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# Collaborating Against Catecholamines: Using Interprofessional Simulation to Prepare for a Potential Cardiac Emergency in Pregnancy

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## OBJECTIVES

- Detail the evidence-based, interprofessional management of an antepartum woman with a high-risk cardiac condition — Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia (CPVT).
- Identify pragmatic strategies to prepare for a potential cardiac emergency in pregnancy.

### BACKGROUND

- Interprofessional simulation is routinely scheduled on the L&D unit to prepare staff for obstetric emergencies.
- OB division holds monthly multidisciplinary team meetings to develop care plans for complicated obstetric cases.
- Team identified a 28 year-old primigravid woman at 16 weeks gestation with a rare, genetic cardiac disorder — CPVT.
- In CPVT:
- Increased catecholamines (such as with labor) may precipitate
- syncope

- cardiac arrest
- ventricular tachycardia
- death
- Call to action team assembled to outline care strategies for the antepartum, intrapartum and postpartum periods.

#### IMPLEMENTATION **INTEGRATE PLAN OF CARE** Simulation content developed using the multidisciplinary plan of care **DEVISE SOLUTIONS/ REVISE PLAN** Plan of care was evaluated and updated following each simulation drill **TEST PLAN** ACT **OF CARE** Interprofessional simulation drills conducted to: rehearse skills stimulate critical **BRAINSTORM SOLUTIONS** thinking Team members assembled develop team post-simulation to: behaviors explore their experience reflect on events address concerns in a safe environment

# CONCLUSION/LESSONS LEARNED

- 1) Ask for assistance.
- 2) Define the available resources and establish the process to access, activate and mobilize that support in a timely manner.
- 3) Involve bedside clinicians in the plan of care.

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