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Improving Outcomes for Hispanic Patients Undergoing Peginterferon/Ribavirin Therapy for Chronic Hepatitis C in an Internist-led, Multidisciplinary, Multi-cultural Practice: A Unique Application of the Medical

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Improving Outcomes for Hispanic Patients
Undergoing Peginterferon/Ribavirin Therapy for
Chronic Hepatitis C in an Internist-led,
Multidisciplinary, Multi-cultural Practice: A
Unique Application of the Medical Home Model

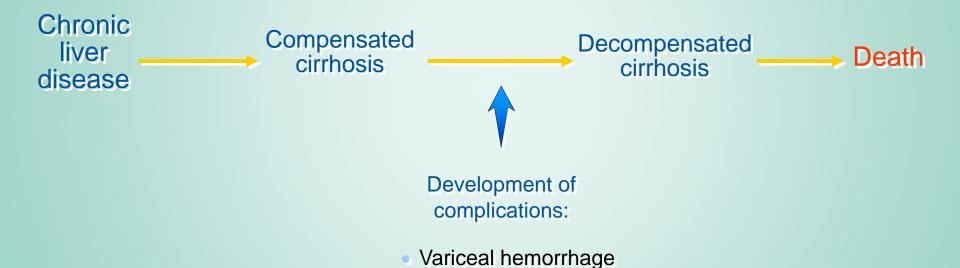
Joseph L Yozviak DO, FACP, Orlando J Penaloza MD, FACP, Judith Knoop LCSW, Judith Lash ACRN

A PASSION FOR BETTER MEDICINE."



What is the Natural History of Hepatitis C Infection?

Natural History of Chronic Liver Disease



Encephalopathy

Ascites

Jaundice

Median Survival in Cirrhosis

Compensated Cirrhosis 9 yrsDecompensated Cirrhosis 1.6 yrs

- Jaundice
- Encephalopathy
- Ascites
- Variceal hemorrhage
- Hepatopulmonary syndrome 10 mos
- Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis
 9 mos
- Hepatorenal syndrome
 - Type 1
 Type 2
 6 mos
 2 wks

The Term "Minority"

- In socioeconomics, typically refers to a socially ethnic group (understood in terms of language, nationality, religion and/or culture.
- Other minority groups include people with disabilities, "economic minorities" (working poor or unemployed)



Health Disparities/Healthcare Inequality

 Refers to gaps in the quality of health and health care across racial, ethnic, sexual orientation and socioeconomic groups.



Current Situation

- There are an estimated 40 million Latinos living in the United States.
- By the year 2050, it is estimated that Latinos will comprise 25% of the U.S. population, which makes Latinos the largest and fastest growing minority group in the U.S.

Current Situation

The prevalence of hepatitis C (HCV) among Latinos is estimated at 2.1%

Which is significantly higher than the estimated prevalence of 1.8% in the general population, and the 1.5% in the non-Latino Caucasian population. LEHIGH VALLEY HEALTH NETWORK

Current Situation

 There are however many factors that could affect diagnosis, disease progression and treatment outcomes in Latinos

Current Situation

- Latinos with hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection have more rapid progression of fibrosis and decreased response to anti-HCV treatment.¹
- The high rates of metabolic syndrome, insulin resistance, and hepatic steatosis, as well as genetic differences, may explain the severity of chronic hepatitis C (CHC) in this population.²

^{1.} Verma S, et al. Am J Gastroenterol 2006;101:1817-23.

^{2.} Wong R, et al. Am J Med 2008;121:525-31.

LEHIGH VALLEY HEALTH NETWORK

Current Situation

In addition, Latinos encounter substantial barriers to medical care.

 Including language, cultural differences, and socioeconomic factors such as lack of medical insurance.

Who We Are

- Largest academic community hospital in PA
- Largest Level 1 Trauma Center in PA
- Certified Stroke Center
- Employees 9,656Medical Staff 1,100+Nurses 2,334

- Magnet Hospital
- 154,792 ED visits / 63,743 admissions
- 988 acute care beds
- 3 hospital campuses
- Revenues over \$1 Billion



Who We Are

- Our network maintains a strong academic presence with 15 free standing, fully accredited training programs.
- The not-for-profit network has a major affiliation with the University of South Florida as well as a long-standing affiliation with Penn State College of Medicine/Hershey Medical Center.

Who We Are

- The Lehigh Valley
 - Allentown
 - Bethlehem
 - Easton
- Located 1 hour north of Philadelphia and 1.5 hours west of New York City.
- Third largest metropolitan region in PA
 - Population ~816,000



Learning Objectives

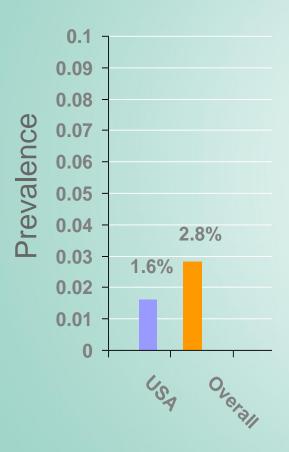
- Demonstrate the multiple factors influenced by race and ethnicity that affect response to peginterferon/ribavirin therapy for chronic hepatitis C.
- Describe how aspects of a multidisciplinary chronic care model, such as the patientcentered medical home, can be applied to the management of hepatitis C to improve outcomes in a diverse population

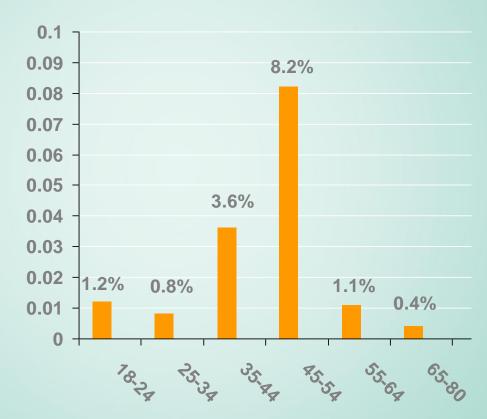
Hepatitis C: A Curable Infection

- Pegylated interferon/ribavirin therapy offers a chance to eradicate hepatitis C
 - Genotype 1 40%
 - Genotype 2,3 75%-90%
 - Genotype 4 55%
- Sustained Virologic Response (SVR)
 - HCV RNA < LLD measured 24 weeks following completion of therapy
 - Multiple studies have equated to a cure

HCV Seroprevalence at LVHN:

Staggering Results





Age

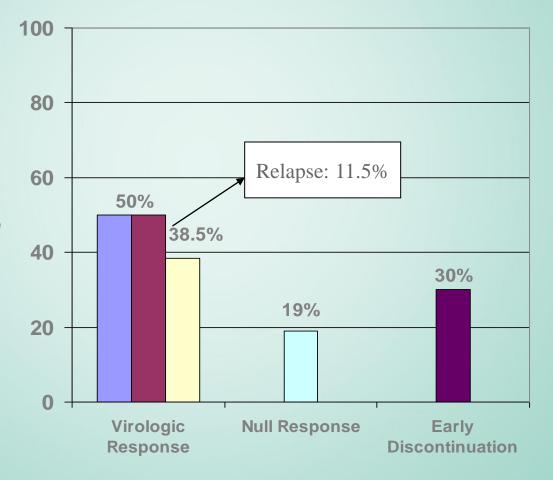
Hoffman-Terry ML, Yozviak JL, Ahmed KN, et al. SGIM 2009

Pilot Hepatitis C Clinic:

Encouraging Outcomes



- End of Treatment Response (ETR)
- ☐ Sustained Virologic Response (SVR)



Agostino NM, Yozviak JL SGIM 2009

Yet, The Cure Remains Elusive

- Many comorbidities influence response negatively
 - HIV, Obesity, Hepatic steatosis, Prediabetes/Diabetes
 - Mental Illness, Addiction
- Access to care remains problematic
 - Uninsured, Medicaid, Medicare
 - Minorities
 - Community providers may be disengaged
- We proposed that integration of a hepatitis C treatment program into an existing multidisciplinary, multicultural practice employing a chronic care model successful in other disease states can both increase access to care and improve treatment outcomes.

Hepatitis Care Center

- Merged services with LVHN AIDS Activities Office: A True Medical Home
 - Ryan White CARE Act (HIV primary care practice)
 - More than a decade of experience with viral hepatitis treatment (HBV and HCV)
 - Experts in adherence support
- Multidisciplinary staff
 - General Internists with Viral Hepatitis/HIV Focus of Practice
 - 50% bilingual (English and Spanish)
 - RN/case manager
 - LCSW mental health coordinator
 - Dietician
 - Research
 - Trained medical interpreters

Maximizing Outcomes With Current Therapies

- Maximizing number of patients completing therapy = increased SVR
- Focus on preparation for treatment
 - Repetitive education by multiple disciplines
 - Stabilize and optimize treatment of psychiatric disease/addiction
 - Achieve 10% weight loss if BMI elevated or evidence of insulin resistance;
 aggressively manage diabetes
 - Partner with primary care physicians (PCP) to optimize management of underlying medical conditions
 - Partner with PCP and psychiatrists, providing clear expectations for management of comorbidities on treatment
 - Build support system within practice and at home, prior to starting therapy
- Should translate into improved adherence, completion of therapy, and SVR

Demographics

Race/Ethnicity	
White	43% (33)
Hispanic	41% (31)
Black	11% (8)
Asian	3% (2)
Egyptian	3% (2)
Sex	
Male	49% (37)
Female	51% (39)

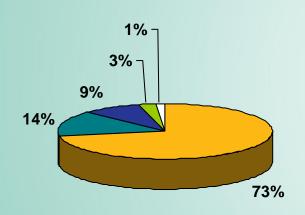
- 76 patients initiated peginterferon/ ribavirin therapy
- 61 patients have final data available for analysis

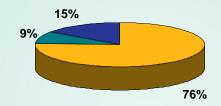
HCV Genotype

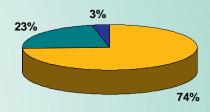


Hispanic Patients



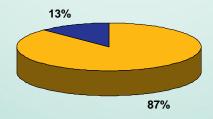


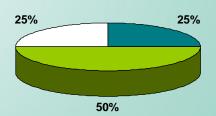




Black Patients

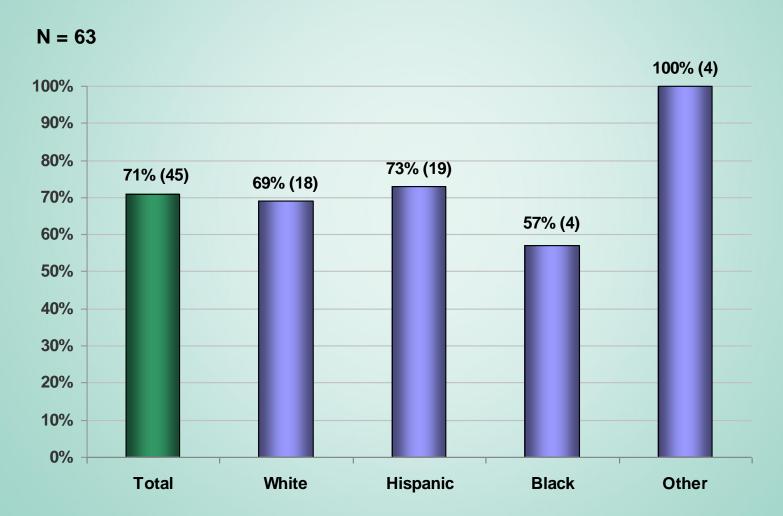






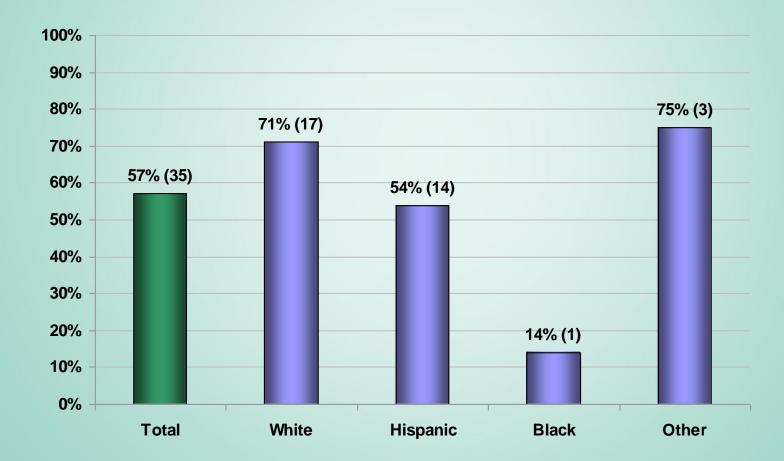
- ☐ Genotype 1 ☐ Genotype 2 ☐ Genotype 3
- □ Genotype 4 □ Genotype 6

Completion of Therapy

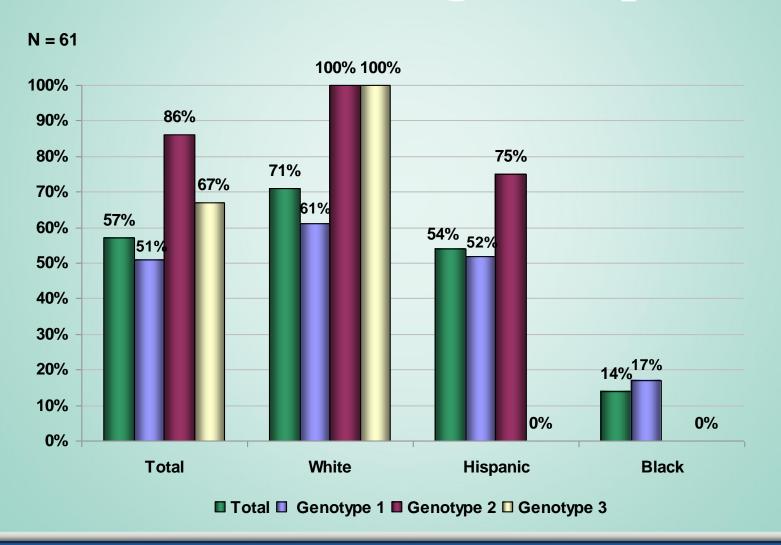


Sustained Virologic Response

N = 61



Sustained Virologic Response

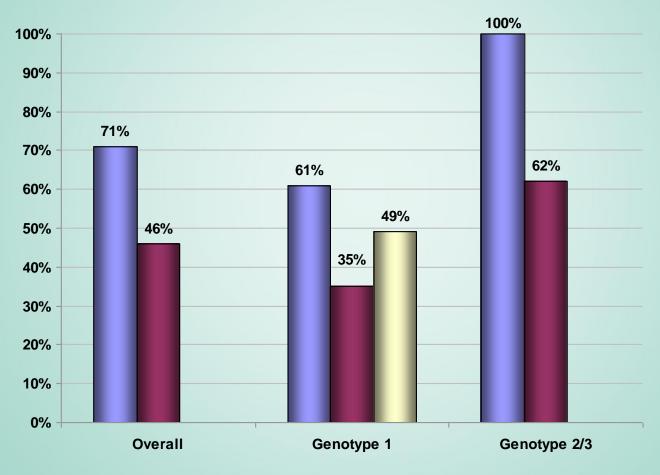


Discussion

- Supporting patients through peginterferon/ribavirin therapy involves a multifaceted approach
- The use of a multidisciplinary treatment model in a multicultural practice resulted in high rates of completion for patients of most races/ethnicities
- Our approach of coordinating management of medical, psychiatric, and social conditions in a complex and diverse patient population resulted in rates of SVR comparable to those of clinical trials with highly selected participant populations
 - Genetic predispositions (e.g. IL28B) continue to lead to disparate rates of SVR with current therapies

SVR Comparisons:

Focus on White Patients



- L V

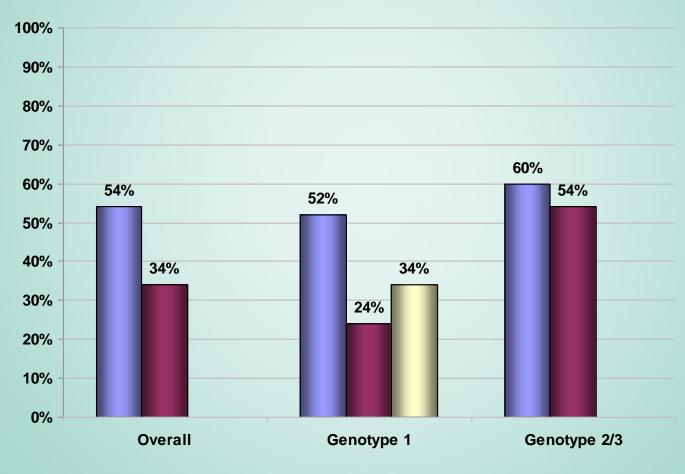
□ LVHN ■ Win-R □ LATINO

1. Freilich B, et al. 57th AASLD 2006.

2. Rodriguez-Torres M, et al. N Engl J Med 2009; 360:257-67.

SVR Comparisons:

Focus on Hispanic Patients



- 1. Freilich B, et al. 57th AASLD 2006.
- 2. Rodriguez-Torres M, et al. N Engl J Med 2009; 360:257-67.

Discussion (cont.)

- By focusing efforts on stabilization of medical/psychiatric comorbidities and preparation of patients for peginterferon/ribavirin therapy, treatment of HCV can be provided to a broader population.
- This model of care can be replicated, particularly in practices transitioning to become patient-centered medical homes, where medical, case management, mental health, and nutrition services may be colocated.

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- Debbie Salas-Lopez MD, FACP

Questions?

Hepatitis Care Center 610-969-4239



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