THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN BOARD CHARACTERISTICS AND EARNINGS MANAGEMENT IN NIGERIAN LISTED COMPANIES

AWAISU ADAMU SALIHI

UNIVERSTI UTARA MALAYSIA

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THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN BOARD CHARACTERISTICS AND EARNINGS MANAGEMENT IN NIGERIAN LISTED COMPANIES

By

AWAISU ADAMU SALIH

(815266)

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DECLARATION

I hereby certify that the substance of this thesis has not been already submitted to any degree and is not currently being submitted for any other qualifications.

I certify that any assistance received in preparing this thesis and all sources used have been acknowledged and referenced in this thesis.

Awaisu Adamu Salihi

815266

Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business

Universiti Utara Malaysia

06010 Sintok

Kedah, Darul Aman

December, 2014

DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to my beloved mother, Hajiya Ummu-Salma Adam Salihi, may the Almighty Allah Subhanahu Wata'ala continue to protect you and keep you in healthy condition. I wish you long life filled with prosperity.

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ABSTRACT

Board characteristics have been affecting companies' earnings due to managers' efforts to employ several strategies intentionally to manipulate firms' earnings in order to match their predetermined target, and such characteristic may influence the possibility of mispresentation of the reported earnings by managers. The objective of this study is to examine the relationship between board characteristics and earnings management in the Nigerian listed companies. A total of 79 listed companies in Nigerian Stock Exchange are selected and analyzed. Data are solely obtained from secondary sources, using annual reports and accounts of the sample companies for the financial year 2012. The results show that the board size positively and significantly affects earnings management. However, audit committee size is found negative and marginally significant with earnings management. The results suggest that larger board size is not efficient to minimize the tendency of managers to manage earnings and audit committee size should be increased in order to minimize the likelihood of earnings management.

Key words: Audit Committee, Board Characteristics, Board Size, Earnings Management

ABSTRAK

Ciri-cirilembagapengarahtelahmemberikesankepadaperolehanfirma keranausahapihakpengurusmenggunakanbeberapastrategiuntukmemanipulasiperolehan firmadenganhasratmencapaisasaranawalyang telahditetapkan, danciriciriinibolehmempengaruhikemungkinantersalahlaporanperolehanolehpihakpengurus. *Objektifkajianiniadalahmengkajihubungan* di antaraciridi cirilembagapengarahdanpengurusanperolehan syarikattersenarai diNigeria.Sejumlah79 syarikat yang disenaraikan di Bursa Saham Nigeria telahdipilihdandianalisia.Data diperolehdaripadasumbersekunder, denganmenggunakanlaporantahunandanakaunsyarikatkajianbagitahunkewangan2012.K eputusanmenunjukkanbahawasaizlembagapengarahmempengaruhisecarapositifdansignif ikankeataspengurusanperolehan. Walaubagaimanapun, saizjawatankuasa didapatimempengaruhisecaranegatifdanhampirsignifikandenganpengurusanperolehan.D apatankajianinimencadangkanbahawasyarikattersenaraidi Nigeria yang mempunyaisaizlembagapengarah yang lebihbes artidak berkesan mengurangkan kecenderungan pihak pengurus dalam mengurus per olehandanbahawasaizjawatankuasa audit perluditambahuntukmengurangkankemungkinanberlakunyapengurusanperolehan.

Kata kunci: Jawatankuasa Audit, Ciri-CiriLembagaPengarah, SaizLembagaPengarah, PengurusanPerolehan

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Awaisu Adamu Salihi

Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business

Universiti Utara, Malaysia

06010 Sintok

Kedah, Darul Aman

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ABBREVIATION DESCRIPTIONS OF THE ABBREVIATION

ACE Audit Committee Expertise

ACS Audit Committee Size

BOD Board of Directors

BS Board Size

CAC Corporate Affairs Commission

CBN Central Bank of Nigeria

CCG Code of Corporate Governance

CEO Chief Executive Officer

CFO Cash Flow from Operation

CG Corporate Governance

COGS Cost of Goods Sold

CSRS China Securities Regulation Commission

DACC Discretionary Accruals

DG Director General

DI Directors' Independence

FCMB First City Monument Bank

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

LEV Leverage

LT Long Term Debt

MD Managing Director

NDA Non Discretionary Accrual

NDIC Nigerian Deposit Insurance Corporation

NSE Nigerian Stock Exchange

PHB Platinum Habib Bank

PLC Public Limited Company

PPE Property, Plant and Equipment

R & D Research and Development

REM Real Earnings Management

SEC Securities and Exchange Commission

SGA Selling and General Administration

TA Total Accrual

VIF Variance Inflation Factor

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

Corporate governance characteristics play a crucial and indispensable role in the way quoted companies are managed not only in the Nigerian economy but also globally. It becomes an issue of discussion in accounting literaturewhether management employs some mechanisms to manipulate their reported earnings because managers are presumed to be in a self-interested way. For example, executives may emphasize growth over profitability because their incentives rely on firm size, or alternatively, they may consume excess perks or develop strategies which bond them to the firm, making it difficult for directors to remove them(Gulzar, 2011;Healy& Wahlen,1999; Watts & Zimmerman, 1986).

Global corporate scandals that took its toll with the collapse of once prestigious companies such as Enron and Worldcom reiterated the need for an investigation into the quality of financial reports and increased the clamoring for a better governance mechanism globally. It has been observed that accountants and financial managershave systematic deficiencies in complying with accounting standards and governance systems to generate financial information (Bowen, Rajgopal & Venkatachanlam, 2003. In the process of preventing companies from failures, most of the countries across the globe introduced new codes of best governance practices to align managers' interest with that of shareholders for maximizing its wealth as theirmain objective. Therefore an

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