The Appropriate FEC Parity Amount to Guarantee High Quality for Video Streaming

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The Appropriate FEC Parity Amount To Guarantee High Quality for Video Streaming

This thesis is presented to the Graduate School In fulfillment of the requirements for Master of Science (Information and Communication Technology) Universiti Utara Malaysia

By

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ABSTRACT

Efficiency and capability of forward error correction (FEC) mechanism to recover from losses, is the main idea behind its utilization in Real-time applications like video streaming over Internet. The number of Internet users continue to increase every day, thus network traffic will increase. Such increasing in network traffic will cause network congestion to increase, increasing in network congestion make data loss obvious problem that affect streaming video presentation quality.

The efficiency of FEC mechanism come from the reduction of the time needed to recover lost packets, and there is no need for an additional channel for retransmission. The goal of FEC is to add redundancy that can be used to recover from packet loss in multimedia application, this big task for FEC comes with main condition; to achieve acceptable and the desired quality of presentation, FEC has to be introduced with minimum overhead for real-time application.

However, depending on the fact that packet loss is often unknown and time varying. So, the amount of extra data that will be sent with the original data in the FEC block is predetermined comparing to the loss, hence loss recovery rate depends on the amount of redundancy data. For this reason FEC may take three characteristics depending on the amount of redundant data, *effective* (if the redundant is sufficient to the lost data), *ineffective* (if the redundant is too little to the lost data), or *inefficient* (if the redundant is too much to the lost data).

Our research will concentrate on this problem to propose a suitable solution, by matching the appropriate redundancy that can achieve effectiveness, through sending the proposed FEC parity amount aside with the original data of video application. Proposed results will guarantee minimum packet loss and packet loss ratio in streaming application for video.

Furthermore, through this study we will verify the affect of variance amount of redundancy data on the loss recovery rate, to find the appropriate parity amount, which can be effective in the presence of data loss. During that, Simulation results will demonstrate our progress for this project step by step to insure the works. Through extensive simulation, we will evaluate the scalability of the chosen redundancy data amount to improve aggregate FEC performance through video transmission.

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List of Abbreviation

ARQ	Automatic Repeat Request
AWK	A Graphical Simulation Display Tool
C++	Object Oriented Programming Language
CBR	Constant Bit Rate
DT	Drop Tail Management
ECC	Error-Correcting Code
FEC	Forward Error Correction
ECN	Explicit Congestion Notification
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
Ns-2	Network Simulator 2
OTcL	Object-oriented Tool Command Language
PLR	Packet Loss Ratio
QoS	Quality of Service
RNG	Random Number Generator
RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol
RTT	Round Trip Time
RS	Reed-Solomon
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol over Internet Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UDP/IP	User Datagram Protocol over Internet Protocol

Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the entire study. It contains a general overview for each section through this report structure. In section 1.2 we present the background of this study, in section 1.3 the problem statement, then in section 1.4 the research goals, followed by the objectives in section 1.5, which directly goes through the research questions in section 1.6, the significance and scope of the study in section 1.7 and 1.8 sequentially and the structure of the report in section 1.9, and finally in section 1.10 we end this chapter with a small summary.

1.2 Background

Recently new types of distributed applications have appeared, called distributed applications [1], because they run on different end systems. These distributed applications have a major deference for the old applications, which is the need for new types of *service requirements* that the older applications do not need. For these distributed applications the services that were provided by the network infrastructures like Internet, differ according to the kind of application, where the *service requirements* provided to elastic applications like e-mail are different from those *service requirements* provided to multimedia applications like streaming video as a real-time application.

The reason behind this difference [2], that elastic applications like e-mail can manage the delay of data arrival, and the variance in delay time, but at the same time

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The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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