

The copyright © of this thesis belongs to its rightful author and/or other copyright owner. Copies can be accessed and downloaded for non-commercial or learning purposes without any charge and permission. The thesis cannot be reproduced or quoted as a whole without the permission from its rightful owner. No alteration or changes in format is allowed without permission from its rightful owner.



**RELATIONSHIP QUALITY, SERVICE QUALITY ON
INTERNET ADVERTISING
EFFECTIVENESS
: KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT AS
A MODERATOR**



UUM
KIEW LECK MIN
Universiti Utara Malaysia

**DOCTOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA**

August 2017

**RELATIONSHIP QUALITY, SERVICE QUALITY ON INTERNET
ADVERTISING EFFECTIVENESS
: KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT
AS A MODERATOR**



By
KIEW LECK MIN

Universiti Utara Malaysia

**Dissertation Submitted to
Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business,
Universiti Utara Malaysia
in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Doctor of Business
Administration**



OTHMAN YEOP ABDULLAH GRADUATE SCHOOL OF BUSINESS
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA

PERAKUAN KERJA TESIS / DISERTASI
(Certification of thesis / dissertation)

Kami, yang bertandatangan, memperakukan bahawa
(We, the undersigned, certify that)

KIEW LECK MIN

calon untuk Ijazah
(candidate for the degree of)

DOCTOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

telah mengemukakan tesis / disertasi yang bertajuk:
(has presented his/her thesis / dissertation of the following title):

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RELATIONSHIP QUALITY, SERVICE QUALITY AND INTERNET
ADVERTISING EFFECTIVENESS: KNOWLEDGE MANagements AS A MODERATOR

seperti yang tercatat di muka surat tajuk dan kulit tesis / disertasi.
(as it appears on the title page and front cover of the thesis / dissertation).

Bahawa tesis/disertasi tersebut boleh diterima dari segi bentuk serta kandungan dan meliputi bidang ilmu dengan memuaskan, sebagaimana yang ditunjukkan oleh calon dalam ujian lisan yang diadakan pada:
18 Julai 2016.

(That the said thesis/dissertation is acceptable in form and content and displays a satisfactory knowledge of the field of study as demonstrated by the candidate through an oral examination held on:
18 July 2016.

Pengerusi Viva : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Faridahwati Mohd. Shamsudin
(Chairman for Viva)

Tandatangan
(Signature)

Pemeriksa Luar : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Nek Kamal Hj. Yeop Yunus
(External Examiner)

Tandatangan
(Signature)

Pemeriksa Dalam : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Thi Lip Sam
(Internal Examiner)

Tandatangan
(Signature)


Tarikh: 18 July 2016
(Date)

Nama Pelajar
(Name of Student) : Kiew Leck Min

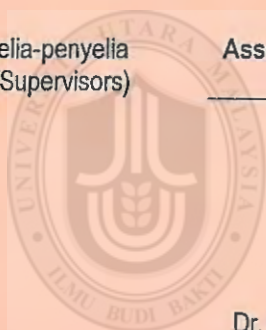
Tajuk Tesis / Disertasi
(Title of the Thesis / Dissertation) : Relationship between Relationship Quality, Service Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness: Knowledge Management as a Moderator

Program Pengajian
(Programme of Study) : Doctor of Business Administration

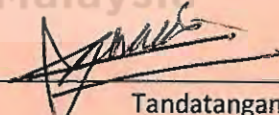
Nama Penyelia/Penyelia-penyelia
(Name of Supervisor/Supervisors) : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Cheng Wei Hin



Tandatangan
(Signature)



Dr. Awanis bt. Ku Ishak

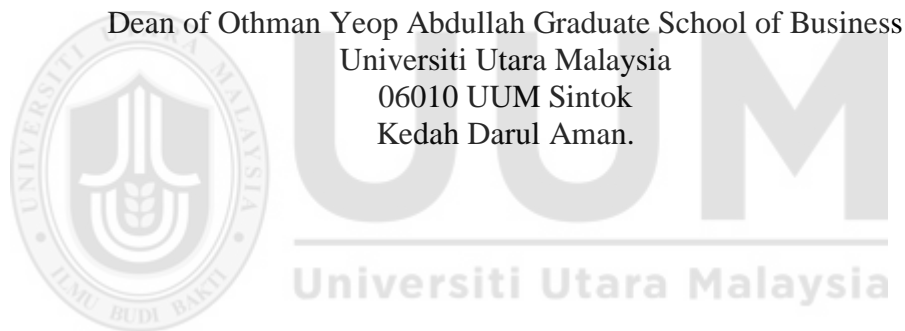


Tandatangan
(Signature)

PERMISSION TO USE

In presenting this dissertation in partial fulfillment of the requirements for a Doctor of Business Administration degree from Universiti Utara Malaysia (UUM), I agree that the Library of this university may make it freely available for inspection. I further agree that permission for copying of this dissertation in any manner, in whole or in part, for scholarly purposes may be granted by my supervisor or, in his absence by the Dean of Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business (OYAGSB) where I did my dissertation. It is understood that any copying or publication or use of this dissertation or parts thereof for financial gain shall not be allowed without my written permission. It is also understood that due recognition shall be given to me and to the UUM in any scholarly use which may be made of any material in my dissertation.

Request for permission to copy or make other use of materials in this dissertation, in whole or in part should be addressed to:



ABSTRACT

The importance of effective internet advertising is substantial. According to the various scholars, relationship quality, service quality and knowledge management are among important constructs to ensure internet advertising effectiveness. However, ineffective internet advertising creates superfluous spending and meaningless effort. Thus, the effort to investigate the circumstance is deemed appropriate. Consequently, this study examined the influence of two constructs namely relationship quality and service quality on internet advertising effectiveness in Malaysia. Besides, the study also examined the moderating role of knowledge management construct on the relationship between relationship quality, service quality, and internet advertising effectiveness. The cross-sectional survey approach was used. Data were collected from 322 CEOs/Managers from the advertising agency firms. The data was analysed via SPSS software. Various statistical analyses were used to analyze the data such as descriptive analysis, correlation analysis, and hierarchical regression analysis. Based on the results, it was revealed that four of the hypothesized relationships were supported. The findings showed significant relation of two service quality dimensions, namely, tangibility and responsiveness with internet advertising effectiveness. Meanwhile knowledge management significantly moderated the relationship between the relationship quality dimensions namely tangibility and responsiveness on internet advertising effectiveness. In general, findings of this study showed the importance of the advertising firms in Malaysia to ensure impeccable service quality which will in turn lead to the effectiveness of their internet advertising. This will guarantee their client-agency relationship quality and the subsequent survival-cum competitive advantage. Improving service quality through an effective and efficient knowledge management system will enhance the effectiveness of internet advertising in Malaysia.

Keywords: internet advertising effectiveness, relationship quality, service quality, knowledge management, advertising agency.

ABSTRAK

Kepentingan pengiklanan internet yang berkesan adalah besar. Berdasarkan kepada kajian-kajian lepas, kualiti hubungan, kualiti perkhidmatan dan pengetahuan perkhidmatan adalah antara konstruk yang penting untuk memastikan pengiklanan internet yang berkesan. Namun demikian, pengiklanan internet yang tidak berkesan akan menyebabkan perbelanjaan yang berlebihan dan usaha yang sia-sia. Oleh yang demikian, mengkaji permasalahan tersebut adalah dikira munasabah. Sehubungan itu, kajian ini mengkaji pengaruh dua konstruk iaitu kualiti hubungan dan kualiti perkhidmatan ke atas keberkesanan pengiklanan internet di Malaysia. Malahan, kajian juga telah menyelidik peranan pengurusan pengetahuan sebagai konstruk penyederhana ke atas hubungan di antara kualiti hubungan, kualiti perkhidmatan dan keberkesanan pengiklanan internet. Pendekatan kajian tinjauan secara keratan rentas telah digunakan. Data telah dikutip dari 322 orang CEO/Pengurus dari syarikat agensi pengiklanan. Data juga telah dianalisis menggunakan perisian SPSS. Beberapa analisis statistik telah digunakan untuk menganalisis data iaitu analisis deskriptif, analisis korelasi, dan analisis regresi hierarki. Berdasarkan kepada dapatan kajian, empat hipotesis hubungan telah disokong. Dapatan juga telah menunjukkan hubungan yang signifikan untuk dua dimensi kualiti perkhidmatan, iaitu ketara dan responsif dengan keberkesanan pengiklanan internet. Manakala pengurusan pengetahuan pula adalah penyederhana yang signifikan ke atas hubungan di antara dua dimensi kualiti hubungan iaitu ketara dan responsif dengan keberkesanan pengiklanan internet. Secara umumnya, kajian telah berjaya menunjukkan kepentingan syarikat pengiklanan di Malaysia dalam memastikan kualiti perkhidmatan yang sempurna supaya dapat meningkatkan keberkesanan pengiklanan internet. Ini sudah tentu akan menjamin kualiti perhubungan pelanggan-agensi dan memastikan kelangsungan serta mengalakkan persaingan. Menambahbaik kualiti perkhidmatan menerusi sistem pengurusan pengetahuan yang efektif dan efisien dapat meningkatkan keberkesanan pengiklanan internet di Malaysia.

Kata kunci: keberkesanan pengiklanan internet, kualiti hubungan, kualiti perkhidmatan, pengurusan pengetahuan, agensi pengiklanan.

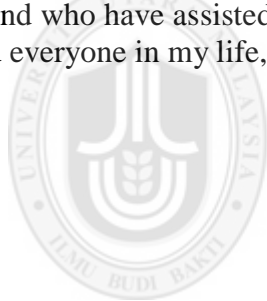
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

To God, the everlasting source of wisdom is the glory, honor, and praise for the completion of this work. I would like to express my deep sense of gratitude to the following persons;

My Advisor, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Cheng Wei Hin and Dr. Awanis Binti Ku Ishak. I would like to say thank you for the valuable guidance and patient throughout my study and dissertation.

I also feel thousands of appreciations to my examiner Assoc. Prof. Dr. Thi Lip Sam and Assoc. Prof. Dr. Nek Kamal Hj. Yeop Yunus on their detailed suggestion in improving my thesis draft, and to my previous Supervisor Assoc. Prof. Dr. Zolkafli Bin Hushin. Prof. Assoc. Prof. Dr. Filzah Md. Isa. I would like to thank you for the time and suggestions that have contributed for my dissertation, besides giving me knowledge and experience from the first day until the graduation day

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to my family for their support, patient and encouraging. In addition, I would like to say thank you to the friend who have assisted me in each step of my dissertation. Lastly, to my colleague, and everyone in my life, God blesses you all!



UUM
Universiti Utara Malaysia

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	
CERTIFICATION OF THESIS WORKS	
PERMISSION TO USE	iv
ABSTRACT	v
ABSTRAK	vi
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	vii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	viii
LIST OF TABLES	xiii
LIST OF FIGURES	xiv
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xv
LIST OF APPENDICES	xvi
CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Background of the Study.....	3
1.3 Problem Statement	15
1.4 Research Questions	20
1.5 Research Objectives	21
1.6 Significance of the Study	21
1.6.1 Theoretical Perspective	21
1.6.2 Managerial Perspective	28
1.7 Scope and Limitation of the Study.....	32
1.8 Definitions of the Key Terms.....	33
1.9 Organization of the Thesis	34
CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1. Introduction.....	35
2.2 Advertising.....	35
2.2.1 Internet advertising	37
2.2.2 Internet Advertising Effectiveness and Its Measurement	45
2.2.2.1 Attitude towards Ad (Aad).....	47

2.2.3 Emerging Problems in the Online Advertising Research Field	49
2.3 Relationship Quality.....	58
2.3.1 Dimensions of Relationship Quality	64
2.3.1.1 Trust	66
2.3.1.2 Commitment.....	68
2.3.1.3 Satisfaction.....	71
2.3.2 Relationship Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness.....	72
2.4 Service Quality.....	74
2.4.1 Dimensions of Service Quality	79
2.4.1.1 Tangible.....	80
2.4.1.2 Reliability	82
2.4.1.3 Responsiveness	83
2.4.2 Service Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness	84
2.5 Knowledge Management	85
2.7 The Resource Based Theory	91
2.8 SERVQUAL Model	93
2.8.1 Consumer Expectation-Management Perception Gap	95
2.8.2 Management Perception-Service Quality Specification Gap.....	95
2.8.4 Service Delivery-External Communications Gap.....	96
2.8.5. Expected Service-Perceived Service Gap	96
2.9 Chapter Summary.....	98
 CHAPTER THREE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.1 Introduction.....	99
3.2 Research Framework.....	99
3.3 Hypotheses Development.....	102
3.3.1 Nexus on the Relationship between Relationship Quality and Internet..	102
Advertising Effectiveness	102
3.3.2 Nexus on the Relationship between Service Quality and Internet.....	105
Advertising Effectiveness	105
3.3.3 Knowledge Management as a Moderator	108
3.4 Research Design.....	112
3.4.1 Operational Definition Measurement of Variables of the Study	113
3.4.2 Pretest (Content Validity)	123
3.4.3 Pilot Study.....	125

3.5 Population, Sample and Sampling Technique	127
3.5.1 Population of Study and Sample of Study	127
3.5.1.1 Sampling Technique.....	129
3.5.2 Unit of Analysis	131
3.5.3 Data Collection Procedure	132
3.6 Data Analysis Techniques.....	134
3.7 Summary of the Chapter	136

CHAPTER FOUR DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

4.1 Introduction.....	137
4.2 Response Rate	137
4.3 Test for Non-Response Bias.....	139
4.4 Data Cleaning.....	142
4.4.1 Missing Data	142
4.4.2 Outliers.....	143
4.5 Descriptive Analysis Respondents.....	144
4.6 Descriptive Analysis of the Constructs.....	147
4.7 Measurement Construct Validity through Factor Analysis.....	149
4.7.1 Dependent Variable (Internet Advertising Effectiveness).....	151
4.7.2 Independent Variables (Relationship Quality and Service Quality).....	152
4.7.3 Moderator (Knowledge Management).....	155
4.8 Reliability Analysis	156
4.9 Assumption of Multiple Regressions	158
4.9.1 Normality	158
4.9.2 Linearity.....	161
4.9.3 Multicollinearity.....	162
4.9.4 Homoscedasticity	164
4.10 Correlation Analysis.....	167
4.11 Multiple Regressions and Hypotheses Test	168
4.11.1 Multiple Regression Analysis and Hypotheses Test between	169
Relationship Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness.....	169
4.11.2 Multiple Regression Analysis and Hypotheses Test between	171
Service Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness	171
4.12 Hierarchical Regression and Hypotheses Test.....	173
4.12.1 Moderating Effect of Knowledge Management.....	174

CHAPTER FIVE DISCUSSIONS CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 Introduction.....	181
5.2 Recapitulation of the Research Findings.....	181
5.3 Discussion	183
5.3.1 Relationship Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness.....	183
5.3.2 Service Quality and Internet Advertising Effectiveness	186
5.3.3 Moderating Effect of Knowledge Management.....	190
5.3.3.1 Knowledge management moderating the relationship between.....	190
relationship quality on internet advertising effectiveness.....	190
5.3.3.2 Knowledge management moderating the relationship between.....	192
Service quality on internet advertising effectiveness.....	192
5.3.4 The Context of Malaysia Internet Advertising Firms	194
5.4 Contributions of the Study	196
5.4.1 Theoretical Contributions	196
5.4.2 Practical Contributions.....	197
5.4.3 Managerial Contributions	198
5.5 Recommendations	200
5.6 Limitation of the Study	201
5.6.1 Generalizability	201
5.6.2 Methodology	201
5.7 Suggestions for the Future Research.....	202
5.8 Conclusion.....	204

REFERENCES

APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Survey Questionnaire	231
Appendix 2: Frequencies.....	237
Appendix 3: Reliability	239
Appendix 4: Factor Analysis Ad Effectiveness.....	247
Appendix 5: T-Test.....	265
Appendix 6: Correlation.....	268
Appendix 7: Regression	271
Appendix 8: Hierarchical Regression	275
Appendix 9: Mod Graph	299
Appendix 10: Internet Advertising Agency - Organization Unit of Analysis	302

Appendix 11: Internet Advertising Services Platform and Model..... 303



LIST OF TABLES

	Title	Page No.
1.1	Definitions of Key Terms	33
3.1	Operational Definitions of Variables of the Study	114
3.2	Measurement of Variables	123
3.3	Reliability Coefficient for Each Construct	126
4.1	Data Collection and Response Rate	138
4.2	T- test Comparison between Early Response (I) and Late Response (2)	141
4.3	Detection of Influential Outliers	144
4.4	Descriptive Analysis of Demographic Data	145
4.5	Descriptive Statistics of the Constructs (n=118)	148
4.6	Result of the Factor Analysis for Internet advertising effectiveness	151
4.7	Result of the Factor Analysis for Relationship Quality	152
4.8	Result of the Factor Analysis for Service Quality	154
4.9	Result of the Factor Analysis for Service Quality	155
4.10	Reliability Coefficient for Each Construct	157
4.11	Multicollinearity Test 1	163
4.12	Multicollinearity Test 2	164
4.13	Pearson Correlation Analysis	167
4.14	Regression Result of effect of relationship quality (trust), relationship quality (commitment), relationship quality (satisfaction) on internet advertising effectiveness	170
4.15	Regression Result of effect of service quality (tangibility), service quality (reliability), service quality (responsiveness), on internet advertising effectiveness	172
4.16	Hierarchical Regression Result: The moderating effect of knowledge management on the relationship between service quality (tangibility) and internet advertising effectiveness	176
4.17	Hierarchical Regression Result: The moderating effect of knowledge management on the relationship between service quality (responsiveness) and internet advertising effectiveness	177
4.18	Summary of Hypotheses Test	179

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Page No.
1.1 Second-quarter revenue 2005-2014 (\$ billions) in the US	6
1.2 Historical Data Finding: Annual and Quarterly Revenue Growth in the US	7
1.3 Ad Expenditure For 2015: Ad expenditure for 2015 falls to RM13.6bil. January 2017 Nielsen	16
1.4 Facebook Clickthrough Rates by Industry 2017	17
1.5 Contribution to global growth in adspend in by Medium2014-2017Source: IAB/PwC	29
1.6 Growth of World Advertising Expenditure and GDP 2014-2017/ Source: ZenithOptimedia/ IMF	30
3.1 Research Framework	102
3.2 Determination of Sample	129
4.1 Normality: Residual Plots-RQ, SQ, KM and internet advertising effectiveness	160
4.2 Linearity: Residual Plots-RQ, SQ, KM and internet advertising effectiveness	162
4.3 Homoscedasticity: Residual Plots-RQ, SQ, KM and internet advertising effectiveness	166

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

4 A's	Association of Accredited Advertising Agencies
Ad	Advertising
Adex	Advertising Expenditure
CAGR	Compound Annual Growth Rate
CEO	Chief Executive Official
CRM	Customer Relationship Management
DV	Dependence Variable
EFA	Exploratory Factor Analysis
IAB	Internet Advertising Bureau
IT	Information Technology
IV	Independence Variable
KM	Knowledge Management
KMO	Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin
MAA	Malaysian Advertisers Association
MV	Moderator Variable
PCA	Principal Component Analysis
RAM	Rating Agency Malaysia
RBT	Resource Based Theory
RQ	Relationship Quality
SERVQUAL	Service Quality
SKMM	Suruhanjaya Komunikasi Dan Multimedia Malaysia
SPSS	Statistical Package for Social Sciences
SQ	Service Quality
UUM	Universiti Utara Malaysia
WWW	World Wide Web

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Survey Questionnaires	231
Appendix 2: Frequencies	237
Appendix 3: Reliability	239
Appendix 4: Factor Analysis	247
Appendix 5: T – Test	265
Appendix 6: Correlation	268
Appendix 7: Regression	271
Appendix 8: Hierarchical Regression	275
Appendix 9: Mod Graph	299
Appendix 10: Organization Unit of Analysis	300
Appendix 11: Internet Advertising Services Platform and Model	303



CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

In the modern commercial world, internet advertising are advancing in speed, and there has been rapid development of internet advertising medias quality, via the speediness of 4G broadband and smart mobile technology through the effectiveness of wireless network. The World Wide Web has become the fastest growing advertising medium in this decade (Louisa, 2008). Due to the effective utilization of advertising budget, marketing experts are continually looking for effective internet advertising strategies and channels. Internet advertising is illustrated as a significant fastest growing market and have a relatively high internet spends (Paten & Neil, 2011; Kumar & Reinartz, 2012). Schorlar, Pandey, Singh, and Dalla's (2017) revised attitude is formed towards the ad help in influencing consumer's attitudes toward internet purchase. Internet advertising has become one of the most striking channels for its rich content, strong interactivity, precise targeting, and low operating cost.

Few research are studying on declined in click-through rates, and loophole in advertising industry which is connected to online advertising ineffectiveness and its constructs have warranted this study, (Tuten, Bosnjak, & Bandilla, 2000; Eric, 2012). In addition, there is little study in the scope of online advertising effectiveness in the

The contents of
the thesis is for
internal user
only

REFERENCES

- Aaker, D. A., Stayman, D. M., Hagerty, M. R. (1986). *Warmth in Advertising: Measurement, Impact, and Sequence Effects*, 12(4),365-381.
- Abell, D. F., & Hammond. (1979). *Strategic Market Planning, Problems and analytical approaches*. Englewood cliff, NJ, Prentice Hall.
- Abdullah, A. H., Musa, R. M. and Ali, J. H. (2011). The development of HR practitioner competency model perceived by Malaysian HR practitioners and consultants: a structural equation modeling (SEM) approach. *International Journal of Business and Management*, 6(11), 240-254.
- Afifi. A. A., & Clark, V. (1998). *Computer-aided multivariate analysis* (3th ed.) UK: Chapman & I-Tall.
- Afiouni, F. (2007). Human resource management and knowledge management: A road map toward improving organizational performance. *Journal of American Academy of Business*, 11(2), 124-130.
- Agresti, A., & Finlay, B. (2009). Table C: Chi-Square Distribution Values for Various Right-Tail Probabilities. *Statistical methods for the social sciences*, 4, 593-594.
- Agus, A., Barker, S., & Kandampully, J. (2007). An exploratory study of service quality in the Malaysian public service sector. *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, 24(2), 177-190.
- Aidi, F. A., Zaino, I. H., & Kamaruzaman, M. F. (2015). Role of Mobile Web-Based Technology Toward Online Grocery Shopping in Malaysia. *In International Colloquium of Art and Design Education Research*. Springer Singapore, 241-247.
- Alam, S. S., & Yasin, N. M. (2010). The antecedents of online brand trust: Malaysian evidence. *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, (2), 210-226.
- Aliman, N. K., Mohamad, W. N. (2013). Perceptions of service quality and behavioral intentions: A mediation effect of patient satisfaction in the private health care in Malaysia. *International Journal of Marketing Studies*, 5(4), 15-29.
- Allen, N. J., & Meyer, J. P. (1990). The measurement and antecedents of affective, continuance and normative commitment to the organization. *Journal of occupational and organizational psychology*, 63 (1), 1-18.
- Almsafir, M. K. (2015). The Impact of Media Advertising on Proton Sales. *Procedia Economics and Finance*, 23, 1405-1410.

- Alvandi, M., Fazli, S., & Amiri, M. (2014). Investigating the effect of interactive media on consumer-firm relationship. *International Journal of Academic Research*, 6(3), 118-130.
- Anderson, P. H. (2001). Relationship development and marketing communication: An integrative model. *The Journal of Business and Industrial Marketing*, 16(3), 167-182.
- Anwar, A., Gulzar, A., Sohail, F. B., & Akram, S. N. (2011). Impact of brand image, trust and effect on consumer brand extension attitude: the mediating role of brand loyalty: *International Journal of Economics and Management Sciences*, 1(5), 73-79.
- Armstrong J. S., & Overton T.S. (1977). Estimating nonresponse bias in mail surveys, *Journal of Marketing Research* 14, 396-403.
- Ary, D., Jacobs, L. C., & Razavieh, A. (1996). *Introduction to Research in Education* (5th ed.). Orlando, FL: Harcourt Brace College Publishers.
- Asdemir, K., Kumar, N., & Jacob, V. S. (2012). Pricing models for online advertising: CPM vs. CPC. *Information Systems Research*, 23(3-part-1), 804-822.
- Athanasopoulou, P., & Giovanis, A. (2015). Modelling the effect of respect and rapport on relationship quality and customer loyalty in high credence services. *Journal of Customer Behaviour*, 14(4), 331-351.
- Athanasopoulou, P. (2009). Relationship quality: A critical literature reviews and research agenda. *European Journal of Marketing*, 43(5/6), 583-610.
- Babbie, E. (2007). *The Practice of Social Research*, (11th ed). Thomas higher education, 10 Davis Drive USA.
- Baldwin, A., & Sohal, A. (2003). Service quality factors and outcomes in dental care. *Managing Service Quality: An International Journal*, 13(3), 207-216.
- Baltas, G. (2003). Determinants of internet advertising effectiveness: an empirical study. *International Journal of Market Research*, 45(4), 505-515.
- Bansal, H. S., Irving, P. G., & Taylor, S. F. (2004). A three-component model of customer to service providers. *Journal of the Academy of marketing Science*, 32(3), 234-250.
- Barney, J. (1991). Firm resources and sustained competitive advantage. *Journal of Management*, 17(1), 99-120.
- Barney, & Jay, B. (1999). How a firms' capabilities affect boundary decision, *MIT Sloan Management Review*, 40(3), 137-145.
- Baron, R. M., & Kenny, D. A. (1986). The moderator-mediator variable distinction in social psychology, *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 51, 1173-1182.

- Barringer, A. R. (2008). *Customer loyalty: An exploration of the relationship between service quality and customer intent to return and willingness to recommend in the restaurant industry* (Doctoral dissertation, Capella University).
- Bartlett, J., Kotrlik, J. W., & Higgins, C. C. (2001). Organizational research: Determining appropriate sample size in survey research. *Information technology, Learning and Performance Journal*, 19(1), 43-50.
- Beatson, A., Lings, I., & Gudergan, S. (2008). Employee marketing and relationship quality: Impact on customers. *The Service Industries Journal*, 28(2), 211-223.
- Belch, G. E., & Belch, M. A. (2004). *Advertising and Promotion: An Integrated Marketing Communications Perspective*. New York: McGraw-Hil.
- Berry, L., & Parasuraman, A. (1991). *Marketing Services*. The free press, New York, NY.
- Berry, L., Parasuraman, A., & Zeithaml, V. (1990). Five imperatives for improving service quality. *Sloan Management Review*, 29, 29-38.
- Berry, W. D., & Feildman, S. (1985). *Multiple regression in practice*. Sage University Papers series.
- Berthon, P. R., Pitt, L. F., Plangger, K., & Shapiro, D. (2012). Marketing meets web 2.0, social media, and creative consumers: Implications for international marketing strategy. *Business Horizons*, 55, 261-271.
- Bezjian-Avery, A., Calder, B., & Iacobucci, D. (1998). New media interactive advertising vs. traditional advertising. *Journal of Advertising Research*, 23-32.
- Bhattacharya., & Ruth N. B, (2000). *Relationship Marketing in Mass Markets*. C.B.
- Biehal, G., Stephens, D., & Curio, E. (1992). Attitude toward the ad and brand choice. *Journal of Advertising*, 21(3), 19-36.
- Bitner, M. J., Booms, B. H., & Mohr, L. A. (1990). Critical service encounters: The employee's viewpoint. *Journal of Marketing*, 58, 95-106.
- Bitner, M.J., Brown, S.W., & Meuter, M.L. (2000). Technology infusion in service. Encounters. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 28(1), 138-149.
- Bojei, J., & Alwie, A. (2010). The influence of relationship quality on loyalty in service of sector. *International Journal of Economics and Management*, 4(1), 81-100.
- Bose, S., & Oh, K. B. (2004). Measuring strategic value-drivers for managing intellectual capital. *The Learning Organization*, 11(4/5), 347-356.
- Brady, M. K., & Cronin, J. J. (2001). Customer orientation: Effects on customer service perceptions and outcome behaviors. *Journal of Service Research*, 3, 241-251.

- Brady, M. K., Knight, G. A., Cronin Jr. J. J., Tomas, G., Hult, M., & Keillor, B. D. (2005). Removing the contextual lens: A multinational, multi-setting comparison of service evaluation models. *Journal of Retailing*, 81(3), 215-230.
- Brettel, M., & Spilker-Attig, A. (2010). Online advertising effectiveness: a cross-cultural comparison. *Journal of Research in Interactive Marketing*, 4(3), 176-196.
- Briggs, R. (2001). The role of creative execution in online advertising. The measuring success series. *Interactive Advertising Bureau*, 1.4.
- Brogan, C. (2010). Social media 101: Tactics and tips to develop your business online. Retrieved from, Wiley. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/9781118256138>
- Bruhn, M. (2000). *Customer Expectations-Theoretical Foundations, Measurement and Management Concept*. *Zeitschrift für Betriebswirtschaft*, 70(9), 1031-1054.
- Burca, S. D., Fynes, B. & Roche, E. (2004) Evaluating relationship quality in a business-to-business context. *Irish Journal of Management*, 25, 61-76.
- Burton, R. J., & Wilson, G. A. (1999). The Yellow Pages as a sampling frame for farm surveys: assessing potential bias in agri-environmental research. *Journal of Rural Studies*, 15(1), 91-102.
- Busacca, B., & Castaldo, S. (2003). Brand knowledge, brand trust and consumer response: a conceptual framework, in 2nd Workshop “Trust within and between organizations”, special session Trust in marketing, Amsterdam, 23-24.
- Buttle, F. (1996). Servqual: review, critique, research agenda. *European Journal of Marketing*, 30(1), 8-32.
- Byrne, B. (2010). *Structural equation modeling with AMOS* (2nd ed.): Taylor & Francis Group.
- Caceres, R.C., & paparoidami, N.G (2014). Measuring patients’ healthcare service quality perceptions, satisfaction, and loyalty in public and private sector hospitals in Pakistan. *International journal of quality and reliability management*, 44.
- Cater, B., & Zabkar, V. (2009). Antecedents and consequences of commitment in marketing research services: The client's perspective. *Industrial Marketing Management*, 38(7), 785-797.
- Celebi, S. I. (2015). How do motives affect attitudes and behaviors toward internet advertising and Facebook advertising? *Computers in Human Behavior*, 51, 312-324.
- Cenfetelli, R., Benbasat, I., & al-Natour, S. (2008). Addressing the and how of online services: comparing service content and service quality for E-business success. *Information Systems Research*, 19 (2), 161-181.

- Chaffey, D. (2013), 'Display advertising clickthrough rates,' Retrieved from <http://www.smartinsights.com/internet-advertising/internet-advertising-analytics/display-advertising-clickthrough-rates/>
- Chaffey, D. & Smith, P.R. (2005). E-marketing excellence; *Planning and optimizing your digital experience*. Butterworth-Heinemann, Elsevier Linacre House, Jordan Hill, Oxford OX2 8DP, UK 30 Corporate Drive, Burlington, MA 01803, USA.
- Chaffey, D., Mayer, R., Johnston, K. & Ellis-Chadwick, F. (2000). *Internet marketing strategy, implementation, and practice*. England, Prentice Hall.
- Chakrabarty, S., Whitten, D., & Green, K. W. (2008). Understanding service quality and relationship quality in IS outsourcing: Client orientation & promotion, project management effectiveness, and the task-technology-structure fit. *Journal of Computer Information Systems*, 48(2), 1-15.
- Chandon, J. L., Chtourou, M. S., & Fortin, D. R. (2003). Effects of configuration and exposure levels on responses to web advertisements. *Journal of Advertising Research*, 43(02), 217-229.
- Chang, H. H., Lee, C. H., & Lai, C. Y. (2012). E-Service quality and relationship quality on dealer satisfaction: Channel power as a moderator. *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, 23, 7-8.
- Chattopadhyay, A. (1998). When does comparative advertising influence brand attitude? The role of delay and market position. *Psychology & Marketing*, 15(5), 461-475.
- Chaudhuri, A., Holbrook, M. B. (2001). The chain of effects from brand trust and brand affect to brand performance: the role of brand loyalty, *Journal of Marketing*, 65(2), 81-93.
- Cheung, R. C. T. (2006). Case study of a successful internet advertising strategy in Hong Kong: a portal for teenagers. *Marketing Intelligence & Planning*, 24(4), 393-405.
- Cho, C. (2003). The effectiveness of banner advertisements: Involvement and click-through. *Journalism & Mass Communication Quarterly*, 80(3), 623-636.
- Christine G. P. (2013). *Shock advertising? A sensationalized media constructs*. Ph.D. Curtin University, School of Design and Art.
- Chumpitaz, C. R., & Paparoidamis, N. G. (2007). Service quality, relationship satisfaction, trust, commitment and business-to-business loyalty. *European journal of marketing*, 41(7/8), 836-867.
- Coakes, S. J., & Steed, L.G. (2003). *SPSS: Analysis without anguish*. Sydney: John Wiley & Sons.
- Cohen, J. (1988). *Statistical Power Analysis for the Behavioral Sciences*, (2nd ed.). New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

- Conner, K. R. (1991). A Historical comparison of the resource-based theory and five schools of thought within industrial organization economics: Do i have a new theory of the firm. *Journal of Management*, 17(1), 121-54.
- Cooper, C. R., & Schindler, P. S. (2008). *Business Research Methods* (10th ed.). Boston: McGraw-Hill.
- Cramer, D. (2003). *Advanced marketing on data analysis*. Open University Press. Maidenhead, Ph.
- Cristobal, E., Flavian, C., & Guinaliu, M. (2007). Perceived e-service quality (PeSQ) measurement validation and effects on consumer satisfaction and web site loyalty. *Managing service quality*, 17(3), 317-340.
- Cronin, J. J., & Taylor, S. A. (1992). Measuring service quality; a re-examination and extension. *Journal of Marketing*, 56(3) 55-68.
- Crosby, L. A., & Stephens, N. (1987). Effects of relationship marketing on satisfaction, retention and prices in the life insurance industry. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 24, 404-11.
- Crosby, L.A., Evans, K.A., & Cowles, D. (1990). Relationship quality in services selling an interpersonal influence perspective. *Journal of Marketing*, 54, (3), 68-81.
- Czaja, R., & Blair, J. (2005). *Designing surveys: a guide to decisions and procedures*. Thousand Oaks, Calif. Pine Forge Press.
- Dabholkar, P.A., & Overby, J.W. (2005). Linking process and outcome to service quality and customer satisfaction evaluations: An investigation of real estate agent service. *International Journal of Service Industry Management*, 16 (1), 10-27.
- Danaher, P. J., Mullarkey, G. W., & Essegai, S. (2006). Factors affecting web site visit duration: a cross-domain analysis. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 43(2), 182-194.
- Daniel, C. D., & Berinyuy, L.P. (2010). *Using the SERVQUAL model to assess service quality and customer satisfaction*. An empirical study of grocery stores in Umea. Master Dissertation, Umea School of Business.
- David, H. M., & Quang, L. H, (2013). Complicated relationship among audit committee independence, non-financial and financial performance. *Journal of Knowledge Management, Economics and Information Technology*, 3(5), 1-19.
- De Canniere, M. H., De Pelsmacker, P., & Geuens, M. (2010). Relationship quality and purchase intention and behavior: The moderating impact of relationship strength. *Journal of Business and Psychology*, 25(1), 87-98.
- De Canniere, M. H., De Pelsmacker, P., & Geuens, M. (2009). Relationship quality and the theory of planned behavior models of behavioral intentions and purchase behavior. *Journal of Business Research*, 62(1), 82-92.

- Dehkordi, G. D., Rezvani, S., Rahman, M.S., Fouladivanda, F., Nahid, N., & Jouya, S.F. (2012). A conceptual study on e-marketing and its operation on firm's promotion and understanding customer's response. *International Journal of Business and Management*, 7(19), 114-124.
- De-Ruyter, K., & Wetzels, M. G. M. (2000). The impact of perceived listening behavior in voice-to-voice service encounters. *Journal of Service Research*, 2(3), 276-284.
- Delafrooz, N., Paim, L.H., & Khatibi, A. (2010). Students' online shopping behavior: An empirical study. *Journal of American Science*, 6(1), 137-147.
- DeLone, W. H., & McLean, E. R. (1992). Information systems success: the quest for the dependent variable. *Information Systems Research*, 3(1), 60-95.
- DeLone, W. H., & McLean, E. R. (2003). The DeLone and McLean. Model of information systems success: A ten-year update. *Journal of Management Information Systems*. 19 (4), 9-30.
- Deng, Z., Lu, Y., Wei, K. K., & Zhang, J. (2009). Understanding customer satisfaction and loyalty: An empirical study of mobile instant messages in China. *International Journal of Information Management* Retrieved from doi: 10.1016/j.ijinfomgt.2009.10
- Devaraj, S., Fan, M., & Kohli, R. (2002). Antecedents of B2C channel satisfaction and preference: validating e-commerce metrics. *Information Systems Research*, 13(30), 316-333.
- De Wulf, K., Odekerken-Schroder, G., & Lacobucci, D. (2001). Investments in consumer relationships: A cross-country and cross-industry exploration. *Journal of Marketing*, 65, 33-51.
- Dick, A. S., & Basu, K. (1994). Customer loyalty: toward an integrated conceptual framework. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 22(2), 99-113.
- Digital Direction. (2011). Interactive advertising - An overview. Retrieved from <http://ddrxn.com>
- Dorsch, M. J., Swanson, S. R., & Kelley, S. W. (1998). The role of relationship quality in the stratification of vendors as perceived by customers. *Academy of Marketing Science Journal*, 26, 128-143.
- Dreze, X., & Hussherr, F. (2003). Internet advertising: Is anybody watching? *Journal of Interactive Marketing*, 17(4), 8-23.
- Dwyer, F. R. (1980). Channel-member satisfaction-laboratory insights. *Journal of Retailing*, 56 (2), 45-65.
- Dwyer, F. R., Schurr, P.H., & Oh, S. (1987). Developing buyer-seller relationships, *Journal of Marketing*. 51(2), 11-27.

- Eagly, A. H., & Chaiken, S. (1993). *The Psychology of Attitudes*. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich College Publishers. 794.
- Eisenhardt, K. M. (1989). Agency theory: An assessment and review. *Academy of Management. The Academy of Management Review*, 14(1), 57-74.
- Elliot, G. (2010). *The online charge is well advance*. *The Australian*, 4 February.
- Eric, V. S. (2012). Consumer recall of brand versus product banner ads. *Journal of Product & Brand Management*, 21(6), 452 – 464.
- Evans, D. F. (2009). The online advertising industry: Economics. Evolution, and privacy. *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 23(3), 37-60.
- FaceBook, (2017) Facebook ad clickthrough rates by industry 2017. Chart of the Day: *What clickthrough rate can new Facebook advertisers expect?* Wordstream. Retrieved <http://www.smartinsights.com/social-media-marketing/facebook-marketing/facebook-ad-clickthrough-rates-industry/>
- Ferreira, F., & Barbosa, B. (2017). Consumers' attitude toward Facebook advertising. *International Journal of Electronic Marketing and Retailing*, 8(1),45-57.
- Field, A. (2009). *Discovering statistics using SPSS*. Los Angel: Sage.(3rd ed.).3-4.
- Fornell, C. (1992). A national customer satisfaction barometer: The Swedish experience. *The Journal of Marketing*, 6-21.
- Fotini P, Maro V, Vicky M, (2009) A new advertising effectiveness model for corporate advertising web sites: A relationship marketing approach", *Benchmarking: An International Journal*, 16(3), 372-386,
- Fraenkel, J. R., Wallen, N. E., & Hyun, H. H. (1993). *How to design and evaluate research in education* (Vol. 7). New York: McGraw-Hill.17.
- Frazer, L. (2003). Franchising. In McColl-Kennedy, J. R, *Services marketing: A Managerial Approach Milton: John Wiley & Sons*. 419-441.
- Frazier, P., Tix, A., & Barron, K. (2004). Testing moderator and mediator effects inmarketing psychology research. *Journal of Counselling Psychology*, 51, 115-134.
- Fulgoni, G. M., & Morn, M. P. (2009). Whither the click? How online advertising works. *Journal of Advertising Research*, 49. 134-142.
- Fullerton, G. (2005). The service quality–loyalty relationship in retail services: does commitment matter? *Journal of Retailing and Consumer Services*, 12(2), 99-111.
- Garbarino, E., & Johnson, M. S. (1999). The different roles of satisfaction, trust, and commitment in customer relationships. *Journal of Marketing*, 63(2), 70-87.

- Gao, Y., Koufaris, M., & Ducoffe, R.H. (2004). An experimental study of the effects of promotional techniques in web-based commerce. *Journal of Electronic Commerce in Organizations*, 2(3), 1-20.
- Gauzente, C. (2003). Measuring franchisees' satisfaction: theoretical considerations and empirical testing. *International Journal of Retail and Distribution Management*, 31 (10), 508-517.
- Gefen, D. (2002). Customer loyalty in e-commerce. *Journal of the Association for Information Systems*, 3 (1), 27-51. Department of Management, LeBow College of Business Drexel University.
- Gefen, D., & Straub, D. W. (2004). Consumer trust in B2C e-commerce and the importance of social presence: Experiments in e-products and e-services. *The International Journal of Management Science*, Omega, 32(6), 407-424.
- Gerpott, T. J., Rams, W., & Schindler, A. (2001). Customer retention, loyalty and satisfaction in the German mobile cellular telecommunications market. *Telecommunications Policy*, 25(4), 249-269.
- Geyskens, I., Steenkamp, J. B. E., Scheer, L. K., & Kumar, N. (1996). The effects of trust and interdependence on relationship commitment: A trans-Atlantic study. *International Journal of Research Marketing*, 13(4), 303-317.
- Ghosh, H., & Bhatnagar, A. (2013). On measuring and increasing the effectiveness of banner advertising. *MIS Review*, 19(1), 25-44.
- Ghzaiel, K., & Akrouf, F. (2012). Dimensions and antecedents of relationship quality in a business-to-business context: An exploratory study *Journal of Supply Chain and Customer Relationship Management*, 88, Retrieved from DOI:10.5171/2012.589977 www.ibimapublishing.com
- Gilbert, G. R., Veloutsou, C., Goode, M. M., & Moutinho, L. (2004). Measuring customer satisfaction in the fast food industry: a cross-national approach. *Journal of Services Marketing*, 18(5), 371-383.
- Gilliland, D. I., & Bello, D. C. (2002). Two sides to attitudinal commitment: The effect of calculative and loyalty commitment on enforcement mechanisms in distribution channels. *Journal of the Academy of marketing Science*, 30(1), 24-43.
- Gohary, H.E. (2012). Factors affecting e-marketing adoption and implementation in tourism firms: An empirical investigation of Egyptian small tourism marketing. *Tourism Management*, 33 (5), 1256-1269.
- Goldfarb, A., & Tucker, C. (2011). Online display advertising: Targeting and obtrusiveness. *Marketing Science*, 30(3), 389-404.

- Goldfarb, A., & Tucker, C. E. (2014). Standardization and the effectiveness of online advertising. *Management science*. Retrieved on 5th Jan 2016 from <http://dx.doi.org/10.1287/mnsc.2014.2016>
- Goldsmith, R. E., & Lafferty, B. A. (2002). Consumer response to web sites and their influence on advertising effectiveness. *Internet Research*, 12(4), 318-328.
- Goode, M. M. H., & Harris, L. C. (2007). Online behavioural intentions: An empirical investigation of antecedents and moderators. *European Journal of Marketing*, 41(5/6), 512-536.
- Gounaris, S. P. (2005). Trust and commitment influences on customer retention: insights from business-to-business services. *Journal of Business Research*, 58(2), 126-140.
- Grabher, G. (2001). Ecologies of creativity: the Village, the Group, and the heterarchic organisation of the British advertising industry. *Environment and planning A*, 33(2), 351-374.
- Gregori, G., Temperini, V., Atrek, B., Marcone, M., & Moscatelli, L. (2014). Relationship quality in supply chain management: A dyad perspective. *Ege akademik bakis*, 14(3), 371-381.
- Grigorovici, D. M., & Constantin, C. D. (2004). Experiencing interactive advertising beyond rich media: Impacts of ad type and presence on brand effectiveness in 3D gaming immersive virtual environments. *Journal of Interactive Advertising*, 5(1), 22-36.
- Grönroos, C. (1983). *Strategic management and marketing in the Service Sector*. *Marketing Science Institute*. Boston, MA.
- Grönroos, C. (2002). Quo vadis, marketing? Toward a relationship marketing paradigm with retrospective comment by Michael J. Baker. *The Marketing Review*, 3(2), 129-146.
- Gronroos, C. (2004). The relationship marketing process: communication, interaction dialogue, value. *Journal of Business and Industrial Marketing*. 19(2), 99-113.
- Ha, J. & Jang, S. S. (2009). Perceived justice in service recovery and behavioural intentions: The role of relationship quality. *International Journal of Hospitality Management*, 28, 319-327.
- Ha, L (2012) Online Advertising Research in Advertising Journals: A Review, *Journal of Current Issues & Research in Advertising*. Ph.D.30(1)31-48. Retrieved from <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10641734.2008.10505236>
- Hackley, C. (2010). *Advertising & promotion: An integrated marketing communication approach*. 2nd ed. London, England.
- Hadadi, K., & Almsafir, M. K. (2013). The Relationship between media advertising and selling ratios. *Journal of Modern Marketing Research*, 2(1), 2231-9131.

- Hagan, F. E. (2006). *Research methods in criminal justice and criminology*, (7th ed.). Boston: Pearson Education, Inc.
- Hair, J. F., Black, Andersen, R. E., Tatham, R. L. & Black. W. C. (1998). *Multivariate data analysis* (5th ed.). NJ, Pearson Education international Inc.
- Hair, J. F., Black, B., & Babin, B. J. (2010). *Multivariate data analysis*. (7th ed.). Upper Saddle River, Prentice-Hall.
- Hair, J. F., Money, A. H., Samouel, P., & Page, M. (2007). *Research methods for business*. Chichester: John Wiley & Sons.
- Hamidizadeh, M. R., & Yazdani, N. (2012). Designing and validating a systematic model of e-advertising. *International Journal of Marketing Studies*, 4(2), 130-149.
- Harrison, D., McKnight, N. L. C. (2001). What trust means in e-commerce customer relationships: An interdisciplinary conceptual typology. *International journal of electronic commerce*, 6(2), 35-59.
- Haque, A., Al-Mahmud, S., Tarofder, A.K., & Ismail, A.Z.H. (2007). Internet Advertisement in Malaysia: A Study of Attitudinal Differences. *The Electronic Journal on Information Systems in Developing Countries*, 31(9), 1-15.
- Hellier, P. K., Geursen, G. M., Carr, R. A., & Rickard, J. A. (2003). Customer repurchase intention: A general structural equation model. *European journal of marketing*, 37(11/12), 1762-1800.
- Hemmasi, M., Strong, K.C., & Taylor, S.A. (2011). Measuring service quality for strategic planning and analysis in service firm. *Journal of Applied Business Research*, 10(4), 24-34.
- Hennig-Thurau, T., & Klee, A. (1997). The impact of customer satisfaction and relationship quality on customer retention: A critical reassessment and model development. *Psychology & marketing*, 14(8), 737-764.
- Hennig-Thurau, T., Gwinner, K.P., & Gremler, D.D. (2002). Understanding relationship marketing outcomes. *Journal of Service Research*, 4, 230-247.
- Hersh, A., & Aladwan, K. (2014). The Role of Marketing Knowledge Management in Achieving Competitive Advantage: A Field Study on Amman's Hotels. *International Journal of Marketing Studies*, 6(3), 163.
- Hewett, K., Money, R. B., & Sharma, S. (2002). An exploration of the moderating role of buyer corporate culture in industrial buyer-seller relationships, *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 30(3): 229-39.
- Hibbard, J. D., Kumar. N., & Stern, L.W. (2001). Examining the impact of destructive acts in marketing channel relationships, *Journal of Marketing Research*, 38(1), 45-61.

- Holmlund, M., & Tornroos, J. A. (1997). What are relationships in business networks? *Management Decision*, 35(4), 304-09.
- Holmlund, M. (2001). The D & D Model: Dimensions and domains of relationship quality perceptions. *The Service Industries Journal*, 1(3), 13-36.
- Holmlund, M. (2008). A definition, model, and empirical analysis of business-to business relationship quality. *International Journal of Service Industry Management*, 19(1), 32-62.
- Hsieh, L. F., Lin, L. H., & Lin, Y. Y. (2008). A service quality measurement architecture for hot spring hotels in Taiwan. *Tourism Management*, 29(3), 429-438.
- Huntley, J. (2006). Conceptualization and measurement of relationship quality: Linking relationship quality to actual sales and recommendation intention. *Industrial Marketing Management*, 35, 703-714.
- Hutcheson, G., & Sofroniou, N. (1999). *The multivariate social scientist*. London: Sage.
- Interactive Advertising Bureau (IAB). (2006). *Internet Advertising Report*. Retrieved from: <http://www.iab.net>.
- Hutchinson, D., Wellington, W. J., Saad, M., & Cox, P. (2011). Refining value-based differentiation in business relationships: A study of the higher order relationship building blocks that influence behavioural intentions. *Industrial Marketing Management*, 40(3), 465-478.
- Interactive Advertising Bureau (IAB). (2010). *Internet Advertising Revenue Report*. Retrieved from: <http://www.iab.net>
- Interactive Advertising Bureau (IAB/PwC). (2014). *Internet Advertising Revenue report*. Retrieved from: <http://www.iab.net>
- Ivens, B. S., & Pardo, C. (2007). Are key account relationships different? Empirical results on supplier strategies and customer reactions. *Industrial Marketing Management*, 36 (4), 470-482.
- Ivens, B. S. (2004). Industrial seller' relational behavior: Relational styles and their impact on relationship quality. *Journal of Relationship Marketing*, 3(4), 27-43.
- Ives, B., & Mason, R. O. (1990). Can information technology revitalize your customer service? *Academy of Management Executive*, 4(4), 52-69.
- Jensen, M. C., & Meckling, W. (1976). Theory of the Firm: Managerial behavior, agency costs and ownership structure. *Journal of Finance Economics*, 3(4), 305-360.
- Jiang, J. J., & Klein, G. (2009). Expectation Confirmation Theory: Capitalizing on Descriptive Power. *Handbook of research on contemporary theoretical models in information systems*, 384-401.

- Jose, P. E. (2013). *ModGraph-I: A programme to compute cell means for the graphical display of moderational analyses: The internet version, Version 3.0*, Retrieved from <https://psychology.victoria.ac.nz/modgraph/>
- Jose, P. E. (2013). *Doing statistical mediation and moderation*. Guilford Press.
- Kalia, A. K., Zhang, Z., & Singh, M. P. (2014). Estimating trust from agents' interactions via commitments. *In Proceedings of the Twenty-First European Conference on Artificial Intelligence IOS Press*, 1043-1044.
- Kaplan, A.M., & Haenlein, M. (2010). Users of the world, unite! The challenges and opportunities of social media. *Business Horizons*, 53(1) 59-68.
- Karin, S., Miroslac, R., & Barbara, B. H. (2012). Managing tacit knowledge in strategic outsourcing, *New Research on Knowledge Management Models and Methods*. 112-128.
- Kassim, N., & Asiah Abdullah, N. (2010). The effect of perceived service quality dimensions on customer satisfaction, trust, and loyalty in e-commerce settings: A cross cultural analysis. *Asia Pacific Journal of Marketing and Logistics*, 22(3), 351-371.
- Kavida, V., & Sivakoumar, N. (2010). The relevance of intellectual capital in the Indian information technology industry. *IUP Journal of Knowledge Management*, 8(4), 25-38.
- Kaye, B. K., & Medoff, N. J. (2001). *Just a click away: Advertising on the Internet*: Allyn and Bacon.
- Keating, B. W., Alpert, F., Kriz, A., & Quazi, A. (2011). Mediating role of relationship quality in online services. *Journal of Computer Information Systems*, 52(2), 33-41.
- Kee-Sook, L. (2002). Security and motivational factors of e-shopping website usage. *Decision Science Institute Annual Meeting Proceedings*.
- Kettinger, W. J., & Lee, C. C. (1994). Perceived service quality and user satisfaction with the Information Services Function, *Decision Sciences*. 25(5/6), 737-766.
- Kim, C., Zhao, W., & Yang, K. H. (2008). An empirical study on the integrated framework of e-CRM in online shopping: evaluating the relationships among perceived value, satisfaction, and trust based on customers' perspectives. *Journal of Electronic Commerce in Organizations*, 6(3), 1.
- Kim, Y. K., Kim, Y.B., & Lee, Y.I. (2011). Perceived service quality for South Korean domestic airlines. *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, 22(10), 1041-1056.
- Khraim, H. S. (2015). The Effect of Using Pay Per Click Advertisement on Online Advertisement Effectiveness and Attracting Customers in E-marketing Companies in Jordan. *International Journal of Marketing Studies*, 7(1), 180.

- Korgaonkar, P., & Wolin, L.D. (2002). Web usage, advertising, and shopping: Relationship patterns. *Internet Research*, 12(2), 191-204.
- Kotler, P. (2000). *Marketing Management*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- Krejcie, R. V., & Morgan, D. W. (1970). Determining sample size for research activities. *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, 30, 607-610.
- Kumar, J. A., & Ganesh, L. S. (2011). Balancing knowledge strategy: Codification and personalization during product development. *Journal of Knowledge Management*, 15(1), 118-135.
- Kumar, V., & Reinartz, W. (2012). *Customer Relationship Management*. Springer texts in business and economics, Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- Ladhari, R. (2009). A review of twenty years of SERVQUAL research. *International Journal of Quality and Service Sciences*, 1(2), 172-198.
- Lang, B., & Colgate, M. (2003). Relationship quality, on-line banking and the information technology gap. *International Journal of Bank Marketing*, 21, 29- 37.
- Lavrakas, P. J. (2010). *An Evaluation of Methods Used to Assess the Effectiveness of Advertising on the Internet*. New York: Interactive Advertising Bureau.
- Lawley, M. (2001) Research methods for managers. Faculty of Business Course Work, University of Sunshine Coast.
- Leal-Rodríguez, A., Leal-Millán, A., Roldán-Salgueiro, J. L., & Ortega-Gutiérrez, J. (2013). Knowledge management and the effectiveness of innovation outcomes: The role of cultural barriers. *Electronic Journal of Knowledge Management*, 11(1), 62-71.
- Lean, O. K., Zailani, S., Ramayah, T., & Fernando, Y. (2009). Factors influencing intention to use e-government services among citizens in Malaysia. *International Journal of Information Management*, 29(6), 458-475.
- Leiner, B. M., Vinton, G. C., David D. C., Robert E. K., Leonard K., Daniel C. L., Jon P., Lawrence G. R., & Stephen S. W. (2000). A brief history of the internet. Retrieved Oct 28, 2014 from www.isoc.org/internet-history/
- Leoz, G.D., & Petter, S. (2014). *Examining the moderating effects of knowledge management enablers on IT project team performance*. Twentieth Americas Conference on Information Systems, Savannah.
- Lehtinen, U., & Lehtinen, J. R. (1982). Service quality: a study of quality dimensions. *Service Management Institute*.
- Lehtinen, U., & Lehtinen, J. R. (1991). Two approaches to service quality dimensions. *Service Industries Journal*, 11(3), 287-303.

- Lestari, B., Endang, S. A., Taher, A., & Syafiie, I. M. (2011). The role of knowledge management practices as a moderator variable the influence characteristics between environment, knowledge and supplement to the performance characteristics innovation of Organizational Innovation. *Journal of Basic and Applied Scientific Research*, 1691-1698.
- Lewis, R. C., & Booms, B. (1983). The marketing aspects of service quality. AMA Proceeding, *American Marketing Association Chicago*, 99-104.
- Li, H., & Leckenby, J. D. (2004). Internet advertising formats and effectiveness. *Center for Interactive Advertising*, 1-31.
- Lim, Y., & Lau, T. (2011). The effectiveness of online advertising in purchase decision: Liking, recall and click. *Australian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences*, 5(9), 1517-1524.
- Lin, S. W., & Lo, L. Y. S. (2016). Evoking online consumer impulse buying through virtual layout schemes. *Behaviour & Information Technology*, 35(1), 38-56.
- Li, Y., Wang, X., & Yang, Z. (2011). The effects of corporate-brand credibility, perceived corporate-brand origin, and self-image congruence on purchase intention: Evidence from China's auto industry. *Journal of Global Marketing*, 24(1), 58-68.
- Li, Y.N., Tan, K.C., & Xie, M. (2003). Factor analysis of service quality dimension shifts in the information age. *Managerial Auditing Journal*, 18(4), 297-302.
- Liang, T.P., Ho, Y.T., Li, Y.W., & Turban, E. (2012). What Drives Social Commerce: The Role of Social Support and Relationship Quality. *International Journal of Electronic Commerce*, 16(2), 69-90.
- Liao, C., Palvia, P., & Lin, H. N. (2006). The roles of habit and web site quality in e-commerce. *International Journal of Information Management*, 26(6), 469-483.
- Ling, Y. H. (2013). The influence of intellectual capital on organizational performance- Knowledge management as moderator. *Asia Pacific Journal of Management*, 1-28.
- Liu, C.T., Guo, T.M., & Leea, C.H. (2011). The effects of relationship quality and switching barriers on customer loyalty. *International Journal of Information Management* 31, 71-79.
- Lonial, S., Menezes, D., Tarim, M., Tatoglu, E., & Zaim, S. (2010). An evaluation of servqual and patient loyalty in an emerging country context. *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, 21(7), 813-826.
- Luarn, P., & Lin, H. H. (2003). A customer loyalty model for e-service context. *J. Electron. Commerce Res.*, 4(4), 156-167.

- Lutz, R. J., MacKenzie, S. B., & Belch, G. E. (1983). Attitude toward the ad as a mediator of advertising effectiveness: Determinants and consequences. *ACR North American Advances*, (10), 532-539.
- Lyons, G. (2005). *Boyfriend-Girlfriend Relationships*. 1-word.com web site publication, 1-17.
- MacKenzie, S. B., & Lutz, R. J. (1989). An empirical examination of the structural antecedents of attitude toward the ad in an advertising pretesting context. *The Journal of Marketing*, 48-65.
- Madjar, N., Oldham, G. R., & Pratt, M. G. (2002). There's no place like home? The contributions of work and network creativity support to employees' creative performance. *Academy of Management Journal*, 45(4), 757-767.
- Maduku, D. K. (2011). *Understanding Retail Bank Customers' Attitude Towards and Usage of Cell Phone and Internet Banking Services in Gauteng, South Africa* (Doctoral dissertation, University of Johannesburg).
- Martins, C., Oliveira, T., & Popovics, A. (2014). Understanding the internet banking adoption: A unified theory of acceptance and use of technology and perceived risk application. *International Journal of Information Management*, 34, 1-13.
- McFarlane, W., & Nolan, R. (1995). How to manage an IT outsourcing alliance'. *Sloan Management Review*. 9-23.
- McDuff, D. (2017). New methods for measuring advertising efficacy. *Digital Advertising: Theory and Research*, 3.
- McKnight, D. H., Choudhury, V., & Kacmar, C. J. (2002). Developing and validating trust measures for e-commerce: An integrative typology. *Information Systems Research*, 13(3), 334-359.
- Miller, K. E., & Smith, L.E. (1983). Handling non-response bias. *Journal of Extension*, 42-50.
- Misra, M. K., Kesharwani, A., & Das. (2016). The relationship between risk aversion, brand trust, brand affect and loyalty: Evidence from the FMCG industry. *Journal of Indian Business Research*, 8(2), 78-97.
- Mochon, D., Johnson, K., Schwartz, J., & Ariely, D. (2017) What Are Likes Worth? A Facebook Page Field Experiment. *Journal of Marketing Research* 54(2), 306-317.
- Mohr, J., & Spelman, R. (1994). Characteristics of partnership success: partnership attributes, communication marketing, and conflict resolution techniques. *Strategies Management Journal*, 15(2), 135-152.
- Moliner, M. A., Sanchez, J., Rodriguez, R. M., & Callarisa, L. (2007). Perceived relationship quality and post-purchase perceived value: An integrative framework. *European Journal of Marketing*, 41(11/12), 1392-1422.

- Morgan, R. M., & Hunt, S. D. (1994). The commitment-trust theory of relationship marketing, *Journal of Marketing*, 58, 20-38.
- Moroder, J. (2015). *Measuring Service Quality at the Customer Level. An Analysis of South Tyrolean Service Companies*. Master's Thesis, 2015, Business economics - Business Management, Corporate Governance.
- Mort, G. S., & Drennan, J. (2005). Marketing management-services: establishing a usage benefit typology related to mobile user characteristics. *Database Marketing & Customer Strategy Management*, 12(4), 327-341.
- Mosahab, R., Mahamad, O., & Ramayah, T. (2010). Service quality, customer satisfaction and loyalty: a test of mediation. *International business research*, 3(4), 72.
- Mukherjee, A., & Nath, P. (2007). Role of electronic trust in online retailing: A re-examination of the commitment-trust theory. *European Journal of Marketing*, 41(9/10), 1173-1202.
- Myers, C. B. (2014). An introduction to online advertising, and why you should care The Retrieved from <http://thenextweb.com/insider/2011/10/08/an-introduction-to-online-advertising-and-why-you-should-care/>
- Neuman, L. W. (2003). *Social Research Methods, qualitative and quantitative approaches*, (5th ed.), London.
- Nielsen, A. C. (2017). Online advertising spend is expected to surpass offline advertising for the first time ever. *Press Room*.
- Nicopolitidis, P., Obaidat, M.S., Papadimitriou, G.I., & Pomportsis, A.S. (2003). *Wireless networks*. New York, Wiley.
- Nielson, A. C. (2011). What's next: Making advertisement more of a science than an art. Assessed on 18th April 2016, Retrieved from <http://www.nielson.com>.
- Nielson, A. C. (2013). *What's next: Making advertisement more of a science than an art* (Media and Entertainment, 2013), Assessed on 12th April 2016, Retrieved from <http://www.nielson.com>.
- Nikhashemi, S. Y., Paim, L., & fard, S. S. (2013). The effectiveness of e-advertisement towards customer purchase intention: Malaysian Perspective, *Journal of Business and Management*, 93-104.
- Nik, M. N. M., Jantan, M., & Md. Taib, F. (2010). Moderating effect of information processing capacity to investment decision making and environmental scanning. *Business Management Quarterly Review*, 1(1), 9- 22.
- Ograjenšek, I., & Gal, I. (2012). The concept and assessment of customer satisfaction. *Modern analysis of customer surveys: With applications using R*, 107-127.

- Ogotu, R. P., Ogotu M., & Njanja, L. (2014). The moderating effect of subjective norms. Perceived behavioural control and gender on the relationship between attitude towards internet advertising and purchase intention of university students in Kenya. *European Journal of Business Management*, 2(1), 1-37.
- Olney, T. J., Holbrook, M. B., & Batra, R. (1991). Consumer responses to advertising: The effects of ad content, emotions, and attitude toward the ad on viewing time. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 17(2), 440-453.
- Omar, A., Ramayah, T., Lin, L. B., Mohamad, O., & Marimuthu, M. (2011). Determining factors for the usage of web-based marketing applications by Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) in Malaysia. *Journal of Marketing Development and Competitiveness*, 5(2), 70-86.
- Oppenheim, A. N. (1966). *Questionnaire design and attitude measurement*. New York: Basic Books Inc.
- Pallant, J. (2001). *SPSS Survival Manual: A step by step guide to data analysis using SPSS for window* (10th ed.). England: McGraw Hill Open University Press.
- Pallant, J. (2007). *SPSS Survival Manual: A step by step guide to data analysis using SPSS for window* (13th ed.). Australia: Allen & Unwin.
- Pallant, J. (2011). *SPSS Survival Manual: A step by step guide to data analysis using SPSS for window* (14th ed.). England: McGraw Hill Open University Press.
- Palmatier, R. W., Dant, R. P., Grewal, D., & Evans, K. R. (2006). Factors influencing the effectiveness of relationship marketing: a meta-analysis. *Journal of marketing*, 70(4), 136-153.
- Palvia, P. (2009). The role of trust in e-commerce relational exchange: A unified model. *Information & Management*. 46, 213-220.
- Pandey, P., Singh, S., & Dalla, S. A. (2017). Conceptual Framework of Relationship between Promotional Tools & Consumer Buying Behaviour. *International Education and Research Journal*, 3(5), 203-217.
- Patrick, A., Karl, J. M & John, E. S. (1996). "SERVQUAL revisited: A critical review of service quality". *Journal of Services Marketing*, 10(6), 62.
- Parasuraman, A., Zeithaml, V. A., & Berry, L. L. (1985). A conceptual model of service quality and its implications for future research. *Journal of Marketing*, 49, 41-50.
- Parasuraman, A., Zeithaml, V., & Berry, L. (1988). Servqual: A multiple-item scale for measuring consumer perceptions of service quality. *Journal of Retailing*, 64.
- Parasuraman, A., Zeithaml, V., & Berry, L. (1991). Refinement and reassessment of the servqual scale. *Journal of Retailing*, 67 (4), 420-450.

- Parasuraman, A., Zeithaml, V.A., & Malhotra, A. (2005). E-S-QUAL: A multiple-item scale for assessing electronic service quality. *Journal of Service Research*, 7(3), 213-233.
- Paton, D. & Conant, N. (2002) Internet advertising by UK firms. *Journal of Strategic Marketing*.10(2). 115-133.
- Pavlou, P. A., & Stewart, D. W. (2000). Measuring the effects and effectiveness of interactive advertising: A research agenda. *Journal of Interactive Advertising*, 1(1), 61-77.
- Pearl, D. K., & Fairley, D. (1985). Testing for the potential for non-response bias in sample surveys. *Public Opinion Quarterly*, 4(49), 553-560.
- Pechmann, C. and Stewart, D. (1988) 'Advertising Repetition: A Critical Review of Wearin and Wearout, *Current Issues and Research in Advertising* 11(2), 285-330
- Peltier, J. W., Schibrowsky, J. A., & Schultz, D. E. (2003). Interactive integrated marketing communication: Combining the power of IMC, the new media and database marketing. *International Journal of Advertising*, 22, 93-115.
- Peng, J., Zhang, G., Zhang, S., Dai, X., & Li, J. (2014). Effects of online advertising on automobile sales. *Management Decision*, 52(5), 834 - 851.
- Perrott, B. E. (2007). A strategic risk approach to knowledge management. *Business Horizons*, 50(6), 523-533.
- Peterson, R. A., Balasubramanian, S., & Bronnenberg, B.J. (1997). Exploring the implications of the internet for consumer marketing. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 25(4), 329-346.
- Piccoli, G., Spalding, B. R., & Ives, B. (2001). The customer-service life cycle: A framework for improving customer service through information technology. *Cornell Hotel and Restaurant Administration Quarterly*, 42(30), 38-45.
- Porter, M. E. (1985). *Competitive advantage, creating and sustaining superior performance*, MacMillan, Inc. New York, NY.
- Pritchard, M. P., Mark E. Havitz., & Dennis, R. H. (1999), "Analyzing the commitment loyalty link in service contexts." *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*. 27(3), 333-48.
- Qaffas, A. A., Cristea, A. I., & Shi, L. (2013). Is Adaptation of e-advertising the way forward? In e-learning, e-management and e-services (IC3e), *2013 IEEE Conference, Malaysia*, 2013, 117-124.
- Quester, P., & Romaniuk, S. (1997). Service quality in the Australian advertising industry: a methodological study. *Journal of Services Marketing*. 11(3), 180-192.
- Radzeviciute, R., & Sliburyte, L. (2005). Elektroninio marketingo issui kiai planuojant integruota mararketing komunikacija. Organizaciju Vadyba: Sisteminiai Tyrimai, 34, 177-192.

- Rafiq, M., Fulford, H., & Lu, X. (2013). Building customer loyalty in online retailing: The role of relationship quality. *Journal of marketing management*, 29 (3-4), 494-517.
- Rahman, M. A., & Ramli, M. F. (2016). The Influence of Relationship Quality on Customer Loyalty in the Dual-Banking System in the Northern States of Peninsular Malaysia. *Procedia-Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 219, 606-613.
- Rakowski, J. P., Bejou, D., & Edvardsson, B. (1996). Airline passenger complaint behavior: Comparing Sweden and the US. *International Advances in Economic Research*, 2(4), 497-497.
- Ramayah, A., Zain, A. N. M., & Ahmad, H. B. (2007). *Exploring the dimensions of service quality in higher education research*. Retrieved from <http://eprints.um.edu.my/16/1/arivalan.pdf>
- Raman, N. V. (1996). *Determinants of desired exposure to interactive advertising*. Doctoral Dissertation. The University of Texas at Austin.
- Rao, S., & Perry, C. (2003) Convergent interviewing to build a theory in under-researched areas: Principles and an example investigation of Internet usage in inter-firm relationships. *Qualitative Market Research*, 6, 236-247.
- Rauyruen, P., Miller, K. E., & Nigel J Barrett. (2007). Relationship quality as a predictor of B2B customer loyalty. *Journal of Business Research*, 60(1), 21-31.
- Ravald, A., & Gronroos, C. (1996). The value concept and relationship marketing. *European journal of marketing*, 30(2), 19-30.
- Reast, & Jon, D. (2005) "Brand trust and brand extension acceptance: the relationship." *Journal of Product & Brand Management*. 14(1), 4-13.
- Rehman, S. U., Shareef, A., & Ishaque, A. (2012). Situational and enduring involvement: Impact on relationship marketing tactics. *Interdisciplinary Journal of Contemporary Research in Business*, 4(1), 598-605.
- Reichheld, F. F., & Schefter, P. (2000). E-loyalty: Your secret weapon on the web. *Harvard Business Review*. 78(4), 105-113.
- Rettie, R., Grandcolas, U., & Deakins, B. (2005). Text message advertising: Response rates and branding effects., Measurement and Analysis for Marketing, *Journal of Targeting*, 13(4), 304-312.
- Ringim, K. J. (2012). *Effect of the business process reengineering factors on information and technology capabilities on organizational performance*. Unpublished doctoral Thesis, University Utara Malaysia.
- Rizan, M., Warokka, A., & Listyawati, D. (2014). Relationship Marketing and Customer Loyalty: Do Customer Satisfaction and Customer Trust Really Serve as Intervening Variables? *Journal of Marketing Research & Case Studies*, 1.

- Robert, H., Ducoffe., Sandler, D & Secunda, E. (1996). A Survey of Senior Agency, Advertiser, and Media Executives on the Future of Advertising. *Journal of Current Issues & Research in Advertising*, 18(1), 1-19.
- Robinson, H., Wysocka, A., & Hand, C. (2007) The effect of design on click-through rates for banner ads. *The Review of Marketing Communications. International Journal of Advertising*, 26(4), 527-541.
- Rodgers, S., Wang, Y., Rettie, R., & Alpert, F. (2007). The web motivation inventory: replication, extension and application to internet advertising. *International Journal of Advertising*, 26(4), 447-476.
- Rodgers, S., & Thorson, E. (2000). The interactive advertising model: How users perceive and process online ads. *Journal of interactive advertising*, 1(1), 41-60.
- Rosenkrans, G. (2009) The Creativeness and Effectiveness of Online Interactive Rich Media Advertising. *Journal of Interactive Advertising*, 9(2),18-31.
- Rumelt, R. P. (1984). Towards a Strategic Theory of the Firm. Competitive strategic management. *Competitive strategic management*, 556-570.
- Rzemieniak, M., & Iannuli, F. (2015). The effectiveness of online advertising of companies in Poland,12(2), 130-138.
- Schlosser, A. E., Shavitt., & Schumpeter, J. A. (2011). *Capitalism, Socialism and Democracy*. New York: Harper & Row.1942.
- Schwandt, T. A., & Fray, D. J. (2001). Dictionary of qualitative inquiry.
- Segoro, W. (2013). The influence of perceived service quality, Mooring factor, and relationship quality on customer satisfaction and loyalty. *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 81, 306-310.
- Seidman, A. (2001). An investigation of employee behavior on customer satisfaction in the quick service restaurant industry. UMI.: Unpublished dissertation; Nova.
- Sekaran, U. (2000). *Research Method for Business: A skill-building approach*. New York: Johnwileg & Sons, Inc.
- Sekaran, U., & Bougie, R. (2010). *Research methods for business: A skill building approach*. Wiley.
- Shankar, V., Smith, A. K., & Rangaswamy, A. (2003). Customer satisfaction and loyalty in online and offline environments. *International Journal of Research Marketing*. 20 (2), 153-175.
- Shansi, H. (2007). Executional cues, Interactivity, and level of involvement in banner advertisement: *An experimental approach to understand online advertising effectiveness*. Master thesis, National University of Singapore.

- Shansi, H. (2008). *Effectiveness and Consumer Preference of Online Advertising* (Doctoral dissertation).
- Sharma, N., Young, L., & Wilkinson, I. (2007). The commitment mix: Dimensions of commitment in international trading relationships in India. *Journal of International Marketing*, 14 (3), 64-91.
- Sheikh, K. (1981). Investigating non-response bias in mail surveys. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, 35, 293-296.
- Silvestri, C. (2017). An analysis of the relationship between quality factors and customer loyalty for success of firms in the service industry. *Strategic Marketing Management and Tactics in the Service Industry*, 74.
- Singer, E. (2006). Non-response bias in household surveys. *Public Opinion Quarterly*, 70(5), 637-645.
- Statistic Malaysian Communications & Multimedia Commission (SKMM) (2009). Assessed on 15th March 2015 Retrieved from [http:// www.malaysia.gov.my/en](http://www.malaysia.gov.my/en).
- Statistic Zenith Opmedia. (2011). Digital ad spends to fuel advertising growth by 2013. Assessed on 15th June 2014, Retrieved from <https://econsultancy.com/nma-archive/15460-digital-ad-spend-to-fuel-advertising-growth-by-2013>
- Sterne, J. (2002). *World Wide Web marketing: integrating the Web into your marketing strategy*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Stewart, D. W. (2004). The new face of interactive advertising: it's time to rethink traditional ad research strategy. *Marketing Research*, 16(1), 10-15.
- Souiden, N., Chtourou, S., & Korai, B. (2017). Consumer Attitudes Toward Online Advertising: The Moderating Role of Personality. *Journal of Promotion Management*, 23(2), 207-227.
- Tabachnick, B., & Fidell, S. (2001). *Using Multivariate Statistics*. (5th ed.). Allyn & Bacon. Needham Heights.
- Tabachnick, B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2014). *Using Multivariate Statistics*. (6th ed.). Boston: Pearson Education Limited.
- Tan, D. S., & Piron, F. (2002) Advertising agencies and advertisers' perceptions of internet advertising. The Review of Marketing Communications. *International Journal of Advertising* 21(3), 381-397.
- Tate, W. L., Ellram, L. M., Bals, L., Hartmann, E., & Valk, W. (2009). An agency theory perspective on the purchase of marketing services. Retrieved from *Industrial Marketing Management*, doi: 10.1016/j.indmarman.2009.08.005.

- Thorbj rnsen, H. (2002). *Building brand relationships online: the role of interactivity, relationship motives and internet experience*.
- Toops, L. M. (2009). *Cover story: Agent/insurer relationships*. The R Word.
- Tsai, M.T., Li, E. Y., Lee, K. W., & Tung, W. H. (2011) "Beyond ERP implementation: The moderating effect of knowledge management on business performance." *Total Quality Management* 22.2 (2011), 131-144.
- Tsai, W., Hsu, W., & Chou, W. (2011). A gap analysis model for improving airport service quality. *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, 22(10), 1025-1040.
- Tungate, M. (2007). *Adland: a global history of advertising*: Kogan Page Publishers.
- Tutaj, K., & van Reijmersdal, E. A. (2012). Effects of online advertising format and persuasion knowledge on audience reactions. *Journal of Marketing Communications*, 18(1), 5-18.
- Tuten, T. L., Bosnjak, M., & Bandila, W. (2000). Banner-advertised. *Web Surveys Marketing Research*, 11, 17-21.
- Uлага, W., & Eggert, A. (2006). Relationship value and relationship quality: Broadening the nomological network of business-to-business relationships. *European Journal of Marketing*, 40(3/4), 311-327.
- Unnava, H. R., & Burnkrant, R. E. (1991). An imagery-processing view of the role of pictures in print advertisements. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 226-231.
- Van Heerde, H., Helsen, K., & Dekimpe, M. G. (2007). The impact of a product-harm crisis on marketing effectiveness. *Marketing Science*, 26(2), 230-245.
- Varnali, K., & Toker, A. (2010). Mobile Marketing Research: The-state-of-the-art. *International Journal of Information Management*, 30, 144-151.
- Von-Krogh, (1998). Care in knowledge creation. *California Management Review*, 40. 133-154.
- Wakeling, P., & Murphy, B. (2002). CPG Ad Commandments. Accessed on Oct 20, 2013, from: <http://www.iab.net/measuringsuccess/>.
- Wang, Y., Gao, S., & Sheng, X. (2014). Enterprise customer life-cycle value model and applied research. *Journal of Business Administration Research*, 3(2), 68.
- Wang, I. M., & Shieh, C. J. (2006). The relationship between service quality and customer satisfaction: the example of CJCUC library. *Journal of Information and Optimization Sciences*, 27(1), 193-209.
- Wang, Y., & Shaojing, S. (2010). Examine the role of beliefs and attitude in online advertising: A comparison between the USA and Romania. *Journal of International Marketing Review*, 27(1), 87-107.

- Werner, H. (1997). Relational purchasing behaviour: Forms and determinants, Gabler Verlag, Wiesbaden.
- Westbrook, R. A. (1981). Sources of consumer satisfaction with retail outlets. *Journal of Retailing*, 57(3), 68-85.
- Wetzels, M., De-Ruyter, K., & Van Birgelen, M. (1998). Marketing service relationships: The role of commitment. *Journal of Business & Industrial Marketing*, 13(4/5), 406-423.
- Wolin, L. D., & Korgaonkar, P. (2003) Web advertising: Gender differences in beliefs, attitudes and behavior. *Internet Research*, 13(5), 375-383.
- Wong, A., & Sohal, A.S. (2002). An examination of the relationships in consumer services. Quality & Reliability Management. *The International Journal*, 23(3), 244-264.
- Woo, K. S., & Ennew, C. T. (2004). Business-to-business relationship quality: An IMP interaction-based conceptualization and measurement. *European Journal of Marketing*, 38(9/10), 1252-1271.
- Wu, M. (2006). Hofstede's cultural dimensions 30 years later: A study of Taiwan and the United States. *Intercultural Communication Studies*, 15(1), 33.
- Wu, S. I., Wei, P. L., & Chen, J. H. (2008). Influential factors and relational structure of internet banner advertising in the tourism industry. *Tourism Management*, 29, 221.
- Wu, G. (1999). Perceived interactivity and attitude toward website. *Proceedings of the American Academy of Advertising*, M.S. Roberts, 254-262.
- Yaghmale, F. (2009). *Content validity and its estimation*. *Journal of Medical Education*, 3(1).
- Yang, C. C. (1996). *Interactive advertising and its effectiveness: An exploratory study*. *Advertising Research*, 8, 27-65.
- Yamoah, E. E. (2014). *Small and Medium Scale Enterprises and Internet Marketing in Ghana*. Small, 6(18).
- Yates, D. S., Moore, D. S., & Starnes, D. S. (2008). *The Practice of Statistics* (3rd ed.). New York: W. H. Freeman and Company.
- Yousafzai, S.Y., Foxall, G., & Pallister, J.G. (2010). Explaining internet banking behaviour: Theory of reasoned action, theory of planned behaviour, or technology acceptance model? *Journal of Applied Social Psychology*, 40(5), 1172-1202.
- Yousafzai, S.Y., Pallister, J.G., & Foxall, G.R. (2003). A proposed model of e-trust for electronic banking. *Tecnovation*, 23, 847-860.
- Yozgat, U., Demirbag, O., & Şahin, S. (2013). *The impact of knowledge sharing and partnership quality on outsourcing success*, 63(10), 50-54.
- Zeithaml, V. A., Bitner, M. J., & Gremler, D. D. (2006). *Service marketing: Integrating customer focus across the firm*. McGraw-Hill. (9th ed), 696.

- Zeithaml, V. A., Parasuraman, A., & Malhotra, A. (2002). Service quality delivery through websites: A critical review of extant knowledge. *Academy of Marketing Science Journal*, 30(4), 362-375.
- Zeithaml, V. A., Rust, R. T., & Lemon, K. N. (2001). The Customer pyramid: Creating and serving profitable customers. *California Management Review*. 43(4), 118-142.
- Zeithaml, V. A., Parasuraman, A., Berry, L. L., & Musacchio, M. T. (2000). *Servire qualit *. McGraw-Hill. 64(1), 12.
- Zikmund, W. G., Babin, B. J., Carr, J. C., & Griffin, M. (2013). *Business research methods*. Cengage Learning.



APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Survey Questionnaire



Universiti Utara Malaysia Sintok 06010, Kedah Malaysia

Academic Research Questionnaire

This is an academic questionnaire that is intended to examine

**RELATIONSHIP QUALITY, SERVICE QUALITY ON INTERNET
ADVERTISING EFFECTIVENESS WITH
: KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT AS A MODERATOR**

Survey Guidance

Kindly respond to each question by *circling the appropriate response*, ticking the relevant box, or writing your answer in the space provided. Kindly answer the questions as honestly and candidly as possible. This is NOT a test. There are no rights or wrong answers. This will enable the classification of your responses.

Thanking you in advance for your co-operation. Your participation is highly appreciated. All personal information and answer will be treated with strictest confidentiality and for academic research purposed only.

Name: Kiew Leck Min

Address: No.76 Jalan 2/17, Taman Fadason, Off Jalan Kepong, 52000 Kuala Lumpur

Phone: 012-3813638 Fax: 603-62524850

Email: kiewvivian@yahoo.com

Section 1: Demographic variables

Please tick your answer in the relevant box.

1. Please indicate your current position: -

(a) CEO (b) Managing Director (c) Others

2. How many years have you been working in your Organization?

a) Less than 3 years b) 3 to less than 10 years

c) 10 years and above

3. Gender: Male Female

4. Age in years: (a) less than 21 (b) 22-37 (c) 38-53

(d) 54-69 (e) Above 69

5. Annual Income level: (a) less than 10K (b) 10-20K

(c) 20-50K

(d) 50-100K (e) > 100K

6. State location of company: (a) Kuala Lumpur (b) Selangor

7. Type of advertising organisational are you engaged currently. Please provide your Organisational information.

(a) Company Name:

(b) Company address:

(c) Services provided:

Section 2

Kindly tick your answer in the proper box that represents your opinion about the statement, ranging from 1 (Strongly Disagree) to 7 (Strongly Agree).

Relationship Quality -Interpretation of the scales:

No	Items	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Trust								
1.	Advertising organizations do keep promises to their clients.							
2.	Advertising organizations are not always honest to their clients.							
3.	Advertising organizations are truly interested in their client's success.							
4.	Advertising organizations are trustworthy.							
5.	Advertising organizations find it necessary to be cautious with their clients.							
Commitment								
1.	Advertising organizations intend to maintain their customer relationship with their clients as long as possible.							
2.	Advertising organizations do all they can to enhance their customer relationship.							
3.	Advertising organizations are ready to invest more than usual into client customer relationship.							
4.	Advertising organizations' cooperation with the clients peacefully.							
5.	Occasionally, advertising organizations seeks for alternatives to the services it provides to the clients.							
Satisfaction								
1.	Clients of advertising organizations are satisfied with their customer services.							
2.	Clients are satisfied with the social status that the customer service of advertising organizations gives to them.							
3.	Clients are satisfied with advertising organizations' customer service protection.							
4.	Clients are satisfied with the quality advertising organizations' customer services provided.							
5.	Clients are satisfied with how advertising organizations help making decisions for them.							
6.	Clients are satisfied with advertising organizations' duration of service provided.							

7.	Clients are satisfied with organization delivery service								
8.	Clients are satisfied with the achievement offered to them by advertising organizations.								
9.	Clients are satisfied with the returns from the advertisement made for them.								

Service Quality

No.	Items	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Tangibles								
1.	Advertising organizations have visually attractive parking areas and building exteriors.							
2.	Advertising organizations' ads visually catch the attention of the internet users.							
3.	Advertising organizations have staff members who are clean, neat, and, well-mannered.							
4.	Advertising organizations' advertisement have good interface in keeping with the firm's image and price range.							
5.	Advertising organizations' advertisements are easily readable.							
6.	Advertising organizations' advertisements are visually attractive and reflect the firm's image.							
7.	Advertising organizations have the reception areas that are comfortable and easy to move around in for the clients.							
8.	Advertising organizations do not have rest rooms that are always clean.							
9.	Advertising organizations have reception areas that are always clean.							
10.	Advertising organizations have comfortable seats in the reception room.							
Reliability								
11.	Advertising organizations serve their clients in the time promised.							
12.	Advertising organizations quickly correct anything that goes wrong.							
13.	Advertising organizations are dependable and consistent.							
14.	Advertising organizations provide accurate clients' bill.							
15.	Advertising organizations provide advertisement service as exactly as the clients order it.							

Responsiveness								
16	Advertising organizations have employed employees that help each other and maintain speed and quality of service.							
17	Advertising organizations provide prompt and quick service.							
18.	Advertising organizations give extra effort to handle clients' special requests.							
19.	Advertising organization response to email enquiries are quick and accurately.							

Items were measured on a five-point Likert scale, ranging from 1 (Strongly Disagree) to 7 (Strongly Agree).

Knowledge Management

The following questions ask about extent of attitude towards the knowledge management in other advertising organization and you should answer based on yourself as an advertising agency point of view.

Knowledge Management represents identification and control of the collective knowledge in an organization to enhance the organizational ability to compete.

No.	Items	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Codification Strategy								
1.	Advertising organizations seek to write down and document the ideas gained in the process of work.							
2.	Advertising organizations seek to capture the experiences that employees narrated.							
3.	Advertising organizations seek to record important data, advertisement, and happenings for the future purpose.							
4.	Advertising organizations seek to dedicate a team of employees to archive advertisement, drawing, reports, and other useful information.							
5.	Advertising organizations seek to create a database such as an online repository for keeping ads information and others related information.							
Personalization Strategy								
6.	Advertising organizations' employees can share their learning and experiences with one another in the process of work.							

7.	Advertising organizations consider reviewing clients' opinions in the management meeting as a learning practice.								
8.	Advertising organizations hold informal routine meetings to review work progress and create new ideas.								
9.	Advertising organizations attempt to form small team of employees to discuss knowledge and ideas around a particular theme.								
10.	Advertising organizations seek to make available a "people directory" to help employees in their search for colleagues with certain expertise.								

Internet Advertising Effectiveness:

The following questions ask about extent of attitude towards the ads and Brand in other advertising organization and you should answer based on yourself as an advertising agency point of view.

Items were measured on a seven-point Likert scale, ranging from 1 (Strongly Disagree) to 7 (Strongly Agree).

No.	Items	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.	Feelings of client's regarding advertising organizations' advertisement of an online are positive.							
2.	Client's impressions about a specific online advertised by advertising organizations are good.							
3.	Client's impressions about buying online instead of conventional ones in the near future.							
4.	Client's impression about buying online is very convenient.							

We appreciate of your time and effort in completing this sampling questionnaire, this report will contribute to the University research literature study.

Thank you for your kind cooperation.

Appendix 2: Frequencies

Frequency Table

Statistics

	Age	Experience	Gender	Income	Location	Position
N Valid	118	118	118	118	118	118
Missing	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mean	2.47	2.26	1.40	3.21	1.45	2.69
Mode	2	3	1	3	1	3
Std. Deviation	.700	.821	.492	1.183	.500	.518

Age

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid 1	3	2.5	2.5	2.5
2	67	56.8	56.8	59.3
3	39	33.1	33.1	92.4
4	8	6.8	6.8	99.2
5	1	.8	.8	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Experience

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid < 3 years	24	20.3	20.3	20.3
3 - 10 years	42	35.6	35.6	55.9
>10 years	52	44.1	44.1	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Gender

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid MALE	71	60.2	60.2	60.2
FEM	47	39.8	39.8	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Income

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid >10K	15	12.7	12.7	12.7
10-20K	10	8.5	8.5	21.2
20-50K	45	38.1	38.1	59.3
50-100K	31	26.3	26.3	85.6
100K<	17	14.4	14.4	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Location

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid KL	65	55.1	55.1	55.1
SEL	53	44.9	44.9	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Position

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid CEO	3	2.5	2.5	2.5
MD	31	26.3	26.3	28.8
OTH	84	71.2	71.2	100.0
Total	118	100.0	100.0	

Appendix 3: Reliability

Scale: Advertising Effectiveness

Case Processing Summary

		N	%
Cases	Valid	118	100.0
	Excluded ^a	0	.0
	Total	118	100.0

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.732	8

Item Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eATTads1	5.27	1.325	118
eATTads2	5.39	1.148	118
eATTbrand1	5.36	1.251	118
eATTbrand2	5.56	1.129	118

Item-Total Statistics

	Scale Mean if Item Deleted	Scale Variance if Item Deleted	Corrected Item-Total Correlation	Cronbach's Alpha if Item Deleted
eATTads1	37.74	16.896	.531	.682
eATTads2	37.62	17.349	.604	.665
eATTbrand1	37.65	16.588	.617	.659
eATTbrand2	37.45	18.609	.468	.696

Scale Statistics

Mean	Variance	Std. Deviation	N of Items
43.01	24.436	4.943	8

Universiti Utara Malaysia

Reliability

Scale: Relationship Quality (RQ)

Case Processing Summary

		N	%
Cases	Valid	118	100.0
	Excluded ^a	0	.0
	Total	118	100.0

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.930	12

Item Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
RQT1	5.03	1.078	118
RQT3	5.19	1.139	118
RQT5	5.03	1.074	118
RQC2	5.46	1.051	118
RQC3	5.12	1.006	118
RQC5	5.20	1.026	118
RQS4	5.14	1.004	118
RQS5	5.10	.990	118
RQS6	5.13	1.009	118
RQS7	5.18	.984	118
RQS8	5.13	.992	118
RQS9	5.08	.971	118

Item-Total Statistics

	Scale Mean if Item Deleted	Scale Variance if Item Deleted	Corrected Item-Total Correlation	Cronbach's Alpha if Item Deleted
RQT1	56.74	73.289	.613	.927
RQT3	56.58	70.912	.707	.923
RQT5	56.75	73.302	.615	.927
RQC2	56.31	71.465	.743	.922
RQC3	56.65	73.887	.629	.926
RQC5	56.57	72.709	.686	.924
RQS4	56.64	70.781	.828	.919
RQS5	56.67	72.839	.707	.923
RQS6	56.64	71.257	.792	.920
RQS7	56.59	73.816	.650	.925
RQS8	56.64	71.941	.763	.921
RQS9	56.69	74.163	.638	.926

Scale Statistics

Mean	Variance	Std. Deviation	N of Items
61.77	85.768	9.261	12

Reliability

Scale: SERVICE QUALITY (SQ)

Case Processing Summary

		N	%
Cases	Valid	118	100.0
	Excluded ^a	0	.0
	Total	118	100.0

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.934	12

Item Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
SQT2	5.04	1.065	118
SQT4	5.16	.987	118
SQT5	5.16	.987	118
SQT6	5.16	.924	118
SQT7	4.92	.926	118
SQR1	5.18	.949	118
SQR2	5.22	.997	118
SQR3	5.13	.939	118
SQR4	5.25	1.004	118
SQre2	5.36	.920	118
SQre3	5.37	.977	118
SQre4	5.22	.953	118

Item-Total Statistics

	Scale Mean if Item Deleted	Scale Variance if Item Deleted	Corrected Item-Total Correlation	Cronbach's Alpha if Item Deleted
SQT2	57.13	68.163	.533	.936
SQT4	57.01	66.060	.726	.928
SQT5	57.01	66.008	.729	.928
SQT6	57.01	66.726	.735	.928
SQT7	57.25	67.948	.646	.931
SQR1	56.99	65.923	.769	.927
SQR2	56.95	65.690	.742	.928
SQR3	57.04	65.733	.792	.926
SQR4	56.92	66.020	.714	.929
SQre2	56.81	66.153	.780	.926
SQre3	56.80	66.078	.733	.928
SQre4	56.95	67.502	.655	.931

Scale Statistics

Mean	Variance	Std. Deviation	N of Items
62.17	78.672	8.870	12

Reliability

Scale: Knowledge Management (KM)

Case Processing Summary

		N	%
Cases	Valid	118	100.0
	Excluded ^a	0	.0
	Total	118	100.0

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.898	9

Item Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
KMC1	5.25	1.320	118
KMC2	5.42	1.127	118
KMC3	5.53	1.167	118
KMC4	5.53	1.210	118
KMC5	5.37	1.253	118
KMP1	5.54	1.203	118
KMP3	5.42	1.172	118
KMP4	5.44	1.173	118
KMP5	5.55	1.152	118

Item-Total Statistics

	Scale Mean if Item Deleted	Scale Variance if Item Deleted	Corrected Item-Total Correlation	Cronbach's Alpha if Item Deleted
KMC1	43.80	49.787	.677	.886
KMC2	43.63	51.142	.728	.882
KMC3	43.52	51.141	.697	.884
KMC4	43.52	50.919	.681	.885
KMC5	43.67	51.710	.603	.892
KMP1	43.50	51.893	.623	.890
KMP3	43.62	51.246	.686	.885
KMP4	43.60	51.319	.681	.885
KMP5	43.49	52.782	.600	.892

Scale Statistics

Mean	Variance	Std. Deviation	N of Items
49.04	64.143	8.009	9

Appendix 4: Factor Analysis Ad Effectiveness

	eATTads1	eATTads2	eATTad3	eATTad4
eATTads1	1.000	.610	.540	.229

KMO and Bartlett's Test

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy.		.648
Approx. Chi-Square		255.002
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	df	28
	Sig.	.000

Communalities

	Initial	Extraction
eATTads1	1.000	.882
eATTads2	1.000	.734
eATTbrand1	1.000	.740
eATTbrand2	1.000	.868

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Total Variance Explained

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings ^a
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total
1	2.875	35.936	35.936	2.875	35.936	35.936	2.343
2	1.488	18.601	54.537	1.488	18.601	54.537	1.957
3	1.121	14.017	68.554	1.121	14.017	68.554	1.519
4	.838	10.478	79.032	.838	10.478	79.032	1.752

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. When components are correlated, sums of squared loadings cannot be added to obtain a total variance.

Component Matrix^a

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
eATTbrand1	.790			
eATTads2	.786			
eATTads1	.735			-.545
eATTbrand2	.650			.627

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. 4 components extracted.

a
Pattern Matrix

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
eATTads1	.992			
eATTads2	.690			
eATTbrand2		.955		
eATTbrand1		.579		

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser Normalization.

a. Rotation converged in 5 iterations.

Structure Matrix

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
eATTads1	.929			
eATTads2	.809	.591		
eATTbrand2		.927		
eATTbrand1	.681	.762		

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser Normalization.

Component Correlation Matrix

Component	1	2	3	4
1	1.000	.418	.066	.296
2	.418	1.000	.044	.213
3	.066	.044	1.000	.146
4	.296	.213	.146	1.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser Normalization.

Factor Analysis on Relationship Quality

a

Correlation Matrix

	RQT 1	RQT 3	RQT 5	RQC 2	RQC 3	RQC 5	RQS 4	RQS 5	RQS 6	RQS 7	RQS 8	RQS 9
RQT1	1.000	.614	.435	.529	.454	.489	.525	.429	.468	.381	.396	.390
RQT3	.614	1.000	.499	.627	.480	.567	.650	.468	.559	.405	.516	.451
RQT5	.435	.499	1.000	.512	.393	.461	.449	.552	.518	.441	.511	.375
RQC 2	.529	.627	.512	1.000	.716	.698	.581	.505	.565	.458	.493	.426
RQC 3	.454	.480	.393	.716	1.000	.598	.534	.374	.490	.410	.465	.323
RQC 5	.489	.567	.461	.698	.598	1.000	.571	.493	.512	.421	.470	.405
RQS 4	.525	.650	.449	.581	.534	.571	1.000	.691	.734	.607	.790	.656
RQS 5	.429	.468	.552	.505	.374	.493	.691	1.000	.654	.525	.622	.561
RQS 6	.468	.559	.518	.565	.490	.512	.734	.654	1.000	.674	.735	.618
RQS 7	.381	.405	.441	.458	.410	.421	.607	.525	.674	1.000	.651	.469
RQS 8	.396	.516	.511	.493	.465	.470	.790	.622	.735	.651	1.000	.673
RQS 9	.390	.451	.375	.426	.323	.405	.656	.561	.618	.469	.673	1.000
RQT1		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQT3	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQT5	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQC 2	.000	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQC 3	.000	.000	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQC 5	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

Correlation

Sig. (1-tailed)

RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
4												
RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
5												
RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
6												
RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
7												
RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
8												
RQS	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
9												

a. Determinant = .000

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy.	.920
Approx. Chi-Square	913.434
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	df 66
Sig.	.000

Communalities

	Initial	Extraction
RQT1	1.000	.725
RQT3	1.000	.726
RQT5	1.000	.567
RQC2	1.000	.816
RQC3	1.000	.834
RQC5	1.000	.703
RQS4	1.000	.792
RQS5	1.000	.665
RQS6	1.000	.773
RQS7	1.000	.646
RQS8	1.000	.814
RQS9	1.000	.647

Extraction Method: Principal

Component Analysis.

Principal Component Analysis

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings a
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total
1	6.831	56.921	56.921	6.831	56.921	56.921	5.993
2	1.181	9.846	66.767	1.181	9.846	66.767	4.792
3	.698	5.817	72.584	.698	5.817	72.584	5.016
4	.652	5.435	78.018				
5	.535	4.457	82.475				
6	.421	3.510	85.985				
7	.398	3.318	89.303				
8	.371	3.093	92.396				
9	.300	2.498	94.894				
10	.257	2.140	97.033				
11	.206	1.720	98.753				
12	.150	1.247	100.000				

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. When components are correlated, sums of squared loadings cannot be added to obtain a total variance.

a
Component Matrix

	Component		
	1	2	3
RQT1	.668		
RQT3	.756		
RQT5	.673		
RQC2	.785		
RQC3	.686		
RQC5	.737		
RQS4	.871		
RQS5	.765		
RQS6	.841		
RQS7	.715		
RQS8	.819		
RQS9	.706		

Extraction Method: Principal Component

Analysis.

a. 3 components extracted.

a
Pattern Matrix

	Component		
	1	2	3
RQT1			.904
RQT3			.735
RQT5			.660
RQC2		.759	
RQC3		.994	
RQC5		.685	
RQS4	.724		
RQS5	.688		
RQS6	.797		
RQS7	.830		
RQS8	.936		
RQS9	.846		

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser

a

Normalization.

a. Rotation converged in 5 iterations.

	Structure Matrix Component		
	1	2	3
RQT1		.534	.846
RQT3	.582	.624	.844
RQT5	.578		.738
RQC2	.579	.889	.685
RQC3		.907	
RQC5	.550	.823	.645
RQS4	.875	.630	.661
RQS5	.791		.638
RQS6	.874	.587	.601
RQS7	.786	.514	
RQS8	.901	.527	.534
RQS9	.793		.510

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser

Normalization.

Component Correlation Matrix

Component	1	2	3
1	1.000	.588	.639
2	.588	1.000	.630
3	.639	.630	1.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser Normalization.

Factor Analysis on Service Quality

Correlation Matrix

		SQ T2	SQ T4	SQ T5	SQ T6	SQ T7	SQ R1	SQ R2	SQ R3	SQ R4	SQ R5	SQr e2	SQr e3	SQr e4
Correlation	SQ	1.0	.49	.51	.60	.51	.40	.40	.34	.25	.32	.38	.33	.34
	T2	00	8	4	1	5	7	2	5	4	2	6	0	4
	SQ	.49	1.0	.69	.71	.58	.49	.53	.55	.47	.39	.53	.57	.45
	T4	8	00	3	2	4	0	7	0	7	9	9	6	3
	SQ	.51	.69	1.0	.71	.65	.49	.53	.57	.49	.51	.53	.49	.43
	T5	4	3	00	2	0	0	7	7	5	5	9	6	5
	SQ	.60	.71	.71	1.0	.68	.53	.54	.55	.45	.41	.49	.47	.39
	T6	1	2	2	00	4	3	6	7	5	7	5	3	6
	SQ	.51	.58	.65	.68	1.0	.45	.45	.56	.37	.42	.43	.41	.36
	T7	5	4	0	4	00	4	4	2	0	1	3	0	8
	SQ	.40	.49	.49	.53	.45	1.0	.70	.72	.73	.64	.71	.63	.56
	R1	7	0	0	3	4	00	8	3	5	4	0	8	1
	SQ	.40	.53	.53	.54	.45	.70	1.0	.68	.67	.57	.57	.57	.55
	R2	2	7	7	6	4	8	00	2	1	2	5	3	1
	SQ	.34	.55	.57	.55	.56	.72	.68	1.0	.71	.75	.67	.64	.58
	R3	5	0	7	7	2	3	2	00	9	6	9	7	9
	SQ	.25	.47	.49	.45	.37	.73	.67	.71	1.0	.71	.71	.58	.56
	R4	4	7	5	5	0	5	1	9	00	8	0	6	8
	SQ	.32	.39	.51	.41	.42	.64	.57	.75	.71	1.0	.65	.51	.50
R5	2	9	5	7	1	4	2	6	8	00	4	3	4	
SQr	.38	.53	.53	.49	.43	.71	.57	.67	.71	.65	1.0	.81	.65	
e2	6	9	9	5	3	0	5	9	0	4	00	2	1	
SQr	.33	.57	.49	.47	.41	.63	.57	.64	.58	.51	.81	1.0	.64	
e3	0	6	6	3	0	8	3	7	6	3	2	00	6	
SQr	.34	.45	.43	.39	.36	.56	.55	.58	.56	.50	.65	.64	1.0	
e4	4	3	5	6	8	1	1	9	8	4	1	6	00	

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy.		.925
	Approx. Chi-Square	1140.702
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	df	78
	Sig.	.000

KMO and Bartlett's Test

Communalities

	Initial	Extraction
SQT2	1.000	.605
SQT4	1.000	.723
SQT5	1.000	.732
SQT6	1.000	.804
SQT7	1.000	.712
SQR1	1.000	.746
SQR2	1.000	.660
SQR3	1.000	.812
SQR4	1.000	.808
SQR5	1.000	.789
SQre2	1.000	.823
SQre3	1.000	.843
SQre4	1.000	.722

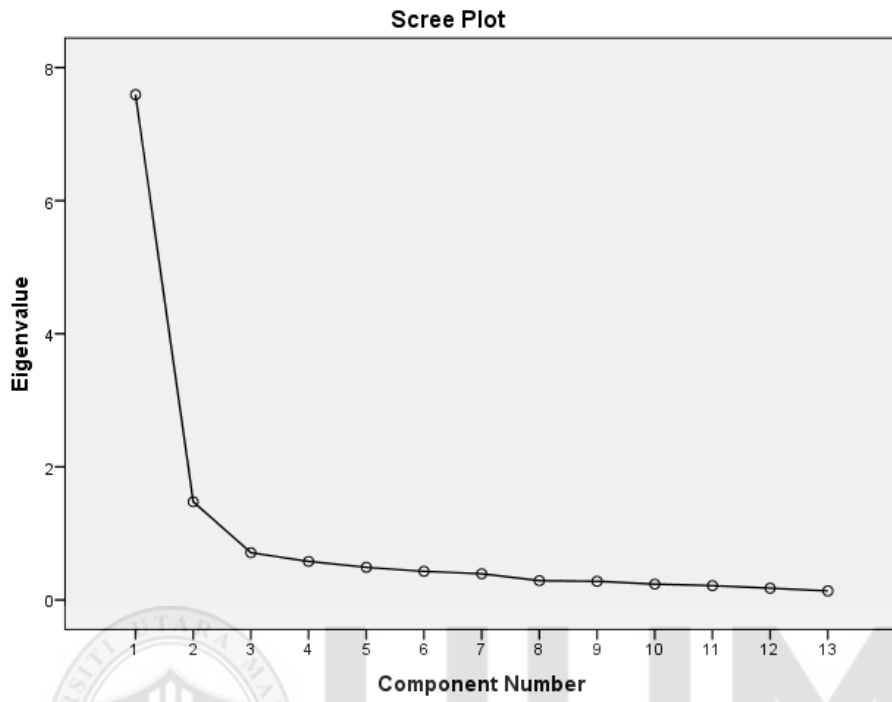
Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Principal Component Analysis.

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings ^a
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total
1	7.593	58.408	58.408	7.593	58.408	58.408	6.448
2	1.476	11.350	69.759	1.476	11.350	69.759	5.759
3	.710	5.459	75.218	.710	5.459	75.218	5.639
4	.578	4.449	79.666				
5	.489	3.765	83.431				
6	.429	3.303	86.734				
7	.393	3.024	89.758				
8	.289	2.223	91.981				
9	.279	2.149	94.131				
10	.238	1.827	95.958				
11	.214	1.647	97.605				
12	.176	1.354	98.959				
13	.135	1.041	100.000				

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. When components are correlated, sums of squared loadings cannot be added to obtain a total variance.



a

Pattern Matrix

	Component		
	1	2	3
SQT2		.848	
SQT4		.729	
SQT5		.758	
SQT6		.886	
SQT7		.844	
SQR1	.678		
SQR2	.617		
SQR3	.794		
SQR4	.882		
SQR5	1.003		
SQre2			.689
SQre3			.900
SQre4			.842

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser

a

Normalization.

a. Rotation converged in 5 iterations.

Structure Matrix

	Component		
	1	2	3
SQT2	.337	.760	.409
SQT4	.527	.824	.622
SQT5	.610	.845	.512
SQT6	.559	.896	.492
SQT7	.532	.830	.383
SQR1	.848	.562	.707
SQR2	.794	.601	.633
SQR3	.895	.615	.666
SQR4	.890	.463	.670
SQR5	.881	.476	.543
SQre2	.762	.552	.884
SQre3	.649	.534	.918
SQre4	.606	.460	.849

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser

Normalization.

Component Correlation Matrix

Component	1	2	3
1	1.000	.600	.699
2	.600	1.000	.560
3	.699	.560	1.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser Normalization.

Factor Analysis on Knowledge Management

Correlation Matrix

	KMC1	KMC2	KMC3	KMC4	KMC5	KMP1	KMP3	KMP4	KMP5
KMC1	1.000	.649	.537	.539	.487	.481	.462	.487	.405
KMC2	.649	1.000	.619	.666	.519	.463	.461	.494	.428
KMC3	.537	.619	1.000	.656	.531	.532	.435	.510	.323
KMC4	.539	.666	.656	1.000	.552	.407	.468	.389	.385
Correlation KMC5	.487	.519	.531	.552	1.000	.358	.398	.457	.336
KMP1	.481	.463	.532	.407	.358	1.000	.569	.495	.455
KMP3	.462	.461	.435	.468	.398	.569	1.000	.627	.687
KMP4	.487	.494	.510	.389	.457	.495	.627	1.000	.616
KMP5	.405	.428	.323	.385	.336	.455	.687	.616	1.000

KMO and Bartlett's Test

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy.		.888
Approx. Chi-Square		543.782
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	df	36
	Sig.	.000

Communalities

	Initial	Extraction
KMC1	1.000	.608
KMC2	1.000	.717
KMC3	1.000	.703
KMC4	1.000	.716
KMC5	1.000	.565
KMP1	1.000	.537
KMP3	1.000	.780
KMP4	1.000	.688
KMP5	1.000	.772

Extraction Method: Principal

Component Analysis.

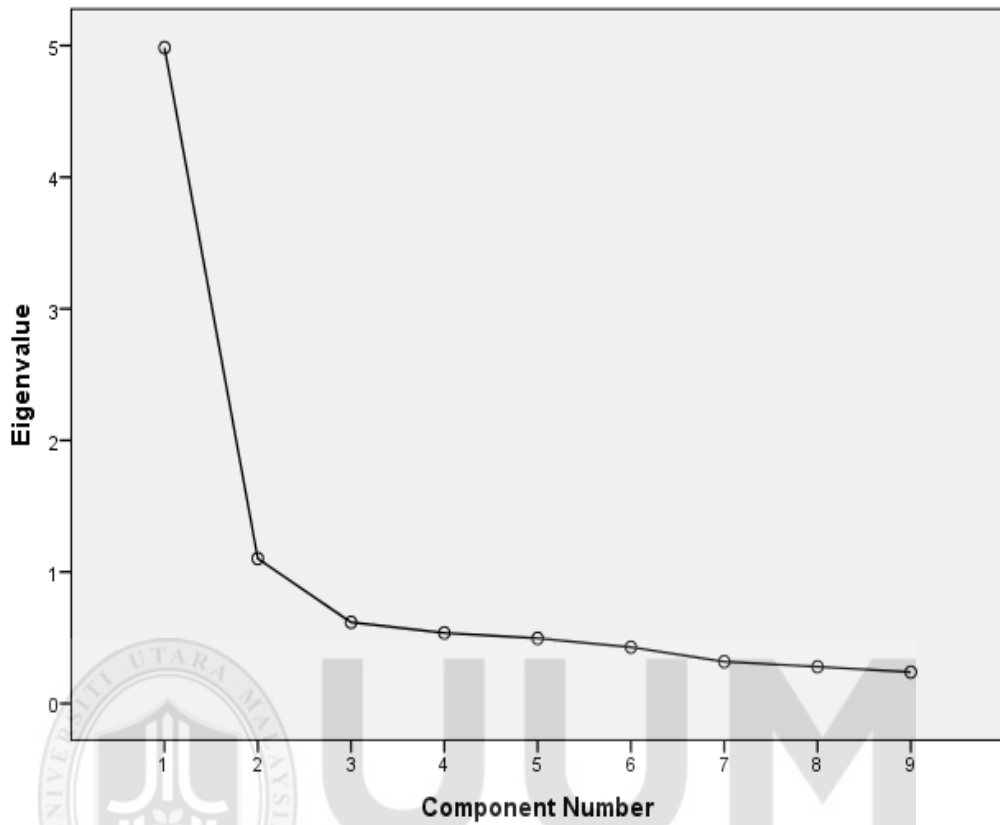
Total Variance Explained

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings ^a
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total
1	4.985	55.387	55.387	4.985	55.387	55.387	4.432
2	1.102	12.244	67.631	1.102	12.244	67.631	3.974
3	.617	6.854	74.485				
4	.536	5.961	80.445				
5	.495	5.502	85.947				
6	.428	4.758	90.705				
7	.318	3.535	94.240				
8	.280	3.106	97.346				
9	.239	2.654	100.000				

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. When components are correlated, sums of squared loadings cannot be added to obtain a total variance.

Scree Plot



a
Component Matrix

	Component	
	1	2
KMC1	.757	
KMC2	.798	
KMC3	.773	-.325
KMC4	.760	-.372
KMC5	.689	
KMP1	.708	
KMP3	.761	.448
KMP4	.757	.339
KMP5	.686	.549

Extraction Method: Principal

Component Analysis.

a. 2 components extracted.

a
Pattern Matrix

	Component	
	1	2
KMC1	.687	
KMC2	.817	
KMC3	.845	
KMC4	.888	
KMC5	.764	
KMP1		.556
KMP3		.880
KMP4		.752
KMP5		.963

Extraction Method: Principal

Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with

a

Kaiser Normalization.

a. Rotation converged in 3 iterations.

Structure Matrix

	Component	
	1	2
KMC1	.772	.555
KMC2	.846	.541
KMC3	.838	.499
KMC4	.844	.464
KMC5	.751	.440
KMP1	.584	.706
KMP3	.536	.883
KMP4	.574	.824
KMP5	.428	.870

Extraction Method: Principal

Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with
Kaiser Normalization.

Component Correlation Matrix

Component	1	2
1	1.000	.604
2	.604	1.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component
Analysis.

Rotation Method: Promax with Kaiser
Normalization.

Appendix 5: T-Test

Group Statistics

	Group	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
RQT	1 early response	55	7.5000	1.50923	.20350
	2 late response	63	7.7381	1.48882	.18757
RQC	1 early response	55	17.3545	3.13644	.42292
	2 late response	63	17.4603	3.01047	.37928
RQS	1 early response	55	31.4208	5.12072	.69048
	2 late response	63	31.6100	5.03720	.63463
SQT	1 early response	55	21.5236	3.57905	.48260
	2 late response	63	21.4984	3.42097	.43100
SQR	1 early response	55	21.2691	3.49862	.47175
	2 late response	63	22.2825	3.63879	.45844
SQre	1 early response	55	11.9394	2.04486	.27573
	2 late response	63	12.9312	1.92527	.24256
KM	1 early response	55	43.5030	8.46864	1.14191
	2 late response	63	44.9330	6.03859	.76079
eADV	1 early response	55	60.8455	5.52337	.74477
	2 late response	63	62.7288	5.46787	.68889

Independent Samples Test

		Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means						
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
									Lower	Upper
RQT	Equal variances assumed	.132	.717	-.861	116	.391	-.23810	.27651	-.78575	.30956
	Equal variances not assumed			-.860	113.425	.391	-.23810	.27676	-.78639	.31020
RQC	Equal variances assumed	.669	.415	-.187	116	.852	-.10577	.56649	-1.22778	1.01623
	Equal variances not assumed			-.186	112.443	.853	-.10577	.56808	-1.23130	1.01976
RQS	Equal variances assumed	.141	.708	-.202	116	.840	-.18920	.93677	-2.04459	1.66619
	Equal variances not assumed			-.202	113.330	.840	-.18920	.93782	-2.04714	1.66874
SQT	Equal variances assumed	.344	.558	.039	116	.969	.02522	.64505	-1.25238	1.30282
	Equal variances not assumed			.039	112.281	.969	.02522	.64704	-1.25677	1.30722

	Equal	.629	.429	-	116	.127	-1.01345	.65959	-	.29294
	variances			1.536					2.31984	
	assumed									
SQR	Equal			-	114.901	.126	-1.01345	.65782	-	.28957
	variances			1.541					2.31647	
	not									
	assumed									
	Equal	.440	.843	-	116	.008	-.99182	.36573	-	-.26745
	variances			2.712					1.71619	
	assumed									
SQre	Equal			-	111.671	.008	-.99182	.36724	-	-.26417
	variances			2.701					1.71948	
	not									
	assumed									
	Equal	.772	.110	-	116	.289	-1.42995	1.34189	-	1.22783
	variances			1.066					4.08773	
	assumed									
KM	Equal			-	96.089	.300	-1.42995	1.37214	-	1.29369
	variances			1.042					4.15359	
	not									
	assumed									
	Equal	.337	.848	-	116	.066	-1.88338	1.01382	-	.12461
	variances			1.858					3.89138	
	assumed									
eADV	Equal			-	113.541	.066	-1.88338	1.01452	-	.12646
	variances			1.856					3.89322	
	not									
	assumed									

Appendix 6: Correlation

Correlations b

	RQT	RQC	RQS	SQT	SQR	SQre	KM
1	1	.640**	.608**	.626**	.535**	.542**	.339**
RQT Pearson Correlation Sig. (2-tailed)		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQC Pearson Correlation Sig. (2-tailed)	.640**	1	.652**	.513**	.566**	.573**	.350**
RQS Pearson Correlation Sig. (2-tailed)	.608**	.652**	1	.639**	.732**	.710**	.480**

	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000	.000
Sig. (2-tailed)							
	**	**	**	1	**	**	**
	.626	.513	.639		.639	.601	.457
Pearson Correlation							
SQT							
	.000	.000	.000		.000	.000	.000
Sig. (2-tailed)							
	**	**	**	**	1	**	**
	.535	.566	.732	.639		.775	.465
Pearson Correlation							
SQR							
	.000	.000	.000	.000		.000	.000
Sig. (2-tailed)							
	**	**	**	**	**	1	**
	.542	.573	.710	.601	.775		.530
Pearson Correlation							
	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000		.000
Sig. (2-tailed)							

		**	**	**	**	**	**	1
		.339	.350	.480	.457	.465	.530	
	Pearson Correlation							
KM								
		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	
	Sig. (2-tailed)							
		**	**	**	**	**	**	**
	Pearson Correlation	.340	.364	.353	.415	.391	.440	.289
eADV								
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002

** . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).b. ListwiseN=188



UUM
Universiti Utara Malaysia

Appendix 7: Regreesion

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
RQC	17.4110	3.05707	118
RQS	31.5218	5.05540	118
RQT	7.6271	1.49670	118
SQT	21.5102	3.48050	118
SQR	21.8102	3.59495	118
SQre	12.4689	2.03495	118

Correlations

		eADV	RQC	RQS	RQT	SQT	SQR	SQre
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.364	.353	.340	.415	.391	.440
	RQC	.364	1.000	.652	.640	.513	.566	.573
	RQS	.353	.652	1.000	.608	.639	.732	.710
	RQT	.340	.640	.608	1.000	.626	.535	.542
	SQT	.415	.513	.639	.626	1.000	.639	.601
	SQR	.391	.566	.732	.535	.639	1.000	.775
	SQre	.440	.573	.710	.542	.601	.775	1.000
	Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQC		.000	.	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQS		.000	.000	.	.000	.000	.000	.000
RQT		.000	.000	.000	.	.000	.000	.000
SQT		.000	.000	.000	.000	.	.000	.000
SQR		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.	.000
SQre		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.
N		eADV	118	118	118	118	118	118
	RQC	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
	RQS	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
	RQT	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
	SQT	118	118	118	118	118	118	118

	SQR	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
	SQre	118	118	118	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	SQre, RQT, RQC, SQT, RQS, SQR		Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

b

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Change Statistics					Durbin-Watson
					R Square Change	F Change	df1	df2	Sig. F Change	
1	.490 a	.240	.199	4.96762	.240	5.849	6	111	.000	1.307

a. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, RQT, RQC, SQT, RQS, SQR

b. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	866.042	6	144.340	5.849	.000 ^b
	Residual	2739.178	111	24.677		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV b. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, RQT, RQC, SQT, RQS, SQR

a
Coefficients

Model	Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	95.0% Confidence Interval for B		Correlations			Collinearity Statistics	
	B	Std. Error	Beta			Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Zero-order	Partial	Partial	Tolerance	VIF
(Constant)	42.87	3.351		12.797	.000	36.246	49.528					
RQC	.242	.219	.133	1.105	.272	-.192	.677	.364	.104	.091	.469	2.131
RQS	-.102	.157	-.093	-.648	.519	-.414	.210	.353	-.061	-.054	.334	2.998
RQT	.054	.453	.014	.118	.906	-.844	.951	.340	.011	.010	.459	2.180
SQT	.345	.195	.216	1.769	.080	-.042	.732	.415	.166	.146	.457	2.187
SQR	.043	.228	.028	.188	.851	-.408	.494	.391	.018	.016	.315	3.176
SQre	.737	.385	.270	1.913	.058	-.026	1.500	.440	.179	.158	.343	2.913

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions						
				(Constant)	RQC	RQS	RQT	SQT	SQR	SQre
1	2	6.930	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	3	.020	18.603	.21	.07	.00	.45	.00	.03	.03
	4	.016	20.917	.69	.01	.03	.02	.00	.09	.08
1	5	.013	22.766	.00	.56	.01	.12	.31	.00	.00
	6	.009	28.249	.09	.22	.01	.39	.60	.02	.14
	7	.007	31.838	.00	.14	.89	.00	.06	.01	.20
	8	.006	34.992	.01	.00	.06	.01	.03	.85	.55

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	54.1407	67.7897	61.8510	2.72067	118
Residual	-10.79861	11.61153	.00000	4.83857	118
Std. Predicted Value	-2.834	2.183	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.174	2.337	.000	.974	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Appendix 8: Hierarchical Regression

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
RQT	7.6271	1.49670	118
iKMRQT	.3358	1.01913	118

Correlations

		eADV	RQT	iKMRQT
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.340	.118
	RQT	.340	1.000	.260
	iKMRQT	.118	.260	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.000	.101
	RQT	.000	.	.002
	iKMRQT	.101	.002	.
N	eADV	118	118	118
	RQT	118	118	118
	iKMRQT	118	118	118

Variables Entered/Removed^a

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	^b RQT		. Enter
2	^b iKMRQT		. Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c
Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	^a .340	.116	.108	5.24281	
2	^b .341	.117	.101	5.26265	1.359

- a. Predictors: (Constant), RQT
 b. Predictors: (Constant), RQT, iKMRQT
 c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	416.724	1	416.724	15.161	^b .000
	Residual	3188.496	116	27.487		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	420.236	2	210.118	7.587	^c .001
	Residual	3184.985	115	27.696		
	Total	3605.220	117			

- a. Dependent Variable: eADV
 b. Predictors: (Constant), RQT
 c. Predictors: (Constant), RQT, iKMRQT

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	52.234	2.517		20.755	.000	1.000	1.000
	RQT	1.261	.324	.340	3.894	.000		
2	(Constant)	52.412	2.575		20.350	.000	.932	1.072
	RQT	1.230	.337	.332	3.653	.000		
	iKMRQT	.176	.494	.032	.356	.722		

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model	Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics		
					Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance
1	iKMRQT b .032	.356	.722	.033	.932	1.072	.932

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), RQT

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions		
				(Constant)	RQT	iKMRQT
1	1	1.981	1.000	.01	.01	
	2	.019	10.332	.99	.99	
2	1	2.173	1.000	.01	.01	.05
	2	.810	1.638	.00	.00	.89
	3	.018	11.121	.99	.99	.05

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	53.4247	65.9060	61.8510	1.89519	118
Residual	-12.15892	12.34840	.00000	5.21748	118
Std. Predicted Value	-4.446	2.140	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.310	2.346	.000	.991	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
RQT	7.6271	1.49670	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
iKMR	.3358	1.01913	118
QT			

Correlations

		eADV	RQT	KM	iKMR	QT
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.340	.289	.118	
	RQT	.340	1.000	.339	.260	
	KM	.289	.339	1.000	-.248	
	iKMR	.118	.260	-.248	1.000	
	QT					1.000

Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.000	.001	.101
	RQT	.000	.	.000	.002
	KM	.001	.000	.	.003
	iKMR	.101	.002	.003	.
	QT				
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	RQT	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	iKMR	118	118	118	118
	QT				

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	KM, RQT ^b	.	Enter
2	iKMRQT ^b	.	Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	.387 ^a	.150	.135	5.16309	
2	.401 ^b	.161	.139	5.15063	1.298

a. Predictors: (Constant), KM, RQT

b. Predictors: (Constant), KM, RQT, iKMRQT

c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Anova

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	539.613	2	269.807	10.121	.000 ^b
	Residual	3065.607	115	26.657		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	580.914	3	193.638	7.299	.000 ^c
	Residual	3024.306	114	26.529		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors: (Constant), KM, RQT

c. Predictors: (Constant), KM, RQT, iKMRQT

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	47.487	3.321		14.298	.000		
	RQT	1.014	.339	.274	2.993	.003	.885	1.130
	KM	.150	.070	.196	2.147	.034	.885	1.130
2	(Constant)	47.051	3.332		14.123	.000		
	RQT	.843	.365	.227	2.308	.023	.759	1.317
	KM	.184	.075	.241	2.461	.015	.764	1.308
	iKMRQT	.650	.521	.118	1.248	.215	.805	1.242

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model		Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics		
						Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance
1	iKMRQT	.118 ^b	1.248	.215	.116	.805	1.242	.759

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), KM, RQT

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	RQT	KM	iKMRQT
1	1	2.965	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.022	11.563	.08	.96	.27	
	3	.013	15.150	.92	.04	.73	
2	1	3.105	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.01
	2	.863	1.896	.00	.00	.00	.78
	3	.019	12.800	.20	.99	.14	.12
	4	.012	16.003	.79	.00	.86	.08

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	54.9467	68.5031	61.8510	2.22825	118
Residual	-11.53550	12.81099	.00000	5.08417	118
Std. Predicted Value	-3.099	2.985	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.240	2.487	.000	.987	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
RQC	17.4110	3.05707	118
iKMRQC	.3474	1.20901	118

Correlations

		eADV	KM	RQC	iKMRQC
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.289	.364	-.088
	KM	.289	1.000	.350	.099
	RQC	.364	.350	1.000	-.093
	iKMRQC	-.088	.099	-.093	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.001	.000	.171
	KM	.001	.	.000	.144
	RQC	.000	.000	.	.158
	iKMRQC	.171	.144	.158	.
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	RQC	118	118	118	118
	iKMRQC	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	b RQC, KM		. Enter
2	b iKMRQC		. Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	a .402	.162	.147	5.12555	
2	b .410	.168	.146	5.12839	1.337

- a. Predictors: (Constant), RQC, KM
- b. Predictors: (Constant), RQC, KM, iKMRQC
- c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
ANOVA

Model	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
1	Regression	584.027	2	292.014	11.115	.000 ^b
	Residual	3021.193	115	26.271		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	606.972	3	202.324	7.693	.000 ^c
	Residual	2998.248	114	26.300		
	Total	3605.220	117			

- a. Dependent Variable: eADV
- b. Predictors: (Constant), RQC, KM
- c. Predictors: (Constant), RQC, KM, iKMRQC

a
Coefficients

Model	Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
	B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	46.175	3.433		13.451	.000	
	KM	.140	.070	.184	2.019	.046	.877
	RQC	.543	.165	.299	3.283	.001	.877
2	(Constant)	46.268	3.436		13.464	.000	
	KM	.150	.070	.196	2.130	.035	.860
	RQC	.522	.167	.287	3.122	.002	.861
	iKMRQC	-.372	.398	-.081	-.934	.352	.972

- a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model	Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics			
					Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance	
1	iKMRQC	^b -.081	-.934	.352	-.087	.972	1.029	.860

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), RQC, KM

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	KM	RQC	iKMRQC
1	1	2.969	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.018	12.729	.02	.48	.84	
	3	.012	15.427	.98	.52	.16	
2	1	3.078	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.01
	2	.892	1.858	.00	.00	.00	.96
	3	.018	13.156	.03	.49	.85	.03
	4	.012	15.708	.97	.51	.15	.00

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	54.8387	65.5232	61.8510	2.27767	118
Residual	-10.38677	13.35575	.00000	5.06222	118
Std. Predicted Value	-3.079	1.612	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.025	2.604	.000	.987	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
RQS	31.5218	5.05540	118
iKMRQS	.4759	1.14596	118

Correlations

		eADV	KM	RQS	iKMRQS
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.289	.353	.063
	KM	.289	1.000	.480	-.214
	RQS	.353	.480	1.000	.171
	iKMRQS	.063	-.214	.171	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.001	.000	.248
	KM	.001	.	.000	.010
	RQS	.000	.000	.	.032
	iKMRQS	.248	.010	.032	.
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	RQS	118	118	118	118
	iKMRQS	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	b RQS, KM		. Enter
2	b iKMRQS		. Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

a
ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	516.973	2	258.487	9.626	.000 ^b
	Residual	3088.247	115	26.854		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	526.935	3	175.645	6.505	.000 ^c
	Residual	3078.285	114	27.002		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors: (Constant), RQS, KM

c. Predictors: (Constant), RQS, KM, iKMRQS

c
Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	.379 ^a	.143	.128	5.18212	
2	.382 ^b	.146	.124	5.19639	1.256

a. Predictors: (Constant), RQS, KM

b. Predictors: (Constant), RQS, KM, iKMRQS

c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	46.959	3.464		13.555	.000		
	KM	.118	.075	.155	1.575	.118	.770	1.299
	RQS	.306	.108	.279	2.837	.005	.770	1.299
2	(Constant)	46.790	3.485		13.426	.000		
	KM	.135	.080	.177	1.683	.095	.679	1.472
	RQS	.284	.114	.259	2.487	.014	.691	1.447
	iKMRQS	.275	.453	.057	.607	.545	.857	1.167

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model	Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics			
					Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance	
1	iKMRQS	^b .057	.607	.545	.057	.857	1.167	.679

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), RQS, KM

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	KM	RQS	iKMRQS
1	1	2.974	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.013	14.885	.18	.99	.30	
	3	.013	15.420	.82	.01	.69	
2	1	3.173	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.02
	2	.803	1.987	.00	.00	.00	.83
	3	.013	15.854	1.00	.25	.21	.00
	4	.011	16.737	.00	.75	.79	.15

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	57.2671	67.7443	61.8510	2.12220	118
Residual	-11.43633	13.58519	.00000	5.12934	118
Std. Predicted Value	-2.160	2.777	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.201	2.614	.000	.987	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
SQT	21.5102	3.48050	118
iKMSQT	.4532	1.34913	118

Correlations

		eADV	KM	SQT	iKMSQT
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.289	.415	.117
	KM	.289	1.000	.457	-.312
	SQT	.415	.457	1.000	.080
	iKMSQT	.117	-.312	.080	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.001	.000	.103
	KM	.001	.	.000	.000
	SQT	.000	.000	.	.194
	iKMSQT	.103	.000	.194	.
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	SQT	118	118	118	118
	iKMSQT	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	^b SQT, KM		. Enter
2	^b iKMSQT		. Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c
Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	^a .430	.185	.170	5.05596	
2	^b .452	.204	.183	5.01722	1.206

a. Predictors: (Constant), SQT, KM

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQT, KM, iKMSQT

c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	665.503	2	332.752	13.017	^b .000
	Residual	2939.717	115	25.563		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	735.552	3	245.184	9.740	^c .000
	Residual	2869.668	114	25.173		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQT, KM

c. Predictors: (Constant), SQT, KM, iKMSQT

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	45.348	3.391		13.375	.000		
	KM	.096	.072	.125	1.325	.188	.791	1.264
	SQT	.570	.151	.358	3.777	.000	.791	1.264
2	(Constant)	44.269	3.426		12.921	.000		
	KM	.147	.078	.193	1.884	.062	.669	1.496
	SQT	.502	.155	.315	3.231	.002	.736	1.359
	iKMSQT	.626	.375	.152	1.668	.098	.840	1.191

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model		Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics		
						Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance
1	iKMSQT	^b .152	1.668	.098	.154	.840	1.191	.669

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), SQT, KM

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	KM	SQT	iKMSQT
1	1	2.973	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.014	14.579	.02	.86	.57	
	3	.013	15.391	.97	.14	.43	
2	1	3.106	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.01
	2	.870	1.890	.00	.00	.00	.81
	3	.013	15.625	.58	.02	.85	.01
	4	.011	16.467	.41	.98	.15	.16

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	53.4989	69.8046	61.8510	2.50734	118
Residual	-10.77996	12.15531	.00000	4.95248	118
Std. Predicted Value	-3.331	3.172	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.149	2.423	.000	.987	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
SQR	21.8102	3.59495	118
iKMSQR	.4609	1.26841	118

Correlations

		eADV	KM	SQR	iKMSQR
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.289	.391	.027
	KM	.289	1.000	.465	-.340
	SQR	.391	.465	1.000	.017
	iKMSQR	.027	-.340	.017	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.001	.000	.386
	KM	.001	.	.000	.000
	SQR	.000	.000	.	.426
	iKMSQR	.386	.000	.426	.
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	SQR	118	118	118	118
	iKMSQR	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	^b SQR, KM	.	Enter
2	^b iKMSQR	.	Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	^a .409	.167	.153	5.10903	
2	^b .416	.173	.151	5.11456	1.342

a. Predictors: (Constant), SQR, KM

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQR, KM, iKMSQR

c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

ANOVA

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	603.472	2	301.736	11.560	^b .000
	Residual	3001.748	115	26.102		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	623.125	3	207.708	7.940	^c .000
	Residual	2982.095	114	26.159		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQR, KM

c. Predictors: (Constant), SQR, KM, iKMSQR

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	46.212	3.386		13.648	.000		
	KM	.104	.073	.137	1.423	.157	.784	1.276
	SQR	.505	.148	.327	3.405	.001	.784	1.276
2	(Constant)	45.450	3.502		12.979	.000		
	KM	.132	.080	.172	1.648	.102	.663	1.509
	SQR	.478	.152	.309	3.142	.002	.749	1.335
	iKMSQR	.352	.406	.080	.867	.388	.845	1.183

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model		Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics		
						Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance
1	iKMSQR	^b .080	.867	.388	.081	.845	1.183	.663

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), SQR, KM

a

Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	KM	SQR	iKMSQR
1	1	2.973	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.014	14.572	.00	.70	.77	
	3	.013	15.189	1.00	.30	.23	
2	1	3.121	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.02
	2	.854	1.911	.00	.00	.00	.81
	3	.013	15.282	.43	.06	.93	.01
	4	.011	16.673	.56	.93	.07	.16

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a

Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	57.2938	68.2355	61.8510	2.30778	118
Residual	-11.43640	11.95259	.00000	5.04856	118
Std. Predicted Value	-1.975	2.767	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.236	2.337	.000	.987	118

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
eADV	61.8510	5.55102	118
KM	44.2665	7.27577	118
SQre	12.4689	2.03495	118
iKMSQre	.5257	1.18469	118

Correlations

		eADV	KM	SQre	iKMSQre
Pearson Correlation	eADV	1.000	.289	.440	-.034
	KM	.289	1.000	.530	-.349
	SQre	.440	.530	1.000	-.123
	iKMSQre	-.034	-.349	-.123	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	eADV	.	.001	.000	.357
	KM	.001	.	.000	.000
	SQre	.000	.000	.	.091
	iKMSQre	.357	.000	.091	.
N	eADV	118	118	118	118
	KM	118	118	118	118
	SQre	118	118	118	118
	iKMSQre	118	118	118	118

a

Variables Entered/Removed

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	^b SQre, KM	.	Enter
2	^b iKMSQre	.	Enter

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. All requested variables entered.

c

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Durbin-Watson
1	^a .445	.198	.184	5.01402	
2	^b .447	.200	.179	5.02959	1.233

a. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, KM

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, KM, iKMSQre

c. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
ANOVA

Model	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
1	Regression	714.069	2	357.035	14.202	.000 ^b
	Residual	2891.151	115	25.140		
	Total	3605.220	117			
2	Regression	721.387	3	240.462	9.506	.000 ^c
	Residual	2883.834	114	25.297		
	Total	3605.220	117			

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, KM

c. Predictors: (Constant), SQre, KM, iKMSQre

a
Coefficients

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	Collinearity Statistics	
		B	Std. Error	Beta			Tolerance	VIF
1	(Constant)	45.664	3.269		13.971	.000		
	KM	.059	.075	.077	.783	.435	.719	1.391
	SQre	1.089	.269	.399	4.054	.000	.719	1.391
2	(Constant)	45.043	3.476		12.959	.000		
	KM	.073	.080	.096	.916	.361	.637	1.569
	SQre	1.078	.270	.395	3.988	.000	.715	
	iKMSQre	.226	.420	.048	.538	.592	.873	1.146

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

a
Excluded Variables

Model		Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics		
						Tolerance	VIF	Minimum Tolerance
1	iKMSQre	.048 ^b	.538	.592	.050	.873	1.146	.637

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), SQre, KM

a
Collinearity Diagnostics

Model	Dimension	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Variance Proportions			
				(Constant)	KM	SQre	iKMSQre
1	1	2.975	1.000	.00	.00	.00	
	2	.013	14.934	.99	.31	.16	
	3	.012	15.639	.01	.69	.83	
2	1	3.174	1.000	.00	.00	.00	.02
	2	.802	1.989	.00	.00	.00	.83
	3	.013	15.848	.62	.01	.80	.01
	4	.011	17.050	.38	.99	.19	.14

a. Dependent Variable: eADV

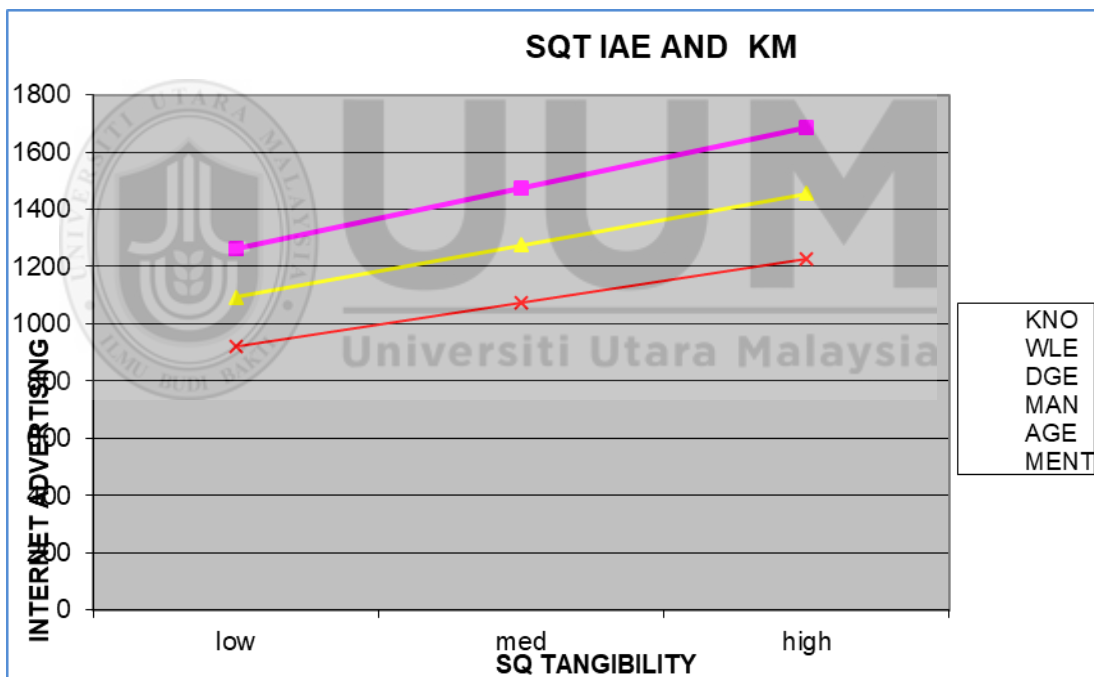
a
Residuals Statistics

	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Predicted Value	55.9785	67.5537	61.8510	2.48308	118
Residual	-10.72795	13.60967	.00000	4.96469	118
Std. Predicted Value	-2.365	2.297	.000	1.000	118
Std. Residual	-2.133	2.706	.000	.987	118

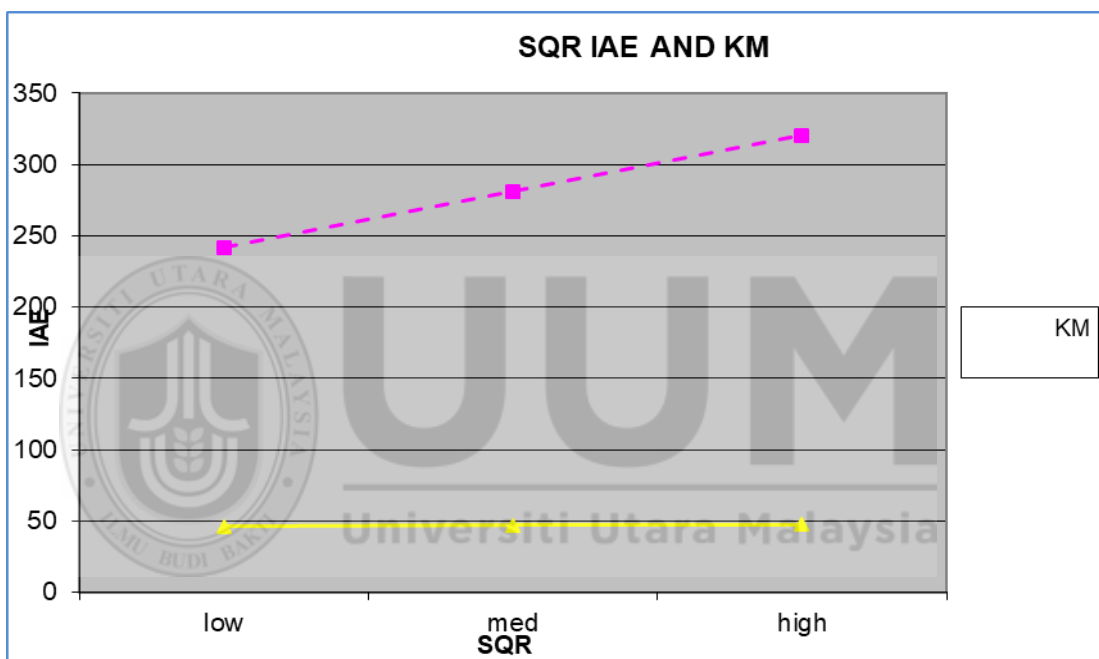
a. Dependent Variable: eADV

Appendix 9: Mod Graph

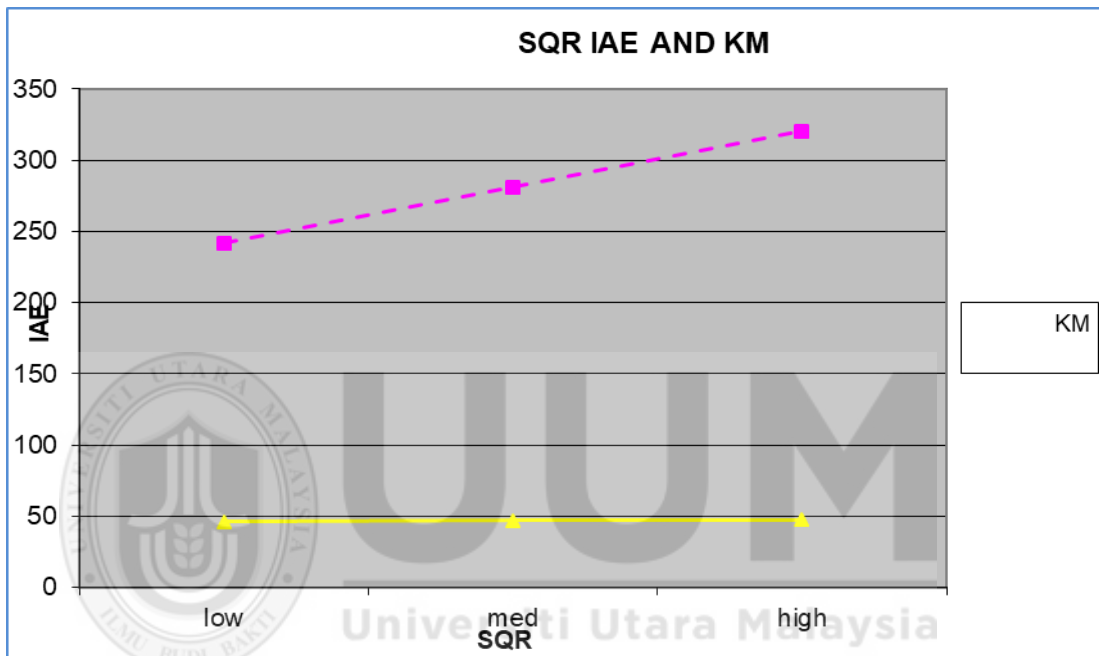
Mod Graph for Moderation Services Quality Tangibility, Internet Advertising effectiveness and Knowledge Management.



Mod Graph for moderation Services Quality Reliability, Internet Advertising effectiveness and Knowledge Management.



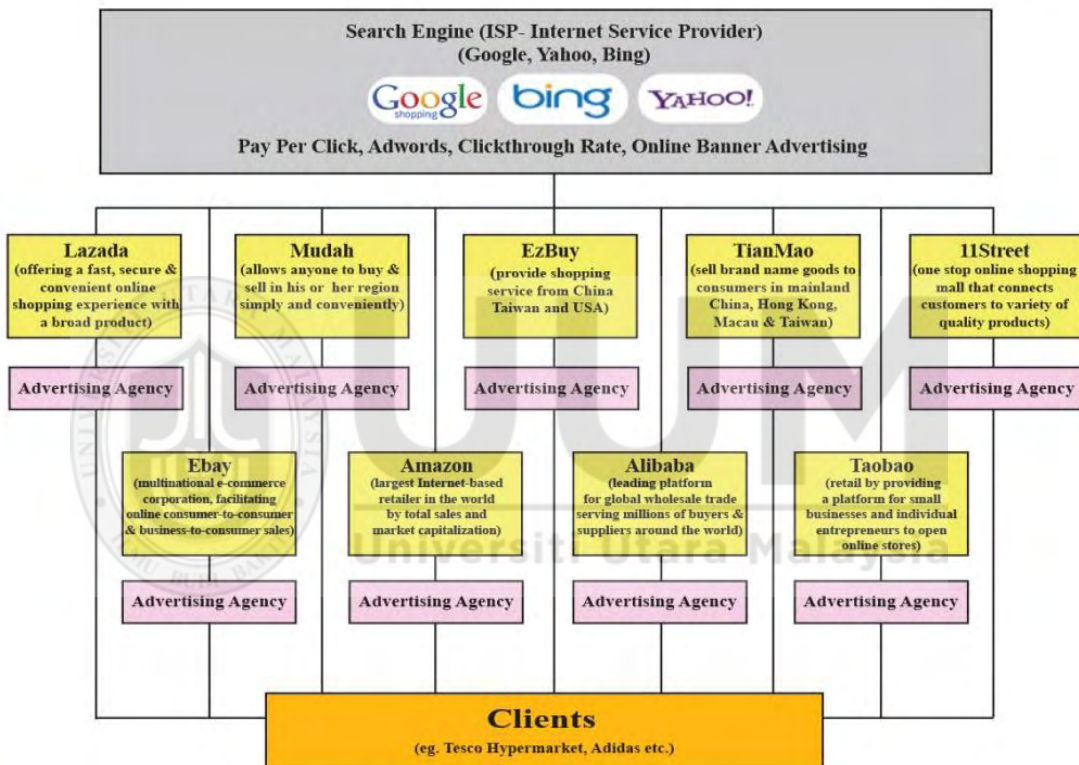
Mod Graph for moderation Services Quality Responsiveness, Internet Advertising effectiveness and Knowledge Management.



Appendix 10: Internet Advertising Agency - Organization Unit of Analysis

Title Study: RQ, SQ on Internet Advertising Effectiveness Knowledge Management as a Moderator

Online Advertising Agency Flow Chart



Multinational e-commerce corporation, facilitating online consumer-to-consumer and business-to-consumer sales.

Internet Advertising Agency marketing approach is based around client's business targets. They can help the clients to reach their target audience.

Appendix 11: Internet Advertising Services Platform and Model

