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Patrick Hickey DO

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Patrick.Hickey@lvhn.org

Matthew Sullivan DO

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Matthew.Sullivan@lvhn.org

Saba Ahmad MD

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Saba. Ahmad@lvhn.org

James Cornell MD

Lehigh Valley Health Network, James F.Cornell@lvhn.org

Shashin Shah MD

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Shashin.Shah@lvhn.org

See next page for additional authors

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Bouveret's Syndrome: Definitive Diagnosis with Esophagogastroduodenoscopy

Patrick Hickey DO, Matthew Sullivan DO, Saba Ahmad MD, James Cornell MD, Shashin Shah MD and Hiral Shah MD

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Allentown, PA

Background

- <u>Definition</u>: Bouveret's syndrome is a rare variant of gallstone ileus characterized by upper Gl obstruction from an impacted gallstone in the setting of bilioenteric fistula
- Presentation: Elderly females with nausea, vomiting, and upper abdominal pain
- **Diagnosis**: Usually made with imaging or endoscopy
 - Rigler's triad of gallstone ileus consists of a small bowel obstruction, pneumobilia, and an ectopic radiopaque gallstone on x-ray
- Treatment: Commonly surgical removal, but endoscopic extraction and lithotripsy have been described
- We report a rare case of Bouveret's syndrome and describe its endoscopic diagnosis and surgical management

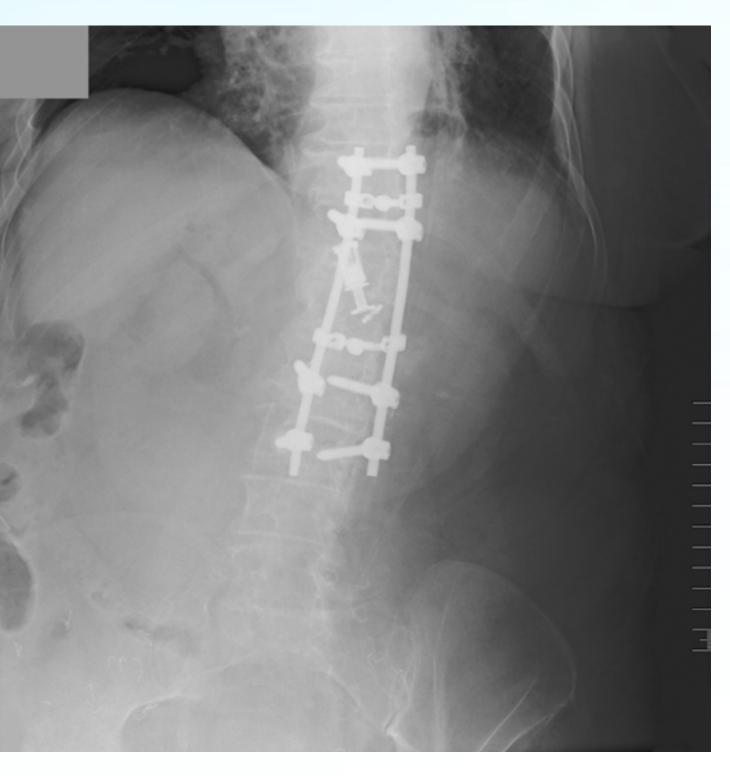
Case Presentation

- An 80 year-old-female presents with intractable nausea and vomiting of two days duration associated with mild right upper quadrant pain
- CT Scan:
 - Evidence of a possible cholecystoduodenal fistula with pneumobilia
 - Possible non-opaque gallstone within the third portion of the duodenum
 - Upper gastrointestinal obstruction
- EGD performed for definitive diagnosis and attempted treatment:
 - Two liters of bilious fluid and gastric contents were removed from the esophagus and stomach
 - Second portion of the duodenum had granulated ulceration and pus consistent with cholecystoduodenal fistula
 - Distal third portion of the duodenum revealed complete lumen obstruction with a mass of black-and-white material composed of gallstones and debris
 - The entire mass could not be mobilized despite efforts with a needle knife to break the stone
- Subsequent exploratory laparotomy allowed surgical removal of a 5.5 x 3.5 x 3.5 cm gallstone from duodenotomy site
- During the surgical procedure the fistula was left intact because it was scarred and not well visualized
- A gastrojejunal tube was placed for tube feedings and she was quickly advanced to a solid diet
- She was discharged home in stable and improved condition a week after surgical intervention, and continues to do well in follow-up

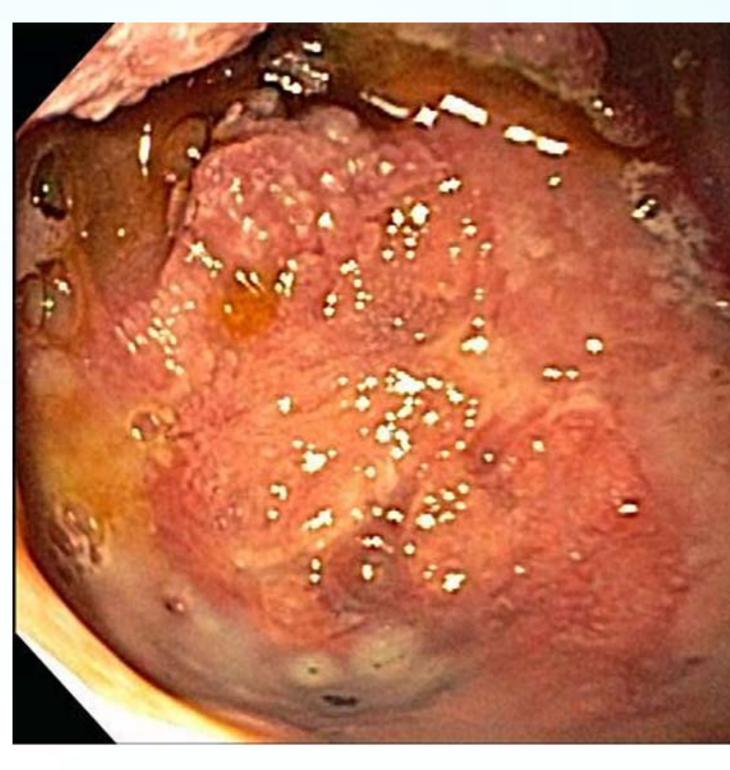
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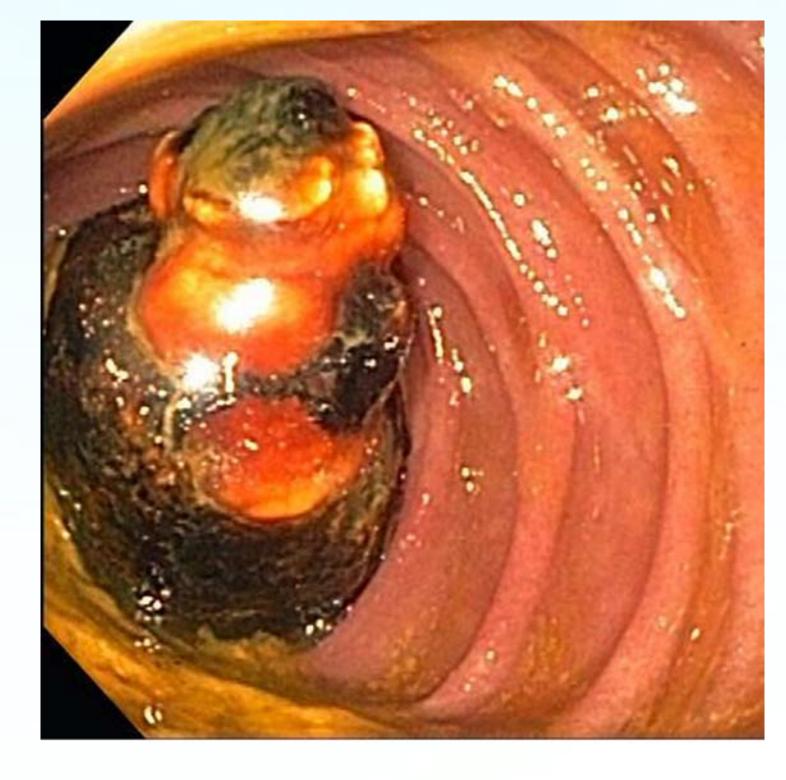
CT scan of the abdomen and pelvis showing a possible cholecystoduodenal fistula with pneumobilia, possible nonopaque gallstone in the third portion of the duodenum, and upper gastrointestinal obstruction



Abdominal x-ray showing pneumobilia and gastric outlet obstruction



EGD: Second portion of the duodenum showing granulated ulceration and pus consistent with cholecystoduodenal fistula



EGD: Distal third portion of the duodenum showing complete luminal obstruction by a gallstone and debris



Upper GI series prior to discharge showing delayed gastric emptying but no evidence of significant

Discussion

- French internist Leon Bouveret first described the syndrome in 1896
- Bouveret's syndrome is a rare differential diagnosis for upper gastrointestinal obstruction in elderly patients
- Surgical awareness and possible intervention is warranted in such complicated cases
- In this case we demonstrate the value of endoscopy to diagnose and guide the treatment of Bouveret's syndrome with non-diagnostic imaging

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- Cappell M, Davis M. Characterization of Bouveret's syndrome: a comprehensive review of 128 cases. *The American Journal Of Gastroenterology* [serial online]. September 2006;101(9):2139-2146.
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