JUST QUEUING: POLICY-BASED SCHEDULING MECHANISM FOR PACKET SWITCHING NETWORKS

YASER SHAMSULHAK A MIAJI

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA 2011

JUST QUEUING: POLICY-BASED SCHEDULING MECHANISM FOR PACKET SWITCHING NETWORKS

A Thesis submitted to the UUM College of Arts and Sciences in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy Universiti Utara Malaysia

by

Yaser Shamsulhak Miaji

Permission to Use

In presenting this thesis in fulfilment of the requirements for a postgraduate degree from Universiti Utara Malaysia, I agree that the Universiti Library may make it freely available for inspection. I further agree that permission for the copying of this thesis in any manner, in whole or in part, for scholarly purpose may be granted by my supervisor(s) or, in their absence, by the Dean of Awang Had Salleh Graduate School of Arts and Sciences. It is understood that any copying or publication or use of this thesis or parts thereof for financial gain shall not be allowed without my written permission. It is also understood that due recognition shall be given to me and to Universiti Utara Malaysia for any scholarly use which may be made of any material from my thesis.

Requests for permission to copy or to make other use of materials in this thesis, in whole or in part, should be addressed to:

Dean of Awang Had Salleh Graduate School of Arts and Sciences

UUM College of Arts and Sciences

Universiti Utara Malaysia

06010 UUM Sintok

Abstrak

Keberleluasaan Internet dan aplikasinya menyebabkan pertambahan terhadap permintaan pengguna bagi mendapatkan lebih banyak perkhidmatan pada harga yang berpatutan. Kepelbagaian trafik Internet memerlukan beberapa pengkelasan dan pemberian keutamaan dilakukan kerana terdapat kategori trafik menghendaki lengahan dan kehilangan bingkisan yang sedikit berbanding yang lain. Mekanisma penjadualan bingkisan yang sedia ada lebih cenderung kepada keseimbangan di antara tiga ciri utama iaitu keadilan, kerumitan dan perlindungan. Oleh itu, persoalan yang masih wujud ialah bagaimana untuk meningkatkan ciri-ciri keadilan dan perlindungan melalui pelaksanaan penjadualan yang kurang rumit. Kajian ini mencadangkan penambahbaikan dalam mekanisma penjadualan bingkisan dengan ciri-ciri keadilan serta perlindungan yang mampan serta pelaksanaan yang mudah bagi meningkatkan kualiti perkhidmatan khususnya untuk aplikasi masa nyata. Elemen tambahan diterapkan dalam persamaan utama keadilan bagi memperbaiki ciri keadilan. Kajian ini menggunakan dasar caj terhad yang memberikan perlindungan kepada pengguna biasa. Dalam aspek kerumitan, algoritma genetik digunakan kerana ianya mempunyai kelebihan bagi menyimpan skor kecergasan baris gilir pada ruang storan berasingan yang berpotensi meminimumkan kerumitan algoritma. Kesepaduan antara pendekatan konsep, analisis dan eksperimen mengesahkan kecekapan mekanisma yang dicadangkan. Keputusan penilaian menunjukkan taburan lebar jalur yang adil setanding dengan mekanisma popular Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ). Malah dari aspek perlindungan, keputusan yang diperolehi adalah lebih baik berbanding mekanisma WFQ dan dua mekanisma penjadualan lain. Mekanisma yang dicadangkan juga menunjukkan ciri kerumitan mencapai tahap O(log(n)) yang dianggap rendah. Memandangkan mekanisma ini adalah terhad kepada rangkaian berwayar, kajian lanjut harus dilakukan di masa hadapan bagi penambahbaikan untuk digunapakai dalam rangkaian mudah alih adhoc atau mana-mana rangkaian tanpa wayar yang lain. Selain itu, mekanisma yang dicadangkan ini boleh ditambahbaik lagi untuk meningkatkan penggunaannya dalam rangkaian pensuisan litar maya seperti rangkaian mod penghantaran tak segerak.

Kata kunci: Baris Gilir, Mekanisme Penjadualan, Dasar Caj, Algoritma Genetik, Rangkaian Pensuisan Bingkisan, WFQ, OPNET.

Abstract

The pervasiveness of the Internet and its applications lead to the potential increment of the users' demands for more services with economical prices. The diversity of Internet traffic requires some classification and prioritisation since some traffic deserve much attention with less delay and loss compared to others. Current scheduling mechanisms are exposed to the trade-off between three major properties namely fairness, complexity and protection. Therefore, the question remains about how to improve the fairness and protection with less complex implementation. This research is designed to enhance scheduling mechanism by providing sustainability to the fairness and protection properties with simplicity in implementation; and hence higher service quality particularly for real-time applications. Extra elements are applied to the main fairness equation to improve the fairness property. This research adopts the restricted charge policy which imposes the protection of normal user. In terms of the complexity property, genetic algorithm has an advantage in holding the fitness score of the queue in separate storage space which potentially minimises the complexity of the algorithm. The integrity between conceptual, analytical and experimental approach verifies the efficiency of the proposed mechanism. The proposed mechanism is validated by using the emulation and the validation experiments involve real router flow data. The results of the evaluation showed fair bandwidth distribution similar to the popular Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ) mechanism. Furthermore, better protection was exhibited in the results compared with the WFQ and two other scheduling mechanisms. The complexity of the proposed mechanism reached O(log(n)) which is considered as potentially low. Furthermore, this mechanism is limited to the wired networks and hence future works could improve the mechanism to be adopted in mobile ad-hoc networks or any other wireless networks. Moreover, more improvements could be applied to the proposed mechanism to enhance its deployment in the virtual circuits switching network such as the asynchronous transfer mode networks.

Keywords: Queuing, Scheduling Mechanism, Charge Policy, Genetic Algorithm, Packet Switching Networks, WFQ, OPNET.

Declaration Associated with this Thesis

Some parts of this work have published or accepted in the following articles:

- 1. Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, A Survey on the Chronological Evolution of Timestamp Schedulers in Packet Switching Networks, in the Proceedings of the 2nd IEEE International Conference on Broadband Network & Multimedia Technology, 2009 (IC-BNMT '09), pp. 213-219, Beijing, China, 18-20 Oct. 2009. Published by the IEEE, Indexed in ISI and Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-5005-3. Library of Congress Number: 2009903988
- 2. Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, Just Queueing (JQ): Scheduling Algorithm for the Internet, in the Proceedings of the First International Conference on Networks and Communications 2009 (NetCom-09), pp. 161-165, Chennai, India, 27-29 Dec. 2009. Published by the IEEE Computer Society, Indexed by Scopus, Los Alamitos, California, USA, ISBN 978-0-7695-3924-9.
- **3.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, A Comparative Survey of Scheduling Mechanisms in the Internet, in the Proceedings of the IEEE Region 10 Conference (TENCON 2009), pp. 1-6, Singapore, 23-26 Nov. 2009. Published by the IEEE, Indexed in ISI and Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-4547-9. Library of Congress Number: 2009903904.
- **4.** Yaser Miaji, Osman Ghazali and Suhaidi Hassan, Survey on the Event Orderings Semantics Used for Distributed System, Journal of Computer Science and information Technology (IJCSIT), Volume 2, Number 3, pp 150-158, India, June 2010, ISBN: 978-1-4244-5005-3, Library of Congress Number: 2009903988, http://airccse.org/journal/ijcsit2010_curr.html.
- 5. Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, A Novel Max-min Definition to Achieve an Optimum Fairness in Scheduling Packets over the Internet, in the Proceedings of the 4th International Symposium in Information Technology ITSIM2010, Volume 2, Number 1, pp 871-821, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 15-17 June 2010, Published by the IEEE, Indexed in Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-6716-7, IEEE Catalogue Number: CFP1033E-PRT.
- **6.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, Comparative Simulation of Scheduling Mechanism in Packet Switching Network, in the Proceeding of NetApps 2010 conference, pp 141-147, Alor Setar, Malaysia, 22-23 Sep. 2010, Published by the IEEE, Indexed in Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-8048-7.
- **7.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, Charge Allocation Concept for Fairer Resource Sharing in Best Effort Network, Proceeding of NetApps 2010 conference, pp. 135-140, Alor Setar, Malaysia, 22-23 Sep. 2010, Published by the IEEE, Indexed in Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-8048-7.
- **8.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "Breaking the Legend: Maxmin Fairness notion is no longer effective," International Journal on Applications of Graph Theory

- in Wireless Ad Hoc Networks and Sensor Networks (GRAPH-HOC)", vol. 2, Number 2, pp. 25-32, June 2010, India, ISSN: 0975-7031 (Online).
- **9.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "Top-Down Approach for the Development of Scheduling Mechanism in Packet-Switching Networks," International Journal of Computer Science and Information Security (IJCSIS), USA, vol. 8, pp. 167-173, July 2010, ISSN 1947-5500.
- **10.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "Analytical Comparison of Fairness Principles for Resource Sharing in Packet-Based Communication Networks," International Journal of Computer Science and Information Security (IJCSIS), USA, vol. 8, pp. 149-156, July 2010, ISSN 1947-5500.
- 11. Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "The Evolution of Fairness Principles for Resource Sharing in Packet-Switching Networks", In the proceeding of 2nd International Conference on Information and Multimedia Technology (ICIMT 2010), vol. 1, pp. 415-422, Honk Kong, China, 28-30 Dec. 2010, Published by the IEEE, Indexed in ISI and Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-8881-0, IEEE Catalogue Number: CFP1053I-PRT.
- **12.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "The Effect of Concurrent Connection in the Fairness and Protection of Scheduling Mechanism in the Internet", In the Proceeding of 2nd International Conference on Information and Multimedia Technology (ICIMT 2010), vol. 2, pp. 429-433, Honk Kong, China, 28-30 Dec. 2010, Published by the IEEE, Indexed in ISI and Scopus, ISBN: 978-1-4244-8881-0, IEEE Catalogue Number: CFP1053I-PRT.
- **13.** Yaser Miaji and Suhaidi Hassan, "The Impact of Concurrent Connection in the Fairness and Protection of Shared Link in Packet Switching Networks", In the Proceeding of SEiT Social Economic and information Technology, Hadyai, Thailand, 23-25 Nov. 2010.

Acknowledgement

In the name of Allah the Most Merciful and the Most Gracious, all praises to **ALLAH** almighty for the strengths and His blessing in completing this thesis. Then, my extended thanks to my precious wife Mrs ASHWAG DIGNAH for her support all the time along my life, PhD, master and for her patience and assistance.

Special appreciation goes to my supervisor, Assoc. Prof. Dr Suhaidi Hassan, for his supervision and constant support. His invaluable help of constructive comments and suggestions throughout the experimental and thesis works have contributed to the success of this research.

Sincere thanks to all my colleagues in InterNetWorks Research Group especially Hasbullah, Omar, Suki, Adib, Kadhum, Dr. Osman, Dr. Massudi and others for their kindness and moral support during my study. Thanks for the friendship and memories.

Also, my deepest gratitude goes to my beloved Father; Mr. Shamsulhak Miaji and also to my sons Ahmed, Mohammed, Musaab and Moaaz for their endless love, prayers and encouragement. Also, deepest thanks to my daughter Mieraal for her kindness and love. To those who indirectly contributed in this research, your kindness means a lot to me. Thank you very much.

Last but not least, my truthful acknowledgments to the research community particularly for those researchers who previously successfully worked in similar area such as Dr. Spiros Bakiras who implemented Virtual Dimension, Dr. Jeng-Farn Lee who successfully implemented WF2Q-M, Prof. Dr. Ljiljana Trajkovic who successfully implemented a scheduling mechanism in OPNET and all those people who reviewed my papers and commented in my publications. Special appreaciation is dedicated to Eng. Kamal Kamaruddin from MYREN for his support in data collection. Also, I present my gratitude to the Universiti Utara Malaysia for their support and to the Ministry of Higher Education in Saudi Arabia.

Table of Contents

Abstrak			ii
Abstrac	et		iii
Declara	ntion Ass	sociated with this Thesis	viii
Acknow	wledgem	nent	x
List of	Tables		xii
List of	Figures.		xiii
		ations	
CHAP'		NE INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Overvi	iew	1
1.2	Backgr	round	1
1.3	Resear	ch Motivation	2
1.4	The St	atement of Problem	4
1.5	Resear	rch Objectives	4
1.6	Resear	rch Scope	5
1.7	Signifi	cance of the Research	6
1.8	Dissert	tation Outline	7
CHAP	TER TV	WO BACKGROUND AND LITERATURE REVIEW	9
2.1	Introdu	action	9
2.2	Techni	ical Review	10
	2.2.1	Packet Switching	10
	2.2.2	Internet Traffic: Attributes and Control	11
	2.2.3	Real-time Applications	17
	2.2.4	Quality of Service Requirements	18
	2.2.5	Client Requirements	19
	2.2.6	Section Synopsis	19
	2.2.7	Properties of Scheduling Mechanism	20
	2.2.8	Categorisation of Scheduling Mechanisms	27

2.3	Relate	d Works	32
	2.3.1	Survey on Fair Queuing Scheduling Mechanisms	32
	2.3.2	Theories Pertinent to Scheduling Mechanism	49
	2.3.3	Scheduling Using Genetic algorithm	53
	2.3.4	Charge Policy	54
	2.3.5	Survey on Fairness Notions	56
CHAP'	TER TH	HREE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	68
3.1	Overvi	iew	68
3.2	Resear	ch Methodology Flowchart	69
3.3	Proble	m Definition, Goals, and Assumptions	71
3.4	Conceptual Framework		
3.5	System Modelling		
3.6	Experi	mental Design	77
	3.6.1	Simulation Tools	78
3.7	Impler	mentation Strategy Using OPNET and Genetic Algorithm	82
	3.7.1	Simulation Using OPNET	82
	3.7.2	Genetic Algorithm Setting	84
	3.7.3	Simulation Setting, Topology, Statistics, and Analysis	89
3.8	Evalua	tion Technique	94
	3.8.1	Compared Mechanisms	95
	3.8.2	Simulation Scenarios	95
3.9	Verific	cation and Validation	96
CHAP'	TER FO	OUR DESIGN OF THE PROPOSED MECHANISM	101
4.1	Overvi	ew	101
4.2	Just Qu	ueuing	101
4.3	System	n Design: Concepts and Objectives	102
	431	Justice as Fairness	102

	4.3.2	Protection: Punish for Justice	104
	4.3.3	Complexity: Protection and Fairness are Simple	105
4.4	Schedu	ling Mechanism: Concept to Model	106
	4.4.1	Model: Definitions and Notions	106
	4.4.2	Fairness	108
	4.4.2	Modelling of JQ	111
	4.4.3	Fairness Analysis	113
	4.4.4	Complexity	116
	4.4.5	Protection	123
4.5	Flowch	nart of the Design	124
CHAP'	TER FI	VE IMPLEMENTATION OF JUST QUEUING	128
5.1	Overvi	ew	128
5.2	Implen	nentation Objectives and Tool	128
5.3	Implen	nentation Using Genetic Algorithm	129
	5.3.1	Chromosome	130
	5.3.2	Population	132
	5.3.3	Crossover	133
	5.3.4	Mutation	133
5.4	Simula	tion Experiments: Design and Implementation	134
	5.4.1	State Transition Diagram	136
	5.4.2	Packet Arrival State	139
	5.4.3	Packet Dequeue State	140
	5.4.4	Definition of the Just Queuing Profiles Structured Attribute	142
	5.4.5	Configuration of the IP Objects	147
5.5	Verific	ation of the Mechanism	148
CHAP'	TER SIX	X VALIDATION AND EVALUATION OF JUST QUEUING	162
6.1	Overvi	ew	162

6.2	Validat	ion	163
	6.2.1	Data collection	163
	6.2.2	Validation scenario	164
	6.2.3	Results and Analysis	165
6.3	Simulat	tion Scenario 1	167
	6.3.1	Just Queuing vs. Weighted Fair Queuing	170
	6.3.2	Just Queuing vs. Custom Queuing	176
	6.3.3	Just Queuing vs. Priority Queuing	182
6.4	Simulat	tion Scenario 2	187
	6.4.1	Just Queuing vs. Weighted Fair Queuing	193
	6.4.2	Just Queuing vs. Custom Queuing	198
	6.4.3	Just Queuing vs. Priority Queuing	202
CHAP	TER SE	VEN CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK	206
7.1	Overvie	ew	206
7.2	Summa	ary of the Research	206
7.3	Contrib	oution	207
7.4	Researc	ch Limitation	208
7.5	Conclu	sion	209
7.6	Recom	mendation for Future Work	210
REFER	RENCES	S	211

List of Tables

Table 2.1	Internet Traffic Classification	13
Table 2.2	Characteristics of Internet Traffic	14
Table 2.3	Behaviour of Internet Traffic	15
Table 4.1	Table of Symbols	107
Table 4.2	ToS Field Used in IP Header	109
Table 5.1	Genetic Coding	131
Table 5.2	Genetic Coding for ToS	132
Table 5.3	Chromosome Representation for 3 Packets	132
Table 5.4	Queue Parameters for Verification 1	149
Table 5.5	Timetable for State Transmission Diagram for JQ	153
Table 5.6	Queue Parameters for Verification 2	156
Table 5.7	Specification for Client 3	157
Table 6.1	Queue Parameters for JQ vs. WFQ	171
Table 6.2	Queue Parameters for CQ	177
Table 6.3	Queue Parameters for PQ	183
Table 6.4	IP Telephony QoS Requirements.	188
Table 6.5	HTTP Traffic Spacifications	190
Table 6.6	FTP Traffic Specifications	190
Table 6.7	IP Telephony Traffic Specifications	191
Table 6.8	Video Conference Traffic Specifications	192
Table 6.9	Parameters for Just Queuing	192
Table 6.10	Parameters for WFQ	193
Table 6.11	Parameters Setting for Custom Queuing	198
Table 6.12	Parameters for Priority Queuing	203

List of Figures

Figure 2.1. Classification Methods for Internet Traffic	12
Figure 2.2. Delay, Jitter and Loss Sensitivity	14
Figure 2.3. Traffic Shaping	16
Figure 2.4. Traffic Policing	16
Figure 2.5. Main Components of QoS	19
Figure 2.6. Operation of FIFO	21
Figure 2.7. Protection Weakness in WFQ	23
Figure 2.8. Scheduling Function	27
Figure 2.9. The Process of FIFO	28
Figure 2.10. Simple Description of PQ [6]	29
Figure 2.11. Class Based Weighted Fair Queueing [58]	30
Figure 2.12 a. Basic Example of WFQ [37]	31
Figure 2.12b. Advanced Example of WFQ [13]	31
Figure 2.13. Time Stamp Scheduler	33
Figure 2.14. Fair Queueing	34
Figure 2.15: Virtual Starting and Finishing Time in WF2Q	37
Figure 2.16. Round Robin Scheduler	44
Figure 2.17. Literature Mapping	49
Figure 2.18. Literature Mapping of Fairness Principles	58
Figure 2.19. Users Share the Same Resource	61
Figure 2.20 a. Max-Min Fairness Figure 2.20 b. Proportional Fairness	63
Figure 2.21. Example of Utility Fairness	64
Figure 3.1: Research Methodology Frameworks	70
Figure 3.2. Factors Influence the Scheduling Mechanism	71
Figure 3.3. Conceptual Frameworks	74
Figure 3.4. GUI for OMNet++	79
Figure 3.5. Tools and Editors for OPNET	80
Figure 3.6. Simplified User View of NS2	81
Figure 3.7. Forced State and Unforced State for OPNET	84
Figure 3.8. Example of Network Nodes Available in OPNET	90
Figure 3.9 Dumbbell Architecture	91

Figure 3.10. Generic Network Scenario for Implementation and Evaluation	92
Figure 3.11. Simple Explanation of Verification and Validation	97
Figure 3.12. The Schematic of the Verification and Validation Process [144]	98
Figure 3.13. Stages of Verification and Validation	99
Figure 3.14. Models of OPNET	100
Figure 4.1. Simple Example of Scheduling Function	103
Figure 4.2. The Enqueue Routine	117
Figure 4.3. The Dequeue Routine	118
Figure 4.4. The pkt_arrival Stage	125
Figure 4.5. The pkt_deq Stage	126
Figure 5.1. Crossover Process for JQ	133
Figure 5.2. Mutation for JQ	134
Figure 5.3. Internal Hierarchy Structure of the IP Router Node Model	135
Figure 5.4. The Available Scheduling Mechanism in OPNET Routers	136
Figure 5.5. State Transition Diagram of ip_output_iface Process Model	137
Figure 5.6. State Transition Diagram of Just Queueing Process Model	138
Figure 5.7. Packet Arrival state Diagram	139
Figure 5.8. Packet Dequeue State Diagram	141
Figure 5.9. JQ Profiles Attribute	142
Figure 5.10. An Example of Assigning Individual Queue Limit	143
Figure 5.11. Classification Scheme	144
Figure 5.12. Configuration of Classification and Queue Size	145
Figure 5.13. Flowchart of Attribute Profile for JQ Function	146
Figure 5.14. IP Layer Process Objects of the IP Object	148
Figure 5.15. Network Model for Performance Verification of Just Queueing	149
Figure 5.16. Incoming Traffic to Queues Q0 and Q1, in (packets/sec) vs. Time	150
Figure 5.17. Just Queuing vs. Packet Arrival Time	151
Figure: 5.18. ancJQ vs. Packet Departure Time	152
Figure 5.19. Outgoing Traffic from Q0 and Q1	152
Figure 5.20. JQ in Router 2	154
Figure 5.21. Verification Scenario 2	155
Figure 5.22. Incoming Traffic to Queues	155
Figure 5.23. Just Queuing Stamp vs. Packet Arrival Time	156
Figure 5.24. ancJQ Stamp vs. Packet Arrival Time	158

Figure 5.25. ancJQ vs. Packet Departure Time	159
Figure 5.26. Outgoing Traffic from the Queues	160
Figure 6.1. Network Map for MYREN Core Nodes	164
Figure 6.2. Validation Scenario	165
Figure 6.3. Two Conforming Sources	166
Figure 6.4. Conforming and Non- conforming Source	167
Figure 6.5. Network Model for Scenario 1	168
Figure 6.6. The Attribute of QoS	169
Figure 6.7. Incoming Traffic to Queues	170
Figure 6.8. JQ vs. WFQ, Outgoing Packets	171
Figure 6.9. Buffer Usage for JQ and WFQ	172
Figure 6.10. Total Buffer Size for JQ and WFQ	174
Figure 6.11. Traffic Dropping for JQ and WFQ	174
Figure 6.12. Queuing Delay for JQ vs. WFQ	175
Figure 6.13. Steps for Configuring Byte Count Value	178
Figure 6.14. JQ vs. CQ, Outgoing Traffic from Queues	179
Figure 6.15. JQ vs. CQ, Buffer Usage for Queues	180
Figure 6.16. JQ vs. CQ, Total Buffer Usage for Queues	181
Figure 6.17. JQ vs. CQ, Queuing Delay in Queues	181
Figure 6.18. JQ vs. CQ, Traffic Dropped from Queues	182
Figure 6.19. JQ vs. PQ, Outgoing Traffic from Queues	184
Figure 6.20. JQ vs. PQ, Buffer Usage for Queues	185
Figure 6.21. JQ vs. PQ, Queuing Delay in Queues	186
Figure 6.22. JQ vs. PQ, Traffic Dropped from Queues	187
Figure 6.23. Simulation Scenario 2	189
Figure 6.24. JQ vs. WFQ, HTTP Page Response Time	194
Figure 6.25. JQ vs. WFQ, FTP Downloads Response Time	195
Figure 6.26. JQ vs. WFQ, IP Telephony, Voice Packet End-to-End Delay	196
Figure 6.27. JQ vs. WFQ, IP Telephony, Voice Packet Delay Variation	196
Figure 6.28. JQ vs. WFQ, Videoconferencing Packet End-To-End Delay	197
Figure 6.29. JQ vs. CQ, HTTP Page Response Time	199
Figure 6.30. JQ vs. CQ, FTP Response Time	199
Figure 6.31. JQ vs. CQ, IP Telephony, Voice Packet Delay Variation	200
Figure 6.32. JQ vs. CQ, IP Telephony Voice Packet End-To-End Delay	201

Figure 6.33. JQ vs. CQ, Videoconferencing Packet End-To-End Delay	202
Figure 6.34 JQ vs. PQ, FTP Download and Average Download Response Time	203
Figure 6.35. JQ vs. PQ, IP Telephony, Voice Packet End-To-End	204
Figure 6.36. JQ vs. PQ, Videoconferencing Packet End-To-End Delay	205

List of Abbreviations

CBQ Class Based Queueing

DDRR Dynamic Deficit Round Robin

Delay-EDD Delay Earlier Due Date

DRR Deficit Round Robin

FIFO First In First Out

FQ Fair Queueing

FTP File Transfer Protocol

GPS Generalised Process Sharing

GPS-M Generalised Process Sharing with Maximum rate control

GrFQ Greedy Fair Queueing

HPFQ Hierarchical Packet Fair Queueing

HSDRR Hierarchical Shaped Deficit Round Robin

IETF International Engineering Task Force

IP Internet Protocol

IPTV Internet Protocol Television

Jitter-EDD Jitter Earlier Due Date

LFVC Leap Forward Virtual Clock

MD-SCFQ Minimum Delay Self Clocked Fair Queueing

MSPFQ Mean Start Potential Fair Queueing

NSPFQ New Start Potential Fair Queueing

OTPQ One Timestamp Per Queue

PQ Priority Queueing

Quality of Service

RFB Relative Fairness Bound

RPS Rated Proportional Server schedulers

RR Round Robin

SCFQ Self Clocked Fair Queueing

SFQ Start Time Fair Queueing

SMTP Simple Message Transfer Protocol

SPFQ Starting Potential Fair Queueing

SRR Smoothed Round Robin

SVC Shaped Virtual Clock

SWFQ Simplified Weighted Fair Queueing

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TS Time Stamp Schedulers

UDP User Datagram Protocol

VC Virtual Clock

VoIP Voice over IP

WF2Q Worst Case Weighted Fair Queueing

WF2Q-M WF2Q with Maximum Rate Control

WFI Worst Case Fair Index

WFQ Weighted Fair Queueing

WRR Weighted Round Robin

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

Scheduling mechanism is the key factor for prompt transmission of packets in a datagram network. Scheduling is concerned about the "which" and "when" issues of such a transmission [1]. Its primary issue is deciding which packet is to be transmitted and from which queue. The second issue is deciding when this packet is to be transmitted or in other words the promptness. Therefore, there are two functions that are to be addressed by the scheduling mechanism, namely ordering and promptness [2].

These functions are tightened by five properties namely; fairness, protection, complexity, flexibility, and bounding delay [3]. A more specific issue is the combination of all five properties in one single scheduling mechanism. The trade-off between these five properties had actually been investigated in many previous studies. Consequently, designing a scheduling mechanism that combines all these properties optimally is a challenge.

This research had concentrated on adopting different methods for implementing a scheduling mechanism. These newly adopted concepts and algorithms have resulted in a combined scheduling mechanism based on charge policy as the primary change in scheduling design. Section 1.2 provides a general background about the research topic. Section 1.3 presents the research motivation. The following sections are concerned about the statement of problem which is followed by research objectives, research scope, and the significance of the research. The outline of the dissertation is described in Section 1.8. Finally, the chapter summary is shown in Section 1.9.

1.2 Background

The ubiquitousness of the Internet and the pervasiveness of its applications lead to the potential increase in the users' demands for more services with economical prices [4]. Furthermore, the emergence of new applications in daily usage, such as videoconferencing, online gaming, and voice conversation, has resulted in a pressing necessity for novel mechanisms and policies to serve this steep improvement in the

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

REFERENCES

- [1] S. Zoric and M. Bolic, "Fairness of scheduling algorithms for real-time traffic in DiffServ based networks," in *MELECON 2010 2010 15th IEEE Mediterranean Electrotechnical Conference*, Malta., 2010, pp. 1591-1596.
- [2] H. J. Chao and B. Liu, *High performance switches and routers*: Wiley-Interscience, 2007.
- [3] T. Minagawa and T. Ikegami, "Double WFQ QoS scheduling based on flow number in diffserve network," in *International Conference on Advanced Communication Technology (ICACT)*, Gangwon-Do, South Korea, 2010, pp. 1365-1370.
- [4] E. Garcia-Palacios and S. Walsh, "Exploiting multiuser diversity using traffic knowledge: Next generation wireless schedulers," in *Internation Symposium in Wireless Communication Systems (ISWCS)*, York, UK, 2010, pp. 706-710.
- [5] J. Bates, C. Gallon, M. Bocci, S. Walker, and T. Taylor, *Converged Multimedia Networks*: John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- [6] I. O. S. Cisco, *Quality of Service Solutions Configuration Guide*: Cisco Systems, Inc, 2008.
- [7] J. F. Kurose, Computer networking: a top-down approach featuring the Internet: Pearson education, 2005.
- [8] N. S. Walton, "Proportional fairness and its relationship with multi-class Queuing networks," *The Annals of Applied Probability*, vol. 19, pp. 2301-2333, 2009.
- [9] A. Riza, "Improving QoS in WLAN using dynamic weigted fair scheduling," in *Faculty of Computer Science and Information Technology*. vol. Degree of Master of Computer Science Kuala Lumpur: University of Malaya, 2008, p. 155.
- [10] M. Yasin, M. A. Wahla, and F. Kausar, "Analysis of Download Accelerator Plus (DAP) for Forensic Artefacts," in 2009 Fifth International Conference on IT Security Incident Management and IT Forensics, 2009, pp. 142-152.
- [11] H. Halabian and H. Saidi, "FPFQ: A Low Complexity Fair Queuing Algorithm for Broadband Networks," 2008, pp. 1-6.
- [12] C. Guo, "G-3: An O (1) time complexity packet scheduler that provides bounded end-to-end delay," 2007.
- [13] I. O. S. Cisco, Cisco WAN and Application Optimisation Solution Guide: Cisco Systems, Inc, 2008.
- [14] L. Kleinrock, "Time-shared Systems: a theoretical treatment," *Journal of the ACM (JACM)*, vol. 14, pp. 242-261, 1967.
- [15] L. Kleinrock and A. Nilsson, "On Optimal Scheduling Algorithms for Time-Shared Systems," *Journal of the ACM (JACM)*, vol. 28, pp. 477-486, 1981.
- [16] E. L. Hahne and R. G. Gallager, "Round Robin Scheduling for Fair Flow Control in Data Communication Networks," in *Electrical Engineering and Computer Science*. vol. Ph.D: Rice University, 1986, p. 244.
- [17] A. Demers, S. Keshav, and S. Shenker, "Analysis and simulation of a fair Queuing algorithm," *Applications, Technologies, Architectures, and Protocols for Computer Communication*, pp. 1-12, 1989.

- [18] L. Zhang, "Virtual Clock: A New Traffic Control Algorithm for Packet Switching Networks," *ACM Transactions on Computer Systems*, vol. 9, pp. 101-124, 1991.
- [19] J. Nagle, "Congestion Control in IP/TCP Internetworks," ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, 1984.
- [20] S. Floyd, "Link-sharing and resource management models for packet networks," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 3, pp. 365-386, 1995.
- [21] C. Soanes and S. Hawker, *Compact Oxford English Dictionary of Current English*: Oxford University Press, 2008.
- [22] F. Gebali, Analysis of computer and communication networks: Springer Verlag, 2008.
- [23] D. Lowe, Networking for dummies 8th edition: John Wiley & Sons 2007.
- [24] M. Marchese, *QoS over heterogeneous networks*: Wiley, Chichester, 2007.
- [25] J. Nagle, "RFC-896: Congestion Control in IP/TCP Internetworks," *Request For Comments*, 1984.
- [26] Z. Li, R. Yuan, and X. Guan, "Accurate classification of the internet traffic based on the SVM method," in *ICC* 2007, 2007, pp. 1373-1378.
- [27] D. Zagar and S. Rimac-Drlje, "Applications classification and QoS requirements," in *Information Technology Interfaces IT1* 2002, Cavtat, Croatia, 2002, pp. 517-522.
- [28] A. W. Moore, Zuev, D., "Internet traffic classification using bayesian analysis techniques," in *SIGMETRICS* '05, 2005, pp. 50-60.
- [29] S. Chimmanee and K. Wipusitwarakun, "Application Routing Load Balancing (ARLB) to Support QoS for VoIP Application over a VPNs Environment," in *International Symposium on Network Computing and Applications (NCA'01)* 2001, p. 94.
- [30] A. K. Jena, A. Popescu, and A. A. Nilsson, *Modelling and Evaluation of Internet Applications*: Karlskrona, 2002.
- [31] Y. Liu and W. Gong, "On fluid Queuing systems with strict priority," in *IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control*, 2003, pp. 2079-2088.
- [32] Q. He, "Analysing The Characteristics of VoIP Traffic," in *Computer Science*. vol. Master of science Saskatchewan, Canada: University of Saskatchewan, 2007, p. 95.
- [33] T. Soetens and O. Elloumi, "A relative bandwidth differentiated service for TCP micro-flows," in *International Symposium on Cluster Computing and the Grid (CCGrid '01)*, Brisbane, Australia 2001, p. 602.
- [34] T. S. E. Ng, D. C. Stephens, I. Stoica, and H. Zhang, "Supporting best-effort traffic with fair service curve," in 1999 ACM SIGMETRICS international conference on Measurement and modelling of computer systems 1999, pp. 218-219.
- [35] D. Abendroth, M. E. Eckel, and U. Killat, "Solving the trade-off between fairness and throughput: Token bucket and leaky bucket-based weighted fair Queuing schedulers," *AEUE-International Journal of Electronics and Communications*, vol. 60, pp. 404-407, 2006.
- [36] J. Nagle, "RFC 970: On packet switches with infinite storage," *Request For Comments*, 1985.
- [37] K. Downs, S. Spanier, M. Ford, T. Stevenson, and H. K. Lew, *Internetworking technologies handbook*: Cisco Press, 1998.

- [38] A. K. Parekh and R. G. Gallager, "A generalised processor sharing approach to flow control in integrated services networks: the single-node case," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 1, pp. 344-357, 1993.
- [39] F. Cottet, J. Delacroix, Z. Mammeri, and C. Kaiser, *Scheduling in real-time systems*: Wiley, 2002.
- [40] A. Konstantinou, "Flow Control Techniques for Real-Time Media Applications in Best-Effort Networks Using Fluid Models." vol. MASTER OF SCIENCE: Texas A&M University, 2004, p. 187.
- [41] D. Ferrari, "Client Requirements for Real-Time Communication Services; RFC-1193," *Internet Request for Comments*, 1990.
- [42] B. Briscoe, "Internet: Fairer is faster," Networks Research Centre 2008.
- [43] Y. Liu, W. Gong, and P. Shenoy, "On the impact of concurrent downloads," in *33nd conference on Winter simulation* 2001, p. 1305.
- [44] J. Eriksson, M. Faloutsos, and S. Krishnamurthy, "Justice: Flexible and Enforceable Per-Source Bandwidth Allocation," *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, vol. 3462, pp. 1206-1218, 2005.
- [45] J. Nagle, "On Packet Switches with Infinite Storage," *Communications, IEEE Transactions on [legacy, pre-1988]*, vol. 35, pp. 435-438, 1987.
- [46] Z. Li, "Improving perceived speech quality for wireless VoIP by cross-layer designs," in *School of Computing, Communication and Electronics*. vol. Master of Research in Network System Engineering: University of Plymouth, 2003, p. 75.
- [47] H. Zhang, "Service Disciplines for Guaranteed Performance Service in Packet-Switching Networks," *Proceedings-IEEE*, vol. 83, pp. 1374-1374, 1995.
- [48] D. Ferrari and D. C. Verma, "A scheme for real-time channel establishment in wide-area networks," *Selected Areas in Communications, IEEE Journal on*, vol. 8, pp. 368-379, 1990.
- [49] D. C. Verma, H. Zhang, and D. Ferrari, "Delay jitter control for real-time communication in a packetswitching network," 1991, pp. 35-43.
- [50] H. M. Chaskar and U. Madhow, "Fair scheduling with tunable latency: a round-robin approach," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking* vol. 11, pp. 592-601, 2003.
- [51] C. Wang, K. Long, X. Gong, and S. Cheng, "SWFQ: a simple weighted fair Queuing scheduling algorithm forhigh-speed packet switched network," *Communications*, vol. 8, 2001.
- [52] S. J. Golestani and M. Bellcore, "A self-clocked fair Queuing scheme for broadband applications," in *INFOCOM'94*. *Networking for Global Communications*, 1994, pp. 636-646.
- [53] I. Stoica, S. Shenker, and H. Zhang, "Core-stateless fair Queuing: achieving approximately fair bandwidth allocations in high speed networks," *ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review*, pp. 118-130, 1998.
- [54] K. Yamakoshi, K. Nakai, E. Oki, and N. Yamanaka, "Dynamic deficit roundrobin scheduling scheme for variable-lengthpackets," *Electronics Letters*, vol. 38, pp. 148-149, 2002.
- [55] S. S. Kanhere, H. Sethu, and A. B. Parekh, "Fair and efficient packet scheduling using elastic round robin," *IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems*, vol. 13, pp. 324-336, 2002.
- [56] A. Banchs, "User fair queuing: fair allocation of bandwidth for users," 2002, pp. 1668-1677.

- [57] G. Chandrasekaran, "Performance Evaluation of Scheduling Mechanisms for Broadband Networks," in *Departament fo Electrical Engineering and Computer*. vol. Master: University of Kansa, 2001, p. 123.
- [58] "Understanding and Configuring MDRR and WRED on the Cisco 12000 Series Internet Routers," Cisco Systems, 2007.
- [59] J. C. R. Bennett and H. Zhang, "Why WFQ Is Not Good Enough for Integrated Services Networks," in *NOSSDAV*, 1996, p. 524—532.
- [60] M. E. Markaki, M. P. Saltouros, and I. S. Venieris, "Proportional packet loss differentiation and buffer management for differentiated services in the Internet," in *25th Annual IEEE Conference on Local Computer Networks* 2000, pp. 306–313.
- [61] D. C. Stephens and J. Zhang, "Implementing scheduling algorithms in high-speed networks," *Selected Areas in Communications, IEEE Journal on*, vol. 17, pp. 1145-1158, 1999.
- [62] H. Shi, "Packet scheduling strategies for emerging service models in the internet." vol. PhD: Drexel University, 2003, p. 152.
- [63] H. Shi and H. Sethu, "An evaluation of timestamp-based packet schedulers using a novel measure of instantaneous fairness," in *Workshop on End-to-end Service Differentiation*, 2003, pp. 443-450.
- [64] D. D. Clark, S. Shenker, and L. Zhang, "Supporting real-time applications in an Integrated Services Packet Network: architecture and mechanism," *ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review*, vol. 22, pp. 14-26, 1992.
- [65] J. Xiaohui, L. Jiandong, and G. Feng, "Two simple implementation algorithms of WFQ and their performanceanalysis," in *ICII* 2001, 2001.
- [66] R. Braden, D. Clark, and S. Shenker, "RFC1633: Integrated Services in the Internet Architecture: an Overview," RFC Editor, United States, 1994.
- [67] A. G. Greenberg and N. Madras, "How fair is fair queuing," *Journal of the ACM (JACM)*, vol. 39, pp. 568-598, 1992.
- [68] J. C. R. Bennett, H. Zhang, and F. Syst, "WF 2 Q: worst-case fair weighted fair Queuing," in *IEEE INFOCOM*, 1996.
- [69] J. F. Lee, M. C. Chen, and Y. Sun, "WF2Q-M: Worst-case fair weighted fair Queuing with maximum rate control," *Computer Networks*, vol. 51, pp. 1403-1420, 2007.
- [70] J. C. R. Bennett and H. Zhang, "Hierarchical packet fair Queuing algorithms," *Applications, Technologies, Architectures, and Protocols for Computer Communication*, pp. 143-156, 1996.
- [71] C. Knightly, "Coordinated network scheduling: A framework for end-to-end services," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 10, pp. 776 789 2000.
- [72] H. Shi and H. Sethu, "Greedy fair Queuing: A goal-oriented strategy for fair real-time packet scheduling," in *24th IEEE Real-Time Systems Symposium*, 2003, pp. 345-356.
- [73] L. Ashkenazi, "Controlling Burstiness in Fair Queuing Scheduling," in *Faculty of Exct Sciences*. vol. master Tel-Aviv: Tel-Avi university, 2004, p. 48.
- [74] S. Ju and M. Najar, "A novel hierarchical packet fair scheduling model," in *ICCT* 2003, 2003.
- [75] N. Alborz and L. Trajkovic, "Implementation of VirtualClock scheduling algorithm in OPNET," *Proceedings of OPNETWORK 2001*, 2001.

- [76] G. G. Xie and S. S. Lam, "Delay guarantee of virtual clock server," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 3, p. 689, 1995.
- [77] S. Suri, G. Varghese, and G. Chandranmenon, "Leap forward virtual clock: a new fair queuing scheme with guaranteed delays and throughput fairness," *In Proceedings of INFOCOM&# 039; 97,* 1997.
- [78] S. J. Golestani, "A stop-and-go Queuing framework for congestion management," *ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review*, vol. 20, pp. 8-18, 1990.
- [79] S. J. Golestani, B. C. Res, and N. J. Morristown, "Congestion-free transmission of real-time traffic in packetnetworks," in *IEEE INFOCOM'90*, 1990, pp. 527-536.
- [80] M. Katevenis, S. Sidiropoulos, and C. Courcoubetis, "Weighted round-robin cell multiplexing in a general-purpose ATMswitch chip," *IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications*, vol. 9, pp. 1265-1279, 1991.
- [81] M. Shreedhar and G. Varghese, "Efficient fair queuing using deficit roundrobin," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on networking*, vol. 4, pp. 375-385, 1996.
- [82] P. Southerington, "The Smoothed Round-Robin Scheduler," 2005.
- [83] G. Chuanxiong, "SRR: An O (1) time complexity packet scheduler for flows in multi-service packet networks," in 2001 conference on Applications, technologies, architectures, and protocols for computer communications 2001, pp. 211-222.
- [84] W. D. Qi, M. Dong, Q. G. Shen, and H. Chen, "How smooth is smoothed round robin," *Proceedings of ZCCl2003*, pp. 421-428, 2003.
- [85] S. Ramabhadran and J. Pasquale, "Stratified round Robin: a low complexity packet scheduler with bandwidth fairness and bounded delay," in 2003 conference on Applications, technologies, architectures, and protocols for computer communications 2003, pp. 239-250.
- [86] S. Jiwasurat, G. Kesidis, and D. J. Miller, "Hierarchical shaped deficit roundrobin scheduling," in *IEEE Global Telecommunications Conference*, 2005.
- [87] J. R. Davin and A. T. Heybey, "A simulation study of fair Queuing and policy enforcement," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 20, pp. 23 29, 1990.
- [88] P. Goyal, H. M. Vin, and H. Chen, "Start-time fair Queuing: a scheduling algorithm for integrated services packet switching networks," *Applications, Technologies, Architectures, and Protocols for Computer Communication*, pp. 157-168, 1996.
- [89] D. Stiliadis and A. Varma, "Latency-rate servers: a general model for analysis of traffic scheduling algorithms," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking* (*ToN*), vol. 6, pp. 611-624, 1998.
- [90] D. Stiliadis and A. Varma, "Efficient fair Queuing algorithms for packet-switched networks," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON)*, vol. 6, pp. 175-185, 1998.
- [91] D. Stiliadis and A. Varma, "Design and analysis of frame-based fair Queuing: a new traffic scheduling algorithm for packet-switched networks," *ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review*, vol. 24, pp. 104-115, 1996.
- [92] N. Ciulli and S. Giordano, "Analysis and simulation of WF2Q+ based schedulers: comparisons, compliance with theoretical bounds and influence on end-to-end delay jitter," *Computer Networks*, vol. 37, pp. 579-599, 2001.

- [93] D. Y. Kwak, N. S. Ko, B. Kim, and H. S. Park, "ANew Starting Potential Fair Queuing Algorithm with O (1) Virtual Time Computation Complexity," *ETRI journal*, vol. 25, 2003.
- [94] D. Y. Kwak, N. S. Ko, and H. S. Park, "Mean starting potential fair queuing for high-speed packet networks," in *IEEE Global Telecommunications Conference*, 2003.
- [95] C. Couch, *Urban renewal: theory and practice*: Macmillan Education, 1990.
- [96] H. C. Tijms and J. Wiley, *A first course in stochastic models*: Wiley Online Library, 2003.
- [97] R. B. Cooper, Introduction to Queuing theory: North-Holland, 1981.
- [98] L. Kleinrock, Queuing systems, volume 1: theory: John Wiley & Sons, 1975.
- [99] H. G. Blocker and E. H. Smith, *John Rawls' theory of social justice: an introduction*: Ohio Univ Pr, 1980.
- [100] J. Rawls, A theory of justice: Oxford University Press, 1999.
- [101] S. Kubler, E. Rondeau, and J. P. Georges, "Dependability of switched network architectures for Networked Control Systems," in *Mechatronics* (*ICM*), 2011 IEEE International Conference on, pp. 761-766.
- [102] K. Nara, A. Shiose, M. Kitagawa, and T. Ishihara, "Implementation of genetic algorithm for distribution systems loss minimum re-configuration," *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, vol. 7, pp. 1044-1051, 1992.
- [103] R. S. Rao, S. V. L. Narasimham, and M. Ramalingaraju, "Optimisation of distribution network configuration for loss reduction using artificial bee colony algorithm," *International Journal of Electrical Power and Energy Systems Engineering*, vol. 1, pp. 116-122, 2008.
- [104] A. M. Alberti, "Modelling and simulation of a LFVC scheduler," in *Simulation Symposium*, 2005. *Proceedings*. 38th Annual, 2005, pp. 277-284.
- [105] M. Hosaagrahara, "A generalised framework for achieving max-min fairness: theory and applications." vol. PhD: Drexel University, 2006, p. 134.
- [106] Z. Cao and E. W. Zegura, "Utility max-min: an application-oriented bandwidth allocationscheme," 1999.
- [107] R. Denda, A. Banchs, and W. Effelsberg, "The fairness challenge in computer networks," 2000, pp. 208-220.
- [108] L. Kleinrock and R. R. Muntz, "Processor Sharing Queuing Models of Mixed Scheduling Disciplines for Time Shared System," *J. ACM*, vol. 19, pp. 464-482, 1972.
- [109] L. Kleinrock, *Queuing Systems: Volume 2: Computer Applications*: John Wiley & Sons New York, 1976.
- [110] J. Jaffe, "Bottleneck flow control," *Communications, IEEE Transactions on [legacy, pre-1988]*, vol. 29, pp. 954-962, 1981.
- [111] D. P. Bertsekas, R. Gallager, and T. Nemetz, *Data networks*: Prentice-hall Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1987.
- [112] F. P. Kelly, "Charging and rate control for elastic traffic," *European transactions on Telecommunications*, vol. 8, pp. 33-38, 1997.
- [113] F. P. Kelly, A. K. Maulloo, and D. K. H. Tan, "Rate control for communication networks: shadow prices, proportional fairness and stability," *Journal of the Operational Research society*, vol. 49, pp. 237-252, 1998.
- [114] L. Massoulie and J. Roberts, "Bandwidth sharing: objectives and algorithms," 1999.
- [115] T. Bonald and A. Proutiere, "Insensitive bandwidth sharing in data networks," *Queuing systems*, vol. 44, pp. 69-100, 2003.

- [116] A. K. Erlang, "Solution of some problems in the theory of probabilities of significance in automatic telephone exchanges," *The Post Office Electrical Engineers' Journal*, vol. 10, pp. 189–197, 1918.
- [117] T. Bonald, L. Massoulié, A. Proutiere, and J. Virtamo, "A Queuing analysis of max-min fairness, proportional fairness and balanced fairness," *Queuing systems*, vol. 53, pp. 65-84, 2006.
- [118] S. Shenker, "Fundamental design issues for the future Internet," *Selected Areas in Communications, IEEE Journal on*, vol. 13, pp. 1176-1188, 1995.
- [119] U. Feige, "On allocations that maximise fairness," 2008, pp. 287-293.
- [120] D. Nace and M. Pioro, "Max-min fairness and its applications to routing and load-balancing in communication networks: a tutorial," *IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials*, vol. 10, pp. 5-17, 2008.
- [121] V. Pareto, "The new theories of economics," *The Journal of Political Economy*, pp. 485-502, 1897.
- [122] V. Pareto, R. Marchionatti, and F. Mornati, *Considerations on the fundamental principles of pure political economy*: Routledge, 2007.
- [123] E. Karipidis, N. D. Sidiropoulos, and Z. Q. Luo, "Quality of service and maxmin fair transmit beamforming to multiple cochannel multicast groups," *IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing*, vol. 56, pp. 1268-1279, 2008.
- [124] D. Chakrabarty, J. Chuzhoy, and S. Khanna, "On allocating goods to maximise fairness," 2009, pp. 107-116.
- [125] A. Sridharan and B. Krishnamachari, "Maximising network utilisation with max—min fairness in wireless sensor networks," *Wireless Networks*, vol. 15, pp. 585-600, 2009.
- [126] T. Bonald, A. Proutiere, J. Roberts, and J. Virtamo, "Computational aspects of balanced fairness," 2003, pp. 801–810.
- [127] S. Bhatti and M. Bateman, "Transport Protocol Throughput Fairness," *Journal of Networks*, vol. 4, pp. 881-894, 2009.
- [128] B. H. Thacker, S. W. Doebling, F. M. Hemez, M. C. Anderson, J. E. Pepin, and E. A. Rodriguez, "Concepts of model verification and validation," Los Alamos National Lab., Los Alamos, NM (US) 2004.
- [129] B. Schilling, "Qualitative comparison of network simulation tools," *Institute of Parallel and Distributed Systems (IPVS), University of Stuttgart*, 2005.
- [130] D. Nicol, "Comparison of network simulators revisited," 2002.
- [131] T. Issariyakul and E. Hossain, *Introduction to Network Simulator NS2*: Springer Verlag, 2008.
- [132] G. F. Lucio, M. Paredes-Farrera, E. Jammeh, M. Fleury, and M. J. Reed, "Opnet modeller and ns-2: Comparing the accuracy of network simulators for packet-level analysis using a network testbed," *WSEAS Transactions on Computers*, vol. 2, pp. 700-707, 2003.
- [133] X. Chang, "Network simulations with OPNET," 1999, pp. 307-314 vol. 1.
- [134] I. Katzela, Modelling and simulating communication networks: a hands-on approach using OPNET: Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 1998.
- [135] J. H. Holland, "Adaptation in natural and artificial systems," *Ann Arbor MI: University of Michigan Press*, 1975.
- [136] C. R. Reeves and J. E. Rowe, *Genetic algorithms: principles and perspectives: a guide to GA theory:* Kluwer Academic Pub, 2002.
- [137] M. Gen and R. Cheng, *Genetic algorithms and engineering optimisation*: Wiley-interscience, 2000.

- [138] M. Mitchell, An introduction to genetic algorithms: The MIT press, 1998.
- [139] C. Darwin, "On the origin of species by means of natural selection, or the preservation of favoured races in the struggle for life," *New York: D. Appleton*, 1859.
- [140] S. N. Sivanandam and S. N. Deepa, *Introduction to genetic algorithms*: Springer Verlag, 2007.
- [141] F. Jay and J. A. Goetz, "IEEE standard dictionary of electrical and electronics terms," 1977.
- [142] J. Radatz, "IEEE standard glossary of software engineering terminology," *IEEE Std 610121990*, vol. 121990, 1990.
- [143] S. Schlesinger, R. E. Crosbie, R. E. Gagne, G. S. Innis, C. S. Lalwani, J. Loch, R. J. Sylvester, R. D. Wright, N. Kheir, and D. Bartos, "Terminology for model credibility," *Simulation*, vol. 32, pp. 103-104, 1979.
- [144] D. Brade, A. Lehmann, and R. K. Huber, "Ageneralised Process for the Verification and Validation of Models and Simulation Results," 2007.
- [145] F. Stern, R. V. Wilson, H. W. Coleman, E. G. Paterson, and C. Iowa Inst Of Hydraulic Research Iowa, *Verification and validation of CFD simulations*: Citeseer, 1999.
- [146] K. Norlund, T. Ottosson, and A. Brunstrom, "Fairness measures for best effort traffic in wireless networks," 2004, pp. 2953-2957 Vol. 4.
- [147] D. Raz, H. Levy, and B. Avi-Itzhak, "A resource-allocation Queuing fairness measure," 2004, pp. 130-141.
- [148] P. Goyal and B. Tech, "Packet scheduling algorithms for integrated services networks." vol. PhD Austin: The University of Texas, 1997, p. 221.
- [149] J. A. Cobb, M. G. Gouda, and A. El-Nahas, "Time-shift scheduling-fair scheduling of flows in high-speed networks," *Networking, IEEE/ACM Transactions on*, vol. 6, pp. 274-285, 1998.
- [150] R. Patel and M. M. Raghuwanshi, "Review on Real Coded Genetic Algorithms Used in Multiobjective Optimisation," in *Third International Conference on Emerging Trends in Engineering and Technology*, 2010, pp. 610-613.
- [151] B. G. Lee and S. Choi, *Broadband wireless access and local networks: mobile WiMax and WiFi*: Artech House Publishers, 2008.