughed an odd, harsh

sort of laugh. "I have told you what power you pos-

sess, Ellinor; I have told you of the absorbing love that-

"Hush, Anthony, you are speaking too loudly. We might be overheard!" And Ellinor Erskine glanced toward one of the windows opening out from the veranda in which they stood. There was a faint rustle of one of the curtains at that window just then, which Miss Erskine, if she noticed it, mistook for a motion caused by the light, September

Dr. Stanley's tones had changed decidedly when he again spoke: "Thomas is at the gate yonder with my carriage. Perhaps I shall be able to return sooner than I expect to do; but now I have no choice in the matter of remaining. We The first evening following her arrival can take our walk at twilight, if I should at Oakwold, she accompanied her host return in time. That rocky arm-chair in another column of this paper.

Good-by !"

will be a very pleasant spot for such a lovely evening as we are promised. "Good-by!" she answered, smiling;

and then their hands met. Just at this moment, in the little surgery at the rear of the cottage, there stood a white-faced, wild-eyed woman, searching for something among the array of bottles on a certain shelf. That which she came to seek was found presently, and she clutched it with a fierce, eager grasp, hurrying, a moment later, from the apartment.

"What a lovely evening! Your prophecy was a correct one, Doctor."
"Yes," Anthony Stanley responded,

as he and Miss Erskine strolled shoreward with slow, lingering steps. "Just watch the waters. They are a perfect blaze of silver and crimson from here. Have you thought over all that I said, Ellinor, last evening? Are you prepared to give me an answer-about our flight,

He was looking fixedly at her face; but she avoided the glance.

There are some women who love to stand upon the verge of moral precipices, enjoying the danger, but feeling secure enough, during its continuance, in their own powers of equipoise. Ellinor Erskine was such a woman. She had gone to the utmost limits of a precipice now, and had looked down upon the perilous depths beneath her, and had enjoyed the excitement of her dizzy position, and had maintained her coolheadedness throughout. It was time to draw back. To have taken the leap, as this man at her side had been urging her to take, would have been an act of folly altogether ridiculous.

"I must disenchant the infatuated creature," she murmured to herself, "before we return to Oakwold." Then aloud, "I will give you my answer when we reach the arm-chair, Doctor Stanley.'

They reached it soon afterward. Its high back, carved from the living stone, rose up clear and distinct against the evening sky.

"Heaven help me, Ellinor, if that answer is not what I hope for!" he whispered. "Be the passion sinful or righteous, I have learned to love you. My God! Bianca!"

He stood frozen with horror now, gazing within the recess of the rocky chair. Her face wearing the unmistakable stamp of death, her golden tresses floating upon the soft breeze, one livid hand clenching a small vial-shaped bottle, the other pressed convulsively against her bosom, Bianca Stanley sat within the granite arm-chair, upright, ghastly, immovable.

She had told the secret of her agony at last, and had told it in a voice of such terrible power and meaning that they who looked upon the awful rebuke of her lifeless beauty must expiate their sin with lifelong repentance!

Lotteries and the Mails.

A decision of Judge Blatchford in the District Court sustains the constitutionality of the act of Congress excluding from the United States mails letters or circulars concerning lotteries, gift concerts, and similar enterprises. One Jackson, who is an agent for the Havana, Kentucky, and other lotteries, was arrested for violation of this law. As he was held to answer, his counsel, Judge Dittenhoefer, took out a writ of habeas | the capillaries in the highest degree. corpus and brought him before Judge Blatchford. The ground taken for his release was that constitutionally Congress had no right to exclude any sealed letter from the mails, whatever might be its contents. Judge Blatchford, however, in his decision, took an entirely opposite view of the question, holding that, as Congress had the power to establish postoffices and post-roads, it had what it will not carry. So the prisoner took nothing by his habeas corpus; and

was remanded to custody. We suppose that a similar decision might have been arrived at upon grounds of public policy. It is evident that, if the Postoffice Department is under obligation to carry anything and everything which may be tendered to it with a request for transportation in a sealed pack-"Yes, I am forced to go," Dr. Stanley age, it may be made the agent of many teries may or may not be adverse to good doctor proposes, a patient disposes, if morals, but Congress has expressed the you'll pardon my mutilation of an old opinion that they are, and has done what it could to prohibit them. We do "I am very sorry," Ellinor Erskine not see why the argument for the demight not be employed to save one posting obscene literature from richlymerited punishment. The rule discriminating against lottery matter is made because lotteries are held to promote bad habits, and purchasing them tends to impoverish the purchasers.-New York Tribune.

> Petrified sea turtles and cocoanuts have been found in earth mounds in Southern Colorado. These mounds form a vast range, and are fifteen miles from the foot of the Rocky mountains. One is four miles in circumference at the base, and has a thrifty growth of trees. Petrified and agatized wood is beneath the surface. The mounds are thought to have ages ago been islands of the sea.

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An Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States gets \$10,000 a year. The Judge of the Common Pleas, of New York, gets \$15,000.

SEE advertisement of S. Taylor & Co.

"Canker in the Bud."

You watch its development with expectant solicitude—the choice, exquisitely-molded bud, which promises to unfold with the perfect flower. which promises to unfold with the perfect nower. You perhaps think how it will adorn the drawing-room vase, and anticipate the pleasure of showing it to your flower-loving friends. But some morning you find its head drooping, its fragrance fled, and an ugly purple spot on one of the delicately-tinted petals. It is the poet's "canker in the bud." How often the loathsome capker blights the cherished "infant blossoms" in our household gardens—those human buds which give earnest of a brilliant future. The noisome canker, so long concealed-scrofula-at length reveals its dreaded presence and to our bright hopes succeeds the most agonizing fear, for we know the fatal sequel it portends-pulmonary consumption. It is estimated by eminent medical authorities that at least one-fifth of mankind are afflicted with this insidious malady. But its ravages are so secret that even its victims are unaware of its presence until it suddenly discloses itself in some of its myriad and ofttimes fatal forms. A slight cutaneous eruption is often the only indicator of its presence. The only means of exterminating this disease from the system is by a thorough course of constitutional treat ment. This treatment must fulfill three indications, namely, promote nutrition, alter or purify the blood, and arrest disorganization of the tissues and the formation of tubercles, No more efficient alterative can be employed for these purposes than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. While imparting strength and tone to the digestive organs it cleanses the blood and heals the diseased tissues. Test its virtues ere the deadly canker has blighted the life you prize. A Medicine of Many Uses.

A medicine which remedies dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation, debility, intermittent and remittent fevers, urinary and uterine troubles, depurates the blood, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism and gout, and relieves nervousness, may be truly said to have many uses. Such an article is Hostetter's Bitters, one of the most reliable alteratives of a disorderly to a well-ordered state of the system ever prepared or sold. It has been over a quarter of a century before the public, is indorsed by many eminent professors of the healing art, and its merits have received repeated recognitions in the columns of leading American and foreign journals. It is highly esteemed in every part of this country, and is extensively used in South America, Mexico, the British possessions and the West Indies. If its increase in public favor in the past is to be regarded as a reliable criterion of its gain in popularity in coming years, it has indeed a splendid future before it.

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to great results. You may have the best flour, eggs, milk, shortening, however, and still have poor bread, cake, pastry, etc. Why? You didn't use DGOLEY'S YEAST POWDER. With this last magic element to give order, harmony and union to the rest, the result is a mathematical certainty. Try it, and be convinced.

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FIERCE FIGHTING.

Montenegrin Against Turk—The Battles at Duga Pass-Terrible Slaughter of Turkish

The cable furnishes the following details of the recent desperate attempt of the Turkish troops under Sulieman Pasha to force the famous Duga pass, in Montenegro, and their disastrous repulse: After making his dispositions with great care, and seizing several important positions in front of Krystaz and at the immediate entrance of the Duga pass, Sulieman Pasha advanced with several battalions and mountain artillery to force the defile held by the Montenegrins. There being only one available road, and that leading directly through the Duga Pass, the Turks sought, by dint of sheer fighting, to seize the bends

head of their column. days the Montenegrins slowly retired before the well-deployed Turkish line, until the narrowing of the ground and the increasing difficulties of the road forced the Turks to reduce their front. Then the concentrated fire of the Montenegrins, delivered from every rock and gully of the rugged mountain slopes, began to tell with frightful effect on the Turks. Amid a perfect hail-storm of bullets the brave Turkish infantry struggled onward, encumbering the road with their dead and wounded at Golia shelled the defile in advance, but with little effect, as the Montenegrins were well covered and suffered only when the Turks desperately charged on

them amid the rocks and brushwood. The fighting on the third day was almost hand to hand, the combatants firing in each other's faces at a few yards' distance. But, although the Turks gained ground slowly, it was at a terrible cost in men. Their superior numbers enabled them to push up supports to take the places of the slain, and it seemed as if the head of the Turkish column of attack was melting away as before a furbravery of Sulieman Pasha's troops, the fourth day's fighting found them no already lost nearly 3,000 men. Still they endeavored to maintain possession of the ground they had gained at such a fearful cost. But the effort was hopenow only a question of covering the retreat of the exhausted column. This was begun by a furious onslaught on the advance, but which was quickly repulsed by a murderous fire. The retreat now became general, and the victorious mountaineers speedily followed the retiring Turks, killing an immense number, and reoccupying their former posi-

In this prolonged and bloody combat. lasting over five days, the Turks have lost over 4,000 men and a quantity of prms left on the field. The victorious for 1877, issued by the United States Treasury, gives the valuation of all foreign coins in the specie of the United the natural strength of their position | States: and to the necessary exposure of the Turks during the attack and retreat.

Vesuvius Firing Up.

Vesuvius has every appearance of firing up for another eruption. Smoke is constantly issuing from the crater, and occasionally in immense volumes, that overspread the atmosphere like a sable pall. The other day a dense black cloud that had gathered about the crater was suddenly driven over Pompeii. Ashes and cinders fell in a thick shower, and for a time it looked as if themidday darkness that attended the eruption which overwhelmed Pompeii and Herculaneum was to be renewed, and the partially disentombed city was to be buried up again. I thought of the fate of Diomed's family, smothered to death in the wine cellar, where they sought refuge. When the cloud drifted over, the pavements of Pompeii were covered with a thin layer of hot volcanic ashes and minute scoriæ. I asked the director of excavations if Pompeii might not be covered up again. "That depends on the duration of an eruption of Vesuvius," he said, "and its character. Should it break forth on the eastern side of the mountain, eject masses of scoriæ, volcanic ashes, and showers of boiling water, the effect would be as disastrous as in the 79th year of the Christian era, when Herculaneum was covered up by a strata of volcanic the manuscript of a story, and gave a matter sixty feet deep, and Pompeii and receipt for it. After several months the Stabia and other cities were entombed beneath heaps of mud and volcanic deposits." Vesuvius is the most uncertain of volcanoes. Prior to A. D. 79, it had slumbered for centuries. Since then it has been more or less active, with spasmodic intervals of tremendous fury and desolation. Pompeii is more than onehalf excavated, but much remains to be done before this old Greek city will again be entirely laid open to view within its walled circuit. - Naples Cor. Philadelphia Press.

Catching a Bear with a Lariat. Mr. John Wilson, who lives on the Colorado river, near Beasley's, San Saba county, killed last week a very large brown bear. He was cow-hunting, and had a revolver with three barrels loaded when he came in sight of bruin. He gave chase immediately, and with three balls wounded him slightly. Having no more ammunition, he had recourse to

became tighter about his throat. Finally the air passages were closed, and the bear was, as the horse breaker styles it, choked down. Wilson sprung from the horse and fastened the rope to a tree, then caught the bear by the hind feet and kept him stretched until he quit struggling. Then with a small but sharp-pointed pocket-knife he severed his jugular vein. The bear weighed 400 pounds when dressed.—Galveston (Texas) News.

Death of Gen. Henningsen-A Remarkable Career.

One of the most noted characters of Washington, Gen. Charles Frederick Henningsen, died at his residence in that city a few days ago. He was the natural son of a British nobleman, and his varied career as an adventurer has not been of the road so as to place their guns in position to support the advance of the crowded Washington in the past century. During his last days this noted man was The ground was favorable for this reduced to most abject poverty. He was plan of operations. For the first two a very remarkable-looking man. He was over six feet three inches in height. He always wore a black, close-fitting suit of clothes that had the appearance of a half-military dress. Even down to his last days, when suffering, he could never bring himself down to ask for charity. As he spoke all of the Continental languages with the greatest fluency, his friends attempted to secure him a place as translator in the State Department. Every attempt, however, failed. He died alone. He was of Scandinavian extraction, born in England in 1815. At the age of 19 he went to Spain to espouse the cause of Don Carlos, the grandfather of the present pretender to the Spanish of the present pretender to the Spanish every step. The guns posted before the age of 19 he went to Spain to espouse throne. His first service was as a Captain in the body-guard of Zumalacarrequi. He was subsequently made Colonel, and in that capacity led a column against Madrid, capturing the outer fortifications of the city, and held them for several hours, until notified that Don Carlos could send him no reinforcements. He was once captured. After being liberated he fought against Russia in the | Caucasus. Returning to England, he wrote "Revelations of Russia," three volumes, which was translated into nace. Notwithstanding the stubborn French. He afterward took part on the national side in the Hungarian war of 1848-9. In 1855 he commanded a filinearer the key of the pass, and they had bustering expedition to Nicarauga, where he joined Walker, who was afterward shot; Gen. Henningsen, however, managed to make his escape, after having served with great gallantry. During less. The hardy Montenegrins repulsed the late civil war in this country he every attempt to advance, and it became | served in the Confederate army as Colonel, and frequently commanded the defenses of Richmond. After the war he took up his residence in Washington Montenegrins by the troops furthest in and became interested in the cause of Cuba. His principal writings are. "Twelve Months' Campaign with Zumalacarrequi," "The Past and Future of Hungary," "The White Slave" (a novel), "Eastern Europe," "Sixty Years Hence" (a novel of Russian life), and 'Analogies and Contrasts.'

Foreign Coins.

	AustriaFlorin	0.453
	BelgiumFranc	.193
	BoliviaDollar	.965
	Brazil Milreis of 1000 reis	.545
	British Possessions, N. A. Dollar	.100
	BogotaPeso	.965
	Central America Dollar	.918
	ChitiPeso	.912
	DenmarkCrown	.268
1	EcuadorDollar	.918
1	EgyptP'nds of 1(N) pi'st's 4	
	FranceFrance	.193
	Great BritainPound sterling	.8663
	Greece	.193
	German empireMark	
		.238
1	Japan Yen	.997
	IndiaRupee of 26 annas	.436
	Italy Lira	.194
1	LiberiaDollar1	
1	MexicoDollar	.998
1	NetherlandsFlorin	. 385
	NorwayCrown	.268
1	Per Dollar	.918
1	PortugalMireis of 1000 reis.1	
	Russia Rouble of 100 c'p's	.734
1	Sandwich islands Dollar1	.000
1	SpainPeseta of 100 cent	.193
	SwedenCrown	.268
1	SwitzerlandFranc	. 193
	Tripoli	. 829
1	TunisPi'st'r of 16 car'bs	.113
	TurkeyPiaster	.043
	U. S. of ColumbiaPeso	.918
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Rejected Manuscript.

A London court decided not long ago that the editor of a newspaper or magazine is bound to return a rejected article if it is demanded, when it is still extant, but is not bound to give compensation for its destruction, if he has destroyed it before it is demanded. A case of the kind has lately been decided at Paris. The director of a paper there received receipt for it. After several months the author asked for the insertion of his work, its restitution, or compensation. The director asserted that he gave up the manuscript to a representative of the author who came to reclaim it, but does not seem to have produced proof of this, and added that the notice at the head of his paper, to the effect that manuscript would not be returned, was sufficient to relieve him from all responsibility. The Tribunal of Commerce of the Department of the Seine, looking to the fact that the receipt of the article had been acknowledged by the editor, gave the author damages to the amount of \$240.

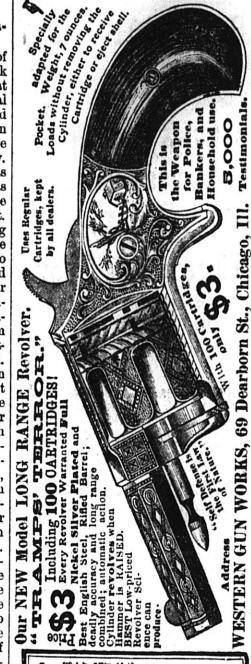
High Price of Potatoes.

Old potatoes are selling in Hartford for \$1.50 a bushel—an unheard-of price -and the quality is not of the very best. either. Nor is this the worst of it. Owing to the ravages of the Colorado potato-bugs, who are not only here, but appar-ently come to stay, the chances seem to his lariat. Many times did the bear de- be that prices will be no better next winhis lariat. Many times did the bear details lariat. De that prices will be no better next winter and spring. It is said some of the tightened around it, when finally Wilson checked the horse the instant the noose was passing over the bear's head. A prison, where we suppose they use 2,000 quick jerk with the hand, a hard pull bushels a year, the Warden has cut down from the saddle pommel, as the trained his purchases of that vegetable more cow horse fell back on his haunches, and than half since the price rose to \$1.50. the fierce beast was secured. Then commenced a series of plunges, snarls, angry growls, and frantic efforts to sever the lasso; but with each struggle the rope (Ct.) Times.

UNEQUALLED OFFER. Full Nickel Silver Plated 7 Shot Revolvers as Premiums.

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It has been a proven fact for thirty years that this sholesome and agreeable alterative will always prevent the minor allments of the body from culminating in largerous maladies, if administered at the proper time, deet the first symptoms with this inestimable remedy, seit-neglect in such cases is a crime. Sold by all druggests.

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

Complete Horse-Power Establishments, with 24-inch, 28-inch and 32-inch Cylinders, and 6, 8, 10 or 12-Horse-Powers to match.

Two Styles of Mounted Horse-Powers: our improved "Triple Gear" and improved "Spur Speed" (Woodbury style), both kinds mounted on 4 wheels, and special sizes made for 6, 8, 10 or 12 Horses.

Special sizes made for 6, 8, 10 or 12 Horses.

Complete Steam-Power Outfits; our unrivaled "Vibrator" Separators, made expressly for Steam-Power, with 32-inch Cylinder and 44-inch Separator, or 35-inch Cylinder and 48-inch Separating and Cleaning parts, with all the other parts proportionately capacious and full of "business;" also, our matchless Steam Thresher Engines, of our own make, beyond rivalry in Power, Durability, Easy Firing, Beauty of Design, Perfect Workmanship, Elegant Finish, complete in every detail, and in all respects a fit companion for our celebrated Steam Separator.

Steam Separator.

Our "Vibrater" Separator "alone," made expressly for Steam-Power, and to match to any and all other make of Engines, also, perfectly adapted to go with any and all other make of Horse-Powers. Four sizes, ranging from 24 to 35-inch length of Cylinder, and 35 to 48-inches width of Separating parts.

The World-Wide Reputation of our matchless "Vibrator" Threshers for rapid threshing, perfect saving, admirable cleaning, no wastage, cleanliness, economy in repairs, durability, ease of management, and a general superiority in various other respects, is now fully established and generally recognized.

The Acknowledged Head and Front of Grain Threshers, and especially superior if grain be damp or wet, while for Flax, Timethy, and like Seeds, no other machines can truthfully claim any comparison.

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GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

Boston Home, 14 Tyler street, Boston, April, 1876.

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With respect, Mrs. N. WORMELL, Matron. Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

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WANTED Traveling Salesmen. \$85 a month and all expenses paid. No Peddling. Address Queen City Lamp Works, Cincinnati, O \$350 A MONTH—AGENTS WANTED—36 best selling articles in the world; one sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich. MANTED Men to travel and take orders of Merchants. Salary \$1200 a year and all traveling expenses paid. Address GEM Man'f'g Oo., Nt. Louis, Mo.

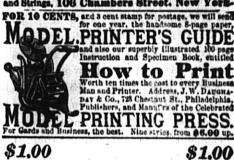
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1877. NEW YORK.

1877.

THE SUN continues to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the substitution of statesmanship, wisdom and integrity for hollow pretense, imbecility and fraud in the administration of public attains. It contends for the government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot-box and in the counting of votes, enforced by mine any violence. It endeavours to supply its readers—a body now not far from a million of souls—with the most careful, complete and trustworthy accounts of current events, and employs for this purpose a numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its reports from Washington, especially, are full, accurate and fearless; and it doubtless continues to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it endeavors to meet; the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

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GD. PACIFIC & OCCIDENTAL HOTELS. CUTTING & Co. MONTREAL. NEW ORLEANS. CLARE & MEADER.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

A witness as was a witness. -The court in the Ellenton (S. C.) trial was convulsed with laughter by the quaint talk of a singular type of African named Frederick Jones. He was about 60 or 70 years of age, not more than five feet high, shortlegged and straight-bodied. He lived on "de hard-scrabble road," near Rouse's bridge; and on this Sunday was going to meeting, for there were to be three funerals preached. On his way he saw a cluster of men riding up and down the road carrying guns. He got scared, and when they happened to come close to him, he ran, but they hemmed him in, and he was captured and taken to Mr. Dickson Owens. Then he told his story about as follows: "Mr. Owens said, 'Frederick!' I said, 'Sah?' He said, 'what for you run?' I said, 'Cause I'm scared.' He said, 'Frederick!' I said, 'Sah!" He says, 'don't you know me?' I said, 'Yes, sah, I do now; but I was so scared I didn't know nuffin.' Den he said, 'How you voted?' I said I generally voted straight along way. He said, 'You mus' come to our compinion.' [Moderate laughter.] He said, 'You mus' all come to our compinion or we will make you.' Den he said hadn't I seen Col. Butler and his men? I said, 'I dunno, sah; I seed three or four hundred thousand men." At this unexpected and sweeping exaggeration, uttered in the comical piping tones of the witness, even the court broke down. Chief-Justice Waite and Judge Bond made no effort to conceal their feelings, and the jury, witnesses, counsel, defendants and spectators all joined in one general guffaw. The witness, seeing that something had happened, but hardly comprehending what it was, felt called on to make an explanation, and as soon as there was a lull he went on: "Well, the men was about three acres long and four tier deep." This did not give relief to the aching sides of the dignified men who were doing their best to suppress their laughter, and a fresh outburst was the result. As soon as quiet was restored the witness tried it again, but made it worse: "Well, you see dey looked bigger to me, 'cause I was standin' in a big old field, 'bout 500-acre field, and dey looked like a million."-[Charleston (S. C.) Letter to New York Times. P. T. Barnum's great show at Grand

Rapids .- Mr. Barnum's confidence in public appreciation seems to be as great as his great show; in fact, unlimited, and yet well founded. Each succeeding year is signalized by an increase on the preceding colossal size and cost of his exhibitions, and in the attendance of such crowds of delighted people as to alone constitute a show. So, when he reaches Grand Rapids, on Tuesday, the 26th inst., with his three immense trains of solid steel cars, and puts up his acres of teeming tents, Fourth of July, General Training, and Fair Day, combined, will have to retire into the profound obscurity of a total eclipse. Half such a menagerie, including the \$25,000 Hippopotamus, was never before moved; such a museum, with an automatic department, operated by a solid silver steam engine, never before collected, and such a surprising array of circus talent never before heard of. There are many single features which are alone 50 cent shows, at least, such as the \$30,000 stud of educated "Trakene" Stallions, introduced altogether in the arena; Capt. Costentenus, the wonderfully tattooed illustration of barbaric ort and vengeance; Miss Hengler in her dauntless, original double manage act with her two superb stallions, and Charles W. Fish, the most renowned of bareback equestrians. We don't say go, for of course you will do that, but we do say, go early.

GENERAL Tevfik of the Turkish army, who is superintending the filling of the Turkish contracts for arms with a Providence (R. I.) company, has written a letter, in which, after saying that he has been misrepresented in a report of a conversation which he had with a reporter, he adds the following about the relative merits of English and American firearms:

English and American firearms:

"Aside from the question of wood the American gun is as strong in all respects as the English. As to the comparative finish of the two, much more hand work by filing and hand fitting the parts is done upon the English than upon the American gun. This is done, however, in filing off gun. This is done, however, in filing off the corners and unimportant places. The surfaces of the American gun are finished equal to the English, and no parts can be either too large or too small, otherwise the gun would not stand the test of interchangability which I spoke of. This shows the admirable exactness with which the American machinery is done."

Free of Cost.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, don, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c., is given away free of cost in trial bottles. If you have a severe Cough, Cold, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness or any affection of the Throat or Lungs, do by all means give this wonderful remedy a trial. As you value your existence you can not afford to let this opportunity pass. We could not afford to give this pass. We could not afford to give this remedy away unless we knew it contained the true merits we claim for it. Thousands of hopeless cases have already been com-pletely cured by it. There is no other medicine in the world that will cure onehalf the cases that Dr. King's New Discovery will cure. For sale by Wm. Van Putten, also J. O. Doesburg, Holland,



Offers his services as such to the public and will gnarantee his work for moderate charges. Having been engaged for some time past for Messrs. Joslin & Breyman, has now started for himself in the store of Mr. J. ALBERS, at

No. 52, Eighth Street.

Mr. J. Albers will attend to his Clock and Jew elry business, and Mr. Wijkhuijsen to the Watches. However, each of them will wait on the public in absence of the other. They have a large and beau tiful stock of Clocks and Watches, which they offer CALL & SEE

H. WIJKHUIJSEN,

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HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 25, 1876.

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Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure. Trusses,

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All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure. J. O. DOESBURG.

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Of the Most Approved Patterns; And we are confident we can satisfy all who

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WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A

SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS, Or anything in our line, manufactured on short

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FOR SALE,

THE following described Lots in the City of Holland, I will sell at the following prices: Lot 9, Block F, Lot 6, Block G, West Addition \$175 each; Lot 13, Block 8, Lot 6, Block 11, South West Addition \$175 each. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 in Block 25, as organized plat near the A. L. S. depot at \$25 each, except Lots 1 & 2 which are \$300 each. Also 6 lots West of First avenue at \$125 each. The above will be sold for a small payment down. Also the following Lots 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in Block E. Lots 2, 4, 5 and 5 in Block H. The above will be sold on long credit and small payments down.

Apply to, M. D. HOWARD.

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Just published, a new edition of Dr. Calverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorræa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extra-

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RIVER & TENTH STREETS

ANYWHERE

ELSE Call and See and trade to

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Cheap Cash Store

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A Fine line of New Style of Dress Goods just received. Great bargains in Sugar. Cash paid for Wool.

NEW Hardware Store

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The undersigned has opened a hardware store in the old stand of G. J. Haverkate, where he will keep constantly on hand a complete stock of General Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Nails, Farming Implements. Carpenter's Tools and everything else belonging to our line of business.

Tinware very. Neatly and P omptly Repaired.

Call and see and give us a share of your Patronage.

J. VANDERVEEN. Holland, March 10, 1877.

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New Spring Goods.

My Stock is Complete,
Consisting of all kinds of

NEW FURNITURE. A large stock of well selected Wall Paper and window shades, which I sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

I always keep on hand a full stock of

OFFINS, From the cheapest to the finest WALNUT CAS-

KETS in the market, and cheaper than in any other place.

Give me a call and see for yourself, before you go else-

Live Geese Feathers a Specialty.

All qualities of Carpets cheap; also, all kinds of Mattrasses. I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

S. REIDSEMA. HOLLAND, March 30, 1877,

Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers 🔉 Jewelers,

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed. HOLLAND, March 24, 1877.

From and after this date, I intend to devote to this line of trade the necessary attention, and will keep on hand a complete stock of White Granite and C. C. Ware.

A liberal deduction to those who buy sets or in large quantities.

Rockingham and Yellow Ware in large supplies. G. J. VAARWERK.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10 1875.

Livery, Sale and Board Stable.

BARN WEST OF CITY HOTEL.

Fine horses and beautiful carriages, cutters, and all kinds of vehicles can always be obtained at our stable at reasonable rates.

GOOD TURNOUTS GUARANTEED.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

TEAMING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

E. J. HARRINGTON, Jr. JOHN VAUPELL. HOLLAND, Dec. 2, 1876.

FLIEMAN

Top or Open Buggies Light & Heavy Wagons. SLEIGHS TRUCKS etc.

Also sole Agent for the

SOUTH BEND, IND.

This wagon is the best wagon in use in this State and the only slope-spoked wagon manufac tured. It is a better wagon than the Jack-son Wagon, and I will sell them just as cheap, and give a written warranty for one year. Wagons of my own manufacture I will

SIXTY DOLLARS CASH

All Work Warranted. General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality

Holland, September 1, 1875.

Fine Building Site For Sale.

THE East 45 feet of Lot 5 in Block 36. Situated between J. O. Doesburg's Drug Store, and P. & A. Steketee's General Store, on Eighth street. Inquire of H. DOESBURG. Holland. April 7, 1877. 8-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by George P. Reed and Azubah Reed, his wife, to Eli Hartzell, bearing date the fourth day of June, A. D. 1874, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the tenth day of June, A. D. 1874, at eight o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber Y of Mortgages, on page 556, through non-payment of the money secured to be paid by said mortgage, by reason of which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of fourteen hundred and fortynine dollars and seven cents, and also an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mort-gage; and no suit or proceeding having been instigage, and no suit or proceeding naving been insti-tuted at law to recover the debt now remaining se-cured by said mortgage or any part thereof: No-tice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pur-suant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to wit: All the south half of the south half of the southwest quarter of section thirteen, town seven north, range fourteen west; also the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-three, town seven north, tange fourteen west, containing eighty acres, same more or less, according to Government Survey, all being in Ottawa County, State of Michigan, at the front door of the Court House of said Ottawa County, in the City of Grand Haven in said County, ON THE TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1877. at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs, includ-Dated, Grand Haven, March 30th. A. D. 1877.
ELI HARTZELL, Mortgagee.
R. W. Duncan, Attorney.

Farm for Sale.

I will sell eighty acres of splendid clay soil, six miles from this city. Near church and school house, at a bargain, 30 acres of this land is partially improved. Also 40 acres of unimproved land in the Township of Fillmore. Inquire of M. D. HOWARD.

EIGHTH STREET

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions Of a certain mortgage executed by James Vose and Julia M. Vose, his wife, to Mariette How-Vose and Julia M. Vose, his wile, to Mariette Howland, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of October, A. D. 1871 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber W of Mortgages on page 271 through non-payment of the gages, on page 271, through non-payment of the money secured to be paid by said mortgage, by reason of which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of twelve hundred and sixty dollars and forty-one cents, and also an attorney fee of fifty dollars, proceeds. or twelve hundred and sixty dollars and lorty-one cents, and also an attorney fee of fifty dollars, provided for in said mortgage; and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof; Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute in such case made. that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land lying and being situate in the Village of Eastmanville, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit: Block twenty-four, all of Block twenty-five, Block twenty-six and Block twenty-seven, all in said Village of Eastmanville, and numbered according to the plat of said Village as reseven, all in said Village of Eastmanville, and numbered according to the plat of said Village as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Ottawa in said State, containing about twenty acres of land, be the same more or less, at the front door of the Court House of said Ottawa County, in the city of Grand Haven, in said county, ON THE TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon to pay the D. 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs

including said attorney fee. Dated, Grand Haven, March 28th, A. D. 1877. MARIETTE HOWLAND, Morlgagee. R. W. Duncan, Attorney.

The undersigned announces to the Public that The undersigned announces to the rublic that they have finished their new Meat-Market, and are now ready to supply their customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.

W. BUTKAU, J. VAN ZOEREN. HOLLAND, July 14, 1876.

Walsh's Cough Candy. The best COUGH

CANDY in use-For sale in New York for the past 30 years, but new in this State.

> or ounce. PLEASANT TO TAKE.

For Sale by the pound

TRY IT. N. B .- Dealers sup

48-6mo

plied at wholesale rates at the

City Drug Store.

Nathan Kenyon, Banker HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular atten tion paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe N. KENYON.

CITY HOTEL,

THE

E. KILLEAN, PROPRIETOR.

Washington Str., - - Grand Haven, Mich.

First-Class Accommodations.

1877. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1877

Millinery & Fancy Goods,

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

A full line of

Suits, Infants' Cloaks, Hats,

Standard Trimmings, Laces, Ribbons, Ties, Flowers, Colarets, Fans, Parasols and Zephyrs.

E. BUTTERICK & CO'S PATTERNS.

HOLLAND, MICH