THE APPLICATION OF LIBRARY 2.0 CONCEPT FOR ENHANCING THE LIBRARY OPAC

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THE APPLICATION OF LIBRARY 2.0 CONCEPT FOR ENHANCING THE LIBRARY OPAC

A Thesis submitted to the College of Arts and Sciences (CAS) in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree Master of Science (Information and Communication Technology)

Universiti Utara Malaysia

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ABSTRAK

OPAC merupakan perkhidmatan Perpustakaan konvensional yang mengamalkan pendekatan komunikasi maklumat sehala. Kajian ini menerangkan secara ringkas konsep dan aplikasi Web 2.0 dan Library 2.0 meliputi definisi, teknologi yang digunakan dan laman web terpilih yang mengaplikasikan konsep Web 2.0. Konsep Library 2.0 memberi keutamaan kepada pengguna perpustakaan untuk berkongsi pengalaman dan pandangan mereka terhadap koleksi dan perkhidmatan perpustakaan. Konsep ini boleh diaplikasikan untuk meningkatkan keupayaan OPAC dan meningkatkan kepuasan pengguna terutamanya generasi kini.

'Enhanced OPAC' melibatkan perlaksanaan fungsi baru dalam sistem pencarian maklumat, penggunaan teknologi terkini untuk pertukaran data antara sistem aplikasi berbeza, kandungan tambahan yang memberi penerangan lanjut berhubung dengan bahan dalam koleksi perpustakaan, menggunakan aplikasi Web 2.0. Pengguna akan memperolehi maklumat yang lebih terperinci berkaitan bahan dalam koleksi perpustakaan dan boleh menyumbang pandangan mereka terhadap koleksi perpustakaan di masa hadapan. Survey awal menunjukan pustakawan UUM amat berpusashati dengan konsep yang diperkenalkan dan bersedia untuk menggunakan sistem ini pada masa depan.

ABSTRACT

OPAC is the conventional library service that only allows for one-way flow of information. This project presents an overview of Web 2.0 and Library 2.0 including its definition, technologies involved and sites currently advocated as examples of Web 2.0. Library 2.0 gives library users the power to share their experiences. Library 2.0 can be summarized as being user-driven that enables attracting users to enrich information resources. Library 2.0 concepts can be implemented to enhance OPAC and increase users' satisfaction especially for new generation.

Enhanced OPAC involved the implementation of new function for search engine, the advancement in exchanging data with other application and services, additional content which is used to describe the materials in library collections, capability to utilize external content services, and the application of Web 2.0 tools. Users are able to get more descriptions about items in a library collection and will be able to contribute their opinions about the library collection in the future. Pilot survey shows that UUM Librarians are very satisfied with the concept of Enhanced OPAC and are willing to use it in the future.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AJAX Asynchronous JavaScript and XML

ALA American Library Association

APA American Psychological Association

API Application Programming Interface

CMS Content Management System

CSS Cascading Style Sheet

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

IE Microsoft Internet Explorer

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

ILS Integrated Library System

IM Internet Messaging

IS Information System

IT Information Technology

LINTAS Library Information Technology Automated System

MARC Machine Readable Catalog

NCIP NISO Circulation Interchange Protocol - Z39.83

OCLC Online Computer Library Center

OPAC Online Public Access Catalog

PHP PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor

PSB Perpustakaan Sultanah Bahiyah

RSS Rich Site Summary

SIP 3M Standard Interchange Protocol

SMS Short Messaging System

SQL Structured Query Language

TAM Technology Acceptance Model

TOC Table of Content

URL Uniform Resource Locator
UUM Universiti Utara Malaysia

WebOPAC Web version of Online Public Access Catalog at UUM

WWW World Wide Web

XHTML Extensible Hypertext Markup Language

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1	INTEGRATED LIBRARY SYSTEM (LINTAS) DRIVER
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CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Academic libraries are implementing technological based library service to enhance the effectiveness of information delivery to library users. This involved the application of information technology to provide electronic oriented services such as reference service, online public access catalog (OPAC), document delivery, virtual library and digital library. Libraries are responsible in managing library information resources, services and facilities. Nowadays, the challenging role of academic libraries is to provide effective access to relevant information in timely manner.

Library catalog is a common tool used by library users in finding information resources held by the library. Since 1982, the National University, University of Malaya, Nanyang Technological Institute (Singapore) and followed by North Malaysia University have contributed record to a computer output microfilm (COM) catalog (Mitchell, 1994). Library catalog using computer applications plays significant role in providing access point to library materials such as call numbers, items status and locations. Over the years, various library systems offered improved searching interface with user-friendly features.

New application technology has contributed to participative and collaborative content development. This development is portrayed in the application system such as blogs, Rich Site Summary (RSS), podcasting, wikis, and Instant Messaging (IM) services (Carter, 2007; Hastings, 2007; Lankes, Joanne, & Scott, 2007). Popular platforms such as Friendster and Facebook provide excellence opportunities for Internet users to contribute and share their views and experience with the public, or so called communities.

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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