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Holly Tavianini MSHSA, BSN, RN, CNRN Lehigh Valley Health Network, Holly.Tavianini@lvhn.org

Amanda Yerkes BSN, RN, CNRN, CMSRN Lehigh Valley Health Network, Amanda. Yerkes@lvhn.org

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There's No Place Like Home: Meeting the Needs of Long Term Patients in an Acute Care Facility

Holly D. Tavianini, MSHSA, BSN, RN, CNRN and Amanda Yerkes, BSN, RN, CNRN, CMSRN Lehigh Valley Health Network, Allentown, PA

Today's complex medical issues often exceed the inpatient stay expectation causing healthcare organizations to meet sub-acute needs of patients in an acute care environment. This poster details how a 35-bed neuroscience unit in an academic, Magnet® community hospital implemented interprofessional care initiatives to meet the needs of patients who remain in acute care settings for extended periods of time. Case studies highlight federal and state agencies which provide services and guidance to return patients home.

Interprofessional Team



Care Initiatives

Objective 1. Describe care initiatives implemented to address mobility, personal care, nutritional requirements and diversion.

Mobility

- Physical therapist develops daily exercise plan outlining distance walking
- Use of free weights to maintain muscle tone
- Daily ROM to affected joints to prevent atrophy

Personal Care

- Salon Services by professional volunteers for hair and nails
- Charitable clothing donations
- Occupational Therapy assistance with ADLs
- Psychological counseling for drug use

Nutrition

- Dietary consult
- Appropriate tube feeding schedule
- Change of caloric requirements based on daily activity/care issues
- Community volunteers donate homemade food

Diversion

- Movies, music, books, puzzles
- On-line games via iPad or tablet
- CARE channel for visual/auditory stimulation

Case Studies

Objective 2. Detail three case studies that demonstrate collaborative care initiatives utilized to prevent complications and monotony.

CASE STUDY #1

Diagnosis: Epidural abscess secondary to IV drug use

Background: Deemed incompetent due to harmful personal choices; unsafe to return to community related to ability to mainline drugs

Peripheral central line insertion for antibiotic therapy x 6 weeks; mobility plan to prevent muscle atrophy, deep vein thrombosis, skin care issues

Care Initiatives implemented:

Diversional activities secondary to boredom

CASE STUDY #2

Diagnosis: Subdural hematoma secondary to alcohol-induced fall

Background: Homeless; HIV+; incompetent to make decisions secondary to cognitive impairment

Financial/insurance options for post-acute care; mobility plan to prevent muscle atrophy, deep vein thrombosis and skin care issues; personal hygiene, nutritional

Care Initiatives implemented:

Medicare/Medicaid assistance: rehabilitative services to address functional limitations; personal care assessment for self-care deficits related to dressing, bathing, hygiene, clothing; dietary consult for nutritional considerations related to caloric intake and HIV status

CASE STUDY #3

Diagnosis: Subarachnoid hemorrhage secondary to untreated hypertension **Background:** Malaysian tourist with no care representataive available

Discharge plan [unable to be placed in sub-acute/longterm rehabilitative facility due to inability to pay/lack of citizenship]; daily range of motion (ROM) to all extremities to prevent contractures, subluxation, muscle atrophy;

personal care assessment; nutritional guidance

Care Initiatives implemented:

State Department to coordinate efforts to return home; care management interfaced with Malaysian counterparts to arrange handover of care upon arrival; dietary consult for consideration of caloric intake and limited mobility; innovative communication tools to engage patient

May.

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State & Federal Agency Support

Objective 3. Discuss federal and state agencies that can be utilized to aid in medical cost, aftercare needs and travel outside of the United States borders.

Medicare Coverage

- Inpatient hospital care 90 days
- Nursing home care
- Skilled nursing facility care
- Medically necessary services to treat a disease or condition

Seniors

Medicaid Coverage

- Low-income children
- Individuals with disabilities
- Pregnant women

United States Department of State

- Communicate with foreign embassies
- Facilitate VISA application for return
- Coordinate air transport

Local Aids Activity Office

- Link to community resources
- Mental health and emotional support
- Risk reduction counseling

Patient/Hospital Cost Responsibility







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