PROJECT SELECTION FOR GROUP DECISION MAKING USING ANALYTICAL HIERARCHY PROCESS: A PRIVATE COLLEGE PERSPECTIVE

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May 2015

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Research Paper Submitted to
Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business
Universiti Utara Malaysia
in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for
Master of Science (Management)

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ABSTRACT

Selection of the right projects is considerably critical for organizations to successfully achieve their competitive advantages and corporate strategies. Due to limited resources and dynamic changes in the business environment, selection of projects is quite challenging. The main purpose of this case study was to identify the project selection criteria that best meet the requirements of a well-diversified group of companies. Decision makers need a structured approach for decision making that allows the necessary trade-offs in a systematic fashion, in light of all of the considerations at hand. One structured approach to decision making that may work well is Analytical Hierarchy Process (AHP) which uses simple judgment known as pair-wise comparison. This paper reports the results of a case study where the AHP technique was employed to support the project selection in a multi-criteria environment. Six selection criteria and four alternatives projects were identified. The selection criteria include financial aspect, strategy, risk, urgency, contractor availability and technical knowledge. The AHP technique successfully helped the group decision makers to single out the most appropriate project that best suits the organization's operational needs and prioritize these projects accordingly.

Keywords: Project selection, Analytical Hierarchy Process, Multi-criteria decision making

ABSTRAK

Pemilihan yang tepat bagi sesebuah projek adalah kritikal bagi organisasi untuk mencapai kelebihan daya saing dan mencapai strategi korporat. Disebabkan sumber yang terhad dan perubahan dinamik dalam persekitaran perniagaan, proses pemilihan projek adalah mencabar. Tujuan utama kajian kes ini adalah untuk mengenal pasti kriteria pemilihan projek yang paling sesuai memenuhi keperluan organisasi. Teknik berstruktur dan bersistematik diperlukan bagi membolehkan pihak pengurusan membuat keputusan dengan mempertimbang faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi pemilihan tersebut dengan sewajarnya. Antaranya ialah Proses Analisis Hierarki yang menggunakan perbandingan. Laporan kajian ini memperincikan keputusan satu kes kajian di mana teknik AHP digunakan untuk memilih projek yang mempunyai pelbagai kriteria. Enam kriteria pemilihan projek dan empat projek dipertimbangkan. Kriteria pemilihan projek terdiri daripada kewangan, strategi, risiko, urgensi, kesediaan kontraktor dan pengetahuan teknikal. Teknik AHP telah berjaya membantu sekumpulan pembuat keputusan membuat keputusan dalam memilih projek yang paling sesuai bagi memenuhi keperluan operasi organisasi dan menilai projek yang perlu diberi keutamaan.

Kata Kunci: Pemilihan projek, Proses Analisis Hierarki, Kriteria berbilang membuat keputusan

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

All praises and thanks are due to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds, for all His bounties and blessings. May peace and blessings be unto the Holy Prophet Muhammad, his Progeny and his Companions.

First of all, I would like to thank Allah for His blessing and for giving me the strength to complete this research paper. Completing the Master's degree is a journey towards accomplishing one of my lifetime objectives, which has been made possible by direct and indirect assistance from various parties.

Many thanks must first go to my supervisor, Associate Prof. Dr. Chek Bin Derashid for giving me the invaluable guidance, insight, moral support and the direction. Secondly, my special appreciation is also due to my second supervisor, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Razamin Ramli, who has given me her professional advice throughout my academic journey. Her valuable comments, suggestions, and support have been instrumental in helping me finalize this report. May Allah compensate both of them for sacrificing their time and sharing their knowledge.

Special dedication is devoted to my beloved husband, Mr. Muhamad Rosli, for his endless support, love and care. I cannot thank him enough for his endless support for my passion. To my brothers and sisters, thank you for the cheers and smile. Special dedication also goes to my daughter and son, Aliff, Aleeya, and Adam.

Special appreciation also goes to my dearest friends, Naurul Idayu, Basirah, and Duangta. I thank them for always being there for me, through thick and thin, tears and laugter together. Last but not the least, to all my dearest friends who never give up in offering support, information and assistance. Thank you very much to all and best of luck. A word of thanks also extends to those who have indirectly provided comments and helpful suggestion especially to the respondents of this study. Any other individual whom I have not recognized by name but who have given their support and cooperation, I offer my sincere thanks.

May Allah S.W.T reward your kindness.

Fuzaini Binti Mohamad Othman Yeop Abdullah Business School Universiti Utara Malaysia

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AHP Analytical Hierarchy Process

CA Contractor Availability

CI Consistency Index

CR Consistency Ratio

FN Financial

IRR Internal Rate Return

IT Information Technology

NPV Net Present Value

PPM Project Portfolio Management

R&D Research and Development

RI Random Index

RK Risk

ROI Return on Investment

ST Strategic

TK Technical Knowledge

UR Urgency

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

Chapter one gives an overview of decision making, group decision making, project selection, importance of project selection and issues in project selection. This chapter also highlights the problem statement, objectives, research questions and the scope of this study.

1.1 Decision Making

Decision making is important for any organization. Many organizations are now expanding their operations involving project management. To implement the project management and the expansion of the operations, a manager must choose the best segment or project among the existing projects. In complex project environments, decision making can be challenging (Ricardo, 2010). Therefore, making a good decision is imperative for the project to be successful (Al-Subhi, 2001).

Ang (2005) defined decision making as the cognitive process of selecting an action from several alternatives that exist. According to Wikipedia (2014), decision making can also be regarded as a problem-solving activity through a follow-up action. Explicit in this assumption is that decision making is a reasoning or emotional process which can be rational or irrational.

Making a decision is the result of a mental process of choosing some actions from several alternatives. Every decision-making process produces a final choice of action or opinion.

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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