

Six month AV Fistulae outcomes Following Local Perianastomotic Delivery of Sirolimus Preliminary Report from a US Phase 3 Clinical Trial (ACCESS Trial)

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Published In/Presented At

Iyer, S., Kopyt, N., Lee, J., Khawar, O., Wooldridge, T., Gandhi, N., Lynn, R., Paulson, W., DeVita, M. (2017, October). *Six month AV Fistulae outcomes following Local Perianastomotic delivery of Sirolimus Preliminary Report from a US Phase 3 Clinical Trial (ACCESS Trial)*. Poster presented at: ASN Kidney Week 2017, New Orleans, Louisiana.

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Background

AV Fistula (AVF) maturation delay impacts its functional patency and prolongs catheter dependence. USRDS (2015) reports median time to first cannulation of 112 days and only 45% of AVF are suitable for dialysis at 6 months [Range 38% (DAC) to 65% (HFM)]. A prior single arm Phase 2 study (Table) tested the value of perivascular sirolimus delivered intraoperatively at and around the AVF anastomosis from a collagen membrane (drug product; Vascular Therapies, Cresskill, NJ), for improving AVF outcomes.

Methods

Incident ESRD patients undergoing hemodialysis via catheter at time of AVF creation [Radiocephalic (RCF) or Brachiocephalic (BCF)] are eligible for enrollment in this ongoing US Phase 3 multicenter, randomized controlled clinical trial (NCT02513303). The first subject enrolled at each site received the drug product ["Open label" subject, (OL)]. Baseline vascular mapping (cephalic vein ≥ 2.5 mm; artery ≥ 2 mm; vein depth ≤ 5 mm) was performed to ensure suitability.

Results

There were no product related serious adverse events. Table lists key demographic and outcome metrics. Time to First Dialysis (TTFD): Time from AVF creation, to the time when the fistula can support three consecutive 2 needle dialysis sessions with a mean dialysis pump flow of ≥ 300 mL/min (2N/300). Fistula Suitability for Dialysis at 6 months (FSD6): Ability to use the fistula (2N/300) for two thirds of the dialysis sessions during a 30 day suitability ascertainment period commencing on day 150.

Excluding the 2 AVF that thrombosed early, TTFD was < 90 days for 11/16 (69%) subjects.

Conclusion

1. Time to maturation and AVF suitability for dialysis at 6 months in the open label Phase 3 subjects are similar to Phase 2 results and signal an improvement in comparison to historical controls.
2. Results are promising and may suggest that prophylactic local treatment with sirolimus at time of AVF creation could *predictably* reduce catheter dependence to less than 90 days with durable AV fistula functionality.

Enrollment is ongoing in the ACCESS trial.

| Phase | N | Age (y) Mean (range) | Male | Diabetes | RCF | BCF | Thrombosis* | TTFD (d) Median (range)** | FSD6 |
|--------------|----|-------------------------|------|----------|-----|-----|---------------|------------------------------|------|
| Phase 2 | 30 | 51 (25-77) | 60% | 20% | 22 | 8 | 13% (4/30) | 42 (27-150) | 76% |
| Phase 3 (OL) | 18 | 61 (38-91) | 89% | 61% | 10 | 8 | 11% (2/18) | 64 (38-137) | 89% |

* Within 2 weeks of surgery

** Excludes thrombosis prior to first cannulation

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