

**ONLINE QUESTIONNAIRE DATA ANALYSIS SYSTEM  
(OQDAS)**

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## **ABSTRACT**

The aim of this project is to develop an Online Questionnaire Data Analysis System (OQDAS) for researchers in University Utara Malaysia. This system enables research questionnaires to be deployed via a web page and provide a great source of information to all UUM researchers. By developing this project, it helps the researcher to perform survey easily, cost-effectively, and time shortly. In addition, analytical results reported in PDF file automatically. As well, a prototyping as a part of the traditional SDLC approach will be chosen as a guide to develop OQDAS.

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## **CHAPTER ONE**

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **1.1. INTRODUCTION**

Educational institutions and universities employ scientific research as one of the means and tools to access data, information, knowledge and theories that are used to explain and understand social phenomena. Researchers have considered two approaches in gathering information for the purposes of research and study: Quantitative Approach and Qualitative Approach (McBurney & White, 2009).

As reported by Roztocki and Lahri (2003), a questionnaire is the most widely used quantitative research method. Survey questionnaires consist of a set of questions that are related to each other in ways that help to achieve research's goal. Paper based questionnaire has always had the disadvantages such as the number of potential participants is limited, questionnaire distribution is slower and much more.

According to Singh, Taneja, and Mangalaraj (2009), online questionnaire is becoming a great replacement to traditional paper and mail-based questionnaires to collect data for questionnaire research. Online questionnaires are used to compensate for serious inherited disadvantages of traditional formats, where the Web provides an opportunity to compensate for the deficiency of slow distribution, return time and other disadvantages of traditional format (Pargas, Witte, Brand, Hochrine, & Staton, 2003).

Aside from the variety of aspects, Data analysis is a process in which collected data is organized so that meaningful information can be discovered from it. Organizing data is the fundamental process of understanding what the data is about and what the data does or does not. People can analyze the data in different ways, and manipulating data during the analysis stage is not easy at all, as it may lead to certain conclusions. For this reason, it is essential to be careful when analyzing the data, and to think deeply about the data and the outputs which were extracted.

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