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An Edition of Snchitsu'umshtsn Volume I: A Root Dictionary

by

Rebecca J. Greene BA University of Montana, 2003

presented in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Arts The University of Montana 2004

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Chairperson

Dean, Graduate School

8-30-04

Date

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An Edition of Snchitsu'umshtsn, Volume I: A Root Dictionary

Chairperson: Anthony Mattina

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The focus of this thesis is the organization of Lawrence Nicodemus' 1975 Coeur d'Alene Dictionary into a root-based dictionary. By arranging this dictionary into roots, paradigms will be properly alphabetized and grouped together. This grouping of paradigms enables the grammatical structure of Coeur d'Alene to be more apparent. Also, a morpheme by morpheme analysis has been placed after the root to provide further clarification of the grammatical structure. The aim of this project is to create a dictionary that will be more useful and understandable to those working with the Coeur d'Alene language, such as the Coeur d'Alene Language Department and Salish scholars.

The thesis organization is as follows: a list of abbreviations and symbols used in this thesis, an introductory chapter, a second chapter containing a brief grammatical sketch of Coeur d'Alene, a third chapter containing a root-based dictionary of the Coeur d'Alene language with morpheme analysis, followed by a list of references.

I would like to thank the members of my committee, Dr. Anthony Mattina, Dr. Mizuki Miyashita, and Dr. Nancy Mattina for their suggestions and time. I am very grateful for the help provided by Anthony Mattina. He provided me with countless hours of advice and patience throughout this project. Mattina's knowledge of Okanagan and other Salish languages is priceless and his knowledge of computer programs enabled me to complete this thesis. I would also like to thank the faculty of the Linguistics Program for all the knowledge they have given me.

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# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

adj	adjective	
adv	adverb	
art	article	
asp	aspect	
aug	augmentative	
imp	imperative	
caus	causative	-st(u)
conj	conjuction	
conn	connective	ł, hił
cont	continuative	y'c-, -mš
cust	customary	? <sub>8C</sub> -
dem	demonstrative	
det	determiner	x <sup>w</sup> ε, łε, cε
dim	diminutive	
d	directive	-n-
fut	future	čεł, čes
gaff	grammatical affix	
imp	imperative	-š, ul, -wi
infl	inflection	
irr	irrealis	nɛ?
laff	lexical affix	
loc	locative	ni
lr	lexical root	
N	noun	
neg	negative	lut
nom	nominalizer	
numb	number	
pl	plural	
poss	possessive	
pra	possessor applicative	-ł-
prep	preposition	
pron	pronoun	
refl	reflexive	
sub	subordinator	
t	transitive	-t-
v	verb	
vi	verb intransivtive	
vt	verb transitive	

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# LIST OF SYMBOLS

- √ Root
- + Derivational affix
- Inflectional affix
- = Lexical affix
- \* For expected
- ' Glottalization

#### **CHAPTER I**

#### INTRODUCTION

The Coeur d'Alene language belongs to the Southern Interior branch of the Salish family. The Salish language family consists of 23 languages separated into five branches: Bella Coola, Central Salish, Tsamosan, Tillamook, and Interior (divided into Northern and Southern branches). Coeur d'Alene is spoken by only a handful of speakers in Northern Idaho on the Coeur d'Alene Reservation. Lewis and Clark first encountered several Coeur d'Alene as they passed through Nez Perce country in the early 1800's. The estimated 2600 speakers of the time were reduced by disease to 700 by the 1840's. The use of the language began to decline after contact with Europeans and is now in serious danger of extinction.

Coeur d'Alene has never been blessed with a large number of speakers, but Western influence has decreased these numbers. Today there are only four semi-speakers and the last fluent speaker of the language passed away a few months ago. There have been several attempts to create an environment in which Coeur d'Alene could be heard once more, but unfortunately, almost every attempt has ended in disappointment and the continued loss of the language. Currently, the Coeur d'Alene Language Department receives money through the ANA in order to develop language materials available for families to use in the home. However, children are being taught only a few geographical and cultural terms, which can help them gain insight into their ancestry and even gain pride in their heritage, but this does not teach them how to speak the language. Despite the frustrations, the Coeur d'Alene Tribe continues to try to pass the language on to future generations, even if in limited ways.

In the mid 1970's, the Coeur d'Alene Tribe received a grant through the Indian Education Assistance Act of 1972 in order to produce a dictionary of the language. In 1975, Lawrence Nicodemus, a native speaker who had worked closely with linguist Gladys Reichard, produced a two volume dictionary and six poor quality audio cassette tapes. Perhaps under pressure of consultants who were not familiar with Salishan, Nicodemus adopted an orthography that used exclusively English letters (Roman alphabet) and such orthographic symbols as paretheses, underlines, and apostrophes. The orthography I use throughout the dictionary is the Salish orthography, which combines the International Phonetic Alphabet and the Americanist Alphabet. The Salish Orthography is more useful than Nicodemus' orthography because it assigns one symbol to an individual sound. Here I give examples of the orthography adopted by Nicodemus, the equivalent Salish orthography, and the English translations.<sup>1</sup>

ex.	Schitsu'umsh sčicu?umš	(Nicodemus' Orthography) (Salish Orthography)				
	'The Discovered Peop	ple'				
	s( <u>u</u> selgwes s <sup>ç</sup> "úselg"es 'damage, detriment'	(Nicodemus' Orthography) (Salish Orthography)				
	p <u>a</u> gwpagwaqhn pág‴pag <sup>w</sup> axॅn 'His arm swelled up'	(Nicodemus' Orthography) (Salish Orthography)				

According to Raymond Brinkman, Director of the Coeur d'Alene Language Department, the dictionary was typed by one of the publisher's daughters, who had no knowledge of

the distictuary was speed by one of the publisher's daughters, who had no him weage a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The underline represents primary stress, and one can see that this is often not indicated.

Coeur d'Alene, and is likely to have made typographical errors due to her lack of language knowledge.

Lawrence Nicodemus created the dictionary of Coeur d'Alene to preserve the language and aid those who wish to learn the language. Nicodemus firmly believed that by recording this oral language into a dictionary, he could contribute greatly to the revitalization of the language. He also believed this work could become a model for other Native American endangered languages, particularly for neighboring Salish tribes. Nicodemus' goal was to create a dictionary that the tribe could use to learn the language and pass this information on to future generations. For many reasons, maintenance of the language never occurred despite the efforts of Nicodemus and others. Snchitsu'umshtsn. The Coeur d'Alene Language is a remarkable recording of the language and has been the basis for the majority of language materials produced since its publication. However, the dictionary is not user friendly and can be confusing and frustrating for the readers. Nicodemus' dictionary contains some very important information and it is my goal to present this information in a way that is easier to read and comprehend. By reorganizing the information and providing analysis for each entry, I hope to make Nicodemus' work more useful and informative for the language learner or those wishing to develop language materials.

<u>Snchitsu'umshtsn. The Coeur d'Alene Language. Volume I</u>, the Coeur d'Alene-English volume, constitutes the data for this thesis. Volume I of the dictionary is 316 pages long, each with an average of 22 entries per page. Each entry consists of a Coeur d'Alene word, followed by an English translation provided by Nicodemus. It is important to note that when using the dictionary, one should pay close attention to the definitions provided in the parenthesis by Nicodemus, for they give the most accurrate meaning of

the entry.

q<sup>w</sup>iy He is wealthy, affluent. (qwiy, vi.) q<sup>w</sup>e·y=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> wealth+land capitalist (<u>lit. He has plenty of land</u>). (qweeyu'lmkhw, n.)

Throughout this dictionary there are several useful paradigms, but these are not organized efficiently and are difficult to retrieve. In Nicodemus' dictionary, words are alphabetized according to the first letter of the word, not by the root of the word so paradigms are not grouped together. I provide a brief excerpt from a page in Nicodemus' dictionary below:<sup>2</sup>

Chatq'<u>e</u>le', n. Lake Chatcolet (lit. a lake); a section of Coeur d'Alene.  $\sqrt{q'l}$  chatq'e'yminn, n. writing, desk.  $\sqrt{q'y'}$  chatqhelilupn, n. floor.  $\sqrt{\check{x}l}$  chatqhepiłkhwn, n. shingle, roofing, thatch.  $\sqrt{\check{x}p}$  chatqhesi'wes, n. plain (lit. good middle of surface).  $\sqrt{\check{x}s}$  chatp<u>e</u>qhm, vi. H/S spat on floor.  $\sqrt{p\check{x}}$ 

Also, the dictionary has several problems, including occasionally erratic alphabetization and a lack of morphemic analysis: these facts suggested a reworking of these materials as the subject of this thesis. Paradigms should be subsumed under the lexical root, as should all derived forms based on the lexical root. Reorganizing paradigms by their roots will allow the reader to clearly see the morphological structures of the language.

The first step in this project was to gain a preliminary understanding of the grammatical structure of Coeur d'Alene. This involved reading the work of Gladys Reichard, Ivy Doak, as well as work on other Southern Interior Salish languages. Once a

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  I have provided the root at the end of the entry to show the reader how much variation can be in one page of Nicodemus' entry.

general understanding of the language was acheived, I could begin working with Nicodemus' Dictionary. The next step was the scanning of the dictionary into digital format. This process was not error-proof and I had to check each individual entry to insure its accuracy. For readability, I then formatted each entry's gloss into italics. This formatting readied the data for the actual analysis. Each entry had to be analyzed into its morphemes, which I did by inserting hyphens, plus signs, ligatures, and equal signs appropriately, and by placing the segmented forms at the end of the paragraph.<sup>3</sup> I also placed a root skeleton at the beginning of the paragraph.

Vnq<sup>™</sup> naq<sup>™</sup>-nt-s root. entry. gloss. morphemic analysis
A root skeleton, the root minus its vowel(s), was used to facilitate retrieval of cognate forms. The roots would then constitute the handle for the final alphabetization.

Vcq<sup>w</sup> t+coq<sup>w</sup>+ceq<sup>w</sup>=us *blood-shot*, *he has bloodshot eyes*. (ttsoqts<u>e</u>qus, adj.) Many entries proved difficult to analyze, but with the countless hours of guidance from Anthony Mattina, I was able to analyze each entry, however tentatively. Once this phase of the work was completed, a series of macros were executed to reorganize and reformat the entries. In the final version of the dictionary a bolded root skeleton is given first, followed by the analyzed form, italicized gloss, and finally Nicodemus' original entry. There are approximately 8,000 entries in Volume I of Nicodemus' dictionary and I have reduced this number to approximately 2,000 roots in the reorganized dictionary. In the next and final stage of the project I combined all inflected and derived forms of the same lexical root under one entry. These were then organized by the simplest forms first,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hyphens represent inflectional morphology and plus signs represent derivational morphology, while an equal sign represents a lexical affix. Also, the ligature links a proclitic to its head.

followed by more complex forms, while trying to keep transitive forms together and

intransitive paradigms together. For example:

Včmn č+čmín throw one object. (chchmin,); č+čmín-t-s cast, discard, he threw it away. (chchmints, vi.); t+č+čmin+p+tx<sup>w</sup>-nt-m degrade, eject (lit. He was thrown out of the house, He was deprived of dignity, He was ousted). (tchchminpłkhwntm, v.)

Nicodemus' orthographic representations are ambigous. Here I review some of the problems I faced.

(1) Use of apostrophes. The apostrophe marks glottal stops and glottalization, but it is

often unclear what a transcription is meant to represent. Usually, the laryngealization of

resonants is marked by an apostrophe that precedes the resonants, while the glottalization

of ejectives is marked by an apostrophe that follows the orthographic symbol:

Apostrophe before resonant:	ja'rja'rt, vi. <i>He is solid, sturdy</i> . jar'+jar'+t
Glottalization after ejective:	schet't'k' <u>u</u> t'n, n. <i>cot (lit. narrow bed).</i> s+čet'+t'+k' <sup>w</sup> út'+n
Ambiguous mark <sup>4</sup> :	schetch'm <u>i</u> 'lus, n. <i>forehead</i> . s+čet+č'm+íl'=us
Glottalization (ejective) before stop (occasionally):	se'p'ya'lqs, n. <i>leather (coat), buckskin</i> <i>(jacket)</i> . sep'y'=al'qs

(2) Different transcriptions for the same lexical root:

(q'ekh)	*q'ex treasure, wealth.
(sq' <u>e</u> <b>qh</b> q'eqht he 'nuk <u>u</u> nn, n.)	s+q'éx+q'ex+t he n+?uk <sup>w</sup> ún+n dictionary (lit. sayings that are a treasure).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> It is unclear if Nicodemus is marking the /ch/ with glottalization or the /m/.

(3) Digraph or sequence? While the orthographic sequence {sh} and {ch} most often stand for the unit phonemes /š/ and /č/ respectively, they can also stand for the sequences /sh/ and /ch/.

Digraph	sh <u>a</u> qhshaqhtałp, n. <i>spruce</i> . <u>š</u> á×+ <u>š</u> a×+t=ałp
Sequence	swi'n <u>u</u> mtmsh he s <b>hiِ'wtm,</b> n. <i>belle, Diana (lit. a girl who is beautiful)</i> . s+wi?+núm+t+mš he <u>s+h</u> iw't+m
	lutha'y <b>psh<u>o</u>yoys</b> , vt. <i>continual, continuous, incessant (lit. It has no end)</i> . lut hay'p+ <u>s+h</u> oy+oy-s

(4) Discrepancies between (same) entries in Volume I and Volume II, and within a single volume. When I found such inconsistencies, I have proposed a correction and marked it with and asterisk \*, as in this example

(tseqw)	ceq <sup>w</sup> pink (color of tamarack wood).
(ts <u>e</u> qw <b>gwa</b> lqw, n.)	*céq"+ <b>q"</b> =alq" dogwood, elderberry bush. Redwood. 5

#### (5) Incorrect Translation.

g<sup>w</sup>nít *call, summon.* (gwnit, vt.) g<sup>w</sup>nít=čs-n *He beckoned him.* (gwnitchsn, vt.) For expected '*I beckoned him.*'

g<sup>w</sup>iw' wear in shreads, seams. (gwi'w, vi.) g<sup>w</sup>íw'+ew' I became worn into shreads. (gw<u>i</u>'we'w, vi.) For expected 'It/he wore into shreds'

qił to wake up, rouse. (qił) qił-n arouse, waken. (qiłn, vt.) For expected 'I awaken him.'

(6) Orthographic confusion between "(" and ")". It is not clear what two different symbols the opened and closed parentheses stand for. While the apostrophe supposedly represents a glottal stop, sometimes it seems that it is the closed parentheses that also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Nicodemus' entry contains a  $/g^{w}/$  instead of the expected reduplicated form  $/q^{w}/$ .

represents a glottal stop. Similarly, it is not clear if the two symbols stand for two different pharyngeals or not.

(ch'akhw! vi.)	č+?ax <sup>™</sup> chack, clop, clang. (lit. sound of hard object striking another).
(ya'(mstus, vi.)	ya°'+m-stu-s <i>assemble</i> .
(y <u>a</u> )a), vt.)	yá <sup>c</sup> +a <sup>c</sup> assemble, congregate (lit. They gathered together in a group).

While my edition of Volume I is a useful reorganization of the data, it is also sure to contain some errors. Entries that proved difficult to analyze contain a question mark after my analyzed form. In time, with a better understanding of the language I can eliminate most of the errors. Despite the problems faced in understanding Nicodemus' dictionary, the documentation of the language is remarkable and there should be little question as to the accuracy of his work. I believe a reorganization of Volume II would contribute greatly to correcting many of the errors that remain, and perhaps add new data.

### **CHAPTER II** GRAMMATICAL SKETCH OF COEUR D'ALENE LANGUAGE

The information provided below is based on Ivy Doak's Coeur d'Alene Grammatical

<u>Relations</u> (1997).

- 1. Phonology. Coeur d'Alene has forty-two consonants and five vowels.
- 1.1. Consonants.

	Labial	Alveolar	Alveo- palatal	Lateral	Labio-velar	Uvular	Labio- Uvular	Coronal	Pharyngeal	Labio- pharyngeal	Laryngeal
voiceless stops and affricates	р	t, c	č		k <sup>∞</sup>	q	q۳				?
glottalized voiceless stops and affricates	p'	ť',c'	č'		k'*	q'	q'"				
voiced stops and affricates	b	d	Ĭ		g						
voic <b>ele</b> ss fricatives		s	Š	ł	x <sup>w</sup>	×	ד				h
resonants	m	n	У	I	w			r	٢	~ر	
glottalized resonants	m'	n'	y'	ľ	w'			r'	٢	۲۰*	

The phonemic consonants contrast at eleven places of articulation (labial, alveolar, alveopalatal, lateral, labiovelar, uvular, labio-uvular, coronal pharyngeal, pharyngeal, labiopharyngeal, and laryngeal) and six manners of articulation (plain voiceless and glottalized stops and affricates; voiced stops and affricates; voiceless fricatives; and plain and glottalized resonants). 1.1.1. Obstruents. Obstruents include stops, affricates, and fricatives.

*Labials*. There is a plain voiceless stop /p/ which contrasts with a glottalized voiceless stop /p'/. The voiced stop /b/ is rare in this language and is found mostly in borrowed or onomatopoeic words.

example: buts, n. boots (lit. rubber boots). buc

*Alveolars.* The stops in this set include the voiceless stop /t/, the glottalized voiceless stop /t'/, and the plain voiced stop /d/; the voiceless affricate /c/, its glottalized counterpart /c'/, and the voiceless fricative /s/.

Laterals. The only lateral obstruent is the  $/\frac{1}{4}$ .

*Alveopalatal*. There are a plain and a glottalized voiceless affricate /č č'/, a voiced affricate /j̃/, and a voiceless fricative /š/. Coeur d'Alene /č/ and /š/ correspond to Southern Interior Salish Okanagan and Columbian /k/ and /x/ respectively.

*Labiovelars*. The labiovelars stops include a voiceless  $/k^{w}/$  and a glottalized voiceless  $/k^{w}/$ , as well as a voiced  $/g^{w}/$ . The voiced labiovelar  $/g^{w}/$  corresponds to Okanagan /w/. There is also a voiceless labiovelar fricative  $/x^{w}/$ .

Uvulars and Labio-uvulars. The uvulars include a voiceless stop /q/ and a glottalized voiceless stop /q'/, and a voiceless fricative / $\check{x}$ /. The labio-uvulars are the same three sounds as the uvulars with labialization /q<sup>w</sup>, q<sup>'w</sup>,  $\check{x}^{w}$ /.

Laryngeals. The only two laryngeals in this language are the voiceless fricative /h/ and the voiceless glottal stop /?/.

1.1.2. Resonants. Coeur d'Alene resonants include:

*Nasals*. The plain voiced labial /m/, the alveolar /n/, and their laryngealized counterparts. These two are produced as resonants followed by glottal release.

Laterals. A plain and a laryngealized resonant /l, l'/

/y/ and /w/, each with its own laryngealized counterpart.

*Coronals.* /r/ and glottalized /r'/ function like retracted segments that trigger vowel lowering.

*Pharyngeals and Labio-pharyngeals*. There are four pharyngeals in the language, plain and laryngealized / $^{\circ}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ /, and their labialized counterparts / $^{\circ}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ /.

1.1.3. Ejectives. Each voiceless stop or affricate has a phonemic glottalized counterpart.

pił	'scattered'	p'ił	'persons sit'
x‴εt	'exhausted'	x‴εt'	'hurry'

1.2. Vowels. Coeur d'Alene has five phonemic vowels at three levels of height and two degrees of backness, and a sixth vowel [ə] that presents some problems of analysis.

i u ε (ə) o a

1.2.1. Schwa. Schwa is never stressed and occurs as the reduced form of some unstressed vowels. Also, there is an epenthetic schwa in consontants clusters, which is idiosyncratic with Coeur d'Alene speakers. 1.2.2. Syllables. According to Doak, Coeur d'Alene syllable structure includes four primary core syllables: V, VC, CV, and CVC:

máx"+ux	'to snow'	(CVC-VC)
u <sup>.</sup> xél	'crystal (lit. It is clear, transparent).	(V-CVC)
mu <sup>.</sup>	'sound a cow makes.'	(CV)

1.2.4. Stress. Coeur d'Alene stress is either constrastive or follows morphological rules that are beyond the scope of this summary. I should note that Nicodemus marks the stressed vowel of a form with less than 100 percent consistency.

2. Morphology. Coeur d'Alene is a morphologically rich language, that uses roots, affixes, clitics, and non-concatenative processes in word formation. These formations mark diverse derivational, inflectional, and lexical categories.

2.1. Roots. Each Coeur d'Alene predicate word is based on a root with one of six basic shapes:  $\sqrt{CVCC}$ ,  $\sqrt{CVCCC}$ ,  $\sqrt{CCVCC}$ ,  $\sqrt{CCVCVC}$ , and  $\sqrt{CVCCVC}$ . The following restrictions have been noted: /r/ and /r'/ are limited to C<sub>2</sub> in roots; and roots that begin with /š/ do not contain voiceless velars or uvulars in C<sub>2</sub>. The language also has a number of lexical affixes, bound forms (about 80) that presumably have derived from independent forms or roots. In forms like the following one can recognize the lexical affix, but it is difficult to assign a function to the remaining material.

š(=)ečt shecht, n. *thumb, any finger.* s(=)ík<sup>w</sup>e? s<u>i</u>kwe', n. *water, liquor, aqua, booze, bourbon, cordial.* 

2.2. Affixes. Besides the lexical affixes discussed in the previous section, Coeur d'Alene has *derivational affixes* that form stems, and *inflectional affixes* that mark such

inflectional categories as number and aspect. Coeur d'Alene has one infix, /-?-/ inchoative which occurs following the root vowel, and there are a number of reduplicative patterns. All Coeur d'Alene derivation and inflection is done through affixes or clitics (see below) and reduplication.

Lexical Affix	(1)	xáq'k <sup>™</sup> e? xáq'= payment 'payment with	k <sup>w</sup> e? water water'	(2)	) žesíłx <sup>w</sup> žes= good 'good house'	íłx <sup>∞</sup> house
Derivational Affi	x (1)	t'axt t'ax+ bitter 'bitter,acidic'	t stative	(2)	sčayp s+ nominalizer 'bone-dry'	čayp dry
Inflectional Affix	(1)	yemš yem- silent 'shut up'	š imperative	(2)	wi?ntx <sup>w</sup> wi?- nt- call transitiviz 'you called him alo	• •

2.3. Clitics. Coeur d'Alene proclitics precede the prefixes but interact with them

phonologically. Most proclitics represent intransitive subject person markers.

čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič 1sg. intr.+see 'I saw' k<sup>w</sup>up\_g<sup>w</sup>ič 2pl. intr.+see 'You folks saw'

čeł\_či\_?iłn future+1sg. intr.+eat 'I am going to eat'

2.4. Reduplication. There are four reduplication patterns in Coeur d'Alene: C1+ reduplication marks *diminutive* and is accompanied by sonorant glottalization; C1V+ reduplication marks the intensive; +C2 reduplication marks a noncontrol/resultive; and

C1VC2 reduplication marks augmentative or distributive (plural).

Diminutive:	ylmíx <sup>w</sup> +m y'+y'l'mix <sup>w</sup> +m'	'chief' 'little chief'
Intensive:	šag"+t šá+šag"+t	'sharp' 'it is sharp'
Noncontrol/Resultive	k <sup>w</sup> el' k <sup>w</sup> el'+l'	'hot, sunny, warm' 'the sun shown, sunshine'
Augmentative/Plural:	łaq'+t łaq+łaq'+t	'wide' 'bass (lit. wide wide)

3. Morphosyntax. There are two basic word types in Coeur d'Alene: predicative words and particles.

3.1. Transitivity. The majority of Coeur d'Alene roots are intransitive; therefore transitive words are built on intransitive stems by the addition of transitivizers. There are five different transitivizers, each with its own function.

The transtivizers include:

Directive transitivizer	-nt-
Causative transitivizer	-st(u)-
Possessor applicative	-łt-
Benefactive applicative	-š(í)t-
Dative applicative	-túłt-

Transitivizers include the element -t, but I have chosen not to segment it off in my edition of the dictionary. It is more efficient to analyze each set of transitivezers as one morpheme rather than separating them because transitive /-t/ seldom occurs by itself. Thus where I analyze a transitive word as in (1), Doak analyzes it as in (2). níč'nc
 níč'- nt- s
 cut transitivizer 3rd person subject
 'he cut it'

níč'nc
 níč'- n- t- s
 cut directive, active, or control transitivize 3rd person subject
 'he cut it'

3.2. Stem Formation. An account of stem and word-formation process is beyond the scope of this paper, but I include here Doak's account in schematized forms. The derivation of the stem may include any or all of the levels indicated by the diagram:  $[[[[(\sqrt{root}]reduplication]+intraffix]=lexicalaffix]+relational/instrumental/locative/$ 

direction/derivation]

Intransitive forms:

ex. pág<sup>w</sup>+pag<sup>w</sup>=axn swell+rdp=arm root+rdp=lexicalaffix 'his arm swelled up'

> q'ey'+min+n write+relational+instrumental root+relational+instrumental 'book, text, manuscript'

Transitive constructions may be as complex as the intransitive forms schematized above,

plus the transitive material:

[[[[Vroot]-transitivizer]-object marker]-subject marker]-plural]

Transitive forms:

ex. piy=íčt+mn-n-lš delight=stomach+relational-1st p subject-plural root=lexicalaffix+relational-object (0)-subject-plural 'I delighted them.' me<sup>?</sup>+e<sup>?</sup>+mí-nt-s send+rdp+relational-transitivizer-3rd person root+rdp+relational-transtivizer-object (0)-subject 'discharge (He sent him/her away).'

3.3. Inflection. To form a full word, a stem must be properly inflected. This includes specification of the subject in intranstive constructions, or subject and object in transitive constructions, and other inflectional categories such as voice, mood, tense, and aspect.

3.3.1. Person and Number. In all but the third person, the pronominals mark person as well as number. Number may be marked by the use of singular or plural roots or by augmentative reduplication.

3.3.1.1. Intransitive arguments. Intransitive subjects are proclitic and are added to the beginning of the root:

čnfirst person singularčfirst person pluralk<sup>w</sup>usecond person singulark<sup>w</sup>u-psecond person pluralØthird person

čn\_c'el'+p 1sg+fear+inchoative (*lit. I was horrified*).

3.3.1.2. Possessive Markers. These markers function as both possessives and as markers to indicate second participants in certain detransitivized constructions (Doak).

hn-	1st person sg.	-ɛt	1 st person pl
in-	2nd person sg .	-mp	2nd person pl.
-S	3rd person sg.	-S	3rd person pl.

in-k'"ax=qín=čt 2 sg+nail+head+hand It is your fingernail. hn+cuk<sup>w</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup>-nt-x<sup>w</sup> Poss+dig+ground+transitivizer+2sg. *You dug it up*.

Third person plurality of subject or object is indicated with the enclitic -ilš in word final

position in either intransitive or transitive constructions.

cún+me?-n	'I taught h/h.'
cún+me?-n- <b>lš</b>	'I taught them.'

#### 3.3.1.3. Transitive arguments.

Transitive subjects:

-n	1st person sg. subject	-(mε)t	1st person pl subject
-x <sup>w</sup>	2nd person sg. subject	-р	2nd person pl subject
-S	3rd person subject	-S	3rd person subject

-m/-t nontopic subject

Transitive objects:

-sεl∕-mεl	1st person sg. object	-ɛli	1st person pl. object
-si/-mi Ø	2nd person sg. object	-ulmi	2nd person pl. object

The m- initial variants of the 1st or 2nd person object occur in causative constructions.

k<sup>\*\*</sup> na? q<sup>\*</sup>á?+q<sup>\*</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš future+speak+transitivizer+2pl object+3 subject+plural *They are going to speak to you (pl.).* 

3.3.1.4. Independent pronouns.

čn_ <sup></sup> ∕éng‴t	I/me	č_lípust	We/us
k‴u_?éng‴t	You	k‴up_lípust	You folks/All of you
cénil	He/him	cənílilš	They/them

First and Second Person independent pronouns may be truncateu:

čn ?έ	I/me	č lí	We/us
k <sup>™</sup> u ?έ	You	k‴up lí	You folks/All of you

3.3.2. Voice and Mood.

Antipassive/Middle/Causative: intransitive -m. The -m suffix, when used with one class

of roots, renders the intransitive subject a causative agent.

čn ?ácqɛ?	I went out.
čn <sup>?</sup> ácqɛ?-m	I took s.t. out.

*Reflexive*: -sut

č+dél+ncut č+dél-nt-sut	He defended himself.	Intransitive Form
č+dél-nt-si-s	He defended you (sg):	Transitive Form

Reciprocal: -wiš

s+g<sup>w</sup>íč+t=ew'eš nom+see+stative=reciprocal 'Seeing (wholly, entirely or exclusively) each other'

Imperative: - $\check{s}$  singular intransitive imperative; -wl plural intransitive imperative;  $\emptyset$ 

transitive imperative.

x <sup>‴</sup> úy-š	Go!
x <sup>∞</sup> úy-ul	Go! (pl)
níč'-nt	Cut it!

3.3.3. Tense and aspect. The unmarked, default tense in Coeur d'Alene is interpreted as either present or past, depending on the context. Various aspects are marked including the following:

Future: čɛł usually accompanied by s- intentional:

čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+q<sup>w</sup>íl+m-s future\_2sg object\_intentional+cheat+middle-3pl subject 'He will cheat you'

Completive: unmarked

čn\_x<sup>w</sup>úy 'I went. 1sg subj+go

Continuative: y'c-. This prefix can by used with simple intransitive stems or with

possessive agent constructions.

č\_?i·+déx+t č\_y'c+dex+t 1pl subj+continuative+walk+stative 'We are walking.'

Customary:  ${}^{2}\varepsilon c$ -, often used with -st(u)- in transitive constructions.

?ɛcg<sup>w</sup>ičsn ?ɛc-g<sup>w</sup>ič-st-n customary+see+transtivizer+1sg trans.subject

The information provided in this chapter was limited, but for further data see Ivy Doak's

Coeur d'Alene Grammatical Relations (1997).

#### **CHAPTER III**

#### **ROOT DICTIONARY**

- **√a** a *Hello*. (a, gr.)
- $\mathbf{Va}$  a Is that so? (a? adv.)
- **Va** a. Knock it off. Stop it. Quit it. Cut it out. (aaaa...! imper.)
- **Vbb?** bé be? *father (child's word)*. (beebe', n.)
- Vbc buc boots (lit. rubber boots). (buts, n.); s+búc+buc=šn boot (lit. a borrowed root). (sbutsbutsshn, n.); ec+búc+buc=šn H/s is wearing boots. (etsbutsbutsshn, vt.); s+búc+buc=šn+mš putting on rubber boots. (sbutsbutsshnmsh, vt.)
- **Vbl** bu·lí *bull*. (buul<u>i</u>, n.)
- Vbm bam be speeded, intoxicated, be versatile. (bam, vi.); bam go fast and far. (bam, vi.); bám+bm+t H/s is speedy. (bambmt, vi.); bam+p He speeded, he became tipsy. (bamp, vi.); i c+bám+p H/s is being intoxicated (lit. H/s is speeding). (itsbamp, vi.); s+bam+p speeding. (sbamp, v.)
- Vbm bem buzz. (bem, vi.); bum Roar of motor or engine. (bum, vi.); hummingbird, bumblebee. (stbembm, n.); u bm+m+m continuous humming. (ubmmm, n.); s+bém+bm+iš any humming sound. (sbembmish, n.); i n+s+bém+bm+iš humming (lit. H/s is making humming sounds). (isbembmish, vt.); ni? bmp=áw'es orgy (lit. there is speeding or intoxication among them). (ni'bmpa'wes, n.)
- **√bn** benéne *banana*. (ben<u>e</u>ne, n.)
- **Vbns** bins *bean (l.w. from Engl.)*. (bins, n.)
- **Vbnwh** s+bi·nwáh=lumx<sup>w</sup> Benewah County (lit. Benewah's land, named after a Coeurd'Alene). (Sbiinwahulumkhw, n.)
- **Vbs** s+t+bi·só *dragonfly*. (stbiis $\underline{o}$ , n.)
- **Vbtlym** be tlyém *Bethlehem*. (Beetlyem, n.)
- **vb?** bi+bi? milk bottle (lit. A child's word for milk). (biibi', n.)
- **Vc** ce *There it is.* (tse, v.)
- **Vcc** cice to leave alone, unharmed. (tsitse)
- Vcc s+čn(t)+coc British, Canada (lit. Indian (or people) of George). (Schntsots, n.); e

lu+s+xem=ínč e s+čn(t)+cóc Anglophobe (lit. One who does not love England). (elusqheminch e Schntsots, n.)

**√cč'** ceč' lightening striking. (tsech')

- Vcg<sup>w</sup> s+n+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>=íčt burlesque (lit. imitation). (sntsugwtsugwicht, n.); ceg<sup>w</sup>e+s+čínt edify (lit. H/s taught others by good example in faith and morals). (tsegweschint, v.); sye+n+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>=íčt copycat, imitator. (syentsugwtsugwicht, n.); s+ceg<sup>w</sup>+es+čínt example for a person, model or power of a Shaman. (stsegweschint, n.); s+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>+s+čín't demonstration (lit. teaching a person by one's own example). (stsugwtsuguschi'nt, n.); cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>+s-n't-s demonstrate (lit. He gave him an example). (tsugwtsugus'nts, vt.); hn+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>=íčs-nt-s copy, emulate, imitate (lit. He imitated him). (hntsugwtsugwichsnts, vt.)
- Vcg<sup>w</sup> cug<sup>w</sup>=ílt+m begat (lit. H/S begat children). (tsugwiltm, vt.); s+cug<sup>w</sup>=ílt+m begetting offspring. (stsugwiltm, v.); \*s+n+ceg<sup>w</sup>=elt+númt concupiscence (lit. desire to beget children (morally). (sntsegweltnunt, n.); s+n+cug<sup>w</sup>=elt+númt aphrodisiac (lit. desire for begetting offspring, progeny, young). (sntsugweltnumt, n.); i cg<sup>w</sup>=ílt+mš breed (lit. He is producing off-spring). (itsugwiltmsh, vt.)
- Vcg<sup>w</sup> cug<sup>w</sup> feathered. (tsugw); \*s+t+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>=ísn feather(s). (sttugwtsugwisn, n.)
- Vcg<sup>w</sup> ceg<sup>w</sup>+t nature, character, custom, the moral or ethical structure of a person or group. (tsegwt, n.); č's+eł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t cad, churl (lit. He has bad mannersan ungentlemanly man). (ch'seltsegwt, n.); ec+me?+m+ł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t effeminate (lit. He is delicate or unmanly). (etsme'mltsegwt, vi.); sul+sul+l+cég<sup>w</sup>+t bleak (lit. He has a somber and gloomy manner (nature). (sulsulltsegwt, n.); e t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m+ł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t eccentric, queer, odd, strange (lit. H/s has different ways). (et'ikhwlmltsegwt, vi.); s+t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m+ł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t eccentricity, idiosyncrasy,peculiarity (lit. differences of a person's ways). (st'ikhwlmltsegwt, n.); ceg<sup>w</sup>+t-s his nature (lit. the way he was born). (tsegwts, n.); t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m+ł+cég<sup>w</sup>-nt-m denature (lit. He has a different way). (t'ikhwlmltsegwntm, v.)

**Vch** cih to reach. (tsih)

Vch s+t+ceh+íptč ? thumb. (sttsehiptch, n.)

Vch cehé a case, an example, a specified instance (lit. See!). (tsehe, n.)

Vch ceh+t=cin+m-nt-s allude (lit. He mentioned it, He alluded to it). (tsehttsinmnts, v.)

Vch chá+n'=alq<sup>™</sup> billboard. (tsh<u>a</u>'nalqw, n.)

**Vch** t+ceh=íčn' *He went along the ridge*. (ttseh<u>i</u>ch'n, v.)

Vck<sup>w</sup> cik<sup>w</sup> cranium, lack of (a cover for the brain, ref. to stupidity). (tsikw)

- Vck<sup>w</sup> cek<sup>w</sup> to drag, pull. (tsekw); s+cek<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup> attraction (lit. state of being pulled). (stsekukw, n.); cék<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup> to be drawn, attracted. (tsekukw, vi.); c+cuk<sup>w</sup>m'in'· bob-sled (lit. means of dragging, pulling). (tstsukw'min'n, n.); t+cuk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>+út+m attractive (lit. capable of drawing (something)). (ttsukukutm, adj.); t+cék<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>+m attract (lit. He was drawn). (ttsekukum, vi.); či+cen+cék<sup>w</sup>-n educe (lit. I drew it out (this way). (chitsentsekwn, vt.); t+cék<sup>w</sup>-nt-s detract (lit. He drew it off). (ttsekwnts, vt.); hn+cuk<sup>w</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup>-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You dug it up. (hntsukwu'lmkhwntkhw, vt.); hn+cuk<sup>w</sup>= úlmx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s he pulled it out of the ground. (hntsukwulmkhwnts, vt.); c+cuk<sup>w</sup>=šn= íw'es-nt-s to carry off, drag away (lit. He carried h/h off). (ttsukwshni'wesnts, v.); t+cuk<sup>w</sup>=šn=íw'es-nt-m banish, debunk (lit. He was snatched away by the feet). (ttsukwshni'wesntm, vt.)
- **Vck<sup>w</sup>g<sup>w</sup>** cu<sup>·</sup>k<sup>w</sup>ig<sup>w</sup> seeing indistinctly, dim, unclear. (tsuukwigw)
- Vcl cil=čt five (lit. 5 fingers). (tsilcht, n.); cél+č=sq'it Friday (lit. five days). (Tselchsq'it, n.); ?upen uł cil fifteen. (upen uł tsil, n.); cil=č+l+?úpen fifty (lit. 5 times 10). (tsilch'lupen, n.)
- **Vcl** s+ni<sup>?</sup>+cl=aw'as=qn porqupine quill over head. (sni'tsl<u>a</u>'wasqn, n.)
- Vcln sik<sup>w</sup>e? tel' kəlón cologne (lit. water from Cologne). (sikwe' te'l Cologne, n.)
- √cl' k<sup>™</sup>ul'+ł+cíl'+cel'+t delineate (lit. He formed a shadow). (k'u'lłts<u>i</u>'ltse'lt, vt.)
- Vcl' s+cil'+eł+s+t'š=ástq blueberry (lit. a huckleberry substitute). (stsi'lelst'shastq, n.); s+cil'+eł+žélex<sup>w</sup> denture (lit. substitute for teeth). (stsi'lelqhelekhw, n.)
- Vcłm c+cołm'=qn Little Bull Head (name of a Flathead Indian). (Tstsoł'mq'n, n.); s+cułm bull, steer. (stsułm, n.); s+c+cułm' bullock, young bull, young steer. (ststsuł'm, n.)
- Vcłx<sup>w</sup> c(=)iłx<sup>w</sup> house. (tsiłkhw); čet+čm'+cíłx<sup>w</sup> porch, eaves, awning. (chetch'mtsiłkhw, n.)

Vcm cum+t H/s arrived just on time, prompt. (tsumt, vi.)
Vcml' s+comol'=qn cumulus (lit. putting in a heap or pile). (stsomo'lqn, n.)

- Vcm? cmi? It used to be; it was to be. (tsmi', vi.); cmi? epł+wl+wl+ím He used to have money. (tsmi'epł wlwlim, vi.)
- Vcm' ci+cem'+e? they are small. (tsitse'me'); c+c'mice?+e? midgets, pygmies. (tsts'mits'e', n.); hn+c+cam'=al'qs+n' small road; vegetables. (hntstsa'ma'lqsn', n.); s+com'=łx<sup>w</sup> longhouse (lit. house of mats). (stso'młkhw, n.); t+c+cm'=?ús beads (lit. little eyes). (ttsts'me'us, n.)
- Vcn cun to point, show, indicate. (tsun); cún=čt+m seven; he pointed with index finger. (tsunchtm, n.); ?upen uł cún=čt+m seventeen. (upen uł tsunchtm, n.); cun= čt+me·l+?úpen Seventy (lit. 7 times 10). (tsunchtmee'lupen, n.); hn+cun+me?+n school, conservatory. (hntsunme'n, n.); hn+cun+cún'+m'e?+n' college (lit. school). (hntsuntsu'n'me'n', n.); i cún+me? directory (lit. It is guiding). (iitsunme', n.); s+cún+me<sup>?</sup>+m declaration, directive, instruction, documentation. (stsunme'm, n.); sye +cún+me?+n director (lit. One who guides or shows). (syeetsunme'n, n.); sye+cun+me?+s+čínt a teacher of human beings. (syetsunme'schint, n.); žáy'+ži?+t he n+cun+me<sup>?</sup>+n It is a big school. (qha'yqhi't hentsunme'n, n.); hn+cun'+cún'+m'e<sup>?</sup>+n+ł+n+<sup>?</sup>itš+n boarding school (lit. place for teaching and sleeping). (hntsu'ntsu'n'me'n l'intshn, n.); ul+hn+cún'+cun'+m'a?+n' academic (lit. belonging to a school). (ul hntsu'ntsu'n'ma'n', adj.); s+cun'+cu?n'+m'e?+ncút curriculum (lit. teaching oneself repeatedly). (stsu'ntsu'n'me'ntsut, n.); cún+me?-nt-s-n I taught you (sg.). (tsunme'ntsn, vt.); cún+me?-n I taught h/h. (tsunme'n, vt.); cún+me?-n-lš I taught them. (tsunme'nlsh, vt.); cún+me?-nt-ult-n I taught you (pl.). (tsunme'ntultn, vt.); Cún+me?-ł-n?? I showed it to him. (tsunme'h, vt.); hi·-y+cún+me? disciple, student (lit. H/S is the one I taught or am teaching). (hiiytsunme', n.); cún+me?-n x<sup>\*</sup>a hi-s+l'ax+t I taught him who is my friend. (tsunme'n khwa his'laqht, vt.); cún+me?-nt+sex<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) taught me. (tsunme'ntsekhw, vt.); cun+me?+s+čínt He taught Indians, human beings, people. (tsunme'schint, vt.); cun+me?+ncút+n He is a means of teaching oneself (said only of a high qualified teacher). (tsunme'ntsutn, v.); cún+me?-nt-s declare (lit. He pointed it out to h/h; he taught h/h). (tsunme'nts, vt.); cún+me?-nt-se-s He taught me. (tsunme'ntses, vt.); č\_y'c+cun+me?+ncút We are teaching ourselves.

(chi'tsunme'nts<u>u</u>t, vt.); cún+me?-nt-sel-p *You (pl.) taught me*. (ts<u>u</u>nme'ntselp, vt.); cun+un+me?+út+m-lš *docile (lit. They are easy to teach)*. (tsununme'<u>u</u>tmlsh, v.)

- Vcnl e cenel+míncut asocial, self-centered, egotistic (lit. He is usually by himself). (etsenelmintsut, vi.); cenel+míncut egocentric (lit. H/S is by h/h self; regarding self as the center of all things). (tsenelmintsut, v.)
- Vcnl cénel It is he or she. (tsenel, v.); ul+cníl-lš It is theirs. (ul tsnillsh, v.); ul+cénel belong (lit. It belongs to him). (ultsenel, v.); cníl-ilš It is they. (tsnillsh, v.)

Vcnmn cánmn Chinese. (Tsanmn, n.)

Vcp u. cáp=us blink (lit. His eye blinked). (uutsapus, vi.)

Vcq \*s+caq+m wild strawberry, placing a vessel upright. (stsaqm, n.); s+caq+m arbutus, strawberry. (stsaqum, n.)

Vcq caq a receptacle stands with concave side up. (tsaq); caq to put down a bowl, plate, bucket. (tsaq, v.); caq=cn phonograph (lit. that which is put by the mouth with concave side up (refers to megaphone). (tsaqtsn, n.); s+cán+caq casserole (lit. putting under a receptacle with upper side up). (stsantsaq, n.); can+c+caq+m'ín'+n' saucer (lit. concave object). (tsantstsaq'mi'n'n, n.); caq-nt-s put down or place a cup, bowl, vessel (lit. He placed a vessel upright). Also metaph. He parked a car. (tsaqnts, v.); s+cáq+aq+n depot, railway station (lit. a stopping place). (stsaqaqn, n.); s+caq+aq=cín=k<sup>w</sup>e?+n dock. (stsaqaqtsinkwe'n, n.)

Vcq caq+ip to follow. (tsaqip); a caqe·+p=íw'es consecutive (lit. They follow one another). (atsaqeepij'wes, n.); caq+ip-nt-s He followed. (tsaqipnts, vi.)

√cq hn+caq=il'c'é?+n broiler. (hntsaqil'ts<u>e</u>'n, n.)

Vcq hn+t+caq=ine?+n acoustics. (lit. means of hearing sounds). (hnttsa qine'n, n.); t+caq+ene? audible (lit. capable of being heard). (ttsaqene'utm, n.);

t+caq+ine?+m-nt-s He heard him. "obeyed". "heeded". (ttsaqine'mnts, vt.)

Vcq s+caq=ilc'e? Indian barbeque, smoking pr[o]cess. (stsaqilts'e', n.)

Vcq caq+caq+aq=l'ípep He fell backwards. (tsaqtsaqaq'lipep, v.)

- Vcq<sup>w</sup> caq<sup>w</sup> long object slips into hollow object, insert. (tsaqw); caq<sup>w</sup>+m He stuck a long object in something. (tsaqwm, v.); caq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He stuck it in lengthwise. (tsaqwnts, v.)
- Vcq<sup>w</sup> ceq<sup>w</sup> pink (color of tamarack wood). (tseqw); \*céq<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup> dogwood, elderberry bush. Redwood. (tseqwgwalqw, n.); ceq<sup>w</sup>+lš tammarack, larch. (tseqwlsh, n.); u<sup>•</sup>

céq<sup>w</sup> It is scarlet. (uuts<u>e</u>qw, vi.); t+coq<sup>w</sup>+ceq<sup>w</sup>=us blood-shot, he has bloodshot eyes. (ttsoqts<u>e</u>qus, adj.)

√cq<sup>w</sup> ceq<sup>w</sup> to behave, have character. (tseqw)

**Vcry** co·ray/ju·lay *July*. (tsooray/Juulay, n.)

**Vcs** cus to rattle (e.g. snake). (tsus); cus+cú·s jingle jingle. (tsustsuuus, excl.)

Vcs s+cas=alqs mosquito. (stsasalqs, n.)

Vcs ces long, slender, fine. (tses); ciš heated, hot, long, tall. (tsish); ciš+t It is long. (tsisht, v.); céš=alq<sup>w</sup> He is tall. (tseshalqw, vi.); t+céš+ceš=qn comet (lit. It (star) is long-hair). (ttseshtseshqn, n.); s+cen+cíš+ciš=čn=šn high top shoes. (stsentsishtischnshn, n.)

**Vcsp** ni k<sup>w</sup>u\_cósep *Are you Joseph?* (ni ku Tsosep? (qu.).)

**Vct** cut although. (tsut, conj.); cut ci? although. (tsut tsi', conj.)

**Vct** cut *self*. (tsut, n.)

Vctx<sup>™</sup> cetx<sup>™</sup> house, dwelling, home, residence. (tsetkhw, n.); c+cetx<sup>™</sup> bungalow (lit. small cottage). (tstsetkhw, n.); c+cetx<sup>™</sup> cabin, shack, cottage (lit. little house). (tstsetkhw, n.); e g<sup>w</sup>eł+cétx<sup>™</sup> to go home (lit. He went toward home). (egwełtsetkhw, vi.); a<sup>w</sup>+eł+cetx<sup>™</sup> H/s has many houses. (a(wełtsetkhw, vt.);

č\_y'c+c'eg<sup>w</sup>+eł+cétx<sup>w</sup>+mš *bound (lit. I am headed for home)*.

(chi'ts'egwelts<u>e</u>tkhumsh, adj.); cétx<sup>w</sup>-s x<sup>w</sup>a ma<sup>?</sup>+ma<sup>?</sup>+ám=al'qs *convent (lit. their house those who wear women's cloths (nuns)).* (ts<u>e</u>tkhws khwa ma'ma'<u>a</u>ma'lqs, n.); ul+mac'p he cétx<sup>w</sup>-s *apeary (lit. belonging to a bee's house).* (ul mats'p he ts<u>e</u>tkhws, n.)

Vcw s+c+ciw'+t+m'š baby of the family, youngest child. (ststsi'wt'msh, n.); Ciw' youngest child. (tsi'w); s+c+céw'+t+mš=qn'=čt little or fourth finger (lit. youngest finger). (ststse'wt'mshq'ncht, n.)

Vcw' cuw' to punch. (tsu'w); s+cú?+u? blow (lit. a sudden hard stroke, as of the fist). (stsu'u', n.); cuw'=íčt+m He feinted in boxing. (tsu'wichtm, vi.); cú?um He hit something with the fist. (tsu'um, vt.); s+cuw'=íłc'e? clout (lit. hitting a person with the fist). (stsu'wiłts'e', v.); s+cuw'+n't+w'íš boxing (lit. hitting one another with the fist). (stsu'wint'wish, v.); sye+cuw'+n'tw'iš boxer (lit. One of two hit each other with the fist). (syetsu'w'nt'wish, n.); ul+s+ye+cuw'+n'twiš he s+łux<sup>w</sup>=čt boxing glove (lit. glove of a boxer). (ul syetsu'w'ntwish he słukhwcht, n.); Cúw'-nt-s He hit him with the fist. (tsu'wnts, vt.); cúw'+cuw'-nt-s He hit him repeatedly. (tsu'tsu'wnts, v.)

- Vcw' s+caw'+m to wash. (stsa'wm, vi.); s+n+ca?w'+ł+qap=ílc'e? Xr √c'w' dish washing. (sntsa'w'łqapilts'e', n.)
- Vcx<sup>w</sup> cex<sup>w</sup> to caress, fondle. (tsekhw); s+cex<sup>w</sup>+n condolence, caressing. (stseqhwn, n.); céx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s caress (lit. He touched or treated him in an affectionate or loving manner). (tsekhwnts, v.); céx<sup>w</sup>-nt-se-s condole (lit. She expressed sympathy to me by caressing me). (tsekhwntses, v.)
- **√cx<sup>w</sup>** hn+c+cx<sup>w</sup>+ut *creek*, *rivulet*. (hntstskh<u>u</u>t, n.)

**√cž<sup>w</sup>** caž<sup>w</sup> accumulate. (tsaqhw)

- Vcx s+t+miy+iy=iple?-s x e s+t+céx +ncut astronomy. (stmiyiyipele's khwe sttseqhwntsut, n.)
- Vcx<sup>w</sup>ł \*s+cex<sup>w</sup>ł=k<sup>w</sup>e? Spokane, Wash. (lit. Swift waters). (Stseqhwłkhwe'); s+céx<sup>w</sup>ł=k<sup>w</sup>e? Spokane, Wash. (Stseqhwłkwe', n.)
- Vcy' cuy' chilling. (tsu'y); cúy'+cuy'+t clammy (lit. It is disagreeably moist and cold; it causes chills). (tsu'ytsu'yt, v.); s+cuy'+y' chill (lit. becoming chilled). (stsu'y'y, n.); u' cúy' It is chilly. (uutsu'y, vi.); cen+c'úy'+c'uy'=čt chills (He causes chills (by being scantily clad) in cold weather). (tsents'u'yts'u'ycht, n.)

√cy'? c+ciy'e? a woman's younger sister. (tstsi'ye', n.)

√cyx<sup>w</sup> \*hn+c'oy'+c'oy'x<sup>w</sup>+m Spangle, Washington (lit. town in Washington). (Hnts'o'ytso'yqhwm, n.)

- Vc? ci? there near a second person. (tsi'); e n+cí? there (near you). (entsi', adv.); ci? concede (lit. that which is away from me but near you; all right). (tsi', n.); ci? bravo! (lit. expression of approval). (tsi', excl.); ni ci? Is that right? (ni tsi'? (qu.).); cut ci? although. (tsut tsi', conj.); ci?+H+hoy that's all! (tsi'I hoy, excl.); t'i?+ci? adequate, sufficient (lit. That is enough). (t'i'tsi', adj.)
- **Vc?** t+co?=qin-nt-m *clobber (slang) (lit. He was batted with fists as to the head).* (ttso'qintm, v.)
- **Vc?** ?ep+s+n+mel'+cí?+n *inhabitant, resident, denizen (lit. H/s has a place to live in).* (epsnme'lts<u>i</u>'n, vt.)

- Vc?t s+có?ot weeping, wailing. (stso'ot, v.); co?ót to sob, weep. (tso'ot,); co?ót bawl, blubber, h/s wailed (lit. He cried out loudly). (tso'ot, vi.); co?o·t=álumx<sup>w</sup> brownie, elf (lit. one who weeps, wails about on the land). (tso'ootalumkhw, n.)
- **Vc**  $ca^{c}$  scream, shriek. (tsa()
- Vc<sup>w</sup> a cá<sup>w</sup> fringed (lit. It is fringed). (aats<u>a</u>(w, adj.); ca<sup>w</sup> fringe. (tsa(w); s+can+cu<sup>w</sup>=íc'e<sup>?</sup> shawl. (stsantsu(w<u>i</u>ts'e', n.)

**Vc'c'** hn+c'ac'=qn log on the head. (hnts' $\underline{a}$ ts'qn, n.)

**√c'č** c'ič *prickly*. (ts'ich)

√c'č hn+c'ač=qn mountain northeast of Plummer. (Hnts'achqn, n.)

- Vc'č C'eč count, number. (ts'ech); hn+c'č=ú\$+n calculation (lit. means of calculating). (hnts'chusn, n.); hn+c'č=ú\$+n calculator (lit. keyboard machine for the automatic performance of arithmetic operations). (hnts'chusn, n.); hn+c'čč=u\$ to compute, count, calculate. (hnts'echus); hn+c'éč=u\$ accounted, computed, counted, calculated, ciphered. (hnts'echus, v.); \$+n+c'eč=u\$ algebra, arithmetic, figuring, calculation (lit. counting heads (faces). (snts'echus, n.); \$+n+c'éč=u\$ calculation. (snts'echus, n.); \$+c'č=á\$q'it calendar, almanac (lit. means of counting days or skies). (sts'chasq'it, n.); \$+ceč+č numbers, amount. (stsechch, n.); \$+c'eč+m computation (lit. counting). (sts'echm, n.); \$+cen+c'éč+m auction (lit. counting from under). (stsents'echm, n.); \$ye+n+c'éč=u\$ bookkeeper (lit. One who counts). (syeets'echm, n.); \$+c'ěč=alq\$ Tekoa Mountain (lit. numbered point). (Tts'achalqs, n.); cen+c'éč-nt-s to appraise, evaluate (lit. He counted it from under). (tsents'echus, vt.)
- Vc'g<sup>w</sup> č\_y'c+c'eg<sup>w</sup>+eł+cétx<sup>w</sup>+mš bound (lit. I am headed for home). (chi'ts'egwełts<u>e</u>tkhumsh, adj.)

**Vc'g<sup>w</sup>t**  $\check{x}es+ei+c'\acute{e}g^wt$  He has nice manners, he is courtly, refined. (qheselts'<u>e</u>gwt, vi.) **Vc'k'<sup>w</sup>** c'ek'<sup>w</sup> to be stiff (as bones). (ts'ek'w)

Vc'k'<sup>w</sup> e cen+c'ék'<sup>w</sup> be bracketed, supported, braced (lit. It is propped up). (etsents'<u>e</u>k'w, vi. to); hn+c'ok'<sup>w</sup>+c'ok'<sup>w</sup>=áxn crutches (lit. means of supporting the armpits). (hnts'ok'wts'ok'waqhn, n.); c'uk'<sup>w</sup>=íčs+n cane (lit. walking stick). (ts'uk'wichsn, n.); cen+c'uk'<sup>w</sup>+mín<sup>•</sup> buttress, column, support (lit. a prop). (tsents'uk'wminn, n.);

c'uk'<sup>w</sup>+mín· *cue (lit. means of thrusting; the tapering rod used in billiards, pool).* (ts'uk'wm<u>i</u>nn, n.); li·béč he c'uk'<sup>w</sup>=ičsi-s *crosier (lit. a bishop's staff (cane).* (liib<u>e</u>ch he ts'uk'w<u>i</u>chsis, n.)

- √c'k''' c'ek''' to poke. (ts'ek'w); c'ák"+k"=alq" elderberry bush. (ts'akukwalqw, n.); c'ék"+k" elderberries, alder shrub, bearberries. (ts'ekukw, n.)
- Vc'k<sup>w</sup>? c'ik<sup>w</sup>e? left-handed. (ts'ikwe'); e c'ík<sup>w</sup>e? to be left-handed (lit. He is...). (etts'ikwe', vi.); s+t+c'ík<sup>w</sup>e? left hand. (stts'ikwe', n.); t eč+s+c'ík<sup>w</sup>e? apart (lit. toward the left hand). ( tech stts'ikwe', n.); čn'\_t+c'ík<sup>w</sup>e? (lit. I am left-handed). (ch'ntts'ikwe', vt.)
- Vc'k"n s+c'uk"ín+m running (of a human being). (st'sukwinm, vt.); čn\_c'uk"ín+m (lit. I ran). (chnts'ukwinm, vt.); čn\_t+c'uk"en+ł+niw' (lit. I ran by the side of, i.e., moving car). (chntts'ukwenłni'w, vt.); c'uk"+k"ín+m He ran to regain balance. (ts'ukukwinm, vi.); c'uk"+c'uk"ín'+m' He practiced running. (ts'ukwts'ukwi'n'm, vt.)
- Vc'l c'el+iš arise, stand up. (ts'elish, vi.); c'el to stand (ref. to a person). (ts'el); s+c'l= qin headdress. (sts'lqin, n.); s+t+c'al=qn cowlick, tuft of hair that stands erect on the head. (stts'alqn, n.); c'él+iš He came to a standstill, He arose, got up from a chair, He stood up. (ts'elish, v.); c'l+líš=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> alight, landed (lit. The bird came to a stand after a flight). (ts'llishu'lumkhw, v.); c'l=qin· bonnet, war-bonnet (lit. means of putting juttings up from the head). (ts'lqinn, n.); c'el=álq<sup>w</sup> to play with the stick game (lit. setting up sticks against a board). (ts'elalqw, v.); ča·+c'ál=alqs Tensed, Idaho (lit. Grove on a spur). (Chaats'alalqs, n.)
- Vc'l e c'él+mncut move, budge (lit. It moves itself). (eets'<u>e</u>lmntsut, vi.); i c'él+mncut astir, bestir (lit. He is moving himself). (iits'<u>e</u>lmntsut, vt.)
- $\sqrt{c'l}$  s+či·+c'él+iš (?) new moon. (schiits'<u>e</u>lish, n.)
- **Vc'l** s+c'el'+l' arrival (of one person). (sts'<u>e</u>'l'l, n.); c'él+l' arrive (lit. He reached his destination). (ts'<u>e</u>l'l, v.); c'el'+l' arrive, come to a stop. (ts'e'l'l, vi.)
- Vc'l' c'el+l to fear a fierce one. (ts'ell); c'él'+p He became frightened. (ts'elp, v.); c'ul' ill tidings, bad news. (ts'u'l); c'él'+c'l'+t It is frightening. (ts'elts"lt, vi.); c'él'+c'l'+t One who is horrible, fierce. (ts'elts" lt, v.); s+c'él'+c'l'+t fright. (sts'elts'lt, n.);
  čn\_\_c'el'+p (lit. I was horrified). (chnts'elp, vt.)
- Vc'l' c'il' outline, shadow. (ts'i'l); s+c'él'+c'el'+t shadow, contour. (sts'e'lts'e'lt, n.)

√c'lx<sup>w</sup> c'alx<sup>w</sup> claw, scratch with claws. (ts'alqhw); c'lx<sup>w</sup>+min<sup>•</sup> claw (lit. means of scratching). (ts'lqhuminn, n.); c'alx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He scratched it with his fingernails. (ts'alqhwnts, vt.); c'alx<sup>w</sup>-nt-se-s claw (lit. He (cat) clawed me). (ts'alqhwntses, vt.)

**Vc'ls** c'alus *kingfisher (bird)*. (ts'alus, n.)

Vc'ł c'ił cool (weather). (ts'ił); c'i?ł It cooled off. (ts'i̯'ł, vi.); u c'ił It is cool. (uuts'i̯ł, vi.); u c'+c'e?łí It remains cool. (uts' ts'e'łí··, v.)

√c'ł s+m+c'+c'áł+tm abscess, infection. (smts'ts'altm, n.)

- Vc'm c'am be almost pointed (as a football or lemon). (ts'am); c'ám+c'm=alqs pears (lit. pointed at the ends). (ts'amts'malqs, n.); hn+c'+c'm=ál'n arrowhead (lit. piece of bone on end of an arrow). (hnts'ts'ma'ln, n.)
- √c'm s+c+c'm=il't children, offspring. (ststs'mi'lt, n.); e lu+s+c+c'm=il't barren, sterile (lit. H/s has no children). (eluststs'mi'lt, vt.)

Vc'm' s+c'am' bone. (sts'a'm, n.); u s+c'ám' It's all bone. (usts'<u>a</u>'m, v.); ac+p'n+p'n'+as+c'am' H/h bones are in a lying position. (atsp'np'n<u>a</u>sts'a'm, vi.); 'a<sup>w</sup>+s+c'am bony (lit. it has many bones). ((a(wsts'a'm, adj.); \*xamá+c'am' He is heavy-boned. (lit. He is heavy as to the bone). (qham<u>a</u>st'a'm, vi.); \*xama+c'am'++dol+dólq'<sup>w</sup>+t burly, husky (lit. He is heavy-boned and strong). (qhamast'a'm ł dold<u>o</u>lq'wt, vi.); u x<sup>w</sup>al'á s+c'am' lit. It is like a bone. (uqhwa'l<u>a</u> sts'a'm, adj.)

- Vc'm' c'om' to suck on a solid object. (ts'o'm); \*s+c'om'+m sucking. (stso'mm, n.); s+c'úm'+m making the sound of sucking. (sts'u'mm, vt.); i s+c'úm'+c'm'+iš H/S is making the sound of sucking; h/s is making the sound of a mouse. (ists'u'mts'u'mish, vt.); c'om'-nt-s H/s sucked on it. (ts'o'mnts, v.); c'om'-nt-s He sucked it. (ts'o'mnts, vt.)
- Vc'm' c'um' cheep (lit. a faint, shrill chirp, as of a young bird; of a mouse). (ts'u'm,
  excl.)
- Vc'm' s+c'am'=qn brain, cerebellum, cerebrum. (sts'a'mqn, n.); \*ul+s+c'ám'=qn cerebral (lit. of or pertaining to the brain). (ul sts'a'mnq, adj.)
- Vc'm'ł s+c'óm'+c'om'ł+t carbuncle, boil, a abscess. (sts'o'mts'o'młt, n.)
- Vc'p c'?ep' lightproof, airtight. (ts"ep'); c'ip' to pinch fine. (ts'ip'); \*ye+c'óp to tighten (suddenly). (yetsop); u y+c'op H/s/i suddenly gets a very tight hold or grasp).

(uyts'op, v.); ya+c'p clam up (lit. It became tightened up). (yats'p, vt.); s+y+c'p= a'wes connection, tightening together. (syts'pa'wes, n.); s+n+c'ip=s+m cat nap (lit. an eye pinching). (snts'ipsm, n.); hn+c'ap'-s She "snapped" her eyes (a sign of contempt). (hnts'ap's, v.); c'+c'íp'-n't-s chuck (lit. He pinched her slightly (playfully). (ts'ts'ip"nts, vt.); c'ep+m-st-m caulk (lit. It (canoe) was made watertight by packing seams with pitch). (ts'epmstm, vt.)

**Vc'p'** s+c'ip'+alyóh+m? dole (lit. dealing out something sparingly). (sts'ip'alyohm, v.)

- Vc'p'q c'ap'q adhere, stick to (as glue). (ts'ap'q); \*čat+c'p'q'=íłx\*\*+n asphalt, glue for the roof. (chats'p'q'itkhwn, n.); c'p'q'+min· agglutinin. (ts'p'q'minn, n.); c'p'q'+min· glue. (ts'p'q'minn, n.); t+c'ap'q' adhere, stick to. (lit. It stuck fast as if glued to something; he became firmly attached). (tts'ap'q, n.); s+c'p'q'=íw'es cohesion (lit. sticking together). (sts'p'q'i'wes); c'p'q'=íw'es-n compose (lit. I stuck it together). (ts'p'q'i'wesn, v.); c'p'q'=íw'es-nt-s agglutinate (lit. He stuck two or more things together). (ts'p'q'i'wesnts, v.); t+c'áp'q'-n annex (lit. I glued it to something else). (tts'ap'q'n, v.)
- Vc'p'X<sup>w</sup> c'+c'p'X<sup>w</sup>=il'=us (tiny) hole (lit. little spring north of Old Daniel place, west of De Smet, Idaho). (Ts'ts'p'qhw<u>i</u>'lus, n.)

**√c'q<sup>w</sup>** c'eq<sup>w</sup> *butcher*. (ts'eqw)

Vc'q' a cluster or clump of bushes; a nerve or root system. (aats'aq', n.); c'aq' bunched, clumped. (ts'aq'); c'aq cluster, batch. (ts'aq, n.)

 $\sqrt{c'q'}$  c'áq'=ałp *fir*. (ts'<u>a</u>q'ałp, n.)

- Vc'q' ul+c'aq'+álx cerebro-spinal (lit. pertaining to the brain and spinal cord). (ul ts'aq'alqh, adj.); \*c'aq'+álx brain, battery, brainpower. (ts'aq'alkh, n.)
- Vc'q'<sup>w</sup> c'+c'óq'<sup>w</sup>+lípe? red nit(s). (ts'ts'oq'w'lipe', n.); c'+c'óq'<sup>w</sup>=ps nits, young of lice, larvae thereof. (ts'ts'oq'ops, n.)

Vc'q'"n c'uq'"un to pronounce. (ts'uq'un); s+c'aq'"+c'úq'"un' catechism (lit. that which is pronounced repeatedly (ref., to catechet(al) instruction). (sts'aq'wts'uq'w'n, n.); i+c'uq'"+c'uq'"ún'+mš articulate, reading, going to school, reciting (lit. He is uttering (speech sounds). (its'uq'wts'uq'u'n'msh, vi.); hn+c'oq'"+coq'"ún'+em'n' classroom (lit. a room for reading). (hnts'oq'wtsoq'u'ne'mn', n.); s+nuk"+c'uq'"+c'uq'"un'+m' classmate (lit. fellow reader). (snukwts'uq'wts'uqu'n'm, n.); \*S+mel'+C'uq'<sup>w</sup>ún+m connotation (lit. mentioning (or inferring) something with what is said). (sme'lts'uqunm, n.); C'uq'<sup>w</sup>un+Cút H/s pronounced h/h own name. (ts'uq'wnts<u>u</u>t, vt.); C'uq'<sup>w</sup>+C'uq'<sup>w</sup>ún'-m' H/s chattered, recited, read aloud. (lit. H/s pronounced one thing after another). (ts'uq'wts'uq'<u>u</u>'n'm, vi.); C'uq'<sup>w</sup>ún-Šit-s bequeath (lit. He gave or left something to him by will). (ts'uq'<u>u</u>nshits, vt.); c'uq'<sup>w</sup>ún-(n)t-s He named; he pronounced it; designate. (ts'uq'<u>u</u>nts, vt.)

- Vc'r c'a?ar to be ill, hurt, ache. (ts'a'ar); s+c'á?ar illness, sickness. (sts'a'ar, n.); s+c'á?ar illness, to ache, to feel pain. (sts'a'ar, v.); i· c'á?ar=qn crapulous (lit. He is having an ache as to his head). (iits'a'arqn, adj.); s+c'a?ar=qín'=šn' arthritis (lit. feeling pain in the knee). (sts'a'arqi'nsh'n, n.); s+c'a?ar=qn headache. (sts'a'arqn, n.); s+t+c'á?ar=g<sup>w</sup>l stomachache, bellyache, colic. (stts'a'argul, n.); s+t+c'ar'=ílg<sup>w</sup>es ailing, ill (lit. feeling pain physically at heart). (stts'a'rilgwes, vt.); s+ni?+c'á?+c'ar'= enč intestinal pains. (sni'ts'a'ts'a'rench, n.); s+n+c'ar'=ínč+n' backache (lit. suffering pain in the back). (snts'a'rinch'n, n.); s+n+c'ar'=íne? earache (lit. having pain in the ear). (snts'a'rine', n.); hn+c'ar'+n sickness, disease, ailment. (hnts'a'rn, n.); ul+hn+t+c'ar'=ílg<sup>w</sup>es+n clinical. (ul hntts'a'rilgwesn, adj.); hn+t+c'ar'=ílg<sup>w</sup>es+n clinic, hospital. (lit. place for being the sick). (hntts'a'rilgwesn, n.); č\_i?+c'á?ar sick, ill (lit. I am sick). (chi'ts'a'ar, adj.)
- Vc'r c'ar cold (to the touch). (ts'ar); c'ar+t It is cold, bleak. (ts'art, n.); hn+c'ar+t cold water. (hnts'art, n.); pínč c'ar+t It remains cold or chilly. (pinch ts'art, vi.)
- Vc'r c'or salt. sour. (ts'or, n.); c'ór+emn salt shaker. (ts'oremn, n.); a n+c'ór=k<sup>w</sup>e? salt water. (ants'orkwe', n.); hn+c'ó?or It (liquid, ie. milk) became sour. (hnts'o'or, vi.); hn+c'or=k<sup>w</sup>e? brine (lit. salt water). (hnts'orkwe', n.); hn+c'or+c'ór'=k<sup>w</sup>e? soda-pop (lit. sour water). (hnts'ortsor'kwe', n.); hn+c'+c'ór=us eyes wincing because of extremely sour sensation (ie. lemon). (hnts't'sorus, vt.); u· c'ór It is sour, salty, brackish. (uuts'or, vi.); hn+c'ór=k<sup>w</sup>e?-nt-s He salted it (liquid). (hnts'orkwe'nts, vt.)
- Vc'r hn+c'or=(u)s+m He winked. (hnts'orsm, vi.); hn+c'or=(u)s+m-nt-s He winked at him. (hnts'orsmnts, vi.); s+n+c'or=s+m winking. (snts'orsm, vi.)

Vc'r s+c'ér=us *currants*. (sts'erus, n.)

√c's c'es to collect by picking, salvage. (ts'es); c'es+p annihilate, destroy, consume. (ts'esp); c'es+p It is all gone (lit. It went away piece by piece). (ts'esp, v.); hn+c's+p+nú-nts deplete (lit. He succeeded in emptying it). (hnts'spnunts, vt.); hn+c's+p+nú+m-t-m empty (lit. It (ie. bag) was emptied). (hnts'spnumtm, vi.); hn+c's+p=úl'mx<sup>w</sup>-st-m devastate (lit. The land was deprived of inhabitants). (hnts'spu'lmkhwstm, vi.)

- Vc's c's+c's=qin' catbird. (ts'sts'sqi'n'n, n.)
- $\sqrt{c'sl}$  s+c'sl'=úse? *hail*. (sts's'l<u>u</u>se', n.)

**√c'št** s+c'išt *brother-in-law*. (sts'isht, n.)

- Vc'wn s+c'uwe·ní giant (lit. big-foot). (sts'uweeni, n.); s+c'uwe·ní he t+tm'ix<sup>w</sup> dinosaur (lit. It is a giant one who is an animal). (sts'uweeni he tt'mikhw, n.)
- Vc'w' c'aw' soaked, washed out, dry, boring. (ts'a'w); c'a?aw' to dilute, thin out (lit. It was washed). (ts'a'a'w, v.); c'áw'+emn detergent (lit. a cleansing liquid). (ts'a'wemn, n.); c'áw'=s+n soap (lit. means of washing face). (ts'a'wsn, n.); hn+c'áw'=s+n basin, washbowl (lit. means of washing the face). (hnts'a'usn, n.); hn+c'áw'+c'aw'=cn cliche' (lit. He speaks words that are washed up, insipid). (hnts'a'wts'a'wtsn, n.); i t+c'áw'=qn+mš He is washing his hair (lit. He is shampooing). (itts'a'wqnmsh, vt.); c'áw'=s-m He washed his face. (ts'a'wsm, v.); c'áw'+c'aw'=s-m They washed their faces. (ts'a'wts'a'wsm, v.)
- √c'w' a can+c'áw'+c'aw'=qst+m commode, chest (of drawers), bureau. (atsants'<u>a</u>'wts'a'wqstm, n.)

Vc'w' c'áw'+c'aw'+t It is stale, insipid. (ts'<u>a</u>'wts'a'wt, v.)

- **Vc'w'** c'ow'=qin+n corkscrew (lit. spiral shaped device for drawing corks from bottles). (ts'o'wqinn, n.)
- Vc'w'q c'aw'q to pull out solid object (as nail out of board), extract. (ts'a'wq); c'áwq-nt-s He pulled out the nail. (ts'a'wqnts, v.); \*hn+c'ow'+c'ow'q=íns-nt-m His teeth were extracted. (hnts'o'wts'o'wqinsntn, vt.)

**Vc'x**<sup>w</sup> c'ix<sup>w</sup> to prepare chips by peeling and tying. (ts'ikhw)

**Vc'x**<sup>w</sup> hn+c'ex<sup>w</sup>+t *stream*, *creek*, *channel*. (hnts'<u>e</u>khut, n.)

- **Vc'x**<sup>w</sup> č+súx<sup>w</sup>+m+en' ha s+t+c'ex<sup>w</sup>+ncut *astrology (lit. self illuminating body that is a guide)*. (chsukhwme'n ha stts'ekhwntsut, n.)
- Vc'x c'ax to fry. (ts'aqh); s+c'ax steak, fried meat. (sts'aqh, n.); c'áx-n I fried the meat. (ts'aqhn, v.)

 $Vc' \dot{x} s+c'+c' \dot{x}=ist gravel. (sts'ts'qhi'st, n.)$ 

- Vc'X<sup>w</sup> c'eX<sup>w</sup> spark. (ts'eqhw); c'éX<sup>w</sup>+c'eX<sup>w</sup>+t *(lit. spark spark), ember, electricity.* (ts'<u>e</u>qhwts'eqhwt, n.)
- √c'x<sup>w</sup> c'ax<sup>w</sup> choose, do voluntarily, acquiesce, responsible, guilty. (ts'aqhw)
- √c'x hi yc+c'áx deliberate (lit. It was done deliberately). (hiytts'aqhw, v.)
- **Vc'x**<sup>w</sup> hn+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípele<sup>?</sup>+n *law, bench, bar, judgment, canon, chancery.* (hntts'uqhwipele'n, n.); s+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípele? arbitrament. (stt'sughwipele', n.); hn+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=íple<sup>?</sup>+n edict (lit. promise made by one for others, public announcement having the force of a law). (hntts'ughwipłe'n, n.); hn+t+c'ux<sup>\*\*</sup>=iple?+n law (lit. means of judging). (hntt'sughwiple'n, n.); hn+t+c'uX<sup>w</sup>=ipele?+n means of making decisions; the law; equity. (hntts'uqhwiple'n, n.); s+t+c'ox "=ipele? decision, judgement (lit. judging). (stts'oqhwipele', n.); sya+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ipele? judge, arbiter. (syatts'uqhwipele', n.); t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípele? decide (lit. He judged). (tts'ughwipele', v.); e lu+ł+n+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>= iple?+n to be lawless, anarchic (lit. H/s/i has no law). (eluintts'uqhwiple'n, vi.); miy+miy+ał s+ya+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ipele<sup>?</sup> connoisseur, a critical and competent judge. (miymiyalsyatts'uqhwipele', n.); siyat=c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípele? *judge*, *chancellor*, *arbiter*. (siyatts'ughwipele', n.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>v</sup>+ł+n+c'už<sup>w</sup>=íple<sup>2</sup>+n (Probably) complicity (lit. He is my partner in violating the law). (hisnukwme(wintts'uqhwiple'n, n.); C'áx<sup>w</sup>-m betroth (lit. H/s vowed, H/s promised marriage). (ts'aqhum, v.); ul+s+čint he n+t+c'ux<sup>\*\*</sup>=ípele?-is democracy (lit. government of the people). (ul schint hentts'ughwipele'is, n.)
- √c'x<sup>w</sup> i-y+t+c'áx<sup>w</sup> You did it willingly, on purpose. (iytts'aqhw, v.)

Vc'x" s+c'ax"+m betrothal, promising. (sts'aqhum, n.); s+c'ax"+m bond, commitment (lit. promising, obligation). (sts'aqhum, n.); s+c'ux"+n'tw'is compromise (lit. promising mutually). (sts'uqhw'nt'wish, v.); sya·+c'áx"+m devotee (lit. One who has vowed to do a specific duty). (syaats'aqhum, n.); c'áx"+m devoted (lit. He promised solemnly, He vowed). (ts'aqhum, v.); s+mey<sup>w</sup>+i+s+c'áx"+m breach of promise, a promise broken. (smey(wists'aqhum, n.); hn+c'ux"+ilm devalution (lit. teaching (promising) that is handed down to offspring by forebearers). (hnts'uqhwilm, n.)

Vc'x<sup>w</sup> s+c'ax<sup>w</sup>+c'ux<sup>w</sup>+m advice. (sts'<u>a</u>qhwts'uqhum, n.); s+c'áx<sup>w</sup>+c'ux<sup>w</sup>+n counsel (lit. giving advice or guidance). (sts'<u>a</u>qhwts'uqhwn, n.); sya·+c'áx<sup>w</sup>+c'ux<sup>w</sup>+m counselor (lit. One who gives advice). (syaats'aqhwts'uqhwn, n.); c'áx<sup>\*</sup>+c ux<sup>\*</sup>-n admonish (lit. Give lecture or good counsel). Advise. (ts'aqhwts'uqhwn, v.)

Vc'ž<sup>w</sup> s+t+c'éž<sup>w</sup>+ncut stars, asteriod, self-illuminating body. (stts'eqhwntsut, n.); ul+s+c'éž<sup>w</sup>+ncut or u ž<sup>w</sup>e?lé astral (lit. It is like a star). (ul sts'eqhwntsut or uqhwe'le, adj.); sye+č+súx<sup>w</sup>+eme? tel' s+t+c'éž<sup>w</sup>+ncut astrologer, one who understands the stars. (syechsukhweme' te'l stts'eqhwntsut, n.)

√c'x<sup>w</sup> c'éx<sup>w</sup>+c'ex<sup>w</sup>+t coal. (ts'<u>e</u>qhwts'eqhwt, n.)

Vc'? s+c'u?+umš mourning. (sts'u'umsh, v.); c'u?u+m to cry, weep. (ts'u'um.); c'ú?u+m-š weep! cry! (ts'u'umsh, v. (imp. sg.)); c'ú?+c'u?+m-ul (imp. pl.) weep! cry! (ts'u'ts'u'mul, v.); čn \_c'ú?u+m (lit. I wept). (chnts'u'um, vt.); e čs+c'u?+mí-s-n I weep for h/h. (echsts'u'misn, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-s-n-lš I weep for them. (echsts'u'misnlsh, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-ulm-n I weep for you (pl.). (echsts'u'mistulmn, v .); čn'\_c'u?u+m (lit. I, customarily, weep). (ch'nts'u'um, vt.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-m-n I (cust.) weep for you (sg.). (echsts'u'mistmn, vi.); \*č\_y'c+cú?+umš I am weeping. (chi'tssu'umsh, vi.); hn-i?\_č+c'u?+mín+m I am weeping for h/h. (hi'chsts'u'minm, vi.); hn-i? \_č+c'u?+mín+m-lš I am weeping for them. (hi'chsts'u'minmlsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, i?-čs+c'u?u+m+min+m I am weeping for you (sg.). (kwi'chsts'u'minm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi?-čs+c'u?+mín+m I am weeping for you (pl). (kuphi'chstsu'minm, vi.); k'" ne? čn\_c'ú?u+m I am going to weep. (k'wne'chnts'u'um, vi.); čeł či s+c'ú?u+mš weep (lit. I will weep). (chełchists'u'umsh, vi.); kwu c'ú?u+m You (sg) wept. (kuuts'u'um, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, ?+c'ú?u+m You (sg.) weep. (ku'ts'<u>u</u>'um, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) weep for h/h. (echsts'u'mistkhw, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-me-x" You (sg.) weep for me. (echsts'u'mistmekhw, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c'ú?u+m-š You (sg) are weeping. (ku'yts'u'umsh, vi.); i-čs+c'u?+mín+m Prob You (sg.) are weeping for h/h. sobbing, crying. (ichsts'u'minm, vi.); čn\_?i+?+čs+c'u?+mín+m you (sg.) are weeping for me. (chn'i'chsts'u'minm, vt.); k'" ne? k"u c'ú?u+m You (sg.) are going to weep. (kwne'kuuts'<u>u</u>'um, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+c'u<sup>2</sup>u+mš (*lit. you (sg.) will weep*). (chełkusts'u'umsh, vt.); c'ú?u+m H/S wept. (ts'u'um, vi.); e. c'ú?+m weep, cry (lit. *H/s weeps*). (eets'u'um, v.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-me-s *H/s weeps for me*. (echsts'u'mistmes, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-mi-s H/s weeps for you. (echsts'u'mistmis,

vi.); čs+c'u<sup>?</sup>+mí-nt-s bewail (lit. He expressed sorrow or regret over it). (chst'su'mints, vt.); i c'ú?u+mš H/s is weeping, sobbing, crying. (iits'u'umsh, vi.); e c'ú?+c'u?+m-lš weep, cry (lit. H/s weeps (pl.)) (eets'u'mlsh, v.); č\_y'c+čs+cu?+min+m-s lit. h/s is weeping for me. (chi'chstsu'minms, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_čs+c'u?u+m+mín+m-s H/S is weeping for you (sg). (ku'ychsts'u'minms, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>2</sup> c'ú<sup>2</sup>u+m *H/s is going to weep*. (k'wne'ts'u'um, vi.); čes+cu<sup>2</sup>+u<sup>2</sup>+mš he/she will weep. (chestsu'u'msh, vi.); č+c'ú?+c'u?+um we wept. (chts'u'ts'u'um, vi.); č\_?e·+c'ú?+c'u?u+m we weep. (ch'eets'u'tsu'um, vi.); č\_?i·+c'ú?+c'u?u+mš lit. we are weeping. (ch'iits'u'ts'u'umsh, vt.); k'" ne? č\_c'ú?+c'u?u+m We are going to weep. (k'wne'chts'u'ts'u'um, vi.); čeł č s+c'ú+c'u?u+mš weep (lit. we will weep). (chełchsts'u'ts'u'umsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_c'ú?+c'u?u+m You (pl.) wept. (kupts'u'ts'u'um, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?e·\_c'ú+c'u?u+m You (pl) weep. (kup'eets'<u>u</u>'ts'u'um, vt.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-x\*-lš You (pl.) weep for them. (echsts'u'mistkhwlsh, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-me-lp You (pl.) weep for me. (echsts'u'mistmelp, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_<sup>?</sup>i<sup>.</sup>\_c'ú+c'u<sup>?</sup>u+m+š You (pl) are weeping. (kup'iits'<u>u</u>'tsu'umsh, vi.); i-čs+c'u?+min+m-lš Prob You (pl.) are weeping for them. sobbing, crying. (ichsts'u'minmlsh, vi.); čn\_?i+?+čs+c'u?+mín-mp you (pl.) are weeping for me. (chn'i'chsts'u'minmp, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up, \_c'ú+c'u?u+m You (pl.) are going to weep. (k'wne'kupt'su'tsu'um, vi.); čeł \_k<sup>w</sup>up \_s+c'u?+c'u?u+mš (lit. you (pl) will weep). (chełkupsts'u'ts'u'umsh, vi.); c'ú?+c'u?+m-lš They wept. (ts'u'ts'u'mlsh, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-me-s-lš They weep for me. (echsts'u'mistmeslsh, vi.); e čs+c'u?+mí-st-mi-s-lš They weep for you (pl.). (echsts'u'mistmislsh, vi.); i c'ú+c'u?+m-lš They are weeping, sobbing, crying. (iits'u'tsu'mlsh, vi.); č, y'c+čs+cu?+mín+m-s-lš lit. they are weeping for me. (chi'chstsu'minmslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up, ?i, čs+c'u?+m+ínm-s-lš *They are weeping for you (pl.)*. (kup'ichsts'u'minmslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? c'ú+c'u?u+m They are going to weep. (k'wne'ts'<u>u</u>'tsu'um, vi.); čes+c'u?+c'u?u+mš They will weep. (chests'u'tsu'umsh, vi.) Vc'? c'i? deer, venison. (ts'i, n.); c'í?y=elx<sup>w</sup> buckskin, deer hide. (ts'<u>i</u>'yelkhw, n.);

ye·+c'i? *He killed the deer*. (yeets'<u>i</u>', v.); \*ul+s+yux<sup>w</sup>m+ús+m=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> he c'i? *caribou (lit. deer of a cold country)*. (ul syukhm<u>u</u>smu'lmkhw he ts'i', n.); s+c'i?+c'e?= ečt *hands*. (sts'<u>i</u>'ts'e'echt, n.); s+c'u?=šn *hoof, foot*. (sts'u'shn, n.); s+c'u?+c'u?=šn feet. (sts'<u>u</u>'ts'u'shn, n.); čn\_x<sup>w</sup>uy hił čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e c'i? *lit. I went over there and I saw* a deer. (chnkh<u>u</u>y hił chngwich e ts'i', vt.)

Vc'°' c'a°'+c'in=šn name of character in a parable. (ts'a')ts'i'nsh'n, n.)

- Vč č on; on the surface. (ch-, adv.); eče· on, on top of, atop, e.g.; eče·+t+?émut He is seated on (a chair). (echee..., pref. echeet'emut,)
- **√čc** čic *arrive*. (ch<u>i</u>ts, vi.)
- **Včc** čéc-nt-m *electrocute (lit. he was struck by lightning)*. (ch<u>e</u>tsntm, vt.)

Včc s+čic discovery. (schits, n.); sye·+číc detective (lit. One who discovers things). (syeechits, n.); s+čícu<sup>9</sup>u=mš Coeur d'Alene. Tribe (lit. discovered people). (Schitsu'umsh, n.); čic-n I discovered it, discern. (chitsn, vt.); hi-s+číc It is my discovery. (hischits, n.); čic-nt-s chance on, detect (lit. He found or met it accidently). (chitsnts, vt.)

Včc s+číc+c company, visitors. (schitsts, n.); číc-nt-eli-t we are visited (lit. we have an unusual visitor). (chitsntelit, vt.)

Včg<sup>w</sup> čig<sup>w</sup> extend across. (chigw, vt.); čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+š he went across, course (lit. he traversed the plain, Big Bend country). (chetchigwish, vt.); čig<sup>w</sup>+š (lit. go out on the prairie) (chigwsh, vt.); S+čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš going into the Big Bend country, going into the prairie. (schetchigwish, v.); e čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš cross, traverse (lit. H/s crossed the plain). (echetchigwish, v.); čn\_čet+čig<sup>w</sup>+eš gloss?? to cross/traverse the plain. (chnchetchigwesh, vt.); čn'\_čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš I traverse the plain. (ch'nchetchigwish, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš You (sg.) traverse the plain. (ku'chetchigwish, vt.); č\_?e+čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš We traverse the plain. (ch'echetchigwish, vt.);

- k<sup>w</sup>up\_?e\_čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš You (pl.) traverse the plain. (kup'echetchigwish, vt.) Včg<sup>w</sup> s+čug<sup>w</sup>=ážn arm (lit. that which extends into space from the body). (schugwaqhn,
  - n.); ul+s+čog<sup>w</sup>=áxn brachial (lit. of the arm). (ul schogwaqhn, adj.)

**Včhg**<sup>w</sup> čet+čihg<sup>w</sup> area, plain, a flat open field. (chetch<u>i</u>hgw, n.)

Včl hn+či+člí little lake near Benewah Lake. (Hnchichli, n.)

Včl? čéle? bark, cradle board. (chele', n.)

Včl? čli? beside. (chli', prep.)

Včl' čél' cough up, nauseous. (che'l, vi.); čil' vomit, throw up. (chi'l, v.); čil' nauseated. (chi'l, vt.) Včl'ws <sup>?</sup>ep+s+čl'wís It, e.g., the river, has dead salmon. (epsch'lwis, vt.)

- **Včľ'x**<sup>w</sup> e čet+čľ'x<sup>w</sup>=ín'e? *covered wagon (lit. a wagon with an arched cover, tent over it).* (echetch'lkhw<u>i</u>'ne', n.)
- Včlš hn+čélš=elps hardtack. (lit. hard food) ("story" word). (hnchelshelps, n.)
- √člx<sup>w</sup> čélex<sup>w</sup> muskrat. (chelekhw, n.); č+č'líx<sup>w</sup> little muskrat. (chch'likhw, n.)
- √čł čił give. (chił, vt.);s+číł+šeš+mn delivery (lit. giving something away). (schilsheshmn, n.); s+číl+l+šeš datum (lit. something given). (schillshesh, n.); s+čił+šeš concession, consignment, present (lit. giving one something). (schilshesh, n.); sya+číł+šeš bartender (lit. One who gives (sells) liquors). (syechilshesh, n.); uł+n+číł=us He reimbursed. (ułnchiłus, v.); s+n+číł=us compensation. (snchiłus, n.) čil-n I gave it to him or her. (chiln, vt.); čil-n-lš I gave it to them. (chilnlsh, vt.); číł+šeš+mn-n consign (lit. I gave it away). (chilsheshmnn, vt.); číl-t-sel-em I was given it. (chiltselem, vt.); čil-t-s-n I gave it to you (sg.). (chiltsn, vt.); číl-t-ulm-n I gave it to you (p1.). (chiltulmn, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi-s+číł-t-m give, present (lit. I am going to give it to you). (chełkuphischiłtm, vt.); číł-t-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) gave it to me. (chiltsekhw, vt.); číl-t-si-t You (sg.) were given it. (chiltsit, vt.); číl+šeš conduce (lit. He gave to others). (chilshesh, vi.); čel+šeš+míncut betray (lit. He gave himself away; h/s submitted). (chelsheshmintsut, vt.); číł+šeš+m-nt-s deliver, H/s sold it. (lit. He gave it away). (chilsheshmnts, vt.); číl-t-se-s H/s gave it to me. (chiltses, vt.); čił+t+m He was given it, bestow. (chiltm, vt.); čeł č\_s+číl-t-m-s give (lit. he is going to give it to us). (chelchschiltms, vt.); číl-t-sel-p You (pl.) gave it to me. (chiltselp, vt.); číl-t-ulmi-t You (pl.) were given it. (chiltulmit, vt.); číl-t-se-s-lš They gave it to me. (chiltseslsh, vt.);
- Včł čeł separate, divorce, part. (cheł, vi.); čeł to separate, part. (cheł); s+čłím'+šeš opposition (lit. putting side by side with something else). (schłijmshesh, n.); e·čéł+m alone, isolated, independent. (lit. H/s is separated from other people). (eechełm, adj.); e t+čéł+m unique (lit. it is separated from others). (etchełm, vi.); s+čł+čł=íw'es [d]ivision (lit. The act or state of being separated into parts). (schłchłijwes, n.); s+cen+čeł+ł+m break away. (stsenchełłm, vi.); čeł+mncut anchorite (lit. he set himself aside/ apart). (chełmntsut, n.); čeł+čeł+m-st-m bracket (lit. They were classified or grouped together). (chełchłmstm, vt.); \*čeł+m-st-m asunder (lit. He put

- apart in position or direction). (chełmsłm, adv.); čel+m-s-n compart (lit. I divided it, I separated it). (chełmsn, vt.); čł=íwes-nt-m disconnect (lit. It. was disjointed). (chł<u>i</u>wesntm, vi.)
- Včł s+čł+uł=us+mn eyes. (schłułusmn, n.); s+čł=us+mn eye. (schłusmn, n.)

Včłm s+čłem+t dew. (schłemt, n.)

- Včłp čłip hunt big game, he hunted game. (chłip, vi.); čł+čłip they hunted game. (chłchłip, vt.); s+čłip to hunt, hunting. (schłip, v.); i n+čiłep+númt He wants to hunt game. (inchiłepnumt, vt.)
- Včłp čłp+m=ew'es+i?ú horse trapping with long fringes over buttocks. (chłp'me'wesii'<u>u</u>, n.)
- Včłs s+čłís+is+m analogue. (schłisism, n.); s+čłís+m+šeš comparison, analogy, metaphor. (schłismshesh, n.); ul+s+čłís+m+šeš comparative (lit. involving comparison). (ul schłismshesh, adj.); ?ep+s+čłís+s+mn analogous (lit. It has similarity). (epschłissmn, vi.); e lu+s+čłís+is+me? asymmetric, unequal (lit. It has no comparison). (eluschłisisme', vi.)
- Včm čm=íw'es Lake Chatcolet (lit. mid-section). (chmi'wes, n.)
- Včm hn+čem=cn inner mouth, confluence. Also St. Maries, Idaho. (Hnchemtsn, n.)
- Včm' čem' grasp, grab (lit. take hold of objects). (che'm, vt.); čem' take hold of (pl) objects. (che'm, vt.); \*čim' grab some. (ch'im, vt.); sye+n+čm=íłx" bandit, brigand, buccaneer, robber, burglar (lit. One who takes from a house). (syenchm<u>i</u>łkhw, n.) čet+čem'+čm' *Emida, Idaho (lit. gathering objects on the meadow)*. (Chetche'mch'm, n.); čet+čem'+čm' *Emida, name of (lit. grab a number of objects on a meadow)*. (chetche'mch'm, n.); s+t+čem'+m taking hold of them (berries) on tree, plant. (stche'mm, vt.); t+čem'+m detract (lit. He plucked (berries, etc.). (tche'mm, v.); t+čm'=cín+m He took them (berries) off bush to eat. (tch'mtsinm, v.); čem'-nt-s grasp, h/s took hold of them. (che'mnts, vi.); te`+p+cen+čém'-nt-s deduct (lit. He took to be left several things). (teptsenche'mnts, v.)
- Včm' čam' remaining, left. ( cha'm, vi.); čam'e+lu?+ł+xal+xelex" toothless (lit. he no longer has his teeth). (cha'm'elu'lqhalqhelekhw, adj.)
- Včm' čim' disdain, turn away from. (chi'm, vt.)
- Včm'čet+čm'+cíłx<sup>w</sup> porch, eaves, awning. (chetch'mts<u>i</u>łkhw, n.)

- Včm' s+čm'=álpq<sup>w</sup>s he t+tm'ix<sup>w</sup> craw (lit. esophagus of a bird). (sch'm<u>a</u>lpqws he tt'm<u>i</u>khw, n.)
- Včmn Č+čmín throw one object. (chchmin); Č+čmín-t-s cast, discard, he threw it away. (chchmints, vi.); t+č+čmin+p+tx<sup>w</sup>-nt-m degrade, eject (lit. He was thrown out of the house, He was deprived of dignity, He was ousted). (tchchminpłkhwntm, v.)
- Včn čn I. (chn, interrogative.); čn'e I, me, ego. (chn'e, n.); čn'e I, me, ego. (chn'e, pro.)
- √čn čen+čen+t=éčt alligator, lizard, crocodile (lit. one with human hands). (chenchentecht, n.)
- Včn čen'+šeš boost, conducive, assistant (lit. a help or lift, one who holds for). (che'nshesh, vi.); cen+ne+čn+cút+n body guard (lit. means of protecting oneself). (tsennechnts<u>u</u>tn, n.); hn+miyes+čín+m dignity (lit. means of becoming worthy or honorable). (hnmiyeschinm, n.); n+?ił+sčín+n Check cannibalism. (niłschinn, n.)

Včn čen+t it smells strong. (chent, vi.)

Včn čen'+u?š desire that it was. (che'nu'sh, vi.)

- Včn u<sup>·</sup> čn+n<sup>·</sup> It is rumbling. (uuchnnn, v.); hn+čén+čn=cn din, clamor. (lit. It (engine) makes a deep and violent noise). (hnchenchntsn, n.)
- Včn \*k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_n ha?+čána=qn ?? Where do you intend to go? (lit. Where is your head going?). (ku'yn ha'ch<u>a</u>naqhn, qu.)

Včn e čín+m What happened to h/h? What did h/s do? (echinm? qu.);

k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+?i+čín+mš What are you doing? (ku'yts'ichinmsh, qu.); čin+mš What in the world are you doing (here)? (chinmsh?, qu.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?e+čín+m What did you (sg.) do? (ku'echinm, qu.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?c+čín+m How are you (sg.)? (ku'tschinm?, vi.)

√čn s+č'n+č'n+mscút adventure (lit. endangering oneself). (sch'nch'nmstsut, n.)

Včn u x̃<sup>w</sup>al'a č'n'+p'=qín=čt annular (lit. It is like a ring). (uqhwa'la ch"np'q<u>i</u>'ncht, n.)

 $Včn s+čn+pa^{q}$  (?) cockcrow, dawn, daybreak. (schnpa'q, n.)

Včnk<sup>w</sup> e n+čnúk<sup>w</sup>=cn to speak Chinook. (enchn<u>u</u>kwtsn, vt.)

Včnl s+čníl+n contagion (lit. poisoning another). (schniln, n.); čníl+emn baneful, means of poisoning, venomous, deadly. (chnilemn, adj.); čníl+emn poison. (chnilemn, n.); ul+s+hiw'+t he čnil+mn rat poison. (ul shi'wt he chnilemn, n.); hn+pést+e?=us-s x<sup>w</sup>e čníl+emn antidote (lit. the opposite side of poison, something that counteracts poison, injury or contagion). (hnpeste'uss khwe chnilemn, n.) Včnp'čn'p'=qín'=čt annulus, ring, curio. ( ch'np'qi'ncht, n.)

- Včnš s+čen'š+eš aid, help, assistance. (sche'nshesh, n.); čn'ši+cút+n accompanist, aide, aide de camp, assistant (lit. m.o. helping oneself). (ch'nshiitsutn, n.); čn'ši+t help h/h! (ch'nshit, imp.); s+čn'šít=ew'es confederacy, confederation, league, union, alliance (lit. upholding one another). (sch'nshite'wes, n.); čn'ši+t-n I helped him (lit. I held something for him). (ch'nshitn, vt.); čn'ši+t-n-!š I helped them. (ch'nshitnlsh, vt.); čn'ši+t-s help me hold for. (ch'nshits,); čn'ši+t-s to assist, he aided him (lit. he helped for him). (ch'nshits, vi.); čn'ši+t-s gloss?? (lit. help me hold for you). (ch'nshits, vt.); čn'ši+t-se-s gloss?? He (sg.) helped me. (ch'nshitses, vt.); n'ši+t-s-n I helped you (sg.). č (ch'nshitsn, vt.); čn'ší+t-ulm-n I helped you (pl.). (ch'nshitulmn, vt.); ne? čn'ší-t-s-ex\* Please help me (lit. You (sg.) are to help me). (ne'ch'nshitsekhw, v.)
- Včnt s+čint human being, Indian. (schint, n.); s+miye+s+čínt dignitary, nobleman, arsitocrat, aristocracy, baron, bigwig, blue blood, noble descent (lit. more than ordinary human beings). (smiyeschint, n.); s+ceg<sup>w</sup>e+s+čínt animal magnetism, archetype (lit. animal example, model; model for a human being; talisman, anything that has a magical effect). (stsegweschint, n.); s+m'+m'iy'+es+čin't bourgeois (lit. little nobleman). (sm"mi'yeschi'nt, n.); n+?úk"+s+čín+n bus, cab, taxicab, coach (lit. vehicle for carrying passengers). ('nukwschinn, n.); ?ep+s+čínt there are people/Indians. (epschint, vi.); xem=enč+es+čínt Indian-lover (lit. one who loves Indians). (ghemencheschint, n.); s+<sup>s</sup>em+<sup>s</sup>em+es+čínt animosity, animus, hostility, hate (lit. feeling hostility toward a human being). (s(em(emeschint, n.); s+may+s+xem=enč+as+čínt (note my-) devotion (lit. having a more ardent love for a person). (smaysphemenchaschint, n.); s+čn(t)+coc British, Canada (lit. Indian (or people) of George). (Schntsots, n.); e lu+s+xem=ínč e s+čn(t)+cóc Anglophobe (lit. One who does not love England). (elusqheminch e Schntsots, n.); s+ceg"+es+čint example for a person, model or power of a Shaman. (stsegweschint, n.); s+cug<sup>w</sup>+cug<sup>w</sup>+s+čín't demonstration (lit. teaching a person by one's own example). (stsugwtsuguschi'nt, n.); ceg"e+s+čínt edify (lit. H/s taught others by good example in faith and morals). (tsegweschint, v.); sye+cun+me?+s+čínt a teacher of

human beings. (syetsunme'schint, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>ič+s+čínt seeing people. (sgwichschint, n.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>ič+s+čínt h/s sees people. (etsgwichschint, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ł s+čint+sóc Angles (lit. King George men). (guł schintsots, n.); gwne+s+čínt convoke, summoned (lit. *H/s called people together*). (gwneschint, vt.);  $s+t+k^{*}el'+č+s+x^{*}uv+s+čint$  *He is* going about gathering people. (stkwe'lchskhuyschint, vt.); s+lč'+m+es+čínt coercion (lit. compelling people to do things). (slch'meschint, n.); s+lem+t+m+es+čínt charm (lit. The power or quality of pleasing people). (slemtmeschint, n.); lut s+miyes+čínt commoner (lit. He is not a nobleman). (lut smiyeschint, n.); e lu+s+tem+ne+s+čínt unsociable, unfriendly, cantankerous, perverse (disposition) (lit. One who is not sociable). (elustemneschint, n.); ac+pon'e<sup>?</sup>+m'i+s+čint opportunist (lit. One who takes advantage of others). (atspo'ne"mischint, n.); s+pute?+s+čínt bow, curtsy (lit. showing respect for a person). (spute'schint, n.); ul+s+q<sup>w</sup>ic=ul'mx<sup>w</sup>-s he s+čint Apache (lit. Indian of a warm country). (ul sqwitsu'lmkhws he schint, n.); ul+s+čint+sóc Anglican (lit. pertaining to King George's men). (ul schintsots, adj.); ul+s+čent+sóc ha s+q'"enp' *Canadian sunset.* (ul schentsots ha sq'wenp', n.); sux<sup>w</sup>+s+čint *He recognized a* human being. (sukhwschint, vt.); e temn+es+čínt convivial, kind (lit. He treats others sociably). (etemneschint, vt.); s+temne+s+čínt to entertain, host. (stemneschint, v.); s+taq+aq+nu+s+čínt chicanery, deception (lit. deceiving people). (stagagnuschint, n.); s+mya+s+tag+ag+nu+s+čínt (note my-) coup, extraordinary deception. (smyastaqaqnuschint, n.); s+čint+eł+yilmix\*+m Indian chief, superintendent, Indian agent. (schintelyilmikhm, n.); s+čint+eł+yilmix<sup>w</sup>+m agency. (schintelyilmikhum, n.); s+čint+el+ylmíx\*+m Indian chief, bureaucrat, superintendent. (schintelylmikhum, n.); ul+s+čint he n+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípel?-is democracy (lit. government of the people). (ul schint hentts'uqhwipele'is, n.); miye+s+čínt+m-st-m dignify, ennoble, elevate (lit. h/s was made noble). (miyeschintmstm, vi.)

Včn' čen'+u?š+čn\_šén+n desire I work. (che'nu'shchnshenn, vt.);
čen'+u?š+č\_šén+n desire we work. (che'nu'shchshenn, vt.);
čen'+u?š+k<sup>w</sup>u·\_šén+n desire you (s) works. (che'nu'shkuushenn, vt.);
čen'+u?š+k<sup>w</sup>up\_šén+n desire you (pl) work. (che'nu'shkupshenn, vt.);

čen'+u?š+šén+n *desire h/s works*. (che'nu'shsh<u>e</u>nn, vt.); čen'+u?š+šen+n+lš *desire they work*. (che'nu'shshennlsh, vt.)

Včn' čen' take hold of large object. (che'n, vt.); čen'+m grasp, he took hold of something. (che'nm, vi.); čen'+šeš aid (lit. take hold for someone). (che'nshesh, v.); čen'-n held, pinned (lit. I held it, I pinned him). (che'nn, vi.); sya+čs+čn'=qín chauffeur, coachman (lit. One who holds the head (tip) of the tail (steering wheel). (syachsch'nqin, n.); sye+čen'+šeš aide, butler. (syeeche'nshesh, n.); s+t+čn'= ápala?=qn steering (a horse). (stch'napala'qn, vt.); s+t+čn'=qín' holding the steering wheel. (stch'nqi'n, vt.); s+n+čn'=íple?+n broomstick (lit. handle). (stch'nipele'n, n.); t+čen'+čn'+m cling (lit. He held fast to something physically or emotionally). (tche'nch'nm, v.); u? t+čén'+čn'+m' depend (lit. He just holds on to him, He habitually depends upon him). (u'tche'nch'n', v.); s+t+čn'+čn'+čn'+m dependence (lit. holding on). (stche'nch'nm, n.); s+t+čn'+n'+útm dependability (lit. state of being worthy of holding on to). (stch'nutm, n.); čen'-nt-s he pinned him. (che'nnts, vi.);

**Včn'** čet+če?in'-nt-s disclose (lit. he/she uncovered it, revealed it). (chetche'in'nts, vi.)

**Včn'** s+cen+čn'+p=cín=čt *bracelet, hoop around wrist*. (stsench'np'ts<u>i</u>ncht, n.)

- Včn' n+?ílk'\*=elg\*es+n ha s+n+čn'=íčn' caisson storage (box) for ammunition. ('nilk'welgwesn a snch'n'ichn', n.)
- **Včn'p'** cen+čn'p'=cín=šn *bangle (lit. anklet)*. (tsench'np'ts<u>i</u>nshn, n.); cen+čn'p'= cín-t-s *clasp (lit. He embraced her around the neck)*. (tsench'np'ts<u>i</u>nts, vt.)
- Včn'x<sup>w</sup> čen'x<sup>w</sup> to be touched, come in contact with. (che'nkhw, vi.); e t+čn'x<sup>w</sup>=íw'es contiguous, touching. (lit. They have a common boundary). (etch'nkhwij'wes, adj.); s+čn'x<sup>w</sup>=íw'es contact (lit. a touching together). (sch'nkhwij'wes, n.)
- Včp čip soften. (chip, vi.); č+čí p soft and smooth. (chchí p, adj.); číp+emn cushion, pillow (lit. softener). (chipemn, n.); u číp be unexpectedly soft. (uuchip! excl.); u č+čí p It is nice and soft. (uchchí p, excl.); hn+č+čí p=cn' blarney. (lit. He spoke softly, smoothly). (hnchchí ptsn', n.); čp=qín+n hair (lit. head softener, head cushion). (chpqinn, n.); s+n+č+číp=c'n diplomacy (lit. smoothness of talk). (snchchipts'n, n.); u n+č+číp=cn' affable, diplomatic (lit. He is soft (courteous) in speech). (unchchipts'n, adj.); u x<sup>w</sup>al'á čp=qín+n capillary (lit. It resembles hair). (uqhwa'la chpqinn, n.)

- Včpn ča?pn'+á·l' at least (lit. no matter how little). (cha'p'n<u>aa</u>'l, adj.); ča?pn'+al' at least, no matter how little. (cha'p'na'l, adv.)
- **Včpx**<sup>w</sup> čepx<sup>w</sup> *Snap (body) with finger*. (chepkhw, vt.)
- **Včs** čis *cheese*. (ch<u>i</u>s, n.); u péq he čis *cottage cheese (lit. white cheese)*. (uup<u>e</u>q he chis, n.)
- **Včs** čis=cn *He spoke a long time*. (ch<u>i</u>stsn, vi.)
- Včs čs(=)úps+n tail. (chsupsn, n.); čs for a purpose, goal, cause (lit. tail). (chs- (pref),); s+čs=ups+n tail. (schsupsn, n.); ul+s+čs=úps+n caudal (lit. pertaining to the tail of hind parts). (ul schsupsn, adj.); ?ep+s+čs+s=úps+n' Fernwood, Idaho (lit. It has a little tail). (Epschssups'n, n.)
- Včs s+čs+n+ $\$ él'e+p closure (lit. act of closing door). (schsn(<u>e</u>'lep, n.)
- **√čs** s+čs+n+sík<sup>w</sup>e+k<sup>w</sup>e alcoholism. (schsns<u>i</u>kwekwe, n.)
- **√čš** s+čiš+t *dimension (lit. length)*. (schisht, n.)
- Včš češ accompany. (chesh, vt.); S+češ+n concurrence, consent (lit. going along).
  (scheshn, n.); č'eš-n He accompanied, he went along. Gloss? (ch'eshn, vt.);
  č'éš-nt-eli-s conform (lit. He went along with us. He conformed his behavior with ours). (ch'eshntelis, vt.)
- **Včst** e číst+m ?? berated, chided, bawled out. (lit. He was rebuked harshly). (ech<u>i</u>stm, vi.)
- Včšt s+čše?t+m custody (lit. act of guarding). (schshe'tm, n.)
- Včstq s+ča(=)stq to die roots, digging. (schastq, n.); ča(=)stq to dig roots, she dug roots, camas. (chastq, vt.); s+t+čá(=) stq+n time of year for digging camas. (stchastqn, adv.); i·čá(=)stq She is digging roots. (iichastq, vt.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+s+čá(=)stq She pretended (to go) digging roots. (yuqwe'schastq, v.)
- Včt s=qen=čt *digit, finger, toe.* (-sqencht, suf.)
- **Včt** čet *above, on top of.* (chet, prep.)
- Včt čet-nt-s leaned (lit. he stood up by a person loose someone to lean on). (chetnts, vi.)
- Včt čt=íw'es-nt-m-lš detribalize (lit. they were disorganized). (chti/wesntmlsh, vi.)
- Včt ul+s+čt+ímn critical (lit. belonging to criticism). (ul schtimn, adj.)
- Včt s+čet+w'él'+w'l'č'+mš bowling (lit. rolling on repeatedly). (schet'we'l'w'lch"msh,

- Včt' teč s+čit'+í?+čn Eastern (lit. situated toward the part of the earth which toward the sunrise (rising this way). (tech schit'i'chn, adj.)
- Včtm s+četm+úl butter, cream (lit. that which scraped off the surface of milk). (schetmul, v.); hn+četm+úl+n creamery. (lit. place where butter, etc., are made). (hnchetmuln, n.)
- **Včtm** s+čtim+m *blame, blaming.* (schtimm, vt.)
- Včtm ?ep+s+čtém'+p cloudy, overcast, dim, dull (lit. It has clouds). (epschte'mp, vt.)
- Včw' čew'+t circumference (lit. it is big in circumference). (che'wt, n.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_n+čáw'= qn You (sg.) have a deep voice. (kunch<u>a</u>'wqn, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ł n+čáw'=qn They have deep voices. (gułnch<u>a</u>'wqn, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_g<sup>w</sup>t+n+čáw'=qn You (pl.) have deep voices. (kupgutnch<u>a</u>'wqn, vt.)
- Včwn čáw'n'+š a·c+?ážal amen (lit. would that it be so). (cha'w'nsh aats'aqhal, interj.)
- Včy čay one is enduring, solid, firm. (chay, vi.); čay+p to be hard. (chay(-p), vi.); čay+p dryness (lit. it became hard by dryness). (chayp, adj.); čay+p be hardened. (chayp, vi.); čay+p to get hard (lit. it became hard). (chayp, vi.); s+čay+p bone-dry (lit. that which is hard from dryness). (schayp, adj.); s+č+čáy'+p dried meat, chipped beef. (schcha'yp, n.); s+či+čáy+p dried meat. (schichayp, n.); t+čay+p=cn agape (lit. His mouth became hard). (tchayptsn, adj.); u· čáy It is very firm. (uuchay, vi.); u t+čáy+c'e? crusty (lit. It is hard on the surface). (utchayts'e, adj.); s+č+čay'+p he s+młíč dried salmon. (schcha'yp he smłich, n.)
- **Včy** s+čey+l'x<sup>w</sup>=ílup *bedspread, rug (lit. oversheet)*. (schey'lkhw<u>i</u>lup, n.)
- √čy? č+čéy'e? maternal grandmother. (chche'ye', n.)
- **Včyc'** sya+c+čiyac'+m=šn brake-man (lit. One who tightens the feet (wheels). (syatschiyats'mshn, n.)
- Vč? e s+čí+če? horse, mount. (eschiche', n.); n'+s+či+če?+n' barn (lit. building for horses). ('nschiche'n, n.); hn+°ac+°ac+el'+s+čí+če?+n corral. (lit. enclosure for lassoing horses). (hn(ats(atse'lschiche'n, n.); rope (lit. the means of lassoing a horse). ( (etse'lschiche'n, n.); hn+°ec+el'+s+čí+če?+n hitching post. (hn(etse'lschiche'n, n.); sya+daž+el'+s+či+če? cattle herder. (syadaqhe'lschiche', n.); s+q'ey'+al'+s+čí+če? brand (lit. act of marking animals). (sq'e'ya'lschiche', n.); sye+č+št'+el'+s+čí+če?

**n.)** 

cowboy (lit. One who tends horses, (livestock, or cattle) for another). (syechsht'e'lschiche', n.); S+Xey'+l+S+Č(+Če? (l?) plug, worn out horse. (sqhey'lschiche', n.); S+t+g<sup>w</sup>iš=elx<sup>w</sup>e?+l+S+Č(+Če? curry (lit. rubbing down and cleaning a horse). (stgwishelkhwe'lschiche', vt.); \*k<sup>w</sup>uł+S+Č(+Če? H/S loaned a horse. (k'ut'lschiche', vt.); ?em+n+el'+S+Č(+Če? he fed livestock. (emne'lschiche', vt.); ?esel'+S+Č(+Če? H/s has two horses. (ese'lschiche', vt.); n+?e+dus= el'+S+Č(+Če? H/S traded horses with another person (sg.). ('neduse'lschiche', vt.); g<sup>w</sup>n+el'+S+Č(+Če? (t?) H/s summoned h/h livestock. (gwne'lschiche', vt.); ul+S+ye+Č+Št'+el'+S+Č(+Če? bucolic (lit. belonging to a cattle herder). (ul syechsht'e'lschiche', adj.)

- Vč? hi če? where? which is it? (hiche', inter.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+te·čí+če? (lit. Where are you(s) going?). (chełkustecchiche'?, vt.)
- Vč? či? open, uncover, unveil. (chi', adj.); e n+čí?=us the window is open. (enchi'us, vi.); e čs+n+číy'=ep It (door, gate) is open. (echsnchi'yep, vi.); e čet+če?= íne?-stu-s divulge, unveil (lit. He uncovers it). (echetche'ine'stus, vt.)
- Vč?łs či?łes three. (chi'łes, n.); t+če?łís=elps three pigs, three grizzly bears. (tche'łiselps, n.); t+čí?łes parsón Blessed Trinity (lit. three persons). (Tchiłes Parson, n.); ?upen uł čí?łes thirteen. (upen uł chi'łes, n.) če?łe·l+?úpen thirty. (lit. three times ten). (che'łeelupen, n.)
- Vč° če+če° slender and cylindrical. (checha(, adj.); č+ča°+t to be slender and cylindrical, elg. (chcha(t, vi.); č+ča°=ál'q<sup>w</sup> he is thin, slender, trim. (chcha(<u>a</u>'lqw, vi.); č+čá°+t hair-like, fine and slender. (chch<u>a(t, adj.); če+ča°=al'q<sup>w</sup> thin (lit. he is thin)</u>. (checha(a'lqw, adj.); hn+č+ča°=iłc'e? tube, narrow. (lit. it has a very small internal diameter). (hnchch a(iłt'se', n. or adj.)

**Vč'c'** č'ec' gull[i]ble. (ch'ets', adj.)

Vč'c' e· č'éc' log, stick, rod, pole (lit. The log is lying there). (eech'ets', n.); č'ec'+t= ene?st mountain north of DeSmet (lit. log on rock cliff). (Ch'ets'tene'st, n.); č'c'=ús= e?st precipice, cliff, bluff, brink (lit. edge of a 90° angle, rocky cliff). (ch'ts'use'st, n.); e č'c'+út+m Monumental Peak, a ridge in the Clearwater Mountains in the St. Joe Forest east of Clarkia, Idaho. (Ech'ts'utm, n.)

- Vč'd č'id shade. (ch'id, n.); č'ed be shady. (ch'ed, vi.); s+cen+č'íd shade. (stsench'id, n.); u n+č'íd shady (lit. It is shady inside). (unch'id, adj.); u č'íd dim (lit. It is somewhat (lark, shady). (uuch'id adj.); č'ed+p the winter set in. (ch'edp, vi.); s+č'e?d verge of winter. (sch'e'd, n.); s+č'ed+p late autumn. (sch'edp, n.)
- Vč'g<sup>w</sup>l t+č'íg<sup>w</sup>l cl[i]mber (lit. He climbed). (tch'igul, v.); t+č'íg<sup>w</sup>l+n step ladder. (tch'iguln, n.); s+t+č'íg<sup>w</sup>l+n stair, ladder (lit. means of climbing). (stch'iguln, n.); sye+t+č'íg<sup>w</sup>l climber (lit. One who climbs). (syetch'igul, n.)

**√č'h** č'ih approach, get near. (ch'ih, vi.)

Vč'h s+t+č'íh=ečt right hand, dextr(o)-. (stch'ihecht, n. and suff.); čn'\_t+č'íh=ečt (lit. I am right-handed). (ch'ntch'ihecht, vt.); e t+č'íh=etč (possibly a metathesized form of =č(s)t) to be right-handed. (etch'ihetch, vi.)

**Vč'hy** s+t+č'i háy=us *buttercups*. (stch'iih<u>ay</u>us, pl. n.)

**Vč'l** č'éle? *bark, cradle board*. (ch'<u>e</u>le', n.)

Vč'l hn+č'el'é? (Kalispil). coyote. (hnch'e'le', n.); hn+č'+č'a·l'í Little Coyote, a medicine man. (Hnch'ch'aa'li, n.)

**Vč'l** t+č'l+?el=íne? *He has sharp hearing (lit. He is alert as to the ears).* (tch'l'el<u>i</u>ne', v.) **Vč'lws** s+č'lwis *dead salmon.* (sch'lwis, n.)

Vč'lx<sup>w</sup> č'elx<sup>w</sup> (lit. be receptacle with concave surface down). (ch'elkhw, n.); e<sup>•</sup> č'élx<sup>w</sup> concave (lit. It is laid with the vaulted side down). (eech'elkhw, adj.); s+č'+č'l'x<sup>w</sup>=íłx<sup>w</sup> tent (lit. House turned upside down). (sch'ch"lkhwiłkhw, n.); s+can+č'lx<sup>w</sup>=ápqn canoe (lit. vault covering with the concave side over the head). (stsanch'lkhwapqn, n.); t+č'lx<sup>w</sup>=ip=łx<sup>w</sup> annex (lit. A building added on to another building). (tch'lkhwipłkhw, n.); t+č'lx<sup>w</sup>=íc'e?+is x<sup>w</sup>a s+p'árk<sup>w</sup>=alqs crust (lit. covering (crust) of turtle). (tch'lkhwits'e'is khwa sp'ark'walqs, n.); t+č'lx<sup>w</sup>+í'ce?+n' eggshell (lit. the hard (but brittle) outside covering (as on an egg)). (tch'lkhiwits'e'n, n.); hn+č'+č'el'x<sup>w</sup>=íčn' concave form as one's back. Metaph. a car roof. (hnch'ch'e'lkhwichn', n.); č'elx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s (lit. he lay down something (cup, bowl) upside down). (ch'elkhwnts, vt.)

Vč'm s+č'm=íčn' armament (lit. weapons taken along). (sch'mich'n, n.) Vč'm sye+t+č'm+íš=ew'es chevalier (lit. One rides (horseback)). (syetch'mishe'wes, n.)

- Vč'm t+č'm=ásq'it sky, heaven, atmosphere. (tch'masq'it, n.); t+č'm=asq'it sky, heaven, firmament (lit. vault of the sky). (tch'masq'it, n.); \*t+č'm=ip=łx<sup>w</sup>+n ecology, surface of the earth (lit.outside of a house, surroundings of a house). (tch'mipłkwn, n.); ul+t+č'm=ásq'it celestial (lit. pertaining to the sky or the heavens). (ult ch'masq'it, adj.); a t+č'm=ip=łx<sup>w</sup> outdoors, outside. (atch'mipłkhw, adv.); s+t+miy+iy=íple?-s x<sup>w</sup>e t+č'm=ásq'it tmix<sup>w</sup>=ulmx<sup>w</sup> cosmography, science of what is in the sky and earth. (stmiyiyipele's khwe tch'masq'it twe tmikhulmkhw, n.)
- Vč'm u<sup>·</sup> č'ém It is dark. (uuch' em, adj.); č'em' dark (as night). (ch'e'm, adj.); č'em' to be dark, e.g. night. (ch'e'm, vi.)
- Vč'm čs+n+č'ém=ep door, doorway. (chsnch'emep, n.); hn+č'am=qn brim. (lit. surface of head (of a cup)). (hnch'amqn, n.); hn+č'ém=enč wall. (lit. the surface of the inside). (hnch'emench, n.); s+čet+č'm+c=íłx<sup>w</sup> balcony (lit. surface extending from wall or roof). (schetch'mtsiłkhw, n.)
- Vč'm hn+č'm=íłx<sup>w</sup> burglarize (lit. He took things from a house illegally). (hnch'miłkhw, vi.); hn+č'm=íłx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s rob (lit. he robbed him). (hnch'miłkhwnts, vi.); hn+č'm=íłx<sup>w</sup>-nt-sel-m robbed, despoil, burglarized (lit. My house was burglarized). (hnch'miłkhwntselm, vi.)
- Vč'm s+čet+č'm=íčn'=us brae brow (lit. side of the head). (schetch'mich'nus, n.); s+čet+č'm=íl'=us forehead. (schetch'mi'lus, n.); S+n+č'am=qn apex (lit. top of the head). (snch'amqn, n.); S+n+č'am+č'm=qn apices (lit. tops of heads). (snch'amch'mqn, n.); S+can+č'm'=ápqn' head, back of. (stsanch"mapq'n, n.); hn+č'm=qín=k\*e? Coeur d'Alene, Idaho (lit. waterhead). (Hnch'mqinkwe', n.); s+ni?+č'm=áw'as=qn chest (lit. The top of the head). (sni'ch'ma'wasqn, n.); s+n+č'm=íčn' back, derriere (lit. surface of the back). (snch'mich'n, n.); S+n+č'm= íčn'-s carapace (lit. the back of a turtle). (snch'mich'ns, n.); s+t+č'em=g<sup>w</sup>l abdomen, belly. (stch'emgul, n.); ul+s+t+č'em=g<sup>w</sup>l celiac (lit. of or relating to the abdomen). (ul stch'emgul, adj.); hn+č'm=íp derriere, bottom, buttocks. (hnch'mip, n.); s+čet+č'ém+č'm=ups buttocks. (schetch'emch'mups, n.); s+čet+č'ém=ups buttocks, hind end, breech. (schetch'emups, n.); s+t+č'em=ci-s bill, his beak. (stch'emtsis, n.); S+t+č'em=cn mouth, beak, bill. (stch'emtsn, n.); s+č'm=íp=ens chin. (sch'mipens, n.); s+čet+č'ém=cn upper lip. (schetch'emtsn, n.);

s+cen+č'ém+č'm=us cheeks. (stsench'emch'mus, n.); s+cen+č'ém=us cheek. (stsench'emus, n.); s+cen+č'em=cn neck. (stsench'emtsn, n.); s+ni?+č'ám=i?qs nose (surface of the). (sni'ch'ami'gs, n.); č'am' a+lut xál+xalex" toothless, he no longer has his teeth. (ch'a'm alut ghalghalekhw, adj.); s+cen+č'm+p'=cín=čt bracelet. (stsench'mp'tsincht, n.); s+cen+č'm+cín=čt wrist, carpus. (stsench'mtsincht, n.); ul+sc+en+č'm=cín=čt carpal (anat.). (ul stsench'mtsincht. adj.); či·+č'ím=čt+m h/s took a handful this way. (chiich'imchtm, vt.); s+cen+č'm= cín=sn' ankle. (stsench'mtsins'n, n.); s+cen+č'm+č'm=cín=šn ankles. (stsench'mch'mtsinshn, n.); \*s+č'a'=qin'=šn' knee, knee cap, knee joint. (sch's'qi'nsh'n, n.); \*s+can+čm=ážn armpit (lit. surface of under arm). (stsanchmaghn, n.); s+can+č'm=axn armpit. (stsanch'maghn, n.); s+č'm=áxn edge (lit. extreme border; outer side of arm). (sch'maghn, n.); s+t+č'm+č'm=ós=axn shoulders. (stch'mch'mosaghn, pl. n.); s+t+č'ám=alg=šn calf (lit. surface of the leg). (stch'amalqshn, n.); s+t+č'am+č'm=alq=šn legs. (stch'amch'malqshn, n.); s+n+č'ám=alq=šn crotch (lit. the surface of fork formed by the junction of legs). (snch'amalqshn, n.); s+ni<sup>2</sup>+č'm=ús=šn clitoris (lit. surface (covering) of "small hill" at upper end of vulva. (sni'ch'musshn, n.);

- **√č'm** č'im'+n *horn, antler*. (ch'i'mn, n.)
- Vč'm' č'am' left, left over, left out, remaining. (ch'a'm, adj.)
- **√č'm'** s+č'im' wood chuck, marmot. (sch'<u>i</u>'m, n.)
- Vč'mc hn+č'm'cí Clark's Fork, Idaho. (Hnch"mtsi, n.)
- **Vč'mi** č'ímul *pine needle*. (ch'<u>i</u>mul, n.)
- Vč'n č'+č'en'e? little, diminutive, bit, a small piece or amount. (ch'ch'e'ne', adj.);
  č'+č'n'e?+ilš decrease, grow smaller (lit. it became small or smaller). (ch'ch"ne'ilsh,
  vi.); č'+č'n'e?+il'š=sn diminish. (ch'ch"ne'i'lshsn, vt.); hn+č'+č'án'a?=al'qs cheap,
  inexpensive. (lit. the road is small (narrow)). (hnch'ch'a'na'a'lqs, adj.); č'n'+čn'e?=
  cin'+m'n' belittle (lit. Make small by word of mouth). (ch'nch'ne'tsi'n'm'n, v.);
  č'+č'en'e? he wl+wlim chicken feed (lit. small money, trifling amount of money).
  (ch'ch'e'ne' he wlwlim, n.); č+č'n'+čn'+e?=cin'+m'-n't-s belittle (lit. he spoke of him as small or unimportant). (ch'ch"ne'tsi'n'm'nts, vt.); č'+č'n'e?=il'š-st-m'

ci<sup>?</sup>+m'e-nt-se-s decry (lit. he spoke of me as little, he belittled me openly). (ch"nch"ne'tsi'n'me'ntses, vi.)

Vč'n č'in be dangerous. (ch'in, vi.); č'ín+č'in+t danger, breakneck, dangerous.
(ch'inch'int, n.); č'ín+č'in+t It is hazardous. (ch'inch'int, vi.); i č'i+č'in+mscút desperate (lit. He is putting himself in a very dangerous situation). (ich'ich'inmstsut, adj.)

Vč'n č'n'+n'=úlumx" name of Don George's ancestor. (ch"n'nu'lumkhw, n.)

- Vč'n hn+č'n'+n'+mełi·+t+s+pú?s come. (lit. his heart came to its own position). (hnch"n'nmełiitspu's, vt.)
- Vč'np' č'enp' clasp, encircle. (ch'enp', vt.); č'np'=áxn armlet, bracelet. (sch'np'aqhn, n.); č'enp'-nt-s cuddle, hug, fondle. (ch'enp'nts, vi.)
- Vč'n' a t+č'án'=qn bouffant, Afro (Hairdo) (lit. H/h hair is puffed out). (atch'a'nqn, vi.)
- Vč'n' č'en' one round object lies. (ch'e'n, vt.); č'en'+n' it (ball) fell on the ground. (ch'e'n'n, vt.); s+č'n'=álpq<sup>w</sup> cowbell (lit. that (ball that strikes a bell) which is hung to the (anterior portion of the) neck). (sch"nalpqw, n.); s+n+č'n'=íčn cartridge, ammunition (lit. ball on the back). (snch"nichn, n.; t+č'én'+g<sup>w</sup>ul person with bulging stomach. (tch'e'ngul, n.)
- **Vč'n'** čs+n+č'en'=ípn *deadlock*, *padlock*. (chsnch'e'n<u>i</u>pn, n.)
- Vč'n' s+can+č'n'+č'n'+p=áxn' vest, corset. (stsanch"nch"npaqh'n, n.)
- Vč'px<sup>w</sup> č'epx<sup>w</sup> *He (mouse) was trapped*. (ch'<u>ep</u>khw, vi.); č'epx<sup>w</sup> *to trap (lit. it was trapped*). (ch'<u>ep</u>khw, vi.)
- Vč'p' č'ip' pinch. (ch'ip', vt.); \*č'ip'+mncut dawdles, loiters (lit. he pinched himself). (ch'ipmntsnt, adj.); č'íp'+č'ep'+t dilatory, dawdles (lit. he is slow). (ch'ip'ch'ep't, adj.)

Vč'p'x<sup>w</sup> č'ep'x<sup>w</sup> clip, click. (ch'ep'khw, vt.); č'p'ux<sup>w</sup> click (lit. It went click). (ch'p'ukhw! n.); č'p'x<sup>w</sup>+mín+n clip, pincher, pliers (lit. a device for fastening). (ch'p'khuminn, n.); č'p'+č'p'x<sup>w</sup>+m'ín'+n' scissors, clippers (lit. instrument for clipping). (ch'p'ch'p'khu'mi'n'n, n.); t+č'p'x<sup>w</sup>+mín<sup>\*</sup> clothespin (lit. a clip for fastening clothes on a line). (tch'p'khuminn, n.); č'ep'x<sup>w</sup>-n clip (lit. I clipped it (paper, etc.). (ch'ep'khwn, vt.); č'ep'x<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He clipped it. (ch'ep'khwnts, vt.); č'ep'x<sup>w</sup>-nt-s to clip, trim off. (ch'ep'khwnts, vt.)

Vč'r a n+č'ar=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> trench, furrow, groove, dike, ditch, channel. (anch'ar<u>u</u>'lmkhw, n.);

hn+n+č'ar=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> ditch, trench. (lit. It is my trench cut in the earth). (hnnch'ar<u>u</u>'lumkhw, n.)

**Vč'r** č'ar band lies without exerting pressure. (ch'ar-)

- Vč'r č'ar cut flimsy object with shears. (ch'ar, vt.); č'ar to cut (light or flimsey objects with shears). (ch'ar, vt.); ni?+č'+č'ar'=ál'q<sup>w</sup> Sanders, Idaho (lit. a cut in the woods). (Ni'ch'ch'a'r<u>a</u>'lqw, n.)
- Vč'r č'ar+p animal swims. (ch'arp, vi.); č'ar+p to swim (referring to an animal). (ch'arp, vi.); hn+č'ar+p He (animal) swam. (hnch'arp, vi.); s+n+č'ar+p to swim. (animal). (snch'arp, v.)
- Vč'r'p' č'ar'p'=qín'=čt ring (for the finger). (ch'a'rp'qi'ncht, n.); s+can+č'arp'=áxn corona (lit. ring around the armpits or ring around the planet or star or moon). (stsanch'arp'aqhn, n.)
- √č's č'es be bad. (ch'es, vi.); č'e?š condescend. (ch'e'sh, vi.); č'es+t bad. (ch'est, adj.); č'es+t bad, mean, overbearing, brutal, cruel, contemptuous, scornful, despicable. (ch'est, adj.); č'es+t to be mean, cruel, bad (lit. He is...). (ch'est, vi.); s+č'es+t brutality, cruelty. (sch'est, n.); lut č'es+t s.t. wrong w/ gloss amoral (lit. It is not bad). (lut ch'est, adj.); s+č'és+mncut delinguency (lit. making oneself bad). (sch'esmntsut, n.); s+č'es=q(n+m defecation (lit. excretion through the intestines). (sch'esqinm, n.); \*s+č's+č's+níx" abhorred. (sch'schsnikhw, v.); č's=qin+m h/s threw off (waste matter) from the body. (ch'sqinm, vt.); č's=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> badlands. (ch'su'lmkhw, n.); s+č'és=ep skunk (lit. bad bottom). (sch'esep, n.); s+č's=cn Billingsgate, curse, foul-mouthed abuse. (sch'stsin, n.); s+č's=íčt+mn abuse (lit. treating wrongly with the hand). (sch'sichtmn, n.); č's+č's=ci·n'=íye? dispute (lit. He exchanged mean words with another). (ch'sch'stsii'niye', n.); +č'is=etc'e=g<sup>w</sup>et a boor, (lit. one with bad manners). (Ich'iseltsegwet, n.); č'és+mncut delinquent (lit. He made himself a delinquent). (ch'esmntsut, n.); hn+č'es+n sin, wrongdoing, depravity, condition of being bad, evil. (hnch'esn, n.); hn+č's=ílg<sup>w</sup>es lit. He is mean as to the heart, unkind, bad-tempered, brutal. (hnch'silgwes, adj.); hn+č's=ítk"e? stagnant. (lit. bad water, bitter water). (hnch'sitkwe', adj.); č's=ci·n'+út+m outrageous, abominable (lit. it is accursed). (ch'stsii'nutm, adj.); s+č's+č's=ci·n'= iy'e? bicker, guarrel, argue, brawl, exchanging mean words). (sch'sch'stsii'ni'ye', v.);

č's+č's=ci·n'=iy'e?+l'š debate (lit. they quarreled). (ch'sch'stsii'ni'ye"lsh, vi.); s+č's+t+íl'š demoralization (lit. becoming spoiled). (sch'stilsh, n.); s+č's+t=íl'š+m depravation (lit. making someone/ something bad). (sch'sti'lshm, n.); s+č's+t+mín+šeš contempt, scorn, disdain (lit. treating as bad). (sch'stminshesh, n.); s+n+č'es+č's+t+mncút to be sorry, to feel remorse. (snch'esch'stmntsut, v.); s+n+č'ss+m=ílg wes antipathy (lit. feeling aversion at the heart). (snch'ssmilgwes, n.); s+ni?+č'és+č's+s+m=enč constipation, upset stomach (lit something going wrong with the bowels). (sni'ch'esch'ssmench, n.); hn+la?p=alqs č'es+t atrocious. (lit. He is extremely evil). (hnla'palgs ch'est, adj.); s+č's+?óg<sup>w</sup>n' (k<sup>w</sup>?) a person about whom lies are told. Telling lies about others, slander, gossip. (sch'yoqw'n, n.); č's+eł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t cad, churl (lit. He has bad mannersan ungentlemanly man). (ch'seltsegwt, n.); s+č's=cín+mn le n+g<sup>w</sup>ís+t blasphemy (lit. cursing Heaven, speaking evil of the One on High). (sch'stsinmn lengwist, n.); č's+el+cég"+t he s+míy'em cotquean (lit. woman of bad manners (nature). (ch'seltsegwt he smi'yem, n.); |+č'is+t'éde?e very slick grass on hills. (lch'ist'ede'e, n.); č's+č's+tmen+ł+le·swíp anti-Semite. (ch'sch'stmenł leeswip, n.); s+t+mí-nt-s He

hated him, H/s resented it very much. (ch'stmints, vt.); č's=cín+m-nt-s assail, damn, curse (lit. he spoke evil words to him). (ch'stsinmnts, vi.); č's=cin+m-nt-s x\*a žes+t blasphemy, profanity. (ch'stsinmnts khwa qhest, n.); č's=íčt+me-nt-s botch (lit. He repaired it clumsily). (ch'sichtments, vt.); či+s+č's+č's=čsn-íx\*-s distain, despise (lit. h/s loathes me). (chisch'sch'schsnikhws, n.); č's+t+íl'š-st-m deprave, h/s was spoiled (lit. He was caused to become bad). (ch'sti'lshstm, vt.); č's+t+íl'š-stu-s deprave, corrupt (lit. He made it bad). (ch'sti'lshstus, vi.); tel' ci? č'es+íl'š-st-m degenerate (lit. He was made worse). (te'l tsi ch'esti'lshstm, v.)

**Vč't** č'et *beat*, *tick*. (ch'et, vt.)

- Vč't č'íte? be near. (ch'ite', vi.); č'+č'íte? close, rear. (ch'ch'ite', adj.); č'+č'ite? to be near, close. (ch'ch'ite', vi.); t+č'íte-m'-nt-s to approach (lit. He came close to him). (tch'ite'mnts, v.)
- **Vč't** s+č'et=elt *cat's-paw*, *dupe*, *credulous*, *gullible* (*lit. son or daughter easily deceived*). (sch' <u>e</u>telt, n.)

- **Vč't** u<sup>•</sup> č't+č't *lit. He laughed quietly, chuckling by nodding repeatedly.* (uuc<u>h</u>'tch'tch't, vi.)
- Vč'ť' č'ť' brown. (ch'ť, n.); t+č'ť+ť'=elx<sup>™</sup> brown (lit. a horse with brown fur (hide). (tch'<u>t</u>ť'elkhw, adj.)
- Vč't' č'et' cut off completely, sever, separate. (ch'et', vi.); č'et' to chop, cut off completely. (ch'et', vi.); hn+č't'=us-nt-m decapitated. (lit. He was decapitated). (hnch't'<u>u</u>sntm, adj.)
- Vč'ť čeť +č'eť blackbird. (cheť ch'eť, n.); i n+s+č'áť +č'ať +iš for exp chirrup (lit. The bird is uttering a series of chirps). (isch'ať ch'atish, vi.)
- **√č'w** č'ew *nostalgic*. (ch'ew, adj.)
- Vč'w č'iwe father of deceased mother. (ch'iwe, n.)
- Vč'w č'u absent, gone, missing. (ch'u, adj.); č'u away, gone, absent. (ch'u, adj.); č'u·blank, empty, nothing there. (ch'uu! adj.); č'uw absent (lit. He is absent). (ch'uw! vi.);
  č'uw He is absent. (ch'uw!, vi.); S+č'uw absence (lit. being gone away). (sch'uw, n.);
  č'uw+č'uw=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> eerie, weird. (lit. It is a territory that is usually without people, a lonely, weird, mysterious place). (ch'uwch'uwu'lumkhw, adj.); č'uw+ín'š barely, hardly. (ch'uwi'nsh, adv.); hn+č'uw+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es lit. He was lonely. (hnch'uwpilgwes, adj.)
- **Vč'w'** č'ew' to be large, cylinder shaped. (ch'e'w, adj.)
- Vč'w' hn+č'aw'=qn bass, basso. (lit. He has a wide girth at the head, he has a deep (low) voice). (hnch'a'wqn, n.); hn+č'+č'aw'=qn baritone. (lit. little deep voice). (hnch'ch'a'wqn, n.); čn\_hn+č'aw'=qn I have a deep voice. (chn(h)nch'a'wqn, vi.); čn\_n+č'aw'=qn I have a deep voice. (chnnch'a'wqn, vt.); č\_g<sup>w</sup>uł+n+č'áw'=qn lit. we have deep voices. (chgułnch'a'wqn, vt.)
- Vč'w' t+č'éw'=ečt bough, limb (lit. a large arm (hand)). (tch'e'wecht, n.); č'uw'+íl'=k<sup>w</sup>e? billow, comber (lit. a large wave). (ch'u'wi'lkwe', n.)
- Vč'x<sup>w</sup> č'ix<sup>w</sup> lean against. (ch'<u>i</u>khw, vi.); hn+č'ux<sup>w</sup>+č'ux<sup>w</sup>=áp=en'e?+m' slept. (lit. H/s laid his head against (something)). (hnch'ukhwch'ukhwape'ne"m, vt.); e<sup>.</sup> č'íx<sup>w</sup>= p+en-s He is leaning on his chin. (eech'<u>i</u>khwpens, vi.)
- **√č'x<sup>w</sup>** č'ix<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He opened it; he removed or lifted it (ie. lid). (ch'ikhwnts, vt.)

- √č'x<sup>w</sup> č'ux<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>á? almost, approximate. (lit. slightly short of, not quite, just so much). (ch'ukhukhwa', adj.); č'ux<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>á? almost. (ch'ukhukhwa', adv.)
- **√č'x<sup>w</sup>** i<sup>•</sup> č'éx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> consumptive (lit. He is consumptive). (iich'<u>e</u>khukhw, adj.); s+č'éx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> asthma, consumption. (sch'<u>e</u>khukhw, n.)

**√č'x**<sup>w</sup> u<sup>·</sup> č'áx<sup>w</sup> clack (lit. It went "clack"). (uuch'<u>a</u>khw, vi.)

Vč'ž č'až shove, move to one side. (ch'aqh, vi.); č'až+až=ípep he moved along on his buttocks. (ch'aqhaqhipep, vi.); č'áž+až+m move (lit. it became moved, it moved). (ch'aqhaqhm, vt.); č'+č'až+až+m' budge, it was budged. (ch'ch'aqhaqh'm, vi.); č'až+m-st-m remove (he was removed). (ch'aqhmstm, vt.); č'áž+m-stu-s remove (lit. he removed it). (ch'aqhmstus, vt.)

**√č'×**č'e**×***rub against.* (ch'eqh, vt.)

- **√č'x** č'éx=q'n *loon, helldiver*. (ch'<u>e</u>qhq'n, n.)
- √č'? č'e?+č'e?=šn+mí-nt-se-x<sup>™</sup> condescend (lit. You (a noble) humbled yourself before a humble person (me). (ch'e'ch'e'shnmintsekhw, vi.)
- **Vč'?m** ul+s+X<sup>w</sup>t'+í? he č'í?m-is *Capricornus (lit. horn that belongs to the goat)*. (ul sqhwt'<u>i</u>'he ch'<u>i</u>'mis, n.)
- Vč'<sup>cw</sup> č'e<sup>cw</sup> pray. (ch'e(w, vi.); a t+č'é<sup>cw</sup>=pele? blessed, consecrated (lit. Divine favor was invoked upon h/h/i). (atch'e(wpele', vi.); hn+t+c'e<sup>cw</sup>+emn altar, Christian Church, place for praying, place of worship. (hntch'e(wemn, n.); s+t+č'é<sup>cw</sup>+m congregation, fellowship, prayer, to pray. (lit. praying (together)). (stch'e(um, n. vi.); s+n+t+č'é<sup>cw</sup>+emn church, chapel (lit. A meeting place for prayer). (sntch'e(wemn, n.); s+t+č'e<sup>cw</sup>=pele? benediction, benison, blessing, consecration, dedication (lit. praying for the origin of one). (stch'e(wpele', n.); u+s+n+č'é<sup>cw</sup>+emn us? ecclesiastical. (us ulsnch'e(wemn, adj.); t+č'e<sup>cw</sup>+ple?-nt-s bless, pray over. (tch'e(wple'nts, v.); t+č'é<sup>cw</sup>+pele?-nt-s dedicate (lit. He prayed for its special use). (tch'e(wple'nts, v.)
- **√d** de + dé *a child's word for food*. (deede, n.)

√d du<sup>•</sup>+du insect, bug (a child's word). (duudu, n.)

Vdk'<sup>w</sup> dik'<sup>w</sup> turn about in going (cross face). (dik'w, vi.); di?k'<sup>w</sup> cross. (di'k'w, vt.);
č+di?k'<sup>w</sup> Monday. (Chdi'k'w, n.); s+n+dí?k'<sup>w</sup>+n crossing (lit. the place at which a river or other obstacle can be crossed). (snd<u>i</u>'k'wn, n.); hn+d+ak?k'<sup>w</sup>=qin' afternoon,

midday (lit. that which goes over the middle of the head). (hndda'k'wqi'n, n.); hn+de?k'<sup>w</sup>=us=iw'es+n crosswalk. (lit. a street crossing marked for pedestrians). (hnde'k'uusi'wesn, n.); hn+d+da?k'<sup>w</sup>=qin' afternoon (lit. (the sun) passed overhead). (hndda'k'wqi'n, n.); hn+da?k'<sup>w</sup>=qn lit. He went overhead. (hnda'k'wqn, vi.); e· dik'<sup>w</sup>= s+m H/s/i goes back, returns, recedes, ebbs. (eedik'wsm, vi.); čn\_n+dik'<sup>w</sup> I crossed the stream, river. (chnndi'k'w, vi.); \*čn\_n+dek'<sup>w</sup>+s=iw'es cross, cross over (lit. I crossed the street, valley, etc..). (chnnde'k'uswi'wes, vt.); čn\_n+dek'<sup>w</sup>+us=iw'es I crossed the street. (chnnde'k'usi'wes, vi.)

**Vdl** s+č+dl=ilt defending one's offspring. (schdlilt, v.); s+č+dél=łc'e<sup>2</sup> apologetic (lit. defending another person). (schdelits'e', vt.); č+dél-nt You defend him/her. (chdelnt, vt. (imper.)); č+dél+ncut assert ones rights, (lit. he defended himself) (chdelntsut, vt.); č+dél-n defend, guard, shield, protect. (lit. I defended him/her). (chdeln, vt.); č+dél-n defend (lit. I defended them). (chdelnlsh, vt.); č+dél-nt-s-n I defended you (s). (chdelntsn, vt.); č+dél-nt-ul-m-n I defended you (pl). (chdelntulmn, vt.); hn-i? \_č+dél+m I am defending h/h. (hi'chdelm, vt.); e č+dél-s-n defend, intercede for, speak on one's behalf. (lit. I defend h/h/i.). (echdelsn, vt.); e č+dél-s-n-lš I defend them. ( echdelsnlsh.); e č+dél-st-m-n I defend you (sg.). (echdelstmn, vt.); e č+dél-st-ulm-n I defend you (pl.). (echdelstulmn, vt.); kw\_i?-č+dél+m I am defending you (sg.). (kwi'chdelm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi?-č+dél+m I am defending you (pl). (kuphi'chdelm, vt.); hn-i? č+dél+m-lš I am defending them. (hi'chdelmlsh, vt.); čeł, hi-s+č+dél+m defend (lit. I will defend h/h). (chełhischdelm, vt.); čeł \_hi-s+č+dél+m-lš I will defend them. (chełhischdelmlsh, vt.); čeł, k<sup>w</sup>up, hi-s+č+dél+m defend, protect (lit. I will defend you). (chełkuphischdelm, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u i-s+č+dél+m (*lit. I will defend you(s*). (chełkwischdelm, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-n I am going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdeln, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-n-lš I am going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelnlsh, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-s-n I am going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsn, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-ulm-n I am going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmn, vt.); č+dél-nt-x" you (s) defended him/her. (chdelntkhw, vt.); č+dél-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (s) defended me. (chdelntsekhw, vt.); e č+dél-st-x<sup>w</sup> You defend h/h/i. (echdelstkhw, vt.); e č+dél-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) defend me. (echdelstmekhw, vt.);čeł\_?i-s+č+dél+m you

(s) will defend h/h. (cheł'ischdelm, vt.); čeł\_čn\_?i-s+č+dél+m you (s) will defend me. (chełchn'ischdelm, vt.); i?-č+dél+m You (sg.) are defending h/h. (i'chdelm, vt.); čn\_?i+?+č+dél+m you (sg.) are defending me. (chn'i'chdelm, vt.); čeł čn ?i-s+č+del+m you (sg.) are to defend me. (chełchn'ischdelm, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdelntkhw, vt.): k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-se-x<sup>#</sup> You (sg.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntsekhw, vt.); č+dél-nt-m He was defended. (chdelntm, vt.); č+dél-nt-se-s He/she defended me. (chdelntses, vt.); č+dél-nt-si-s he/she defended you (s). (chdelntsis, vt.); e č+dél-st-me-s H/s defends me. (echdelstmes, vt.); e č+dél-st-mi-s H/s defends vou (sg.). (echdelstmis, vt.); čeł či s+č+dél+m-s h/s will defend me. (chełchischdelms, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+č+dél+m-s (*lit. h/s will defend you (s*)). (chełkuschdelms, vt.); č\_y'c+č+dél+m-s h/s is defending me. (chi'chdelms, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u y' č+dél+m-s H/S is defending you (sg). (ku'ychdelms, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-s-es H/s is going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntses, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-si-s H/s is going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsis, vt.); č+dél-nt-ul you (pl) defended him/her (imperative). (chdelntul, vt.); č+dél-nt-sel-p You (pl) defended me. (chdelntselp, vt.); č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš you (pl) defended them. (chdelntkhwlsh, vt.); e č+dél-st-me-lp You (pl.) defend. me. (echdelstmelp, vt.); e č+dél-st-x\*-lš You (pl.) defend them. (echdelstkhwlsh, vt.); čeł či s+č+dél+m-p you (pl) will defend me. (chełchischdelmp, vt.); čeł ?i-s+č+dél+m-lš you (pl) will defend them. (cheł'ischdelmlsh, vt.); čn\_?i+?+č+dél-mp you (pl.) are defending me. (chn'i'chdelmp, vt.); i?-č+dél+m-lš You (pl.) are defending them. (i'chdelmlsh, vt. Gloss: You (sg) are defending them.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntselp, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl..) are going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelntkhwlsh, vt.); č+dél-nt-se-s-lš They defended me. (chdelntseslsh, vt.); č+dél-nt-si-s-lš they defended you (pl). (chdelntsislsh, vt.); e č+dél-st-me-s-lš They defend me. (echdelstmeslsh, vt.); e č+dél-st-mi-s-elš They defend you (pl.). (echdelstmiselsh, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-s-es-lš They are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntseslsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-ulmi-s They are going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmis, vt.); č\_y'c+č+dél+m-s-lš lit. they are defending me. (chi'chdelmslsh, vt.); kwup\_?i\_č+dél+m-s-lš They are defending

you (pl.). (kup'ichdelmslsh, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+č+dél+m-lš they will defend me. (chełchischdelmlsh, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+č+dél+m-lš (lit. they will defend you (pl)). (chełkupschdelmlsh, vt.)

Vdl dul sing warsong. (dul, vi.)

Vdl del sit up like animal. (del, vi.); e. dél+dl+ut The dogs are on their haunches, seated. (eedeldlut, vi.); e. dél+ut The dog is on his haunches, seated. (eedelut, vi.)

Vdl s+ídl=emš Jocko Valley Indians of Montana, Salish. (Sidlemsh, n.)

**Vdlk'**<sup>w</sup> delk'<sup>w</sup> cover entirely with cloth. (delk'w, vt.)

Vdlm delím He galloped (lit. He went riding a galloping horse). (delim, vi.); č+dlám= alq<sup>w</sup> train (lit. he galloped on the log). (chdlamalqw, n.); č+dl+dlám=alq<sup>w</sup> trains. (chdldlamalqw, n.); hn+dlám=alqs lit. He galloped along the road. (hndlamalqs, vt.)

**Vdln'** delen'+le+s+č+íče? *cause (lit. He caused his horse to gallop)*. (delen'lesch<u>i</u>che', vt.)

Vdlq'<sup>w</sup> dolq'<sup>w</sup> person is strong. (dolq'w, n.); dól+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t almighty, omnipotent (lit. all powerful). (doldolq'wt, adj.); dól+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t he is powerful, strong, virtuous, athletic. (doldolq'wt, adj.); s+dól+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t power, strength, virtue, brawn, muscular power. (sdoldolq'wt, n.); \*xam+ac'am'+t+dol+dólq'<sup>w</sup>+t burly, husky (lit. He is heavy-boned and strong). (qhamast'a'm t doldolq'wt, vi.); hn+dol+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t+il'š+n confirmation (sacrament of) (lit. means of becoming strong). (hndoldolq'wtij'lshn, n.); ti?x<sup>w</sup>+et+n+dol+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t+il'šn confirmed. (ti'khwethdoldolq'wtij'lshn, v.); dol+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t+il'š-st-m confirm, enable (lit. he was strengthened). (doldolq'wtij'lshstm, vt.)

Vdl? s+dílu? whip, switch. (sdilu', n.)

Vdl' dul' run away. (du'l, vi.); č+dúl'+mncut to elope, run away. (chdu'lmntsut, vi.)

√dl' e dél' bush, shrub, a low branching woody plant. (eede'l, n.)

Vdl'p č+del'p+díl'p bat (mammal). (chde'lpdi'lp, n.)

Vdł dił rustle, shake. (dił, vt.)

Vdł duł+duł+p poplar tree. (dułdułp, n.); dar+eł+dúł+duł+p poplar, species of (lit. small, round leaves that rustle-white bark with spots and stripes). (darełdułdułp, n.); s+dar+eł+dúł+duł=(ł)p poplars with small round leaves. (sdarełdułdułp, n.) Vdł he? de?ł of course. (he'de'ł, adv.)

- **Vdłm** s+miye+ł+díłm+šeš concussion (lit. more than ordinary jarring). (smiyełd<u>i</u>łmshesh, n.)
- Vdm a·dám Adam. (Aadam, n.)
- Vdm dem be very old. (dem, vi.); dém decrepit (lit. H/s grew old). (demm, adj.); i dém+m effete (lit. He is wearing out as a result of age). (iidemm, adj.); s+dem+m old age, decrepid age. (sdemm, n.)
- Vdm dm=íne? nest, birdhouse. (dmine', n.); hn+č+dm=íne?=k<sup>w</sup>e? Mochtelme Creek. (lit. nest creek). (Hnchdmine'kwe', n.)
- Vdm s+dum=cn intimate friend, bosom friend, chum. (sdumtsn, n.); s+dum=cn=iw'es chum (lit. They are close friends). (sdumtsnii'wes, vi.)

Vdn di ní Denny. (Diini, n.); den Dan (prop name). (Den, n.)

- Vdn' u. dún' It suddenly moved. (uudu'n, v.)
- **√dnyl** de•nyél *Daniel*. (Deeny<u>e</u>l, n.)
- Vdpt da pít David. (Daapit, n.)
- Vdq' daq' peer through cracks. (daq', vi.)
- Vdq'<sup>w</sup> doq'<sup>w</sup> wood is rotten. (doq'w, n.)
- Vdr dar curved objects stand with concave surface up. (dar, vi.); ?ał+dár=enč sun, moon. (ałdarench, n.); ?ał+d+dar'=ín'č clock, chronometer, sundial, watch, timepiece, little sun. (ałdda'riinch, n.); ?apł+?ał+dar=enč to be sunny, clear (lit. It has sun). (apł'ałdarench, vi.); s+can+q'<sup>w</sup>enp'+eł+?ał+dár=enč eclipse (lit. sun/moon going behind something). (stsanq'wenp'eł'ałdarench, n.); s+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>=íp+m-s ha ?ł+dár=enč calends, the first day of the month (lit. its beginning what is a moon). (st'uk'uk'wipms ha'łdarench, n.)
- Vdr ča+dar+mín+n table for pots, pans, pails. (chadarminn, n.); dáre-nt-s He set the table (lit. He set vessels upright). (darents, vt.)
- Vdr dar+eł+dúł+duł+p poplar, species of (lit. small, round leaves that rustle-white bark with spots and stripes). (darełdułdułp, n.); s+dar+eł+dúł+duł=(ł)p poplars with small round leaves. (sdarełdułdułp, n.)
- Vds des camp. (des, n.); des+t he camped, encamp. (dest, vi.); e ci+ds+t at night. (eetsidst, n.); s+des+t to camp, camping. (sdest, vt.); si+dis+t during the night,

overnight. (sidist, adv.); s+ds+tíł+mš He travelled by night. (sdstilmsh, v.); hn+des+n camp, campground. (lit. place where people camp). (hndesn, n.)

Vds n+?e+dus=g<sup>w</sup>i·l=íw'es H/S traded cars (or other vehicle) with another person. ('nedusgwiilii'wes, vt.); n?e+du·s=íw'es to trade, barter (lit. He traded). ('neduusii'wes, v.); n+?e+dus=el'+s+čí+če? H/S traded horses with another person (sg.). ('neduse'lschiche', vt.)

**Vds** dis *appear*. (dis, vi.)

**Vdš** déš+š+i? the number decreased, it lessened, it diminished. (deshshi', vi.); deš+š+i? diminish, grow smaller, lessen (lit. It grew smaller; it diminished). (deshshi', vi.)

Vdščq<sup>w</sup> déščeq<sup>w</sup>e husband's brother, sister's husband. (deshcheqwe, n.)

- Vdw a dwá Edward, a Coeur d'Alene chief of the 1800's. (Aadwa, n.); pan' a dwá She is Mrs. Edward. (pa'n Aadwa, vi.)
- Vdx<sup>w</sup> n'e+dx<sup>w</sup>=u⋅s=íw'es alternate (lit. It alternated, It changed places, that which occurs in successive turns). ('nedkhuus<u>i</u>'wes, v.)
- Vdx" dex" lower, descend, dismount. (dekhw, vi.); dex" It was dropped. (dekhw, vt.); dex"+t it fell (off), he fell down, he dropped. (dekhwt, vt.); dex"+mncut descend (lit. he went down). (dekhwmntsut, v.); dux"+mncút+n chute (lit. m.o. lowering oneself-an inclined trough or passage down which things can pass). (dukhwmntsutn, n.); \$+déx"+mncut catabasis (lit. putting oneself down). (sdekhwmntsut, n.); hn+déx"+x"+n envy, jealousy. (hndekhukhwn, n.); hn+dux"+m=qín+m (lit. He came down (from the mountain) (headlong)). (hndukhomqinm, vt.); hn+dux"+p= ílg"es despond, discourage. (lit. He was lowered in heart. He became sorrowful). (hndukhwpilgwes, vt.); \$+dux"+t=íl'=k"e? waterfall, cascade. (sdukhwti'lkwe', n.); s+n+dox"+m=qín+m cataclinal (lit. going down head long descending with the dip, as a valley). (sndokhmqinm, adj.); \$+n+dux"+p=ílg"es dolor, sorrow, grief (lit. of the heart). dejected. (sndukhwpilgwes, n.); \$+čic+en+déx"+x"+t+m come down (lit. a decline this way in status). (schitsendekhukhtm, v.); \*hn+dux"+x"+g"es+míncut envious, begrudge. (lit. He felt his heart drop, become lower).

(hndukhukwehgwesmintsut, vi.); a n+dox<sup>w</sup>m=qín+m *dip*, slope, headfirst (lit. that which goes down headfirst, a downward slope). (andokhumqinm, n.); cen+déx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+t+m depreciate (lit. It became lower (in value). (tsendekhukhwtm, vt.); dex<sup>w</sup>+t+m-st-m *cheapen (lit. it was lowered).* (d<u>e</u>khwtmstm, vt.*)*; cen+déx<sup>w</sup>+t+m-stu-s *depreciate, devalue (lit. He lowered the value or rate of it).* (tsend<u>e</u>khwtmstus, vi.); cen+déx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+m-st-m *debase, discount (lit. He dropped from a higher to a lower state).* (tsend<u>e</u>khukhwmstm, vt.)

- Vdx<sup>w</sup> ec+?e+dx<sup>w</sup>=íw'es cross, crucifix. (ets'edkhw<u>i</u>'wes, n.); e dx<sup>w</sup>=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-nt-em to be blessed, made holy (lit. A sign of the cross was made over h/h). (edkhw<u>i</u>lgwesntem, v.); e dx<sup>w</sup>=iw'es-nt-en crisscrossed (lit. It was marked with crossing lines). (edkhwi'wesnten, vi.)
- Vdž daž go, depart, travel. (daqh, vi.); t ča·+déž+n catwalk (lit. space for walking on). (tchaadeqhn, n.); č+d+déž+dež+t=al'q<sup>\*</sup> bum (lit. those who walk on log, RR). (chddeqhdeqhta'lqw, n.); č+dež+t walked (lit. we walked). (chdeqht, vi.); č\_?a·+déž+t walk (lit. we walk). (ch'aadeqht, vi.); čat+čs+déž+t walk (lit. we will walk). (chatchsdeqht, vi.); č\_?i·+déž+t lit. we are walking. (ch'iideqht, vt.); č\_?i+n+déž+t advancement, progressing (lit. we are walking on the road). (ch'iideqht, vt.); č\_?i+n+déž+t We are walking on the trail. We are travelling on the path of life. (ch'iideqht, vt.); k<sup>i\*</sup> ne? č+déž+t We are going to walk. (k'wne'chdeqht, vi.); déž+t+ul You (pl.) walk. (deqhtul, imper.); k<sup>\*</sup>úp\_déž+t You (pl.) departed. (kupdeqht, vi.); k<sup>\*</sup>up\_?a·\_déž+t You (pl.) walk. (kup'aadeqht, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>\*</sup>up\_s+déž+t you (pl) will walk. (chełkupsdeqht, vi.); k<sup>\*</sup>up\_?i·\_déž+t You (pl) are walking, departing. (kup'iideqht, vi.); k<sup>\*\*</sup> ne? k<sup>\*\*</sup>up\_dež+t You (pl.) are going to walk. (k'wne'kupdeqht, vi.); i déž+t-lš they walked. (deqhtlsh, vt.); \*a· déž+tlš They walk. (aadeq'tlsh, vi.); i· déž+t-lš They are walking. (iideqhtlsh, vi.); k<sup>\*\*</sup> na? déž+t-lš They are going to walk. (k'wna'deqhtlsh, vi.)
- Vdž daž drive many, round up animals. (daqh, vt.); i dáž+m The herd is being driven. (iidaqhm, vt.); sya+daž+el'+s+či+če? cattle herder. (syadaqhe'lschiche', n.); daž-nt-s he drove it (cow/cattle). (daqhnts, vt.)

√dx<sup>w</sup> dax<sup>w</sup> Hard object breaks in pieces. (daqhw, vi.)

- Vd? dí?+de?+t demure (lit. it is saddening). (di/de't, adj.); de?=us+m He put on a sad face. (de'usm, vt.)
- √d?k<sup>w</sup> du?k<sup>w</sup> be stingy about something. (du'kw, adj.); du?+du?k<sup>w</sup>+úl avaricious, cheap skate, stingy, close-fisted (lit. he is a miserly person). (du'du'k<u>u</u>l, adj.)

Vd?t de?ét exceptionally, surprisingly. (de'et, adv.)

Vd<sup>°</sup> dá<sup>°</sup>+p+mncut h/s exerted h/h self (lit. h/s used h/h self with an effort).

 $(d\underline{a}(wpmntsut, vt.); s+d\underline{a}^{w}+p+mncut exerting oneself, contest. (sd\underline{a}(wpmntsut, vt.))$ Ve e oh my! (e!, excl.); e a, an. (e, indef. art.)

- √g<sup>w</sup>c' hn+g<sup>w</sup>íc'=ens+n toothpick (lit. means of picking the teeth). (hngwits'ensn, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íc'+g<sup>w</sup>ec'=cn elicit (lit. H/s is skilled in picking things out of another person's mouth, he is an argumentative person). (hngwits'gwets'tsn, v.); i n+g<sup>w</sup>íc'=enš+mš H/s is picking h/h teeth (tooth). (ingwits'enshmsh, vt.)
- **√g<sup>w</sup>č** g<sup>w</sup>ič *He saw.* (gwich, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>eč=stq *He found or saw a wild crop.* (gwechstq, vt.); g"eč=qen=á?st Wenatchee (lit. he saw over a rock, cliff, precipice). (gwechqena'st, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>ič+č complexion (lit. general character or appearance). (sgwichch, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ič+ič+út+m It is capable of being seen. (gwichichutm, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>eč=alg<sup>w</sup>+ncút cocky (lit. He saw his own height; he became conceited). (gwechalqwntsut, adj.); s+g<sup>w</sup>íč+t= ew'eš seeing (wholly, entirely or exclusively) each other). (sgwichte'wesh, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>ič+s+čínt seeing people. (sgwichschint, n.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>ič+s+čínt h/s sees people. (etsgwichschint, vt.); cen+g<sup>w</sup>ič+mí+ncut to anticipate (lit. He foresaw something concerning himself). (tsengwichmintsut, vt.); u t+g<sup>w</sup>č'+g<sup>w</sup>éč'=us H/s has clear evesight. (utgwch'gwech'us, vi.); g<sup>\*</sup>íč-n I saw i/h/h. (gwichn, vt.); g<sup>\*</sup>ič-t-m H/s was seen. (gwichtm, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ič=ús-n I saw his face. (gwichusn, vt.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>íč-s-n I customarily see h/h/i physically or mentally. (etsgwichsn, vi.); g"eč=álq"-nt-s He saw another person's stature. (gwechalqwnts, vt.); cen+g<sup>w</sup>íč=šn-t-s H/s saw h/h tracks. (tsengwichshnts, v.); hn-g<sup>w</sup>íč+eč'-nt-se-s H/s saw my back. (hngwichech'ntses, vt.); can+g<sup>w</sup>éč+p=qn'-n' I saw the back of h/h head. (tsangwechpq'n'n, v.); ne? g<sup>w</sup>íč+g<sup>w</sup>ič=us-nt-s x<sup>w</sup>a s+l'ax+t-s He will see the eyes of one who is his friend. (ne'tgwichgwichusnts khwa s'laqhts, v.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e siw's groundhog (lit. I saw a groundhog). (chngwich e si'ws, n.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e siw's I saw a groundhog. (chngwich ee si'ws, vt.); čn\_x<sup>w</sup>uy hił čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e c'i? *lit. I went over* there and I saw a deer. (chnkhuy hil chngwich e ts'i', vt.); čn\_n+g\*íč=k\*e? I saw in the water. I saw something therein. (chnngwichkwe', vt.); čn'\_c+g<sup>w</sup>íč (lit. I, usually see, things of that nature). (ch'ntsgwich, vt.); i(n)-s+cen+g<sup>w</sup>ič+míncut divination (lit. It is your means of seeing forward for yourself). (istsengwichmintsut, n.);

- Vg<sup>w</sup>č' g<sup>w</sup>ič' to kindle, ignite, light. (gwich', v.); g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+n kindling. (gwich'skupn, n.); čeł g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+n H/s went after kindling. (chełgwich'skupn, vt.); hn-g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+n It is my kindling. (hngwich'skupn, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+m-nt-s H/s used it for kindling. (gwich'skupmnts, vt.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>č? g<sup>w</sup>íče?-nt-se-s *H/s brought me ill luck*. (gwiche'ntses, vt.)
- **Vg<sup>w</sup>g<sup>w</sup>** g<sup>w</sup>ig<sup>w</sup>+ep (see Ok, Sp) *step back.* (gwigwep, vi.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>í+g<sup>w</sup>e=p+m *going in reverse, retreating.* (sngwigwepm, n.)
- Vg<sup>w</sup>l g<sup>w</sup>el burn, blaze. (gwel, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>el+p blaze, catch fire. (gwelp, v.); g<sup>w</sup>el+p it flamed, burnt. (gwelp, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>il+p=íłx<sup>w</sup> H/s house burned down. (gwilpiłkhw, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>l+p=a×n His arm was burned. (gwlpaqhn, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>l+p+út+m combustible, burnable, flammable (lit. It is capable of burning). (gwlputm, vi.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>el+p hell, inferno. (etsgwelp, n.); i c+g<sup>w</sup>él+p ablaze, it is blazing. (itsgwelp, adj.); s+g<sup>w</sup>el+g<sup>w</sup>l+m bonfire. (sgwelgwlm, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>el+p fire, combustion. (sgwelp, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>l=iłx<sup>w</sup> arson (lit. burning a house). (sgwliłkhw, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>l+p+ním'ut blaze (lit. a destructive fire, especially one that spreads rapidly). (sgwlpni'mut, n.); s+miye+s+g<sup>w</sup>él+p conflagration (lit. extraordinary fire). (smiyesgwelp, n.); t+g<sup>w</sup>ál+p=alqs The log burned. (tgwalpalqw, vt.); \*ni?+g<sup>w</sup>ál+p=alq<sup>w</sup> The forest was burned. (ni'gwalqwalqw, v.); g<sup>w</sup>l=íłc'e?-nt-m cremate (lit. his corpse was burnt). (gwliłts'e'ntm, vt.)
- **√g<sup>w</sup>l** g<sup>w</sup>il *trust*. (gwil, vt.)

√g<sup>w</sup>l ec+?ił+s+g<sup>w</sup>íl=tč carnivorous (lit. He eats flesh). (ets'iłsgiltch, vi.)

Vg<sup>w</sup>l g<sup>w</sup>l' c+?ésel xref g<sup>w</sup>ł binary, two by two, conjugate. (gu'l ts'esel, adj.); g<sup>w</sup>l'+t+méš clique (lit. They are an exclusive group of people). (gu'ltmesh, n.); g<sup>w</sup>l' t+pék<sup>w</sup>=g<sup>w</sup>l xref g<sup>w</sup>ł people with bulging stomachs. (gu'l tpekwgul, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ul s+ye+n+púx<sup>w</sup>=łc'e? xref g<sup>w</sup>ł combo (lit. a group of hornblowers). (gul syenpukhwłt'se', n.); g<sup>w</sup>l' n+?axíl= elg<sup>w</sup>es-lš congenial (lit. They have the same heart). (gu'l'naqhilelgweslsh, adj.);

**√g<sup>w</sup>l** g<sup>w</sup>l+g<sup>w</sup>l+t+ség<sup>w</sup>+t weird (lit. He does queer things). (gwlgwlttsegwt, adj.)

**√g<sup>w</sup>I** tel s+g<sup>w</sup>el+p *igneous*. (tel sgwelp, adj.)

√g<sup>w</sup>l' g<sup>w</sup>el' tilt, slant. (gwel', vt.); gwél'+l'+m It was tilted. (gw<u>e</u>'l'lm, vi.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>él'+m to be tilted, beveled (lit. It is inclined upward and downward). (etsgw<u>e</u>'lm, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>l'+l'=íłx<sup>w</sup> h/h house became tilted. (gw'l'lm<u>i</u>łkhw, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>l'+l'+m=íłc'e? h/h body

was tilted. (gw'l'lmit'se', vt.); g<sup>w</sup>l'+l'+m=íw'es converge, unite (lit. They inclined together). (gw'l'lmi'wes, vi.); s+g<sup>w</sup>l'+l'+m=íw'es convergence (lit. inclining together). (sgw'l'lmi'wes, n.)

- $\sqrt{g^{w}}$  u ·  $g^{w}$  · glitter, it glittered away, twinkling continuously. (uugwlll... l, n.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>ł g<sup>w</sup>ł s+čint+sóc Angles (lit. King George men). (guł schintsots, n.); \*g<sup>w</sup>ł s+g"+g"ar'pm' corsage (lit. little flowers). (guł squgwa'rpm', n.); g"ł nék'"e? apiece (lit. one to each one). They are one or united. (gul nek'we', adv.); g" + s+ta·m=ílg"es clan (lit. relatives). (guł staamilgwes, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł sóltes army, brigade, soldiers. (guł soltes, n.); g"ł l'ax+t=íw'es coterie (lit. They are mutual friends). (guł 'laghti'wes, n.); g"ł s+lút+emn black list (lit. Those who are unwanted). (guł slutemn, n.); g"ł pús+pus+t They play and play, never work, to the point of being a nuisance. (gul puspust, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>ł g<sup>w</sup>és=alq<sup>w</sup> They are tall trees. (guł gwesalqw, vi); g<sup>w</sup>ł jey+jiy'+t They are ugly. (guł jeyji't, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>ł s+ye+n+k<sup>w</sup>ín+m chorale, choir (lit. singers). (guł syenkwinm, n.); ul+g<sup>w</sup>ł+s+ye+n+k<sup>w</sup>ín+m choral (lit. of or for a chorus or choir). (ul guł syenkwinm, adj.); g<sup>w</sup>ł s+ya·+q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut chorus (lit. a group of dancers in a musical comedy, revue, etc.). (guł syaaq'we'ymntsut, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł yóp+yop=ene? sorceresses, witches. (guł yopyopene', n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł n+čáw'=qn They have deep voices. (gułncha'wqn, vt.); č\_g<sup>w</sup>uł+n+č'áw'=qn lit. we have deep voices. (chgułnch'a'wqn, vt.); \*k<sup>w</sup>up, g<sup>w</sup>ł+n+čáw'=qn You (pl.) have deep voices. (kupgutncha'wqn, vt.); č, g<sup>w</sup>uł s+ye·+?ús+lš diver (lit. we are divers). (chguł syee'uslsh, n.); ul+ayá? g"+páx+pax+t All Saints Day (lit. belonging to all the wise). (Ul aya( Guł paqhpaqht, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł n-xem=ínč *I love them*. (gułnqheminch, vt.)
- Vg<sup>w</sup>m g<sup>w</sup>um crumble, disintegrate. (gum, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>um+t It became crumbled. (gumt, vi.); s+g<sup>w</sup>óm=aqs name of the wife of Ignace Timothy, (both of whom died long ago) (lit. crumbling of one's chest). (Sgomaqs, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>um+t crumbling. (sgumt, v.); g<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>m'+g<sup>w</sup>úm' crackers (lit. that. which crumbles and crumbles). (gugu'mgu'm, n.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>n g<sup>w</sup>en be below, deep, low. (gwen, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>n=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> lowland. (gwnu'lumkhw, n.); e cen+g<sup>w</sup>en+t beneath, under (lit. In a lower place). (etsengwent, adv.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>én= ep bottom, base (lit. the lowest or deepest part of anything). (hngwenep, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>en+t deep (lit. It was a deep (hole)). (hngwent, adj.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>n=itk<sup>w</sup>e? the bottom of the water, river, etc. It is deep water. (hngwnitkwe', n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>n+t=

úl'umx<sup>w</sup> He went by low land (perhaps through a valley, gulch, etc.). (hngwnt<u>u</u>'lumkhw, v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>n=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> chasm (lit. The hole in the ground is deep). (hngwn<u>u</u>'lumkhw, n.); cen+g<sup>w</sup>én+t basement, basic (lit. substructure of a building). (tsengw<u>e</u>nt, n.); cen+g<sup>w</sup>en+t beneath. (tsengwent, pres.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>én+ep bottom of a container. (sngw<u>e</u>nep, n.); t+g<sup>w</sup>én+tust H/s went by a low road, path. (tgw<u>e</u>ntust, vi.); ul+cen+g<sup>w</sup>én+t basal, basic (lit. belonging to what is under). (ul tsengw<u>e</u>nt, adj.); can+g<sup>w</sup>án+t=al'qs chemise (lit. a loose, shirtlike garment). (tsangw<u>a</u>nta'lqs, n.); e lu+ł+cen+g<sup>w</sup>én+t baseless, foundation (without), groundless; metaph. H/s has no underwear. (elułtsengw<u>e</u>nt, vt.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>en+t+eł+s+n+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn deep-rooted. (hngwentełsnk'wde'<u>u</u>sshn, adj.); ul+s+miy'em ha can+g<sup>w</sup>án+t=al'qs camisole (lit. belonging to woman an undergarment). (ul smi'yem ha tsangwanta'lqs, n.)

- Vg<sup>w</sup>n g<sup>w</sup>ní+t+m ask, beg for, entreat. (gwnitm, v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>ni=cn beg (lit. Beckon with the mouth). (hngwnitsn, v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>ní=cn cadge (lit. He begged for food). (hngwnitsn, vi.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>ni=cn to beg (lit. asking for food). (sngwnitsn, v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>n'+g<sup>w</sup>n'= ecn'+úl' beggar (He habitually begs). (hngw'ngw'nets'n<u>u</u>'l, n.)
- Vg<sup>w</sup>nt g<sup>w</sup>nít call, summon. (gwnit, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>n=íčt+m H/s beckoned (with h/h hand). (gwnichtm, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>nit=elt She (hen) summons her chicks. H/s summons h/h child. (gwnitelt, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>n+g<sup>w</sup>nít=elt H/s summoned h/h children. (gwngwnitelt, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ne+s+čínt convoke, summoned (lit. H/s called people together). (gwneschint, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>n+el'+s+či+če? (t?) H/s summoned h/h livestock. (gwne'lschiche', vt.); g<sup>w</sup>nít-s defy (lit. He called him out-he challenged. (gwnits, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>nít-n-lš I called them. (gwnitnlsh, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>nít=čs-n (gloss) He beckoned him. (gwnitchsn, vt.);

Vg<sup>w</sup>nx<sup>w</sup> g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup> be true. (gwnikhw, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>níx<sup>w</sup> acknowledgable, actual, credible, believable, de facto (lit. I admit it is true). (gwnikhw, adj.); g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup> bona fide, authentic, genuine, actual (lit. It is true, it exists in reality). (gwnikhw, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup>= cn aver, assert, affirm (lit. He said what is true). (gwnikhwtsn, vt.); s+g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup> certitude (lit. truth, complete assurance). (gwnikhw, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup> It is the truth. (sgwnikhw, n.); ne? g<sup>w</sup>níx<sup>w</sup> perhaps, maybe. (ne'gwnikhw, adv.); lut g<sup>w</sup>níx<sup>w</sup> deceptive, spurious (lit. It is untrue). (lutgwnikhw, adj.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>=ene? to have faith, confidence, trust (lit. becoming true to the ear). (sngwnnikhwene', v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>=ene?+n faith (lit. It is a means of believing). (hngwnnikhwene'n, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>nnix<sup>w</sup>e+?útm *cogent, persuasive, it is believable.* (hngwnnikhwe'<u>u</u>tm, adj.); i c+g<sup>w</sup>níx<sup>w</sup>=cn *H/s is telling the truth.* (itsgwnikhwtsn, vt.); s+hóy l+n+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>= ene?+n *apostasy (lit. abandoning one's acceptance of the truth through the hearing).* (s-hoylngwnnikhwene'n, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>=ene? *believed (lit. he accepted it as true by ear).* (hngwnnikhwene', vi.); łe s+g<sup>w</sup>nix<sup>w</sup>-s *truth, that which is true, it's truth.* (łe sgwnikhws, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>=ene?+m-nt-s *He believed him, He gave him credit.* (hngwnnikhwene'mnts, vt.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>nníx<sup>w</sup>=ene?+m-nt-s-es *H/s believed me.* (hngwnnikhwene'mntses, v.)

- √g<sup>w</sup>p g<sup>w</sup>ep be hairy, grassy. (gwep, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>ep+t It (the grass) is tall and thick. (gwept, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>p=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> It (ground) is covered with much grass. (gupu'lmkhw, vt.); s+q<sup>w</sup>ep= cn whiskers, mustache, beard. (sgweptsn, n.); t+g<sup>w</sup>ap=qn H/s has thick hair. (tgwapqn, v.); t+g<sup>w</sup>ép=elx<sup>w</sup> He (bear, etc.) is hairy on the body. (tgwepelkhw, vi.); ni<sup>?</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>ép+t business (lit. The forest is bushy within). (ni'gwept, vi.); t+g<sup>w</sup>ép+q<sup>w</sup>p=šn The horse has hairy feet (ankles). (tgwepqupshn, v.); ?ep+s+g\*ép=cn he has a beard, whiskers. (epsgweptsn, vi.); en+g<sup>w</sup>up=ílce? to have thick hair inside, e.g., a coat. (engupiłtse', vt.); s+t+g<sup>w</sup>up+g<sup>w</sup>up=íčn'=us evebrows. (stgupgupich'nus, pl. n.); s+t+g<sup>w</sup>up+g<sup>w</sup>up=iłc'e<sup>2</sup>=us evelashes. (stgupgupiłts'e'us, pl. n.); g<sup>w</sup>p=ci ka<sup>2</sup>+ká<sup>2</sup> A young boy's name of an older brother (lit. a bearded brother). (guptsi kaaka(, n.); s+t+g<sup>w</sup>up+t=ós+m=al'gs? fur coat. (stguptosma'lgs, n.); e lu+s+g<sup>w</sup>ép=cn bare-faced, beardless (lit. He is w/o a beard on his face). (elusgweptsn, vi.); t+g"ép+elx" ha s+x"et'+i? Angora (lit. He (the goat) has long hair). (tgwepelkhw ha sqhwet'i', n.); a t+g<sup>w</sup>ap+g<sup>w</sup>up=alq=šn hairy-legged (lit. H/s has hairy legs). (atgwap gupalqshn, vt.); \*e ni?+g\*áp+g\*p=i?qs he has hair in his nostrils. (eni'gwapqupi'qs, vt.)
- **√g<sup>w</sup>p** hn-g<sup>w</sup>í+g<sup>w</sup>ep+m cringe (lit. H/s stepped back). (hngw<u>i</u>gwepm, vi.); hn-g<sup>w</sup>í+g<sup>w</sup>ep+m-stu-s H/s backed up the car, etc. (hngw<u>i</u>gwepmstus, vt.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>q g<sup>w</sup>aq be roomy. (gwaq, adj.); ac+g<sup>w</sup>aq It (space) is empty. (atsgw<u>a</u>q, vi.); u<sup>.</sup> g<sup>w</sup>áq It is roomy, spacious, empty (as a room). (uugw<u>a</u>q, vi.); u n+g<sup>w</sup>áq=łc'e? It (room) is empty, spacious. (ungw<u>a</u>qłts'e', vi.)√g<sup>w</sup>q g<sup>w</sup>oq make way through crowd. (gwoq, vt.)
  √g<sup>w</sup>q g<sup>w</sup>aq=šn pig's feet (foot). (gw<u>a</u>qshn, n.)

√g<sup>w</sup>q' g<sup>w</sup>aq' spread apart as to part hair, remove layers. (gwaq', vt.); ac+g<sup>w</sup>aq' divided,

parted, cracked. (atsgwaq', vi.);  $s+g^{w}aq'+m=ep$  anus, butt (lit.  $c_{F}$ c....g at the bottom (door, gate). (sgwaq'mep, n.); a ni?+g<sup>w</sup>áq'=us to have parted hair (lit. H/h hair is parted in the middle from the front). (ani'gwaq'us, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>aq'-nt-s h/s removed layer from it. (gwaq'nts, vt.)

√g<sup>w</sup>q' g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>aq'+t bronco, mustang. (lit. wild horse). (gw<u>a</u>'gwaq't, n.); i c+g<sup>w</sup>á?q' He is acting wild. (itsgw<u>a</u>'q', v.)

**√g<sup>w</sup>q'm** s+g<sup>w</sup>aq'ím' moonlight, full moon. (sgwaq'<u>i</u>'m, n.)

- √g<sup>w</sup>r g<sup>w</sup>ar scrape. (gwar, vt.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>ár=alqs+n grader, a road leveler. (hngw<u>a</u>ralqsn, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>ar+mín+n scraper, hoe (lit. means of scraping inside a cow barn, etc.). (hngwarm<u>i</u>nn, n.); Xáy'+Xi?+t ha g<sup>w</sup>ar=úl'mx<sup>w</sup>+n bulldozer (lit. big ground scraper). (qh<u>a</u>'yqhi't ha gwar<u>u</u>'lmkhwn, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ar-n I scraped it with a hard tool (snow, etc.). (gwarn, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ar-nt-s He scraped it, he grated it. (gw<u>a</u>rnts, vt.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>r' g<sup>w</sup>ar' be silvery, shiny, metal. (gwar', adj.); u<sup>•</sup> g<sup>w</sup>ár' It is shiny, like silver, clear. (uugw<u>a</u>'r, vi.); u n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=łc'e? It is shiny, silvery inside, as a silver cup. (ungw<u>a</u>'rłts'e', vi.); u n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=k<sup>w</sup>e? The water is clear, crystal, sparkling waters. (ungw<u>a</u>'rkwe', vi.); u n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=g<sup>w</sup>ár'=us H/s has clear eyes. (utgwa'rgw<u>a</u>'rus, vi.); u t+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=sq'it The sky is clear. (utgw<u>a</u>'rsq'it, vi.); u t+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=c'e? It is shiny, silvery on the outside, as a silver plate. (utgw<u>a</u>'rts'e', vi.); u t+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=us H/s has a clear eye. (utgw<u>a</u>'rus, vi.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>r' s+n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=us descendant, offspring, breeding, descent. (sngwa'rus, n.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=us x<sup>w</sup>e<sup>\*</sup> tíł+teł=l'mx<sup>w</sup> boysenberry (lit. descendant of blackberry vine). (sngwa'rus khwee tiłteł'lmkhw, n.)
- Vg<sup>w</sup>rp s+g<sup>w</sup>ar+p+m flower, blossom, bloom. (sgwarpm, n.); s+g<sup>w</sup>ár+g<sup>w</sup>arp+m bouquet (lit. flowers). (sgwargwarpm, n.); žal s+g<sup>w</sup>arp+m dandelion. (qhal sgwarpm, n.); žal+n+n'+n'ak'<sup>w</sup>á?=al'qs ha s+g<sup>w</sup>árp+m daisy. (qhaln'n'nak'wa'a'lqs ha sqwarpm, n.); hn+nák'<sup>w</sup>+a?=alqs ha s+g<sup>w</sup>arp+m daffodil. (hnnak'wa'alqs ha sgwarpm, n.); g<sup>w</sup>arp+m bloom, blossom (lit. it bloomed). (gwarpm, v.); \*g<sup>w</sup>ł s+g<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>ar'p+m' corsage (lit. little flowers). (guł squgwa'rpm', n.)
- Vg"rt s+g"art+g"art Mica Peak, Washington (near Spokane). (Sgwartgwart, n.)
  Vg"s g"es spin, twist, thread. (gwes, vt.); g"es-nt-s h/s spinned it (thread, etc.).
  (gwesnts, vt.)

- **√g<sup>w</sup>s** g<sup>w</sup>es+mn *canvas*, *gunnysack*. (gw<u>e</u>smn, n.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>s g<sup>w</sup>is be high. (gwis, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>i?s late morning (lit. The sun rose up high). (hngwii's, n.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t altitude, depth, elevation. (sngwist, n.); s+ni?+n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t acme (lit. the highest point). (sni'ngwist, n.); tel' n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t from above, from on high. (te'l ngwist, prep.); g<sup>w</sup>s=qn=é?st The cliff is high. (gwsqne'st, vt.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>is+t It is high, upstairs, heaven. (hngwist, v.); \*s+n+g<sup>w</sup>is+iš going up into the air. (sngwishish, v.); če?+t+n+g<sup>w</sup>i?s oversleep (lit. it became high (sun) on h/h). (che'tngwi's, vt.); teč+n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t above, in heaven, upstairs, overheard, aloft, toward the sky, into a high place. (techngwist, adv.); t+g<sup>w</sup>és=i?qs H/s has a high nose. (tgwesi'qs, v.); g<sup>w</sup>ł g<sup>w</sup>és=alq<sup>w</sup> They are tall trees. (guł gwesalqw, vi); s+č's=cín+mn łe n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t blasphemy (lit. cursing Heaven, speaking evil of the One on High). (sch'stsinmn łengwist, n.); ylmix<sup>w</sup>+m a+n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t the chief who dwells on high. (ylmikhumangwist, n.)
- **Vg<sup>w</sup>s** \*hn+dux<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>es+mincut envious, begrudge. (lit. He felt his heart drop, become lower). (hndukhukwehgwesm<u>i</u>ntsut, vi.)
- Vg<sup>w</sup>š g<sup>w</sup>eš comb. (gwesh, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>š=qín+n comb, hairbrush (lit. a means of combing). (gwshqinn, n.); g<sup>w</sup>š=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> he harrowed (lit. He combed the ground). (gwshu'lmkhw, vt.); s+t+g<sup>w</sup>iš=elx<sup>w</sup>e?+l+s+čí+če? curry (lit. rubbing down and cleaning a horse). (stgwishelkhwe'lschiche', vt.); g<sup>w</sup>eš-nt-s He combed it. (gweshnts, vt.); čs+g<sup>w</sup>eš-nt-s H/S combed his (horse's) tail. (chsgweshnts, vt.); t+g<sup>w</sup>š=ílx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s H/s combed the horse's hide (hair). (tgwshilkhwnts, v.); čn'\_c+g<sup>w</sup>š=qín+m (I, customarily, comb my hair). (ch'ntsgwshqinm, vt.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>š g<sup>w</sup>iš rise. (gwish, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íš+iš H/s went up into the air, sky. (hngwishish, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íš+iš to arise, ascend (lit. He moved upward). (hngwishish, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íš+g<sup>w</sup>eš+iš bounce (lit. It went up and down repeatedly). (hngwishgweshish, vi.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íš+iš+emn elevator, lifter, jack, crane. (lit That which raises up or exalts). (hngwishishemn, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>íš+iš-stu-s H/s caused it to rise, H/s lifted it. (hngwishishstus, vt.); e n+g<sup>w</sup>íš+š-st-x<sup>w</sup> to raise, elevate (lit. You (sg.) lift it up). (engwishshstkhw, vt.)

**√g<sup>w</sup>t** g<sup>w</sup>t *twinkle*. (gwt, vi.)

- Vg<sup>w</sup>t' g<sup>w</sup>t'+g<sup>w</sup>t' chewing sound. (gut' gut', n.); i n+s+g<sup>w</sup>út'+g<sup>w</sup>ut'+iš chomp, crunch (lit. He is making repeatedly the chewing sound). (isg<u>u</u>t'gut'ish, vi.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>t'č g<sup>w</sup>ét'č' prong, gore. (gwet'ch', vt.); ec+g<sup>w</sup>t'+g<sup>w</sup>t'č'=íłc'e? gore (lit. He, e.g. bull, gores people). (etsgwt'gwt'ch'ił tse', vt.); g<sup>w</sup>t'č'+mín-is a horn (lit. It is his (bull's) means of goring). (gwt'ch'minis, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ét'č'-nt-m He was gored. (gwet'ch'ntm, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ét'č'-nt-s He gored him. (gwet'ch'nts, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ét'+g<sup>w</sup>t'č'+m-nt-m-lš They were gored (by bull). (gwet'gwt'ch'mntmlsh, vt.)

 $\sqrt{g^{w}t's}$  g<sup>w</sup>it's pick out with stick. (gwit's, vt.)

- Vg<sup>w</sup>w' g<sup>w</sup>iw' wear in shreads, seams. (gwi'w, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>iw'+ew' gloss? I became worn into shreads. (gwi'we'w, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>iw'+ew'=šn H/h shoe became worn out. (gwi'we'wshn, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>iw'+g<sup>w</sup>ew'+w'=ečt H/h gloves became worn out. (gwi'wgwe'wu'wecht, vi.); g<sup>w</sup>iw'+g<sup>w</sup>ew'+w'=šn His moccasins or shoes wore out. (gwi'wgwe'wu'wshn, vi.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>iw'+ew' I am exhausted (lit. I became worn out). (chngwi'we'w, vi.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>iw'+w'=ečt my hand (glove) became worn out. (chngwi'we'wecht, vi.); i c+g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>u?w=alqs H/h clothing is becoming worn out (in shreds). (itsgwa'gwu'walqs, vi.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup> g<sup>w</sup>éx<sup>w</sup> objects hang. (gwekhw, vi.); e t+g<sup>w</sup>ex<sup>w</sup> to be hanging (lit. They are in a hanging state, e.g. meats to dry). (etgwekhw, vi.); e t+g<sup>w</sup>éx<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=ečt He had things hanging on his hands. (etgwekhwgukhwecht, vi.); e t+g<sup>w</sup>ex<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=šn H/h legs are hanging from sitting on high object. (etgwekhwgukhwshn, vi.); t+g<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>+mín<sup>•</sup> hanger, means of hanging things. (tgukhwminn, n.); t+g<sup>w</sup>éx<sup>w</sup>-n I hung them up. (tgwekhwn, v.); t+g<sup>w</sup>éx<sup>w</sup>-n-t You (sg.) hang them up (imper.). (tgwekhwnt, v.)
- √g<sup>w</sup>ž g<sup>w</sup>až be young. (gwaqh, adj.); g<sup>w</sup>áž+t=elt a young offspring, a young person. (gwaqhtelt, n.); g<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>až+t=íl't baby. (gugwaqhti'lt, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>áž+t=elt one of the same young age. (snukwgwaqhtelt, n.); g<sup>w</sup>až+t=elscút h/s acted young. (gwaqhtelstsut, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>až+t=íl'ey' doll, cradle board for doll. (gugwaqhti'le'y, n.); u ž<sup>w</sup>al'a·+g<sup>w</sup>áž+t=elt He is childlike, innocent, humble. (uqhwa'laagwaqhtelt, vi.)

√g<sup>w</sup>y' g<sup>w</sup>ey' finish. (gwe'y, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>éy'=cn to finish eating (lit. He finished eating). (gw<u>e</u>'ytsn, v.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>ay'=qn physically mature, finished growing. (hngw<u>a</u>'yqn, vt.); s+g<sup>w</sup>ey'=cn finishing a repast. (sgw<u>e</u>'ytsn, vt.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>ay'=qn maturity. (sngw<u>a</u>'yqn, n.); g<sup>w</sup>iy'+as+žát=qn after harvest. (gwi'yasqh<u>a</u>tqn, n.); i n+g<sup>w</sup>áy'=qn He is growing up. (lit. He is finishing at the head). (ingwa'yqn, vt.); s+n+g<sup>w</sup>iy'=qın+m+šeš education (lit. causing a person to mature). (sngwi'yqinmshesh, n.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+n+g<sup>w</sup>áy'=qn concrescence (lit. He is my fellow in growing up). (hisnukwngwa'yqn, n.); g<sup>w</sup>éy'+stu-s he finished it. (gwe'ystus, vt.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>iy'= qín+m-st-x<sup>w</sup> educate (lit. You caused h/h to mature). (hngwi'yqinmstkhw, vt.)

- √h ha laugh loudly, haw-haw. (ha, vi.); i n+s+háh+ah+iš chortle (lit. He is making the sounds "ha ha"). (is-hahahish, vi.)
- **Vh** he *that is right*. (he, vi.)
- √hi hn+hala·=cé? raspberry. (hnhalaatse', n.)
- **Vhi** hel+t *It was bruised*. (helt, vi.)
- **Vhlš** i s+helíš=c'eyt deathbed (lit. He is near his last breath). (ishe'lishche'yt, n.)
- Vhł hił and. (hił, ł, conj.)
- **Vhm** ham *What a big crowd swarming!* (hammm!, (excl.))
- **Vhmłt** hamáłt=mš *fly (lit. swarming tribe)*. (ham<u>a</u>łtmsh, n.)
- Vhm? heme? Frenchman. (Heme', n.); en+héme?=cn he speaks French. (enheme'tsn, vt.)
- **Vhm'** yehm'=stwéx<sup>w</sup> demobilize (lit. They made peace). (yeh'mstwekhw, vt.)
- Vhn hen be grayish in color. (hen, vi.); t+hán=qn brunette (lit. one who has brown hair). (thanqn, n.); u hén he t'iš brown sugar (lit. sugar that is more or less tan). (uuhen he t'ish, n.)
- **√hn** čat+hn+na *Clarkia*, *Idaho*. (Chat(h)nna, n.)
- **Vhp** hep *gobble*. (hep, vi.)
- **Vhq** haq have space. (haq, vt.)
- Vhr har snore. (har, vi.)
- **Vhw** hú+hwe okay! swell! (huhwe, interj.)

**Vhw** u héw buzz (lit. They (bees) kept buzzing). (uuhewww, vt.)

- **Vhw'** ul+s+hiw'+t he čnil+mn *rat poison*. (ul shi'wt he chnilemn, n.)
- Vhy hey yes, aye. (hey, adv.); huy all right, alright, O.K. (huy, adv.); huy all right, go ahead, I dare you! (huy, excl.); huy welcome (lit. you're welcome to it, permission granted). (huy, imp.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-stu-s hoy allow (lit. say all right). (ekustus "huy", v.)
- **Vhy** hoy Don't do it!, stop it! (hoy, excl.); s+hóy+m annulment. (s-hoym, n.);

ci?+I+hoy that's all! (tsi'I hoy, excl.); s+hóy+emn one who is avanaoned, deposed, derelict. (s-howemn, v.); ul+s+hóy=cn conclusive (lit. pertaining to a decisive end). (ul shoytsn, adj.); ti?+i?x\*+as+hoy+s afterwards. (ti'i'khwashoys, adv.); s+hóy l+n+g\*nníx\*=ene?+n apostasy (lit. abandoning one's acceptance of the truth through the hearing). (s-hoylngwnnikhwene'n, n.); hoy s+hoy-met (lit. Let's quit!). (hoy shoymet! excl.); hoy-st-m jilted, annulled, deposed, discontinued, excommunicated, stopped. (hoystm, vt.); hóy-stu-s abdicate, cease, discontinue, depose, desist, dilapidate (lit. He discontinued it). (hoystus, vt.); lut' hay'p+s+hoy+oy-s It is ageless, it is existing forever, it does not cease. (lut'ha'yps-hoyoys, v.); hoy łe pécčle-s defoliate (lit. Its leaves were no more). (hoyłe petschles, vi.)

**Vhy** hoy to happen, befall, come about (lit. It happened by chance). (hoy, vi.)

**Vhy** huy *a cajoling phrase*. (huy, huy, interj.); huy'-nt-s *cajole, coax, wheedle*. (hu'ynts, vt.)

Vhy háy=aqs pearl. (hayaqs, n.)

**Vh?** ohi?+t He caught cold. (ohi't, v.); y'ohi?+t cold, flu (lit. catching cold). ('yohi't, n.)

Vh?n' he?ín' eight. (he'i'n, n.); he?ín'+m eight. (he'i'nm, n.); t+he?ín'+m eight persons. (the'i'nm, n.); ?upen uł ha?ín'+m eighteen. (upen uł ha'i'nm, n.); he?en'+me·+l+?upen eighty (lit. eight times ten). (he'e'nmee'lupen, n.)

**√h<sup>°</sup>** he<sup>°</sup> growl like bear. (he(w, vi.)

- Vjly jo·lay July. (Joolay, n.); co·ray/ju·lay July. (tsooray/Juulay, n.); i juláy+nš Independence Day (celebration of). (Ijulaynsh, n.); s+ju·lay+mš Independence Day, Fourth of July. (sjuulaymsh, n.)
- Vjm jem pin, brace. (jem,); jm+il=čs+n brooch (lit. safety pin). (jmilchsn, n.); jem= íw'es-nt-s She pinned it (them) together. (jemi'wesnts, vt.); jém-nt-s She pinned it. (jemnts, vt.); t+jém-nt-s She pinned it on something. (tjemnts, v.)
- Vjm mi jim I am Jim. (mi Jim, n.); mi·+jim I am Jim. (lw from English). (Miijim, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u jim Are you Jim? n ( ni ku Jim? (qu.).)

**Vjn** t+jín=šn an old person who walks briskly. (tjinshn, n.)

Vjpn je pni Japanese (l.w.from Engl.). (jeepni, n.); j+je pn'i little Japanese. (Jjeep'ni, n.)

Vjr' jar' firm, strong, sturdy. (ja'r); jar'+jar'+t He is solid, sturdy. (ja'rja'rt, vi.);
s+jár'+jar'+t consistency (lit. sturdiness). (sja'rja'rt, n.); s+jar'+jar'+t+íl'š consolidate,

becoming solid or sturdy. (sja'rja'rt<u>i</u>'lsh, v.); U<sup>.</sup> Jár' H/S is sturdy, firm, strong. (uuj<u>a</u>'r, vi.); U J+Jár' He (little one) is sturdy. (ujj<u>a</u>'r, vi.); hn+Jár'+Jar'=US die-hard (lit. He is stiff-necked). (hnj<u>a</u>'rja'rus, n.); Jar'+Jar'+t=íl'š-stu-s consolidate (lit. He made it solid, sturdy). (ja'rja'rt<u>i</u>'lshstus, vt.)

- √js ji·sú Jesus, borrowing. (Jiisu, n.); ul+jiso·+krí Christian (lit. pertaining to Christ). (ul Jisoo Kri, n.)
- √jž jež to itch, scratch. (jeqh); jéž-nt-s He scraped it (lit. striped it by scraping).
   (jeqhnts, vt.); jéž=us-nt-s H/S marked h/h face by scratching. (jeqhusnts, vt.);
   čn\_jéž+ež I became marked by scratching. (chnjeqheqh, vt.)
- √jy' jey'+jiy' ugly, homely, unsightly. (je'yji'y,); jéy'+ji'+t H/S/I is ugly. (je'yji't, vi.); jéy'+jey'=us H/S has an ugly face. (je'yji'yus, vt.); jéy'+iy'+m deform (lit. It became ugly). (je'yi'ym, vt.); g"ł jey+jiy'+t They are ugly. (guł jeyji't, vi.); jáy'+jiy'=algs H/S has ugly clothes. (ja'yji'yalqs, vt.); hn+jáy'+jiy'=qn blatant (lit. He has an unpleasant voice). (hnja'yji'yqn, adj.); hn+jiy'+jiy'=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? It is bad water. (hnji'yji'yitkwe', vi.); jiy'+jiy'=etc'e=g"t (note glott) H/S has bad, ugly, offensive manners or nature. (ji'ji'yeltsegwt, vt.); jiy'+jiy'+mscút adulterate (lit. H/S made h/h self corrupt, h/s commited adultery). (ji'yji'y'mstsut, vt.); jiy'+jiy'+t+íl'š H/S/I became ugly, bad. (ji'yji'yti'lsh, vi.); s+jéy'+iy+m deformation, ugliness. (sje'yiym, n.); s+ji?+ji?+t+íl'š debauchery, corruption. (sji'ji'ti'lsh, n.); \*jiy'+jiy'+áł+qix" It smells bad, it stinks. (ji'yji'yalqhikhw, v.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+jéy'+mncut correspondent (lit. fellow evildoer). (snukwje'ymntsut, n.); jey'=ičt+m-nt-s He treated it in an ugly manner; he made it wrong. (je'yichtmnts, vt.); jiy'+p+mí-nt-s condemn, despise (lit. He looked upon him as bad (ugly). (ji'ypmints, vt.); jiy'+jiy'+t+il's-st-m debauch, defile, deflower, disfigure (lit. He was corrupted in moral principles). (ji'yji'yti'lshstm, vt.); *ĭiy'+ĭiy'+t+íl'š-stu-s deface (lit. He made it bad, he injured its beauty).* (ji'yji'yt<u>i</u>'lshstus, vt.)
- **Vkm'** u yu+k<sup>w</sup>ím'+t *He left abruptly*. (uyukwij'mt, vi.)
- **Vkmi** ke<sup>.</sup>mél *camel*. (keem<u>e</u>l, n.)
- Vkr kri Crist. (Kri, n.); ul+Jiso<sup>.</sup>+krí Christian (lit. pertaining to Christ). (ul Jisoo Kr<u>i</u>, n.)

- **Vk**<sup>°</sup> g<sup>w</sup>p=ci ka<sup>·</sup>+ká<sup>°</sup> A young boy's name of an older brother (lit. a usur ded brother). (guptsi kaak<u>a(</u>, n.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>c k<sup>w</sup>i<sup>?</sup>c dusk, evening, nightfall. (kwi'ts); e s+n+k<sup>w</sup>i<sup>?</sup>c last night. (esnkwii'ts, adv.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>ac=qn dawn. (lit. time when morning star rises). (hnkwatsqn, n.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>i<sup>?</sup>c nightfall. (hnkwii'ts, n.); k<sup>w</sup>ic+t+m in the morning, before noon. (kwitstm, adv.); s+n+k<sup>w</sup>i<sup>?</sup>c becoming night, getting inside. (snkwii'ts, v.); u<sup>.</sup> k<sup>w</sup>ic+tm early (lit. early in the morning). (uukwitstm, adv.); s+n+k<sup>w</sup>ec+t+mš=cin breakfast, brunch (lit. eating very early). (snkwetstmshtsin, n.)

**Vk<sup>w</sup>c** hn+k<sup>w</sup>ic+t *interior*. (*lit. far inside*). (hnkw<u>i</u>tst, n.)

**vk<sup>w</sup>d** s+k<sup>w</sup>ede<sup>?</sup>=cín=pene<sup>?</sup> chin. (skwede'tsinpene', n.)

**√k<sup>w</sup>g<sup>w</sup>** k<sup>w</sup>ig<sup>w</sup> see (faintly). (kwigw,)

- √k<sup>w</sup>h čs+mon+on+k<sup>w</sup>ih+mš? *rheumatism, arthritis, stiffness (body).* (chsmononkihmsh, n.)
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{k}^{w}\mathbf{k}^{w}}$  k<sup>w</sup>u+k<sup>w</sup>úk<sup>w</sup> *in the other room.* (kuk<u>u</u>kw, adv.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>I k<sup>w</sup>I red. (kwl); k<sup>w</sup>il to become red. (kwil); u<sup>•</sup> k<sup>w</sup>[i]I It is red, cardinal, carmine, crimson. (uuk<u>wl</u>., v.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>I=k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> wine, claret. (lit. red water). (hnk<u>w</u>lkwe', n.); k<sup>w</sup>I= u<sup>?</sup>s+łx<sup>w</sup>+pú Red Lasso. (Kwlu'shukhwp<u>u</u>, n.); t+k<sup>w</sup>I=qn redhead (lit. red on the head or redhead, the name of the late Ignace Timothy, father of Josephine Perry. Ignace got this name because he dyed his hair red). (Tk<u>w</u>lqn, n.); t+k<sup>w</sup>I'+k<sup>w</sup>I'+íI'<sup>w</sup> calf (lit. red red hide). (tkw'lkw'l<u>i</u>'lkhw, n.)

Vk<sup>w</sup>l <sup>s</sup>ál'+k<sup>w</sup>li=alqs+n Prob coverall (lit. a covering for clothes). ((<u>a</u>'lkliwalqsn, n.)
Vk<sup>w</sup>lp s+k<sup>w</sup>elp fire. (skwelp, n.)

Vk<sup>w</sup>l' i c+k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>el'=in'č+mš sunbathe, sunbath (lit. (He is taking a) sunbath. (itskukwe'lii'nch'msh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>el' hot, sunny, warm. (kwe'l); k<sup>w</sup>el'+l' The sun shown, sunshine. (kwe'l'l, v.); k<sup>w</sup>el'+t it is hot. (kwe'lt, adj.); s+k<sup>w</sup>el'+l' sunlight (lit. having hot weather). (skwe'l'l, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>el'+l' heat, sunshine, warmth. (skwe'l'l, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>el'+t heat. (skwe'lt, n.); čet+k<sup>w</sup>el'+k<sup>w</sup>l' Chatcolet meadow before the lake was formed by a dam (lit. sunshine on...). (chetkwe'lkw'l, n.); čn\_k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>el'=in'čm' I sunbathed my entrails, belly, etc. (chnkukwe'lii'nch'm, vt.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>el'+t the liquid is hot. (hnkwe'lt, vi.); s+t+k<sup>w</sup>l'+l'=ic'e? aura (lit. light on the body). (stkw'l'lits'e', n.);  $t+k^{(i)}+t$  It is hot on the surface. (tkwe'lt, v.);  $t+k''l'+l'=ic'e^{?}$  sunshine on the body, a person with a visible aura, name of a Coeur d'Alene. (Tkw'l'lits'e', n.)

- Vk<sup>w</sup>l' č\_y'c+čs+k<sup>w</sup>él'+t I am sweating, perspiring. (chi'chskw<u>e</u>'lt, vi.); čn\_čs+k<sup>w</sup>el'+t I was sweating, perspire, to sweat. (chnchskwe'lt, vi.); s+č+s+k<sup>w</sup>él'+t to perspire, sweating, cold, sweat. (schskw<u>e</u>'lt, v.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>l' s+t+k<sup>w</sup>el'+t+emn=elwís He is going about visiting people. (stkwe'ltemnelwis, vt.); s+t+k<sup>w</sup>el'+č+s+x<sup>w</sup>uy+s+čínt He is going about gathering people. (stkwe'lchskhuyschint, vt.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>l' s+k<sup>w</sup>l' avocation, work. (sku'l, n.); yoq<sup>w</sup>e+s+k<sup>w</sup>úl' counterfeit, fake, pretended (lit. He pretended to work). (yokwesk'<u>u</u>'l, vt.); \*čeł\_?i·c+k<sup>w</sup>úl' calling (lit. It is to be your work (calling)). (cheł'iitsk'<u>u</u>l, n.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>Ist k<sup>w</sup>ulsét-s ask me for or seek assistance. (kulsets); hi-s+k<sup>w</sup>úlset H/S is one I asked to do an errand for me. (hiskulset, n.); k<sup>w</sup>úlset-n I asked h/h to do an errand for me. (kulsetn, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>úlset+n'tw'eš They asked one another to do errands for one another. (kulset'nt'wesh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>úlset+t-se-s H/S asked me to an errand for h/h. (kulsettses, vt.); s+k<sup>w</sup>úlst asking one to do an errand. (skulset, v.)
- **Vk<sup>™</sup>lw** k<sup>™</sup>léw pet name for a dog. (kwl<u>e</u>w, n.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>ł k<sup>w</sup>uł to lend, to borrow. (kuł); k<sup>w</sup>úł=g<sup>w</sup>l H/S borrowed a car, etc. (kułgul, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>uł-n borrow. (kułn, vt.); hi-s+k<sup>w</sup>úł+n It is something lent to me; it is something I borrowed. (hiskułn, n.); hi-yc+k<sup>w</sup>úł borrow (lit. something I borrowed). (hiytskuł, v.); k<sup>w</sup>úł-nt-se-s H/S loaned me. (kułntses, vt.); s+k<sup>w</sup>úłn lending, borrowing. (skułn, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>áł=qn-t-se-s exp H/S borrowed my hat, etc. (kałqntses, vt.)
- Vk"m' k"um' and. (ku'm, conj.)
- Vk"m'ł k"im'ł immediately. (kwi'mł, adv.)
- **√k<sup>w</sup>mw** s+k<sup>w</sup>m+k<sup>w</sup>míw+t=šn *rainbow*. (skumkum<u>i</u>wtshn, n.)
- Vkwn kwin to sing. (kwin); hn+kwen+en+útm cantabile (lit. It is singable). (hnkwenenutm, adj.); sye+n+kwin+m cantor, chorister, bard (lit. The official soloist or chief singer of the liturgy in a church; bard - one who wings songs). (syenkwinm, n.); s+n+kwin+m to sing, singing. (snkwinm, v.); hn+kwin+m He sang, he chanted. (hnkwinm, vi.); t+č+n+kwin+pele? carol (lit. He celebrated or praised in song). (tchnkwinpele', v.); gwł s+ye+n+kwin+m chorale, choir (lit. singers). (guł

syenkwinm, n.); ul+g<sup>w</sup>ł+s+ye+n+k<sup>w</sup>ín+m choral (lit. of or for a citor us or choir). (ul guł syenkwinm, adj.); s+n+k<sup>w</sup>ín+mš chant. (snkwinmsh, v.)

- Vkwn s+kwan=axn captive, prisoner, bondage, hostage. (skwanaqhn, n.); sya+kwán= axn captor (lit. One who takes (another) by the arm). (syaakwanaqhn, n.); sye+kwín+m bobby, policeman or woman, constable (lit. One who takes one). (syeekwinm, n.); s+kwin+m to accept, taking. (skwinm, v.); kwín-t-m capture, he was captured. (kwintm, vi.); kwín-t-s carry, he carried it, he took it away. (kwints, vt.); kwin-t-s apprehend, capture, catch. (kwints, vt.); kwen+en+nú-nt-s caught (lit. he succeeded in taking it, he caught it). (kwenennunts, vt.); s+kwín'+t+ew'eš Taking one another, as a couple in marriage. (skwijnte'wesh, vt.); kwin-t-s accept. (kwints, v.)
- **Vk<sup>w</sup>n** k<sup>w</sup>in+čt+ncút+n exp. depend, someone to depend on (lit. you are my means of taking care of myself). (kwintshtnts<u>u</u>tn, vi.)
- Vkwn kwin grasp, take hold of one small object. (kwin); kwan+ł+łčíp H/s took a bucket. (kwanłłchip, v.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+?iłn *H/S took (along) food.* (kuenł'yiłn, vt.);  $k^{w}an+l+\check{x}ec+n\acute{u}^{\gamma}+mn$  H/S took along clothes. (kwanlqhetsnu'mn, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+łp'+m'ín'+n' *H/s took a. pencil, a pen.* (kwenłłp'łp''mi'n'n, v.);  $k^{w}an+l+\check{c}+l'\check{c}''+l'\check{c}''+p=\acute{a}l'q'' h/s took a pocket knife. (kwanlch'l'(w'l'(wpa'lqw, v.);$ k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+l'+l'pót h/s took a cup. (kwanł'l'lpot, v.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+lebuutém h/s took a bottle. (kwanilebuutem, v.); k<sup>w</sup>en+i+s+míl'x<sup>w</sup> H/s took tobacco along. (kwenismi'lkhw, v.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+s+p'án'ž She took a bag. (kwanisp'a'ngh, vt.); s+k<sup>w</sup>an+s+p'án'+p'an'ž baggage (lit. bags carried while travelling). (skwansp'a'np'a'nqh, n.);  $k^{m}an+l+p'n+pn'=aqs h/s took along a parflèche (a case of dried hide bent up).$ (kwanłp'np'nags, v.); k"en+ł+pice? She took a root digger. (kwenłpitse', v.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+q'ey'+mín+n exp. *H/s took a book along*. (kwenłąe'yminn, v.); \*k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+čat+gál=tč=al'gs h/s took along a coat, overcoat. (kwanłchatqałtcha'lgs, v.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+sc+šár=čt H/S took (along) a valise, lantern, etc. (kwanłstsharcht, vt.); s+tep+k<sup>w</sup>in+m detention (lit. witholding something from things taken away). (stepkwinm, n.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+wl+wlím H/S took some money. (kwenłwlwlim, vt.); k"en+ł+w'l'+w'l'im' H/S took a knife. (kwenł'w'l'w'li'm, vt.); k"an+ł+s+łág'"=gn H/s took along a bark basket (lit. that which is pulled off a cedar tree). (kwanisiaq'wqn, v.); čn\_k\*án+lq'\*e?=ep I took a bark basket(s) along. (chnkwanlq'we'ep, vt.);

s+k<sup>w</sup>án+ł+q<sup>w</sup>e?=ep Bark basket taken along. (skwanłqwe'ep, vi.)

- Vk"n' t+k"en'+k"en'+m'íw'es confluence of streams, original name of Tekoa, Wash., confluent (lit. taking one another at the mid-section). (Tkwe'nkwe'n'mi'wes, n.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>nx<sup>w</sup> s+cen+k<sup>w</sup>ínx<sup>w</sup>=cn answer, response. (stsenkwinkhwtsn, n.); cen+k<sup>w</sup>ínx<sup>w</sup>=cn answer, respond, reply. (tsenkwinkhwtsn, v.); cen+k<sup>w</sup>ínx<sup>w</sup>=cn answer (lit. He received the question of another by replying). (tsenkwinkhwtsn, vt.); I answered him (lit. I understood that which came out of his mouth and replied). (tsenkwinkhwtsnn, vt.); cen+k<sup>w</sup>ínx<sup>w</sup>=cn-t-s He answered h/h. (tsenkwinkhwtsnts, vt.); He answered me. (tsenkwinkhwtsntses, vt.); cen+k<sup>w</sup>ínx<sup>w</sup>=cn-t-si-s He answered you (sg.). (tsenkwinkhwtsntsis, v.)
- **√k<sup>w</sup>p** s+n+k<sup>w</sup>a+k<sup>w</sup>áp=qn' *cap*. (snkak<u>a</u>pq'n, n.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>p g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+n kindling. (gwich'skupn, n.); s+t+q<sup>w</sup>il'+k<sup>w</sup>up match(es) (lit. means of starting a fire). (stq'wij'lkup, n.); hn+t+q<sup>w</sup>il'+k<sup>w</sup>up+n stove, oven (lit. place for kindling). (hntqwij'lkupn, n.); čeł\_g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+n H/s went after kindling. (chełgwich'skupn, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ič'+s+k<sup>w</sup>up+m-nt-s H/s used it for kindling. (gwich'skupmnts, vt.);
- Vk<sup>w</sup>p s+t+k<sup>w</sup>úp=šn+mš assault, attack (lit. attacking on foot by many). (stkupshnmsh, vt.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>r k<sup>w</sup>ar yellow. (kwar); k<sup>w</sup>ar+eq It is yellow. (kwareq, vt.); u k<sup>w</sup>ar+éq It is yellow. (ukwareq, v.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>ár=k<sup>w</sup>e? yellow water. (hnkwarkwe', n.); u k<sup>w</sup>ar+k<sup>w</sup>ar+éq They are yellow. (ukwarkwareq, vi.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>ar+ar?ó=s=alpq<sup>w</sup> capon, rooster (lit. He became yellow in the mouth by opening it when he crowed). (hnkwarar'osalpqw, n.); \*s+k<sup>w</sup>ar=šn crane, yellow foot. (skwarchn, n.); t+x<sup>w</sup>ar+x<sup>w</sup>ar+éqe'st orange (lit. yellow yellow on the outside). (tkhwarkwareqe'st, adj.); t+k<sup>w</sup>ar'+m+k<sup>w</sup>ár'+m' canary (lit. yellow yellow on surface). (tkwa'r'mkwa'r'm, n.); \*t+k<sup>w</sup>ar+éq=qn blonde (lit. one with pale or yellowish hair). (tqwareqqn, n.); u k<sup>w</sup>ar+éq ha s+máy=qn clay (lit. mud that is yellow). (ukwareq ha smayqn, n.); \*k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>ár'e?+t gold. (koqwa're't, n.); k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>ár'e?+t bullion (lit. \$20.00 in gold). (kukwa're't, n.)

**√k**‴r ał+k<sup>\*</sup>ári?+t *Harrison, Idaho*, (Ałkwari't, n.)

Vk<sup>w</sup>r hn+k<sup>w</sup>ar+aróh+m to crow. (hnkwarar'<u>o</u>hm, v.); hn+k<sup>w</sup>ar+ar<sup>9</sup>ó=s=alpq<sup>w</sup> chanticleer, rooster, cock. (hnkwarar'<u>o</u>salpqw, n.)

- Vk<sup>w</sup>s e k<sup>w</sup>us tell. (ekus..., n.); a k<sup>w</sup>os=tq accost (lit. He spoke to a person first). (akostq, vt.); a k<sup>w</sup>ós=tq to tell someone (lit. He told someone). (akostq, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ós=tq to accost (lit. He spoke to a person first). (ekostq, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-stu-s hoy allow (lit. say all right). (ekustus "huy", v.)e k<sup>w</sup>ús-n I told him. (ekusn, vi.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú+st+me-t We told him. (ekustmet, vi.); e k<sup>w</sup>ús-n-lš I told them. (ekusnlsh, vi.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> you told me. (ekustmekhw, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-st-me-lp You (pl.) told me. (ekustmelp, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-st-m-n I told you (sg.). (ekustmn, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-st-al-is He told us. (ekustalis, vt.); e k<sup>w</sup>ú-st-Im-n I told you (pl.). (ekustlmn, vt.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>s k<sup>w</sup>us curly. (kus); k<sup>w</sup>us+s It became curly, or horse became skittish. (kuss, adv.); a t+k<sup>w</sup>ós=qn curly headed, curly haired. (atkosqn, adj.); e t+k<sup>w</sup>us crepe, corduroy (lit. It is crisp or curly on the surface, e.g. cloth). (etkus, vi.); ec+k<sup>w</sup>ús to be curled, crimped, corrugated. (etskus, vi.); s+t+k<sup>w</sup>os=qi(n)-s It's h/h curly headedness. (stkosqis, vi.)
- **Vk<sup>w</sup>s** ec+k<sup>w</sup>(s+t+us to carry (lit. He is carrying it). (etskw<u>i</u>stus, vi.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>s hn+k<sup>w</sup>es+k<sup>w</sup>s+n coop, chicken coop. (hnkw<u>e</u>skwsn, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>es+k<sup>w</sup>s chick (lit. little (young) pheasant). (skukw<u>e</u>skws, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>es+k<sup>w</sup>s chicken (lit. pheasant). (skweskws, n.)
- **Vk<sup>w</sup>s** k<sup>w</sup>us *frisky, skittish, shy, timid.* (kus,); k<sup>w</sup>us+k<sup>w</sup>us+t *He is a frisky (scarey) horse.* (k<u>u</u>skust, vi.)
- Vk<sup>w</sup>s k<sup>w</sup>is to name. (kwis); s+k<sup>w</sup>is+k<sup>w</sup>es+t catalogue (lit. names or list of names). (skwiskwest, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t name, brand, noun. (skwist, n.); <sup>?</sup>epł <sup>?</sup>ep+s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t anonymous, nameless (lit. lie has a hidden name). (epł(epskwist, v.); ul+n+?esl+s+k<sup>w</sup>ist exp It belongs to him who has 2 names. (ul 'nselskwist, v.); e lu+s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t anonymous, nameless (lit. H/s/i has no name). (eluskwist, vi.); s+nuk'<sup>w</sup>+s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t alias, one (another) name. (snuk'wskwist, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t a name two persons have in common. (snukwskwist, n.); sti?m x<sup>w</sup>e s+k<sup>w</sup>es+t=ilumx<sup>w</sup>-s Xr sti? What is the name of the place? (sti'm khwe skwestilumkhws? (qu.).); tux<sup>w</sup>+s+k<sup>w</sup>is-nt-s He named him. (tukhwskwisnts, v.); p'oy-n x<sup>w</sup>e hi-s+k<sup>w</sup>is+t scribbled (lit. I scribbled my name). (p'oyn khwe hiskwist, vt.)

√k<sup>w</sup>t'n' k<sup>w</sup>ít'en' mouse, shrew. (kwit'e'n, n.)

- Vk<sup>w</sup><sup>c</sup><sup>·w</sup> i c+k<sup>w</sup>é<sup>c<sup>·w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>c<sup>·w</sup>+<sup>c<sup>·w</sup></sup> demented (lit. He is going crazy). (itskw<u>e</u>'(wkwe'('(w, adj.); s+k<sup>w</sup>é<sup>c<sup>·w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>c<sup>·w</sup>+<sup>c<sup>·w</sup></sup> insanity. (skw<u>e</u>'(wkwe(u'(, n.)))</sup></sup></sup></sup>
- Vk'<sup>w</sup>d s+n+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn background, derivation (lit. root). (snk'wde'<u>u</u>sshn, n.); tel' s+en+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn derivative (lit. from the source). (te'l senk'wde'<u>u</u>shn, n.); hn+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn root. (hnk'wde'<u>u</u>sshn, n.); hn+g<sup>w</sup>en+t+eł+s+n+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn deep-rooted. (hngwentelsnk'wde'<u>u</u>sshn, adj.)
- Vk<sup>™</sup>k<sup>™</sup> i s+k<sup>™</sup>ák<sup>™</sup>+ak<sup>™</sup>+iš cluck (lit. The hen is making a cluck-cluck sound). (isk'w<u>a</u>kwakwish, vi.)
- √k'"l' k'"l' to produce. (k'u'l); k'"ul' to do, make, fix. (k'u'l); k'"úl+emn contraption (lit. means of making). (k'u'lemn, n.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ncút+n God (lit. the means of making) oneself). (K'u'Intsutn, n.); s+k'"l'+ncút+n deity, divine will, divinity. (sk'u'Intsutn, n.); u x<sup>w</sup>el'e k<sup>w</sup>ú, k'<sup>w</sup>ul+ncút+n divine (lit. You (sg.) are godlike), (ughwe'le kuk'u'Intsutn, adj.); s+k'"l'+ncút+mn deification, exaltation to divine rank. (sk'u'Intsutmn, n.); sye+k'"úl' creator, originator, dean, servant (lit. One who produces). (syeek'u'l, n.); ul+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ncút+n divine, belonging to God. (ul k'u'lntsutn, adj.); \*a· ya<sup>\+</sup>+ec+k<sup>w</sup>l'-stu-s almighty (lit. one who makes all things). (aaya')etsk'u'lstus, adj.); twe+k'<sup>w</sup>l+ncút+n enthusiasm (lit. means of making oneself in company with God). (twek'ulntsutn, n.); k'"l'+l' become, be born. (k'ulu'l, vi.); k'"ul'+ul' to be made, born (lit. H/s was born). (k'u'lu'l, v.); x"e cił+k'"úl'+ul' birthplace (lit. Where he was born). (khwe tsi'łk'u'lu'l, n.); tel' s+k'\*+k'\*úl'+ul' congenital (lit. it exists from birth). (te'l sk'uk'u'lu'l, adj.); s+n+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'+ul'=łc'e? pregnancy. (snk'u'lu'lts'e', n.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'+ul' birth (lit. becoming made). (sk'<u>u</u>'lu'l, n.); t+k'"l'+úl'n birthday. (tk'u'lu'ln, n.); hn+k'"úl'+ul'=łc'e?+m-nt-m conceive (lit. Someone was created within her). (hnk'u'lu'llts'e'mntm, v.); s+k'"l'+ł+ ?asq" to adopt (lit. making one a son). (sk'u'll asqw, vt.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>ol'=stq agriculture, farming, garden, produce. (sk'o'lstg, n.); hn+k'"ol'=stg+n colony. (hnk'o'lstgn, n.); sya+k'"ol'=stg colonist, settler (lit. a crop raiser). (syaak'o'lstq, n.); ul+n+k'"ól'=stq+n colonial (of or pertaining to a farm). (ulnk'o'lstqn, adj.); k'"l'=stq colonize (lit. He farmed or settled). (k'o'lstg, vt.); hn+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'=cn+ncút+m cookstove (lit. means of preparing something for one's mouth). (hnk'u'ltsntsutm, n.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'=cn+ncút cookout (lit. She

cooked a meal outdoors). (k'u'ltsntsut atchmipłkhw, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>úľ-cu+cut cuisine. cookery (lit. cooking). (sku'ltsntsut, n.); sya+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'=cn+cút cook, chef (lit. One whose business is to prepare something for the mouth). (syak'u'ltsntsut, n.); \*u|+s+k'"u|'= cn+cut culinary (lit. pertaining to cooking). (ul sk'u'Intsut, adj.); k'"úl'=cn-n I prepared food for him or her. (k'u'ltsnn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'=cn+cút He prepared food for himself. (k'u'ltsntsut, vt.); s+nuk<sup>\*\*</sup>+k'<sup>\*\*</sup>úl' associate, fellow worker, colleague. partner. (snukwk'u'l, n.); s+nuk"+k'"úl'+ul' spouse, component, consort, mate. (snukwk'u'lu'l, n.); k'"úl'-nt-m-lš They are made, united in marriage, (k'u'lntmlsh, vt.); s+k<sup>w</sup>l'-nt-m-lš bridal, wedding (lit. their being made (husband and wife). (sku'Intmlsh, n.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>úl=łx<sup>w</sup> architect, carpenter (lit. One who builds a house). (syeek'u'llkhw, n.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' a s+l'+l'ax+m' electrician (lit. One who produces (works) with electricity). (syeek'u'l a s'l'laqh'm, n.); u ln+k'"úl'+emn conventional (lit. pertaining to general way of doing things). (u lnk'u'lemn, adj.); e lu+l+k'"ul'+ncút+n atheist, unbeliever, agnostic (lit. One who has no God). (elułk'u'Intsutn, vt.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ul'+út+m contingency (lit. possibility of being made (done); a fortuitous or possible event). (sk'u'lu'lutm, n.); hi yc+k'<sup>w</sup>úl' deed (lit. that which is done). (hiytsk'u'l, n.); hn+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'+emn convention (lit. way of doing things, general usage or custom). (hnk'u'lemn, n.); hn+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+n ceremony. (lit. a way of acting). (hnk'u'ln, n.); če+yc+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' affair, agenda, chore, routine, career (lit. that which is to be done). (cheytsk'u'l, n.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ul'=útm contingent (lit. It is capable of being done). (k'u'lu'lutm, adj.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'=łx<sup>w</sup> architecture (lit. making buildings). (sk'u'likhw, n.); s+k'"úl'+šeš duty, service, employment. (sk'u'lshesh, n.); s+n+k'"úl'= US atonement, punishment (lit. making amends on a head). (snk'u'lus, n.); s+cen+k<sup>w</sup>úl'+ul' form, structure, configuration, copy, diagram, effigy, statue (lit. a model formed under). (stsenk'u'lu'l, n.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' agent. (syeek'u'l, n.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ł+cíl'+cel'+t delineate (lit. He formed a shadow). (k'u'lłts<u>i</u>'ltse'lt, vt.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ł+g'ey'+min+n bookie (lit. One who accepts and pays off bets) bookmaker (lit. one who makes paper (books). (syek'u'llq'e'yminn, n.); s+t+k'<sup>w</sup>úl' ornament, adornment. (stk'u'l, n.); e t+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' attach, something attached to, beaded work. (etk'u'l, vi.); s+t+k'"úl'+m decorating, ornament. (stk'u'lm, n.); s+t+k'"úl'+ul' decor (lit. a decorative style). (stk'u'lu'l, n.); t+k'"úl'-nt-m bedeck (lit. It was

adorned). (tk'u'Intm, v.); t+k'<sup>w</sup>úl-nt-m adorn, decorate (lit. He put beads on it). (tk'u'Ints, v.); e t+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' hey+lex<sup>w</sup> brocade (lit. A woven thing of design). (etk'u'I heylekhw, n.); s+k'"l'+ł artificial, fake, false. (sk'u'lł, suf.); s+k'"l'+ł+čp=qin+n wig. coiffure (lit. artificial hair). (sk'u'llchpqinn, n.); i n+k'"úl'=us compensate (lit. He is making up for or offsetting). (ink'u'lus, v.); ec+k'<sup>w</sup>l'+ul'+m=g<sup>w</sup>(ln effective (lit. It is capable of producing results). (etsk'u'lu'lmgwiln, vi.); s+cen+k\*úl'+l'-s x\*e tmíx\*= l'umx<sup>w</sup> map (lit. means of making a description of land). (stsenku'l'ls khwe tmikhw'lumkhw, n.); k'"úl'-nt-elit create, do (lit. We were produced by God). (k'u'Intelit); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+l'+nú-nt-p do (lit. You (pl.) achieved it), (k'u'I'Inuntp, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ncut+m-nt-s deify. (k'u'Intsutmnts, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup>úl'-nt-s make, do. perform (Lit. He made it). (k'u'Ints, v.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul+ul'+nún+n He succeeded in doing something. (k'u'lu'lnunn); s+k<sup>w</sup>l'+l'+nún+m execution (lit. success in doing something). (sku'lu'lnunm, n.); k"l'+ul'+nu-nt-s H/S succeeded in doing it, h/s carried it out, executed it. (ku'lu'lnunts, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+l'+nú-nt-s achieve (lit. He succeeded in making it). (k'u'l'lnunts, vi.); s+k'"?l'+nún+m achievement (lit. success in making (something). (sk'u"lnunm, n.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ul'=ng<sup>w</sup>íln accomplish (lit. successful in making something). (sk'u'lu'lngwiln, n.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ul'+nún effect, result (lit. that *which is accomplished*). (sk'u'lu'lnun, n.)

Vk'"l' s+k'"l'+ł+žes+t deem (lit. It is something considered good). (sk'u'lł qhest, n.); hi-s+k'"ul'+ł+žés+t deign (lit. I deem it worthy). (hisku'lłqhest, vt.)

**Vk'''l'ł** s+k'''l'+ł +wl+wlím coinage (lit. making money). (sk'u'lł wlwlim, n.)

 $\sqrt{\mathbf{k'''}}$  k'<sup>w</sup>eł *tickle*. (k'weł)

- Vk'"łš k'"łš=íčt+m curt, abrupt (lit. He did an abrupt act). (k'włshichtm, adj.); k'"ełš to startle, surprise. (k'wełsh); k'"ełš he was startled. (k'wełsh, vt.); k'"éłš+mncut brisk (lit. he acted as though he startled himself). (k'wełshmntsut, adj.)
- Vk'"m ul+k'"óm=qn cephalic (lit. in, on, or relating to the head or skull). (ul k'omqn, adj.)

**Vk'"m'** k'"im' (cf. k'"y') presently, right now. (k'wi'm, v.)

**vk'"m'** k'"+k'"em'+i?+n' pliers (lit. little wrench). (k'uk'we'm<u>i</u>'n', n.)

- Vk'"n k'"in' try, choose, consider. (k'wi'n); ni k'"n'+en'=út+m eligible (lit. H/s is capable of being, or fit to be, chosen). (nik'we'ne'nutm, adj.); ni?+k"ín-n cull (lit. I picked it out from others). (ni'k'winn, vt.); ni?+k"ín-nt-m elect (lit. H/s was chosen). (ni'k'wi'nntm, vt.); ni?+k"ín-nt-s choose, select, appoint (lit. He picked it out after testing it from among). (ni'k'wi'nnts, vt.); łey ní+k'"in' chosen, elect (lit. one of the elect, the elect collectively). (łeyni'k'wi'n, n.); k'"in'-n I tried it, I tested it. (k'wi'nn, vt.); k'"in'-nt-s trial (lit. H/S scrutinized or investigated it carefully). (k'wi'nnts, n.); i-c+my+es+k'"i?n+m collate (lit. I am taking it very carefully). (hi'tsmiyesk'wi'nm, vt.)
- **Vk'**"n k'<sup>w</sup>u\_s+k'<sup>w</sup>in+š+es+pin=tč *How old are you?* (k'usk'winshespintch?, vi.)
- Vk'™n úw'e+k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n=íy'e? awhile (lit. for a short time only). (<u>u</u>'we k'uk'w'n<u>i</u>'ye', adv.);
  k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n'+iy'e? in a short while... (k'uk'w'n<u>i</u>'ye', adv.); k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n'+iy'e? very soon, in a minute, by and by. (k'uk'w'ni'ye', adv.); e s+k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n'=iy'e? a while ago.
  (esk'ukw'ni'ye', adv.); u k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n'=íy'e? anon, soon, in a short time elapse (lit. It slipped or glided away in a short time). (uk'uk'w'n<u>i</u>'ye', adv.)
- Vk'"n' hi y+ni?+k'"ín' eclectic (lit. that which is picked out). (hiyni'k'wii'n, v.); s+k'"ín'+m assay (lit. testing). (sk'wi'nm, n.); s+k'"ín'+m exam[i]nation (lit. test of knowledge or fitness). (sk'wii'nm, n.); s+ni?+k'"in' alternative, choice (lit. that which is chosen from two or more possibilities). (sni'k'wii'n, n.); s+ni?+k'"ín' choice (lit. something chosen (from among several). (sni'k'wii'n, n.); s+ni?+k'"ín'+m election (lit. the act of choosing someone). (sni'k'wi'nm, n.)
- Vk'"nš k'"inš how many? (inter.). (k'winsh); k'"inš How many? How much? (k'winsh, qu.); e. k'"ínš How much (many) do you want? (eek'winsh? qu.)

**Vk'"p** k'"ep+t backbone, spine, core. (k'wept, n.)

- **√k'**"r i s+k'<sup>w</sup>ár+k'<sup>w</sup>ar+iš burr (lit. He made whirring sounds). (isk'w<u>a</u>rk'warish, vi.)
- Vk'"r' s+k'"ar'=ine? oyster, bivalve, clam (lit. cracked on the ears). (sk'wa'rine', n.)
- **Vk'"s** k'"us splittable, easily split. (k'us)
- Vk<sup>™</sup>s k<sup>™</sup>us+če<sup>?</sup> haunted, ghost, spook. (k'usche'); s+k<sup>™</sup>s+k<sup>™</sup>s+če<sup>?</sup>=cín' haunted house or place. (sk'usk'usche'ts<u>i</u>'n, n.); s+k<sup>™</sup>us+ús+če<sup>?</sup> ghost, appariton. (sk'us<u>u</u>sche', n.); k<sup>™</sup>us+če<sup>?</sup>-nt-s He ghosted him. (k'<u>u</u>sche'nts, vt.)

**√k'<sup>w</sup>s** s+k'<sup>w</sup>us+t *cedar*. (sk'ust, n.)

- Vk'<sup>w</sup>s s+k'<sup>w</sup>és=us February. (sk'wesus, n.); u<sup>•</sup> k'<sup>w</sup>é<sup>•</sup>s mild weather ,.... ulmost like spring). (uuk'weees, n.)
- Vk'"t' k'"et'+t' appear, he appeared. (k'wet't', vi.); ul+s+k'"ét'+t' chromatic (lit. pertaining to appearance (color or colors). (ul sk'wet't', adj.); u n+k'"tú·=cn aloud (lit. He speaks audibly). (unk'wt'uuutsn, adv.); u· k'"?t+út It is plain, clear, vivid. (uuk'w'tut, adj.); s+k'"t'+út+mš clearance (lit. making clear). (sk'wt'utmsh, n.); u k'"t'+ú't It is apparent (lit. it is readily seen). (uk'wt'uuut, vi.); u k'"t'+ú't it remains or is clearly visible, bare, exposed to view, chiffon, It (fabric) is sheer. (uk'wt'uuut, vi.)
- Vk'"t' k'"et' take off (clothes), to divest. (k'wet'); k'"ít'=šn barefoot. (k'wit'shn, adv.); a t+k'"ét'=alq=šn bare-legged (lit. His legs are uncovered). (atk'wet'alqshn, vi.); a t+k'"et'=á?st=qn bare-headed (lit. His head is uncovered). (atk'wet'a'stqn, vi.); \*ec+k'"ít'+k'"et'=čt bare-handed (lit. His hands are uncovered). (etskwit'k'wet'cht, vi.); hn+k'"ét'+p+ncut disarray. (lit. He undressed himself). (hnk'wet'pntsut, vt.)

**Vk'<sup>w</sup>t'** s+k'<sup>w</sup>ét'=el't *fawn*. (sk'wete'lt, n.) ; s+k'<sup>w</sup>t'=íl't *fawn*. (sk'wt'ilt, n.)

- Vk'''X k'''aX claw, fingernail. (k'waqh); k'''aX+k'''aX=qin'=Šn' toe nails.
  (k'waqhk'waqhqi'nsh'n, n.); k'''aX=qin=čt fingernail. (k'waqhqincht, n.); k'''aX=qin'=čt-et It is our fingernail(s). (k'waqhqi'nchtet, n.); k'''aX=qin'=Šn' toe nail.
  (k'waqhqi'nsh'n, n.); in-k'''aX=qin=čt It is your fingernail. (ink'waqhqi'ncht,); k'''aX=qin=čt-mp It is your (pl) fingernail(s). (k'waqhqi'nchtmp, n.); k'''aX=qin=čt-s it is h/h fingernail. (k'waqhqi'nchts, n.); k'''aX=qin'=čt-s-lš it is their fingernails.
  (k'waqhqi'nchtslsh, n.); \*hn-k'''aX=qin'=čt It is my fingernail. (hnk'waqhqi'ncht.)
- Vk'wy k'way=q'és+p exp long-ago, past. (k'wayqesp, adj.); ul+k'way+q'és+p antique, archaic (lit. belonging to ancient time). (ul k'wayq'esp, adj.); łe k'wey' teč=cí? in former. days, before. (łe k'we'y techtsi', adv.)
- Vk'"y' k'"iy' quiet, still. (k'wi'y); ec+k'"+k'"iy'=cín' to croon (lit. He sings or speaks softly). (etsk'uk'wi'yts<u>i</u>'n, vi.)

**vk'''y'** k'''ey' lút not yet. (k'we'yl<u>u</u>t, adv.)

Vk'"y's k'"áy's=alq" cedar tree. (k'wa'ysalqw, n.); s+t+k'"éy's=ečt cedar branch. (stk'we'ysecht, n.)

√k'<sup>w</sup>? k'<sup>w</sup>e?+t evident, plain, exposed. (k'we't)

Vk<sup>™</sup>? k<sup>™</sup>i? to bite. (k'wi'); k<sup>™</sup>e?+k<sup>™</sup>e?+iłc'e? bedbug, fela (lit. That which bites and bites the flesh). (k'we'k'we'its'e', n.); \*k<sup>™</sup>e?+k<sup>™</sup>e?=ił+c'e? bedbug. (kwe'k'we'its'e, n.); k<sup>™</sup>a?+k<sup>™</sup>a?a+s+n+laq=us he chewed gum. (k'wa'k'wa'asnlaqus, v.); k<sup>™</sup>i?+k<sup>™</sup>e?+m chew (lit. He ground something with the teeth). (k'wi'k'we'm, vi.); k<sup>™</sup>i?+k<sup>™</sup>e?-nt-s He munched it. (k'wi'k'we'nts, vt.); k<sup>™</sup>i?-nt-m He was bitten. (k'wi'ntm, vi.)

**Vk'<sup>w</sup>?** k'<sup>w</sup>e?+mín+n *pipe wrench.* (k'we'minn, n.)

Vk'<sup>™</sup>? k'<sup>™</sup>ne? future, going to. (k'wne', n.); k'<sup>™</sup> ne? čn\_c'ú?u+m I am going to weep. (k'wne'chnts'<u>u</u>'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u·\_c'ú?u+m You (sg.) are going to weep. (kwne'kuuts'u'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? c'ú?u+m *H/s is going to weep*. (k'wne'ts'u'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č\_c'ú?+c'u?u+m We are going to weep. (k'wne'chts'u'ts'u'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k"up\_c'ú+c'u?u+m You (pl.) are going to weep. (k'wne'kupt'su'tsu'um, vi.): k'" ne? c'ú+c'u<sup>2</sup>u+m They are going to weep. (k'wne'ts'u'tsu'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>2</sup> č+dél-n I am going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdeln, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdelntkhw, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-n-lš I am going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelnlsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl..) are going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelntkhwlsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntsekhw, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-s-es *H/s is going to defend me*. (k'wne'chdelntses, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntselp, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-s-es-lš *They are going to defend me*. (k'wne'chdelntseslsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-s-n I am going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsn, vt.); k'<sup>™</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-si-s H/s is going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsis, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+dél-nt-ulm-n I am going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-ulmi-s They are going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmis, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+déž+t We are going to walk. (k'wne'chdeqht, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up dex+t You (pl.) are going to walk. (k'wne'kupdeqht, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? déx+t-lš They are going to walk. (k'wna'deqhtlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_máy'+ay'=qn+m I am going to dine. (k'wne'chnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u, \_n+may'+ay'=qn+m You (sg.) are going to dine. (k'wne'kunma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m *H/s is going to dine*. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_\_máy'+ay'=qn+m *We are* going to dine. (k'wne'chnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'" ne? k"up\_máy'+ay=qn+m You (pl.)

are going to dine. (k'wne'kupnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m-lš They are going to dine. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnmlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>9</sup> piy=íčt+mn-n I am going to delight h/h. (k'wne'pivichtmnn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s H/s is going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmnts, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s-lš They are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntslsh, vi.);k'" ne? piy=íčt+mn-n-lš I am going to delight them. (k'wne'piyichtmnnlsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) are going to delight them. (k'wne'pivichtmntkhwlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piv=íčt+m-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'pivichtmntsekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piv=íčt+m-nt-se-s H/s is going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntses, vi.); k'\* ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'pivichtmntselp, vi.); k'" ne? piv= íčt+m-nt-se-s-lš They are going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntseslsh, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s-n I am going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'piyichtmntsn, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-si-s H/s is going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'piyichtmntsis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-ulm-n I am going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmntulmn, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-n-si-s-lš They are going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmnsislsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> na? čn\_\_g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el speak (lit. I am going to speak). (k'wna'chnqw<u>a</u>'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el I am going to speak. (k'wne'chnqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u<sup>v</sup>, q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>v</sup>l You (sg.) are going to speak. (k'wne'kuuqwa'qweel, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el We are going to speak. (k'wne'chqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>a? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?-lš They are going to speak. (k'wa'qwa'qwe'lsh, v.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I am going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s H/s is going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstus, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstuslsh, vi.); k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-s-n-lš I am going to speak to them. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'lsnlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-p-lš You (pl.) are going to speak to them. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elsplsh, vi.); k'" na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s *H*/s is going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmes, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p You (pl.) are

going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmelp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>z el-st-me-s-lš They are going to speak to me. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, vi.); k'" na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n I am going to speak to you (sg.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmn, vi.); k<sup>1</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s *H*/s is going to speak to you (sg.). (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I am going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstulmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstulmislsh, vi.); k'"+na?+q"(l-n I am going to cheat h/h. (k'wna'qwiln, vi.);k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to cheat h/h. (k'wna'qwilntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>íl-se-s H/s is going to [cheat me]. (k'wna'qwilntses, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to cheat me. (k'wna'qwilntsekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-s-n I am going to cheat you (sg.). (k'wna'qwilntsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-si-s *H*/s is going to cheat you (sg.). (k'wna'qwilntsis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut *I will dance*. (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> k<sup>w</sup>u<sup>·</sup> q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (sg.) will dance. (k'wne'kuug'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+g'<sup>w</sup>áy'+mncut We will dance. (k'wne'chq'wa'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up \_\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (pl.) will dance. (k'wne'kupq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'" na? q'"éy+mncut-lš They will dance. (k'wna'q'we'ymntsutlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn \_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut dance (lit. I am going to dance). (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u \_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut (lit. you(sg.) are going to dance). (k'wne'kuuq'we'ymntsut, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q'<sup>w</sup>éy+mncut H/s is going to dance. (k'wna'g'we'ymntsut, vi.); \*k'<sup>w</sup>e? k<sup>w</sup>up, g'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut (lit. you are going to dance). (k'we'kupq'we'umntsut, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> čn\_siy+m+s+cut I am going to do my best. (k'wne'chnsiymstsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn \_šén+n I am going to work. (k'wne'chnshenn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u', šén+n You (sg.) are going to work. (k'wne'kuushenn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>e? n+šén+n (k'w) *H/s is going to work*. (k'wen'shenn, v.); \*k'"+ne?+č+šén+n We are going to work. (k'wnechshenn, v.); k'" ne? k"up. .šén+n You (pl.) are going to work. (k'wne'kupshenn, vi.); k'" ne? šén+n-lš They are going to work. (k'wne'shennish, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wih+m The dog is going to bark. (k'wne'wihm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wih+weh+m The dogs are going to bark. (k'wne'wihwehm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> wih-nt-si-t I am going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntselem, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wih-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be barked at.

(k'wne'wihntsit, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-m H/s is going to be barkea ar. k'wne'wihntm, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-eli-t We are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntelit, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntulmit, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wih-nt-m-lš They are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntmlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-n I am going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'win, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-x" You (sg.) are going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-s H/s is going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'nts, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>9</sup> wí<sup>9</sup>-nt-s-lš They are going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-n-lš I am going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'nlsh. vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-p-lš You (pl.) are going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntplsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> wí<sup>?</sup>-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsekhw, vi.): k<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-se-s *H/s is going to call me aloud*. (k'wne'wi'ntses, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntselp, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-se-s-lš They are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntseslsh, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-s-n I am going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-si-s H/s is going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wintsis, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-ulm-n I am going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmn, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-ulmi-s-lš They are going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmislsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-sel-em I am going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntselem, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsit, vi.); k'" ne? wí?-nt-m H/s is going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-eli-t We are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntelit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wii'ntulmit, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-m-lš They are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntmlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn x<sup>w</sup>ís+t *I am going to walk*. (k'wne'chnkhwist, vi.); k'" ne? x"(s+t He/she is going to walk. (k'wne'khwist, vi.); k'" ne? k"u. x"(s+t You (sg.) are going to walk. (k'wne'kuukhwist, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_x<sup>w</sup>úy I am going over there. (k'wne'chnkhuy, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-s-n I am going to love h/h. (k'wna'gheminchsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na<sup>?</sup> xem=ínč-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to love him/her. (k'wna'gheminchstkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-stu-s He/she is going to love him/ her. (k'wna'gheminchstus, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-stu-s-lš They are going to love him/her. (k'wna'qheminchstuslsh, vi.); k'" na? xem=ínč-s-n-lš I am going to love them. (k'wna'gheminchsnlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) are going to love

them. (k'wna'qheminchstkhwlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč+č-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchchstmekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-me-s H/s is going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchstmes, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-mel-p You (pl.) are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchstmelp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-me-s-lš They are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchstmeslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-m-n I am going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'qheminchstm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-mi-s He/she is going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'qheminchstmis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-ulm-n I am going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'qheminchstulmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem= ínč-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'qheminchstulmislsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>e? k<sup>w</sup>u·\_?iłn eat (lit. You (sg.) are going to eat). (k'we'kuu'iħ, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>e? čn\_?iłn a s+qil=tč I am going to eat some meat. (k'we' chn' iħn a sqiltch)

Vk'<sup>w</sup><sup>°</sup> k'<sup>w</sup>a<sup>°</sup> to slide, slip, skid. (k'wa(); k'<sup>w</sup>a<sup>°</sup>+a<sup>°</sup>+p+líye<sup>?</sup> he coasted. (k'wa(a(pliye', vi.) Vl ul- -an, belonging to. (ul, (comb). form.)

**VI** u li *It made a thumping sound*. (uul<u>u</u>, vt.)

- VIbč li béč bishop (l.w. from French). (liibech, n.); li béč he c'uk'<sup>w</sup>=ičsi-s crosier (lit. a bishop's staff (cane). (liibech he ts'uk'wichsis, n.); ul+li béč he tmíx<sup>w</sup>=l'm-s diocese (lit. It is a land or district in which a bishop has authority). (ul liibech he tmikhu'lms, n.)
- VIbtm leb+lebu·tém bottles (l.w. from French). (leblebuutem, pl. n.); lebu·tém bottle (l.w. from French). (lebuutem, n.); s+lebe·tém+n christening, baptism, (lit. The Christian sacrament of baptism). (slebeetemn, n.); lebe·tém+m baptize (l.w. from French). (lebeetemm, v.); lebe·tém-nt-m christen, baptize (lit. He was baptized). (lebeetemntm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+lebuutém h/s took a bottle. (kwanłlebuutem, v.)

**√lč** l'+l'ič *thin (like cloth)*. ('l'lich)

Vič' leč' to bind, aggressive, domineering. (lech'); lč'+min+n band, binding (lit. means of binding together). (lch'minn, n.); lč'=qín+n bandana, kerchief, scarf, headband (lit. a means of binding the head). (lch'qinn, n.); leč'+lč'+t aggressive, arrogant, audacious, bossy, bold, despotic, overbearing (lit. He is habitually tied (committed) to be bold). (lech'lch't, vi.); leč'+m arrest (lit. tie up). (lech'm, vt.); e· léč' He is bound, tied up, manacled, handcuffed, in jail. (eelech', vi.); e cen+léč' bundle, package, fascicle (lit. That which is tied together). (etsenlech', n.); hn+lč'=íw'es+n belt, sash. (lit. means of tying midsection). (hnlch'i̯'wesn, n.); hn+lč'+min+ı prison, jail, stockade, (lit. a place where one is tied up). (hnlch'minn, n.); i' leč'+mncút compulsive, compulsory (lit. He is exercising compulsion). (iilech'mntsut, adj.); s+leč'+lč'+t arrogance. (slech'l'cht, n.); s+leč'+mncut aggression, compulsion, despotism (lit. tying (committing) oneself to be bold). (sle'chmntsut, n.); s+léč'+m+šeš constraint, compulsion. (slech'mshesh, n.); s+lč'+m+es+čínt coercion (lit. compelling people to do things). (slch'meschint, n.); łáž"p tal' hn+lč'+mín+n He escaped from prison. (łaqhwp ta'l hnlch'minn, vi.); miyeł+léč'+lč'+t belligerent (lit. he is too (very) aggressive). (miyełlech'lch't, n.); s+pig<sup>w</sup>=l'č' belt, cincture. (spigw'lch', n.); č+leč'+m=ípele commandeer (lit. he seized arbitrarily). (chle'chmipele, v.); léč'+m-st-m arrogate (lit. He acted arrogantly). (lech'mntsut, vi.); léč'-nt-m arrested, apprehended, tied up (lit. I tied him up). (lech'ntm, vt.); léč'-nt-s He arrested him. apprehended, tied up. (lech'nts, vt.); léč'+m-st-m to be blackmailed, extorted (lit. He was forced against his will). (lech'mstm, vi.)

**Vlčm** lče·mí *corn, corncob, maize*. (lcheem<u>i</u>, n.); lče·mí *corn, corncob*. (lcheem<u>i</u>, n.) **Vldj** s+ledj+m *to sting*. (sl<u>e</u>djm, v.)

**√lg**<sup>w</sup> lig<sup>w</sup> to snare, entrap. (ligw)

- ✓lj lej to sting, stab. (lej); lj+min+n sword, bayonet (lit. a means of piercing). (ljminn, n.); s+n+lj=ups coitus. (snljups, n.); łaq'+t he lj+mín+n broad-sword (lit. It is broad which is a sword). ( łaq't he ljminn, n.); lej+p He was shot. (lejp, vt.); lj=ísg<sup>w</sup>el to harpoon, spear fish (lit. He speared fish, usually salmon). (ljisgwel, vt.); hn+lj=o?p= stq copulate. (lit. He engaged in coitus). (hnljo'pstq, vi.); lej-nt-s He stabbed him. (lejnts, vt.)
- **Vlkp** lka·pí coffee (l.w. from French). (lkaapi, n.); hn+lka·píh+n coffeepot. (lit. a. pot for brewing or serving coffee). (hnlkaapihn, n.)
- **Viks** loko·só *pig (l.w. from French).* (lokoos<u>o</u>, n.); qel't+mx<sup>w</sup>+loko·só *boar. (lit. male pig).* (qe'ltmkhwlokoos<u>o</u>, n.)
- Vik<sup>w</sup> lek<sup>w</sup> far. (lekw); č+lek<sup>w</sup>+t aloof. (chl<u>e</u>kut, adv.); č+luk<sup>w</sup>+ú·t There he is at a distance. (chluk<u>uuu</u>t!, excl.); lék<sup>w</sup>+t It is far away. (lekut, adv.); hn+luk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>ú+t+m behind (lit. He fell behind). (hnlukuk<u>u</u>tm, adv.); s+ni?+lék<sup>w</sup>+t apogee (lit. the farthest

point). (sni'lekut, n.); s+n+luk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>+út+m arrears (lit. falling behind). (snlukukutm, n.); u č+luk<sup>w</sup>+ú·t He avoids (lit. He remains aloof). (uchlukuuut, excl.); tel' lék<sup>w</sup>u+t afar, from afar. (te'l lekut, adv.); e n+luk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>+útm dilatory, lagging (lit. He customarily goes far behind). (enlukukutm, vi.); lék<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>-š begone!, go away! (lekuksh!, excl.)

**Vik'** luk' to pick off strings, lint, fuzz. (luk'w)

- Vlk' a lk' =alqs+m H/s put away h/h clothes. (alk'walqsm, vt.); e lúk' =us H/s/i is masked, disguised. (from luk'us-wooden mask). (eeluk'us, vi.)
- VIm lim glad, thankful, pleased, appreciative. (lim); lím+lem+t+š Thank you! (lit. It is gratifying). (limlemtsch! excl.); lím+lem+t+š thank you, it is gratifying. (limlemtsh, n.); hn+lím+lem=elg<sup>w</sup>es bonny (lit. He rejoices and rejoices in heart). (hnlimlemelgwes, adj.); lam+m=ástq He made another person happy. (lammastq, vt.); s+lim+t joy, rejoicing, alleluia. (slimt, n.); s+n+lím=elg<sup>w</sup>es cheer, rejoicing, heartiness. (snlimelgwes, n.); u n+lím=elg<sup>w</sup>es cheerful (lit. He is in good spirits), thankful. (unlimelgwes, adj.); s+lem+t+m+es+čínt charm (lit. The power or quality of pleasing people). (slemtmeschint, n.); lim+t-š maarí Ave Maria, Hail Mary. (limtsh Maarij n.); lim+t-š maarí Hail Mary, Ave Maria (lit. Rejoice, Mary!). (Limtsh Maari, excl.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+lím+t congratulation, felicitation (lit. rejoicing with). (snukwlimt, vt.); čn\_lim+t I was glad, I rejoiced. (chnlimt, vi.); nuk<sup>w</sup>+lím+t+m-n-n congratulate (lit. I rejoiced with, or expressed sympathetic pleasure to, him). (nukwlimtnn, vt.)

Vimn la·mná syrup, honey. (laamna, n.)

- VIn u ln+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'+emn conventional (lit. pertaining to general way of doing things). (u lnk'<u>u</u>'lemn, adj.)
- VIp lup be dry, thirsty. (lup, vi.); lu?p It became dry. (lu'p, vi.); čs+n+lu?+lu?p+úl One who is in the habit of becoming thirsty. (chsnlu'lu'pul, n.); e lúp dried, dehydrated (lit. That w/c has been dried). (eelup, adj.); i čs+n+lú?p He is thirsty. (ichsnlu'p, vi.); s+lup+m drying meat, fish. (slupm, n.); can+lop+lóp=a×n It is dry in the armpits. No rain by the moon. (tsanloplopaqhn, v.); ul'+l'up'í arid (lit. It is dry). (ul "lu'pi, adj.); lup-n dehydrate (lit. I dried the meat or berries). (lupn, vt.); lup-nt-s desiccate (lit. He preserved it by taking the moisture from it). (lupnts, vt.); čn\_čs+n+lu?p

thirsty (lit. I became thirsty). (chnchsnlu'p, adj.); čn\_čs+n+lu<sup>7</sup>p ciuss to get thirsty. (chnchsnlu'p, vi.)

**VIp** m'nis he +lúp-nt-s ?? commute (lit. He sat in his (another's) place). ('mnis heelupnts, vi.)

**VIp** ul+lap+ap apostolic (lit. belonging to the Pope). (ul la Pap, adj.)

**VIPI** li púl chicken, hen (l.w. from French used mostly by the Kalispel). (liipul, n.)

- **Vipst** k<sup>w</sup>up\_lípust *You are they*. (kuplipust,); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?ul+lípust *It is yours (pl.)*. (kup'ullipust, vi.); ul+č\_lipust *It is ours*. (ul chlipust, v.)
- **Vlpst'** \*s+l'pst'=ulmíx<sup>w</sup> twisted earth, whirling earth, revolving earth (name of Circling Raven's eldest son). (S'lpst'ul<u>i</u>khw, n.)

Vlpt l'+l'pót cup, chalice, dipper. ('l'lpot, n.); l'+l'pót cup, glass, chalice, dipper. (l'l'pot, n.); č+l'+l'pót=c'e? amphora, jar, can. (ch'l'lpotts'e', n.); č+l'+l'pót=c'e? It is canned, preserved, pickled in a container (jar, bottle, can). (ch'l'l'potts'e', vi.); hn+č+l'+l'pót=c'e?+n cannery. (lit. cupping around; place where food is canned). (hnch'l'lpotts'e'n, n.); hn+l'+l'pót+en' cupboard. (lit. a closet for holding cups). (hn'l'lpoten', n.); k<sup>w</sup>an+l+l'+l'pót h/s took a cup. (kwanl'l'lpot, v.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+l+l'+l'pót cupful (lit. just one cup (of content)). (nuk'wł'l'lpot, n.)

**√lpw** li pwé *peas.* (liipw<u>e</u>, n.)

- √lp'x<sup>w</sup> lep'x<sup>w</sup> fit into (as ball and socket). (lep'qhw); lep'x<sup>w</sup>+emn tack. (lep'qhwemn, n.); hn+lp'x<sup>w</sup>=íne? earful. (lit. H/s got an earful). (hnlp'qhwine', n.); lup'x<sup>w</sup>=ús=šn slang for making fun of a person (lit. a hole resulted in front of his feet). (lup'khusshn, v.); hn+lép'x<sup>w</sup>=ep punctured. (lit. it (bucket) was punctured in the bottom). (hnlep'khwep, adj.)
- VIq laq to pull out plants, weed. (laq); lé?q+m She baked (camas) in the ground. (le'qm, vt.); laq=cin+m to pluck one's whiskers (lit. He plucked). (laqtsinm, vt.)
- Vlq<sup>w</sup> k'<sup>w</sup>a<sup>?</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>a<sup>?</sup>a+s+n+laq<sup>w</sup>=us he chewed gum. (k'wa'k'wa'asnlaqus, v.); s+n+laq<sup>w</sup>=ús gum, bubble gum, chicle. (snlaqus, n.); s+n+la<sup>?</sup>q<sup>w</sup> tallow. (snla'qw, n.); s+l'pst'= ulmíx<sup>w</sup> bubble gum, extra gum. (smyałnlaqus, n.); s+n+laq<sup>w</sup>=ús-s ha·s+t'm'ał+t+mš cud (lit. a cow's chewing gum). (snlaquss haa st"maltmsh, n.)
- Vlq' laq' to search. (laq',); i laq'=álpq" gloss? He looked for food, searched. (iilaq'alpqw, vt.)

**Vlq'** laq' pare, peel. (laq')

√lq' leq' to bury. (leq'); ča·+léq'-nt-m He was buried. (chaaleq'ntm, vi.)

Vlq' hn+léq'+ncut+n *sweathouse*. (hnl<u>e</u>q'ntsutn, n.)

Vlq' laq' able. (laq'w); laq' - on to be able to do (lit. I can do it). (laq'wen, vt.); láq' - n I can do it. (laq'wn, vi.); láq' - nt-s He can do it. (laq'wnts, vi.); lut laq' - nt-s be unable (li t. He cannot do it). (lut laq'wnts, v.)

 $\sqrt{|q'''|}$  l'é+l'q'''+l'š *ripples*. ('l<u>e</u>'lq'w'lsh, n.)

**Vlq'**<sup>w</sup> hn+loq'<sup>w</sup>=íw'es *split, divorced.* (hnloq'wij'wes, vt.); s+n+lu?q'<sup>w</sup>=íw'es *breach (lit. splitting up).* (snlu'q'wij'wes, n.)

**viq**'w čn\_kwán+lq'we?=ep I took a bark basket(s) along. (chnkwanlq'we'ep, vt.)

VIš liš hilly, mountainous. (lish); liš bump, lump. (lish, n.); e· líš (eelish, n.); e· líš+liš lump, mound, mountain. (eelishlish pl.); e l'+l'iš a small hill, clod. (e'l'lish, n.); s+liš+š clump (lit. something put together in a single bunch). (slishsh, n.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_x<sup>w</sup>uy teč+e·líš You went to the mountain. (kupkhuy tech eelish, vi.)

- **Visk**<sup>w</sup> lessk<sup>w</sup> cripple, lame (lit. He became lame). (lesskw, vt.); lessk<sup>w</sup>+ncut to become crippled, lame, to walk with a limp. (lesskwnsut, vi.)
- **Vlswp** le·swíp Jew. French Le Juif. (Leeswip, n.); č's+č's+tmen+ł+le·swíp anti-Semite. (ch'sch'stmenł leeswip, n.)

**Vit** li tí tea. (liit<u>i</u>, n.)

VIt lut no, not. (lut, adv.); lut mischievous, not, negative. (lut); lut no, not. (lut (sometimes lu), neg.); s+lut+emn boycott, contraband (lit. something not wanted). (slutemn, n.); s+lut+m declination, decline, refusal, failure, denial. (slutm, n.); s+n+lut=elg<sup>w</sup>es discontent (lit. dissatisfaction as to the heart). (snlutelgwes, n.); lut+m deny (lit. He failed in his project). (lutm, v.); lut+út+m degenerate (lit. He is worthy of rejection). (luututm, adj.); hn+lut+e?s=cín animadvert, dispute, contradict (lit. He commented critically, usually with disapproval). (hnlute'stsin, v.); hn+lut=cn coarse (lit. He uses words lacking in delicacy or refinement). (hnlutsn, adj.); s+n+lut+e?s=cín to protest, contradiction, defiance. (snlute'stsin, vt.); s+n+lut+e?+s=cin'+tew'eš discord (lit. disagreement with one another). (snlute'stsi'nte'wesh, n.); s+n+lu(t)=cn cynicism, negative in thoughts: statements. (snlutsn, n.); ul+n+lú(t)=cn cynical (lit. belonging to a cynic). (ulnlutsn, adj.); e

lu+ł+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>u+t bastard, illegitimate (lit. H/s is w/o legitimate elders). (elutt'ik'ut, vi.); e lu+s+člís+is+me? asymmetric, unequal (lit. It has no comparison). (eluschlisisme', vi.); č'am' a+lut xál+xalex" toothless, he no longer has his teeth. (ch'a'm alut qhalqhalekhw, adj.); lut č'es+t s.t. wrong w/ gloss amoral (lit. It is not bad). (lut ch'est, adj.); e lu+s+n+łúł=us+mn to be bold, brash, reckless, daring, daredevil (lit. He has no inner eyes). (elusnhukusmn, vi.); e lu+s+ke?p=ús=šn boundless, limitless (lit. It is w/o limit). (elusie'pusshn, vi.); u c+?axíi e t+lt=cin+m blabber (lit. For nothing he talks straight, He talks rapidly, incessantly and inanely). (uts'aghili etittsinm, v.); u c+?axii s+t+lt=cin+n catachresis (lit. fur no reason directing one's speech or discourse). (uts'aghil stittsinn, n.); e lu+s+ce·+n+?id+et to be changeless. enduring, lasting, durable. (elustsee'nidet, vi.); lut hey'+s+n+xil-s bravery, courage (lit. He has no fear). (lut he'ysnqhils, n.); e lu+s+n+xíł brave, daring, dauntless, courageous (lit. He has no fear). (elusnghił, vt.); Xł+lut+m damnable (lit. He is deserving to be eternally punished). (ghelelutm vi.); e lu+s+xem=inč Anglophobe (lit. One who does not love England). (elusqheminch e Schntsots, n.); e lu+s+n+xep= íw'es dead (lit. It has no second self, soul). (elusnghepi'wes, vi.); s+lu(t)+s+xág'+n decompensation (lit. reversal of recompense). (slusghag'n, n.); lut xes+t immoral (lit. It is not good). (lutghest, adj.); lu+l+n+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=iple?+n to be lawless, anarchic (lit. H/s/i has no law). (eluintts'ughwiple'n, vi.); e lu+s+c+c'm=íl't barren, sterile (lit. H/s has no children). (eluststs'mi'lt, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ł s+lút+emn black list (lit. Those who are unwanted). (guł slutemn, n.); lu+ł+cen+g<sup>w</sup>én+t baseless, foundation (without), groundless; metaph. H/s has no underwear. (elultsengwent, vt.); lut g"nix" deceptive, spurious (lit. It is untrue). (lutgwnikhw, adj.); e lu+s+g<sup>w</sup>ép=cn bare-faced, beardless (lit. He is w/o a beard on his face). (elusgweptsn, vi.); e lu+ł+k'wul'+ncút+n atheist, unbeliever, agnostic (lit. One who has no God). (elułk'u'Intsutn, vt.); k'"ey' lút not yet. (k'we'ylut, adv.); e lu+s+k<sup>w</sup>ís+t anonymous, nameless (lit. H/s/i has no name). (eluskwist, vi.); e lu+ł+n+muq'"=íčn'+n bareback (lit. It, e.g. horse, is w/o a saddle). (elułnmug'wich'nn, vi.); lu+ł+n+mús=elg<sup>w</sup>es+n despair (lit. H/s is without hope). (elułnmuselgwesn, vi.); lu+ł+míťč'+ede? bloodless (lit. It has no blood). (elułmit'ch'ede', vt.); lut hey'+c+méy-s casual, unsorted (lit. it is uncertain, without design or premeditation). (lut he'ytsmeys, adj.); lut un+miy=elg es capricious,

fickle (lit. He has no definite thoughts). (lut unmiyelgwes, adj.); lut u míh ambiguous (lit. It is not certain). (lutuumih, adj.); lut u·míy chancy, conditional (lit. It is uncertain). (lutuumiy, adj.); lut s+miyes+čínt commoner (lit. He is not a nobleman). (lut smiyeschint, n.); miyeł+lút degenerate, person of low morals. (miyełlut, n.); miyel+lút to be unreasonable, extravagant. (miyellut, v.); lut es-pe<sup>°</sup>+e<sup>°</sup>+út+m-s colorfast (lit. It is incapable of fading). (lutespe(e(utms, adj.); \*e lu+s+p'í?x" to be w/o light, aphotic, dark (lit. It has no light). (eluspiikhw, vi.); e lu+s+pá?q to be unbleachable (lit. It does not whiten e.g. by exposure to the sun). (eluspa'q, vi.); e lu+s+n+q<sup>w</sup>éy'+t cold-blooded, merciless, ruthless (lit He has no mercy). (elusnqwe'yt, vt.); lut ší?+še?+t cheeky (lit. He is disrespectful). (lut shi'she't, adj.); lu+ł+sík<sup>w</sup>e? waterless, parched, anhydrous (lit. It has no water). (elułsikwe', vt.); lut sóltes civilian (lit. not a soldier). (lut soltes, n.); lut hey'p+súx "+me?-is anesthesia (lit. He has no feeling). (lut he'ypsukhwme'is, n.); lut he y'+súx<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>?</sup>+m-s analgesia (lit. He does not feel). (lut he'ysukhwme'ms, n.); lut hey'p+s+p'ug"í=lumx"-s anechoic (lit. It has no echoes). (lut he'ypsp'ugwilumkhws, adj.); lut hey'+s+p'út'+m-s abyss (lit. It has no bottom). (lut he'ysp'ut'ms, n.); e lu+s+tčíy'+m anuresis (lit. It does not urinate). (elustchi'ym, n.); lut t'e+t'd+t effortless (lit. It is not too difficult). (lut t'et'dt, adj.); e lu+s+č+tém'+p cloudless, clear (sky), (lit. It has no cloud). (eluschte'mp, vt.); e lu+s+č+tím+m to be blameless. innocent. (eluschtimm, vi.); e lu+s+tem+ne+s+čínt unsociable, unfriendly, cantankerous, perverse (disposition) (lit. One who is not sociable). (elustemneschint, n.); lut s+tim' nothing, cipher, zero. (lut sti'm, n.); lut ul+wašn apolitical (lit. not belonging to Wash., D.C.). (lut ul Washn, adj.); lut he y'el+mncut+s H/S did not move h/h self, h/s did not go anywhere. (luthee'yelmntsuts, vt.); l'+l'u't+út+m' base, cur, baseborn, bastard (lit. He is worthy of naught). ('l'luutut'm, vi.); l'+l'u·t+út+m'-st'-m bastardize (lit. He was made of low birth). ('l'luutut'mst'm, vt.); lu-st-m ban, black-ball, debar. (lustm, v.); lu-stu-s decline, disapprove (lit. He rejected it, he refused it). (lustus, v.); e lú-stu-s deprecate, criticise (lit. He disapproves strongly of it). (eelustus, vt.); lut he s+n+lute?s=c-is acquiesce (lit. He did not say no). (lut he snlute'stsis, vi.); lut hay'p+s+hoy+oy-s continual, continuous, incessant (lit. It has no end). (lutha'ypshoyoys, vt.); hn+lut+e?s=cin+t-s

contradict, controvert, disobey (lit. He said "no" to what he said). (hnlute'stsints, vt.); lut' hey'p-s+łe?p=us=ši-s It has no limit. (lut'he'ypsłe'pusshis, v.); lut hay'p+s+n+žił-s to be brave, courageous, fearless (lit. He has no fear). (lut ha'ypsnqhils, vi.); lut ha s-žes+t-s It is not good. (lut ha sqhests, vi.); lut' hay'p+s+hoy+oy-s It is ageless, it is existing forever, it does not cease. (lut'ha'yps-hoyoys, v.); lut laq'"-nt-s be unable (1i t. He cannot do it). (lut laq'wnts, v.); lut as-p'až-s The wound did not heal. (lutasp'a'qhs, vi.); lut hey'+s+p'út'+m-s It has no end. (lut'he'ysp'ut'ms, vt.); ni?+sel+m-st-m e lut šił adulterate (lit. It was mixed with something not just right, it was made impure by mixing in a foreign or poorer substance). (ni'selmstm e lut shił, vt.); lut he y'+n+tč+č=iyng<sup>w</sup>ih-is unable to urinate. (lut he'yntchchi'yngwihis, v.)

**√ith** hn+li·tíh+n caddy (lit. a small. box-like container for tea). (hnliit<u>i</u>hn, n.) **√itk**<sup>w</sup> ltk<sup>\*</sup>ú otter. (ltk<u>u</u>, n.)

Vltž<sup>w?</sup> s+žaw'+lutž<sup>w</sup>e? *raw camas*. (sqha'wlutqhwe', n.)

- VIw liw chink, sound of a bell, a short metallic sound. (liw! n.); liw+liw+iš bell (lit. that which tolls time and again). (liwliwish, n.); liw+m-st-m chime, ding, it (bell) was rung. (liwmstm, vi.); u. liw chink (lit. It made a metallic sound). (uuliw, n.)
- VIw l'a·+l'ew'+e? slouch, bumpkin, lout. ('la<u>a</u>'le'we', n.); l'a+l'éw'+e? He is messy and untidy. ('la'l<u>e</u>'we', vi.)

**Vlw'** s+le·w'=íneč *cricket*. (slee'w<u>i</u>nech, n.)

- VIx<sup>w</sup> lex<sup>w</sup> to hurt. (lekhw); lux<sup>w</sup>+p+nú-nt-s H/S succeed in excruciating (causing great pain to) h/h. (lukhwpnunts, vt.); \*čn\_lex<sup>w</sup>+p I got hurt. (chnlekh'wp, vt.); s+lex<sup>w</sup>+p casualty, detriment (lit. an unfortunate chance or accident, especially one involving bodily injury). (slekhwp, n.)
- VIx<sup>w</sup> lux<sup>w</sup>=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> cave. (lukh<u>u</u>'lumkhw, n.); lux<sup>w</sup>+il'=k<sup>w</sup>e? to dig a well (lit. He dug in the ground for water). (lukhwil'kwe', v.); lux<sup>w</sup>+il'=k<sup>w</sup>e? He dug a well. (lukhwii'lkwe', vt.); e<sup>•</sup> léx<sup>w</sup> hole, aperture, opening (lit. There is a..). (eel<u>e</u>khw, vi.); e n+léx<sup>w</sup> atrium, cavity, auricle, hole. (enl<u>e</u>khw, n.); e n+lux<sup>w</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> hole, cave, cavern, postholes. (enlukh<u>u</u>'lumkhw, n.); hn+lax<sup>w</sup>=qn bunghole. (lit. the hole in a cask, keg or barrel through which liquid is poured in or drained out). (hnl<u>a</u>khwqn, n.); hn+lux<sup>w</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> burrow. (lit. The mole dug in the ground). (hnlukh<u>u</u>'lmkhw, vt.); l'+l'x<sup>w</sup>=íl=u?s

DeSmet, Idaho (lit. a little hole in the forehead, referring to a spring on the north side of DeSmet hill). (L'l'khwil'us, n.); ni?+lox<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup> opening in the woods slightly SW of Tensed. (Ni'lokhwalqw, n.); l'+l'x<sup>w</sup>=íl=u?s spring on north side of DuSmet Mission Hill (lit. little hole on the forehead of the hill). ('l'lkhwilus, n.); s+lúx<sup>w</sup>=il'k<sup>w</sup>e? (? t?) artesian well (lit. A hole dug for water). (slukhwi'lkwe', n.); lex<sup>w</sup>-n to bore, drill (lit. I made a hole in or through it). (lekhwn, vt.)

**Vix**<sup>w</sup> ni i-s+łúx<sup>w</sup>=čt are these your gloves? (ni isł<u>u</u>khwcht? (qu.).)

- VIx<sup>w</sup> s+lúx<sup>w</sup>+p+nu+ncút boomerang (lit. One who makes an action that rebounds detrimentally). (slukhwpnuntsut, n.)
- √lx<sup>w</sup> s+čey+l'x<sup>w</sup>=ílup bedspread, rug (lit. oversheet). (schey'lkhwilup, n.)
- √lx lax lightening. (laqh); l'+l'ax to lighten. ('l'laqh)
- Vlš laž friend. (laqh); l'áž+t+m-nt-s befriend (lit. He acted as a friend to him, treated him as a friend). ('laqht'mnts, vt.); \*s+l'až+t=iw'es camaraderie, comradely good. (s'laghti'wes, n.); s+l'až+l'áž+t friends. (s'laqh'laqht, n.); s+l'až+t friend, buddy, comrade. (s'laqht, n.); cún+me?-n x<sup>w</sup>a hi-s+l'až+t I taught him who is my friend. (tsunme'n khwa his'laqht, vt.)
- √lx hn+č'e+láx+emn canyon, also Colfax, Wash. (Hnch'elaqhemn, n.)
- √lx<sup>w</sup> lax<sup>w</sup> lie (round objects). (laqhw)
- VIX<sup>w</sup> la?X<sup>w</sup> tomorrow (lit. the day which is to come next); v, to become day (lit. It turned into day). (la'qhw, adv.); lá?X<sup>w</sup> tomorrow. (la'qhw, adv.); la?X<sup>w</sup> daytime, morning, tomorrow. (la'qhw,); la?X<sup>w</sup> dawned, it became today. (la'qhw, vi.); t'u?+lá?X<sup>w</sup> Well, tomorrow I am coming. (t'u'la'qhw, v.)
- **Vly** lay'+m-st-m clatter, rattle (lit. It was caused to make a rattling sound). (la'ymstm, vi.)
- VI? e  $\check{c}+|i|^2+|e|^2$  H/s is scantly or lightly clothed, e.g. in winter. (echli'le', vi.)
- VI? e. lí?+le?+t flying creatures, e.g. birds. (eeliile't, n.); e. l'+l'i?+l'e?+t dim.) small flying creatures, e.g., flies, bugs, bees. (ee'l'li"le't, n.); e l'+l'i+l'e?+t small bird. (e'l'li'le't, n.); li+l'e?+t to fly, they soared. (li'le't)
- **VI?** hn+le?=úl'umx<sup>w</sup>+n dibble. (lit. hole in the ground poker or piercer). (hnle'<u>u</u>'lmkhwn, n.); lu? thump (on ground). (lu'!, excl.)
- VI?q lá?q-nt-s He looked for it. (la'qnts, vt.)

- VI<sup>©</sup> lu<sup>©</sup>+lu<sup>©</sup>+út+m valley, dell. (lu(wlu(utm, n.); l<sup>©</sup>+l<sup>©</sup>+út+m dale (lit. It is a long passage in which something can be inserted), valley. (l(wl(utm, n.); lo<sup>?</sup>+lo<sup>?</sup>ót+m valley (a Spokane word). (lo'lo'otm, n.); lo<sup>?</sup>+lo<sup>?</sup>ót+m valley, especially Spokane Valley. (Lo'lo'otm, n.)
- VI<sup>°</sup> le<sup>°</sup> to fit, adjust. (le(w); \*lé<sup>°</sup>+<sup>°</sup>+<sup>°</sup>+m decompress (lit. It became loosened). (le(u(m, vt.); le<sup>°</sup>+mncut to relax (lit. he loosened himself). (le(wmntsut, vi.); lé<sup>°</sup>+mncut He relaxed. (le(wmntsut, vt.); s+č+le<sup>°</sup>=g<sup>°</sup>lu+mš loosening one's stomach. (schle(wgulumsh, v.); s+le<sup>°</sup>+mn convenience (lit. that which increases comfort or makes work easier). (sle(wmn, n.); s+le<sup>°</sup>+mncút vacation, turning oneself loose, detente, ease, relaxation. (sle(wmntsut, n.); ul'+l'é<sup>°</sup> convenient (lit. it is loose, relaxing). (u'l 'le(w, adj.)
- VI<sup>°</sup> č+lé<sup>°</sup>=g<sup>w</sup>l+um humorous way of speaking of relaxing (in general) (lit. h/s relaxed h/h stomach or abdomen). (chl<u>e</u>(wgulum, vt.)
- vi<sup>w</sup> hn+la<sup>w</sup>-nt-m arraign, cite. (lit. He was arraigned, cited, summoned before a court of law, inserted into a sheath). (hnla(wntm, vt.)
- **VI**<sup>cw</sup> u<sup>·</sup> lé<sup>cw</sup> crash (It made the crashing). (uul<u>e</u>(w, vi.)
- **√l'** ul' *again*. (u'l, adv.)
- **VI'c** ul'c *anew*. (u'lts, adj.)
- **VI'č** ul'+l'íč *It is thin*. (ul"lich, v.)
- VI'k<sup>w</sup> q<sup>w</sup>m'+íl'k<sup>w</sup>p asinine, inane, benighted, ignorant, crass, a stupid sill person (lit. dark ashes). (qu'm<u>i</u>'lkup, adj.)
- VI'q nuk'<sup>™</sup>+ł+čt+l'q+mín+n ? degree, rung (lit. one bar of a ladder). (nuk'włcht 'lqminn, n.)

VI'ž g<sup>w</sup>ł l'až+t=íw'es coterie (lit. They are mutual friends). (guł 'laqht<u>i</u>'wes, n.); a l'áž+t+m'n'+šeš H/s usually makes friends, is friendly, sociable. (aa'l<u>a</u>qht'm'nshesh, vi.); l'až+t+m'-n't-s to befriend (lit. He acted as a friend to him). (l'aqhtm'n'ts, vt.); ne? g<sup>w</sup>íč+g<sup>w</sup>ič=us-nt-s x<sup>w</sup>a s+l'až+t-s He will see the eyes of one who is his friend. (ne'tgwichgwichusnts khwa s'laqhts, v.); hi-s+ti?+x<sup>w</sup>a+s+l'áž+t acquaintance (lit. He is one who became my friend). (histi'khwas'l<u>a</u>qht, n.)

**Vl'**X s+l'+l'áX+m' lightening, electricity. (s'l'laqh'm, n.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' a s+l'+l'aX+m' electrician (lit. One who produces (works) with electricity). (syeek'u'l a s'l'laqh'm, n.)

 $\sqrt{1^{\circ}} k^{\circ} an + 1 + c + 1^{\circ} + 1^{\circ} + p = a' q'' h/s took a pocket knife. (kwantch'l'(w'l'(wpa'lqw, v.))$ 

- V + (a connective) no meaning. (1)
- **V**ł łe one who is. (łe, n.)
- Vł uł and, again. (uł, conj.)
- Vłč łe?č to break (string). (łe'ch,)
- Vłč' łéč'+m-st-m blackmail, extort (lit. He was extorted). (łech'mstm, vt.)
- Vłčp łčíp bucket, pail. (łchip, n.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+łčíp H/s took a bucket. (kwanłłchip, v.)
- Vłł e lu+s+n+łúł=us+mn to be bold, brash, reckless, daring, daredevil (lit. He has no inner eyes). (elusnhułusmn, vi.)
- Vł? č+łi? beside. (chłi'- (pref)); č+łi?+i? adjacent, next to, Saturday (lit. What comes next to Sunday). saturday (lit. it came next to the wall). (chłi'i', n.); łi? edge (close to the), and on the border. (li'); hi-s+č+łí?+ut He is my next door neighbor or next of kin. (hischli'ut, n.); łu?+w'en łu? xes+t that one is a good man, besides. (lu'wenlu'qhest, vi.)
- **Vł?** e n+łú attend (lit. He was present there). (enł<u>u</u>, vi.)
- Vł? łu? near (a third person). (łu'); łu?+w'e that near third person or remote. (łu'we, n.); łu? that which is over there (away from us). (łu', adv.); e n+łú? it is there (at a distance). (enłu', vi.)
- √ł? s+łe?+p=us=šn boundary, deadline, destination, destiny (lit. end of the trail). (słe'pusshn, n.); s+n+łá?+p=alqs dead end (lit. end of the trail). (snła'palqs, n.)
- Vłž \*s+n+łaž+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es calamity (lit. cause of great distress). (snłaghpilgwes, n.); s+can+łaž+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es concern, dither, worry, distress, tribulation. (stsanłaqhpilgwes, n.); can+łaž+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es commiserate; he sympathized (lit. He felt sorrow or pity). (tsanłaqhpilgwes, vi.)
- **√łx̃<sup>w</sup>** łax̃<sup>w</sup> momentum. (łaqhw)
- Vłx łax +łx cherry. (łaqhwłqhw, n.); łáx +łəx wild cherries. (łaqhwłuqh, pl. n.);
  łáx +łəx (pl. form), cherries, wild cherries, chokecherries. (łaquwłuqhw, n.);
  \*łáx +łux cherry, choke cherry, wild cherry. (laqhwluqhw, n.)
- Vłx č+łe+łx =ál'q music, flute, cembalo, harpischord (lit. Holes bored on a hollow stick, log, etc.). (chłełqhwa'lqw, n.); sya+čł+łx =álq pianist, flutist, artist, musician.

(syachłiqhwalqw, n.); \*sya·q'éy'+n tg"el' čł+łx"=álq" composer (lit. writer for the flute, piano, etc.). (syaaq'e'yn tgwe'l chłiqhwalqw, n.)

Vi<sup>c</sup> la<sup>c</sup> slippery. (la(w); le<sup>c</sup> to skate, slide on ice. (le(w, stem.)

Vłž<sup>w</sup>p łaž<sup>w</sup>p to escape. (łaqhwp); łaž<sup>w</sup>p He escaped. (łaqhwp, vi.); łaž<sup>w</sup>p to get away, escape (lit. He got away). (łaqhwp, vi.); łáž<sup>w</sup>p tal' hn+lč'+mín+n He escaped from prison. (łaqhwp ta'l hnlch'minn, vi.); hn+łáž<sup>w</sup>p'+m dart, dash, rush. (lit. He rushed in). (hnłaqhop'm, vt.); łaž<sup>w</sup>p' to rush out. (łaqhwp')

Vł**x<sup>w</sup>q'** łax<sup>w</sup>q' to slip. (łaqhwq')

Vic lac a drop falls. (lats); lec flat objects lie side by side. (lets)

**Vłc** č+łec+łec=w'es+cút'+n *boutonniere (lit. buttons)*. (chłetsłets'wests<u>u</u>t'n, n.)

Vic iu<sup>9</sup>C to break sticklike objects. (iu'ts)

Vłk<sup>w</sup> łi+łík<sup>w</sup> speckled, spotted. (łił<u>i</u>kw); łuk<sup>w</sup> bloodstained. (łukw); u<sup>·</sup> łúk<sup>w</sup> It is bloody. (uuł<u>u</u>kw, vi.); łu<sup>?</sup>k<sup>w</sup> bled (it). (łu'kw, vi.)

**Vłk'** łek' *to break a hairlike object.* (łek'w)

Vłk' łek' barb, spike, needle, fork. (łek'w); łek' +ł ak' +t thistle, cactus, sticker. (łekw'łukw't, n.); łek' +ł ak' +t thistle, cactus. (łek'włuk'wt, n.); č+łuk'w+łuk' +p+si?n+n fork. (chłuk'włuk'wpsiinn, n.)

Vłk'w e łek'w rosary. (lit. That w/c is linked together). (eełek'w, n.)

- **Vłk'** hn+łuk'<sup>w</sup>+łuk'<sup>w</sup>=elg<sup>w</sup>e?s+ncút brushed up. (lit. He refreshed his memory). (hnłuk'włuk'we'lgwe'snts<u>u</u>t, vt.)
- Vłk' łuk' recall, remember. (łuk'w); hn+łuk' +łuk' = ílg es He has a good memory. (hnłuk'włuk'wilgwes, n.); hn+łuk' +łuk' = el'g es+ncút bethink. (lit. He reminded (himself)). (hnłuk'włuk'we'lgwesntsut, vt.); hn+łuk' +łuk' = el'g es+n'cút+n' diary, memorandum. (lit. means of reminding oneself). (hnłuk'włuk'we'lgwesn'tsutn', n.)
- Vłk'<sup>w</sup> s+č+łek'<sup>w</sup> spit, a wood or iron prong used to hang meat over the fire. Also, broiled meat. (schł<u>e</u>k'w, n.); č+łek'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He broiled it (salmon). (chł<u>e</u>k'wnts, vt.)
- **Vil** iel to sprinkle. (iel); ill to sprinkle. (ill); iel-nt-s dabble, splash, spatter, splatter (lit. He splashed or spattered it, as with liquid). (ielnts, vt.)
- Vłm č+łem-nt-m bedew (lit. It became wet with dew). (chłemntm, vt.)

Vłm hn+łóm+emn windpipe. (lit. instrument of scolding (shouting)). (hnłomemn, n.); łom-en' (I scolded him ?) to scold. (łome'n); łóme-n't-s chide, scolded. (łome'nts, vt.); łóme-n't-s to scold, chide (lit. H/s scolded h/h). (łome'nts, vt.)

**Vłm** u n+ł+łum'=ús acute (lit. It is sharp-pointed). (unłłu'mus, adj.)

Vłm' łem' to apologize. (łe'm)

- Vłmq č'iy+n+łámqe? cub (lit. offspring of a bear). (ch'iynłamqe', n.); hn+łamqe? bear, bruin. (hnłamqe', n.); hn+łámqe? bear. (hnłamqe', n.); ya+n=łámqe? He succeeded in his bear hunt. He got a bear. (yanłamqe', v.); yan=łámqe?-m He killed the bear. (yanłamqe'm, v.)
- Vin łén+in+t chit (lit. a girl who is pert). (lenint, n.); łen+p H/S insisted on going along. (lenp, vi.); łén+in+t bumptious, pushy, insistent (lit. He is cruelly forward and self-assertive in behavior). (lenint, vi.); čs+ién+p-nt-s desire (lit. He desired it). (chsienpnts, v.)
- Vłn' łen' to be on the opposite side. (łe'n,); hn+łen'=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? the Continent, Europe, overseas. (lit. on the other side of the water). (hnłe'nitkwe', n.); hn+łen'=u·s=iw'es across. (hnłe'nuusi'wes, prep.)
- Vłp \*hn+łáp=alqs he s+yux<sup>w</sup>m+ús+m=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> arctic, North Pole. (lit. the most cold land). (hnłapalqs he syukhwmusmu'łumkhw, n.)

Vłp hn+ła?p=alqs č'es+ł atrocious. (lit. He is extremely evil). (hnła'palqs ch'est, adj.)
Vłpž łapž to bruise, skin. (łapqh)

Vłp' \*łep' disappoint. (łep); \*łép'+łp'+t He is very disappointing. (łepłp't, vi.)

**Vip'** ip' to stripe. (ip'); iep' to strip, mark, make a welt. (ie'p)

Vłp' łp'+min+n crayon, a line marker. (łp'mijnn, n.); łp'+min+n line marker, e.g. crayon, stick, stone. (łp'minn, n.); łp'+łp'+m'in'+n' (dim form) pencil, pen (lit. a small line marker). (łp'łp'm'in'n', n.); łp'+łp'+m'in'+n' (dim form) pencil, pen. (łp'łp'mi'n'n, n.); kwen+ł+łp'+m'in'+n' H/s took a. pencil, a pen. (kwenłłp'łp''mijn'n, v.); łp'=ul'umxw+n border, frontier (lit. a means of marking the line of land). (łp'u'lumkhwn, n.); łup'=úl'umxw+n border (lit. means of marking the boundary of land). (łup'u'lumkhwn, n.); u+n+málq'w=qn he łp'+łp'+mín'+n' ball-point pen. (unmalq'wqnhełp'lp'mi'n'n, n.); łep'-nt-s He marked it with a line. (łep'nts, vt.)
Vłp' s+cen+łp'=ełníw' definition (lit. circumstances, limiting). (stsenłp'ełnijw, n.);

cen+łp'=ełníw'-n *define (lit. I circumscribed it; I fixed its limits).* (tsenłp'ełn<u>i</u>'wn, vt.); lut' hey'p-s+łe?p=us=ši-s *It has no limit.* (lut'he'ypsłe'p<u>u</u>sshis, v.); e lu+s+łep'=ús=šn *boundless, limitless (lit. It is w/o limit).* (elusłe'pusshn, vi.)

- **Vłp'** nuk<sup>w</sup>+łp'n+mín+n One rick of wood (lit. one means of piling long objects). (nuk'włp'nm<u>i</u>nn, n.)
- **Vłp'** łep' undaunted, bold, courageous. (łe'p); łap'+č'-nt-s bolt, consume, devour, gulp (lit. He ate it hurriedly). (łap'ch'nts, vt.)
- Vłą łaq mend, patch. (łaq)
- **Vłq** łaqt=íčn' *He killed game*. (łaqt<u>i</u>ch'n, vt.)
- Vłą s+łaq+ła·q+in=c'e? guilt. (słaqłaaqints'e', n.)
- Viq? laqi? to drop. (laqi')
- Vłą' łaq' to lie on one's stomach, crouch. (łaq')
- Viq' laq' to round up, corral. (laq')
- Vłq' łaq' wide, broad. (łaq'); łaq'+łaq'+t bass (fish). (lit. wide-wide). (łaq'łaq't, n.); łaq'+t It is wide, broad, capricious. (łaq't, vi.); ł+łq'=ínč brisling, sardine (lit. little wide intestine). (łłq'<u>i</u>'nch, n.); č+łaq'+łaq'=íne? He has big ears. (chłaq'łaq'<u>i</u>ne', vt.); hn+łq'=íłc'e? roomy. (lit. It is wide inside). (hnłq'<u>i</u>łt'se', adj.); \*łaq'+łaq'+t bass (lit. wide wide). (ł<u>a</u>qłaq't, n.); s+łáq'=g<sup>w</sup>l barge (lit. wide flat boat). (sł<u>a</u>q'gul, n.); s+łaq'= ítk<sup>w</sup>e? large lake, sea, wide water, ocean, Atlantic Ocean. (słaq'<u>i</u>tkwe', n.); s+łaq'+t breadth, width. (słaq't, n.); \*s+ł+łaq'+q'+g<sup>w</sup>íl' bateau (lit. small, wide boat). (słłaq'<u>qwi</u>'l, n.); łaq'+t he lj+mín+n broad-sword (lit. It is broad which is a sword). ( łaq't he ljm<u>i</u>nn, n.); łaq'+p+m-stu-s to broaden, widen (lit. H/s made it broader). (łaq'pmstus, v.)
- Vłq'<sup>w</sup> č+łaq'<sup>w</sup>=álq<sup>w</sup> He stripped bark off a tree. (chłaq'w<u>a</u>lqw, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+s+łáq'<sup>w</sup>=qn H/s took along a bark basket (lit. that which is pulled off a cedar tree).
  (kwanłsł<u>a</u>q'wqn, v.); č+łaq'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He peeled it off. (chł<u>a</u>q'wnts, vt.); čs+łoq'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s depilate (lit. He removed hair from his (dog's) tail). (chsł<u>oq</u>'wnts, v.)
- Vłq<sup>w</sup> łoq<sup>w</sup> bald, bare (head). (łoq'w); łoq<sup>w</sup> bald. (łoq'w, adj.); łoq<sup>w</sup> bald, hairless. (łoq'w...); ni<sup>?</sup>+łóq<sup>w</sup>=aw'as=qn bald (lit. one lacking hair on the top of the head). (ni'łoq'wa'wasqn, adj.)
- Viq" iaq" to hang as in a sack or on a line, band, belt. (iaqw); hn+ioq"=ilg"es+n

closet. (lit, place for hanging (storing) things). (hnłoqwilgwesn, n.)

Viq" ioq" likewise, also. (ioqw, adv.); ioq" and, also. (ioqw, conj.)

Vłq<sup>w</sup> łoq<sup>w</sup> besides. (łoqw, adv.); łoq<sup>w</sup>+s+tím' what else. (łoqwst<u>i</u>'m, adv.)

- Vis is measure, weigh. (lis); is+emn measure, caliper. (lisemn, n.); sye+lis+m critic (lit. One who measures standards). (syeelism, n.); i ls+ls+m'en'cút He is exercising (lit. He is measuring himself over and over). (ilsls'me"ntsut, v.); ls+ls+men'cút to exercise, do calisthenics (lit. He measured himself repeatedly). (lsls'me"ntsut, vi.); ls+ls+men'cút exercising (lit. he is measuring or calculating himself over and over). (lslsme'ntsut, vt.); ls+ls+m'en'cút+n' barbell (lit. means of measuring oneself repeatedly). (lsls'me'ntsut'n, n.); s+lis+lis+m'en'cút calisthenics (lit. measuring, measuring one's own strength). (slislis'me'ntsut, n.); lis+me-n't-s budget (lit. he measures it out). (lisme'nts, vt.); č+lis+cút+m comparable (lit. It's worthy of comparison). (chlissutm, adj.); lis+me-n't-s figured, calculated, calibrated. (lisme'nts, vt.); lis-nt-s he measured it, root of measure. (lisnts, vt.); č+lis+m-stu-s compare, coordinate (lit. He measured (compared) it with something else). (chlismstus, vi.)
- Vłs s+n+łus+mn mental eye, mind's eye. (snłusmn, n.); s+łus+mn (note =us) face, countenance. (słusmn, n.); s+n+łú+łus+mn inner eyes, insight, penetration, mental vision. (snłułusmn, n.)
- **Vit'** it' to sprinkle ceremonially. (it'); it'-nt-s besprinkle, he sprinkled it with water. (it'nts, vt.)
- VHt' łet' to jump off or out of. (łet'); łet' to splash. (łet'); łét'+p+mncut bound, leap, jump (lit. He caused himself to leap). (łet'pmntsut, vi.); \*łet'+p to jump. (łetp'); s+łet'+p+mncut capriole (lit. leaping or jumping). (słet'pmntsut, n.); s+łét'+łt'+p+m'n'cut caper (lit. leaping or frisking about). (słet'łt'p'm'ntsut, n.)
- Vłt'q' hn+łát'+łt'q' = cn brusque (lit. He is discourteously blunt). (hnł<u>a</u>t'łt'q'wtsn, adj.); hn+łat'+łtq' = cn he is brusque. (hnł<u>a</u>'tłt'qwtsn, adj.)

**Vitk'** *w* itk' *to jerk, twitch, quiver.* (itk'w)

- Vłwč' či?+łéwč' deteriorate (lit. I am deteriorating; I am growing worse physically). (chi'łewch', vi.)
- **Vłw'** teč+łuw' yonder, over there. (techłu'w, adv.)

Vłw'n łuw'en opposed, opposite. (łu'wen,)

- **Viws** is+tn foster uncle (lit. uncle of a person whose parent is dead). (iuwistn, n.); iwis+tn uncle of a person with a deceased mother. (iuwistn, n.)
- Vłx<sup>w</sup> łéx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+p=us convict, culprit (lit. He became lassoed (by guilt)). (łekhukhwpus, vt.); s+łéx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+p=us conviction (lit. becoming lassoed (by guilt). (słekhukhwpus, n.); k<sup>w</sup>l=u?s+łx<sup>w</sup>+pú Red Lasso. (Kwlu'słukhwpu, n.)
- Vłx<sup>w</sup> łex<sup>w</sup>+m to sew (lit. He sewed). (łekhum, vt.); łex<sup>w</sup> to sew, clothes. (łekhw); łéx<sup>w</sup>+łəx<sup>w</sup>+m ł<u>e</u>khwłukhum. They sewed. (ł<u>e</u>qhwłuqhum, vt.); łux<sup>w</sup>+mín+n needle, sewing machine (lit. a means of sewing). (łukhwminn, n.); s+łé·x<sup>w</sup>+m baste (clothing), couture, needle work, crochet (lit. sewing). (sł<u>e</u>ekhum, n.); s+łux<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>= iw'es context, intertwining (lit. weaving together). (słukhukhwijwes, n.); e t+k'<sup>w</sup>ul' hey+łex<sup>w</sup> brocade (lit. A woven thing of design). (etk'u'l heyłekhw, n.); łex<sup>w</sup> to draw together, slip on, put on. (łekhw,); ł+łéx<sup>w</sup>e? cloth, blouse, shirt, bodice, dress. (łł<u>e</u>khwe', n.); ł+łéx<sup>w</sup>e? cloth, fabric, clothes, clothing (lit. something sewed). (łł<u>e</u>khwe', n.)
- Vłx<sup>w</sup> s+łux<sup>w</sup>=čt glove, mitten. (słukhwcht, n.); ul+s+ye+c'uw'+ntwiš he s+łux<sup>w</sup>=čt boxing glove (lit. glove of a boxer). (ul syetsu'w'ntwish he słukhwcht, n.); \*ni s+łux<sup>w</sup>= čt-s Is it his glove? (ni stukhwchts? (qu.).)
- Vłx<sup>w</sup>p cen+ł+łux<sup>w</sup>p'+m=ín'č name of a pass in the Clear Water Mountains (lit. He crossed the mountain pass). (Tsenłłukhwp'm<u>i</u>'nch, n.)
- Vły łay to make dirty marks, scribble. (łay); łay+iy' contaminate (lit. It became impure). (łayiy', vt.); łay-nt-m to be dirtied, besmirched (lit. It was dirtied). (łayntm, vi.); łay-nt-s befoul, sully, soil (lit. He sullied it). (łaynts, vt.); łay+y blot (lit. It became blotted). (łayy, vt.); łay+y=us begrime, besmear, dirty, soil (lit. He became soiled as to the face). (łayyus, vt.); u· łay It has dirty streaks, dingy. (uułay, vi.)
- Vły ł+łiy=ál'x<sup>w</sup> pinto. (łłiy<u>a</u>'lkhw, n.); łe+łay' spotted. (łeła'y); ł+łiy'=al'x<sup>w</sup> pinto, spotted horse (lit. one with a spotted or marked hide). ( łłiy'al'khw, n.); a· łáy'=elx<sup>w</sup> It (animal's coat) is streaked, striped. (aał<u>a</u>'yelkhw, vt.)

**V***t***'y'** s+*t*'+*t*'ay' *soil*. (s*t*'ła'y, n.)

Vm mu cow (children's word). (mu, n.); mu<sup>.</sup> sound a cow makes. (muuu! excl.)
Vmc mec dull. (mets); méc+mc+t blunt, it is dull (i.e. knife). (metsmtst, n.);

mec+mc+t to be dull, blunt (for objects only); (lit. It, e.g. the knife, is dull). (metsmtst, vi.)

**√mck**<sup>w</sup> mcux<sup>w</sup> wild black caps (berries). (mtsukw, n.)

- Vmcq macq to fall asunder, as a house, etc. (lit. it fell to pieces). (matsq, v.); hn+macq It caved in. (hnmatsq, v.)
- Vmc' mc'=ús+en balm, oil, face cream (lit. a means of oiling one's face). (mts'usen, n.)

Vmc'łt mác'ułt pus. (mat'sułt, n.)

- Vmc'p ?apł+mác'+p beekeeper. (apłmats'p, n.); mac'p bee, bumble bee, honey bee. (mats'p, n.); mac'p Deborah. (Mats'p, n.); ul+mac'p he cétx\*\*-s apeary (lit. belonging to a bee's house). (ul mats'p he tsetkhws, n.)
- **Vmc'y'** t+mc'+mc'íy'=ełp Round Top (north of St. Maries, Idaho) (lit. a tree with shiny bark and leaves from which bows and arrows were made). (Tmts'mts'<u>i</u>'yełp, n.)

**√mč** u<sup>.</sup> méč *convex*. (uum<u>e</u>ch, n.)

Vmč' č+m'ič'-nt-sél-em to be disarmed (lit. I was deprived of weapons). (ch'mich'ntselem, vi.)

**√mh** múh=elx<sup>w</sup> *rawhide*. (m<u>u</u>helkhw, n.)

**√mk<sup>w</sup>?** s+múk<sup>w</sup>e?=šn *sunflower*. (sm<u>u</u>kwe'shn, n.)

- Vmk<sup>™</sup> mik<sup>™</sup> snow. (mik<sup>™</sup>); s+mik<sup>™</sup>+n January (lit. month of snows). (smik<sup>™</sup>, n.); s+mik<sup>™</sup>+t snow. (smik<sup>™</sup>, n.)
- Vml mel+mel+t=íčt+m played, passed time with his hands. (melmeltichtm, v.); mel+mel+t=íč+m-nt-m desecrate (lit. It (sacred object) was used as a toy). (melmeltichtmntm, vi.); mel+mel=cn+míncut to babble, chatter (lit. He played himself with his mouth). (melmeltsnmintsut, vi.); mel+mel+t=íčs+n bauble (lit. plaything, toy). (melmeltichtsn, n.); s+mel+mel+t=ičt+mn+n desecration, using as a toy (something sacred). (smelmeltichtmnn, n.); s+mel+mel+t=íčt+mš dalliance, trifling, toying. (smelmeltichtmsh, n.)
- Vml ml=qn=úps eagle (etym. mlqn dark, ups tail). (mlqnups, n.); ml=qen=úps Aquila, eagle. (Mlqenups, n.); u x<sup>w</sup>el'é ml=qn=ups aquiline (lit. like an eagle). (uqhwe'le mlqnups, n.)

**Vml** mul *dirty*. (mul)

- **Vml** mul *to dip*. (mul); cn+múl+emn *dipper*. (tsnmulemn, n.); hn+mul+m *He fetched water*. (hnmulm, v.)
- Vml ml'=ol'mx<sup>\*</sup> soil, ground, earth. (m'lo'lmkhw, n.); ml=ól'umx<sup>\*</sup> soil, ground. (mlo'lumkhw, n.); u x<sup>\*</sup>al'á ml=ól'umx<sup>\*</sup> earthy, unrefined (lit. It resembles the soil). (uqhwa'la mlo'lumkhw, adj.)
- Vmlk'<sup>w</sup> mállk'<sup>w</sup>+X<sup>w</sup> coagulate (lit. It thickened completely). (mallk'qhw, vi.); melk'<sup>w</sup> curdle. (melk'w); hn+mellk'<sup>w</sup> curdle (lit. it became curdled). (hnmellk'w, vi.); s+n+mellk'<sup>w</sup> crud, clabber, curd (lit. coagulated part of milk). (snmellk'w, vi. and n.)
- Vmlk'<sup>w</sup> melk'<sup>w</sup> whole, intact, complete. (melk'w); ec+mélk'<sup>w</sup>+m comprehensive, entire, all encompassing (lit. It is totally inclusive). (etsmelk'um, vi.); ec+mélk'<sup>w</sup> absolute, whole, aggregate. (etsmelk'w, adj.); ec+mlk'<sup>w</sup>+m=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> universe, cosmos, world (lit. Everywhere on Earth). (etsmlk'umu'lmkhw, n.); ul+ec+mlk'<sup>w</sup>m=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> cosmopolitan, universal, ecumenical (lit. common to the whole world). (ul etsmlk'umu'lmkhw, adj.)
- Vmlq s+malq+n moss (cooked). (smalqn, n.)
- Vmlq<sup>IW</sup> malq<sup>IW</sup> spherical, rounded. (malq'w); m'l'+mel'q<sup>IW</sup> ammunition (lit. Little spheres). ('m'lme'lqw', n.); m'l'+mel'q<sup>IW</sup> ammunition, bullets. ('m'l'me'lq'w, n.); m'+m'(=)álq<sup>IW</sup> bolus. ('m'ma'lq'w, n.); S+mallq<sup>IW</sup> clot (lit. a thick, viscous or mass). (smallq'w, n.); s+mal'+máq<sup>IW</sup> n composition, putting things together. (sma'lmaq'um, n.); s+málq<sup>IW</sup>+m+šeš conglomeration, gathering into a mass. (smalq'umshesh, n.); s+málq<sup>IW</sup>=ečs+ncut (or k<sup>IW</sup>?) determination (lit. clenching one's fist as a sign of being firm in decisions). (smlq'wechsntsut, n.); s+can+m'l'q<sup>IW</sup>=ápq'n chignon (lit. A lump (of hair) at the back of the head). (stsan'm'lq'wapq'n, n.); u· malq<sup>IW</sup> bulbous (lt is bulb shaped). (uumalq'w, adj.); u+n+málq<sup>IW</sup>=qn he łp'+łp'+mín'+n' ball-point pen. (unmalq'wqnhełp'lp'mij'n'n, n.); ac+mál+ maq<sup>IW</sup> convex lumps. (atsmalmaq'w, v.); ac+mál'q<sup>W</sup> convex (lit. It is in the form of a lump having a round top). (atsmail'qw, vi.); mlq'<sup>W</sup>=eč+s+ncút clench, determined (lit. he brought together (hands) tightly). (mlq'wechsntsut, vt.); málq<sup>IW</sup>+m-s-n conglomerate (lit. I gathered it (them) into a round mass). (malq'umstus, vi.)

Vmlš mulš cottonwood. (mulsh, n.); hn+múlš=enč beaver (lit. concave wall with con-

cave facing the beholder). (hnmulshench, n.); hn+múlš=enč Rockford, Washington (lit. concave wall with concave facing the beholder, beaver). (Hnmulshench, n.); čn\_tel'+hn+mulš=enč. Similar constr (with tl fused to the stem) occurs in Ok flock ford, Washington (lit. I am from Rockford, Washington). (chntel'(h)nmulshench, v.)

**√mlx**<sup>w</sup> milx<sup>w</sup> *naked*. (milkhw,)

- Vml' mal' come to boil. (ma'l); mal' stifling, hot, warm. (ma'l); mal'+ml'+t It causes uncomfortable warmth (like woolen clothes in hot summer). (ma'lm'lt, vt.); s+mal'+p condition of being uncomfortably warm. (sma'lp, n.); s+ml'=ól'mx<sup>w</sup> dumplings (lit. bread boiled). (sm'lo'lmkhw, n.); s+n+mal'n boiling. (snma'ln, vt.); čn\_mal'+p discomfort (lit. I was made uncomfortable by the heat). (chnma'lp, n.); hn+mal'+m boil. (hnma'lm, v.); hn+mal'+ml'+p The kettles boiled. (hnma'lm'lp, vi.); hn+mal'+n boil (lit. I boiled it). (hnma'ln, vt.); hn+mal'+p kettle boiled. (hnma'lp, vi.); i c+mál'+p H/s is being uncomfortably warm. (itsma'lp, vi.)
- Vml' mel' by. (me'l, prep.); mel' on, near, in addition to. (me'l, prep.); mel'+ci? by that (place). (me'ltsi', adv.); mel'+s+če+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+ut+n bedside, It is by the bed. (me'lschet'uk'<u>u</u>tn, n.)

**√ml'** mil' *await*. (mi'l)

**√ml'** mil' *aimless*. (mi'l, adj.)

- Vml' mil' distribute, pass out (food). mill, (stem). to repair. (mi'l); s+mil'+m digestion (lit. distributing). (smi'lm, n.); míl'-n digest (lit. I distributed it, I digested it (food for thought)). (mi'ln, vt.); míl'-nt-m allot (lit. it was distributed by lot). (mi'lntm, v.); mil'-nt-s he distributed it. (mi'lnts, vt.)
- **Vml'** cm+mol'=qn *cumulate (lit. It became heaped up).* (tsmmol'qn, v.)
- **Vml'** ?ep+s+n+mel'+cí?+n *inhabitant, resident, denizen (lit. H/s has a place to live in).* (epsnme'lts<u>i</u>'n, vt.)
- **Vml'** s+mel'+c'uq<sup>w</sup>ún+m (k<sup>w</sup>?) connotation (lit. mentioning (or inferring) something with what is said). (sme'lts'uqunm, n.)
- Vml' s+mal'+t+pér'+per'q<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup> crucifixion. (sma'ltp<u>e</u>'rpe'rqwalqw, n.); mal'+t+per'+per'q<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup>-nt-m crucify, he was put to death by being nailed to a cross (pole, etc.). (ma'ltpe'rpe'rqwalqwntm, vt.)

- **Vml'č** mel'č+én'-nt-s *comprise*, *he held it together with something else*. (me'lch<u>e</u>'nnts, vt.)
- **Vml'cn** s+n+mel'cín' home, curtilage, address (lit. place where one stays (lives)). (snme'lts<u>i</u>'n, n.)
- Vml'? m'el'e bait. ('me'le); m'l'+íy'e?+n' bait, decoy. ('m'lij'ye'n', n.); m'l'y'+iy'+en' decoy, bait (for fishing or trapping). (m'l'y'iy'e'n, n.)
- Vml'x<sup>w</sup> mil'x<sup>w</sup> tobacco. (mi'lkhw); čs+n+míl'x<sup>w</sup>+n Grizzly Mountain (lit. Name of mountain in the Clear Water; Mountain of Idaho where materials for pipes were found). (Chsnmi'lkhwn, n.); s+mil'x<sup>w</sup> tobacco. (mi'lkhw, n.); s+n+mil'x<sup>w</sup>+n pipe. (snmi'lkhwn, n.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+s+míl'x<sup>w</sup> H/s took tobacco along. (kwenłsmi'lkhw, v.); ni s+mil'x<sup>w</sup>-s Is it his tobacco? (ni smi'lkhws? (qu.).); ni i-s+n+míl'x<sup>w</sup>+n Is it your pipe? ( ni isnmi'lkhwn? (qu.).)
- **Vmł** meł persons lying down. (meł); mił to rest. (mił); s+mił+m breather, a short rest period (lit. resting). (smiłm, n.)
- **Vmł** u m'+m'ełí: ease (lit. It remains free from pain). (u'm'me'łí., n.)
- **√mł** hn+míł=k<sup>w</sup>e?e *St. Joe River*. (Hnm<u>i</u>łkwe'e, n.)
- Vmł hn+č'n'+n'+mełi·+t+s+pú?s come. (lit. his heart came to its own position). (hnch"n'nmeliitspu's, vt.)
- **Vmł** s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+méł+liš *bed-fellow*. (snukwm<u>e</u>łlish, n.)
- Vmłč s+młič salmon. (smłich, n.); ye+s+młíč He got a salmon. (yesmłich, v.); s+č+čay'+p he s+młíč dried salmon. (schcha'yp he smłich, n.); čeł\_či\_?iłn e s+młíč I am going to eat some salmon. (cheł chii' yiłn e smłich.); ?ep+s+młíč salmon waters (lit. It has salmon). (epsmłich, n.)
- **Vmłq** małą heavy convex object collapses. (małą)
- Vmm me·mé child's word for mother. (meem<u>e</u>, n.); memé· mama (child's word for mother). (mem<u>ee</u>, n.)
- **Vmm** mum+šit *to help*. (mumshit)
- **Vmm** s+mím+em=elt *berceuse*, *lullaby*. (smimemelt, n.)
- **Vmn** čs+mon+on+k<sup>™</sup>ih+mš ?? *rheumatism, arthritis, stiffness (body)*.
  - (chsmononkihmsh, n.)
- **Vmn** m'nis he +lúp-nt-s ?? commute (lit. He sat in his (another's) place). ('mnis

heelupnts, vi.)

- Vmn uw'e+m'n'ús coistrel, knave, rascal, bogus( lit. He is good for nothing). (u'we'm'nus, n.); uw'e+m'n'ús he s+míy'em a woman who is worthless. (u'we'm'nus he smijyem, v.)
- Vmnč mnáč=alqs raven (metaph. intelligence, one who observes all); cf. also Shlichł Mnachalqs, Circling Raven, a great Coeur d Alene chief of the 1700's. (mnachalqs, n.); mnáč=alqs raven intelligence, one who looks over all. (mnachalqs, n.); šl+l+tš+ł+mnáč=alqs ? Circling Raven. (shlltshłmnachalqs, n.)

**Vmnlt** mimnult *white fish*. (mimnult, n.)

- √mn? míne? apt, it is likely, suitable. (mine', adj.); míne to be apt, likely. (mine, vi.)
- Vmn' min' to smear, paint. (mi'n); min'+emn paintbrush (lit. a means of painting). (mi'nemn, n.); min'-nt-s to brush, paint, groom, rub (lit. He rubbed it). (mi'nnts, vt.); s+min'+m rubbing. (smi'nm, v.)
- **√mn'** ec+mín'+men'+iš *pacer*. (etsm<u>i</u>'nme'nish, n.)
- **Vmnk** monkí monkey (l.w. from Engl.). (moonk<u>i</u>, n.); žay'+ži?+t ha monkí ape, gorilla (lit. big monkey). (qh<u>a</u>'yqhi't ha moonk<u>i</u>, n.)
- **Vmnp** s+n+mnep+ł+tíx<sup>w</sup>č *dagger (small) (lit. blade in form of toungue)*. (snmnepłt<u>i</u>khwtsh, n.)
- **Vmnt** mntú+wil'š *punctual*. (mnt<u>u</u>wi'lsh,)
- **Vmps** m=ups comment *anal*. (mups, adj.)
- **Vmq**<sup>w</sup> moq<sup>w</sup> forward, aggressive. (moq); hn+móq<sup>w</sup>+moq<sup>w</sup>=cn blunt, brusque (lit. He is outspoken). (hnmoqwmoqwtsn, adj.)
- Vmq'<sup>w</sup> maq'<sup>w</sup> pile, stack. (maq'w); he put them down like sacks of wheat, he compiled them. (maq'wnts, v.); a n+maq'<sup>w</sup> contents (lit. They were contained in something, imprisoned). (anmaq'w, vi.); čat+m'oq'<sup>w</sup>+m'oq'<sup>w</sup>+mín+n boxcar (lit. that on which things are loaded repeatedly). (chat'moq'w'moq'w'minn, n.); hn+moq'<sup>w</sup>=íčn'+n cantle (lit. saddle). (hnmoq'wich'nn, n.); hn+móq'<sup>w</sup>+min+n depot (lit. warehouse for sacks of wheat, etc.). (hnmoq'wminn, n.); s+čat+máq'<sup>w</sup> cargo, load (lit. something loaded on). (schatmaq'w, n.); s+maq'<sup>w</sup>+m compilation, heaping together. (smaq'um, n.); s+maq'<sup>w</sup>=qn Medimont (between Harrison & Rose Lake, Idaho). (Smaq'wqn, n.);

e lu+ł+n+muq'<sup>w</sup>=íčn'+n bareback (lit. It, e.g. horse, is w/o a saddle). (elułnmuq'w<u>i</u>ch'nn, vi.)

- **Vmr** mar=k<sup>w</sup>e? to season, flavor (as camas with blood). (markwe'); t+mér=us catchup, ketchup, catsup (lit. tomatoes. Note the sound of the word). (tmerus, n.)
- Vmr lim+t-š maarí Ave Maria, Hail Mary. (limtsh Maari n.); lim+t-š maarí Hail Mary, Ave Maria (lit. Rejoice, Mary!). (Limtsh Maari, excl.); sant ma·ri Holy Mary, Virgin Mary, Mary (l.w. from French). (Sant Maari, n.)
- Vmrm s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+mararím+em spouse, mate, husband, wife. (snukwmararimem, n.); ul+s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+mar+ar+ímn xr √nk<sup>iw</sup> conjugal (lit. pertaining to a spouse). (ul snukwmararimn, adj.); marare·m=íw'es couple, marriage partners. (marareemiiwes, n.); marare·m=íw's+lš to get married (lit. They got married). (marareemiiwslsh, vi.); marim+ncút+n cure, medicine, antidote (orig. old medicinal herb cures); also used jokingly for "wife" because of initial pun: "mari..." "marry..." =My wife, my medicine! (marimntsutn, n.)
- Vmrm marim treatment. (marim); marim-nt-m He was doctored up. (marimntm, vi.); ?apł+n+marím+ncut+n apothecary, pharmacist (lit. One who has a place for medicines). (apłnmarimntsutn, n.); marim+ncút+n cure, medicine, antidote (orig. old medicinal herb cures); also used jokingly for "wife" because of initial pun: "mari..." "marry..." = My wife, my medicine! (marimntsutn, n.); marím+ncut+n medicine, antidote, antiseptic. (marimntsutn, n.); sya+marím+n doctor. (syamarimn, n.); t+marím=łp=ečt medicine tree (lit. a tree that has medicinal branches). (tmarimłpecht, n.); marám+šp=alq<sup>w</sup> medicine fir tree. (marimshpalqw, n.); marím= ul'umx<sup>w</sup>+n compost, that which treats (fertilizes) the land. (marimu'lumkhwn, n.)
- Vmr' mar'+ar'=áxn dislocate (lit. He was disjointed as to the arm). (ma'ra'raqhn, vt.)
  Vmr'k<sup>w</sup> s+mar'k<sup>w</sup>=ús black tail deer. (sma'rk<u>u</u>s.)
- Vms mus four. (mus, n.); mós=q'it four days. (mosq'it, n.); hn+mús=p four bottoms, four eggs. (hnmusp, n.); mós+q'i?t Thursday (lit. four days). (mosq'i't', n.); mós=qit Thursday. (Mosqit, n.); mus=čt four hands. (muscht, n.); t+mus four persons. (tmus, n.); t+mús=elps four grizzlies, four pigs. (tmuselps, n.); mus+e·l+?úpen forty. (musee'lupen, n.); mos+a·l+?ópan+č=sq'it Lent (lit. 40 days). (Mosaa'lopanchsq'it, n.); ?upen uł mus fourteen. (upen uł mus, n.); \*t'u? čn\_mus

e<sup>•</sup>?úpan Well, I am forty. (t'u'chn mus ee lupan, v.)

- **Vms** mus *to fumble, feel about, grope.* (mus); mus-nt-s *He felt it with the hand.* (musnts, v.)
- **Vms** mas+ms plant or root of disagreeable smell but good food. (masms, n.)

**Vms** e lu+ł+n+mús=elg<sup>w</sup>es+n despair (lit. H/s is without hope). (elułnmuselgwesn, vi.)

- **Vmš** mimš box. (mimsh, n.); m'+m'im'š box (dim.), cassette. (m'm'i'msh, n.); m'+m'i+m'š small box, cassette. ('m'm<u>i</u>'msh, n.)
- Vmš mš dearth, want, scarcity, destitute. (msh, n.); mš need, want, destitution (lit. He is without necessities). (msh, vi.); a t+mš=qn+míncut compliant, agreeable (lit. He acquiesces). (atmshqnmintsut, vi.); s+t+mš=qn+míncut compliance, a disposition to yield to others. (stmshqnmintsut, n.)
- √mš -iš be in the act of. (-ish); s+ju·lay+mš Independence Day, Fourth of July. (sjuulaymsh, n.); s+bém+bm+iš any humming sound. (sbembmish, n.); s+c+céw'+t+mš=qn'=čt little or fourth finger (lit. youngest finger). (ststse'wt'mshq'ncht, n.); s+čet+w'él'+w'l'č'+mš bowling (lit. rolling on repeatedly). (schet'we'l'w'lch"msh, n.); s+can+q'ém+mš avid (lit. desiring from below). (stsanq'emmsh, n.); s+n+šár+iš going downstream. (snsharish, n.); s+séw+suw'+iš whisper. (sse'wsu'wish, n.); s+n+séq'+mš anomaly, to go astray, deviation. (snseq'msh, n.); s+n+seq'+mš crime (lit. erring (from the path of life)). (snseq'msh, n.); s+n+súx<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>?</sup>=cn+mš a means of recognizing the weather. (snsukhwme'tsnmsh, n.); s+n+yép+mš=cn English language. (snwyepmshtsn, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>íc+mš rabbit, bunny. (sqwitsmsh, n.); s+šem+p+mš fog. (sshempmsh, n.); s+t'uk<sup>w</sup>=(p+mš to begin, beginning, commencement, creation, origination, debut. (st'uk'wipmsh, n.); s+wi?+núm+t+mš he šiw't+m belle, Diana (lit. a girl who is beautiful). (swi'numtmsh he shi'wtm, n.); s+wiyép=mš+mš acculturation, civilization (lit. becoming non-Indian). (swiyepmshmsh, n.); u x "al'á s+t'+m'ált+mš bovine (lit. It resembles a cow). (uqhwa'la st'maltmsh, n.); ec+min'+men'+iš pacer. (etsmi'nme'nish, n.); hn+q'"t+út+mš=k"e? Coeur d'Alene River. (Hnq'wtutmshkwe', n.); e čet+číg +iš cross, traverse (lit. H/s crossed the plain). (echetchigwish, v.); čes+cu?+u?+mš he/she will weep. (chestsu'u'msh, vi.); i c'ú?u+mš H/s is weeping, sobbing, crying. (iits'u'umsh, vi.); čes+c'u?+c'u?u+mš They will weep.

(chests'u'tsu'umsh, vi.); \*i n+s+č'át'+č'at'+iš chirrup (lit. The bird is uttering a series of chirps). (isch'at'ch'atish, vi.); i \*s+x\*\*óg'\*\*+x\*\*og'\*\*+iš He was grunting. (isqhoq'qhoqwish, vi.); i č+ť'áž=šin+mš apace. (lit. He is going at a rapid pace). (icht'aqhshinmsh, adj.); i ca+n+pá?x+mš He is reasoning or figuring. philosophizing. (itsanpa'qhmsh, vi.); i ca+n+qém+mš athirst (lit. He is eager for something). (itsangemmsh, adj.); i cq<sup>w</sup>=ílt+mš breed (lit. He is producing off-spring). (itsugwiltmsh, vt.); i C+<sup>c</sup>epé+ł+šeg<sup>w</sup>el+mš He is going (away) through a secret path. (its(epelshegwelmsh, vi.); i C+<sup>w</sup>(m+iš He is hurrying. (its(wimish, vi.); i c+k<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>el'=in'č+mš sunbathe, sunbath (lit. (He is taking a) sunbath, (itskukwe'li'nch'msh, vi.); i c+mát'q'"+mš He is pulling back the trigger. (itsmat'q'umsh, vt.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>(c+mš He is warming himself. (itsqwitsmsh, vt.); i c+wiyép+mš+mš Anglicize (lit. He is becoming English idiom or character). (itswiyepmshmsh, vi.); i c+wiyép+mš+mš civilize (lit. He is becoming a Caucasian race; h/s is being civilized). (itswivepmshmsh, vi.); i  $n+q^{w}$  (c'=enš+mš H/s is picking h/h teeth (tooth). (ingwits'enshmsh, vt.); i n+séq'+mš aberrant (lit. H/s is going astray). (inseq'msh, adj.); i n+s+bém+bm+iš humming (lit. H/s is making humming sounds). (isbembmish, vt.); i n+s+g<sup>w</sup>út'+g<sup>w</sup>ut'+iš chomp, crunch (lit. He is making repeatedly the chewing sound). (isgut'gut'ish, vi.); i n+s+háh+ah+iš chortle (lit. He is making the sounds "ha ha"). (is-hahahish, vi.); i s+?úh+?uh+iš coo (lit. It (pigeon) uttered its murmuring sound). (is'uh'uhish, vi.); i s+c'úm'+c'm'+iš H/S is making the sound of sucking; h/s is making the sound of a mouse. (ists'u'mts'u'mish. vt.); i s+k<sup>w</sup>ák<sup>w</sup>+ak<sup>w</sup>+iš cluck (lit. The hen is making a cluck-cluck sound). (isk'wakwakwish, vi.); i s+k'<sup>w</sup>ár+k'<sup>w</sup>ar+iš burr (lit. He made whirring sounds). (isk'wark'warish, vi.); i s+p'áq'+p'aq'+iš crackle (lit. It is going crackle, crackle). (isp'aq'p'aq'ish, vi.); i s+p'íx<sup>w</sup>+p'ex<sup>w</sup>+iš He is flashing and flashing. (isp'ikhwp'ekhwish, v.); i s+pam+pam+iš boom (lit. He is making many deep resonant sounds). (ispampamish, vi.); i s+péw+puw+iš He is in the act of sounding a drum. (ispewpuwish,); i s+puł+puł+iš (He made the noise of) splashing. (ispułpułish, vi.); i s+gás+gas+iš H/s is scratching away audibly. (isqasqasish, vi.); i s+qéq+iš cackle (lit. The hen is cackling). (isqeqeqish, vi.); i s+qéq+qeq+iš caw (lit. The crow is cawing). (isqeqqeqish, vi.); i s+war+warč+iš croak (lit. It (frog) is

making croaking sounds). (iswarwarchish, vi.); i s+wi?+we?+iš bluster (lit. He is speaking again and again noisily and boastfully). (iswi'we'ish, vi.); i s+wi<sup>?</sup>+we<sup>?</sup>w+iš (unexplained w) chatter (lit. He is uttering inarticulate speechlike sounds). (iswi'we'wish, vi.); i S+yáq'+yaq'+iš (lit. He is making rasping sounds). (isyaq'yaq'ish, vi.); i tk<sup>w</sup>al't+s+puq<sup>w</sup>+ilš+mš?? *H/s is going around scouting*. (itkwa'ltspuqwilshmsh, vi.); i t+c'áw'=gn+mš He is washing his hair (lit. He is shampooing). (itts'a'wqnmsh, vt.); i c+?úck<sup>w</sup>+mš H/s is bathing or swimming. (iits'utskumsh, i.); i tíx"+mš She is gathering something. (iitikhumsh, vt.); in+mš What in the world are you doing (here)? č (chinmsh?, gu.); i+c'ug'"+c'ug'"ún'+mš articulate, reading, going to school, reciting (lit. He is uttering (speech sounds). (its'uq'wts'uq'u'n'msh, vi.); s+čet+číg<sup>w</sup>+iš going into the Big Bend country, going into the prairie. (schetchigwish, v.); s+búc+buc=šn+mš putting on rubber boots. (sbutsbutsshnmsh, vt.); s+ce<sup>-</sup>n+<sup>2</sup>íd+mš to adapt or change. (stsee'nidmsh, vi.); s+ds(t)+tíł+mš He travelled by night. (sdstiłmsh, v.); s+k'"t'+út+mš clearance (lit. making clear). (sk'wt'utmsh, n.); s+mel+mel+t=íčt+mš dalliance, trifling, toying. (smelmeltichtmsh, n.); s+ni<sup>?</sup>+tm+tmi<sup>·</sup>h=us+mš *blizzard*. (sni<sup>+</sup>tmtmiihusmsh, n.); s+n+k<sup>w</sup>ec+t+mš=cín breakfast, brunch (lit. eating very early). (snkwetstmshtsin, n.); s+n+k<sup>w</sup>(n+mš chant. (snkwinmsh, v.); s+t+k<sup>w</sup>úp=šn+mš assault, attack (lit. attacking on foot by many). (stkupshnmsh, vt.); s+t+p'íł+liš=w'es (?) cavalcade, riding on horses (lit. getting to sit on horseback). (stp'illish'wes, n.); s+wi?+núm+t+mš He is handsome, she is beautiful, beautiful girl, beauty, comely. curvaceous. (swi'numtmsh, vi.); č\_y'c+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš lit. I am dining. (chi'ynma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); č\_?i+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš We are dining, having our midday meal. (ch'inma'ya'yanmsh, vi.); č, y'c+c'eg<sup>w</sup>+eł+cétx<sup>w</sup>+mš bound (lit. I am headed for home). (chi'ts'egweltsetkhumsh, adj.); \*čeł\_či n+séq'+mš I am going astray. I am going to deviate. (cheł chi nsegmsh, vi.); čeł či s+n+máy'+ay'= qn+mš lunch (lit. I will have my mid-day meal). (chełchisnma'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_may'+ay'=qn+mš (lit. You (sg) will dine). (chełkupsnma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš (lit. you (pl) will dine). (chełkupsnm<u>a</u>'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+c'ú<sup>?</sup>u+mš *weep (lit. I will weep).* (chełchists'u'umsh, vi.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+c'u?u+mš (lit. you(sg. will weep).

(chełkusts'u'umsh, vt.); čeł č s+c'ú+c'u?u+mš weep (lit. we wu weep).

(chełchsts'<u>u</u>'ts'u'umsh, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+c'u?+c'u?u+mš *(lit. you (pl) will weep)*. (chełkupsts'<u>u</u>'ts'u'umsh, vi.)

Vmšl mšéł Michael. (Mshel, n.)

Vmt s+mo?t smoke. (smo't, n.); s+mót=łc'e? bacon (lit. smoked flesh of pigs). (smotłts'e', n.)

**Vmt** e tč+m'út=ew'es *H*/s is seated on a horse, steer, etc. (etch'mute'wes, vi.)

**Vmt** hn-i?\_yu+mút+n It is my residence, it is my sitting place. (hi'yumutn, n.)

- **Vmt'** u<sup>•</sup> mót'=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> *bumpy turf (lit. The ground bumpy)*. (uumot'u'lumkhw, v.)
- **Vmt'** mát'=us *kidney*. (mat'us, n.); čs+t'iš+iš+ł+mát'=us *diabetes (lit. supplying the kidneys with sugar)*. (chst'ishishłmat'us, n.)
- Vmt'č' míťč'=ede blood. (miťch'ede, n.); e lu+ł+míťč'+ede? bloodless (lit. It has no blood). ( elułmiťch'ede', vt.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+míťč'=ede? consanguineous (lit. fellow by blood). (snukwmiťch'ede', adj.)

**√mt'q'**<sup>w</sup> i c+mát'q'<sup>w</sup>+mš *He is pulling back the trigger*. (itsm<u>a</u>t'q'umsh, vt.)

**Vmw** m'ew *meow! (cat call)*. (m'ew! excl.)

- Vmx<sup>w</sup> mex<sup>w</sup> laugh. (mekhw); mex<sup>w</sup>+t he laughed. (mekhwt, vi.); s+mex<sup>w</sup>+t to laugh, laughing. (smekhwt, v.); t+m'+m'éx<sup>w</sup>+n' butt (lit. a laughing stock). (t'm'mekhw'n, n.); t+m'ux<sup>w</sup>+m'ux<sup>w</sup>+n+mín-nt-s deride (lit. He laughed at him, He mocked him). (t'mukhw'mukhw'nmints, v.)
- **√mx**<sup>w</sup> mix<sup>w</sup> to hang in bunches. (mikhw)
- **√mx** s+maxí?=čn' grizzly bear, polar bear. (smaqh<u>i</u>'ch'n, n.)
- Vmž<sup>w</sup> maž<sup>w</sup> snow-covered. (maqhw); máž<sup>w</sup>+už to snow (lit. It snowed). (maqhuqh, vi.); máž<sup>w</sup>+už<sup>w</sup> It snowed. (maqhuqhw, vt.); \*s+maž<sup>w</sup>+ž<sup>w</sup> snowing. (smaqhuqh, v.); \*i c+m'áž<sup>w</sup>+ž<sup>w</sup> It is snowing. (its'maqhuqh, vi.); máž<sup>w</sup>-nt-m-lš They (persons) were snowed upon. (maqhwntmlsh, vi.); nok'<sup>w</sup>=q'ín ha s+máž<sup>w</sup>+ž<sup>w</sup>+s centennial (lit. one hundred snowings). (nok'o'qin ha smaqhuqhws, n.)

√mž<sup>w</sup> mež<sup>w</sup> anguish, agony, travail. (meqhw)

Vmž"y'l' mož"y'al' old Mrs. Louie Pione, a tribal elder. (Moqhw'ya'l, n.)

Vmy may muddy. (may); s+may=qn mud, filth. (smayqn, n.); máy+ay It became soiled with mud. (mayay, vi.); máy+may+ay=šn H/h feet (shoes) got muddy. (maymayayshn, vi.); may+y=us H/h face became muddy. (mayyus, vi.); miy+qn+íl'š It (dirt) turned to mud. (miyqni'lsh, vi.); hn+máy+ay=qn+m H/s got stuck in the mud. (hnmayayqnm, vi.); u k<sup>w</sup>ar+éq ha s+máy=qn clay (lit. mud that is yellow). (ukwareq ha smayqn, n.); may-nt-m bespatter, he was soiled with mud. (mayntm, vt.)

- Vmy miy dignified. (miy); lut s+miyes+čínt commoner (lit. He is not a nobleman). (lut smiyeschint, n.); hn+miyes+čín+m dignity (lit. means of becoming worthy or honorable). (hnmiyeschinm, n.); miy+miy+ał s+ya+t+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ipele? connoisseur, a critical and competent judge. (miymiyałsyatts'uqhwipele', n.); may+miy=i?qs gourmet, gourmand (lit. He has discriminating nose for food). (maymiyi'qs, vi.)
- **Vmy** may predict, forsee, foretell. (may); mi discover, learn. (mii); s+miy+scút self-knowledge, awareness, consciousness. (smiystsut, n.); a t+may=qn prophet, seer, clairvoyant (lit. He has a knowing head; he sees the future). (atmayqn, n.); s+mey+p to learn, master. (smeyp, v.); mey+p coming to know. (meyp); mey+p learn. (meyp, v.); mey+p he learned. (meyp, vi.); mey+miy+t knowing what to do, knowledgeable. (meymiyt); mey+miy+t skillful, proficient, he is adroit, he knows what to do. (meymiyt, adj.); ec+miy+scút conscious, aware (lit. He knows himself). (etsmiystsut, vt.); méy+miy+p=šn he learned to walk (lit. his feet learned). (meymiypshn, v.); s+miy+p=ng<sup>\*</sup>(In *learning (lit. it is the means of learning, of* education). (smiypngwiln, n.); t+máy=qn clairvoyance (lit. knowing head). (tmayqn, n.); t+méy+miy=ečt deft, dexterous (lit. He knows as to the hands, He is skillful with the hands). (tmeymiyecht, adj.); t+miy+p+úl'mx"+n compass (lit. means of getting to known land). (tmiypu'lmkhwn, n.); t+miy+íl'mx<sup>w</sup>+n cairn (lit. a mound of stones erected as a landmark or memorial). (tmiyi'lmkhwn, n.); tmiy=ilmx"+n milestone, landmark. (tmiyilmkhwn, n.); s+ti+miy+y=ipele?-s anthropology (lit. exposition of the nature of man (human beings)). (stimiyyipele's, n.); s+t+méy+miy=ečt dexterity (lit. knowing as to the hands, skill with the hands). (stmeymiyecht, n.); \*sye+miy+p= ng"íln collegian (lit. learning). (syemipngwiln, n.); \*s+t+miy+y=ipele?-s x"e s+q'es+p=ilq<sup>w</sup>es archeology (lit. exposition of ancient property). (stmiyyipele's khwe sqespilgwe's, n.); s+qil=tč he s+t+miy+iy=ípele?-s anatomy (lit. science of the *body*). (sqiltch he stmiyiyipele's, n.); s+t+miy+y=ipele?-s x<sup>w</sup>e tmix<sup>w</sup>=l'umx<sup>w</sup>

description of earth, geology, geography. (stmiyyipele's khwe tmikhw'lumkhw, n.); s+t+my+y=ípele?-s x<sup>\*</sup>e n+x<sup>\*</sup>él+x<sup>\*</sup>l+n biology (lit.exposition of the origin of what is the means of life). (stmyyipele's khwe nkhwelkhwln, n.); S+t+miy+iy=íple?-s x<sup>\*</sup>e t+č'm=ásq'it tmix<sup>\*\*</sup>=ulmx<sup>\*\*</sup> cosmography, science of what is in the sky and earth. (stmiyiyipele's khwe tch'masq'it twe tmikhulmkhw, n.); S+t+miy+iy=íple?-s x<sup>\*\*</sup>e s+t+céx<sup>\*\*</sup>+ncut astronomy. (stmiyiyipele's khwe sttseqhwntsut, n.); miy+p+nú+nt= ew'eš acquainted, they came to know each other. (miypnunte'wesh, v.); x<sup>\*</sup>e ec+méy+st+m celebrated, famous, well-known, celebrity, star. (qhe etsmeystm, vi.); ec+méy-s-n I know it. (etsmeysn, vt.); ec+méy-st-x<sup>\*\*</sup> you know it. (etsmeystkhw, vt.); ec+méy-st-me-t We know it. (etsmeystmet, vt.); miy+p+nu-nt-s ascertain (lit. he succeeded in learning it). (miypnunts, vt.); ni ec-méy-st-x<sup>\*\*</sup> Do you (sg.) know it? (ni etsmeystkhw? (qu.).); ni k<sup>\*\*</sup>u\_miy+p=ng<sup>\*\*</sup>(ln Did you learn anything? (nikumiypngwiln? (qu.).)

√my mey evident, apparent. (mey); mi to be evident that not. (mii); s+m'éy'+miy'+m' communication (lit. the exchange of thoughts, messages, etc.). (s'me'ymi'y'm, n.); s+m'ey'+miy'+šít+ew'eš conversation (lit. telling one another stories (information). (s'mi'ymi'yshite'wesh, n.); s+n+mey=cn commentary, explanation or interpretation (of a text); exegesis (lit. making words, statements, plain). (snmeytsn, n.); s+m'+m'éy+niy' anecdote. (sm"meyni'y, n.); s+t+miy=ípele? description, revealing the background of something. (stmivipele', n.); s+t+miy+iy=ipele? caption, short legend or description, as of an illustration or photograph. (stmiyiyipele', n.); s+t+my=ipele? clarification. (stmyipele', n.); u méy clarity, definitive; it is plain, understandable. (uumey, n.); sye+n+miy=ep+mincut confessor (lit. One who makes known his sins). (syenmiyepmintsut, n.); sye+n+méy=cn commentator (lit. One who interprets). (syenmeytsn, n.); s+n+miye+p+mincut confession (lit. making known one's own experience). (snmiyepmintsut, n.); lut un+míy=elg<sup>w</sup>es capricious, fickle (lit. He has no definite thoughts). (lut unmivelgwes, adj.); lut u míh ambiguous (lit. It is not certain). (lutuumih, adj.); lut u míy chancy, conditional (lit. It is uncertain). (lutuumiy, adj.); lut hey'+c+méy-s casual, unsorted (lit. it is uncertain, without design or premeditation). (lut he'ytsmeys, adj.); t'i? ec-méy decisive, it is already determined. (t'i'etsmey, v.); u mey I suppose it is so. (umey, v.); hn+miy=cín+n

clarified (lit. I made plain his words or statements, I interpreted rus words). (hnmiytsinn, v.); hn+miy=cin+t-s cite, construe, interpret, decode (lit. He translated his words, he quoted him as an authority or example). (hnmiytsints, v.); \*hn+miy= ep+mincut avowed, confessed (lit. He told on himself). (hunmiyepmintsut, v.); t+miy=ipele? expounded, clarified (lit. H/s made plain concerning something). (tmiyipele', v.); te·+méy+m-stu-s destine (lit. He resolved it beforehand). (teemeymstus, v.); t+miy=iple?-nt-s characterize, describe (lit. He described the qualities of it). (tmiyiple'nts, vt.)

- Vmył miyéł blatant (lit. he is too loud). (miyeł, adj.); miyéł too much. (miyeł,);
  \*miyeł+t+žas=ic'e? bedizen (lit. he is too well dressed). (miyełtkhasits'e', n.);
  miyeł+ž<sup>w</sup>p+t he is too inept. (miyełqhupt, adj.); miyeł+léč'+lč'+t belligerent (lit. he is too (very) aggressive). (miyełlech'lch't, n.); s+mya+ł+n+laq<sup>w</sup>=ús bubble gum, extra gum. (smyałnlaqus, n.); miyeł+lút degenerate, person of low morals. (miyełlut, n.); miyeł+lút to be unreasonable, extravagant. (miyełlut, v.); miyeł+pí?+pe?+t
  deluxe (lit. he is too generous, extravagant). (miyełpi'pe't, adj.); miye+s+péw+m He drummed loudly. (miyespewm, vi.); miyał+ya<sup>c</sup>+p=qin' congest, crowded (lit. there are too many heads). (miyałya(pqi'n, vt.); miyes+pu?s+mín-n contemplate, ponder, meditate on (lit. I considered it more than ordinary). (miyespu'sminn, vt.);
  miye+s+čínt+m-st-m dignify, ennoble, elevate (lit. h/s was made noble).
  (miyeschintmstm, vi.)
- Vmy' s+n+máy'+ay=qn+m dinner, midday meal, lunch. (snmā'ya'yqnm, n.); a n+máy'+ay'=qn+m to dine, eat, eat at noon. (anmā'ya'yqnm, v.); a n+máy'+ay'= qn+m-lš They dine, eat. (anmā'ya'yqnmlsh, vi.); hn+máy'+ay'=qn noon (lit. time when sun is directly overhead). (hnmā'ya'yqn, n.); hn+máy'+ay'=qn+m H/s dined. (hnmā'ya'yqnm, vi.); hn+máy'+ay'=qn+m-lš They dined. (hnmā'ya'yqnmlsh, vi.); hn+máy'+ay'=qn+mš You dine! (imp.). (hnmā'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); hn+máy'+ay'= qn+m+ul You (plural) dine! (imp.). (hnma'ya'yqnmul, vi.); i n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš H/s is dining (lit. having mid-day meal). (inma'yā'yqnmsh, v.); i n+máy'+ay'= qn+m-lš They are dining (lit. having mid-day meal). (inmā'yā'yqnmlsh, v.); \*čn'\_n+may'+ay'=qn+m I dine. (ch'nnā'ya'yqnm, vt.); \*čn'+n+may'+ay'=qn+m (cust) dine (lit. I dine). (ch'nnā'ya'yqnm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_n'+máy'+ay'=qn+m You (sg.)

dine. (ku'nma'ya'yqnm, vi.); č\_?a+n+máy'+ay'=qn+m we dine. (ch'anma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?a\_n+máy'+ay'=qn+m You (pl.) dine (lit. have your midday meal). (kup'anma'ya'yqnm, vi.); čn\_n+may'+áy'=qn+m I dined. (chnnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k"u\_n+máy'+ay'=qn+m You (sg.) dined. (kunm<u>a</u>'ya'yqnm, vi.); č\_n+máy'+ay'= qn+m we dined. (chnma'ya'yqnm, vt.); \*k<sup>w</sup>up\_n+máy'+ay'=qn+m You (pl) dined. (kunma'ya'yqnm, vi.); č\_y'c+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš *lit. I am dining.* (chi'ynma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš You (sg) are dining. (ku'ynma'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); č\_?i+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš We are dining, having our midday meal. (ch'inma'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?i\_n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš You are dining, eating your midday meal. (kup'inma'ya'yqnmsh, v.); čas+n+máy'+ay'= qn+mš (lit. h/s will dine). (chasnma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); čat+čs+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš dine (lit. we will dine). (chatchsnma'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); čas+n+máy'+ay'=qn+m-lš (lit. they will dine). (chasnma'ya'yqnmlsh, vt.); čeł či s+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš lunch (lit. I will have my mid-day meal). (chelchisnma'ya'yqnmsh, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_may'+ay'=qn+mš (lit. You (sg) will dine). (chełkupsnma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); čeł \_ k<sup>w</sup>up \_ s+n+máy'+ay'=qn+mš (lit. you (pl) will dine). (chełkupsnma'ya'yqnmsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn \_máy'+ay'=qn+m I am going to dine. (k'wne'chnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u\_n+may'+ay'=qn+m You (sg.) are going to dine. (k'wne'kunma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m H/s is going to dine. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> čn \_\_máy'+ay'=qn+m We are going to dine. (k'wne'chnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up, máy'+ay=qn+m You (pl.) are going to dine. (k'wne'kupnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m-lš They are going to dine. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnmlsh, vi.); t'i?+n+máy'+ay'=qn+m H/s has dined. (t'i'nma'ya'yqnm, v.); t'i? k<sup>w</sup>u n+may'+ay'+qn+m You (sg.) have dined. (t'i'kunma'ya'yqnm, v.); t'i? č n+máy'+ay'+qn+m We have dined. (t'i'chnma'ya'yqnm, v.)ti?+k<sup>w</sup>up+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m You (pl) have dined. (ti'kupnma'ya'yqnm, v.); t'i?n+may'+áy'=gn+m-lš They have dined. (t'i'nma'ya'yqnmlsh, v.); t'ix" eh isn+máy'+ay'+qn+m? I had dined, had taken the midday meal. (t'ikhwehisnma'ya'yanm, v.); t'ix" e? is+n+may'+ay'+qn+m < in-s You (s) had dined. (t'i'khwe'isnma'ya'yanm, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m-s H/s had dined. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnms, v.); t'ix" es+n+máy'+ay'+qn+met We had dined.

(t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmet, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn-mp You (pl) had dined.

(t'i'khwesnm<u>a</u>'ya'yqnmp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m-s-lš *They had dined*. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmslsh, v.)

**Vmy'** sye·+m'éy'+m'iy'+m courier (lit. One who brings messages). (syee'm<u>e</u>'y'mi'y'm, n.)

**Vmy'** \*hn+mey'+t+e?w+ał+žélex<sup>w</sup> bucktooth (lit. middle tooth). (hnme'yte'wałkh<u>e</u>lekhw, n.)

- Vmy' čs+may'=qn'-t-s h/s proved it, h/s made it evident, h/s evidenced it. (chsma'yq'nts, vt.); čs+m'áy'+qiłc apprize, inform (lit. He caused him to know it for certain). (chs'ma'yqiłts, vt.)
- **Vmys** i-c+myes+k'<sup>w</sup>i?n+m *collate (lit. I am taking it very carefully).* (hi'tsmiyesk'wi'nm, vt.)
- **Vmys** ac+miyas+n+q<sup>w</sup>i? cavern, cave (lit. A hollow that is larger than usual). (atsmiy<u>as</u>nqwi, n.)
- **Vmys** i c+miyes+q<sup>\*</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>a<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>a<sup>.</sup>l' commune (lit. They are conversing intimately). (itsmiyesquqw<u>a</u>'qwaa'l, vi.)
- **Vmyw** s+miyíw *coyote*. (smiy<u>i</u>w, n.)
- Vm? me?+e? send away. (me'e'); me?+e?+mí-nt-s discharge (lit. He/she sent him/her away). (me'e'mints, vi.); me?+e?+mí-nt-m banish, dismissed, averted, he was sent away. (me'e'mintm, vt.)
- **√m?** me?=íčt+m-nt-m He was besieged, harassed. (me'ichtmntm, vi.)
- **√m?** s+me?e+mín=łc'e? *brush-off*. (sme'em<u>i</u>nłts'e', n.)

Vm? mi? to bore, annoy. (mi'); mí?+me?+t he is a nuisance, he is bothersome. (mijme't, n.); hn+me?+e?=ílg<sup>w</sup>es chafe (lit. He became annoyed). (hnme'e'ilgwes, vi.); hn+me?+me?=ílg<sup>w</sup>es choleric, cranky, peevish (lit. He is irritable, ill-tempered, easily annoyed). (hnme'me'ilgwes, adj.); s+me?+m'scút game, card playing, bridge (lit. annoying oneself). (sme"mstsut, n.); s+me?=íčt+m annoyance. (sme'ichtm, n.); s+n+me?+me?=ílg<sup>w</sup>es bile, irritability, ill humor. (snme'me'ilgwes, n.); me?= íčt+m-nt-s to annoy, bedevil, harass, bother (lit. He bothered (annoyed) him). (me'ichtmnts, vt.)

Vm? mi?+t centered, in the middle. (mi't); ni?+mí?+t=ewes amid, center, midpoint,

middle, axis. (ni'mij'tewes, n.); ni?+mí?+t=ew'es among, between. (ni mi'te'wes, prep.); mi?+t=ew'es dichotomy (lit. division into two equal parts). (mi'te'wes, n.); e ni?+mí?+t=e'wes between, in the middle, among, central (lit. H/s is...). (eni'mij'te'wes, vi.); ?epł s+ni?+mi?+t=ew'es concentric (lit. It has a common center). (epł sni'mij'te'wes, adj.)

- Vm? s+mí?+me?+em women. (smi/me'em, n.); ma+m'a?ám=al'qs nun, sister (lit. one who wears religious women's garb). (ma'ma'ama'lqs, n.); s+mé?+m=ulumx" a man's younger sister. (sme'mulumkhw, n.); hn+ma?+ma?ám=al'qs+n cloister (lit. a place for those who wear women's habits). (hnma'ma'amal'qsn, n.); s+míy'+em woman, wife, bride. (smi'yem, n.); s+miyes+míy'+em dame (lit. a noble woman). (smiyesmi'yem, n.); s+m'+me?+í?+m little woman. (sm'me'i'm, n.); ul+ma<sup>?</sup>+ma<sup>?</sup>+am=al'qs conventual (lit. belonging to nuns). (ul ma'ma'ama'lqs, adj.); ul+s+miy'em ha can+g<sup>w</sup>án+t=al'qs camisole (lit. belonging to woman an undergarment). (ul smi'yem ha tsangwanta'lqs, n.); s+miy'+em he s+nuk'"+n=úłx" co-ed (a woman fellow-student). (smi'yem he snukw'nułkhw, n.); a t+p'at'+t' he s+miy'em coquette, flirt (lit. A woman who clings to men). (atp'at't' he smi'yem, n.); s+míy'+em ha sya·+q'"éy'+mncut ballerina (lit. woman who dances). (smijyem ha syaaq'we'ymntsut, n.); ul+s+qil'+tmx", ul+s+míy'em bisexual. (ul sqi'ltmkhw, ul smi'yem, adj.); č's+eł+cég"+t he s+míy'em cotquean (lit. woman of bad manners (nature). (ch'seltsegwt he smi'yem, n.); tí<sup>?</sup>x<sup>w</sup>e s+míy'em He succeeded in getting a wife. (tijkhwe smijyem, v.); s+t'+t'ik'"+s+m'e?em' beldam, crone, old maid. (st't'ik'us'me'e'm, n.); cétx"-s x"a ma?+ma?+ám=al'qs convent (lit. their house those who wear women's cloths (nuns)). (tsetkhws khwa ma'ma'ama'lqs, n.); ye+míy'em He won a wife. (yeemi'yem, vt.); ec+me?+m+ł+cég"+t effeminate (lit. He is delicate or unmanly). (etsme'mltsegwt, vi.); uw'e+m'n'ús he s+míy'em a woman who is worthless. (u'we'm'nus he smi'yem, v.); me?mí+ncut to pout, brat, cockney (lit. He acted like a woman). (me'mintsut, vt.)
- Vm? i cún+me? directory (lit. It is guiding). (iitsunme', n.); hn+cun+me?+n school, conservatory. (hntsunme'n, n.); s+cún+me?+m declaration, directive, instruction, documentation. (stsunme'm, n.); s+n+súx<sup>w</sup>+me?=cn+mš a means of recognizing the weather. (snsukhwme'tsnmsh, n.); hn+cun+cún'+m'e?+n' college (lit. school).

(hntsuntsu'n'me'n', n.); s+cun'+cu?n'+m'e?=ncút curriculum (lit. teaching oneself repeatedly). (stsu'ntsu'n'me'ntsut, n.); sye+cún+me?+n director (lit. One who guides or shows). (syeetsunme'n, n.); sye+cun+me<sup>?</sup>+s+čínt a teacher of human beings. (syetsunme'schint, n.); hn+cun'+cún'+m'e<sup>2</sup>+n+ł+n+<sup>2</sup>itš+n boarding school (lit. place for teaching and sleeping). (hntsu'ntsu'n'me'n ł 'nitshn, n.); Xáy'+Xi?+t he n+cun+me<sup>?</sup>+n It is a big school. (gha'yghi't hentsunme'n, n.); hi<sup>.</sup> y+cún+me<sup>?</sup> disciple, student (lit. H/S is the one I taught or am teaching). (hijytsunme', n.); cun+me<sup>?</sup>+s+čínt *He taught Indians, human beings, people,* (tsunme'schint, vt.); cun+me<sup>?</sup>+ncút+n *He is a means of teaching oneself (said only of a high qualified* teacher). (tsunme'ntsutn, v.); cun+un+me?+út+m-lš docile (lit. They are easy to teach). (tsununme'utmlsh, v.); č, y'c+cun+me?+ncút We are teaching ourselves. (chi'tsunme'ntsut, vt.); cún+me?-n I taught h/h. (tsunme'n, vt.); cún+me?-ł-n ?? I showed it to him. (tsunme'in, vt.); cún+me?-nt-s declare (lit. He pointed it out to h/h; he taught h/h). (tsunme'nts, vt.); cún+me?-n-lš I taught them. (tsunme'nlsh, vt.); cún+me?-nt+sex<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) taught me. (tsunme'ntsekhw, vt.); cún+me?-nt-se-s He taught me. (tsunme'ntses, vt.); cún+me?-nt-sel-p You (pl.) taught me. (tsunme'ntselp, vt.); cún+me?-nt-s-n I taught you (sg.). (tsunme'ntsn, vt.); cún+me?-n x<sup>w</sup>a hi-s+l'ax+t I taught him who is my friend. (tsunme'n khwa his'laqht, vt.); cún+me?-nt-ult-n I taught you (pl.). (tsunme'ntultn, vt.)

**√m<sup>2</sup>c** me<sup>2</sup>c grease. (me'ts)

**√m?č** me?č well-shaped (as work horse). (me'ch)

- **Vm?s** s+t+mi?s+m paying attention. (stmi'sm, n.); s+t+mi?s+mn concentration, careful observation. (stmi'smn, n.); t+mí?s+m-nt-s concentrate (lit. He produced a clear image of it, H/s paid close attention to it). (tm<u>i</u>'smnts, v.)
- Vm?t mo?t smoke. (mo't); hn+mo?t=áłc'e? It smoked inside. (hnmo'tałts'e', v.); hn+mo?t=qítx" ?? The chimney smoked. (hnmo'taitkhw, vi.)
- Vm<sup>°</sup> me<sup>°</sup> broken, ruined. (me(w); me<sup>°</sup>+t bankrupt (lit. he became broke). (me(wt, n.); me<sup>°</sup>+t to become bankrupt, broke (lit. He became...). (me(wt, vi.); s+me<sup>°</sup>+t to break, breakage. (sme(wt, vi.); s+can+mé<sup>°</sup>+t debris (lit. parts broken off from a whole). (stsanme(wme(wt, n.); s+mey<sup>°</sup>+t+s+c'áx<sup>w</sup>+m breach of promise, a promise broken. (smey(włsts'aqhum, n.); can+mé<sup>°</sup>+t break out (lit. They had a

break out). (tsanm<u>e</u>(wt, vt.); \*ac+me<sup>w</sup> to be broken. (atsm<u>e</u>(, vi.); me<sup>w</sup>+<sup>v</sup></sup>+t+m breakable (lit. capable of being broken). (me(u(<u>u</u>tm, n.); twi?+me<sup>w</sup>+t He became poor, went broke. (twi' me(wt, vi.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>w</sup>+t+n+c'už<sup>w</sup>=íple?+n (Prob) complicity (lit. He is my partner in violating the law). (hisnukwme(włntts'uqhw<u>i</u>ple'n, n.); mé<sup>viw</sup>-n demolish, I demolished it, I destroyed it. (m<u>e</u>'(wn, vt.); čn\_me<sup>viw</sup>+t broke (lit. I went broke, I am out or funds, impoverished). (chnm<u>e</u>'(wt, adj.)

**Vm'c** s+m'u+m'uc=šn' ha n+q<sup>w</sup>o+q<sup>w</sup>os+m'i *bitch (lit. a female dog).* (s'mu'm<u>u</u>tssh'n hanqoqos'm<u>i</u>, n.)

**√m'lq'**<sup>w</sup> m'+m'alq'<sup>w</sup> sphere, dim. (m'm'alq'w, n.)

√m'lt u x<sup>w</sup>al'á s+t'+m'ált+mš bovine (lit. It resembles a cow). (uqhwa'la st"maltmsh, n.)

 $\sqrt{m'n'}$  s+m'e<sup>·</sup>+m'ín'=ep *toad*. (s'mee'm<u>i</u>'nep, n.)

 $\sqrt{m'n's}$  ne? m'n'us *maybe so*. (ne"m'nus, adv.)

**√m'q<sup>w</sup>l'** s+m'aq<sup>w</sup>l' Moscow. (S'maqw'l, n.)

**Vm'w** m'ew *cat call, meow.* ('mew! excl.)

**√m'y'** k<sup>w</sup>u\_m'ey'+níł of course, you betcha! (ku'me'yn<u>i</u>ł, adv.)

√m'y' s+m'éy'+m'iy' chronology (lit. the relating or narrating of an event or series of events). (s'me'y'mi'y, n.); m'ey'+m'iy'+m' He told a story, He communicated. ('me'y'mi'y'm, v.); m'ey'+m'iy'+m' to communicate, report, tell a story. ('me'y'mi'y'm, vi.); m'ey'+m'iy'+m' communicative. ('mi'y'mi'y'mu'l, adj.); m'ey'+m'iy'+m' to be communicative, talkative (lit. He is...). ('mi'y'mi'y'mu'l, vi.); m'ey'+m'iy'+m' he informed him. ('mi'y'mi'yshits, v.); i c+m'iy'+m'iy'+šít+ew'es converse, talk (lit. are telling one another stories). (its'mi'y'mi'yshite'wes, vi.); m'éy'+miy'-nt-m delate, it was made public, it was reported. ('me'ymi'yntm, vt.)

Vm'? hn+m'á?+m'a?+m=cn Canada goose. (hn'm<u>a</u>'ma'mtsn, n.)

- **Vnc** noc tender, soft (as meat, rubber), pliable. (nots,); u n'+n'+'nóc=us docile (lit. The pony is softnecked, He is easily managed). (un'n'notsus, adj.); u n'+n'ó·c weak-willed (lit. He is very soft, He yields easily to pressure). (u'n'nooots, adj.)
- **Vnč** nič to goad, drive away. (nich); nič-nt-s drive away (lit. He drove them away, he put them to flight). (nichnts, vt.)
- **Vnč** s+cen+níč+m *defense (lit. driving off from under)*. (stsenn<u>i</u>chm, n.); ul+sc+en+níč+m *defensive (lit. belonging to defense)*. (ulstsenn<u>i</u>chm, adj.)

- Vnč' nič' cut (with a blade). (nich'); níč'+nič'+emn cutlery (lit. cutting instruments).
  (nich'nich'emn, n.); níč'=ul'umx<sup>w</sup>+n a disc (lit. means of cutting the ground).
  (nich'u'lumkhwn, n.); \*č+níč'=čs+n chip (lit. a small piece cut off by hand).
  (chni'chchsn, n.); e n'+n'íč'+n'ič' cutlet, slice (of meat) (lit. Thin slices of meat).
  (e'n'nich"nich', n.); hi y+níč'=e'wes board. (hiynich'e'wes, n.); s+nič'+m carving (lit. cutting). (snich'm, n.); s+níč'=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> allotment (lit. land that is cut (allotted) and apportioned to individuals; also disking). (snich'u'lumkhw, n.); s+nič'=łx<sup>w</sup> son-in-law (lit. one who divides the family by taking a member away). (snich'lkhw, n.); hi+y+y+nič'=ew'es board, lumber, wood (cut). (hiyynich'e'wes, n.); níč'+emn burin, cutter. (nich'emn, n.); níč'=ew'es-n '1 ...' crosscut (lit. He crosscut it (log, etc.)). (nich'e'westm, vt.); níč'-nt-s He cut it. (nich'nts, vt.); hn+níč'=w'es-nt-m bisect, cut in two (lit. It was bisected). (hnnich'e'westm, v.); cen+níč'-nt-s amputate (lit. He cut it off). (tsennich'nts, vi.)
- Vnč' s+ni?č'+č'=én'e? atom (lit. the very smallest entity (in ancient times). (sni'ch'ch'<u>e</u>'ne', n.)
- **√nds** ul+s+n'edu·s=íw'es *commercial*. (ul s'neduus<u>i</u>'wes, adj.)
- Vnjr najaró scoundrel, rascal. (najar000, excl.)
- **Vnk**<sup>w</sup> s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+n atavism (lit. the inheritance of a characteristic). (snukwn, n.)
- Vnk<sup>w</sup> s+nuk<sup>w</sup> together, with. (comb. form) fellow. (snukw- (pref.).); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+šén+n colleague (lit. fellow worker). (snukwshenn, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s<sup>4</sup>×<sup>8</sup> blood-brother (lit. fellow in issue of blood). (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s<sup>4</sup>×<sup>8</sup> blood-brother (lit. fellow-bloods. (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s<sup>4</sup>×<sup>8</sup> brethren, fellow-bloods. (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+c+w<sup>4</sup>× fellow, inmate, co-exist, co-habit, roommate. (snuk<sup>w</sup>tswish, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+y<sup>4</sup>m<sup>4</sup>×<sup>8</sup> concourse (lit. a moving or flowing together). (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+t<sup>4</sup>k<sup>w</sup>+t<sup>4</sup>ik<sup>w</sup>+t<sup>4</sup> commensurate, one of the same old age. (snukwt<sup>1</sup>ik<sup>w</sup>t<sup>1</sup>ik<sup>1</sup>wt<sup>1</sup>ik<sup>1</sup>wt<sup>4</sup>t<sup>4</sup>ik<sup>1</sup>w<sup>4</sup>+t<sup>4</sup>i<sup>2</sup>p<sup>4</sup>+ntw<sup>4</sup>eš+m<sup>1</sup>n<sup>1</sup>m<sup>4</sup>×<sup>6</sup>e s+n<sup>4</sup>k<sup>1</sup>w<sup>4</sup>= elumx<sup>w</sup> civil war. (snukwt<sup>1</sup>ap<sup>4</sup>nt<sup>1</sup>wesh<sup>1</sup>m<sup>1</sup>m<sup>1</sup> mkwe snik<sup>1</sup>welumkhw, n.); \*s+nuk<sup>w</sup> solitude, peace, tranquility (lit. feeling alone in the heart). (schnuk, n.);

s+nuk"+?a·c+?áxl colleague, counterpart (lit. fellow worker of one s kind). (snukw'aats'aqhl, n.); s+nuk"+jéy'+mncut correspondent (lit. fellow evildoer). (snukwje'ymntsut, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+c'uq'<sup>w</sup>+c'uq'<sup>w</sup>+n'm' classmate (lit. fellow reader). (snukwts'uq'wts'uqu'n'm, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>áx+t=elt one of the same young age. (snukwgwaqhtelt, n.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+n+g<sup>w</sup>áy'=qn concrescence (lit. He is my fellow in growing up). (hisnukwngwa'yqn, n.); s+nuk"+k'"úl' associate, fellow worker, colleague, partner. (snukwk'u'l, n.); s+nuk"+k'"úl'+ul' spouse, component, consort, mate. (snukwk'u'lu'l, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s+k<sup>w</sup>ís+t a name two persons have in common. (snukwskwist, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+méł+liš bed-fellow. (snukwmełlish, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+mararím+em spouse, mate, husband, wife. (snukwmararimem, n.); ul+s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+mar+ar+ímn xr Vnk<sup>w</sup> conjugal (lit. pertaining to a spouse). (ul snukwmararimn, adj.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+mít'č'=ede? consanguineous (lit. fellow by blood). (snukwmit'ch'ede', adj.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+púlu=łc'e? accomplice (lit. helper in killing). (snukwpulułts'e', n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+q'éy'+m coauthor. (snukwq'e'ym, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+q'ey'+šít+ew'eš correspondent (lit. One with whom one corresponds). (snukwq'e'yshite'wesh, n.); ?axel+tč+nék<sup>w</sup>e? each, every (lit. every person of a number). (agheltchnekwe', n.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+?iin commensal (lit. He is my companion at table). (hisnukw'iłn, n.); hi-s+nuk"+?a·c+?áxl contemporaneous (lit. He is my like (equal). (hisnukw'aats'aghl, adj.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>sw</sup>+ł+n+c'ux<sup>w</sup>=íple<sup>9</sup>+n (Prob) complicity (lit. He is my partner in violating the law). (hisnukwme(włntts'uqhwiple'n, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+lím+t congratulation, felicitation (lit. rejoicing with). (snukwlimt, vt.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>(l+n collude (lit. one who is deceiving in conjunction with another). (snukwqwiln, vi.); hn-i?\_nuk"+šn+min+m collaborate (lit. I am employing him as *my collaborator*). (hi'nukwshnminm, v.)

**Vnk**<sup>w</sup> s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+n+x<sup>w</sup>c+x<sup>w</sup>c+m'=íl's *compassion (lit. sufferer)*. (snukwnkhwtskhwts'm<u>i</u>'ls, n.)

**Vnk<sup>w</sup>n** ne?k<sup>w</sup>un to think. (ne'kun,); ne?k<sup>w</sup>ún+m He thought, he agreed. (ne'k<u>u</u>nm, v.) **Vnk<sup>w</sup>n** hi nek<sup>w</sup>ún+mn desire (lit. means of willing). (hiynek<u>u</u>nmn, n.)

Vnk'<sup>w</sup> nek'<sup>w</sup> unit, one. (nek'w); nék'<sup>w</sup>+e? one, dollar (colloq.). (nek'we', n.); nik'<sup>w</sup> of the same tribe, tribesman. (nik'w); nok'<sup>w</sup>+o?=qín one hundred (lit. one head). (nok'o'qin, n.); hn+nak'<sup>w</sup>=qn monotone (lit. one howling sound). (hnnak'wqn, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+łc=éłx<sup>w</sup>

With unexplained {c caste (lit. one house). (nuk'włtseikhw, n.); cen+nék'\*e?g\* carload (lit. One load on a car or wagon). (tsennek'we'gul, n.); u č\_nék'we? only one person; we are one. (uchnek'we', n.); s+nék'\*+k'\*+em' combination, coalition, union, confederacy, corporation (lit. becoming one). (snek'uk'we'm, n.); s+ník'\*= elumx<sup>w</sup> tribesman, cognate, compatriot, countryman. (snik'welumkhw, n.); uł+nek'"é? another (lit. and one). (uł nek'we', n.); ul+nuk'"e?=ílmx" communal (lit. belonging to a tribe or nation). (ul nuk'we'ilmkhw, adj.); u. nék'"e? ace, a small quantity (lit. only one). (uunek'we', n.); nék'"+e?=cn comment (lit. a statement of opinion). (nek'we'tsn, n.); hn+nuk'\*+nuk'\*+e?=íłc'e? apartment. suite. (hnnuk'wnuk'we'ilts'e', n.); hn+nuk'\*+e?=ílc'e? chamber, room, compartment, (hnnuk'we'its'e', n.); uł+č+nek'"e? another. (ułchnek'we', adj.); nuk'"+?ilm community, tribe, a people. (nuk'we'ilm, n.); ?upen uł nék'<sup>w</sup>e eleven (lit. ten plus one). (upen uł nek'we, n.); t+č+?sél+k" s+nuk"+k'"+l'ul' bigamy, two spouses. (tch'selkw snukk'u'lu'l, n.); Xal nek'\*+e? another (lit. also one). (ghal nek'we', n.); s+nuk'\*+s+k\*(s+t alias, one (another) name. (snuk'wskwist, n.); nuk'\*+ł+l'+l'pót cupful (lit. just one cup (of content)). (nuk'wł'l'lpot, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+ł+čt+l'q+mín+n or? nuk<sup>w</sup>+ł+čt'lq+mín+n degree, rung (lit. one bar of a ladder). (nuk'wicht 'lqminn, n.); s+miy'+em he s+nuk'\*+n=úłx\* co-ed (a woman fellow-student). (smi'yem he snukw'nułkhw, n.); s+nuk"+t'áp'+ntw'eš+m'n'm' x"e s+ník'"=elumx" civil war. (snukwt'ap'nt'wesh'm'n'm khwe snik'welumkhw, n.); nuk'"+ł+túm' bevy, group, brood, class, covey. (nuk'włtu'm, n.); nuk'"+ł+tum' ha sóltes battalion (lit. a unit of soldiers). (nuk'włtu'm ha soltes, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł nék'<sup>w</sup>e? apiece (lit. one to each one). They are one or united. (guł nek'we', adv.); s+nuk<sup>™</sup>+e?łi+t+spú?s concordance (lit. having one heart). (snuk'we'liytspu's, n.); nok'"=q'ín ha s+máx"+x"+s centennial (lit. one hundred snowings). (nok'o'qin ha smaqhuqhws, n.); nok'"=q'in+s+pin=tč centenarion (lit. a person of one hundred years). (nok'o'qinspintch, n.); nuk'"+s+pin= tč one year. (nuk'wspintch, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s+pin=tč New Years (lit. reaching another year). (Snuk'wspintch, n.); sye+nuk'<sup>w</sup>+s+pin=čt anniversary (lit. acquiring another *vear*). (svenuk'wspincht, n.); ul+s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s+pin=tč annual. (ul snuk'w spintch, adj.); nuk'<sup>™</sup>+s+šéllč+m cycle (lit. one round). (nuk'wssh<u>e</u>llchm, n.); č+nék<sup>™</sup>e<sup>?</sup>=us cyclops (lit. one with one eye). (chnek'we'us, n.); nuk'"+lp'n+min+n One rick of wood (lit.

one means of piling long objects). (nuk'whp'nminn, n.); nék'<sup>w</sup>+e<sup>r</sup>-is corps (lit. They (persons) are under common direction, they are one). (nek'we'lsh, n.); nék'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>+em' They became one. (nek'uk'we'm, v.); u n+nák'<sup>w</sup>+a<sup>?</sup>=qn They were unanimous (lit. They spoke with one voice). (unnak'wa'qn, v.); e nuk'<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>=cín+n to utter, ejaculate (lit. He speaks a word. He utters a brief exclamation). (enuk'we'tsinn, v.); u' nék'<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>-lš They are one. (uunek'we'lsh, vi.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+e<sup>?</sup>=cín+m comment, state, remark, he made a statement. (nuk'we'tsinm, vi.); č+nék'<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> It is one person. (chnek'we', vt.); u č+nuk'<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>+mncút desolate (lit. H/S is alone, by himself). (uchnuk'we'mintsut, vt.); nuk<sup>w</sup>+ł+t'č'=ús+m-n-n coincide (lit. We tripped simultaneously). (nukwłt'ch'usmnn, vi.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>ełic+pú?s-lš? concordant (lit. They are of one heart). (nuk'we'ełitspu'slsh, vi.); nuk<sup>w</sup>+šn+n+mí-nt-s-es cooperate (lit. She worked with me). (nukwshnnmintses, vi.)

**Vnk'**<sup>w</sup> nuk'<sup>w</sup>+ $^{\gamma}$ ic=čn+m-nt-s *H*/s played with h/h. (nukw'<u>i</u> tschnmnts, v.)

**Vnk'**<sup>w</sup> nuk<sup>w</sup>+<sup>c</sup>(p=cn+m-nt-s *confide (lit. He put a secret into his trust).* (nukw(<u>i</u>ptsnmnts, vi.)

- **Vnk'**<sup>w</sup> nuk<sup>w</sup>+lím+t+m-n-n congratulate (lit. I rejoiced with, or expressed sympathetic pleasure to, him). (nukwlimtmnn, vt.)
- **Vnk'**<sup>w</sup> nuk<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>úy+m-nt-s *abduct, kidnap (lit. He took her along with him).* (nukwkh<u>u</u>ymnts, vt.)
- Vnk' xal+n+n'+n'ak' a?=al'qs ha s+g arp+m daisy. (qhaln'n'nak'wa'a'lqs ha sqwarpm, n.); hn+nák' +a?=alqs ha s+g arp+m daffodil. (hnnak'wa'alqs ha sgwarpm, n.)
- **Vnłpn** niłpn ?? dessert. (niłpn, n.)
- **Vnm** tel' n nim'+í?+tew'es centrifugal (lit. moving or directed from the center). (te'l ni'm<u>i</u>'te'wes, adj.)
- Vnn ne né a child's word for hurt. (neene, n.)
- **Vnp** nep+t to enter, they went in. (nept)
- **Vnq** naq satiated (with food). (naq)
- **√nq'** neq' *sticky*. (neq')

- Vnq' naq' rotten (organic matter). (naq'); s+na?q' carrion, corruption, putrefaction (lit. decomposition, dead and decaying flesh). (sna'q', n.); na?q' It became putrid, it rotted, it decomposed. (na'q', v.); naq'+t It is putrid, decayed, corrupt. (naq't, v.)
- Vnq<sup>w</sup> naq<sup>w</sup> to steal. (naq'w); s+naq<sup>w</sup> kidnapping, abduction, boodle, stealing, adultery (lit. stealing). (snaq'w, n.); naq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He stole it, He stole from him. (n<u>a</u>q'wnts, v.); čn\_naq<sup>w</sup> I stole (something). (chnn<u>a</u>q'w, vt.)

**Vnr** ner to paint. (ner); s+ner+m coloration, coloring (lit. painting). (snerm, n.)

**Vnr'** nár'+ye(?) great-great grandparent. (n<u>a</u>'rye, n.)

Vnrs nors Fr orge *barley*. (nors, n.)

- Vns e ní s there he goes. (ení s, vi.); e nís he departed, went away. (enis, vi.); e nís he went away. (enis, vi.); tel' ci?+enís continue (lit. from there he went on). (te'l tsi'enis, v.)
- Vns nas wet. (nas); na?s It got wet. (na's, v.); a nás wet, watered (lit. It is in a wet state). (aanas, adj.); s+na?s=ál'umx<sup>w</sup> chresard (lit. wet ground). (sna'sa'lumkhw, n.); s+ns=ík<sup>w</sup>e?=mš aquanaut, dipper (lit. aquatic animal or water tribesman). (snsikwe'msh, n.); u nás It's wet. (uunas, vi.)

**√nš** anš angel, cherub, borrowed French. (ansh, n.)

Vnw' s+niw'+t wind. (sni'wt, n.); e' niw'+t the wind blows. (eeni'wt, vi.); i' níw'+t The wind is blowing. (iinii'wt, vt.); i?+n'+n'íw'+t breezy, breeze (lit. The little wind is blowing). (i'n'nii'wt, vi.); s+n'+n'iw'+t breeze, zephyr. (s'n'nii'wt, n.); ?epł s+n'+n'iw'+t to be breezy (lit. There is a small wind). (epł s'n'ni'wt, v.)

**Vnw'** čn\_t+c'uk<sup>w</sup>en+ł+niw' *(lit. I ran by the side of, i.e., moving car).* (chntts'ukwenłn<u>i</u>'w, vt.)

Vnwl hnwel Christmas, Noel. (Hnwel, n.)

**√nx**<sup>w</sup> ∩ux<sup>w</sup> frog swims. (nukhw)

**Vnžł** na?žíł maybe, possibly. (na'qhił, adv.); nažíł čn\_žem=ínč+mp You (pl.) maybe love me. (na qhił chnqheminchmp, v.)

Vnys enyés Agnes (l.w. from English). (Enyes, n.)

Vn? hi-núne? mother (lit. She is my mother). (hiinune', n.); nune? mother. (nune', n.)

√n? ne? maybe, perhaps. (ne',)

**Vn?** ni? among, in the midst of. (ni',)

- **√n?** s+ní+ne? *owl*. (sn<u>i</u>ne', n.)
- **Vn?** k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-s-n *I am going to love h/h*. (k'wna'qheminchsn, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> ňa? žem=ínč-st-x<sup>III</sup> *You (sg.) are going to love him/her*. (k'wna'qheminchstkhw, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-stu-s *He/she is going to love him/her*. (k'wna'qheminchstus, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-stu-s-lš *They are going to love him/her*. (k'wna'qheminchstuslsh, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-stu-s-lš *I am going to love them*. (k'wna'qheminchstlsh, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-n-lš *I am going to love them*. (k'wna'qheminchstlsh, vi.); k<sup>IIII</sup> na? žem=ínč-st-x<sup>IIII</sup>.
  - (k'wna'gheminchchstmekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-me-s *H/s is going to love me*. (k'wna'qheminchstmes, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-mel-p You (pl.) are going to love me. (k'wna'gheminchstmelp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-me-s-lš They are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchstmeslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-m-n I am going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'gheminchstmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-mi-s He/she is going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'gheminchstmis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-ulm-n I am going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'qheminchstulmn, vi.); k'" na? xem=ínč-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'gheminchstulmislsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_c'ú?u+m I am going to weep. (k'wne'chnts'u'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u c'ú?u+m You (sg.) are going to weep. (kwne'kuuts'<u>u</u>'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? c'ú?u+m H/s is going to weep. (k'wne'ts'<u>u</u>'um, vi.); k' ne? č\_c'ú?+c'u?u+m We are going to weep. (k'wne'chts'u'um, vi.); k' ne? k<sup>w</sup>up, \_c'ú+c'u?u+m You (pl.) are going to weep. (k'wne'kupt'su'tsu'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? c'ú+c'u?u+m They are going to weep. (k'wne'ts'<u>u</u>'tsu'um, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_x<sup>w</sup>ís+t I am going to walk. (k'wne'chnkhwist, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u<sup>v</sup>, x<sup>w</sup>ís+t You (sg.) are going to walk. (k'wne'kuukhwist, vi.); k'" ne? x"ís+t He/she is going to walk. (k'wne'khwist, vi.); k'" ne? č+déž+t We are going to walk. (k'wne'chdeqht, vi.); k'" ne? k"up\_dex+t You (pl.) are going to walk. (k'wne'kupdeqht, vi.); k'" na? déx+t-lš They are going to walk. (k'wna'deqhtlsh, vi.); k'" ne? č+dél-n I am going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdeln, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to defend h/h. (k'wne'chdelntkhw, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-n-lš I am going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelnlsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl..) are going to defend them. (k'wne'chdelntkhwlsh, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-se-x" You (sg.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntsekhw, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-s-es H/s is going to defend me.

(k'wne'chdelntses, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+dél-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntselp, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-s-es-lš They are going to defend me. (k'wne'chdelntseslsh, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-s-n I am going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+dél-nt-si-s H/s is going to defend you (sg.). (k'wne'chdelntsis, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-ulm-n I am going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmn, vt.); k'" ne? č+dél-nt-ulmi-s They are going to defend you (pl.). (k'wne'chdelntulmis, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>2</sup> čn, máy'+ay'=qn+m I am going to dine. (k'wne'chnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> k<sup>w</sup>u, n+may'+ay'=qn+m You (sg.) are going to dine. (k'wne'kunma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m H/s is going to dine. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn, máy'+ay'=qn+m We are going to dine. (k'wne'chnm<u>a</u>'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up máy'+ay=qn+m You (pl.) are going to dine. (k'wne'kupnma'ya'yqnm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? n+máy'+ay'=qn+m-lš They are going to dine. (k'wne'nma'ya'yqnmlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+mn-n I am going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmnn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> piy=íčt+m-nt-s H/s is going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmnts, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s-lš They are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntslsh, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+mn-n-lš I am going to delight them. (k'wne'piyichtmnnlsh, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> piy=íčt+m-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) are going to delight them. (k'wne'piyichtmntkhwlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntsekhw, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-s H/s is going to delight me. (k'wne'pivichtmntses, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'pivichtmntselp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-s-lš They are going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntseslsh, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s-n I am going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'piyichtmntsn, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-si-s H/s is going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'piyichtmntsis, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-ulm-n I am going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmntulmn, vi.); k'" ne? piy= íčt+m-n-si-s-lš They are going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmnsislsh, vi.); k'" na? q'"éy+mncut H/s is going to dance. (k'wna'q'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'" ne? čn\_q'"éy'+mncut dance (lit. I am going to dance). (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'" ne? k<sup>w</sup>u·\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut (lit. you(sg.) are going to dance). (k'wne'kuuq'w<u>e</u>'ymntsut, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut I will dance. (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne?

k<sup>w</sup>u· \_ q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (sg.) will dance. (k'wne'kuuq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+q'"áy'+mncut We will dance. (k'wne'chq'wa'ymntsut, vi.); k'" ne? kwup\_q'wey'+mncut You (pl.) will dance. (k'wne'kupq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'w na? q'"éy+mncut-lš They will dance. (k'wna'q'we'ymntsutlsh, vi.); k'" na? čn\_q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el speak (lit. I am going to speak). (k'wna'chnqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el I am going to speak. (k'wne'chngwa'gwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u; \_q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e·l You (sg.) are going to speak. (k'wne'kuuqwa'qweel, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? č+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el We are going to speak. (k'wne'chowa'gwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I am going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstkhw, vi.); k<sup>1</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s *H/s is going to speak to h/h*. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstus, vi.): k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-stu-s-lš They are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstuslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n-lš *I am going to speak to* them. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'lsnlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-p-lš You (pl.) are going to speak to them. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elsplsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmekhw, vi.); k'" na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s H/s is going to speak to me. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmes, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p You (pl.) are going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmelp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s-lš They are going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmeslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n I am going to speak to you (sg.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmn, vi.); k'" na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s *H/s is going to speak to you (sg.).* (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmis, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I am going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstulmn, vi.); k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstulmislsh, vi.); k'"+na?+q"íl-n I am going to cheat h/h. (k'wna'qwiln, vi.); k'" na? q"(l-nt-x" You (sg.) are going to cheat h/h. (k'wna'qwilntkhw, vi.); k'" na? q"íl-se-s H/s is going to [cheat me]. (k'wna'qwilntses, vi.); k'" na? q"íl-nt-se-x" You (sg.) are going to cheat me. (k'wna'qwilntsekhw, vi.); k'" na? q"(I-nt-s-n I am going to cheat you (sg.). (k'wna'qwilntsn, vi.); k'" na? q"íl-nt-si-s H/s is going to cheat you (sg.). (k'wna'qwilntsis, vi.); k'" ne? čn\_šén+n I am going to work. (k'wne'chnshenn, vi.); \*k'"+ne?+č+šén+n We are going to work.

(k'wnechshenn, v.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>up\_šén+n You (pl.) are going to worκ. (k'wne'kupshenn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? šén+n-lš They are going to work. (k'wne'shennlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_siy+mscut I am going to do my best. (k'wne'chnsiymstsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-n I am going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'n, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-s H/s is going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'nts, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-s-lš They are going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-n-lš I am going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'nlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-p-lš You (pl.) are going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntplsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to call me aloud.

(k'wne'wi'ntsekhw, vi.); k<sup>™</sup> ne? wí?-nt-se-s *H*/s is going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntses, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntselp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-se-s-lš They are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntseslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-s-n I am going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-si-s *H*/s is going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-ulm-n I am going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmn, vi.)k'" ne? wi?-nt-ulmi-s-lš They are going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmislsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-m H/s is going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-m-lš *They are going to be called aloud*. (k'wne'wi'ntmlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-sel-em I am going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntselem, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-eli-t We are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntelit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmit, vi.; k<sup>™</sup> ne? wíh+m The dog is going to bark. (k'wne'wihm, vi.); k<sup>™</sup> ne? wih+weh+m The dogs are going to bark. (k'wne'wihwehm, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-m H/s is going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntm, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-m-lš They are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntmlsh, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-si-t I am going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntselem, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntsit, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-eli-t We are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntelit, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntulmit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_x<sup>w</sup>úy I am going over there. (k'wne'chnkhuy, vi.)

- $\sqrt{n^{\ \ w}}$  sya+né<sup> $\ \ w$ </sup>=qn commander (lit. one who commands). (syane(wqn, n.)
- **Vn'k'** cen'+n'ék' +e?-s dividend (lit. It is his/her little sack or bag; it is his/her share). (tsen"nek'we's, n.)
- **Vn'y'** n'+n'óy'+e weak (lit. He is weak, physically). ('n'n<u>o</u>'ye, vi.); s+n'+n'óy'+e? muscular weakness. (s'n'n<u>o</u>'ye', n.)
- **Vp** =ip bottom, back. (-ip); =ip bottom. (ip, n.); ep- base, bottom. (ep...pref.)

**Vpc** s+poc+t blain (lit. a skin sore). (spotst, n.)

- Vpcčl pécčele? blade, brussels sprout, broccoli (lit. leaf, cabbage). (petschele', n.); pecčle leaf, cabbage. (petschle, n.); hoy łe pécčle-s defoliate (lit. Its leaves were no more). (hoyłe petschles, vi.)
- Vpc? pice? root digger. (pitse', n.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+pice? She took a root digger. (kwenłpitse', v.)
- **Vpc'** sye+n+p(c'+p one who pushes from the back. (syenpits'p, n.)
- Vpcx<sup>w</sup> picx<sup>w</sup> disappointed, disgusted. (pitskhw); picx<sup>w</sup>+t disgust (lit. He became very disappointed). (pitskhwt, n.); s+picx<sup>w</sup>+t disgust, becoming disgusted, disappointed. (spitskhwt, vt.); t'i? picx<sup>w</sup>+t H/s has become disgusted, disappointed. (t'i'pitskhwt, v.); pic+pecx<sup>w</sup>+t h/s/i is very disappointing. (pitspetskhwt, v.); picx<sup>w</sup>+t+mn-n I became disappointed at h/h/i. (pitskhwtmnn, v.); čn\_picx<sup>w</sup>+t disappointed (lit. I was defeated of hope; I was disgusted). (chnpitskhwt, v.)

**Vpčl'** pačál'=qn *bald eagle*. (pach<u>a</u>'lqn, n.)

**Vpčł** s+pičł+ená *birch*. (spichłen<u>a</u>, n.)

**√pčn** s+t+pčin *tin*. (stpch<u>i</u>n, n.)

- Vpčs píčus peaches, peach-face. (pichus, n.); s+péčas=alq<sup>w</sup> peach tree. (spechasalqw, n.)
- Vpg<sup>w</sup> pig<sup>w</sup> whole, breathe. (pigw); píg<sup>w</sup>+peg<sup>w</sup>=šn His foot swelled up. (pigwpegwshn, vi.); pág<sup>w</sup>=ažn H/h arm swelled up. (pagwaqhn, vt.); pág<sup>w</sup>+pag<sup>w</sup>=ažn H/h arm swelled up. (pagwpagwaqhn, vt.); t+píg<sup>w</sup>=cn H/h mouth (lips) swelled up. (tpigwtsn, v.); cen+píg<sup>w</sup>=us H/h cheek swelled up. (tsenpigus, v.); cen+píg<sup>w</sup>+peg<sup>w</sup>=us H/h cheek swelled up. (tsenpigus, v.); cen+píg<sup>w</sup>=cn H/h neck swelled up. (tsenpigwtsn, v.)s+t+píg<sup>w</sup>+ul swelling of the stomach, bloating. (stpigwgul, n.); píg<sup>w</sup>+peg<sup>w</sup>+ncut breathe (lit. He expanded himself repeatedly). (pigwpegwntsut, vi.);

pig<sup>\*</sup>+t bulge (lit. It swelled up or bulged). (pigwt, vi.); s+píg<sup>\*</sup>+ncut inhale, breathe (lit. swell oneself up). (spigwntsut, vi.); s+pig<sup>\*</sup>+pég<sup>\*</sup>+ncut breath (lit. swelling oneself over nad over, exhalation). (spigwpegwntsut, n.); s+pig<sup>\*</sup>+t to swell, inflate. (spigwt, vi.); ec+píg<sup>\*</sup>+peg<sup>\*</sup>+ncut H/s breathes while we are looking at him (ref. to person who might have been dead). (etspigwpegwntsut, vi.); hn+píg<sup>\*</sup>=ul'umx<sup>\*</sup>+n baking powder (lit. means of swelling up something (ie. bread) in the ground). (hnpigu'lumkhwn, n.); hn+píg<sup>\*</sup>+peg<sup>\*</sup>+ncut+n breathing, air, atmosphere. (hnpigwpegwntsutn, n.); ni?+pág<sup>\*</sup>=i?qs H/h nose swelled up. (ni'pagwi'qs, v.); s+n+pig<sup>\*</sup>+n' balloon, blimp (lit. that which is blown inside). (snpigw'n, n.); s+can+pág<sup>\*</sup>=a×n bubo (lit. swollen (gland) in the armpit). (stsanpagwaqhn, n.)

**Vpg**<sup>w</sup> s+pig<sup>w</sup>=l'č' *belt, cincture*. (spigw'lch', n.)

Vph pih float, separate (as cream). (pih); čet+píh+ih (lit. it rose to the surface and spread out like cream). (chetpihih, vt.); s+čet+píh+ih cream (lit. substance that gathers and spreads on the surface of milk). (schetpihih, n.)

**√ph** puh+mín+n *cymbal (lit. a drum)*. (puhm<u>i</u>nn, n.)

**√ph?s** phu?s *He became wide awake*. (phu's, vi.)

- √pk<sup>w</sup> pék<sup>w</sup>+t hide, skin, leather, buff, cuticle, -derm. (pekut, n.); ul+pék<sup>w</sup>+t dermal (lit. pertaining to or consisting of skin). (ulpekut, adj.)
- Vpk<sup>w</sup> pek<sup>w</sup> lay (round objects). (pekw); e t+pék<sup>w</sup>+puk<sup>w</sup> They, e.g. apples, are on the tree(s) here and there. (etp<u>e</u>kwpukw, vi.); hn+pek<sup>w</sup>-nt-s sack, bin, crate (lit. He put round objects in it). (hnp<u>e</u>kwnts, n.); ec+pék<sup>w</sup>+m apart, crumbly (lit. It is put apart). (etsp<u>e</u>kum, vi.); pék<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>+m breakdown, he collapsed from illness or exhaustion. (p<u>e</u>kukum, n.); puk<sup>w</sup>+ílt-m It (mammal) produced a litter. (pukw<u>i</u>ltm, vt.); s+pék<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup> crumb, fragments (spherical). (sp<u>e</u>kukw, n.); i c+puk<sup>w</sup>=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> He is seeding. (itspuk<u>u</u>'lumkhw, vi.); puk<sup>w</sup>=úl'umx<sup>w</sup>+n seeder (lit. means of putting many round objects (plants, seeds) in the ground). (puk<u>u</u>'lumkhwn, n.); s+puk<sup>w</sup>=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> seeding. (spuk<u>u</u>'lumkhw, v.); g<sup>w</sup>l' t+pék<sup>w</sup>=g<sup>w</sup>l xref g<sup>w</sup>l people with bulging stomachs. (gu'l tp<u>e</u>kwgul, n.)
- **Vpk**<sup>w</sup> s+pík<sup>w</sup>+pek<sup>w</sup>+m'n'cut *dog-trot (lit. causing oneself to make a slow run like that of a dog).* (spikwpekw'm'ntsut, n.)
- **vpk**<sup>w</sup> s+puk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>=iln young good-for-nothing, descendants who do not amount to

anything. (spukukwiln, n.)

**Vpl** pól+pol=qn *thimbleberry*. (polpolqn, n.)

Vpl ec+púlu=łc'e? murderer, killer, kill (lit. He kills people). (etspulułts'e', vt.); S+púl= elt abortion (lit. killing baby (foetus) life beginning at conception). (spulelt, n.); s+pulu=łce? (łc'e??) murdering. (spulułtse', v.); S+nuk\*+púlu=łc'e? accomplice (lit. helper in killing). (snukwpulułts'e', n.); pul+pul=ełc'e?+úl blood thirsty, murderer. (lit. He is habitually murdering). (pulpulełts'e'ul, vi.); \*púlu=łc'e? to assassinate (lit. He killed (somebody)). (pulults'e', vi.); pulu+ł+šémen' he killed his enemy. (pulułsheme'n, v.); pulu+ł+s+te·m=ílg\*es he killed his relative. (pulułsteemilgwes, v.); púlu-s-n I killed him. (pulusn, vt.); púlu+s+t-mel-em I was beaten up (lit. I was killed). (pulustmelem, vt.); púlu-stu-s h/s beat h/h up (lit. h/s killed h/h). (pulustus, v.)

**Vpl** qel'+s+píl+em *Kalispel Tribe*. (Qe'lsp<u>i</u>lem, n.)

- **Vplč** šáltes pa·lač bonus (Chinook jargon). (shaltes paalach, n.)
- **Vpl?** = (pele? concerning. (-<u>i</u>pele' (suff.).)
- Vplm s+pálm=alqs highest mountain between Plummer and Worley, Idaho. (Spalmalqs, n.);
- Vplms plams plums. (plams, n.); pláms=alq prunes, plum tree. (plamsalq, n.)

**√plm'** s+plim'=cn *lips*. (spli<u>'</u>mtsn, n.)

**√pin** pułn *Portland*. (Pułn, n.)

**Vpls** epls *apple (l.w. from English)*. (epls, n.); ul+ápels ha s+c+an+žas=ítk<sup>w</sup>e?-s *apply-jack, apple brandy (lit. good juice from the apple)*. (ul<u>a</u>pels ha stsanqhas<u>i</u>tkwe's, n.)

- Vplt púlut injure, harm. (pulut); pólot=qn Indian name of the father of Paul Polatkin (lit. killing head). (Polotqn, n.); pulut+l'+sčíče? He slaughtered livestock. (pulut'lschiche', vt.)
- Vply s+pílye coyote (Spokane). (spilye, n.); pulya·+hál' mole. (pulyaaha'l, n.); pul'ye mole, gopher. (pu'lye, n.); pul'ya·+hál' coyote's wife, witch. (pu'lyaaha'l, n.)

**Vpl'** a s+pál'=aqł Yesterday. (asp<u>a</u>'laqł, adv.)

**Vpl'** u p+p[i]l' whisky (lit. little flat thing (refers to bottle). (upp'l, n.)

**Vpl'x**<sup>w</sup> pel'éx<sup>w</sup>+p *H/h spouse got hurt*. (pe'l<u>e</u>khwp, vt.)

- Vpł peł thick-layered. (peł); s+péł+ł+t density, thickness. (spełłt, n.); h+péł+pł=enč It (house) has thick walls. (hpełpłench, n.); páł+ł=al'qs H/s has thick clothes. (pałła'lqs, vi.); péł+ł+t It (shingle, board) is thick. (pełłt, vi.); t+péł+ł=elx<sup>w</sup> It (animal) has thick hide. (tpełłelkhw, v.); t+péł+ł=cn H/s has thick lips. (tpełłtsn, v.)
- Vpł pił scattered, strewn. (pił); s+píł+m+šeš diffusion (lit. spreading). (spiłmshesh, n.); s+píł=elg<sup>w</sup>es scattering one's belongings. (spiłelgwes, v.); ec+píł+m it is scattered. (etspiłm, vi.)

Vpł puł foam. (puł)

- Vpt pu ' It went splash! (puuul, excl.); i s+pul+pul+iš (He made the noise of)
  splashing. (spulpulish, vi.)
- Vpł čet+pu?ł=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? rough water (lit. the surface of the water was in turmoil, as near a falls). (chetpu'łitkwe', n.)
- Vpł k<sup>w</sup>up\_?e\_c+pí+ł You are remaining seated, or at home. (kup'etspí+ł!, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?e\_c+pí+ł You are still seated! (kup'etsp'i+ł!, vi.)
- **Vpł** peł+t=uw'ít *adolescents*. (pełttu'w<u>i</u>t, n.)
- **√płx**<sup>w</sup> pałx<sup>w</sup> to burst forth (as oil, water, pus). (pałqhw)
- **Vpm** pam bang. (pam, vt.); i s+pam+pam+iš boom (lit. He is making many deep resonant sounds). (ispampamish, vi.)
- **√pm** s+pum *fur*. (spum, n.); s+póm=al'qs *fur coat*. (spoma'lqs, n.)
- Vpm' ec+pem'=iw'es compact, compressed (lit. It is closely and firmly packed).
   (etspe'mi'wes, vi.)
- **Vpn** t+pen- *below*, *circum*. (tpen, (pref.).)
- **Vpn** pin+č'e? *when*? (pinch'e'? qu.)

Vpn s+pin=tč chron-, relating to time, year. (-spintch, suf.); pin=tč always. (pintch, adv.); ?aǎal+s+pin=tč yearly (lit. every year). (aqhalspintch, adv.); ?aǎel+ł+?esel+s+pin=tč biyearly, every two years (lit. happening every two years). (aqhelł esespintch, adv.); ?upen+č+s+pin=tč exp decade (lit. ten consecutive years). (upenchspinch, n.); nok'\*=q'in+s+pin=tč centenarion (lit. a person of one hundred years). (nok'o'qinspintch, n.); nuk'\*+s+pin=tč one year. (nuk'wspintch, n.); s+nuk'\*+s+pin=tč New Years (lit. reaching another year). (Snuk'wspintch, n.); \*sye+nuk'\*+s+pin=tč anniversary (lit. acquiring another year). (syenuk'wspincht, n.);

n.); ul+s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+s+pin=tč annual. (ul snuk'w spintch, adj.); \*stere+s+pin=tč semiannual. (ste'espinch, n.); ul+n+púte?+n he s+pin=tč-s anno-Domini (lit. belonging to the Lord's year). (ulnpute'n he spintchs, adv.);

k'<sup>w</sup>u\_s+k'<sup>w</sup>in+š+es+pin=tč *How old are you?* (k'usk'winshespintch?, vi.)

- Vpnč pinč+t+ség"+t customary, it is always a custom. (pinchtsegwt, adj.); pinč c'ar+t
  It remains cold or chilly. (pinch ts'art, vi.)
- Vpn? s+póne? disadvantage (lit. state of being taken advantage of). (spone', n.); sya·+pó?ne? bully (lit. One who takes advantage of weaker people). (syaapo'ne', n.); ac+pon'e?+m'i+s+čínt opportunist (lit. One who takes advantage of others). (atspo'ne"mischint, n.); pon'é?-nt-se-s to take advantage of (lit. He took advantage of me (my inability). (po'ne'ntses, vi.)
- Vpn' pan' spouse, mate, husband, wife. (pa'n); pan' a dwá She is Mrs. Edward. (pa'n Aadwa, vi.); pan'+s+qíl't+mx<sup>w</sup> bride-groom (lit. a spouse man). (pa'nsqi'ltmkhw, n.); pan'+táx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> H/h spouse died. He became a widower. She became a widow. (pa'ntaqhuqhw, vi.)
- Vpn' pen' to bend, bent. (pe'n); pen'+m bend. (pe'nm, v.); pén'-n I bent it. (pe'nn, vt.); pén'-nt-s He bent it; he arched it; bow, deflect. (pe'nnts, vt.); s+pén'+n' bend, crease, curve, angle (lit. place where bend is made). (spe'n'n, n.); ec+pén'+pn' crooked (lit. It has bends or curves). (etspe'np'n, vi.); hn+pén'+n'=us H/h head became bent. (hnpe'n'nus, vi.)

**√pn'** pén'=enč *liver*. (p<u>e</u>'nench, n.)

**Vpn'?m'** pon'é?+m'-nt-m' browbeat (lit. He was bullied). (po'ne'm'nt'm, vi.)

**Vpnt** pentí+če? astronomical, colossal, inconceivably large, great distance (lit. extending to no one knows where). (pentiche', adj.)

**Vpp**<sup>?</sup> pípe<sup>?</sup> *father*. (pipe', n.)

Vpq paq Easter. (paq, n.); peq' white, bleached, silver. (peq'); u<sup>•</sup> péq blank (lit. It is white). (uupeq, adj.); s+paq+t gray hair. (spaqt, n.); t+péq+ce? white man, Caucasian. (tpeqtse', n.); u<sup>•</sup> péq he čis cottage cheese (lit. white cheese). (uupeq he chis, n.); ul+paq ha ?úse? Easter egg (lit. an egg that belongs to Easter (Pasch)). (ul Paq ha use', n.); pa+pqł+c'e? Ermine (white). (papqłts'e', n.); pe+pápqł+ce? little ermine. (pepapqłtse', n.); s+čn+pa?q (?) cockcrow, dawn, daybreak. (schnpa'q,

n.); s+poq=(q)ín=mš Spokane Tribe. (Spoqinmsh, n.); u· péq Ii is wnite. (uupeq, v.); čin+pá?q dawn, sunrise (lit. it became white from the east). (chinpa'q, vi.); t+p+péq=q'n He has white hair or head. (tppeqq'n, v.); e lu+s+pá?q to be unbleachable (lit. It does not whiten e.g. by exposure to the sun). (eluspa'q, vi.); u t+péq=qn He is platinum blond. (utpeqqn, v.)

**√pqs** péqs=ag<sup>w</sup>el *halibut*. (peqsagwel, n.)

- Vpq<sup>w</sup> puq<sup>w</sup>+ilš to spy. (puqwilsh); sya+puq<sup>w</sup>+ílš+m scout (lit. means of scouting). (syapuqwilshm, n.); sye+puq<sup>w</sup>+ílš scout, spy, scout dance. (syepuqwilsh, n.); ul+s+puq<sup>w</sup>+ílš+n pertaining to scouting. (ulspuqwilshn, n.); s+puq<sup>w</sup>íl=šn scouting. (spuqwilshn, n.); i tk<sup>w</sup>al't+s+puq<sup>w</sup>+ilš+mš ? H/s is going around scouting. (itkwa'ltspuqwilshmsh, vi.)
- Vpr par to be white with powder. (par); u par It is pale, fade. (uupar, vi.); pár=us pale, pallid, albino (lit. person with very pale face). (parus, n.)
- Vpr'k<sup>w</sup> per'k<sup>w</sup> to nail. (pe'rkw); pérk<sup>w</sup>+ełx<sup>w</sup>+n brad, nail (lit. means of piercing house).
  (pe'rkwełkhwn, n.); s+mal'+t+pér'+per'q<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup> crucifixion. (sma'ltpe'rpe'rqwalqw, n.); t+pér'k<sup>w</sup>-n annex (lit. I nailed it to something else). (tpe'rkwn, v.); pár'k<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He pierced it. (pa'rkwnts, vt.); \*t+pár'k<sup>w</sup>-nt-s clinch (lit. He fastened it securely with a nail). (tpa'rqwnts, v.); t+pér'k<sup>w</sup>-nt-s nailed (lit. He nailed it on something).
  (tpe'rkwnts, v.); mal'+t+per'+per'q<sup>w</sup>=alq<sup>w</sup>-nt-m crucify, he was put to death by being nailed to a cross (pole, etc.). (ma'ltpe'rpe'rqwalqwntm, vt.)
- Vprsn parsón person, one person of the Blessed Trinity. (parson, n.); t+čí?łes parsón Blessed Trinity (lit. three persons). (Tchiłes Parson, n.)
- Vps pas astonished, bewildered, amazed. (pas); s+pas+p astonishment, awe. (spasp, n.); pas+p He was surprised, amazed, awe-stricken. (pasp, vi.); pás+ps+t It is astonishing, frightening, appalling, awful, awesome, blood-curdling breathtaking, dire. (paspst, vi.); hn-i?\_\_c+ps+p+nón+m frighten (lit. I am frightening him/her). (hi'tspspnonm, vt.); ps+psté breathtaking (lit. It inspired awe). (pspste, vi.); ps+p+nó+nt-s astonish, terrify. (lit. He filled him with sudden wonder). (pspnonts, vt.)
- **Vps** s+pos=cn joke, humor. (spostsn, n.); s+po?s=cn joke, joking. (spo'stsn, n.); t+p+p(s=g<sup>w</sup>l' funnies, comics. caricature (lit. little people with big bellies). (tppisgu'l,

n.); pós+pos+t *He is full of pranks, he is comical.* (pospost, vi.); pos+pos+t+t+ség<sup>w</sup>+t *He has comical ways.* (posposttsegwt, vi.)

- **Vps** p+pús kitten. (ppus, n.); pus cat, borrowing. (pus, n.); pús+pus cats. (puspus, n.); ul+pus ha s+táž=anč-s catgut (lit. of cat his gut). (ul pus ha staqhanchs, n.)
- **Vps** pus pest, nuisance. (pus); g<sup>w</sup>ł pús+pus+t They play and play, never work, to the point of being a nuisance. (guł puspust, vi.)
- **Vps** pus to digest. (pus)
- Vps čat+po?s=átk<sup>w</sup>e? to bubble (lit. It (water) gave off bubbles). (chatpo'satkwe',); s+čet+pu?s=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? bubble. (schetpu'sitkwe', n.); s+pos+t=etk<sup>w</sup>e? Santa (lit. bubbling waters). (Spostetkwe', n.)

**√ps** pús+pus+t *He is a gadabout*. (p<u>u</u>spust, vi.)

- Vps pís=šn He has big feet. (pisshn, vt.); p+pís=šn' big feet. (ppissh'n, n.); t+pés=i?qs They have large noses. (tpesi'qs, v.); t+pés=qn They have large heads. (tpesqn, v.); t+pís=elps They are big hogs or grizzlies. (tpiselps, v.); t+pís=us H/s has large eyes. (tpisus, v.); cen+pís=cn They have big necks. (tsenpistsn, v.); cen+pís=cn=šn H/s has big ankles. (tsenpistsnshn, v.);
- **Vps** =ups anal (pertaining to the anus). (-ups, suf.)
- **Vps?** púse? uncle (if father is living). (puse', n.)

√psq<sup>w</sup> pasq<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>+ése<sup>?</sup> small boys. (pasquqwese', n.)

- Vpsš pesíš to gather wood, fetch wood. (pesish); č\_y'c+psíš+mš lit. I am fetching wood (sticks) on my back. (chi'tspsishmsh, vt.); s+psiš+m fetching twigs on one's back. (spsishm, v.)
- Vpst hn+pést+e?=us on the side, opposed. (hnpeste'us, adv.); hn+pst+e?=iłc'e? one side (half) of a room. (hnpste'i̯łts'e', n.); s+pst+e?=iłc'e? one side of the body. (spste'i̯łts'e', n.); hn+pést+e?=us-s x<sup>w</sup>e čníl+emn antidote (lit. the opposite side of poison, something that counteracts poison, injury or contagion). (hnpeste'uss khwe chnilemn, n.); \*pst+e?e+s+pín=tč semiannual. (pste'espinch, n.); p'st+a?a+s+qílč cross-breed, half-breed. (p'sta'asqilch, n.); hn+pést+e?=us ha q<sup>w</sup>il+e?+m anti-phone (lit. It is on the other side of a song, it is a responsive song). (hnpeste'us ha qwile'm, n.); pést+e? one side, half, demi-, half dollar. (peste', n.);

teč+n+pest+e<sup>?</sup>=us ha yuk<sup>w</sup>k<sup>w</sup>m+ús+m=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> antarctic. (tecnnpeste'us ha yukkwm<u>u</u>smu'lumkhw, n.)

**Vpst'** s+píst'+ey'+t bigness of things. (spist'e'yt, n.); ul+píst'+ey'+t pertaining to big things, people. (ulpist'e'yt, n.)

**√psy** psáye *He is foolish*. (ps<u>a</u>ye, vi.)

**Vpš** púša paternal grandfather. (pusha, n.)

- **Vptm** pitm *He moved residence or position*. (pitm, vt.); pítm-st-m *diffuse (lit. It was moved*). (pitmstm, vi.)
- **Vptp** s+pétep *gopher*. (sp<u>e</u>tep, n.)
- Vptq pa·táq potato, borrowing. (paataq, n.); hn+pa·táq+n cellar (lit. storage room for potatoes). (hnpaataqn, n.)
- Vptq<sup>w</sup> hn+pét+petq<sup>w</sup>+n' race horse, race track (lit. means of racing). (hnpetpetqw'n, n.); sya<sup>\*</sup>+pétq<sup>w</sup>+m racer, jockey (lit. one whose function is to race). (syaapetqwm, n.); petq<sup>w</sup>+m to race, he raced. (petqwm)

Vptr a pótar apostle. (aapotar, n.)

**Vptwnx**<sup>w</sup> s+ptwinx<sup>w</sup> *mother hog*. (sptwinkhw, n.)

Vptx<sup>w</sup> s+patx<sup>w</sup> oozing, as a well after being dug. (spatqhw, n.); čic+pátx<sup>w</sup> It (i.e. oil, water, blood) burst forth hither. (chitspatqhw, vt.)

**Vpty'** p+pty'ú *little one, dime.* (ppt'y<u>u</u>, n.)

Vpt? pute? respect, honor, worship. (pute'); s+púte?+m deference, reverence, respect. (spute'm, n.); s+put+pute?+t courtesy (lit. polite gesture or remark). (sputpute't, n.); s+pute?+s+čínt bow, curtsy (lit. showing respect for a person). (spute'schint, n.);hn+púte?+n cult (lit. means of honoring, respecting adoring). (hnpute'n, n.); s+pute?+ncut amour-propre, self-esteem. (spute'ntsut, n.); pút+pute?+t civil, devout (lit. He is polite). (putpute't, vi.); s+púte?+mš to worship. (spute'msh, v.); pute?-m adore, worship, revere, hold in high esteem. (pute'm, v.); púte?-m celebrate (lit. He observed (a day or event) with ceremonies of respect or festivity). (pute'm, vi.); pute?-nt-s honor, respect, he honored (respected) h/h. (pute'nts, vt.); pute?-ut-m to be adorable, likeable. ( pute'utm, v.); ul+n+púte?+n he s+pin=tč-s anno-Domini (lit. belonging to the Lord's year). (ulnpute'n he spintchs, adv.) Vpt' pet+pet'+m-úl' he habitually moves around. (petpet'mu'l, v.)

- Vpw paw to drum on tin. (paw); pew to drum on a drum. (pew); pu·w+min+n drum. (puuwminn, n.); sye·+péw+m drummer (lit. one whose function is to drum). (syeepewm, n.); i s+péw+puw+iš He is in the act of sounding a drum. (ispewpuwis); p+péw'+m' he drummed softly. (ppe'w'm, v.); péw-nt-s He beat it (drum). (pewnts, vi.); puw+šit-s h/s drummed for h/h. (puwshits, v.); puw+šit-se-s h/s drummed for me. (puwshitses, v.); miye+s+péw+m He drummed loudly. (miyespewm, vi.); t'až+s+péw-n He drummed quickly, with fast tempo. (t'aqhspewn, vt.)
- Vpw' piw' light (in weight). (pi'w); piw' to jerk. (pi'w); s+piw'+pew'+t vigor, vivacity. (spi'wpe'wt, n.); piw'+pew'+t active, he is brisk, lively, nimble, agile. (pi'wpe'wt, vi.); s+piw'+pew' lungs (lit. means of being lightweight). (spi'wpe'w, n.); up+pi·w' It is (very) light! (uppi···w!, vi.); u p+piw' It is light in weight. (uppi'w, v.); u· piw' He started out briskly, lightly, as though light weight. (uupi'w, vi.)

**√pwl'** s+powál'=qn *woodpecker*. (spow<u>a</u>'lqn, n.)

**√pwy** píwye camas from Nez Perce country. (piwye, n.)

- Vpx<sup>w</sup> péx<sup>w</sup>+pux<sup>w</sup> camas (bulbs). (p'ekhwpukhw, n.); e n+péx<sup>w</sup> to be contained (lit. Spherical objects are contained in something). (enpekhw, vi.)
- Vpx" pex" wind-blown. (pekhw); pux" to blow (with mouth). (pukhw, stem.); pux"+m blow. (pukhum, vt.); púx"+emn blowpipe (lit. means of blowing). (pukhwemn, n.); pux"+mín+n winnower. (pukhwminn, n.); pex"+tn' snow drift. (pekhwt'n, n.); s+pex"+n chaff (grain husks separated from the seed). (spekhwn, n.); hn+t+pex"+n cuspidor, spittoon. (hntpeqhwn, n.); hn+púx"=tc'e?+n alpenhorn, brass, bugle, horn (lit. means of blowing). (hnpukhwttse'n, n.); g"ul s+ye+n+púx"=tc'e? xref g"\*t combo (lit. a group of hornblowers). (gul syenpukhwtt'se', n.); s+pux"+m blowing by medicine man in treatment of ailment. (spukhum, vt.); hn+púx"=enč H/s blew on the wall. (hnpukhwench, vi.); i c+páx It (wound) is becoming healed. (itspa'qh, vi.); \*čat+péx"+pex"+m' H/S spat on this and that, or here and there). (chatpeqhwpeqh'm, vi.); čat+péx+m H/S spat on floor. (chatpeqhm, vi.); t+póx"= qn+t+m H/h head was blown on (ref. to curing technique). (tpokhwqntm, v.); t+púx"-n blow out (lit. I blew it out). (tpukhwn, v.); hn+pux"-n to blow up (lit. I filled it with air). (hnpukhwn, vt.); púx"-n-tm It was blown. (pukhwntm, vi.);

púx<sup>w</sup>-nt-m *h/s was treated by a medicine man (lit. h/s was blown on as a technique of healing).* (pukhwntm, v.)

- **Vpx** pa**x** to rub on surface (as striking a match), wise, thoughtful. (paqh); s+pa?**x** craft (lit. wisdom in evasion or deception). (spa'qh, n.); s+páx+pax wisdom story, Indian philosophy, allegory. (spaqhpaqh, n.); s+páx+pax+t wisdom, intelligence, common sense. (spaqhpaqht, n.); s+páx+pax+t intelligence, wisdom, brightness (intellectual). (spaqhpaqht, n.);s+pax+pax+t=íl's prudent, becoming wise. (spaqhpaqhtilsh, adj.); s+t+pax+min+n striking surface on a matchbox. (stpaqhminn, n.); s+can+pá?x+m meditative, contemplative, a posteriori, reasoning (lit. seeking the wisdom of). (stsanpa'qhm, adj.); s+pax+px=cn+mincut bon mot (lit, making oneself speak wisely - a clever saying). (spaqhpqhtsnmintsut, n.); ul+ayá? g<sup>w</sup>ł+páx+pax+t All Saints Day (lit. belonging to all the wise). (Ul aya( Guł paghpaght, n.); ul+sc+an+pa?+a?x= ng<sup>w</sup>íl+n conceptual (lit. belonging to attainment of reasoning). (ul stsanpa'a'qhngwiln, adj.); pax+pax+t he q'ey'+min+n Bible (lit. A book that is wise). (paqhpaqht he q'e'yminn, n.); u' páž He is crafty, canny, prudent, shrewd. (uupaqh, v.); páx+pax+t He is very intelligent, wise, astute, keen in judgment, clever. (paqhpaqht, vi.); pax+pax+t+il'š He became wise. (paqhpaqhti'lsh, vi.); ac+pax+pax+scut charlatan, fool (lit. He makes himself as if wise). (atspaqhpaqhstsut, vi.); can+paxa+min<sup>•</sup> reasoning power or faculty. (tsanpaqhaminn, n.); i ca+n+pá<sup>?</sup>×+mš He is reasoning or figuring, philosophizing. (itsanpa'qhmsh, vi.); i C+páx-lš dodge, avoid, evade (lit. They are "wised up." They are slipping away from something). (itspa'qhlsh, vt.); t+páx-nt-s H/s struck and lit *the match*. (tpaqhnts, v.)
- Vpž<sup>w</sup> paž<sup>w</sup> to distribute in order. (paqhw); s+paž<sup>w</sup>+m+šeš distribution (lit. distributing things). (spaqhumshesh, n.); s+páž<sup>w</sup>+mncut break-up, disintegration (lit. scattering selves). (spaqhwmntsut, n.); s+páž<sup>w</sup>o+mncut lit. dispersing of a group or people. (spaqhwomntsut, v.); páž<sup>w</sup>+mncut defer, disband (lit. They dispersed (for the time being); They put it off). (paqhwmntsut, vi.); ac+páž<sup>w</sup>+mncut-lš to diverge, disperse (lit. They scatter out from one point). (atspaqhwmntsutlsh, vi.); hi yc+páž<sup>w</sup>+m+šeš distribution (lit. It is something I dealt out). (hiytspaqhumshesh, n.); páž<sup>w</sup>+um-s-n deal, I distributed it. (paqhumsn, vt.); páž<sup>w</sup>-nt-s H/s scattered it. (paqhwnts, vt.);

páx<sup>w</sup>+m-stu-s broadcast, he scattered. (paqhumstus, vt.); ac+pax m-st-x<sup>w</sup> gloss?? to distribute, allot, divide, deal out. (atspaqhumstkhw, vt.)

**√pž<sup>w</sup>m** s+pož<sup>w</sup>m+eł+q'ey'+mín+n *bulletin, circular*. (spoqhmełq'e'yminn, n.)

**Vpy** piy happy, joyful. (piy); hn+péy=elg<sup>w</sup>es chipper, cheerful, contented (lit. He is thrilled at heart). (hnpeyelgwes, adj.); s+piy+piy=čsníx"? admiration. (spiypiychsnikhw, n.); hn+piy+iy=ílg es bon vivant, dashing. (lit. one who is always thrilled at heart, a person who enjoys life fully). (hnpiypiyilgwes, n.); hn+piy+iy= ilg<sup>w</sup>es+n beatitude, Eden, darling (lit. place of great delight). (hnpivivilgwesn, n.); žáy'+ži?+t he s+n+py=ilg<sup>w</sup>es bliss, ecstasy (lit. great thrilling of the heart). (qha'yqhi't he snpiyyilgwes, n.); s+mes+n+piy+iy=i(q<sup>w</sup>es (note my-) ecstasy. excessive joy, a kind of trance (lit. more than ordinary thrilling of the heart). (smesnpiyiyilgwes, n.); u? t+pú?+pu?y=us His eyes customarily show prankish humor. (u'tpu'pu'yus, v.); péy+py+t thrilling (of the heart or soul) must be pure, real, moral as a beautiful song, ecstatic. (peypyt, vt.); čn\_y'c+piy=íčt+mn-n you (s) are delighting me. (chni'tspiyichtmnm, vt.); č\_y'c+piy=íčt+mn+m-s H/s is delighting me. (chi'tspiyichtmnms, vt.); čn y'c+piy=ič+íčt+mn-mp (lit. you (pl.) are delighting me). (chni'tspiyichichtmnmp, vt.); č\_y'c+piy=íčt+mn+m-s-lš They are delighting me. (chi'tspiyichtmnmslsh, vt.); kwu\_i?-c+piy=íčt+mn-m I am delighting you(s). (kwi'tspiyichtmnm, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u, y', c+piy=íčt+mn-m-s H/S is delighting you (sg). (ku'ytspiyichtmnms, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up, hi?-c+piy=íčt+mn+m I am delighting you (pl). (kuphi'tspiyichtmnm, vt.); kwup+?i\_c+piy=íčt+mn+m-s-lš They are delighting you (pl). (kup'itspiyichtmnmslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up ?i c+piy=íčt+mn+m+šeš You (pl) are delighting us (or them). (kup'itspivichtmnmshesh, vt.); čeł\_hi-s+piy=íčt+mn+m delight (lit. I will delight h/h). (chełhispiyichtmnm, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+piy=íčt+mn you (s) will delight him. (cheł'ispiyichtmn, vt.); čeł\_hi-s+piy=íčt+mn+m-lš I will delight them. (chełhispiyichtmnmlsh, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+piy=íčt+mn+m-lš gloss?? you (pl) will delight them. (cheł'ispiyichtmnmIsh, vt.); čeł\_čn\_?i-s+piy= ičt+mn+m you (s) will delight me. (chełchn'ispiyichtmnm, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+piy= íčt+mn+m-s h/s will delight me. (chełchispiyichtmnms, vt.); čeł\_čn\_?i-s+piy= íčt+mn-mp you (pl) will delight me. (chełchn'ispiyichtmnmp, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+piy= íčt+mn+m-s-lš *they will delight me.* (chełchispiyichtmnmslsh, vt.);

čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_i-s+piy=íčt+mn+m *(lit. I will. delight you (sg.)).* (cherkwispiy<u>i</u>chtmnm, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+piy=íčt+mn+m-s *(lit. h/s will delight you (sg.)).* 

(chełkuspiyichtmnms, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi-s+piy=íčt+mn+m delight (lit. I will delight you (pl)). (chełkuphispiyichtmnm, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+piy=íčt+mn+m-s-lš (lit. they will delight you (pl)). (chełkupspiyichtmnmslsh, vt.); čes+piy+íčt+mn+m-s (lit. h/s will delight h/h) (chespiyichtmnms, vt. .); čes+piy+íčt+mn+m-s-lš (lit. they will delight them). (chespiyichtmnmslsh, vt.); hi-s+piy+piy=čs+ní+x<sup>w</sup> to admire (lit. H/S fills me with intense happy emotion). (hispiypiychsnikhw, vi.); hn-i? \_\_\_\_\_c+piy= íč+mn+m I am delighting him/her. (hi'tspiyichmnm, vt.); i? c+piy=íčt+mn+m You (sg.) are delighting h/h. (i'tspiyichtmnm, vt.); \*i? C+piy=íčt+mn+m-s H/s is delighting h/h. (i'tspiyichtmms, vt.); hn-i? \_\_\_\_\_c+piy=íčt+mn+m-lš I am delighting them. (hi'tspiyichtmnmlsh, vt.); i? c+piy=íčt+mn+m-lš (Gloss [sg.]) You (pl.) are delighting them. (i'tspiyichtmnmlsh, vt.); i? c+piy=íčt+mn+m-s-lš They are delighting them. (i'tspiyichtmnmslsh, vt.); piy=íčt+mn-n I delighted h/h. (piyichtmnn, v.); piy=íčt+mn-t You (s) delight h/h. (piyichtmnt, v.); piy=íč+mn-t-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) delighted h/h. (piyichmntkhw, vt.); piy=ičm-nt-s H/s delighted h/h. (piyichtmnts, v.); piy=íčt+m-nt-ul You (pl.) delight h/h. (piyichtmntul, vt.); piy= íčt+mn-n-lš *I delighted them*. (piyichtmnnlsh, v.); piy=íčt+mn-t-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) delighted them. (pivichtmntkhwlsh, vt.); piv=íčt+m-nt-s-lš They delighted them. (piyichtmntslsh, vt.); piy=íčt+m-nt-s You(s) delight me. (piyichtmnts, v.); piy= íčt+m-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) delighted me, you elated me. (piyichtmntsekhw, vt.); piy= íčt+m-nt-se-s H/s delighted me. (piyichtmntses, v.); piy=íčt+m-nt-sel You (pl) delight me. (piyichtmntsel, v.); piy=íčt+m-nt-sel-p You (pl) delighted me. (piyichtmntselp, v.); piy=íčt+m-nt-se-s-lš They delighted me. (piyichtmntseslsh, v.); piy=íčt+m-nt-s-n I delighted you (sg.). (piyichtmntsn, vt.); piy=íčt+m-nt-si-s H/S delighted you. (pivichtmntsis, vt.); piy=íčt+m-nt-ulm-n I delighted you (pl.). (piyichtmntulmn, vt.); piy=íčt+m-nt-si-s-lš They delighted you (pl.). (piyichtmntsislsh, vt.); ec+piy=íč delight. (etspiyich, vt.); ec+piy=íč-s-n I delight h/h. (etspiyichsn, vt.); \*ec+piy=íč-st-mi-s-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) delight h/h. (etspivichstmistkhw, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-stu-s H/s delights h/h. (etspiyichtmistus, vt.); ec+piy=íč-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) delight me. (etspiyichstmekhw, vt.); ec+piy=

íčt+mi-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> to thrill, astonish, electrify (lit. You (sg.) thrill me). (etspiyichtmistmekhw, vt.); ec+piy=íč-st-me-s H/s delights me. (etspiyichstmes, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-me-lp You (pl.) delight me. (etspiyichtmistmelp, vt.); ec+piy= íčt+mis-st-me-s-lš They delight me. (etspiyichtmistmeslsh, vt.); ec+piy=íč-st-m-n I delight you. (etspiyichstmn, vt.); ec+piy=íč-st-mi-s H/s delights you (sg.). (etspiyichstmis, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-ulm-n I delight you (pl.). (etspiyichtmistulmn, vt.); ec+piy=íčt-ulm-is-lš They delight you (pl.). (etspiyichtulmislsh, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-s-n-lš I delight them. (etspiyichtmisnlsh, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) delight them. (etspiyichtmistkhwlsh, vt.); ec+piy=íčt+mi-stu-s-lš They delight them. (etspivichtmistuslsh, vt.); ne?+piy= íčt-m-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are to delight h/h (imper.). (ne'pivichtmntkhw, v.): ne?+piv= íčt+m-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) are to delight h/h (imper.). (ne'piyichtmntkhwlsh, v.); ne<sup>?</sup>+piy=íčt+m-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are to delight me (imper.). (ne'piyichtmntsekhw, v.); ne<sup>2</sup>+piy=íčt+m-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are to delight me (imper.). (ne'piyichtmntselp, v.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+mn-n I am going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmnn, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-x" You (sg.) are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntkhw, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-s *H/s is going to delight h/h.* (k'wne'piyichtmnts, vt.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy= ičt+m-nt-s-lš They are going to delight h/h. (k'wne'piyichtmntslsh, vi.); k'" ne? piy= íčt+mn-n-lš I am going to delight them. (k'wne'piyichtmnnlsh, vt.); k'" ne? piy= íčt+m-nt-x\*-lš You (pl.) are going to delight them. (k'wne'piyichtmntkhwlsh, vi.); k'\* ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntsekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-s H/s is going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntses, vi.); k'w ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to delight me. (k'wne'piyichtmntselp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-se-s-lš *They are going to delight me*. (k'wne'pivichtmntseslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piv=íčt+m-nt-s-n I am going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'piyichtmntsn, vi.); k'" ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-si-s H/s is going to delight you (sg.). (k'wne'pivichtmntsis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-nt-ulm-n I am going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmntulmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? piy=íčt+m-n-si-s-lš They are going to delight you (pl.). (k'wne'piyichtmnsislsh, vi.); na?xíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-s-n Maybe I delight h/h. (na'qhił etspiyichtmisn, vt.); na?xíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-x Maybe you (sg.) delight h/h. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistkhw, v.); na?xíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-stu-s Maybe h/s

delights h/h. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistus, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-sīu-s-lš Maybe they delight h/h. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistuslsh, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-s-n-lš Maybe I delight them. (na'qhił etspiyichtmisnlsh, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-x\*-lš Maybe you (pl.) delight them. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistkhwlsh, v.); na?žíł ec+piy= íčt+mi-st-me-x\* Maybe you (sg.) delight me. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmekhw, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-me-s-w Maybe h/s delights me. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmesw, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mel-p Maybe you (pl.) delight me. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmelp, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-me-s-lš Maybe they delight me. (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmeslsh, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-m-n Maybe I delight you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistm, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s Maybe h/s delights you (sg.). (na'qhił etspiyichtmistmis, v.); na?žíł ec+piy=íčt+mi-st-mi-s

- √py púy+m-st-m corrugate, crinkle (lit. It was made full of wrinkles). (puymstm, vi.)
  √py' piy' squeeze. (pi'y)
- Vpyl s+pa·yól=mš Spanish, Mexican, Castilian. (Spaayolmsh, n.); a n+pa·yól=mš=cn to speak Spanish. (anpaayolmshtsn, vt.)
- **Vp?** pu'+pu'+sínč aggrieve (lit. He was distressed, afflicted, he felt sadness, he mourned, bemoan, dejected). (pu'pu'sinch, vt.); pu'+pu'+sínč-m-st-m disgruntle (lit. H/S was made dissatisfied). (pu'pu'sinchmstm, vt.); t+pu?+pu?s=ínč+m-n deplore (lit. I grieved on his account). (tpu'pu'sinchmn, v.); ec+pu?+pu?+s=ínč+m-st-m-n distress (lit. I inflict pain or suffering on you (sg.)). (etspu'pu'sinchmstmn, vt.); pu'+pu'+sínč-m-stu-s deject (lit. He grieved him). (pu'pu'sinchmstus, vt.)
- **Vp?** s+pí?+pe?+t bounty, catholicity, liberality. (spijpe't, n.); s+pi?+pe?+t liberality, generosity. (spi'pe't, n.); pí?+pe?+t He is generous, magnanimous, bountiful, bounteous, broadminded, charitable. (pijpe't, vi.); miyeł+pí?+pe?+t deluxe (lit. he is too generous, extravagant). (miyełpijpe't, adj.)

Vp? pu? thump (as fist against person). (pu', vt.)
Vp? t+pe?=šin+c deflate (lit. He released the air from the tire). (tpe'shints, v.)
Vp?k<sup>w</sup> pe?k<sup>w</sup>+t leather, pelt, hide. (pe'kut, n.)

- Vp?s pu?s heart, will. E.g., It is my will, desire, heart. (...pu's, aff. hiitspu's); pu?s cardio..., relating to the heart. (-pu's (suf).); hi yc+pú?s heart, desire. (hiytspu's, n.); ul+iyc+pú?s cardiac, coronary (lit. pertaining to the heart). (uliytspu's, adj.); hn+pu?s+n idea, thought, imagination. (hnpu'sn, n.); hn+pu?s+n mind, idea. imagination, conscience (lit. the means of thinking, that which is thought of). (hnpu'sn, n.); hn+p?e?s+m=íne? idea (lit. He had an idea of the meaning of a statement). (hnp'e'smine', n.); s+pu?+pu?s=ínč dirge, elegy, mourning, sorrow. (spu'pu'sinch, n.); s+pu?s+min+n commemoration, consideration (lit. thinking about something). (spu'sminn, n.); s+pu<sup>?</sup>+u<sup>?</sup>s=ng<sup>w</sup>(ln brainstorm, brainwave (lit, success) in getting a thought, a sudden inspiration). (spu'u'sngwiln, n.); uw'e+n+pú?s+n abstract (lit. only in imagination). (u'wenpu'sn, n.); s+nuk'\*+e?i+t+spú?s concordance (lit. having one heart). (snuk'we'liytspu's, n.); u xwel'e yc+pú's cordate (lit. It is like a heart). (uqhwe'leytspu's, adj.); pu?s+min+n commemorate, considered (lit. I thought of it). (pu'sminn, vt.); pu?s+min+t consider (lit. Fix your mind upon it, contemplate it). (pu'smint, vt.); s+pu?s+p'u?s=ínč to grieve, grieving. (spu'sp'u'sinch, v.); xáy'+xi?+t i? t s+pu?+pu?s=ínč brokenhearted, mournful (lit. He is grievously mourning). (qha'yqhi't itspu'pu'sinch, vi.); hn+č'n'+n'+mełi·+t+s+pú?s come. (lit. his heart came to its own position). (hnch"n'nmeliitspu's, vt.); miyes+pu?s+min-n contemplate, ponder, meditate on (lit. I considered it more than ordinary). (miyespu'sminn, vt.); nuk'"e?elic+pú?s-lš? concordant (lit. They are of one heart). (nuk'we'elitspu'slsh, vi.)
- Vp?s pa?s to come to the surface of water (person or animal), surface. (pa's); s+pa?s surfacing, coming to the surface of water after diving. (spa's, vt.); či+c+p'á?s He surfaced after diving. (chitspa's, vt.)
- **Vp?s** po?s effervesce (lit. It bubbled up). (po's, vi.); pu?s bubble, ferment. (pu's, stem.); u? t+s+po?s It is bubbly. (u'tspo's, v.)

**Vp?s** pó?s=cn *He joked*. (po'stsn, vi.)

- **Vp?ž** s+can+pa?+a?ž=ng<sup>w</sup>(l+n concept (lit. attaining a result of reasoning). (stsanpa'a'qhngwiln, n.); c'an+pá?ž+m glott? He reasoned. (ts'anpa'qhm, vi.); can+pá?ž-nt-s cogitate (lit. He thought carefully about it). (tsanpa'qhnts, vi.)
- **√p?y** t+pu?+pu?y=us *His eyes came to show prankish humor*. (tpu'pu'yus, v.)

- **Vp**° pá<sup>°</sup>+a<sup>°</sup>=us blanch (lit. he became pale as to the face). (p<u>a</u>(a(us, n.); pa<sup>°</sup>+a<sup>°</sup> bleach, blench (lit. it became colorless). (pa(a(, vt.); u<sup>•</sup> pá<sup>°</sup>=us His face is pale. (uup<u>a</u>(us, v.); u<sup>•</sup> pá<sup>°</sup> It is gray. (uup<u>a</u>), vi.); lut es-pe<sup>°</sup>+e<sup>°</sup>+út+m-s colorfast (lit. It is incapable of fading). (lutespe(e(<u>u</u>tms, adj.)
- **Vp**  $pa^{+}a^{-}us$  name of a mountain. (Pa(a(us, n.)
- Vp<sup><sup>w</sup></sup> \*pa<sup>w</sup> excess, left over. (pa(); hi-s+pé<sup>w</sup>u+<sup>w</sup> It is my surplus (lit. It is what I have left over). (hispe(wu(w, n.)
- $\mathbf{Vp^{cw}}$  pa<sup>cw</sup> (Xr  $\mathbf{Vp'c}$ ) to defecate. (pa(w)

**√p'c** s+t+p'oc+t=cn cold sore, sore on the lips. (stp'otstsn, n.)

- Vp'c s+p'íc'+n pushing. (sp'its'n, vt.); p'ac' to squirt, to defecate. (p'ats'); p'ic' push. (p'i'ts); s+p'ac' dung. (sp'ats', n.); p'íc'+pec'+t urgent, pressing (lit. it is naturally pushing). (p'its'pets't, adj.); p'ác'+m H/s threw off dung. (p'ats'm, vt.); hn+p'íc'= ečn'-t-se-s He pushed (urged) me on the back. He pushed my back. (hnp'its'ech'ntses, vt.); hn+p'ic'+p-nt-s H/s gave the vehicle a push from the rear. (hnp'its'pnts); p'ic'-nt-se-s h/s pushed me. (p'its'ntses, v.); te·+p'íc-nt-s counteract (lit. He counteracted him by pushing him back). (teep'itsnts, v.)
- Vp'c p'oc' smash. (p'ots'); s+p'+p'óc+t dent (lit. slight depression caused by a blow or pressure). (sp'p'otst, n.); s+p'oc+m pound or damage with heavy blows. (sp'otsm, v.); a n+p'oc=qn H/s is wearing a squashed hat. (anp'otsqn, vt.); p'oc-n I bashed it, crush. (p'otsn, vt.); p'óc-nt-s h/s smashed it. (p'otsnts, v.)

**Vp'c'** hn+p'c'+men+n *privy*. (hnp'ts'menn, n.)

**√p'c'** s+n+p'ic'=cn+n accent (stress). (snp'its'tsnn, n.)

- **Vp'c'?** č+y+n+p'íc'e? barrel. (lit. a wooden container held together by hoops). (chynp'its'e', n.); p'ač blooper (lit. sound of a weakly hit baseball). (p'ach, n.)
- Vp'č' p'e?č to shine, glitter. (p'e'ch); u· p'č' It is shiny, chrome. (uup'ch'); u· p'č' burnish (lit. It is shiny (as by rubbing). (uup'ch', vi.)

Vp'č'n' p'éč'n' *bob-cat, lynx*. (p'ech'n', n.)

- Vp'g<sup>w</sup> p'ug<sup>w</sup>+ílmš echo (lit. sound of the earth). (p'ugwilmsh, n.); lut hey'p+s+p'ug<sup>w</sup>í= lumx<sup>w</sup>-s anechoic (lit. It has no echoes). (lut he'ypsp'ugwilumkhws, adj.)
- **Vp'g**<sup>w</sup>**n** p'íg<sup>w</sup>ne pagan, gentile, barbarian. (p'<u>ig</u>wne, n.)
- $\mathbf{Vp'k''}$  t+p'ók''=qn blonde (lit. one with grayish hair). (tp'okqn, n.)

Vp'k<sup>w</sup>l? p'ek<sup>w</sup>le? baseball, basketball. (p'ekwle', n.); s+p'ek<sup>w</sup>le? baseball, playing ball. (sp'ekwle', n.); s+p'ák<sup>w</sup>la?=al'qs baseball uniform or suit. (sp'<u>a</u>kwla'alqs, n.); sye·+p'ék<sup>w</sup>le? baseball player. (syeep'<u>e</u>kwle', n.)

**Vp'l** p'il *flicker (e.g. eyelid)*. (p'il)

- Vp'lč' p'elč' to turn flat thing over. (p'elch'); p'ilč' to turn (round objects). (p'ilch'); p'ilč' to turn (round objects). (p'ilch'); p'ilč' to turn eyes inward with pain. (p'ilch'); p'íllč' they (flat object) turned over. (p'illch', v.); p'élč'+mncut H/s turned h/h self over. (p'elch'mntsut, vt.); s+p'élč'+mncut turning oneself over. (sp'elch'mntsut, v.); t+p'íl+p'il+l+č'=us H/h eyes turned over (figuratively) from fear, astonishment, etc. (tp'ilp'illch'us, v.); p'elč'-m-stu-s capsize, he overturned it or caused it to turn over. (p'elch'mstus, vt.); p'élč-m-stu-s H/s turned flat thing over (as disc). (p'elch'mstus, vt.)
- √p'lk'<sup>w</sup> p'ulk'<sup>w</sup> fold (e.g. cloth). (p'ulk'w,); p'úlk'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s /s folded it up (as sheet, blanket). (p'ulkwnts, v.); \*a t+p'lk'<sup>w</sup>=axn his arm is wrapped around. (atp'łk'waqhn, vi.); e t+p'+p'ul'+p'ul'k'<sup>w</sup>=ece? cigarettes. (etp'p'u'lp'u'lk'wetse', n.)
- Vp'ł p'ił (Xr √p't) to sit (persons). (p'ił); ne? k<sup>w</sup>up\_?ec-p'í·ł Please remain seated. (ne'kup'etsp'í··ł!, v.)
- **Vp'ł** p'uł poison ivy. (p'uł); p'úł+p'uł+t+úmš poison ivy (lit. kind of poisonous plant). (p'ułp'ułt<u>u</u>msh, n.)
- **Vp'ł** s+t+p'íł+liš=w'es (?) cavalcade, riding on horses (lit. getting to sit on horseback). (stp'<u>i</u>llish'wes, n.)
- Vp'ł p'ałq put away, pack. (p'ałq); t'i? p'áł=qn+(n)t Put it away. (t'i'p'ałqnt, v. imper.); p'áł=qn-t-s H/s put it away. (p'ałqnts, vt.); č\_y'c+p'ałq=ílg<sup>w</sup>es I am putting away my belongings. (chi'tsp'ałqilgwes, vi.)
- **√p'łq** s+p'+p'łq=ílg<sup>w</sup>es small belongings. (sp'p'łq<u>i</u>lgwes, n.); hi-s+p'łq=ílg<sup>w</sup>es It is my possession. (hisp'łq<u>i</u>lgwes, n.)

Vp'm p'em mouse-colored. (p'em)

Vp'm p'úm-nt-s h/s smoked it (i.e. hide) (lit. h/s made it mouse-color). (p'umnts, v.); s+n+p'om=qn smoking hides. (snp'omqn, n.); hn+p'on=qn H/s smoked (hides). (hnp'onqn, vt.)

**√p'm** s+p'u?um *belching.* (sp'u'um v.)

- Vp'm' s+p'em'=iw'es compression, compaction, condensation (lit. pressing together). (sp'e'mi'wes, n.); p'em'=iw'es-n compact, compress, I pressed it closely together. (p'e'mi'wesn, vt.); p'em'=iw'es-t-us constrict, compress (lit. He pressed them together). (p'e'mi'westus, vi.)
- √p'n p'en long objects lie. (p'en); ec+p'én the long objects are in a lying position. (etsp'en, vi.); ac+p'n+p'n=áxn H/h arms are in a lying position. (atsp'np'naqhn, vi.); ec+p'én+p'n=šn H/h legs are in a lying position. (etsp'enp'nshn, vi.); ac+p'n+p'n'+as+c'am' H/h bones are in a lying position. (atsp'np'nasts'a'm, vi.)
- Vp'n k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+p'n+pn'=áqs h/s took along a parflèche (a case of dried hide bent up). (kwanłp'np'n<u>a</u>qs, v.)
- Vp'n'X s+p'án'X bag (beaded). (sp'a'nqh, n.); s+k<sup>w</sup>an+s+p'án'+p'an'X baggage (lit. bags carried while travelling). (skwansp'a'np'a'nqh, n.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+s+p'án'X She took a bag. (kwanłsp'a'nqh, vt.)
- **√p'ni'** p'nál' at least. (p'n<u>a</u>'l, adv.)
- $\sqrt{p'q}$  u t+p'óq=qn *He has sandy hair*. (utp'<u>o</u>qqn, v.)

**√p'q**<sup>w</sup> p'eq<sup>w</sup> to nag, pick on, henpeck. (p'eqw)

**√p'q'** i s+p'áq'+p'aq'+iš crackle (lit. It is going crackle, crackle). (isp'<u>a</u>q'p'aq'ish, vi.)

- Vp'q'<sup>w</sup> p'aq'<sup>w</sup> powder. (p'aq'w,); hn+p'uq'<sup>w</sup>+mín+m granary. (hnp'uq'wminm, n.); p'uq'<sup>w</sup>=ús+n face powder, cosmetic. (p'uq'usn, n.); p'uq'<sup>w</sup>=us+ncút+n face powder (lit. means of putting pulverized matter on one's face). (p'uq'usntsutn, n.); p'áq'<sup>w</sup>+p'uq'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s H/s spilled powder here and there or again and again. (p'aq'wp'uq'wnts, vt.); hn+p'aq'<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He put powder in the gun. (hnp'aq'wnts, v.)
- **Vp'q'** \*s+n+p'uq'<sup>w</sup>=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? cornmeal (lit. any coarsely ground edible grain that is put into water). (snp'uq'w<u>i</u>tkhwe', n.)
- Vp'q'<sup>w</sup> \*s+p'aq'<sup>w</sup>+t leprosy. (sp'aq'wt, n.); s+p'+p'áq'<sup>w</sup>+t leprosy, small pox. (sp'paq'wt, n.)
- √p'r p'er flood, excess, overflow. (p'er); s+p'er+t deluge, inundation, flood. (sp'ert, n.); čat+p'ér+t the floor was flooded. (chatp'ert, vt.); p'er+t It flooded. (p'ert, vt.); p'er+t It flooded. (p'ert, vi.); hn+p'er+t It flooded inside. (hnp'ert, v.); p'ér-nt-n awash (lit. It was flooded). (p'erntn, vi.)
- **Vp'r** p'ér+er buckle, warp, it warped under pressure or heat. (p'erer, vt.)

- Vp'rk'<sup>w</sup> s+p'árk'<sup>w</sup>=alqs turtle, apparel turned inside out. (sp'ark'walqs, n.); s+p'+p'ar'k'<sup>w</sup>=al'qs capstan (lit. a small turtle). (sp'p'a'rk'wa'lqs, n.); t+č'lx<sup>w</sup>=íc'e?+is x<sup>w</sup>a s+p'árk'<sup>w</sup>=alqs crust (lit. covering (crust) of turtle). (tch'lkhwits'e'is khwa sp'ark'walqs, n.)
- **√p'rq'**<sup>w</sup> \*p'arq'<sup>w</sup> to be curved upwards, warped. (p'arq'); \*s+n+p'arq'<sup>w</sup>=qn Dolly Varden (lit. large twisted hat). (large hat for women with one side bent down and trimmed with numerous flowers). (snp'arq'qn, n.); \*hn+p'arq'<sup>w</sup>=qn turned-up hat (lit. oldtime lady's hat). (hnp'arq'qn, n.); hn+p'araq'<sup>w</sup>=ús+m to turn inside out (lit. It e.g. the jacket was turned inside out). (hnp'araq'<u>u</u>sm, v.)
- Vp'sq' p'asq' crumble, collapse. (p'asq'w); p'esaq' bone-breaking, sound of bonebreaking. (p'esaq'w); p'sa·q' crack, it made the noise of a bone breaking. (p'saaaq'w! excl.)
- **√p'st** p'ésta *magpie*, *nighthawk*. (p'<u>e</u>sta, n.)
- **Vp't** p'et fall to ground of own weight (as grain). (p'et); s+p'ét+t+m The falling of wheat to the ground of its own weight. (sp'ettm, v.); p'át'+t' debilitate, weaken (lit. It (mud) fell on the ground). (p'at't', vt.)
- **Vp't** p'it (Xr √p'ł) to sit (e.g. persons). (p'it); p'ít-l-iš They sat down. (p'itlish, vi.)
- **√p't'** p'at' dream. (p'at'); s+n+p't'+p't'=os+ncót dream, daydream (lit. putting mushy stuff in one's own eyes). (snp't'p't'osntsot, n.); hn+p't'+p't'=os+ncót He dreamed (lit. he put mushy stuff in his eyes). (hnp't'p't'osntsot, vi.); pát'-nt-s He put down soft yielding stuff, like mush. (p'at'nts, vt.); ac+p'át'+p't'=ečt butterfingered (lit. His fingers are soft and pulpy). (atsp'at'p't'echt, vi.)
- Vp't' ac+p'át' blob. (atsp'at', n.); čat+p't'+t'=áne? covering by lava., magma. (chatp't't'ane', n.); t+p'at'+t' a sticky substance clinging to something. Metaph, term of ridicule for exaggerated affection, puppy love. (tp'at't', n.); can+p't'=šén· concrete (lit. conglomerate material put under the foot). (tsanp't'itsenshn, n.); can+p't'=šén· cemented. (tsanp't'shenn, vt.); a t+p'at'+t' he s+miy'em coquette, flirt (lit. A woman who clings to men). (atp'at't' he smi'yem, n.)
- Vp't' p'et' slip out of place, dislodge, smooth. (p'et'); p't'+min+n smoother. (p't'minn, n.); u· p'ét' It is level, smooth. (uup'et', vi.); hn+p'et'+p H/s slipped out of h/h clothes. (hnp'et'p, vi.); hn+p'át'=alqs+n means of smoothing the road. (hnp'at'alqsn,

n.); p'ét'-m-stu-s *H/s smoothed it.* (p'<u>e</u>t'mstus, vt.); p't'+m=úl'umx<sup>w</sup>+n *lit. means of smoothing the ground.* (p't'm<u>u</u>'lumkhwn, v.);

- **Vp't'** p'ut' It got greasy. (p'u't, vi.); p'út'-nt-s he got it greasy. (p'ut'nts, v.); p'ut'+p'ut'+t greasy, oily, it gives greasiness. (p'ut'p'ut't, adj.); s+p'u?t' becoming greasy. (sp'u't', vt.); hn+p'ut'=íps+n He got greasy on the corners of the mouth. (hnp'ut'ipsn, vi.); \*p'ut' greasy, oily. (pu't'); \*p'ot'=ápaw'=asqn h/h chin got greasy. (po't'apa'wasqn, v.)
- Vp't' p'ut' to end ( as river, road, woods). (p'ut'); č\_p'út'+m We came to an end, we finished. (ch'put'm, vi.); čet+p'út'+m=k<sup>w</sup>e? coast, beach (lit. end of water). (chetp'ut'mkwe', n.); lut hey'+s+p'út'+m-s abyss (lit. It has no bottom). (lut he'ysp'ut'ms, n.); lut hey'+s+p'út'+m-s It has no end. (lut'he'ysp'ut'ms, vt.)

**√p't'** p't'+áswel *trout*, *brook trout*. (p't'<u>a</u>swel, n.)

- **Vp't'** p'út'=c'e? Of what could h/s be? Of what good is that? It's not worth it. (p'<u>u</u>t'ts'e'! excl.)
- Vp't'm s+p'ít'em bitterroot, rockrose. (sp'it'em, n.); tix<sup>w</sup>+m he s+p'ít'em He went out to gather bitterroots. (tikhum e sp'it'em, v.); ?ep+s+p'ítem prairie west of Coeur d'Alene country (lit. It has bitterroots or rockroses). (epsp'item, n.)
- Vp'x<sup>™</sup> p'ix<sup>™</sup> to radiate, glow. (p'ikhw); s+p'éx<sup>™</sup>=enč yellow root. (sp'ekhwench, n.); p'íx<sup>™</sup> agleam, it flashed. (p'ikhw, vi.); p'íx<sup>™</sup> It glowed. ('pikh'w, vi.); ec+p'íx<sup>™</sup> brilliant, shiny (lit. It gives light). (etsp'ikhw, vi.); hn+p'e<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup>+t+l=íw'es aglow (lit. It was all aglow with light). (hnp'e'khwtli'wes, adj.); p'x<sup>™</sup>+min+n candle (lit. lighter). (p'khwminn, n.); p'ux<sup>™</sup>+p'ux<sup>™</sup>+mín+n chandelier (lit. lights or means of lights). (p'ukhwp'ukhwminn, n.); s+p'í<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup> light, brilliance. (sp'i'khw, n.); s+p'i<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup> light. (s'pi'khw, n.); s+t+p'a<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup>=ásq'it aurora borealis (lit. light in the sky (on high)). (stp'a'khwasq'it, n.); u· p'íx<sup>™</sup> It is bright. (uup'ikhw, v.); s+p'ú<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup>e· níč=elt son of light. (sp'u'khwee nichelt, n.); \*e lu+s+p'í<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup> to be w/o light, aphotic, dark (lit. It has no light). (eluspi'khw, vi.); hn+p'í<sup>?</sup>+p'e<sup>?</sup>x<sup>™</sup>=us bedazzle, dazzle (lit. Light got in his eyes). (hnp'i'p'e'khus, vt.); p'íx<sup>™</sup>-nt-s He lit it up. ('pikhwnts, vi.); p'íx<sup>™</sup>um-stu-s brighten (lit. He made it bright). (p'ikhumstus, vt.);
- **vp'x** s+p'a<sup>?</sup>× becoming healed. (sp'a'qh, vi.); p'a<sup>?</sup>× to heal, become well. (p'a'qh);čn\_p'a<sup>?</sup>× cure, heal (lit. I was healed). (chnp'a'qh, v.); lut as-p'a×-s The wound did

not heal. (lutasp'a'qhs, vi.); s+ta·m'+ł+p'áž The wound was finally healed. (staaa'młp'aqh, vt.)

- √p'x hn+p'éx+p'ex=cn cacophony (lit. He makes jarring, discordant sounds). (hnp'eqhp'eqhtsn, n.)
- **Vp'x**<sup>w</sup> p'ax<sup>w</sup>i?+t to cough. (p'aqhwi't); hn+p'ax<sup>w</sup>i?+t He expelled air from the lungs suddenly and noisily. (hnp'aqhwi't, vt.); s+n+p'áx<sup>w</sup>=i?t coughing, hacking. (snp'aqhwi't, vi.); č\_?i+n+p'áx<sup>w</sup>+p'ux<sup>w</sup>i?+t We are coughing. (ch'inp'aqhwp'uqhwi't, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_n+p'áx<sup>w</sup>i?+t You (sg.) coughed. (kunp'aqhwi't, vi.)

**√p'x**<sup>w</sup> i s+p'íx<sup>w</sup>+p'ex<sup>w</sup>+iš *He is flashing and flashing*. (isp'<u>i</u>khwp'ekhwish, v.)

- Vp'y p'uy wrinkled, crinkled. (p'uy); p'uy+p'uy=šn automobile (lit. wrinkled feet). (p'uyp'uyshn, n.); s+n+p'úy=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> blintz (lit. wrinkled bread). (snp'uyu'lumkhw, n.); hn+t+p'uy+p'uy=šn+n carport, garage, showroom. (lit. place for cars). (hntp'uyp'uyshnn, n.); t+p'uy+p'uy=šn automobile (lit. wrinkled feet). (tp'uyp'uyshn, n.); u· p'úy It is wrinkled. (uup'uy, v.); u· p'úy=us He has a wrinkled face. (uup'uyus, v.); u· p'uy+p'úy=čt He has wrinkled hands. (uup'uyp'uycht, v.); p'ú+p'u<sup>2</sup>uy=šn His feet became wrinkled. ('pu'p'u'uyshn, vi.); p'óy-nt-m crumple (lit. It was crushed together into wrinkles). (p'oyntm, vi.); p'óy-nt-s h/s scribbled it (lit. h/s wrinkled it). (p'oynts, v.); p'oy-n x<sup>w</sup>e hi-s+k<sup>w</sup>ís+t scribbled (lit. I scribbled my name). (p'oyn khwe hiskwist, vt.)
- Vp'y' p'ey' to milk. (p'e'y); p'iy' press. (p'i'y); cen+p'iy'+p'iy'+mín· milker (lit. means of pressing under). (tsenp'i'yp'i'ymin, n.); s+cen+p'éy'+p'iy' milk (lit. that which as pressed from under). (stsenp'e'yp'i'y, n.); sye+cen+p'ey'+p'iy'+m One whose function is to milk. (syetsenp'e'yp'i'ym, n.); cen+p'éy'+p'iy'+m H/s milked a cow (lit. H/s pressed under again and again). (tsenp'e'yp'i'ym, v.); p'éy'-n I pressed it. (p'e'yn, v.); p'éy'+p'iy'+p'iy'+n's h/s pressed it here and there or again and again. (p'e'yp'i'ynts, v.)
- √p'? p'e', To squeeze in orgasm. p'e? dimple (lit. small wrinkle on the cheek). (tsenp'pu'yus, n.); cen+p+p'uy'=us dimple (lit. small wrinkle on the cheek). (tsenp'pu'yus, n.); t+p'iy'=álq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s H/s squeezed h/h throat. (tp'i'yalqwnts, v.)
  √p'<sup>°</sup> p'á<sup>°</sup>+p'a<sup>°</sup>+t banal, commonplace, uninteresting, dull. (p'a(wp'a(wt, v.); ;
  - $s+p'a^{\circ w}+p'a^{\circ w}+t$  dullness. (sp'a(wp'a(wt, n.)

**√p'<sup>°w</sup>** s+p'a<sup>°w</sup> apathy. (sp'a(w, n.)

**Vqcč** qicč *a man's older brother*. (qitsch, n.)

- Vqg<sup>w</sup> i c+qíg<sup>w</sup>+nun+m-s He is smelling it. (itsqigwnunms, vt.); qeg<sup>w</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>+nútm smellable. (lit. It is capable of being smelled). (qegugwn<u>u</u>tm, adj.); qíg<sup>w</sup>-nu-nt-s He smelled it. (qigwnunts, vt.)
- **Vqg<sup>w</sup>c** s+qíg<sup>w</sup>c water potatoes. (sqigwts, n.)

Vqh qeh+qeh+iš to cackle, (lit. it cackled). (qehqehish, vi.)

- Vql qel raw meat. (qel); s+qil=tč meat, flesh, body corpus, human body. (sqiltch, n.); hn+qil=tč+n butcher shop (lit. place of one who sells meat). (hnqiltchn, n.); \*sye+?ił+s+qíl=tč carnivore (lit. One who eats meat). (sye'iłsqilch, n.); ul+s+qíl=tč bodily, corporal (lit. belonging to the body). (ul sqiltch, adj.); u x̃°al'á s+qil=tč carnation (like the body in color). (uqhwa'la sqiltch, n.); ?asa+s+qíl=tč bicorporal (lit. two bodies). (asasqiltch, adj.); čat+qál=tč=al'qs coat, cloak, overcoat, (lit. outer garment). (chatqaltcha'lqs, n.); \*hi yc+x̃°éql<sup>∞</sup> ha s+qil=tč burger (lit. meat that is ground). (hiytsqheq'w ha sqiltch, n.); s+qil=tč he s+t+miy+iy=ípele?-s anatomy (lit. science of the body). (sqiltch he stmiyiyipele's, n.); \*p'sta?a+s+qíl=tč cross-breed, half-breed. (p'sta'asqilch, n.); ni čeł k<sup>∞</sup>u\_?íłn a s+qil=tč to eat meat. (its'łsqiltch, vt.); \*k<sup>∞</sup>an+ł+čat+qál=tč=al'qs h/s took along a coat, overcoat.
  - (kwanichatqaitcha'lqs, v.); xay'+xi?+s+qil=tč NN. qiltč buxom, chubby (lit. She has a big body). (qha'yqhi'sqilch, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>e? čn\_?iin a s+qil=tč I am going to eat some meat. (k'we' chn' <u>i</u>in a sqiltch.)
- **Vql** qél+p=iye black swan. (qelpiye, n.)

**Vql** qil=tč *landlocked*, *land-bound*. (qiltch)

**√ql'** qel'+s+píl+em *Kalispel Tribe*. (Qe'lsp<u>i</u>lem, n.)

Vql' qel'=tmx<sup>w</sup>+mín+cut bachelor, celibate. (lit. one who is a man by himself). (qe'ltmkhwmintsut, n.); s+qil'=tmx<sup>w</sup> husband, man, a male human being. (sqi'ltmkhw, n.); s+qil'=tmx<sup>w</sup> man, husband, male, groom. (sqi'ltmkhw-, pref.); qel'= tmx<sup>w</sup>+loko·só boar. (lit. male pig). (qe'ltmkhwlokooso, n.); pan'+s+qil'=tmx<sup>w</sup> bride-groom (lit. a spouse man). (pa'nsqi'ltmkhw, n.); qel'=tmx<sup>w</sup>+l+wárč bullfrog. (lit. male frog). (qe'ltmkhwłwarch, n.); i n+qəl'=tmx<sup>w</sup>+nunt (possibly for -numt) She wants to get married, to become one with a man. (inqe'ltmkhwnunt, vi.); qal'= tm+ł+qíx<sup>w</sup> prevailing wind. (lit. man wind). (qa'ltmłqikhw, n.); ul+s+qil'=tmx<sup>w</sup>, ul+s+míy'em bisexual. (ul sqi'ltmkhw, ul smi'yem, adj.)

Vql'x qál'x=elp bramble, briar. (lit. a rose bush). (qa'lqhelp, n.)

- Vqł qeł to overcome, succeed, awake. (qeł); qił to wake up, rouse. (qił); qił-n (gloss?) arouse, waken. (qiłn, vt.); qił-nt-m to arouse (lit. He was awakened from sleep). (qiłntm, vi.); qił-nt-s He awoke him. (qiłnts, vt.); s+qił+t awaken. (sqiłt, v.)
- Vqłc čs+m'áy'+qiłc apprize, inform (lit. He caused him to know it for certain). (chs'ma'yqiłts, vt.)

**Vqls** qels dwindle, shrink (in quantity). (qels)

Vqm qem to be at home, unconcerned, uninterested, he is at home! (qem); s+n+qem= ílg<sup>w</sup>es+m composure, presence, self-possession, calm. (snqemilgwesm, n.); u n+qé·m=elg<sup>w</sup>es composed (lit. He is calm, He is serene). (unqeeemelgwes, adj.); u n+qém=elg<sup>w</sup>es carefree, complacent (lit. He is calm in heart, He is confident). (unqemelgwes, adj.); u· qé·m calm (lit. He is quiet). (uuqeeem, n.)s+n+qém=elg<sup>w</sup>es complacence. (snqemelgwes, n.); qem+p He became serene. (qemp, vi.)

**Vqm** i ca+n+qém+mš *athirst (lit. He is eager for something)*. (itsanq<u>e</u>mmsh, adj.)

**Vqm'** s+qím'=us *wood tick*. (sq<u>i</u>'mus, n.)

**Vqm's** qém'es (Nez Perce), baked camas. (qe'mes, n.)

Vqn =qn relating to the head or skull. (-qn, aff.); s=qen=čt digit, finger, toe. (-sqencht, suf.)

Vqn? qíne? paternal grandmother. (qine', n.)

Vqp qep pad. (qep); hn+qap=qin=ups+n saddle, seat cushion. (hnqapqinupsn, n.); hn+qép=ičn'+n saddle pad, saddle blanket. (hnqepich'nn, n.); qep=iic'e? plate. (qepiits'e', n.); qép-nt-s He cushioned it. (qepnts, vt.)

Vqp s+n+ca?w'+ł+qap=ílc'e? Xr √c'w' dish washing. (sntsa'w'łqapilts'e', n.)

Vqp? qa+qépe? corn husk bag, burlap (bag). (qaqepe', n.)

Vqpl' č'iy+c+qap+qapl'+y'ul'e? chrysalis (lit. the pupa of a butterfly enclosed in a firm case or cocoon). (ch'iytsqapqap'l'yu'le', n.); qap+qapl'+y'úy'e? butterfly. (qapqap'l'yu'ye', n.); u x̃"al'á qap+qapl'+y'úy'e? desultory (lit. He is like a butterfly; he is aimless, unsettled). (uqhwa'la qapqap'l'yu'ye', adj.)

- Vqq qeq to cackle. (qeq); i s+qéq+iš cackle (lit. The hen is cackling). (1sqeqeqish, vi.); i s+qéq+qeq+iš caw (lit. The crow is cawing). (isqeqqeqish, vi.); uw'i+c+qoq+há·?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el' lit. He kept on talking and talking. (u'witsqoqh<u>aaa</u>'qwe'e'l, vt.)
- √qq<sup>w</sup> qiq<sup>w</sup> to root, unearth. (qiqw)
- **√qq<sup>w</sup>** qoq<sup>w</sup> *moldy*. (qoqw)
- √qs qa+qs serenade, chant, sing. (qaqs)
- Vqs qes scratch, scrape. (qes); i s+qás+qas+iš H/s is scratching away audibly. (isqasqasish, vi.)
- Vqx<sup>w</sup> qix<sup>w</sup> forbid, prevent, prohibit. (qikhw); qíx<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He restrained him by word of mouth. (qikhwnts)
- Vqx<sup>w</sup> qi<sup>?</sup>x<sup>w</sup> smell, stink. (qi'khw); qi<sup>?</sup>x<sup>w</sup>+qi<sup>?</sup>x<sup>w</sup> Sprague, Washington. (lit, smell smell). (Qi'khwq<u>i</u>'khw, n.); qex<sup>w</sup>+qex<sup>w</sup>+lš=íye<sup>?</sup> skunk cabbage. (qekhwqekhwlsh<u>i</u>ye', n.); s+qí<sup>?</sup>x<sup>w</sup> scent, odor, smell. (sqi'khw, n.); \*jiy'+jiy'+áł+qix<sup>w</sup> It smells bad, it stinks. (ji'yji'y<u>a</u>lqhikhw, v.); se<sup>?</sup>šáł+qix<sup>w</sup> ? deodorize (lit. it became deprived of odor). (se'sh<u>a</u>lqikhw, vt.)
- $\sqrt{qx^{w}}$  qíx<sup>w</sup>+ilš *fish*, *carp*. (q<u>i</u>khwilsh, n.)
- **Vqx**<sup>w</sup> qal't+m+ł+qíx<sup>w</sup> prevailing wind. (lit. man wind). (qa'ltmłq<u>i</u>khw, n.); t'ax+ał+qi·x<sup>w</sup>=íl'š The wind became strong. (t'aqhałqiikhw<u>i</u>'lsh, v.)
- $\sqrt{qx}$  qax to make the "qh" sound. (qaqh); qax-nt-s He cleared his throat. (qaqhnts, vt.)
- $\sqrt{qy'}$  t+qey'+mín· blackboard (lit. that on which one writes). (tqe'yminn, n.)
- √qypq' s+qáyapq' rose hip. (sqayapq', n.)
- Vq?s s+qi?s vision guest, apocalypse, prophetic revelation, vision. (sqi's, n.); qi?s He had a vision, nightmare, dream. (qi's, vi.)
- Vq'c' \*q'ec' braid, intertwine, weave, knit. (q'els'); a n+q'ac+q'ac=íne? having braided hair. (anq'atsq'atsine', vt.); t+q'ec' basket, weaving, (lit. That which is interwoven). (atq'ets', n.); a s+q'éc'+m weave, to weave a basket, basketweaving. (sq'ets'm, v.); \*q'éc'-nt-s braid (lit. He braided it). (q'ests'nts, vt.)
- Vq'c' q'i?c' burgeon, sprout, grow. ('qi'ts', vi.); s+q'ic'=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> crabgrass, grass. (sq'i'ts'<u>u</u>'lmkhw, n.); s+q'i?c'=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> grass (sq'i'ts'<u>u</u>'lumkhw, n.); s+can+q'i?c'=šn

undergrowth. (stsanq'i'ts'shn, n.); s+n+q'i?c'=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? aquatic flora, spinach (lit. grass or weeds in the water). (snq'i't's<u>i</u>tkwe', n.)

 $\sqrt{q'c'}$  al+q'íc'=enč snake, serpent. (alq'<u>i</u>ts'ench, n.)

**√q'd** q'ed+m *balky*, *stubborn*. (q'edm)

√q'h \*s+q'éh+q'eh (Brinkman 2002) hawk. (sqehqeh, n.) (sq'ehq'eh).

√q'l čat+q'ele? lake. (chatq'ele', n.); q'ele?=i?p lagoon (lit. source of lake, prigin of lake). (q'ele'i'p, n.); čat+q'éle? Lake Chatcolet (lit. a lake); a section of Coeur d'Alened. (Chatq'ele', n.); q'ele?=íp swamp, lagoon, bayou, bog, marsh, cove. (q'ele'ip, n.)

Vq'l q'el to sting. (q'el)

 $\sqrt{q'lw}$  s+q'eliwe?=šn *snowshoes*. (sq'eliwe'shn, n.)

Vq'lx<sup>w</sup> t+q'élx<sup>w</sup>-n affix (lit. I fastened it to something). (tq'<u>e</u>'lkhwn, v.)

- \$\$\formal{q}'ly sya+n+q'ele.y=uye? acrobat (lit. One who swings on trapeze). (syanq'eleeyuye',
  n.)
- Vq'l'x<sup>w</sup> q'el'x<sup>w</sup> to hook, snag. (q'e'lkhw); q'el'x<sup>w</sup>=šn=íw'es chain. (lit. one foot linked to another or a series of things joined together). (q'e'lkhwshn<u>i</u>'wes, n.); q'él'x<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He clapsed it, he hooked it. (q'<u>e</u>'lkhwnts, vt.); q'el'x<sup>w</sup>=šn=íw'es-nt-m catenate (lit. The feet were linked together). (q'e'lkhwshn<u>i</u>'wesntm, vt.)

**Vq'ły'** q'eły'=ílumx<sup>w</sup> angleworm, earthworm. (q'eł'y<u>i</u>lumkhw, n.)

- Vq'm q'em to swallow. (q'em); hn+q'em-nt Swallow it! (hnq'emnt, v.); hn+q'em-nt-s He swallowed it. (hnq'emnts, v.); s+q'em=iln throat. (sq'emiln, n.); q'em=iln Post Falls, Idaho (lit. throat). (Q'emiln, n.); s+n+q'em+m swallowing. (snq'emm, v.)
- Vq'm q'em desire, covet, long for. (q'em); a can+q'em+n to covet (lit. He desires things unlawfully). (atsanq'emn, vi.); s+can+q'ém+n to desire, demand. (stsanq'emn, vi.); can+q'ém-nt-s He wished for it, He craved it, He coveted it, He demanded it, He desired it, He required it. (tsanq'emnts, v.); s+can+q'ém+mš avid (lit. desiring from below). (stsanq'emmsh, n.)
- Vq'm čs+q'em=iln he became hungry. (chsq'emiln, vi.); i čs+q'am+iln He is hungry. (ichsq'amiln, vi.); čn\_čs+q'am=iln I got hungry. (chnchsq'amiln, adj.); čn\_čs+q'em=iln Gloss to get hungry. (chnchsq'emiln, vi.); s+č+q'am=iln abstaining, fasting (lit. making oneself hungry). (schq'amiln, v.)

Vq'm q'a+q'am'=iy'e? to fish. (q'aq'a'mi'ye',); hn+q'a+q'm'=íye? fishing place. (hnq'aq"mi'ye'n, n.); s+q'a+q'am=íy'e? fishing. (sq'aq'ami'ye', v.); q'a+q'm='íy'e? He fished. (q'aq"mi'ye', vi.); i c+q'a+q'am'=íy'e? He is fishing. (itsq'aq'a'mi'ye', vi.)

Vq'n q'anciš q'ant=s+iš (?) struggle for one's life (as in fire). (q'antsish)

- Vq'p q'ap+q'apí Sandpoint, Idaho; delta. (Q'apq'api, n.); s+q'ep+q'e·p=ín'e? sand. (sq'epq'eepi'ne', n.)
- Vq'p'x"? q'íp'x"e? walnut. (q'ip'khwe', n.)
- √q'pq<sup>w</sup> q'epq<sup>w</sup> to snare. (q'epqw)
- Vq's q'es+p ancient, long ago. (q'esp); q'es+p It is a long time. (q'esp, vt.); s+q'es+p antique. (sq'esp, n.); s+q'es+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es artifact (lit. ancient property). (sq'espilgwes, n.); hn+q'es+p=íg<sup>w</sup>es+n antique store, secondhand store, museum. (hnq'espilgwesn, n.); ?epł n+q'es+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es+n antiquary (lit. One who has a place of antiquities, one who has a second-hand store). (epł nq'espil gwesn, n.); k<sup>w</sup>ay=q'és+p exp long-ago, past. (k'wayqesp, adj.); ul+k<sup>w</sup>ay+q'és+p antique, archaic (lit. belonging to ancient time). (ul k'wayq'esp, adj.); \*s+t+miy+y=ipele?-s x<sup>w</sup>e s+q'es+p=ilg<sup>w</sup>es archeology (lit. exposition of ancient property). (stmiyyipele's khwe sqespilgwe's, n.); q'asíp It is a long time (Spokane). (q'asip, v.)
- Vq't q'et'+p to climb (a hill). to reach the top of a hill. (q'et'p); s+t+q'et+p=ičn' culmination (lit. reaching the ridge of the mountain). (stq'etpich'n, n.); q'a+q'ét'+p He finished climbing (a hill). (q'aq'et'p, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_q'ét+iš You climbed the mountain(s). (kupq'et'ish, vt.)
- Vq't' s+q'a+q'et'+p hill top (lit. place for finishing climbing). (sq'aq'et'p, n.); ac+q'ít'+m blemish, flawed (lit. It has a flaw or disfigurement). (atsq'it'm, vi.); čn\_t+q'et'+p= íčn' culminate, (lit. I reached the ridge of the mountain). (chntq'et'pich'n, vt.)
- **Vq'w** q'iw to bewitch. (q'iw); s+q'íw=łc'e? animal magnetism, charm, charisma. (sq'<u>i</u>włts'e', n.); q'iw-nt-s He cast a spell on him, bewitched, charmed. (q'<u>i</u>wnts, vt.)

Vq'w' q'ew' to break, shatter, smash. (q'e'w,); q'éw'+p it cracked, it broke. (q'e'wp)

√q'x<sup>w</sup> q'ex<sup>w</sup> longing, desire, covetous. (q'ekhw); s+q'éx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> courtship (lit. the desire to possess). (sq'ekhukhw, n.); q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>-mút-n desirable (lit. H/S is desirable). (q'ekhukhwmutn, vi.); q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-n<sup>•</sup> I desired to have h/h. (q'ekhukhwminn, vi.); q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) desired to have h/h. (q'ekhukhwmintkhw, vi.);

q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-n·-lš *I desired to have them*. (q'ekhukhwminnlsh, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mi-nt-x"-lš You (pl.) desired to have them. (q'ekhukhwmintkhwlsh, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-se-x" You (sg.) desired to have me. (q'ekhukhwmintsekhw, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mi-nt-se-s H/S desired to have me. (q'ekhukhwmintses, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-sel-p You (pl.) desired to have me. (q'ekhukhwmintselp, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-se-s-lš They desired to have me. (q'ekhukhwmintseslsh, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-s-n I desired to have you (sg.). (q'ekhukhwmintsn, vi.); q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-nt-si-s *H/S desired to have you (sg.)*. (q'ekhukhwmintsis, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-ulm-n I desired to have you (pl.). (q'ekhukhwmintulmn, vi.); q'ex"+x"+mí-nt-sis-lš They desired to have you (p1.). (q'ekhukhwmintsislsh, vi.); ac+q'ex"+x"+mí-s-n I desire to have h/h. (atsq'ekhukhwmisn, vt.); ac+q'ex"+x"+mí-st-x" You (sg.) desire to have h/h. (atsq'ekhukhwmistkhw, vt.); ac+q'ex\*+x\*+mí-s-n-lš I desire to have them. (atsq'ekhukhwmisnlsh, vt.); ac+q'ex"+x"+mí-st-x"-lš You (p1.) desire to have them. (atsq'ekhukhwmistkhwlsh, vt.); ac+q'ex"+x"+mi-st-me-x" You (sg.) desire to have me. (atsq'ekhukhwmistmekhw, vt.); ac+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-me-s *H/s desires to have me*. (atsq'ekhukhwmistmes, vt.); ac+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-m-elp You (pl.) desire to have me. (atsg'ekhukhwmistmelp, vt.); ac+g'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-me-s-lš They desire to have me. (atsq'ekhukhwmistmeslsh, vt.); ac+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-m-n I desire to have you (sg.). (atsq'ekhukhwmistmn, vt.); ac+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-mi-s H/s desires to have you (sg.). (atsg'ekhukhwmistmis, vt.); ac+g'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mí-st-ulm-n I desire to have you (pl.). (atsq'ekhukhwmistulmn, vt.); ac+q'ex"+x"+mí-st-ulmi-s-lš They desire to have you (p1.). (atsg'ekhukhwmistulmislsh, vt.); hn-i?\_c+g'ex\*\*+x\*\*+min+m I am desiring to have him/her. (hi'tsq'ekhukhwminm, vt.); \*hn-i?\_c+q'ex"+x"+min+m-lš I am desiring to have them. (hi'tsq'ekhukhwinmlsh, vt.); i? c+q'ex\*+x\*+min+m You; (sg.) are desiring to have h/h. (i'tsq'ekhukhwminm, vt.); i? c+q'ex"+x"+min+m-lš You (pl.) are desiring to have them. (i'tsq'ekhukhwminmlsh, vt. Gloss: You (sg) are

desiring to have them.); čn\_y'c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m (*lit. you (sg.) are desiring to have me*). (chni'tsq'ekhukhwminm, vt.); č\_y'c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s *H/s is desiring to have me*. (chi'tsq'ekhukhwminms, vt.); č\_y'c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s-lš *They are desiring to have me*. (chi'tsq'ekhukhwminmslsh, vt.); čn\_y'c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín-mp

You (pl) are desiring to have me. (chni'tsq'ekhukhwminmp, vi.);

k<sup>w</sup>u\_i<sup>?</sup>-c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m *I am desiring to have you (sg)*. (kwi'tsq'ekhukhwm<u>i</u>nm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s *H/S is desiring to have you (sg)*.

(ku'ytsq'ekhukhwminms, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi?-c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+ín+m *I am desiring to have you*. (kuphi'tsq'ekhukhwinm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?i\_c+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s-lš *They are desiring to have you (pl)*. (kup'itsq'ekhukhwminmslsh, vi.);

čeł\_hi-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m *I will desire to have h/h.* (chełhisq'ekhukhwminm, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m *you (s) will desire to have h/h.* (cheł'isq'ekhukhwminm, vt.); čeł\_hi-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-lš *I will desire to have them.* 

(chełhisq'ekhukhwminmlsh, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-lš *you (pl) will desire* to have them. (cheł'isq'ekhukhwminmlsh, vt.); čeł\_čn\_?i-s+t+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m you (s) will desire to have me. (chełchn'istq'ekhukhwminm, vt.);

čeł\_či\_s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+min+m-s h/s will desire to have me.

(chełchisq'ekhukhwm<u>i</u>nms, vt.); čeł čn ?i-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín-mp *you (pl) will* desire to have me. (chełchn'isq'ekhukhwm<u>i</u>nmp, vt.);

čeł či s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s-lš they will desire to have me.

(chełchisq'ekhukhwminmslsh, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u i-s+q'<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m *(lit. I will desire to have you(sg.))*. (chełkwisq'wkhukhwminm, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s *(lit. h/s will desire to have you(sg.))*. (chełkusq'ekhukhwminms, vt.);

čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi-s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m desire (lit. I will desire to have you, (pl)). (chełkuphisq'ekhukhwminm, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+mín+m-s-lš (lit. they will desire to have you (pl)). (chełkupsq'ekhukhwminmslsh, vt.);

√q'x<sup>w</sup> q'ex<sup>w</sup> proud. (q'ekhw); q'éx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> captivate (lit. He was fascinated by special charm or beauty). (q'ekhukhw, vi.); s+q'ax<sup>w</sup>+q'ax<sup>w</sup>+m'scút conceit (lit. having too high an opinion of oneself). (sq'akhwq'akhu'msts<u>u</u>t, n.); s+q'ax<sup>w</sup>+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+t egotism, conceit. (sq'akhwq'ekhwt, n.); u· q'éx<sup>w</sup> classy (lit. He is sort of particular). (uuq'ekhw, adj.); \*q'ax<sup>w</sup>+q'ex<sup>w</sup>+t he is particular, choosy, vain, dandy. (k'akhwq'ekhwt, v.)

 $\sqrt{q'x''} q'+q'ix''e' few. (q'q'ikhwe', adj.)$ 

√q'X \*q'eX treasure, wealth. (q'ekh); s+q'éX+q'eX+t he n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún+n dictionary (lit. sayings that are a treasure). (sq'eqhq'eqht he 'nuk<u>u</u>nn, n.)

- **Vq'y** a n+q'e·y=íw'es pitchfork bifurcate (lit. It is divided into two branches). (anq'eey<u>i</u>'wes, vi.)
- √q'y q'ey=ú?s-nt-m He was disbelieved, possibly Spokane word. (q'eyu'sntm, vi.)
- Vq'y s+q'eyu?+ł+x<sup>w</sup>c'+út Lawrence Nicodemus's Indian name (lit. Disbelieved Rocky Mountain) (Sq'eyu'łkhwts'<u>u</u>t, n. .)
- Vq'y' q'ey' variegated, spotted. (q'e'y)
- **√q'y'** q'iy' *cleft, split.* (q'i'y)
- $\sqrt{q'y'}$  q'a+q'ay'+q'ey'=íl'x<sup>w</sup> perch. (q'aq'a'yq'e'y<u>i</u>'lkhw, n.)
- $\sqrt{q'y'}$  q'ey' writing, design, graphics. (q'e'y); s+q'éy'+m writing. (sq'e'ym, n.); q'ey'+min+n book, text, manuscript (lit. That which is written). (q'e'yminn, n.); q'ey'+min+n writing, letter, book, epistle, correspondence, manuscript, document, treaty. (q'e'yminn, n.); q'ey'+m=utye? five dollar bill, paper money. (q'e'ymutye', n.); q'e+q'ey'+mín'+n' booklet (lit. a little paper (book). (q'eq'e'y'mi'n'n, n.); q'+q'ey'+min+n brochure. (q'q'e'y'minn, n.); čat+q'ey'+min+n writing, desk. (chatq'e'yminn, n.); s+q'ey'=íčt+m calligraphy, penmanship, the art of fine handwriting. (sq'e'yichtm, n.); s+can+q'ey'+iy' chart, map, croquis [?], sketch, outline (lit. A thing traced). (stsang'e'yi'y, n.); s+can+g'ey'+ncut close-up (lit. making outlines of yourself). (stsang'e'yntsut, n.); s+can+g'ey'+ncút+n picture, painting, drawing (lit. means of marking oneself or one's outline). (stsanq'e'yntsutn, n.); s+can+q'ey'=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> cartography, the making of maps (lit. writing of land). (stsang'e'yu'lmkhw, n.); sya'+g'ey'+m author, secretary, clerk, columnist (lit. One who writes for another). (syaaq'e'ym, n.); s+q'ey'+al'+s+čí+če? brand (lit. act of marking animals). (sq'e'ya'lschiche', n.); \*sya·q'éy'+n tg"el' čł+łx"=álq" composer (lit. writer for the flute, piano, etc.). (syaaq'e'yn tgwe'l chliqhwalqw, n.); n+?ílk'"= elg"es+n ha g'ey'+mín+n bookshelf, library. ('nilk'welgwesn a g'e'yminn, n.); sye+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+ł+g'ey'+min+n bookie (lit. One who accepts and pays off bets) bookmaker (lit. one who makes paper (books). (syek'u'llq'e'yminn, n.); s+nuk"+q'éy'+m coauthor. (snukwq'e'ym, n.); s+nuk"+q'ey'+šít+ew'eš correspondent (lit. One with whom one corresponds). (snukwq'e'yshite'wesh, n.); pax+pax+t he q'ey'+min+n Bible (lit. A book that is wise). (paqhpaqht he q'e'yminn, n.); s+pox<sup>w</sup>m+eł+q'ey'+min+n *bulletin, circular*. (spoqhmełq'e'yminn, n.);

ni<sup>?</sup>+q'e<sup>?</sup>=iw'es+n a q'ay'+mín+n bookmark (lit. a marker placed between the pages of a book). (ni'q'e'i'wesn a q'a'yminn, n.); q<sup>w</sup>am+q<sup>w</sup>am+t ha i c+q'ey' belle lettres (lit. writings that are beautiful). (qwamqwamt ha itsq'e'y, pl. n.); \*s+q'ey'+šít+ew'eš correspondence, communication by letter. (sqe'yshite'wesh, n.); s+t+q'ey'+y'= ipele?-s he n+x"el+x"l+n biography (lit. a written account of the origin of one's life). (stq'e'y'yipele's henkhwelkhwln, n.); hn-xem=inč+n ha q'ey'+min+n billet-doux, love-letter (lit. a letter that is the means of loving). (hngheminchn ha q'e'yminn, n.); s+can+q'éy'+m to paint or draw, desing, sketching. (stsanq'e'ym, vt.); q'ey'+ncut He checked in; he registered (lit. He wrote himself). (q'e'yntsut, v.); q'ey'+šít=ew'eš (\*vt.) correspond (lit. They communicated by letter). (q'e'yshite'wesh, vi.); \*k"en+ł+q'ey'+min+n H/s took a book along. (kwenłqe'yminn, v.); y+?ac'ža+ł+q'ey'+mín < s+? etc. to read. ('yats'qhałq'e'yminn, vt.); žem= enč+eł+q'ey'+min+n bookish, studious, hookworm, scholar, bibliophile (lit. He is fond of books). (qhemenchelq'e'yminn, vi.); t'u? čeł či ?acxał+q'ey'+min+n Well, I am going to read a book. (t'u' chełchi'yatsqhałq'e'yminn, v.); q'ey'-šít-m He was written to. (q'e'yshitm, vi.); can+q'éy'-n depict (lit. I painted him (around); I portrayed him). (tsang'e'yn, vt.); can+g'éy'-nt-s circumscribe (lit. He drew a line around it). (tsang'e'ynts, vt.); g'ay'+g'ay'=íč-st-n ?? He occupied himself with writing. (q'a'yq'a'yichstn, vt.)

**Vq'?** q'i? penetrate, clasp, grasp. (q'i')

- Vq'? s+n+q'i?=cn Blessed Sacrement, Consecrated Host, communion, eucharist (lit. that which is put into the mouth, between the lips). (Snq'i'tsn, n.); ni?+q'e?=iw'es+n a q'ay'+mín+n bookmark (lit. a marker placed between the pages of a book). (ni'q'e'i'wesn a q'a'yminn, n.)
- Vq'? q'á?+q'a?+t bugaboo (lit. a steady source of annoyance or concern; stuck stuck or stick stick). (q'a'q'a't, n.); q'a?=qín· bung, cork (lit. something stuck on the head, a stooper for a bunghole). (q'a'qinn, n.); s+q'i?=šn brogan, shoe (lit. something stuck on the foot). (sq'ijshn, n.)
- Vq'? i n+q'e?+e?+ílg"es busy (lit. He is occupied). (inq'e'e'ilgwes, adj.); s+n+q'e?+e?= ílg"es business, occupation, commercial, industrial, or professional dealings (lit. sticking things in one's heart). (snq'e'e'ilgwes, n.); sya+n+q'e?+e?=ílg"es agent,

broker, deputy (lit. One whose business is to occupy one's heart for another). (syanq'e'e'ilgwes, n.); \*sya+n+q'e?+e?=ílg<sup>w</sup>es committee. (syanq'e'e'ilqwes, n.)

√q'?c' q'i?c' to be verdant, lush. (q'i'ts')

Vq<sup>w</sup>c q<sup>w</sup>ic warm. (qwits); q<sup>w</sup>ác=qn hat, chapeau (lit. head warmer). (qw<u>a</u>tsqn, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>ic+mš rabbit, bunny. (sqwitsmsh, n.)s+q<sup>w</sup>ic=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> a warm country (the south), California. (sqwitsu'lumkhw, n.); ul+s+q<sup>w</sup>ic=ul'mx<sup>w</sup>-s he s+čint Apache (lit. Indian of a warm country). (ul sqwits<u>u</u>'lmkhws he schint, n.); q<sup>w</sup>ic+t It is warm. (can refer to weather, usually to house, clothing, etc.). (qwitst, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>ic+mncut bundle up, dress warmly, he dressed warmly. (qwitsmntsut, vi.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>ác=qn It is my hat. (hnqw<u>a</u>tsqn, v.); in-q<sup>w</sup>ác=qn It is your (sg.) hat. (lit. head warmer). (inqw<u>a</u>tsqn, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>ác+q<sup>w</sup>ac=qn-mp They are your (sg.) hats. (qw<u>a</u>tsqwatsqnmp, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>ác=qi-s It is h/h hat. (qw<u>a</u>tsqis, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>ác=qi-s-lš It is their hat. (qw<u>a</u>tsqislsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>ác=qn-et It is our hat. (qw<u>a</u>tsqnet, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>ac+q<sup>w</sup>ac=qn-et They are our hats. (qw<u>a</u>tsqwatsqnet, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>ác=qn-mp It is your (pl.) hat. (qw<u>a</u>tsqnmp, vt.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>(c+mš He is warming himself. (itsqwitsmsh, vt.)

√q<sup>w</sup>h u<sup>•</sup> q<sup>w</sup>íh He is well-to-do, wealthy, rich, upper class. (uuqwih, vi.)

Vq<sup>w</sup>I q<sup>w</sup>I cheat, swindle. (qwil); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>II+n collude (lit. one who is deceiving in conjunction with another). (snukwqwiln, vi.); s+q<sup>w</sup>II+n deceit (lit. cheating). (sqwiln, n.); q<sup>w</sup>el+q<sup>w</sup>el+n+úl' cheater, swindler, chiseler, bilker, defrauder (lit. He cheats habitually). (qwelqwelnu'I, n.); q<sup>w</sup>el+nun+cút He cheated himself. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwelnuntsut, vt.); čn\_?i+?c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m You (sg.) are cheating me. (chn'i'tsqwilm, vt.); č\_y'c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s H/s is cheating me. (chi'tsqwilms, vt.); čn\_?i+?c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s-Iš They are cheating me. (chi'tsqwilmslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_i?-c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m I am cheating you (s). (kwi'tsqwilm, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s H/S is cheating you. (ku'ytsqwilms, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi?-c+q<sup>w</sup>II+m I am cheating you (pl). (kuphi'tsqwilm, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s h/s will cheat me. (chelchisqwilms, vt.); čeł\_či\_s+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s h/s will cheat me. (chelchisqwilms, vi.); čeł\_či\_s+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s h/s will cheat me. (chelchisqwilms, vi.); čeł\_či\_s+q<sup>w</sup>II+m-s h/s will cheat me. (chelchisqwilms, vi.);

cheat h/h. (cheł'isqwilm, vi.); čeł hi-s+qwil+m-lš I will cheat them. (chełhisqwilmlsh, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+q<sup>w</sup>(l+m-lš cheat (lit. you (sg.) will cheat them). (chel'isqwilmlsh, vi.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u i-s+q<sup>w</sup>(l+m (lit. I will cheat you(s)). (chełkwisqwilm, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+q<sup>w</sup>(l+m-s (*lit. h/s will cheat you (sg*)). (chełkusąwilms, vt.); čeł, k<sup>w</sup>up, hi-s+q<sup>w</sup>(l+m cheat (lit. I will cheat you (pl), (chełkuphisqwilm, vi.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>up s+q<sup>w</sup>(l+m-s-lš (*lit. they will cheat you (pl*)). (chelkupsqwilmslsh, vt.); q"il-n I cheated h/h. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwiln, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>il-nt You (sg.) cheat h/h (imper.). bilk. defraud. chisel. swindle. (qwilnt, vt.); q"il-nt-x" You (sg.) cheated h/h. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilntkhw, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-s He cheated him. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilnts, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-s He cheated him. bilked, defrauded, swindled, chiseled, (qwilnts, vt.); q"il-n-lš I cheated them. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilnlsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-lš You (sg.) cheat them (imper.), bilk, defraud, chisel, swindle. (awilntlsh, vt.); a<sup>w</sup>il-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) cheated them, bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilntkhwlsh, vt.); q"íl-nt-se-s H/s cheated me. bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (gwilntses, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) cheated me. bilked, chiseled, defrauded, swindled. (gwilntsekhw, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-sel-p You (pl.) cheated me. bilked, chiseled, defrauded, swindled. (qwilntselp, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>íl-nt-se-s-lš Thev cheated me. bilked, chiseled, defrauded, swindled. (qwilntseslsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-s-n I cheated vou (sg.), bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled, (gwilntsn, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>(l-nt-si-s H/s cheated you (sg.). bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilntsis, vt.); q"(I-nt-ulm-n I cheated you (pl.). bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilntulmn, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>(I-nt-si-s-Iš They cheated you (pl.). bilked, defrauded, chiseled, swindled. (qwilntsislsh, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>(l-s-n I cheat h/h. (atsqwilsn, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>(l-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) cheat h/h. (atsqwilstkhw, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>(l-s-n-lš I cheat them. (atsqwilsnlsh, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) cheat them. (atsqw<u>i</u>lstkhwlsh, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) cheat me. (atsqwilstmekhw, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-me-s H/s cheats me. (atsquilstmes, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-m-elp You (pl.) cheat me. (atsqwilstmelp, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-me-s-lš They cheat me. (atsqwilstmeslsh, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>(1-st-m-n I cheat you (sg.). (atsqwilstmn, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-mi-s H/s cheats you (sg.). (atsqwilstmis, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>íl-st-ulm-n I cheat you (pl.). (atsqwilstulmn, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>(l-st-ulmi-s-lš They cheat you (pl.).

(atsqwilstulmislsh, vt.); hn-i?\_\_C+q<sup>w</sup>il+m *I am cheating him/her*. (ni<sup>t</sup>tsqwilm, vt.); hn-i?\_\_C+q<sup>w</sup>il+m-lš *I am cheating them*. (hi<sup>t</sup>tsqwilmlsh, vt.); i? c+q<sup>w</sup>il+m *You(s) are cheating h/h*. (i<sup>t</sup>tsqwilm, vt.); i? c+q<sup>w</sup>il+m-lš *You(pl) are cheating them*. (i<sup>t</sup>tsqwilmlsh, vt. ) Gloss: You (sg) are cheating them.); k<sup>iw</sup>+na?+q<sup>w</sup>il-n *I am going to cheat h/h*. (k<sup>i</sup>wna'qwiln, vi.); k<sup>iw</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to cheat h/h. (k'wna'qwilntkhw, vi.); k<sup>iw</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to cheat me. (k'wna'qwilntsekhw, vi.); k<sup>iw</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-s-n *I am going to cheat you (sg.)*. (k'wna'qwilntsn, vi.); k<sup>iw</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-si-s *H/s is going to cheat you (sg.)*. (k'wna'qwilntsn, vi.); k<sup>iw</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>il-nt-si-s *H/s is going to cheat you (sg.)*. (k'wna'qwilntsi, vi.)

√q<sup>w</sup>l q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>al' speak, talk. (qw<u>a</u>'qwa'l); s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el directive, order. (sqw<u>a</u>'qwe'el, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el' conference, counsel (lit. meeting for discussion). (squqwa'qwe'e'l, n.); ha yc+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el commandment, decree, covenant, proclamation. (lit. that which is proclaimed). (haytsqwa'qwe'el, n.); \*sya+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>a<sup>9</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>9</sup>el' *lawyer (lit. little speaker)*. (syaqugwa'qwe'e'l, n.); sya·+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el dictator (lit. One who talks, one who gives commands). (syaaqwa'qwe'el, n.); sya+q+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el' lawyer, attorney, barrister, councilman (lit. One whose business is to talk for other people). (syaqqwa'qwe'e'l, n.); s+miya+s+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el commune (lit. speaking at length). (smiyasquqwa'qwe'el, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el'+stw'íš contention, controversy, debate (lit. talking against one another). (sqwa'qwe'e'lst'wish, n.); s+t+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el'+m'+ín' chitchat (lit. one who is the subject of gossip). (stqwa'qwe'e'l'mi'n, n.); s+t+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el'+m+in discussion (lit. talking about something). (stqwa'qwe'e'lmin, n.); ul+soltes ha n+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>el'+n' court-martial (lit. courthouse of soldiers). (ul soltes hanquqwa'qwe'l'n', n.); ul+s+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el' colloquial (lit. pertaining to conversation). (ul squqwa'qwe'e'l, adj.); hi c+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el behest (lit. that which is spoken (commander). (hiitsqwa'qwe'el, n.); hn+péste?=us ha q<sup>w</sup>il+e?+m anti-phone *(lit. It is on the other side of a song, it is a responsive song).* (hpeste'us ha qwile'm, n.): hn+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>l'+n' basilica, court (lit. a place for talking, courthouse). (hngogwa'gwe"l'n, n.); hn+t+g"a?+g"el'=íw'es+n telephone. (lit. means of talking by wire). (hntqwa'qwe'li'wesn, n.); ?apł+n+q\*a?+q\*el'+n articulate, verbal (lit. He has

the power of speech). (apingwa'qwe'in, vi.); uw'i+c+qoq+há·?+q<sup>w</sup>e?ei' lit. He kept on talking and talking. (u'witsqoqhaaa'qwe'e'l, vt.); č\_?a+c+q\*á?+q\*e?el speak, converse, talk. (ch'atsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); kwu, ?c+qwa'+qwe'el You (sg.) speak. (ku'tsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?a\_c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>e?el You (pl.) speak. (kup'atsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); čn, q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el *I spoke*. (chnqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el You (sg.) spoke. (kuuqwa'qwe'el, vi.); č, q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el we spoke. (chqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el You (pl.) spoke. (kupqwa'qwe'el, vi.); č, y'c+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el I am speaking, we are speaking. (chi'tsqwa'qwe'el, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u y' c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el You (sg) are speaking. (ku'ytsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_i?-c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m You (pl) are speaking. (kupi'tsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); čn, ?i+?+čs+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m (lit. you(sg.) are speaking to me). (chn'i'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vt.); C. y'c+q<sup>\*</sup>a<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>el'+m-s *H/s is speaking to me*. (chi'tsqwa'qwe'lms, vt.); č, y'c+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m-s-lš They are speaking to me. (chi'tsqwa'qwe'lmslsh, vt.); čn, ?i+?c+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'-mp (lit. you (pl.) are speaking to me). (chn'i'tsqwa'qwe'lmp, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u j?-c+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m I am speaking to you (s). (kwi'tsqwa'qwe'lm, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u, y', c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-m-s *H/S is speaking to you (sg)*. (ku'ytsqw<u>a</u>'qwe'lms, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up, hi?-c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m I am speaking to you (pl). (kuphi'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, y', c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-m-s *H/S is speaking to you (pl)*. (ku'ytsqw<u>a</u>'qwe'lms, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up, ?i, c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m-s-lš They are speaking to you (pl). (kup'itsqwa'qwe'lmslsh, vi.); čn', c+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el (lit. I, customarily, speak). (ch'ntsqwa'qwe'el, vt.); č, y'c+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m I am being spoken to. (chi'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); č, y'c+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m We are being spoken to. (chi'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, y', c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-m You (sg) are being spoken to. (ku'ytsqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up, ?i, c+q<sup>w</sup>á'+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m You (pl) are being spoken to. (kup'i'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); hn-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+n language. (hnqwa'qwe'ln, n.); hi vc+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el dictate, precept, order (lit. that which is spoken). (hiytsqwa'qwe'el, v.); hn-i?\_c+q\*á?+q\*el'+m I am speaking to him/her. (hi'tsqwa'qwe'lm, vt.); hn-i?\_c+q\*á?+q\*el'+mš I am speaking to them. (hi'tsqwa'qwe'lmsh, vt.); hn-q\*á?+q\*el'-is It is h/h language. (hnqwajqwe'lis, vi.); hn-q\*á?+q\*el'-is-lš It is their language. (hngwa'gwe'lislsh, vi.); hn-n+g<sup>\*</sup>á?+g<sup>\*</sup>el'-n It is my language. (hnngwa'gwe'ln, vi.); in-n+g<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>el'+n It is your (sg.) language. (inngwa'gwe'ln,

vi.); hn-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+n-et It is our language. (hnqwa'qwe'lnet, vi.); hn-q\*á?+q\*el'+n-mp It is your (p1.) language. (hnqwa'qwe'lnmp, vi.); \*i c+q"+q"á?+q"e·l a council (lit. An important person is speaking). (itsqqwa'qweel, n.); i c+miyes+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>a·l' commune (lit. They are conversing intimately). (itsmiyesquqwa'qwaa'l, vi.); i C+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el H/s is speaking. (itsqwa'qwe'el, v.); i c+q"a?+q"e?el-lš They are speaking. (itsqwa'qwe'llsh, v.); i? c+q"á?+q"el'+m You (sg.) are speaking to h/h. (i'tsqwa'qwe'lm, v.); i C+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+m-s H/s is speaking to h/h. (itsqwa'qwe'lms, v.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+m-s-lš They are speaking to h/h. (itsqwa'qwe'lmslsh, v.); i? c+q\*á?+q\*el'+m-lš You (pl.) are speaking to them. (i'tsqwa'qwe'lmlsh, v.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+m H/s is being spoken to. (itsqwa'qwe'lm. v.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>a<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el+m-lš *They are being spoken to*. (itsqwa'qwe'lmlsh, v.); q<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el *H/s spoke. addressed.* (gwa'gwe'el, vt.); q<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+g<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-lš *They spoke.* addressed. (qwa'qwe'llsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el chatted, conferred, consulted. (quqwa'qwe'el, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-úl communicable (lit. He is talkative). (qwa'qwe'lul, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-ul You (pl.) speak (imper.). address. (qwa'qwe'lul, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-š You (sg.) speak (imper.). address. (qwa'qwe'elsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-eč You (sg.) speak to h/h (imper.). address. (qwa'qwe'lech, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-nt-lš You (pl.) speak to h/h (imper.). address. (qwa'qwe'lntlsh, vt.); q"á?+q"e?el-s-n I spoke to h/h. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elsn, vt.); q"á?+q"e?el-st-x" You (sg.) spoke to h/h. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstkhw, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s He spoke to h/h. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstus, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They spoke to h/h. (gwa'gwe'elstuslsh, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-s-n-lš I spoke to them. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elsnlsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) spoke to them. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-ex<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) spoke to me. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmekhw, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-st-m-es H/s spoke to me. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmes, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-es-lš They spoke to me. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p You (pl.) spoke to me, addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmelp, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n I spoke to you (sg.). addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmn, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-is H/s spoke to you (sg.). addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmis, vt.); q\*á?+q\*e?el-st-ulm-n I spoke to you (pl.). addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstulmn, vt.); q"á?+q"e?el-st-m-is-lš They spoke to you (pl.). addressed.

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(qwa'qwe'elstmislsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-m H/s was spoken to. aaaressed. (qwa'qwe'elstm, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-em I was spoken to. addressed. (awa'qwe'elstmelem, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-t You (sg.) were spoken to. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmit, vt.); q<sup>\*</sup>á?+q<sup>\*</sup>e?el-st-m-lš They were spoken to. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstmlsh, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-elit We were spoken to. addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstelit, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-st-ulmi-t You (pl.) were spoken to, addressed. (qwa'qwe'elstulmit, vt.); čał, č, s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el speak (lit, we will speak). (chałchsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); čał č\_s+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el we are going to speak. (chałchsquqwa'qwe'el, vi.); čeł či s+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el speak (lit. I will speak). (chełchisqwa'qwe'el, vi.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el' (*lit. you (sg.) will speak*). (chełkusqwa'qw'el, vt.); čeł \_k<sup>w</sup>up \_s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el (lit. you (pl) will speak). (chełkupsqwa'qwe'el, vt.); čas+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el (*lit. h/s will speak*). (chasqwa'qwe'el, vt.); čas+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-lš *(lit. they will speak)*. (chasqwa'qwe'llsh, vt.); čas+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>el'-m-s *(lit. h/s will speak to h/h)*. (chasqwa'qwe'lms, vt.); čas+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>el'-m-s-lš (lit. they will speak to h/h). (chasqwa'qwe'lmslsh, vt.); čeł, hi-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m I will speak to h/h). (chełhisqw<u>a</u>'qwe'lm, vt.); čeł, ?i-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m you(s) will speak to h/h. (cheł'isqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); čeł, hi-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m-lš I will speak to them. (chełhisqwa'qwe'lmlsh, vt.); čeł\_?i-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m-lš you (pl) will speak to them. (cheł'isqwa'qwe'lmlsh, vi.); čeł, čn, ?i-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m you (s) will speak to me. (chełchn'isqwa'qwe'lm, vt.); čeł, či s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+m-s h/s will speak to me. (chełchisqwa'qwe'lms, vi.); čeł, čn, ?i-s+q"á?+q"el'+m-p you (pl) will speak to me. (chełchn'isqwaj'qwe'lmp, vt.); čeł či s+q"á?+q"e?el+m-s-lš they will speak to me. (chełchisqwa'qwe'lmslsh, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_i-s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m (lit. I will. speak to vou(sg.)). (chełkwisgwa'gwe'lm, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m-s (lit. h/s will speak to you (sg.)). (chełkusqwa'qwe'lms, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi-s+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+m speak (lit. I will speak to you (pl)). (chełkuphisqwa'qwe'lm, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>ál'+m-s-lš (lit. they will speak to you (pl)). (chełkupsqwa'qwa'lmslsh, vt.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el h/s speaks. (atsqwa'qwe'el, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-lš *They speak*. (atsqwa'gwe'llsh, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-s-n *I speak* to h/h. (atsqwa'qwe'elsn, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) speak to h/h.

(atsqwa'qwe'elstkhw, vi.); ac+q<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-stu-s *H/s speaks to h/h*. (atsawa'gwe'elstus, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They speak to h/h. (atsawa'qwe'elstuslsh, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-s-n-lš I speak to them. (atsqwa'qwe'elsnlsh, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) speak to them. (atsqwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, vi.); ac+q<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-me-x<sup>\*</sup> You (sg.) speak to me. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmekhw, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s *H/s (cust.) speaks to me.* (atsqwa'qwe'elstmes, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s-lš They speak to me. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-elp You (pl.) speak to me. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmelp, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-m-n *I speak to you (sg.)*. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmn, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s H/s speaks to you (sg.). (atsqwa'qwe'elstmis, vi.); ac+g<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-st-ulm-n I speak to you (pl.). (atsqwa'qwe'elstulmn, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s-lš They speak to you (p1.). (atsqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmislsh, vi.);  $ac+q^{*}a^{?}+q^{*}e^{?}el-st-m$  H/s is spoken to. (atsqwa'qwe'elstm, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á<sup>2</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>2</sup>el-st-me-le-m I am spoken to. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmelem, vi.); ac+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-eli-t We are spoken to. (atsqwa'qwe'elstmelit, vi.); ac+q<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-ulmi-t You (pl.) are spoken to. (atsqwa'qwe'elstulmit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? čn q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el speak (lit. I am going to speak). (k'wna'chnqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q<sup>w</sup>a?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el I am going to speak. (k'wne'chnqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u<sup>·</sup>, q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>·</sup>l You (sg.) are going to speak. (k'wne'kuugwa'gweel, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne<sup>?</sup> č+g<sup>w</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+g<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el We are going to speak. (k'wne'chqwa'qwe'el, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup>a? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?-lš They are going to speak. (k'wa'qwa'qwe'lsh, v.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I am going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s H/s is going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstus, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They are going to speak to h/h. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstuslsh, vi.); k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-s-n-lš I am going to speak to them. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'lsnlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-p-lš You (pl.) are going to speak to them. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elsplsh, vi.); k'" na? a<sup>\*</sup>á<sup>?</sup>+a<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup>el-st-me-x<sup>\*</sup> You (sg.) are going to speak to me. (k'wna'gwa'gwe'elstmekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s *H/s is going to speak* to me. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmes, vi.); k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-st-me-s-lš They are going to speak to me. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p You (pl.) are going to speak to me. (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmelp, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na?

q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n *I am going to speak to you (sg.)*. (k'wna'qw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s *H/s is going to speak to you (sg.)*.

(k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstmis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I am going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstulmn, vi.); k'" na? q"á?+q"e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to speak to you (pl.). (k'wna'qwa'qwe'elstulmislsh, vi.); na? q\*á?+q\*e?el-st-x\* You (sg.) are to speak to h/h. (na'qwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); na? q"á?+q"e?el-st-x"-lš You (pl.) are to speak to them. (na'qwa'qwe'elstkhwish, v.); na?xii q<sup>w</sup>a+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I may speak to h/h. (na'qhil qwa'qwe'elsn, v.); na?xíł q\*á+q\*e?el-st-x\* You (sg.) may speak to h/h. (na'qhił qwa qwe'elstkhw, v.); na?xíł q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš H/s may speak to h/h. (na'quił gwa gwe'estuslsh, v.); na?xił g<sup>w</sup>á+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They may speak to h/h. (na'qhił qwa'qwe'estuslsh, v.); na?xíł q\*á+q\*e?el-s-n Maybe I speak to them. (na'qhił qwa'qwe'elsn, v.); na?xíł q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl.) may speak to them. (na'qhił qwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); na?xíł q\*á+q\*e?el-st-m-es H/s may speak to me. (na'qhił qwaqwe'elstmes, v.); na?xíł q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p Maybe you (pl.) speak to me. (na'qhił qwa'qwe'elstmelp, v.); na?xił q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s-lš They may speak to me. (na'qhił gwa'gwe'elstmeslsh, v.); na?xíł g<sup>w</sup>á+g<sup>w</sup>e<sup>·</sup>l-st-m-n I may speak to you (sg.). (na'qhił qwa'qweelstmn, v.); na?žíł q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s Maybe h/s will speak to you (s). (na'ghił gwa'gwe'elstmis, v.); nažíł g<sup>w</sup>á?+g<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-s-lš They may speak to you (pl.). (naqhił qwa'qwe'elstmislsh, v.); na?xíł q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I may speak to you (pl.). (na'qhil qwa' qwe'elstulmn, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elsn, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s H/s has spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstus, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstuslsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n-lš I have spoken to them. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elsnlsh, v.); t'i? q\*á?+q\*e?el-st-x\*-lš You (pl.) have spoken to them. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'i? q\*á?+q\*e?el-st-m-es H/s has spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmes, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-es-lš They have spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) have spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmekhw, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-elp You (pl.) have spoken to me.

(t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmelp, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n I have spoken to you (sg.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmn, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-is H/s has spoken to you (sg.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmis, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I have spoken to you (pl.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstulmn, v.); t'i? q"á?+q"e?el-st-m-is-lš They have spoken to you (pl.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmislsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m H/s has been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstm, v.); ti?+q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-lš They have been spoken to. (ti'qwa'qwe'elstmlsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-elem I have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmelem, v.); t'i? qwa?+qwe?el-st-eli-t We have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstelit, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-t You (pl.) have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstulmit, v.); t'ix as-q á?+q e?el-s-n I had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elsn, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (s) had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-stu-s H/s had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstus, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-stu-s-lš They had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstuslsh, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-s-n-lš I had spoken to them. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elsnlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) had spoken to them. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-me-s H/s had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmes, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s-lš They had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-mex" You (s) had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmekhw, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-mel-p You (pl) had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmelp, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-m-n I had spoken to you (s). (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmn, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-ulm-n I had spoken to you. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstulmn, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+st+mi-s *H/s had spoken to you (s)*. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmis, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš They had spoken to you (pl). (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstulmislsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m H/s had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstm, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-m-lš They had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmlsh, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-mel-em I had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'e'elstmelem, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-mi-t You (s) had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmit, v.); t'ix"

as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-elit We had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstelit, v.); t'ix"

as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-t You (pl) had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u> qwe'elstulmit, v.)

- √q<sup>w</sup>l s+n+q<sup>w</sup>úl=enč wool, cotton, denim. (snqulench, n.); u ž<sup>w</sup>el'é? s+n+q<sup>w</sup>úl=enč he s+t'+t'ús exp cotton candy (lit. candy that resembles cotton). (uqhe'le' snqulench he st't'us, n.)
- **vq<sup>w</sup>l'** q<sup>w</sup>el' livid, angry, enraged. (qwe'l)
- **Vq<sup>w</sup>l'** q<sup>w</sup>el' kindle, light. (qwe'l); q<sup>w</sup>il' start a fire, kindle. (qwi'l); hn+t+q<sup>w</sup>íl'+k<sup>w</sup>up+n stove, oven (lit. place for kindling). (hntqw<u>i</u>'lkupn, n.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>l' q<sup>w</sup>l'+q<sup>w</sup>l'+mn=íłp sagebrush (lit. dark dark plant). (qw'lqw'lmniłp, n.); t+q<sup>w</sup>ál'= sq'it It is dark or cloudy. (tqwa'lsq'it, v.); u n+q<sup>w</sup>él'=us black-eye (lit. He was discolored as to the eye). (unqwe'lus, n.); u t+q<sup>w</sup>al'=sq'it (The sky has a) dark cloud. (utqwa'lsq'it, n.); u · q<sup>w</sup>él' It is dark, purple, black and blue. (uuqwe'l, vi.); q0+q0l'í?+t black pine. (qoqo'li't, n.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>lm' q<sup>w</sup>ilem' song, ballad, anthem, aria, canticle, canto, chanson, carol. (qwile'm, n.)
- $\sqrt{q^{w}} w q^{w} l(w+l) s onion, bulb. (qwliw) lsh, n.)$
- **Vq<sup>w</sup>l'm** q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>íl'em-et *ditty (lit. It is our little pony).* (qwqw<u>i</u>'lemet, n.)
- $\sqrt{q^w}$  q<sup>w</sup>u<sup>1</sup> dusty. (qu<sup>1</sup>); s+q<sup>w</sup>?<sup>1</sup> dirt, dust. (squ<sup>1</sup>, n.)
- $\sqrt{q^{w}}$  q<sup>w</sup>el+q<sup>w</sup>el+t *He has much stamina, endurance.* (qwelqwelt, vi.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>m q<sup>\*</sup>am pleasant, attractive, pleasing. (qwam); q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am+t beautiful, pleasing, attractive, dainty, choice, delicious, cute, delectable, elegant. (qwamqwamt, adj.); ul+q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am+t aesthetic. (ul qwamqwamt, adj.); xam=anč+ł+q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am+t aesthete (lit. He loves beautiful things). (qhamanchłqwamqwamt, n.); q<sup>\*</sup>am+q<sup>\*</sup>am+t ha i c+q'ey' belle lettres (lit. writings that are beautiful). (qwamqwamt ha itsq'e'y, pl. n.); hn+q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am=cn good speaker (lit. He's a speaker of beautiful things). (hnqwamqwamtsn, n.); k<sup>\*</sup>u\_n+q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am=cn eloquent (lit. You (sg.) express yourself in vivid and appropriate speech). (kunqwamqwamtsn, adj.); s+q<sup>\*</sup>ám+q<sup>\*</sup>am+t delicacy, refinement, elegance (lit. agreeableness). (sqwamqwamt, n.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>m' q<sup>w</sup>m' dim, gray, lacklustre. (qu'm); q<sup>w</sup>em' ignore, overlook, oblivious. (qwe'm); s+q<sup>w</sup>úm'=c'e? gray blanket. (sq<u>u</u>'mts'e', n.); q<sup>w</sup>m'+íl'k<sup>w</sup>p asinine, inane, benighted,

ignorant, crass, a stupid sill person (lit. dark ashes). (qu'mi̯'lkup, auj.), s+can+q<sup>w</sup>ém'+p apoplexy, blacking out, unconscious, fainting. (stsanqwe̯'mp, n.); s+can+q<sup>w</sup>em'+p coma, blackout. (stsanqwe'mp, n.); q<sup>w</sup>em'+p bemuse (lit. He became preoccupied). (qwe'mp, vt.); can+q<sup>w</sup>ém'+p He became unconscious, He blacked out. (tsanqwe̯'mp, v.); a can+q<sup>w</sup>ém'+p to faint, pass out, become comatose (lit. He blacks out). (atsanqwe̯'mp, vi.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>m'+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es amnesia, forgetfulness (lit. He went gray as to memory). (hnqu'mpi̯lgwes, vi.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>m'+q<sup>w</sup>m'+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es forgetful (lit. He is habitually forgetful). (hnqu'mqu'mi̯lgwes, vi.); cen+q<sup>w</sup>m'+p+nún-t-m desensitize (lit. He was rendered insensitive). (tsenqu'mpnuntm, vt.)

- Vq<sup>w</sup>n q<sup>w</sup>en blue, green. (qwen); q<sup>w</sup>in blue. (qwin); q<sup>w</sup>en celadon (lit. pale to very pale blue). (qwen, n.); q<sup>w</sup>(n+emn bluing (lit. means of making blue). (qwinemn, n.); q<sup>w</sup>n blue. (qwn, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>n=iłk<sup>w</sup>up as[h]es, clinker (lit. grayish-blue to white to black). (sqwniłkup, n.); t+q<sup>w</sup>n+q<sup>w</sup>én=us blue-eyed (lit. He has eyes with bright blue iris). (tqwnqwenus, adj.); t+q<sup>w</sup>en=sq'it the blue (sky). (tqwnsq'it, n.); u t+q<sup>w</sup>[é]n=sq'it cerulean (lit. The sky is blue, It is azure). (utqwnsq'it, adj.); u· q<sup>w</sup>n blue, green. (uuqwn, vi.); u· q<sup>w</sup>n-lš They are green. (uuqwnlsh, adj.); u· q<sup>w</sup>n+n=l'umx<sup>w</sup> The ground is green. (uuqwnrlumkhw, vi.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>s q<sup>w</sup>es blurred, confused. (qwes); q<sup>w</sup>ás=qn' blue jay (lit. blurred head). (qw<u>a</u>sq'n, n.); q<sup>w</sup>ás+s=qn' to be entranced, possessed, crazy (lit. He is crazy). (qw<u>a</u>ssq'n, v.); s+q<sup>w</sup>és+s blur (lit. becoming blurred). (sqw<u>e</u>ss, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>és+s dim (lit. It became indistinct). (qw<u>e</u>ss, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>és+s+m befog (lit. It became obscure). (qw<u>e</u>ssm, vt.); s+t+q<sup>w</sup>ás+q<sup>w</sup>as+s=us visual indistinctness. (stqw<u>a</u>sqwassus, n.); t+q<sup>w</sup>ás+q<sup>w</sup>s+s=us blear (lit. He became blurred as to the eyes). (tqw<u>a</u>sqwssus, adj.); u<sup>•</sup> q<sup>w</sup>és He is dense, blurred mentally, callow, imnature, childish, inexperienced, dim. (uuqw<u>e</u>s, vi.); u<sup>•</sup> q<sup>w</sup>és It is blurred. (uuqw<u>e</u>s, vi.)

√q<sup>w</sup>s hn+q<sup>w</sup>s+t+íl'š-stu-s deepen (lit. He deepened the well, etc.). (hnqwst<u>i</u>'lshstus, vt.)
√q<sup>w</sup>s s+q<sup>w</sup>ás+q<sup>w</sup>se<sup>?</sup> child. (sqw<u>a</u>sqwse', n.)

**Vq<sup>w</sup>s** s+m'u+m'uc=šn' ha n+q<sup>w</sup>o+q<sup>w</sup>os+m'i *bitch (lit. a female dog).* (s'mu'm<u>u</u>tssh'n hanqoqos'm<u>i</u>, n.)

**√q<sup>w</sup>t** s+q<sup>w</sup>ó+q<sup>w</sup>t molding. (sqoqwt, n.)

 $\sqrt{q^w x^w}$  xas+ał+q<sup>w</sup>ix<sup>w</sup> aroma, scent, fragrance (lit. good odor). (qhasa1qw1khw, n.)  $\sqrt{q^w y}$  q<sup>w</sup>iy=ós Negro. (qwiyos, n.)

√q<sup>w</sup>y q<sup>w</sup>iy to abound. (qwiy); q<sup>w</sup>iy He is wealthy, affluent. (qwiy, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>e·y=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> capitalist (lit. He has plenty of land). (qweeyu'lmkhw, n.); u<sup>·</sup> q<sup>w</sup>íy abundant (lit. He has abundance). (uuqwiy, n.); l+q<sup>w</sup>e·y=úl'mx<sup>w</sup>+n bonanza (lit. means of becoming wealthy). (lqweeyu'lmkhwn, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>e·y=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> He is rich. (lit. He is well-to-do as to land). (qweeyu'lumkhw, vi.)

√q<sup>w</sup>y q<sup>w</sup>ay joke (lit. to talk backwards). (qway)

√q<sup>w</sup>y? s+q<sup>w</sup>éyu? Oregon grapes, grapes. (sqw<u>e</u>yu', pl. n.)

Vq"y' q"ay' poor, pitiable, impoverished. (qwa'y); q"iy' to pity. (qwi'y); q"iy'=ús+m blench, quail (lit. He made his face pitiful, winced by closing his eyes). (qwi'yusm, vi.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>áy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'+n alms-house, poor-house, poverty. (hnqwa'yqwi'yn, n.); \*s+n+q<sup>w</sup>ey'+t alms, clemency, consolation, mercygiving. (sngwe'yt, n.); s+n+q<sup>w</sup>ey'+t benevolence, alms-giving, pitying, compassion. (snqwe'yt, n.); s+n+q<sup>w</sup>iy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'= ilg wes gentleness, sympathy. (snqwi'yqwi'yilgwes, n.); s+q wáy'+q vi?+t beggary. (sqwa'yqwi't, n.); sya+n+q<sup>w</sup>éy'+t benefactor. (syanqwe'yt, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>i?+q<sup>w</sup>i?+scút humility (lit. the act of making oneself poor, of lowering oneself). (sqwi'qwi'stsut, n.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>iy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'=íq<sup>w</sup>es clement, compassionate, merciful. (lit. He is merciful). (hnqwi'yqwi'yilgwes, adj.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>iy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'=ílq<sup>w</sup>es pity, fellow feeling, sympathy. (lit. He has a sympathetic heart). (hnqwi'qwi'yilgwes, n.); q<sup>w</sup>áy'+q<sup>w</sup>i?+t He is indigent, poor, pitiful. (qwa'yqwi't, vi.); q<sup>w</sup>iy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'=cín+m beseech. (lit. Make oneself as poor). (qwi'y qwi'ytsinm, v.); q<sup>w</sup>iy'+q<sup>w</sup>iy'+scút He made himself humble. (qwi'yqwi'ystsut, vt.); qwy'+qwi+tt+segwt He has a poor personality. (lit. He is poor as to his nature). (qwu'yqwiltsegwt, vi.); e lu+s+n+q<sup>w</sup>éy'+t cold-blooded, merciless, ruthless (lit He has no mercy). (elusnqwe'yt, vt.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>i?+t+mí-nt-s console. (lit. He offered him sympathy). (hnqwi'tmints, vt.)

Vq"y' hn+q"iy'=ítk"e? wash. (lit. She washed clothes). (hnqwi'yitkwe', vt.)

√q<sup>w</sup>? q<sup>w</sup>e? to continue. (qwe')

√q<sup>w</sup>? q<sup>w</sup>i? hollow, accostomed. (qwi'); a n+q<sup>w</sup>i? cave (lit. That which is hollow). (anqwi', n.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>á?=alq=šn alcove (lit. a space at the foot of a corner or wall). (hnqwa'alqshn, n.); s+n+q<sup>w</sup>i? cavity. (snqwi', n.); ac+miyas+n+q<sup>w</sup>i? cavern, cave (lit. A hollow that is larger than usual). (atsmiyasnqwi, n.)

- Vq<sup>w?</sup> q<sup>w</sup>i?=cín+m conjure, implore. (qwi'tsinm, vt.); q<sup>w</sup>i?+q<sup>w</sup>i?=cín+m beseech, implore. (qwi'qwi'tsinm, vt.)
- Vq<sup>w</sup>? s+n+q<sup>w</sup>á?=alq=šn angle, corner. (snqw<u>a</u>'alqshn, n.); ?ap+s+n+q<sup>w</sup>á?=alq=šn angular (lit. It has an angle or corner). (apsnqw<u>a</u>'alqshn, vi.)
- √q<sup>w</sup>? s+k<sup>∞</sup>án+ł+q<sup>∞</sup>e<sup>?</sup>=ep Bark basket taken along. (skwanłqwe'ep, vi.)
- $\sqrt{q^{\circ}}$  q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>\*</sup> insane, drunk, irresponsible. (qwe(w); q<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>\*</sup> boob, booby (lit. a stupid person). (qwe(w, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>v</sup>+m+šeš craze, fad, delirium (lit. becoming insane). (sqwe(umshesh, n.); s+q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>w</sup>+mncut blunder, bungle (lit, making oneself silly).  $(sqwe(wmntsut, n.); s+q^{w}e^{w}+q^{w}e^{w}+c^{w}$  carousal (lit. people became intoxicated).  $(sqwe(wqwe(u(w, n.); s+q^{w}e^{w}=cn+m))$  (sqwe(u(w, n.); s+q^{w}e^{w}=cn+m)) (sqwe(u(w, n.); s+q^{w}e^{w}=cn+m))). (sqwe(wtsnmintsut, n.);  $u + ni^2 + q^{w} e^{c^{w}}$  black sheep (lit. most inane among family). (usni'qwe(w, n.); u. q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>w</sup> absurd, batty, brainless, daft, cuckoo (lit. He has absurd ideas). (uuqwe(w, adj.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>°</sup>+<sup>°</sup>+n intoxication, alcohol (lit. means of getting silly). (hnqwe(w(wn, n.); hn+q<sup>w</sup>é<sup> $\gamma$ </sup>, +q<sup>w</sup>é<sup> $\gamma$ </sup>, +q<sup>w</sup>+ $\gamma$ , +  $\gamma$ , asylum (lit. place for mentally ill). (hnqwe'(wqwe'(w'(w'n, n.); i C+q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>cw</sup>+<sup>cw</sup> He is being drunk. (itsqwe(w(w, vi.); i c+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>c</sup><sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>e<sup>c</sup><sup>w</sup>+c<sup>m</sup> crazy (lit. He is insane). (itsqwe'(wqwe'(w'(w, adj.); i  $c+q^{w}e^{w}+q^{w}e^{w}+q^{w}e^{w}$  binge (lit. people having a carousal). (itsqwe(wqwe(w(w, n.);  $q^{w}e^{w}+q^{w}e^{w}+t$  to be foolish, silly, feebleminded (lit. H/s is a foolish person). (qwe(wqwe(wt, v.); q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>(w</sup>+<sup>(w</sup>)</sup> besot (lit. He became intoxicated). (qwe(w(w, vt.); u<sup>\*</sup>) q"é<sup>°</sup> He is stupid, ignorant, dull. (uuqwe(w, vi.)q"e<sup>°</sup>=cn+míncut blather (lit. He spoke foolishly or nonsensically). (gwe(wtsnmintsut, vi.); čs+g<sup>w</sup>e<sup>w</sup>+e<sup>w</sup>+míncut He got carried away. (chsqwe(we(wmintsut, vi.); q"é<sup>r</sup>+m-st-m delirious (lit. He became phrentic, frantic). (qwe(wumstm, v.); q<sup>w</sup>é<sup>cw</sup>+m-st-m He was deranged, he *went beserk*. (qwe(wumstm, vt.)
- √q'"c q'"uc to be fat, obese. (q'uts); s+q'"uc+t blubber, corpulence, fatness, obesity, excessive body fat, oil, diesel fuel, gasoline, fat (fuel). (sq'utst, n.); q'"uc+t H/s is fat, corpulent. (q'utst, vi.)

**Vq**<sup>w</sup>**c** q<sup>w</sup>**ec** *durable, solid, firm, lasting.* (q'wets)

- Vq'"c' ac+q'"ic' to be full (lit. It is. . .). (atsq'wit's, vi.); q'"ic' full, replete. (q'wits'); q'"ic'+t brim-full, chock-full. (q'wi'tst, vt.); q'"íc'+s-n ? I filled it up. (q'wits'sn, vt.)
- √q'"c'w' q'+q'"c'w'=íy'e? chipmunk. (q'q'wts"wij'ye', n.); q'"cw'=íye? chipmunk. (q'wts'wiye', n.)
- √q<sup>™</sup>d q<sup>™</sup>ed to be black. (q'wed); q<sup>™</sup>ed black. (q'wed, adj.); q<sup>™</sup>id to blacken. (q'wid); q<sup>™</sup>d little black horse. (q'wq'wd, n.); s+q'<sup>™</sup>éd=ups grouse (lit. black tail). (sq'wedups, n.); t+q'<sup>™</sup>éd=elx<sup>™</sup> black horse. (tq'wedelkhw, n.); t+q'<sup>™</sup>ed=elps black horse. (tq'wedelps, n.); t+q'<sup>™</sup>ed=c'e? Negro (lit. Black of skin). (tq'wedts'e', n.); ni+s+q'<sup>™</sup>íde=g<sup>™</sup>eł(=)mš dark race. (nisq'widegwełmsh, n.); q'<sup>™</sup>ád+al'qs priest, black robe, clergy, cleric, divine. (q'wada'lqs, n.); q'<sup>™</sup>d+q'<sup>™</sup>éd bison (lit. black black). (q'wdq'wed, n.); u<sup>¬</sup> q'<sup>™</sup>éd It is black, dingy. (uuq'wed, adj.); u<sup>¬</sup> q'<sup>™</sup>éd he šét'+ut basalt (lit. rock that is black). (uuq'wed he shet'ut, n.); u t+q'<sup>™</sup>ád=qn He has black hair, He has dark hair. (utq'wadqn, v.); q'<sup>™</sup>éd+p+m-stu-s to blacken it. (q'wedpmstus, vt.)
- √q'<sup>w</sup>h q'<sup>w</sup>ih black (ref. to a person). (q'wih); s+t+q'<sup>w</sup>ih=šn=mš Blackfoot (lit. one of the Blackfoot Tribe). (Stq'wihshnmsh, n.)
- Vq<sup>™</sup>I q<sup>™</sup>al char, singe. (q'wal); q<sup>™</sup>el' cook, burn. (q'we'l); s+q'<sup>™</sup>l=íln delicatessen (lit. cooked foods). (sq'wliin, n.); sya+n+q'<sup>™</sup>l=úl'mx<sup>™</sup> baker (lit. One whose occupation is to bake (bread) in the ground). (syanq'wlu'lmkhw, n.); s+t+q'<sup>™</sup>l'+k<sup>™</sup>up match(es) (lit. means of starting a fire). (stq'wi'lkup, n.); s+n+q'<sup>™</sup>+q'<sup>™</sup>l'=úl'um'x<sup>™</sup> brioche (lit. little bread (loaf)). (snq'uq'w'lu'lu'mkhw, n.); s+n+q'<sup>™</sup>l=úl'umx<sup>™</sup> bread (lit. that which is baked in the ground), toast, croutons. (snq'wlu'lumkhw, n.); hn+q'<sup>™</sup>l=ul'mx<sup>™</sup>+n bakery, place for baking bread. (hnq'wlu'lmkhwn, n.); q'<sup>™</sup>l'×<sup>™</sup>i? Burnt Mountain. (Q'wlqhwi', n.); q'<sup>™</sup>el-n braise, cook, (lit. I cooked it (meat)). (q'weln, vt.); q'<sup>™</sup>l+il-n Gloss?? His food became cooked. (q'wliin, vt.); s+q'<sup>™</sup>el+t burn, being cooked. (sq'welt, vt.)
- √q'<sup>w</sup>l s+q<sup>w</sup>el+t to be ripe. (s'qwelt, v.); s+q<sup>w</sup>l=álg<sup>w</sup>=astq fruit (lit. ripened crops). (sq'wlalgwastq, n.)

√q'"lpš q'"elpš Good for him! It serves him right! (q'welpsh! interj.)
√q'"ls q'"óls=alq" pussy willow (used for baskets). (q'olsalqw, n.)
√q'"lw' q'"elíw' bear eats berries. (q'weli'w)

- $\sqrt{q'''} q'''e^{\dagger}$  to have endurance. (q'wet); q'''it enduring, persevering. (q wii)
- $\sqrt{q'''} q''' q''' i?t$  to move camp. (q'wi't)
- √q'™m q'™em+p to have a cramp, spasm. (q'wemp); \*S+n+q'™em+p=šn getting a cramp. (sng'wempshn, v.); S+n+q'™em+p=šn charley horse (lit. cramp of the leg). (snq'wempshn, n.); S+can+q'™emp'=cm crick (lit. cramp in the neck, note; similari[t]y between q'wamp and cramp). (stsanq'wemp'tsm, n.)

 $\sqrt{q'''n'} q'''(?n'+t? H/s burped, belched, blurted. (q'wi''nt, vi.)$ 

- Vq'"np' q'"enp' disappear below horizon, go out of sight behind hill, evening. (q'wenp'); ss+q'"enp'+n west, sunset. (sq'wenp'n, n.); ul+s+čent+sóc ha s+q'"enp' Canadian sunset. (uł schentsots ha sq'wenp', n.); s+can+q'"enp'+eł+?ał+dár=enč eclipse (lit, sun/moon going behind something). (stsanq'wenp'eł'ałdarench, n.)
- Vq'"p q'"up' rain. (q'up'); s+q'"p'+t rain. (sq'up't, n.); q'"up+t It rained. (q'upt, vi.); i c+q'"úp+t It is raining. (itsq'upt, v.)
- √q<sup>™</sup>s q<sup>™</sup>us to be pleated. (q'us); q<sup>™</sup>es wrinkled, shrivelled. (q'wes); u x<sup>™</sup>al'a n+q<sup>™</sup>+q<sup>™</sup>sm'i canine (lit. It is doglike). (uqhwa'lanq'oq'os'mi, n.); s+q<sup>™</sup>ús+p=ug<sup>™</sup>l skirt. (sq'uspugul, n.); sya+čeł+n+q<sup>™</sup>0+q<sup>™</sup>s+m=íčn'=šn' dog catcher (lit. One who goes after dogs). (syachełnq'oq'smich'nsh'n, n.); hn+q<sup>™</sup>0+q<sup>™</sup>0s+m'=íčn=šn dog (lit. with pleated soles). (hnq'oq'os'mich'nsh'n, n.); hn+q<sup>™</sup>0+q<sup>™</sup>0s+m'=íčn+š=tk<sup>w</sup>e? seal, walrus (lit. water dog). (hnq'oq'os'mich'nshtkwe', n.); ac+q<sup>™</sup>és+m' pleated (lit. It is. . .). (atsq'wes'm, vi.)
- √q<sup>™</sup>t hn+q<sup>™</sup>t+út+mš=k<sup>™</sup>e? Coeur d'Alene River. (Hnq'wtutmshkwe', n.)
- √q'"t' ał+q'"ét'+ut Plummer, Plummer Butte. (Ałq'wet'ut, n.)
- Vq'"t' q'"ut' to be woven, knitted. (q'ut'); hn+q'"+q'"út'=šn' bootie (lit. little sock). (hnq'uq'ut'sh'n, n.); hn+q'"út'=šn sock(s). (hnq'ut'shn, n.)

√q'"t' s+q'"t'u Cataldo, Idaho, Old Mission, Old Sacred Heart Mission. (Sq'wt'u, n.)

 $\sqrt{q'''y'}$  q'''úye? name of coyote's powers. (q'<u>u</u>ye', n.)

√q'"y' q'"ey' bounce, dance. (q'we'y); s+q'"éy'+mncut ballet, cotillion (lit. squeezing oneself). (sq'we'ymntsut, n.); s+míy'+em ha sya·+q'"éy'+mncut ballerina (lit. woman who dances). (smijyem ha syaaq'we'ymntsut, n.); g"ł s+ya·+q'"éy'+mncut chorus (lit. a group of dancers in a musical comedy, revue, etc.). (guł syaaq'we'ymntsut, n.); hn+q'"i?+mncút+n ballroom. (lit. place for squeezing oneself

rhythmically, dance hall). (hnq'wi'mntsutn, n.); q'"éy'+mncut H/S danced. (q'we'ymntsut, vi.); q'"éy'+mncut-lš They danced. (q'we'ymntsutlsh, vi.); ac+q'"éy'+mncut H/s dances. (atsq'wey'mntsut, vi.); ac+q'"éy'+mcut-lš They dance. (atsq'wey'mntsutlsh, vi.); q'"éy'+mncut-š dance (imper.). (q'we'ymntsutsh, vi.); q'"éy'+mncut-ul You (pl.) dance (imper.). (q'we'ymntsutul, vi.); i c+q'"éy'+mncut H/s is dancing. (itsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); i c+q'"éy'+mncut-lš They are dancing. (itsq'we'ymntsutlsh, vi.); čn\_q'"éy'+mncut I danced. (chnq'we'ymntsnt, vi.); čn', \_c+q'"éy'+mncut (lit. I. customarily, dance). (ch'ntsq'we'ymntsut, vt.); č\_y'c+q'"éy'+mncut I am dancing. (chi'tsq'we'ymntsut, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (sg.) danced. (kuuq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?c+q'<sup>w</sup>ey'+mncut You (sg.) dance. (ku'tsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+m-nt-s-n-t You (sg) are dancing. (ku'ytsq'we'ymntsnt, vi.); č\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut we danced. (chq'we'ymntsut, vi.); č\_?a+c+q'<sup>w</sup>ey'+mncut dance (lit. we dance). (ch'atsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up, \_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (pl.) danced. (kupq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?a\_c+q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (pl.) dance. (kup'atsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_?i\_c+q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut You (pl.) are dancing. (kup'itsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); čas+q<sup>™</sup>áy'+mncut dance (lit. h/s is going to dance). (chasq'wa'ymntsut, vt.); čas+q<sup>w</sup>áy'+mncut-lš dance (lit. they are going to dance). (chasq'wa'ymntsutlsh, vt.); čat+čs+q'"éy'+mncut dance (lit. we are going to dance). (chatchsq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q'<sup>w</sup>éy+mncut H/s is going to dance. (k'wna'q'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? q'<sup>w</sup>éy+mncut-lš They will dance. (k'wna'q'we'ymntsutlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut *I will dance*. (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn, q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut dance (lit. I am going to dance). (k'wne'chnq'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'\* ne? k\*u \_ q'\*éy'+mncut You (sg.) will dance. (k'wne'kuug'we'ymntsut, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u', \_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut (lit. you(sg.) are going to dance). (k'wne'kuuq'we'ymntsut, vt.); k'" ne? č+q'"áy'+mncut We will dance. (k'wne'chq'wa'ymntsut, vi.); k'" ne? k"up\_q'"éy'+mncut You (pl.) will dance. (k'wne'kupg'we'ymntsut, vi.); \*k'<sup>w</sup>e? k<sup>w</sup>up\_q'<sup>w</sup>éy'+mncut (lit. you are going to dance). (k'we'kupq'we'umntsut, vt.);

Vq'"y' q'"ey' wring, choke, strangle. (q'we'y,); q'"ey'-nt-s He squeezed it; he wringed it (wet clothes). rinse. (q'we'ynts, vt.); t+q'"ey'=álpq"-nt-s to choke. (tq'we'yalpqwnts, vi.); can+q<sup>w</sup>i?=cín-t-s choke (lit. He constricted him as to the neck). (tsanq'wi'tsints, vt.)

- √q'\*\*? hn+q'\*a?+q'\*e?=ép=e?st He castrated. (hnq'wa'q'we'epe'st, vi.); \*a n+q'\*a?+q'\*a?=epe?st to castrate, geld (lit. He e.g. bull is castrated). (anqwa'qwa'epe'st, vi.); hn+q'\*a?+q'\*e?=ép=e?s-nt-s He castrated the bull. (hnq'wa'q'we'epe'snts, vt.)
- √q'w° q'w° q'we° +p it slid, he slid involuntarily. (q'we(wp, vi.); s+q'wa°+e°+p=líye? coasting, sledding (lit. sliding down an inclined slope on a sled). (sq'wa(e(pliye', vi.)
- **Vsc** sic new, it is new. (sits, v.)
- **Vsc** s+sic=itk<sup>w</sup>+m *to hibernate (lit. passing the winter)*. (ssitsitkum, vi.); síc=itk<sup>w</sup> sitsikw Cf Ok s<sup>2</sup>istk *winter*. (sitsitkw, n.)

**Vsc** sic+se·c=íye rock lichen. (sitsseets<u>i</u>ye, n.)

- Vsc ul+s+čint+sóc Anglican (lit. pertaining to King George's men). (ul schintsots, adj.); ul+s+čent+sóc ha s+q<sup>™</sup>enp' Canadian sunset. (ul schentsots ha sq'wenp', n.); g<sup>™</sup>ł s+čint+sóc Angles (lit. King George men). (guł schintsots, n.)
- **Vsc'** sic' blanket, blanketed. (si'ts); sic'+m blanket, cover. (sits'm, n.); sic'+sic'+m bedding (lit. blankets). (sits'sits'm, n.)
- **Vsč** si+sč species of wild onion. (sisch, n.)
- √sč' séč'=ečt moss on a tree. (sech'echt, n.)
- **√sč'** sič' *squirrel*. (sich', n.)
- **Vsč'n** hn+séč'ntis ?? *river, channel.* (hns<u>e</u>ch'ntis, n.)

 $\sqrt{sg^{w}}$  hn+si<sup>2</sup>g<sup>w</sup>=ós=alpq<sup>w</sup> He had a tickle in the throat. (hnsi'gosalpqw.)

- Vsg<sup>w</sup> sig<sup>w</sup> to question, inquire. (sigw); sig<sup>w</sup> ask for, request. (sigw); s+seg<sup>w</sup>+seg<sup>w</sup>+n+ul curiosity, inquisitiveness. (ssegwsegwn<u>u</u>l, n.); s+sig<sup>w</sup>+n to ask, inquiry, to question. (ssigwn, vt.); s+sig<sup>w</sup>+n ask, question. (ssigwn, vt.); hn+sig<sup>w</sup>=cn+n consult. (lit. I asked his permission, took counsel with him). (hnsigwtsnn, vt.)
- √sg<sup>w</sup> č's+eł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t he s+míy'em cotquean (lit. woman of bad manners (nature). (ch'seltsegwt he smijyem, n.); g<sup>w</sup>l+g<sup>w</sup>l+t+ség<sup>w</sup>+t weird (lit. He does queer things). (gwlgwlttsegwt, adj.)

- Vsg<sup>w</sup>t seg<sup>w</sup>et who? (segwet, inter.); ne? ség<sup>w</sup>et I wonder who it is: (mc'segwet, qu.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_ség<sup>w</sup>et Who are you? (kuusegwet? v.); ti?x<sup>w</sup>+ełt+ség<sup>w</sup>t to acquire (lit. He attained second nature). (ti'khweltsegwt, v.)
- Vsk<sup>w</sup> s(=)ík<sup>w</sup>e? water, liquor, aqua, booze, bourbon, cordial. (sikwe', n.); ?epł n+sík<sup>w</sup>e?+n barkeeper, bartender (lit. one who has a liquor place). (epł n si kwe'n, n.); sik<sup>w</sup>e? tel' kəlón cologne (lit. water from Cologne). (sikwe' te'l Cologne, n.); lu+ł+sík<sup>w</sup>e? waterless, parched, anhydrous (lit. It has no water). (elułsikwe', vt.); ul+sik<sup>w</sup>e? ha sáltes (sóltes ?) blue-jacket (lit. soldier of the sea). (ul sikwe'ha saltes, n.); čs+sík<sup>w</sup>e=k<sup>w</sup>e? alchoholic (lit. one who became enslaved by water (liquor). (chssikwekwe', adj.); s+sák<sup>w</sup>a?=qn' little crater lake, lost lake (lit. water on the head (mountain)). (ssakwa'q'n, n.); s+čs+n+sík<sup>w</sup>e+k<sup>w</sup>e alcoholism. (schsnsikwekwe, n.); hn+sí(=)k<sup>w</sup>e?+n aquarium, liquor store, barroom, buttery. (lit. a place for water). (hnsikwe'n, n.)

**√sk<sup>w</sup>** u n+sí<sup>·</sup>k<sup>w</sup> *His voice was rather hoarse*. (unsí<sup>··</sup>kw, v.)

- **Vsk'**<sup>w</sup> suk'<sup>w</sup> float with current. (suk'w); suk'<sup>w</sup>-nt-m afloat (lit. He was set adrift). (suk'wntm, v.)
- Vsl e n+sl+m=itk<sup>w</sup>e? cocktail, drink (lit. mixed water (drink). (enslmitkwe', n.); e ni?+sél+m to be assorted, mixed (lit. It is a mixture). (eni'selm, vt.); ni?+sél+m-st-m blend (lit. It was mixed (with other entities)). (ni'selmstm, vt.); ni?+sél+m-s-n compound, mix, concoct (lit. I mixed it). (ni'selmsn, vt.); ni?+sel+m-st-m e lut šił adulterate (lit. It was mixed with something not just right, it was made impure by mixing in a foreign or poorer substance). (ni'selmstm e lut shił, vt.)
- Vsl sul cold, refrigerated. (sul); sul to be cold. (sul); sul+t He got cold. (sult, vi.); súl=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> The ground was frozen, froze. (sulu'lumkhw, vt.); čn\_sul+t I got cold. (chnsult, vi.)

Vsl če·+síl+el oversleep (lit. he overslept). (cheesilel, vi.)

Vsl sel to rotate, turn. (sel); sel+úp to spin. (selup,); s+n+sél+sl+p=us daze (lit. turning of eye). (snselslpus, n.); hn+sél+sl+p=us tipsy, drunk (lit. His eyes spun). (hns elslpus, adj.); ni?+sél+l+m clutter (lit. It was piled in a disordered state). (ni'sellm, n.); s+t+sél+sl'=ečt clumsiness (lit. He is ignorant in hand). (stsels'lecht, n.);

s+n+sl+p=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? eddy (lit. a turning of water). (snslpitkwe', n.);

č\_y'c+n+sél+sl+p=us dizzy, giddy (lit. I am having a whirling sensation in my head). (chi'ynselslpus, adj.)

- **Vsl** sul+sul+l+cég<sup>w</sup>+t bleak (lit. He has a somber and gloomy manner (nature). (sulsultsegwt, n.)
- **Vslk**<sup>w</sup> \*hn+séluk<sup>w</sup> a place on the Coeur d'Alene river where canoes mysteriously stop and many were killed, a place of superstition. (Hnseluk, n.)

**Vslp'** slip' woody. (slip',); sl'l'íp baton (lit. little wooden stick). (s'l'lip, n.)

**Vsls** sils+us to blow down (e.g. houses). (silsus)

- Vsits sóltes armed forces. (soltes, n.); g<sup>w</sup>ł sóltes army, brigade, soldiers. (guł soltes, n.); lut sóltes civilian (lit. not a soldier). (lut soltes, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+ł+tum' ha sóltes battalion (lit. a unit of soldiers). (nuk'włtu'm ha soltes, n.); ul+soltes ha n+q<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>el'+n' court-martial (lit. courthouse of soldiers). (ul soltes hanquqwa'qwe'l'n', n.); ul+sik<sup>w</sup>e? ha sáltes (sóltes ?) blue-jacket (lit. soldier of the sea). (ul sikwe'ha saltes, n.)
- **Vsl?** sile? maternal grandfather. (sile', n.)
- **Vsl?** síle?e small lake near Cheney. (sile'e, n.)
- Vsl' sel' indistinct, obscure (sel'); e t+sél'=šn clubfoot (lit. H/h foot has an uncertain shape). (et se'lshn, vt.); \*sl'+sl'=ełc=ég<sup>w</sup>t block-head, chump (lit. A person who is uncertain in his ways). (s'ls'lełtseqwt, n.); s+sel'+mncut error, mistake. (sse'lmntsut, n.); u· sél' It is confused. (uuse'l, vi.)
- √sl' sl'e·+séle unknown ancestor. (s'leesele, n.)
- **Vsl'** u<sup>•</sup> sél' It is intricate, complex, complicated. (uus<u>e</u>'l, vi.)
- Vsłč e séłč awry, amiss (lit. It is twisted toward one side). (eeselch, adj.)
- √słq \*słaq sarvice berry. (słag, n.)
- **Vsłx**<sup>w</sup> ?es+siłx<sup>w</sup> Xref =iłx<sup>w</sup> H/s has two houses. (es<u>i</u>łkhw, vt.)
- **Vsm'** sum' to smell, sniff. (su'm,); sum'-nt-s He sniffed it. (su'mnts, vi.)
- **Vsmš** su·méš *power*. (suum<u>e</u>sh (Spokane), n.); su·míx (Okanagon) *power*. (suum<u>i</u>kh (San Poil), n.)
- √sn san drowsy, sleepy. (san)

√sn č+s+sún'=k<sup>w</sup>e? small island, islet, key. (chss<u>u</u>'nkwe', n.); č+sún=k<sup>w</sup>e? island. (chs<u>u</u>nkwe', n.); ?epł sún+sun=k<sup>w</sup>e? archipelago (lit. It has islands). (epłchs<u>u</u>nsunkwe', n.)

 $\sqrt{sn}$  se'+sin'+n'cut+n' *perfume*. (sees<u>i</u>'n'ntsut'n, n.)

 $\sqrt{sn'}$  susn' *spoon*. (sus'n, n.)

- Vsn' sen' to tame. (sen',); s+sn'+sn'+t+él'š-stu-s He caused it to be tamed. (ss'ns'nte'lshstus, vt.); s+sán'+sn'+t It is a broken, tamed horse. (ssa'ns'nt, vi)
- Vsnc? since? kid brother, deacon. (sintse', n.); s+sín'ce? cadet (lit. younger brother). (ss<u>i</u>'ntse', n.)
- **Vsns** s+sén'+sn's *cent, pennies, copper*. (ss<u>e</u>'ns'ns, n.); <sup>?</sup>upen e<sup>.</sup> séns *dime (lit. ten cents)*. (upenees<u>e</u>ns, n.)

**Vsnt** sant mari Holy Mary, Virgin Mary, Mary (l.w. from French). (Sant Maari, n.)

 $\sqrt{sp}$  sip sheep. (sip, n.); sp=ilc'e? elk. (spilts'e', n.)

**√spn** sipn *daughter-in-law*. (sipn, n.)

Vsp'y' sep'y'=al'qs leather (coat), buckskin (jacket). (se'p'ya'lqs, n.); č+sep'+sep'y'= alq=šn leather pants, breeches. (chse'pse'p'yalqshn, n.); sép'y'=al'qs buckskin suit, leather coat. (sep"ya'lqs, n.); \*sip'ay' leather. (sipa'y, n.); \*síp'=elx<sup>w</sup> cape-sheep skin. (sipelkhw, n.); sip'ey' buckskin. (sip'e'y); síp'ey' leather; finished hide. (sij'pe'y, n.); \*síp'+sip'y'=šn moccasins. (sip'sip's'yshn, n.)

 $\sqrt{sq}$  t+saq=íłc'e? broil (lit. He cooked by direct radiant heat). (tsaq<u>i</u>łts'e', vi.)

**Vsq'** hn+seq'+m *perverted. (lit. He was perverted).* (hns<u>eq</u>'m, adj.)

 $\sqrt{sq'}$  saq' to split in two. (saq'); s+saq'+m cleavage (lit. splitting). (ssaq'm, n.)

Vsq' s+saq'+p chink, cleft, crack, cranny, narrow, fissure. (ssaq'p, n.)

Vsq' i n+séq'+mš aberrant (lit. H/s is going astray). (inseq'msh, adj.); s+n+séq'+mš anomaly, to go astray, deviation. (snseq'msh, n.); ; a n+seq'+m to be devious (lit. He strays from the way of right and duty). (anse'qm, vi.); hn+seq'+m criminal, digress. (lit. He erred, turned aside, went off the path). (hnseq'm, n. and vi.); s+n+seq'+mš crime (lit. erring (from the path of life)). (snseq'msh, n.)\* čeł\_či n+séq'+mš I am going astray, I am going to deviate. (cheł chi nsegmsh, vi.)

**Vsr** sar cricket. (sar, n.)

**Vssp** j+sósep Joseph (lit. Chief of Nez Perce). (Jsosep, n.)

√sš se?šáł+qix"? deodorize (lit. it became deprived of odor). (se'shałqikhw, vt.)

√sš tel' t'i?s šípep a priori (lit. from what is finished). (te'l t'i's shipep, conj.)

- Vstč setč to twist. (setch,); ni?+sátč=i?qs+n crank (lit. nose twister). (ni'satchi'qsn, n. and vt.); setč+m-st-m distort (lit. It was twisted from the natural shape). (setchmstm, v.)
- **Vstč** sitč stomach. (sitch, n.); sitč bladder, stomach. (sitch, n.)
- Vst? sti? article, personal possession, belonging. (sti', n.); sti?-s It is his. (sti's, vi.)
- Vst' su<sup>?</sup>t' stretched. (su't'); sut'e·+sut'e rubber, accordi[o]n (lit. that which is stretchable). (sut'eesut'e, n.); u s+sút' elastic (lit. It is having the power of returning to its original form). (ussut', n.); sót'=al'qs cardigan, sweater or colorless jacket opening down the front (lit. elastic clothes). (sot'a'lqs, n.); sót'=i?qs nickname of an Indian, stretch nose. (Sot'i'qs, n.); e· sút'+m-s-n stretch, elongate (lit. I stretch (cust.) it out). (eesut'msn, vt.)
- Vst' čn\_št'+t'=astq Gloss ?? vanquish, win a contest, beat an opponent. (chnsht't'astq, vt.)
- Vst'q a č+sét'q'i+t day, time, daytime. (achset'q'it, n.); \*ac+sét'qi+t date, time (lit. day). (atssetq'it, n.); hn+?ač+set'qit ?? My time. (hn'achset'qit.); žes+t ha? csét'qit It is a good day. (qhest ha' tsset'qit, vi.)

**Vstm** si<sup>9</sup>stm woman's brother-in-law. (si'stm, n.)

- **Vstm** sti<sup>?</sup>m+n appliance, device, tool (lit. something that is used). (sti<sup>'</sup>mn, n.)
- **Vstm** sti?m x<sup>w</sup>e s+k<sup>w</sup>es+t=ílumx<sup>w</sup>-s Xr sti? *What is the name of the place?* (sti'm khwe skwest<u>i</u>lumkhws? (qu.).)
- **Vstm'** s+č+tux<sup>w</sup>+stim' *by-product (lit. something added to a thing in the making).* (schtukhwsti'm, n.)

**Vstq** sétq=aps *April*. (setqaps, n.)

**Vstq** =astq *crop*, *harvest*. (astq, n.)

**Vsw** s+séw+suw'+iš *whisper*. (ss<u>e</u>'wsu'wish, n.)

**Vsw'** sw'a cougar, tiger, etc. (s'wa, n.)

Vsw's siw's ground hog. (si'ws, n.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e siw's groundhog (lit. I saw a groundhog). (chngwich e si'ws, n.); čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e siw's I saw a groundhog. (chngwich ee si'ws, vt.)

- Vsx<sup>w</sup> č+sx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>=íce? bob-tail (lit. a short tail). (chskhukhw<u>it</u>se', n.); čn\_\_yá+sx<sup>w</sup>+l+?ót=qn I finally got a jack rabbit. (chnyaskhw'lotqn, vt.)
- Vsx<sup>w</sup> sex<sup>w</sup> to carry (e.g. on back). (sekhw); s+sux<sup>w</sup>=ílg<sup>w</sup>es burden (lit. something that is carried on the back). (ssukhwilgwes, n.); S+sux<sup>w</sup>+sux<sup>w</sup>=íl'g<sup>w</sup>es chapman (lit. one who packs around goods to sell). (ssukhwsukhwi'lgwes, n.); sye +séx<sup>w</sup>+m carrier (lit. One who carries or conveys). (syeesekhum, n.); sex<sup>w</sup>+m bear (lit. Carry on the back). (sekhwm, v.); e<sup>x</sup> séx<sup>w</sup>-stu-s to lug, carry piggyback (lit. He is carrying it/him on his back). (eesekhwstus, vt.); sex<sup>w</sup>-t-s He packed him (it) on his back. to bear, he carried him, convey. (sekhwts, vt.)
- √sx<sup>w</sup> sux<sup>w</sup> acquainted with, know. (sukhw); s+n+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene? comprehension. (snsukhwene', n.); sye+č+súx<sup>w</sup>+eme<sup>?</sup> tel' s+t+c'éx<sup>w</sup>+ncut Note re. Eng-Cr astrologer, one who understands the stars. (syechsukhweme' te'l stts'eqhwntsut, n.); č+súx<sup>w</sup>+m+en' ha s+t+c'ex<sup>w</sup>+ncut astrology (lit. self illuminating body that is a guide). (chsukhwme'n ha stts'ekhwntsut, n.); s+n+súx<sup>w</sup>+me<sup>2</sup>=cn+mš a means of recognizing the weather. (snsukhwme'tsnmsh, n.);  $is+sux^{*}+me^{+n}$  barometer, guide (lit. something to go by). (Ishsukhwme'n, n.); č+súx<sup>w</sup>+m+en' criterion (lit. a m.o. recognizing standard landmark). (chsukhwme'n, n.); č+súx<sup>w</sup>+m+en' sign, indicator, gauge (lit. a means of recognizing). (chsukhwme'n, n.); sux<sup>w</sup>-n I recognized him. (sukhwn, vt.); súx<sup>w</sup>=us-n I recognized his face. (sukhusn, vt.); sux<sup>w</sup>-t-s he recognized him, he got acquainted with him. (sukhwts, v.); can+sóx"+p+wn' He recognized the back of his head. (tsansokhwpw'n, v.); sux<sup>w</sup>+s+čint He recognized a human being. (sukhwschint, vt.); čn\_\_n+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene? to understand (lit. I recognized with my ear). (chnnsukhwene, v.); čn\_n+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene? I understood, I recognized (him) with my ear. (chnnsukhwene', vi.); e. súx<sup>w</sup>-s-n I know, recognize, am acquainted with him. (eesukhwsn, vt.); e. súx "-s-n-lš I know, recognize, am acquainted with them. (eesukhwsnlsh, vt.); e. súx<sup>w</sup>-st-me-s H/s knows, recognizes, is acquainted with me. (eesukhwstmes, vt.); e. súx - st-eli-s H/s knows, recognizes, is acquainted with us. (eesukhwstelis, vt.); hn+súx "= ene? understood, comprehended. (lit. He recognized with his ear, he came to understand (a new language)). (hnsukhwene', vt.); hn+súx"= ečn'-n I recognized his back. (hnsukhwech'nn, vt.); hn+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene?+mn-n I understood h/h. (hnsukhwene'mnn, vt.); hn+súx<sup>\*\*</sup>=ene?+m-nt-se-s He understood

*me*. (hnsukhwene'mntses, vt.); ni k<sup>w</sup>u\_n+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene? *Did you unaerstand?* (nikunsukhwene'? (qu.).); ni k<sup>w</sup>up\_n+súx<sup>w</sup>=ene? *Did you (pl.) understand?* (nikupnsukhwene'? (qu.).); sux<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>-nú-nt-s *He got acquainted with him*. (sukhukhwnunts, vi.)

- √sx<sup>w</sup> six<sup>w</sup> to pour. (sikhw, vt.); s+six<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> effluence (lit. a flowing out). (ssikhukhw, n.); six<sup>w</sup>-nt-x<sup>w</sup> effuse, spill (lit. you(s) poured it out). (sikhwntkhw, v.); six<sup>w</sup>-nt-s He spilled it. (sikhwnts, v.); č+síx<sup>w</sup>+tp-nt-s decant (lit. He poured (the water) out of doors outside; he poured it forth). (chsikhwłpnts, vt.)
- **√sx<sup>w</sup>** sux<sup>w</sup>+lš *It (fish) jumped*. (s<u>u</u>khwlsh, vi.); s+sux<sup>w</sup>+elš *to jump (ref. to a fish)*. (ss<u>u</u>khwelsh)
- Vsx<sup>w</sup> lut hey'p+súx<sup>w</sup>+me?-is anesthesia (lit. He has no feeling). (lut he'yps<u>ukhwme'is,</u>
  n.); lut he y'+súx<sup>w</sup>+me?+m-s analgesia (lit. He does not feel). (lut he'ys<u>ukhwme'ms,</u>
  n.)
- Vsx<sup>w</sup> s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+síx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> blood-brother (lit. fellow in issue of blood). (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+síx<sup>w</sup>+six<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> brethren, fellow-bloods. (snukwsikhukhw, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+síx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup> concourse (lit. a moving or flowing together). (snukwsikhukhw, n.)
- $\sqrt{sx^{w}} sux^{w} + x^{w}$  it became vacated, empty. (sukhukhw, n.)
- $\sqrt{sx^wq}$  sex<sup>w</sup>q to splash. (sekhwq)
- **√sx** sa**x** to hew, whittle, carve. (saqh)
- √sx hi-sx+écut companion (lit. He is my companion along the way). (hisqhetsut, n.); twa+sx+écut concomitant (lit. He is with a companion). (twasqhetsut, n.)
- $\sqrt{s} \tilde{x}^{w}$  se? $\tilde{x}^{w}$  to dissolve, melt. (se'qhw)
- √sx<sup>w</sup> sáx<sup>w</sup>+ł=k<sup>w</sup>e? aorta, veins, arteries, blood vessel. (saqhwłkwe', n.)
- Vsx<sup>w</sup> sex<sup>w</sup> cracking (ref. to wood). (seqhw); sex<sup>w</sup>-nt-s cleave, split (lit. He split (the blocks or wood)). (seqhwnts, vt.); s+sex<sup>w</sup>+t crevasse, crevice (lit. a split). (sseqhwt, n.)
- $\sqrt{s} \times \sqrt{s} + \times \sqrt{u} \times \sqrt{s} = ice$ ? brevity, shortness, concision. (sqhuqhwitse', n.)
- **Vsy** siy+mscút contended, strove, vied. (siymsts<u>u</u>t, v.); s+č+siy+m+cút+m crusade (lit. any zealous movement for a cause). (schsiymts<u>u</u>tm, n.)
- **Vsy** siy to exert. (siy)
- **Vsy** siy *cedarbark*. (siy)

- Vsy siy+mscút act (lit. make an effort). (siymstsut, n.); i siym+scuï ambitious (lit. He is doing his best). (isiymstsut, adj.); s+siy+mscút ambition, attempt (lit. doing one's best to succeed, making an effort). (ssiymstsut, n.); k<sup>™</sup> ne? čn\_siy+m+s+cut I am going to do my best. (k'wne'chnsiymstsut, vi.)
- √sy si+siy=us is able. (sisiyus, n.); siy+siy=ús He is intelligent, capable. (siysiyus, n.); s+ni?+siy+siy=us champ (lit. one who is most capable). (sni'siysiyus, n.); s+síy+siy= us skill, talent, ability, aptitude. (ssiysiyus, n.); siy+siy=ús clever, shrewd, astute. (siysiyus)
- **Vsyp'** siyep'+em'=íw'es compressor (lit. that which presses together). (siyep'e'mij'wes, n.)
- Vsyt siyat=c'ux<sup>w</sup>=ípele? judge, chancellor, arbiter. (siyatts'uqhwipele', n.); siyat= iy'éq<sup>w</sup>t ? champion (lit. One who defends a cause or another person). (siyati'yeqwt, n.)
- Vs? s+si? maternal uncle. (ssi', n.); ul+s+si? avuncular (lit. pertaining to a maternal uncle). ( ulssi', adj.)
- √s?q' t+sé?+se?q'+m=sn' I punned on it (lit. I took it (word) off the beaten path repeatedly; I played with words). (t-se'se'q"ms'n, vi.); t+sé?+se?q'+m-stu-n H/S punned on it. (t-se'se'q"mstun, vi.); t+sé?+se?q'+m-stu-s-lš They punned on it. (t-se'se'q"mstuslsh, vi.); t+sé?+se?q'+m-st-x" You (sg.) punned on it. (t-se'se'q"mstkhw, vi.); t+sé?+se?q'+m-st-m'et We punned on it. (t-se'se'q"mst'met, vi.); t+sé?+se?q'+m-st-p You (pl.) punned on it. (t-se'se'q"mstp. vi.)
- **Vs<sup>w</sup>** sa<sup>w</sup> to flow, pour. (sa(w); sa<sup>w</sup> to leak. (sa(w); sa<sup>w</sup>+p it overflowed, dripped. (sa(wp, vi.); \*s+č+sá<sup>w</sup>+s<sup>w</sup>+p=us aqueous humor (lit. tears). (schsa(s(wpus, n.)
- Všc šec to dig. (shets); šec+m He dug something, dig. (shetsm, v.); s+n+šc=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> a hollow cavity or hole formed by cutting or digging out earth. (snshtsu'lumkhw, n.); hn+šec+m dig, delve. (lit. He dug a hole). (hnshetsm, vt.); hn+šc=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> He dug a hole in the ground. (hnshtsu'lumkhw.); hn+šc=úl'umx<sup>w</sup>+n excavator. (lit. means of digging in the earth). (hnshtsu'lumkhwn, n.); s+n+šec+m digging a hole. (snshetsm, v.); čn\_n+šc=ul'úmx<sup>w</sup> dig in the ground, excavate (lit. I dug in the ground). (chnnshtsu'lumkhw, vi.); čn\_n+šc=u'lúmx<sup>w</sup> I excavated land (lit. I dug in the ground). (chnnshtsu'lumkhw, vt.)

**Všc** šc=ic-st-m *He (the horse) pawed*. (shts<u>i</u>tshstm, vi.)

Všc' šec' firm, solid, permanent. (shets'); \*hn+šc'+šc'=ílg<sup>w</sup>es (lit. He is stout-hearted, emotionally stable). (hnshch'shts'ilgwes, adj.); s+šec'+šc'+t firmness, solidity. (sshets'shts't, n.); šec'+šic'=e?st diamond (lit. hard stone). (shet'sshits'e'st, n.); šec'+šc'+t It is solid, consistent. (shet'ssh'tst, v.); šc'+šc'+t=íl'š-st-n? corroborate (lit. It was strengthened, it was made sturdy). (shts'shts'tij'lshstn, vi.)

**Všč** k<sup>w</sup>ł+šíč+t+m curt, abrupt (lit. He did an abrupt act). (k'włshichtm, adj.)

- **√ščt** š(=)ečt *thumb, any finger*. (shecht, n.)
- **Všč'** t+šéč'=alq<sup>w</sup> derail (lit. It (train) ran off the rails). (t-shech'alqw, vt.)
- Všč' hn+šč'=qín+emn auditorium. (lit. a place for listening). (hnshch'qinemn, n.); a šč'=qín+m eavesdrop, overhear (lit. H/s customarily listens). (ashch'qinm, vi.); šč'+mi-nt-s He heard it. (shch'mints, vt.)
- Všč' šič' to miss the target. (shi'ch); šíč'=e?st He missed the target. (shich'e'st, vt.); šíč'+nún-n I missed my target. (shich'nunn, vt.); šíč'+nu-nt-s He missed it (the target). (shich'nunts, vt.)
- Všč' šeč' to wait. (shech', n.); šeč' to wait. (shetsh', n.); cen+šétč'-n cf. (from Eng) I waited for him. (tsenshetch'n, vi.)
- √šg<sup>w</sup> ša+šag<sup>w</sup> be sharp. (shashagw, v.); šá+šag<sup>w</sup>+t It is sharp. (shashagwt, vi.); hn+šá+šag<sup>w</sup>=ens H/s/i has sharp tooth or teeth. The saw has sharp teeth. (hnshashagwens, vi.)
- Všg<sup>w</sup>l hn+šég<sup>w</sup>el path, trail, road, the path of life. (hnshegwel, n.); ac+<sup>c</sup>epel+šug<sup>w</sup>íl+m to elope (lit. H/s goes away by a secret road). (ats(epelshugwilm, vi.); i c+<sup>c</sup>epé+ł+šeg<sup>w</sup>el+mš He is going (away) through a secret path. (its(epelshegwelmsh, vi.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>uy+ł+šug<sup>w</sup>íl He went on his last trip. (hnkhuyłshugwil, vi.)
- Všl šel to chop, split. (shel); šél+men axe, adze. (shelmen, n.); šel+mn axe, tomahawk, cleaver. (shelmn, n.); s+šl+ítk<sup>w</sup>up block (lit. wood split into peices). (sshlitkup, n.); š+šl'=us battle-axe, tomahawk. (shsh'lus, n.); š+šl'=us enemy (lit. chop face). (shsh'lus, n.); šl+ítk<sup>w</sup>up He split wood for the fire. (shlitkup, vt.); šel-nt-s chop (lit. He cut it by striking with a heavy sharp tool). (shelnts, v.)
- **Všlč** šelč' to circle. (shelch'); šelč' H/I circled (lit. He went around, in a circle).

(shelch, vi.); šl+l+tš+ł+mnáč=alqs ? Circling Raven. (shlltshłmn<u>a</u>chalqs, n.); s+šélč+mncut cortege (lit. making a circle in ceremonial procession). (ssh<u>e</u>lchmntsut, n.); s+šul'+šl'č+m'ncut merry-go-round, carrousel (lit. going round and round). (sshu'lsh'lch'mntsut, n.); s+t+šelč detour (lit. going a roundabout way). (stshelch, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+s+šéllč+m cycle (lit. one round). (nuk'wssh<u>e</u>llchm, n.); \*šl'+šl'č'+m'ncút turning and turning in a war dance. (sh'lsh'lts'm'nts<u>u</u>t, vi.); t+šélč-nt-s circle (lit. He circled it; h/s went around h/h/i). (t-sh<u>e</u>lchnts, vt.); t+šélč+n compass (lit. I circled it; I went around it). (t-sh<u>e</u>lchn, vt.); t+šélč-nt-m around, beset, he was surrounded, beleaguer (lit. He was encircled, crowded around). (t-sh<u>e</u>lchntm, v.)

- **Všlts** šáltes pa·lač bonus (Chinook jargon). (shaltes paalach, n.)
- **Všl' e** ł+šél'=ečt sucker (fish). (ełsh<u>e</u>'lecht, n.)
- **Všl'** š+šl'=us hostility, hostile. (shsh'lus, n.)
- **Všl'** ši+šil' fine, precise. (shishi'l,); u š+š[i]l' It is very fine, nicely formed, shapely. (ushsh<u>'</u>l, vi.)
- Všł na?číł šił circa, about (used before approximate dates or figures). Maybe or just about. (na'qhił shił, prep.); ne? šił about, approximately. (ne'shił, adv.)
- Všł šił fitting, exact, correct. (shił); šił-nt-s to adjust (lit. He made it accurate). (shiłnts, v.); šił t'+t'áx+t cruise (lit. He speeded just right). (shił t't'aqht, vi.); u· šíł-stu-s befit, beseem (lit. It is suitable or appropriate for him). (uushiłstus, vt.); ni?+sel+m-st-m e lut šił adulterate (lit. It was mixed with something not just right, it was made impure by mixing in a foreign or poorer substance). (ni'selmstm e lut shił, vt.)
- Všm šam to be between. (sham); e šm=íw'es bilateral, two-sided (lit. both sides). (eshmij'wes, vi.); hn+šem-nt-s H/s put it (a long thing) between (in a bag). (hnshemnts, vt.)
- **√šm** s+šem+p+mš *fog*. (ssh<u>e</u>mpmsh, n.)
- Všmn s+šmn+ín'+en' antagonism, hostility. (sshmnij'ne'n, n.); ylmíx\*\*+m he šémen' archenemy, Satan, devil (lit. enemy who is chief). (ylmikhum he sheme'n, n.); šemen' foe, enemy, opponent. (sheme'n, n.); puluł+šémen' he killed his enemy. (pulułsheme'n, v.)

Všm' šim' to benefit. (shi'm); t+ším' H/s benefited from something. (t-shi'm, v.);
t+ším'-n I benefit from h/h. (t-shi'mn, v.); t+ším'-nt-s H/s benefited from h/h.
(t-shi'mnts, v.); s+t+ším'+n benefitting from something, profitting. (stshi'mn, vt.)
Všm' šum' then. (shu'm, conj.)

√šm' sya+cen+ším' conductor (lit. One who leads or guides). (syatsenshi'm, n,)

- **Všm'š** šim'íš any, anybody, anytime, anything. (shi'mish, adj.); šim'íš all-a-round, any, anybody. (shi'mish, adv.)
- **Všn** šen to labor, work. (shen); s+šen+šn+t diligence, industry. (sshenshnt, n.); s+nuk "+šén+n colleague (lit. fellow worker). (snukwshenn, n.); s+nuk "+s+šén+n cooperation (lit. working together). (snukwsshenn, n.); ul+s+ye+šén+n blue-collar (lit. of worker). (ul syeeshenn, adj.); s+šen+n-s earnings, wages, pay (lit. They are things h/s worked for). (sshenns, n.); šen+šn+t H/s is industrious, diligent, earnest, zealous (lit. H/s loves to work). (shenshnt, v.); s+šén+n work, labor. (sshenn, vi.); šen+n-š Work (pl.). (shennsh, imper.); šén+n-ul Work (pl.). (shennul, imper.); šen+n H/s worked. (shenn, vi.); šen+n-lš They worked. (shennlsh, vi.); šn+n+mi-nt-s He used him for work. (shnnmints, vt.); šn+n-šít-s He worked for him. (shnnshits, vi.); čn'\_š'en+n I work (cust). (ch'nsh'enn, v.); čn\_šen+n (lit. I worked). (chnshenn, vt.); č\_y'c+šén+n lit. I am working. (chi'shenn, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_šén+n You (sg.) worked. (kuushenn, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?+šén+n You (sg.) work. (ku'shenn, vi.); kwuy' šén+n You (sg) are working. (ku'yshenn, vi.); č šen+n We will work. (chshenn, vt.); č\_?e·+šén+n work (lit. we work). (ch'eeshenn, vi.); č\_?i·+šén+n lit. we are working. (ch'iishenn, vt.); k<sup>™</sup>up\_šén+n You (pl.) worked. (kupshenn, vi.); kwup\_?e.\_šén+n You (pl.) work. (kup'eeshenn, vi.); k"up\_?i·\_šén+n You (pl) are working. (kup'iishenn, vi.); čeł\_či\_s+šén-n work (lit. I will work). (chełchisshenn, vi.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+šén+n (lit. you(sg.) will work). (chełkusshenn, vt.); ceł, č, s+šén+n work (lit. we will work). (chełchsshenn, vi.); čeł kwup s+šén+n (lit. you will work). (chełkupsshenn, vi.); čen'+u?š+šén+n desire h/s works. (che'nu'shshenn, vt.); čen'+u?š+šen+n+lš desire they work. (che'nu'shshennlsh, vt.); čen'+u?š+čn\_šén+n desire I work. (che'nu'shchnshenn, vt.); čen'+u?š+k<sup>w</sup>u·\_\_šén+n desire you (s) works. (che'nu'shkuushenn, vt.);

čen'+u?š+č\_šén+n desire we work. (che'nu'shchshenn, vt.);

čen'+u?š+k<sup>w</sup>up\_šén+n desire you (pl) work. (che'nu'shkupshenn, vt.); čes+šén-n he/she will work. (chesshenn, vi.); čes+šén-n-lš they will work. (chesshennlsh, vi.); e šén+n labor, work (lit. H/s/i works). (eeshenn, vi.); e šén+n+lš They work, labor. (eeshennlsh, vi.); i šén+n H/s is working. (iishenn, vi.); i šén+n-lš They are working. (iishennish, vi.); hi yc+šén+n-s deserving (lit. something he worked for, he is deserving of it). (hiytsshenns, v.); hn-i?\_nuk\*+šn+min+m collaborate (lit. I am employing him as my collaborator). (hi'nukwshnminm, v.); k'<sup>w</sup>e? n+šén+n (k'w) H/s is going to work. (k'wen'shenn, v.); k'" ne? šén+n-lš They are going to work. (k'wne'shennlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_šén+n I am going to work. (k'wne'chnshenn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? k<sup>w</sup>u'. šén+n You (sg.) are going to work. (k'wne'kuushenn, vi.); \*k<sup>1</sup>"+ne<sup>?</sup>+č+šén+n We are going to work. (k'wnechshenn, v.); ne<sup>?</sup> k<sup>w</sup>u<sup>.</sup> \_šén+n You (sg.) shall work (imper.). (ne'kuushenn, v.); ne? kwup\_šén+n You (pl.) shall work (imper.). (ne'kupshenn, v.); nuk<sup>w</sup>+šn+n+mí-nt-s-es cooperate (lit. She worked with me). (nukwshnnmintses, vi.); t'i? šén H/s has worked. (t'i'shenn, v.); t'i? šén lš They have worked. (t'i'shennish, v.); t'i? čn šén. I have worked. (t'i'chnshenn, v.); t'i? k<sup>w</sup>u, šén You (s) have worked. (t'i'kuushenn, v.); t'i? č šén We have worked. (t'i'chshenn, v.); t'i? kwup \_ šén You (pl) have worked. (t'i'kupshenn, v.); t'ix es+šén·-s H/s had worked. (t'i'khwesshenns, v.); t'ix" es+šén·-s-lš They had worked. (t'i'khwesshennslsh, v.); t'ix hi+s+šén <in-s I had worked. (t'i'khwehisshenn, v.); t'ix" e? i-s+šén <- (t'i'khwe'isshenn, v.); t'i'khwe'isshenn, v.); t'' v.); t'ix" es+šén-et We had worked. (t'i'khwesshennet, v.); t'ix" es+šén-mp You (pl.) had worked. (t'i'khwesshennmp, v.)

- Všn' šen' to lie (ref. to a flat object). (she'n,); šn'=aqs+n breastplate (lit. a plate lying on the chest). (sh'naqsn, n.); t+šn'=alq<sup>w</sup>+n cardboard (lit. flat object that is put on a post). (tsh'nalqwn, n.); s+cen+šn'=ílg<sup>w</sup>es badge (lit. flat object on the chest). (stsensh'nilgwes, n.)
- **Všn'** a n+šén'+šn'=us to wear glasses, bespectacled. (ansheinshinus, vi.); hn+šen'+šn'= us glasses (for the eyes). (hnsheinshinus, n.)

- Všn' cen+šín'-t-s convoy, lead away (lit. He escorted h/h for protection; He went ahead of him). (tsenshiints, n.); te+cen+šín'-t-s conduct (lit. He led or guided him). (tetsenshiints, v.)
- **√šp** č+šip chase. (chship, vt.); č+šip-nt-s He chased him. (chshipnts, vt.); č+šíp-nt-se-s chase (lit. He chased me). (chshipntses, vt.)
- **√šp** šip slow, deliberate. (ship); šip+t he is slow, sluggish, belated. (shipt, v.); šep+t+íl'š decelerate (lit. It became slow, less speedy). (shept<u>i</u>'lsh, v.)
- √šp šip to own, finish, complete. (ship); s+šíp+ep completion, finishing. (sshipep, n.);
  s+šíp+ep+n complement, supplement (lit. something that completes, perfects or makes up a whole). (sshipepn, n.); s+šep+ep=cín conclusion (lit. finishing one's speech). (sshepeptsin, n.); šip+ep accomplish. (shipep, v.); šep+ep=cin conclude (lit. His speech came to an end). (shepeptsin, v.); šíp+ep He finished, it became finished. (shipep, vi.); e· šíp+ep It is complete, finished, done, perfect, consummated. (eeshipep, vi.); šíp+ep-s-n complete, I finished it. (shipepsn, vt.); šíp+ep-stu-s consummate (lit. He completed or achieved it. H/s fulfilled (a marriage) with the first act of sexual intercourse). (shipepstus, vt.); i· šíp+ep+m-s He is finishing it. (iishipepms, vt.)
- Všp šep to chew, eat off bone. (shep); s+šep+m corrosion, rot (lit. gnawing). (sshepm, n.); t+šép-m lit. h/s chewed meat from bone. (t-shepm, vt.); šep-nt-s H/S chewed it. (shepnts, vt.); šep-nt-m corrode, he was molested. (lit. It was gnawed to pieces). (shepntm, vi.); s+t+šep+m chewing meat from bone, gnawing. (stshepm, vt.)
- **Všp** šep discriminate, select, sift, sort. (shep)
- **Všp** marám+šp=alq<sup>w</sup> medicine fir tree. (maramshpalqw, n.)
- Všr šar disobedient, annoying, unruly. (shar); šar lazy, indolent. (shar); hn+šar+n laziness, indolence. (hnsharn, n.); šar+šar+t=úl He is habitually lazy. (sharshartul, vi.); u·šá·r to be lazy, indolent (lit. he seems in a lazy state). (uushaaar, v.); u čn\_šar I feel lazy. (uchnshar, vt.); šar=čt+m-nt-se-s He caused me to feel lazy by his detaining me. (sharchtmntses, vt.)
- Všr šar steep, difficult. (shar); šár+šar+t It is steep, difficult, arduous. (sharshart, v.); hn+šár+šar=cn bull-headed, headstrong. (lit. he is steep (difficult) for the mouth (of the speaker)). (hnsharshartsn, adj.); hn+šár+šar=cn lit. great difficulty is felt by

parents whose disobedient children fail to respond to verbal discipline. (hnsharshartsn.)

- Všr šar to hang (a person). (shar); s+ni?+šár=us broiling meat, boiled beef (lit. hanging over fire). (sni'sharus, n.); t+šar=íčs+n bail (lit. means of carrying (hanging on hand). (tsharichsn, n.); u? t+šar=qn H/s just hangs on. (u'tsharqn, vi.); a n+šár= enč it hangs on the wall. (ansharench, vi.); t+šar=íčt-m H/s hung something on h/h hand. (tsharichtm, v.); t+šar=qn+cút He suspended himself by hanging on to it. (tsharqntsut, v.)
- **Všr** šar *Charles*. (Shar, n.)
- **Všr** a n+šar=i·šíł upstream. (anshariis<u>hił</u>, adv.); s+n+šár+iš going downstream. (snsh<u>a</u>rish, n.)
- **Všr** a t+šar appendage, addition (lit. It is appended). (atshar, vi.)
- **Všr** ni<sup>?</sup>+šar=usi<sup>?</sup>+út+m squash. (ni'sharusi'<u>u</u>tm, n.)
- **√šr** k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+sc+šár=čt H/S took (along) a valise, lantern, etc. (kwanłstsharcht, vt.)
- **√šrč** šarč *troublesome*. (sharch)
- Všrmq's ni?+šármiq's elephant, turkey, Thanksgiving Day. (ni'sharmiq's, n.)
- **√srq<sup>w</sup>s** sarq<sup>w</sup>s pine squirrel. (sarqws, n.)
- **Všr'** hn+šar'+ar'=ípm *He fell to his knees*. (hnsha'ra'ripm, vt.)
- Všs šes doubtful, unbelieving. (shes); hn+šes+p=cn disbelieve. (lit. He disbelieved). (hnshesptsn, vt.); hn+šs+p=cín-t-m disbelieve. (lit. He was refused belief). (hnshsptsintm, vt.); e n+šs+p=cí-stu-s to distrust (lit. H/s (cust.) doubts h/h). (enshsptsistus, vt.)
- **√šs** e šús+t=us *command*, *bid*, *order*. (esh<u>u</u>stus, vt.)
- Všt šet to tease. (shet); št+št=iłc'e? He teased someone. (shtshtiłts'e', vt.); s+št+št= íłc'e? banter (lit. teasing another). (sshtshtiłts'e', n.); s+št+št+n'tw'íš teasing one another. (sshtsht'nt'wish, vt.); šet+št-n't-s H/S teased h/h. (shetsht'nts, vt.); šét+št-n't-s to aggravate, chaff (lit. He teased him). (shetsht'nts, vt.)
- **Všt'** šet' *surrounded*, *encircled*. (shet')
- Všť šeť take care of. (sheť); sye+č+šéť+m chaperone, caretaker, curator, custodian. (syechshet'm, n.); č+šť+ncút+n confident (lit. he has the means of taking care of oneself). (chshťntsutn, n.); t+šť+ncút+n amulet (lit. means of taking care of oneself).

(tsht'nts<u>u</u>tn, n.); sye+č+št'+el'+s+čí+če? cowboy (lit. One who terms horses, (livestock, or cattle) for another). (syechsht'e'lschiche', n.); \*hi-št'=ílt apprentice (lit. He is (my) child under my charge). (hischt'ilt, n.); t+št'=ílt to babysit (lit. He cared for his own or others' children). (t-sht'ilt, vi.); e t+št'+ncút+š to be fastidious, choosy (lit. He takes care of himself). (etsht'nts<u>u</u>tsh, vi.); č+šet'-nt-s He took care of him. (chsh<u>et</u>'nts, vi.)

- Všt' šet' to beat (in a contest), win. (shet'); \*šet'+t' also-ran (lit. He was defeated in a competition). (she't't, n.); št'+t'=ástq checkmate (lit. He defeated others completely). (sht't'astq, v.); s+šet'+t' becoming defeated, defeat. (sshet't', vt.); s+št'+t'=ástq conquest (lit. subduing). (ssht't'astq, n.); s+št'+t'+nu+ncut defeatism, self-defeat. (ssht't'nuntsut, n.); sya+št'+t'=astq conqueror, victor. (syasht't'astq, n.); čn'\_šit'+et'=ástq I won the contest, I beat my opponent. (ch'nshit'et'astq, vt.); št'+t'+nu+nt-s conquer, he overcame him. (sht't'nunts, v.)
- **Všt'** e· šét' upright (lit. It, e.g. a tree, stands upright). (eeshet', adj.); hn+št'=ičn'-t-m He was constrained. (lit. something (ie gun) was set up on his back). (hnsht'ich'ntm, vi.)
- Všt' u n+šáť=qn egalitarianism, equality (lit. of equal heights on top of the head). (unshaťqn, n.); e ni?+šť=íw'es conspicuous, outstanding (lit. H/s/i towers above the rest). (eni'shť'ij'wes, vi.)
- **Všt'** e t+š?t'=íne? attentive (lit. He pays attention by ear). (etsh't'ine', vi.)
- Všť u· šéť It is level (as ground). (uushet', vi.); šéť=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> The ground is level. (uushet'u'lumkhw, vi.); ul+s+ye+č+šť+el'+s+čí+če? bucolic (lit. belonging to a cattle herder). (ul syechshťe'lschiche', adj.)
- Všt' šeť to extend, to project (e.g. a long object). (sheť); t+šéť = ečt branch (lit. projection from a tree). (t-sheť echt, n.); č+šeť = íw'es caldron, kettle (lit. vessel with a projection from the body). (chshe'ti'wes, n.); t+šť = íw'es boiler, kettle (lit. spout jutting from another object). (tshť i'wes, n.); t+šť = iw'es kettle (lit. a vessel with a projection from its body). (t-shť iw'es, n.)
- Všt' cen+šét'+ut bedrock. (tsenshet'ut, n.); žem x<sup>w</sup>e šét+ut The rock is heavy. (qhem khwe shetut, vi.); š+št'+ut calculus (lit. small rock). (shsht'ut, n.); š+št'+ut little rock, pebble. (shsht'ut, n.); šét'+ut rock. (shet'ut, n.)
- **Všw'** šiw' female, feminine. (shi'w); šíw'+šew'+tm girls. (shi'wshe'wtm, n.);

s+šíw'+tm=elt daughter (lit. girl offspring). (sshij'wtmelt, n.); šiw'+tm adolescent girl (12-21). (shi'wtm, n.); š+šiw'+tm' a very young girl. (shshij'wt'm, n.); s+wi?+núm+t+mš he šiw'+tm belle, Diana (lit. a girl who is beautiful). (swi'numtmsh he shij'wtm, n.)

**√šw't** šiw't *rat*. (shi'wt, n.)

**√šx** šáx+šax+t=ałp *spruce*. (sh<u>a</u>qhshaqhtałp, n.)

**Všy'** hn+ší+šey'+t *He was famished*. (hnshishe'yt)

- Vš? ši? to respect, revere. (shi'); lut ší?+še?+t cheeky (lit. He is disrespectful). (lut shi'she't, adj.); hn+še?+še?=ílg<sup>w</sup>es chivalrous, considerate, courteous. (lit. He is respectful at heart). (hnshe'she'ilgwes, adj.); e<sup>.</sup> ší?-stu-s respect, revere (lit. H/s treats h/h with respect, reverence). (eeshi'stus, vt.)
- √š? hn+še?+še?=íne?-nt-s call down, rebuke, chew out, remonstrate. (lit. He rebuked him in the ears). (hnshe'she'ine'nts, vt.); hn+še?+še?=íne?-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You rebuked me, you scolded me. (hnshe'she'ine'ntsekhw, vt.)
- $\sqrt{s}$  u  $\sin^2+m'$  is ad-lib, anyway, anything (lit. to one's liking). (ushi'mish, n.)
- √š? u ši?+m'íš tel' tč+?ésel either (lit. one or the other of two persons). (ushi'mish te'l tch'esel, n.)
- Vš?t ši?t oldest, firstborn. (shi't); č+ši?t alpha (lit. first). (chshi't, n.); e č+ši?t first, foremost, prime, distinguished, capital. (echshi't, adj.); e č+š+ši?t important, cardinal, primary. (lit. It is of foremost importance). (echshshi't, adj.); e t+ši+ši?t best, foremost. (etshishi't, adj.); e t+ší?t first (he is). (etshii't, vi.); ec+še+ší?t element (lit. that which comes first; a main principle). (etssheshi't, n.); hn+ši?(t)=cn+mscút boast. (lit. He placed himself first verbally). (hnshi'tsnmstsut, vi.); hn+ši?(t)= cn+cút+n ancestor. (lit. one who goes before oneself). (hnshi'tsntsutn, n.); sya+c+ší?t bell-wether (lit. One who acts as leader). (sya'tsshii't, n.); ul+eč+š+ší?t classical (lit. belonging to the first rank). (ul echshshi't, adj.)
- **√t** te<sup>-</sup>- *beforehand*. (tee-, pref.)

**√tc** tuc *wellfed*. (tuts)

Vtcnł č\_y'c+č+?it(=)ci·níł the sound of talking is coming nearer. (chi'ch'ittsiiniił, vt.)
Vtč etč- at or on, in the sense of clinging or grasping. (etch... pref.); s+tč=íčst+m awry
(lit. He put his hand in a twisted manner). (stchichstm, adv.)

- Vtč teč to, towards. (tech, adv.); teč=ci? in your direction. (techtsi', adv.); eč=ci?-š (You) go in that direction, get away, begone! t (techtsi'sh, v.)
- Vtč łe k'wey' teč=cí? in former. days, before. (łe k'we'y techtsi', adv.)
- **Vtč** teč+n+peste<sup>9</sup>us ha yuk<sup>w</sup>k<sup>w</sup>m+ús+m=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> *antarctic*. (technpeste'us ha yukkwm<u>u</u>smu'lumkhw, n.)
- Vtč s+teč+s+x<sup>w</sup>ét'+p+n counterattack (lit. counterattack by running). (stechskhwet'pn, n.)

**√tč'** tč'- *bi*-, *bin*-. (tch'-, pref.)

- Vtčcx<sup>w</sup> \*s+tičcx<sup>w</sup>=élp red willow (bitter berries). (stichskhwelp, n.); s+tíčcx<sup>w</sup> snow berries. (stichtskhw, pl. n.)
- Vtčy' e lu+s+tčíy'+m anuresis (lit. It does not urinate). (elustchijym, n.); i čs+tččíy'+ey' diuretic (lit. H/s is disturbed with too much urine). (ichstchchijye'y, n.); lut he y'+n+tč+č=iyng<sup>w</sup>ih-is unable to urinate. (lut he'yntchchijyngwihis, v.)

Vtdš tediš to creep, crawl. (tedish); tediš crept, crawled. (tedish, v.)

Vtg<sup>w</sup> tag<sup>w</sup> to buy. (tagw); teg<sup>w</sup> to buy or sell. (tegw); hi<sup>•</sup> tág<sup>w</sup>=alpq<sup>w</sup> cate, boughten food (lit. something bought for the mouth). (hiitagwalpqw, n.); hn+tág<sup>w</sup>=alpq<sup>w</sup>+n commissary, market, store (lit. place to buy food). (hntagwalpqwn, n.); hn+teg<sup>w</sup>+míncut+n marketplace. (hntegwmintsutn, n.); hn+t+teg<sup>w</sup>+m'íncut+n' boutique, store, shop. (lit. little place for buying for oneself). (hnttegw'mi'ntsutn', n.); s+teg<sup>w</sup>+míncut commerce, commercialism (lit. buying for oneself). (stegwmintsut, n.); s+teg<sup>w</sup>+míncut to buy, purchase, go shopping for. (Gloss [n.]?) (stegwmintsut, vt.); buyer, consumer (lit. One who buys for himself). (syetegwmintsut, n.); teg<sup>w</sup>+mí+ncut He bought for himself. (tegwmintsut, v.); tag<sup>w</sup>=álpq<sup>w</sup> He bought food. (tagwalpqw, v.); tág<sup>w</sup>=alqs He bought clothing. (tagwalqs, v.); č\_y'c+teg<sup>w</sup>+míncut buy (lit. I am buying for myself). (chi'tegwmintsut, vi.); teg<sup>w</sup>+mín-šit-se-s He bought (things) for me. (tegwminshitses, v.)

**√tg<sup>w</sup>** teg<sup>w</sup> to fail to reach. (tegw)

Vtg<sup>w</sup>l' tg<sup>w</sup>el' because, since. (tgwe'l, conj.); tg<sup>w</sup>el' for. (tgwe'l, prep.); tg<sup>w</sup>el'-st-im' Why? (tgwe'lsti'm, adv.); tg<sup>w</sup>el' s+tím why? (tgwe'lst<u>i</u>m? qu.); tg<sup>w</sup>el' s+tim' ł k<sup>w</sup>u čic+x<sup>w</sup>uy Why did you come? (tgwe'l sti'mł ku chitskhuy, v.)

**√tg<sup>w</sup>m'** tíg<sup>w</sup>em' *navel, belly button.* (tigwe'm, n.)

Vtg"n e cen+tég"en' amateur, novice, neophyte (lit. One who has not yuite reached (a requisite goal)). (etsentegwe'n, n.); can+tég"en' He failed to reach. (tsantegwe'n, v.)

**Vtj s**+tj+mín+n *pincushion*. (stjm<u>i</u>nn, n.)

**√tk<sup>w</sup>** tek<sup>w</sup> watertight. (tekw)

**Vtk**<sup>w</sup> tik<sup>w</sup> suspect, smell out. (tikw)

- Vtk<sup>w</sup> tuk<sup>w</sup> to chug (e.g. a motor). (tukw); u<sup>.</sup> túk<sup>w</sup>+tuk<sup>w</sup>+tuk<sup>w</sup> chug (lit. It (engine) chugged on). (uut<u>u</u>kwtukwtukw, vi.)
- Vtk<sup>w</sup> tek<sup>w</sup>=e·ní? He heard. (tekweeni', v.); s+tík<sup>w</sup>+tek<sup>w</sup>+n clue, implication, inference, indication (lit. means of arousing suspicion). (stikwtekwn, n.); čn\_tek<sup>w</sup>=e·ní? I heard (something) about (something). (lit. I detected with the ear). (chntekweeni', vt.)

Vtk<sup>w</sup> ni?+ták<sup>w</sup> brushy (lit. It is brushy). (ni't<u>a</u>kw, adj.); ni?+ték<sup>w</sup> brake, thicket, brushwood (lit. a woods whose interior is suffocating). (ni't<u>e</u>kw, n.)

Vtk<sup>w</sup>? tik<sup>w</sup>e? paternal aunt (if father is living). (tikwe', n.)

- Vtk<sup>™</sup>p s+ték<sup>™</sup>+tuk<sup>™</sup>p+t angina, asthma (lit. becoming suffocated periodically, impairing the respiration again and again). (st<u>e</u>kwtukwpt, n.)
- Vtk<sup>™</sup>p šl+ítk<sup>™</sup>up He split wood for the fire. (shl<u>i</u>tkup, vt.); s+šl+ítk<sup>™</sup>up block (lit. wood split into peices). (sshl<u>i</u>tkup, n.)

Vtk'<sup>w</sup> tek'<sup>w</sup> choke, smother. (tek'w)

Vtl tel break off, ref to a soft object. (tel); tel+p a single object breaks up. (telp); til+til+p break up, disintegrate. (tiltilp); tel s+g<sup>w</sup>el+p igneous. (tel sgwelp, adj.)

**Vtl** hn+tél+ncut to have diarrhea (lit. he had diarrhea). (hnt<u>e</u>lntsut, v.)

**Vtl** sye +tél+m+šeš administrator (lit. one who settles on estate). (syeetelmshesh, n.)

**Vtlt** cen+tlu·t+íl'š bereaved, orphaned (lit. He became an orphan). (tsentluut<u>i</u>'lsh, vt.)

Vtl' tel' from the. (te'l, adv.); tel' ci? xes+t better. (te'l tsi' qhest, adv.); tel'+ci?+xes+t better (lit. good from that point on). (te'ltsi'qhest, adj.); tel' n+g<sup>w</sup>is+t from above, from on high. (te'l ngwist, prep.); tel' s+en+k'<sup>w</sup>de?=ús=šn derivative (lit. from the source). (te'l senk'wde'ushn, n.); tel' s+k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>úl'+ul' congenital (lit. it exists from birth). (te'l sk'uk'u'lu'l, adj.); tel' lék<sup>w</sup>ut afar, from afar. (te'l lekut, adv.); tel' n nim'+í?+tew'es centrifugal (lit. moving or directed from the center). (te'l ni'mi'te'wes, adj.); tel' t'i?s šípep a priori (lit. from what is finished). (te'l t'i's shipep, conj.); x<sup>w</sup>a tal' an+x<sup>w</sup>an'=áxn anymore, from now on (lit. from this arm over). (khwa

ta'l ankhwa'naqhn, adv.); čn\_tel'+hn+mulš=enč. Similar constr (with tl fused to the stem) occurs in Ok *flock ford, Washington (lit. I am from Rockford, Washington)*. (chntel'(h)nmulshench, v.); tel' ci?+enís continue (lit. from there he went on). (te'l tsi'enis, v.); tel' ci? č'es+íl'š-st-m degenerate (lit. He was made worse). (te'l tsi ch'esti'lshstm, v.)

- Vtl'q tal'q touch with foot, tread, step on, kick. (tal'q); č+tl'+tl'q+min+n steps. (cht'lt'lqminn, n.); č+tl'+tl'q=ičn' bike, bicycle. (cht'lt'lqich'n, n.); sya+č+tl'+tl'q=ičn' cyclist. (syacht'lt'lqich'n, n.); i tál'q+m-s He is square dancing, round dancing. (iita'lqms, vi.); tal'q-nt-s He kicked it. (ta'lqnts, v.)
- **√tł** tił brushy objects sprawl. (tił)
- **Vtł** e<sup>•</sup> ti+teł *airplane, flying machine*. (eetiteł, n.); \*e<sup>•</sup> ti?+te?ł *airplane*. (eeti'te'l, n.); s+ti?ł *aviation, flying*. (sti'ł, n.)
- Vtł hn+toł=alqs+n black-top, asphalt. (lit. means of paving roads). (hntołalqsn, n.)
- **√tł** s+tół=łx<sup>w</sup> adobe (lit. a dwelling made of accumulate dried brick). (stołłkhw, n.)
- Vtł cen+téł+t=cn cut off, short cut. (tsentelttsn, vt.)
- Vtł teł straight. (teł); u téł aright, straight, correct. (uuteł, n.); u téł It is straight, correct, direct. (uuteł, vi.); tł+ł+útm corrigible (lit. He is capable of being straightened). (tłłutm, adj.); s+téł+mncut discipline, training (lit. straightening oneself). (stełmntsut, n.); s+téł+m+šeš aligning, correction. (stełmshesh, n.); teł+m-s-n amend, I rectified it. (tełmsn, v.)
- **Vtł** s+ds(t)+tíł+mš *He travelled by night*. (sdst<u>i</u>łmsh, v.)
- Vtł s+n+g<sup>w</sup>ár'=us x<sup>w</sup>e<sup>•</sup> tíł+teł=l'mx<sup>w</sup> boysenberry (lit. descendant of blackberry vine). (sngw<u>a</u>'rus khwee t<u>i</u>łteł'lmkhw, n.); tíł+tł+el'mx<sup>w</sup> blackberries, vine of the blackberries. (t<u>i</u>łteł'lmkhw, n.)
- **Vtłm** s+tełm *boat, skiff, ship, vessel.* (stełm, n.)
- **Vtht** u<sup>•</sup> telt go directly, beeline. (uutelt)

Vtm s+te·m=ílg<sup>\*</sup>es blood relation, collateral relative (lit. a companion at heart). (steemilgwes, n.); g<sup>\*</sup>ł s+ta·m=ílg<sup>\*</sup>es clan (lit. relatives). (guł staamilgwes, n.); či+s+te·m=ílg<sup>\*</sup>es-s I am h/h relative. (chisteemilgwess, adj.); žes+t he s+te·m= ílg<sup>\*</sup>es boon (lit. He is good who is a relative). (qhest he steemilgwes, vi.); pulu+s+te·m=ílg<sup>\*</sup>es he killed his relative. (pulułsteemilgwes, v.); s+te·m=ílg<sup>\*</sup>es-s H/s is h/h relative. (steemilgwess, v.); s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-s-lš They are h/h relatives. (steemilgwesslsh, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+teem=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-s You (sg.) are his/her relative. (kusteemilgwess, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-s You (pl.) are his/her relatives. (kupsteemilgwess, vi.); či+s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-s-lš relative (lit. I am their relative). (chissteemilgwesslsh, adj.); hi-s+s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-lš relative (lit. I am their relative). (chissteemilgwesslsh, adj.); hi-s+s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es H/S is my relative. (histeemilgwes, vt.); hi-s+s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-lš They are my relatives. (histeemilgweslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>\_i-s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es You (sg.) are my relative. (kwisteemilgwes, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hn-s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es You (pl) are my relatives. (kuphisteemilgwes, n.); čn\_i-s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es related, relative (lit. I am your relative). (chnisteemilgwes, vi.); i(n)-s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es (lit. I am your (sg.) relative). (chnisteemilgwes, vt.); i(n)-s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es H/s is your (sg.) relative. (isteemilgwes, v.); čn\_i-s+te·m= ig<sup>w</sup>es-mp (lit. I am your (pl.) relative). (chnisteemilgwes, vt.); s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-et H/s is our relative. (steemilgweset, v.); s+te·m=ílg<sup>w</sup>es-mp H/s is your (pl.) relative. (steemilgwesmp, v.)

- Vtm tam scorch, toast, singe. (tam); tam+p It was scorched. (tamp, adj.); s+tam+p cinder (lit. a partly charred substance that can burn further, but without flame). (stamp, n.); u tám It remains scorching hot. (uutam, vi.); tam-nt-m char (lit. It was scorched). (tamntm, v.)
- Vtm tam+tam+n+úl He is sociable. (tamtamnul, adj.); lu+s+tem+ne+s+čínt unsociable, unfriendly, cantankerous, perverse (disposition) (lit. One who is not sociable). (elustemneschint, n.); t+k<sup>w</sup>eł+tem+n+elwís He went about visiting people treating them sociably. (tkwełtemnelwis, v.); e temn+es+čínt convivial, kind (lit. He treats others sociably). (etemneschint, vt.); e tím-nt-m He was amused. (timntm, vi.)

**Vtm** u n+tó·m It is dirty, The water is unclean. (unt<u>ooo</u>m, v.)

Vtm s+ta·m'+ł+p'áž The wound was finally healed. (staaa'młp'aqh, vt.)

Vtm e č+tm=ílx" to be bare. (echtm<u>i</u>lkhw, vi.); č+tm=elx"+ncút divest (lit. H/S made h/h self bare). (chtmelkhwnts<u>u</u>t, vi.); e n+tém+tm=ens to have decayed teeth. (ent<u>em</u>tmens, vt.)

**Vtm** e lu+s+č+tím+m to be blameless, innocent. (eluschtimm, vi.); č+tim-n accuse, blamed (lit. I accused him). (chtimn, vt.); č+tim-nt-s criminate (lit. He accused him of a crime), criticize (lit. He found fault with him). (chtimnts, vt.)

- Vtm tg<sup>w</sup>el' s+tim' Why? (tgwe'lsti'm, adv.); tg<sup>w</sup>el' s+tím why? (tgwe'lst<u>i</u>m? qu.); tg<sup>w</sup>el' s+tim' ł k<sup>w</sup>u čic+x<sup>w</sup>uy Why did you come? (tgwe'l sti'mł ku chitskhuy, v.)
- Vtm tum to pump, suck (e.g. through a tube). (tum); s+ti?m baste (food), beating (dried meat). (sti'm, vt.)

**√tm?** tímu? *fern*. (t<u>i</u>mu', n.)

Vtmds tmídus tomato. (tmidus, n.)

**Vtmh** s+ni<sup>?</sup>+tm+tmi<sup>.</sup>h=us+mš *blizzard*. (sni<sup>.</sup>tmtmiih<u>u</u>smsh, n.)

Vtmlx<sup>w</sup> tmílx<sup>w</sup>=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> earth, soil, territory, country. (tm<u>i</u>lkhu'lmkhw, n.)

**Vtml'** $\check{\mathbf{x}}$  t'omól' $\check{\mathbf{x}}$  *hailstone*. (t'om<u>o</u>'lqh, n.)

- **Vtmn** tímn<sup>•</sup> chattel, utility, commodity (lit. a useful thing). (timnn, n.); č+timn+n caliber, usefulness, worth, quality. (chtimnn, n.)
- Vtmn s+č+tímn criticism, default, blame. (schtimn, n.); č+timun+út+m culpable, it is blameworthy. (chtimunutm, vi.); č+tem+temn+úl He is captious (lit. He is marked by a disposition to find fault). (chtemtemnul, vi.); č's+č's+tmen+ł+le·swíp anti-Semite. (ch'sch'stmenł leeswip, n.)
- Vtmn s+n=tm+tmni+n' catacomb, cemetery (lit. a burying place for the dead). (sntmtmniin, n.); tm+tmni? cadaver, corpse, carcass, defunct (lit. He is a dead body). (tmtmnii, n.); tm+tmni? corpse, cadaver, body. (tmtmni, n.); hn+tm+tmni?+n tomb, cemetery, mausoleum. (hntmtmniin, n.); u xwel'e tm+tmni? cadaverous, corpselike (lit. He looks like a dead body). (uqhwe'letmtmnii, adj.)
- **Vtmn** s+timn *amusement, entertainment*. (stimn, n.); s+temne+s+čínt *to entertain, host*. (stemnesch<u>i</u>nt, v.)

Vtmp s+n+témp=ens caries (lit. decaying of tooth). (sntempens, n.)

**Vtmr's** t+mer'=us ketchup (l.w. from Engl. tomatoes). (tme'rus, n.)

**Vtmš** tmš=qn+mí+ncut *capitulate, comply, acquiesce (lit. He made himself empty-headed).* (tmshqnmintsut, v.)

Vtmš u tmíš only, but. (utm<u>i</u>sh, adv.)

**Vtmt** timu<sup>.</sup>tí *Timothy*. (Timuut<u>i</u>, n.)

**Vtmx**<sup>w</sup> temx<sup>w</sup> rotten (ref. to a tree). (temkhw)

Vtmx<sup>w</sup> t+tm'íx<sup>w</sup> bird, animal, beast, cattle. (tt'mikhw, n.); t+tm'ík<sup>w</sup>+ul'um'x<sup>w</sup> acre (lit. a small field). (tt'mikhu'lum'khw, n.); ul+x<sup>w</sup>i\_y'e+tmíx<sup>w</sup>=l'mx<sup>w</sup> American, earthly (lit.

belonging to this land (world)). (ul khwi'yetmikhw'lmkhw, adj.), u x el'é t+tm'íx" (lit. It is like an animal) birdlike. (uqhwe'le tt'mikhw); hn+t+tm'ix\*+n' aviary, birdcage. (lit. a place for birds). (hntt'mikhwn', n.); s+čm'=álpg"s he t+tm'ix" craw *(lit. esophagus of a bird).* (sch'malpqws he tt'mikhw, n.); s+c'uwe ní he t+tm'ix<sup>w</sup> dinosaur (lit. It is a giant one who is an animal). (sts'uweeni he tt'mikhw, n.); s+cen+k<sup>w</sup>úl'+l'-s x<sup>w</sup>e tmíx<sup>w</sup>=l'umx<sup>w</sup> map (lit. means of making a description of land). (stsenku'l'ls khwe tmikhw'lumkhw, n.); s+t+miy+y=ipele?-s x"e tmix"=l'umx" description of earth, geology, geography. (stmiyyipele's knwe tmikhw'lumkhw, n.); s+t+miy+iy=iple?-s x<sup>w</sup>e t+č'm=ásg'it tmix<sup>w</sup>=ulmx<sup>w</sup> cosmography, science of what is in the sky and earth. (stmiyiyipele's knwe tch'masq'it twe tmikhulmkhw, n.); e tmíx\*= lumx" to be on earth. (etmikhulumkhw, vi.); in-tmíx"=lumx" district (lit. It is your land, territory, province, etc.). (intmikhwlumkhw, n.); t+tm'i x<sup>w</sup>+íl'š dehumanize (lit. He became a mere animal). (tt'miikhwi'lsh, v.); ?epł t+tm'ix" to have livestock (lit. H/s has livestock, commonly ref. animals or birds). (epłtt'mikhw, vt.); ul+li béč he tmíx<sup>w</sup>=l'm-s diocese (lit. It is a land or district in which a bishop has authority). (ul liibech he tmikhu'lms, n.)

Vtm' s+č+tem'+p cloud. (schte'mp, n.); e lu+s+č+tém'+p cloudless, clear (sky), (lit. It has no cloud). (eluschte'mp, vt.)

**Vtm'** tim' ground is clear of snow. (ti'm)

- **Vtm'** lut s+tim' nothing, cipher, zero. (lut sti'm, n.)
- **Vtm'** tim' to use. (ti'm); sye+tím'+n applicator (lit. an instrument for applying something). (syeetiimn, n.)
- Vtm' tm'+m'+čí· caravan (lit. There goes a single file of many vehicles or pack animals). (t'm'mchí··!, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+ł+túm' bevy, group, brood, class, covey. (nuk'włtu'm, n.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+ł+tum' ha sóltes battalion (lit. a unit of soldiers). (nuk'włtu'm ha soltes, n.)
- **Vtm'** łoq<sup>w</sup>+s+tím' *what else*. (łoqwst<u>i</u>'m, adv.)
- Vtm' \*u x<sup>w</sup>el'é s+tm'=qn=íłx<sup>w</sup> conical (lit. It is shaped like a tepee). (uqwe'le st'mqiłkhw, n.)
- Vtn ten tight. (ten)
- Vtn ten to pull (rope). (ten)

- Vtn ten' arranged in a line. (te'n); s+tén'm+šeš classification, echelon (lit. arranging in a line). (st<u>e</u>'nmshesh, n.); ten'+m-stu-s classify (lit. He lined (them) according to category). (te'nmstus, v.); tén'+m-s-n arrange (lit. I put them in a deliberate order or relation). (t<u>e</u>'nmsn, v.)
- Vtnš tunš nephew. (tunsh, n.); tunš+íw'es uncle and nephew or vice versa. (tunshi'wes, n.)

**Vtnt** tent-nt *fit tightly (clothes)*. (tentnt)

**Vtp** tup to cool. (tup)

Vtp s+tep+k<sup>w</sup>(n+m detention (lit. witholding something from things taken away). (stepkwinm, n.)

Vtpłą s+tapáłqi Liberty Butte near Tensed and DeSmet. (Stapałqi, n.)

**Vtpn'** tupen' spider, black widow, daddy longlegs. (tupe'n, n.)

Vtq taq fool, deceive. (taq, v.); teq to cheat-, outwit--. (teq); téq+teq+t wily, shrewd, calculating, sly. (teqteqt, adj.); taq to touch, cover with hand. (taq); a ča +táq blind (lit. He is covered over, touched). (achaataq, adj.); téq+teq+t cagey, he is cagey, shrewd, calculating, coy, artful, crafty, deceitful. (teqteqt, adj.); s+taq+aq+nú=tc'e? barratry (lit. deceiving other people). (stagagnults'e', n.); s+tag+ag+nún+m artifice (lit. succeeding in making subtle deception). (staqaqnunm, n.); s+téq+teq+t cunning (lit. skill in deception). (steqteqt, n.); taq+taqi?+út+m cable-gram, telegraph, typewriter (lit. that which is operated by the touch)). (taqtaqii'utm, n.); taq+aq+út+m concrete, corporeal, tangible (lit. It is capable of being touched (physically). (taqaqutm, n.); s+taq+aq+nu+s+čínt chicanery, deception (lit. deceiving people). (staqaqnuschint, n.); s+mya+s+taq+aq+nu+s+čínt (note my-) coup, extraordinary deception. (smyastaqaqnuschint, n.); \*táq=št+m waved (lit. He out his hand in a touching attitude). (laqlshtm, vi.); a n+taq+taq=ine? to be deaf (lit. Touched in both ears). (antagtagine', vi.); tag-n I touched him. (tagn, vt.); tag+ag-nún-n I succeeded in touching him, I fooled him, deceive. (taqaqnunn, v.); taq+aq-nún-t-s-es beguile, he deceived me. (taqaqnuntses, vt.)

**Vtq** taq+t Bird returns in the spring. (taqt, v.)

**Vtq** ta+tq to hang strips of smoked fat. (tatq)

vtg a n+tuq=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> crypt, grave (lit. Hole in the ground). (antuq<u>u</u>l'mkhw, n.)

Vtq s+teq= $\ln$  (a species of) huckleberries (found in the woods). (steq $\ln$ , n.)

- Vtq táq=čsit bespeak (lit. He gave a sign to him with his hand). (taqchsit, v.); táq=čt-m to wave (lit. He put his hand in a touching attitude). (taqchtm, vi.)
- **Vtq** taq=il'p-nt-m *clog (lit. It (stream) was clogged (dammed up)).* (taqi'lpntm, v.)

Vtqg"ł čata+teqe"eł blue bird. (chatateqegweł, n.)

**Vtqw'** taqáw' deaf-mute, He is a dumb (mute) person. (taqa'w, n.)

Vtq' taq'+taq'+n+mí Chilco Mountain. (Taq'taq'nmi, n.)

Vtq<sup>w</sup> s+n+tuq<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> crater (lit. a depression in the ground caused by a volcano, meteor, etc.). (sntuququ'lmkhw, n.)

**√tq'<sup>w</sup>sm'** s+tuq'<sup>w</sup>súm' *weasel*. (stuq'ws<u>u</u>'m, n.)

**Vtr** tar untie, loosen. (tar); s+tar+m absolve, compurgation (lit. untying). (starm, vt.)

Vtr tar stretch out, extend. (tar); tor tough (as meat, leather). (tor)

- **Vtr** tor=s beckon (with the eye). (tor...s)
- Vtr' s+tar'=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? canal, ditch (lit. a man-made stream). (sta'ritkwe', n.); tar' to be laid out in trails, have trails. (tar'); s+ni?+tar'=iłx<sup>w</sup> avenue, boulevard (lit. road among houses). (sni'ta'riikhw, n.); s+ni?+ta+tar'=íłxw alley. (sni'tata'riikhw, n.); tar'+ítk<sup>w</sup>e? canalize (lit. He provided an outlet for water). (ta'riitkwe', v.)

**√trq** s+tareq=šn *mud hen*. (star<u>e</u>qshn, n.)

Vts tes to bulge. (tes); tes+p bloat (lit. It became swollen). (tesp, v.); s+ni?+tés+ts+p= enč bulkage (lit. swellings among the intestines, any substance that stimulates peristalsis by increasing the bulk of material in the intestines). (sni'testspench, n.)

**Vts**  $s+t+g^{w}up+t=\delta s+m=al'qs$ ? *fur coat*. (stguptosma'lqs, n.)

Vtš ?epł t'iš Waverly, Washington (lit. It has sugar). (Epłt'ish, n.)

Vtt \*<sup>cw</sup>+a<sup>cw</sup>+eł+t+tót+ot H/s has many pets. (a(welttot, vt.)

**Vtw?** tiwe? to indulge. (tiwe', stem.)

Vtw? twi? alas! (twi'! excl.)

**Vtw?** tíwe?-nt-s coddle (lit. She babied h/h). (tiwe'nts, v.)

**Vtwn** tíwn=łc'e? *doe*. (tiwnłts'e', n.)

- **Vtwp'** twip' step over. (twip'); twip'=šn-s bestride; He stepped over it. (twip'shnts, v.)
- **Vtwš** tewš cross (country or prairie). (tewsh); s+tewš diameter (lit. going across, traversing, measure thereof). (stewsh, n.); téwš=ečt six (lit. H/h finger went across).

(tewshecht, n.); tuwš+ač+l'=úpen sixty, six times ten. (tuwshach upen, n.); tuwš+íčt=us cube (lit. It has six faces). (tuwshichtus, n.); ?upen uł téwš=ečt sixteen. (upen uł tewshecht, n.); tewš lit. he traversed a plain. (tewsh, vt.); hn+tuwš=íč=łc'e? revolver, six-shooter, cylinder. (hntuwshichtse', n.)

**Vtwšl** s+tuwšíl'=k<sup>w</sup>e? *to swim*. (stuwsh<u>i</u>'lkwe', vi.)

Vtw' tuw' to crowd, swarm. (tu'w); tuw' to stuff. (tu'w); hn+tuw'-nt-m cram (lit. It was stuffed). (hntu'wntm, vi.)

**Vtw'š** -tew'éš *joint, together*. (te'wesh, suf.)

- Vtw't t+tw'it boyfriend. (tt'wit ha sl'aqht, n.); t+tw'it adolescent boy, young man. (tt'wit, n.); s+t+tw'i t=íl'š adolescence (lit. becoming youth). (stt'wiiti'lsh, n.)
- Vtx<sup>w</sup> s+č+tex<sup>\*</sup>+x<sup>\*</sup> accretion, addition. (scht<u>ekhukhw, n.); s+č+tex<sup>\*</sup>+m addiction.</u> (scht<u>ekhum, n.); s+č+tux<sup>\*</sup>+stim' by-product (lit. something added to a thing in the making). (schtukhwsti'm, n.); č+tux<sup>\*\*</sup>=cín+n relishes, condiment (lit. something added to food eaten). (chtukhwts<u>i</u>nn, n.); hi y+č+téx<sup>\*\*</sup> appendix (lit. something added). (hiycht<u>ekhw, n.); hi y+č+téx<sup>\*\*</sup> appurtenance (lit. something added to another, more important, thing)</u>. (hiycht<u>ekhw, n.); u x<sup>\*\*</sup>el'é č+tux<sup>\*\*</sup>+mín+n complementary (lit. like an addition)</u>. (uqhwe'l<u>e</u> chtukhwm<u>i</u>nn, n.); tix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m He looked to obtain necessities. (t<u>i</u>khum, v.); č+tex<sup>\*\*</sup>-nt-s to add, aggrandize, he increased it, (lit. he added it to something else). (cht<u>ekhwnts, vt.); č+tex<sup>\*\*</sup>+tux<sup>\*\*-n'</sup>t-s H/S exaggerated it (lit. H/S colored it highly</u>). (chtekhwtukhw'nts, vt.);</u>

**√tx<sup>w</sup>** tux<sup>w</sup>+s+k<sup>w</sup>ís-nt-s *He named him*. (tukhwskw<u>i</u>snts, v.)

- **Vtx**<sup>w</sup> i tíx<sup>w</sup>+mš She is gathering something. (iit<u>i</u>khumsh, vt.); tix<sup>w</sup>+m he s+p'ít'em He went out to gather bitterroots. (t<u>i</u>khum e sp'<u>i</u>t'em, v.)
- **Vtx<sup>w</sup>č** s+n+mnep+ł+tíx<sup>w</sup>č *dagger (small) (lit. blade in form of toungue).* (snmnepłt<u>i</u>khwtsh, n.); tix<sup>w</sup>cč *tongue*. (tikhwtsch, n.)
- Vtx s+tax+tex=él'č doll. (staqhteqhe'lch, n.); s+t+tax+tex=el'č dolly (lit. a little doll). (sttaqhteqhe'lch, n.)
- Vtž t'až bitter, sharp to taste, piquant. (taqh); t'až+t bitter. (taqht, adj.); t'až+t acid, acidic, bitter (lit. having a taste that is sharp and unpleasant). (taqht, n.); t'až+t'áž pepper, spice (lit. bitter bitter). (taqhtaqh, n.); hn+taž+táž+n pepper shaker. (hntaqhtaqhn, n.); u ž"al'á taž+táž all-spice (lit. It is like pepper). (uqhwa'la

taqht<u>a</u>qh, n.); tax+t ha n+x<sup>w</sup>ús=k<sup>w</sup>e? *ale (lit. (more) bitter beer)*. (taqht hanqh<u>u</u>skwe', n.)

- Vt× i n+ta?×+ilg<sup>w</sup>es anxious (lit. H/s felt a sting of pain in h/h heart). (inta'qhilgwes, adj.); s+n+ta?×=ilg<sup>w</sup>es angst, uneasiness, apprehension, anxiety, care. (snta'qhilgwes, n.); hn+ta?×=ilg<sup>w</sup>as agitate (lit. His heart was concerned. He was disturbed). (hnta'qhilgwas, v.); hn+ta?×=ilg<sup>w</sup>as agitate, disturb, upset (lit. His heart was concerned). (hnta'qhilgwas, v.)
- $\sqrt{t}$  tax+tax+q=i/p *black birch*. (taqhtaqhqi/p, n.)
- Vtx u č+táx=us bug-eyed, He is eagerly expectant or excited (lit. He is looking with a still eye). (uchtaqhus, v.)
- Vtx s+táx=enč bowel, intestine, colon. (staqhench, n.); ni?+s+táx+tax=enč intestines. (ni'staqhtaqhench, pl. n.); ul+pus ha s+táx=anč-s catgut (lit. of cat his gut). (ul pus ha staqhanchs, n.)
- Vt× ta× to stop. (taqhw); ul+s+tá× +x\* deleterious (lit. It belongs to death). (ulstaqhukhw, adj.); ul+n+tá× +x\* +n deathly, mortal (lit. belonging to death). (ulntaqhuqhwn, adj.); ul+ci+tá× +a× caesura (lit. He made a pause in phrasing a metrical line). (ułtsiitaqhwaqhw, n.); hn+tá× +x\* +n death, deadly. (hntaqhuqhwn); s+tá× +m+šeš blockade, delay, barrier, dam (lit. stopping something). (staqhumshesh, n.); s+tá× +x\* decease, death, dead (lit. coming to a stop). (staqhuqhw, vi.); tá× +u× He died. (taqhuqhw, vi.); t+tu× +\* +i · He was found dead. (ttuqhoqhwiii, vi.); u· tá× He is still, at rest. (uutaqhw, vi.); pan'+tá× +i\* H/h spouse died. He became a widower. She became a widow. (pa'ntaqhuqhw, vi.); tu× +×\* +nún+c devitalize (lit. He succeeded in bringing him to a standstill). (tuqhuqhwnunts, v.); tu× +tu× +m+nún+c deactivate (lit. He succeeded in stopping him). (tuqhuqhumnunts, v.); tá× +m-stu-s delay (lit. He detained (stopped) him). (taqhumstus, v.); uł+ci+tá× +m-st-m deferred (lit. It is stopped for now). (ułtsiitaqhumstm, v.)
- Vty' tuy'+m+ncut bow, crouch, bend (lit. He bowed). (tu'ymntsut, v.)
- Vty'q<sup>w</sup> tiy'eq<sup>w</sup> to fight. (ti'yeqw); hn+tiy'+tiy'eq<sup>w</sup>+n' Armageddon; the scene of a final battle between the forces of good and evil. (hnti'yti'yeqwn', n.); hn+t'+t'ey'eq<sup>w</sup>+tn arena. (lit. place for fighting). (hnt'te'yeqwtn, n.); \*čeł+n+tiy'+tiy'éq<sup>w</sup>+n'

Armageddon (lit. the scene of a final battle between the forces of good and evil). (chełnti'yti'yegw'n, n.); tiy'+tiy'eq<sup>w</sup>+t+ul He is bellicose, pugnacious. (ti'yti'yeqwtul, v.); tiy'+tiy'éq<sup>w</sup>+t-lš conflict (lit. They fought with each other). (ti'yti'yeqwtlsh, v.); a n+tiy'eq<sup>w</sup>+t+núm+t combative (lit. He is eager to fight). (anti'y e qwt<u>nu</u>mt, vi.); čs+tiy'éq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s champion, support (lit. He fought as champion of i/h etc.). (chsti'yeqwnts, vi.)

- Vt? ti? to pound, hit. (ti'); ti?+i? to bump. (ti'i'); \*č+te?e+mín'+tw'eš clash (lit. they collided). (chte'emiints'wesh, vi.); s+č+te?e+m'i·n=iw'es collision. (schte'e'miinii'wes, n.); s+n=ta?=qín credential, confirmation (lit. hitting on top of head). (snta'qin, n.); č+te?+eł+wl+wlím+n anvil. (chte'etwlwlimn, n.); hn+te?+eł+wl+wlím+n blacksmith shop, smithy, forge (lit. place for shaping metals by hammering). (hnte'etwlwlimn, n.); sye+te?+eł+wl+wlím blacksmith, coppersmith (lit. One who shapes metals by hammering). (syete'etwlwlim, n.)
- Vt? e n+t+tu?+tu? bologna, lunch meat (lit. stuffed stuffed). (enttu'tu', n.)
- **Vt?** hi-s+tí? It is mine. (hist<u>i'</u>, v.)
- √t? ti?+k<sup>w</sup>up+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m You (pl) have dined. (ti'kupnm<u>a</u>'ya'yqnm, v.); ti?+q<sup>w</sup>á+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-lš They have been spoken to. (ti'qwa'qwe'elstmlsh, v.)
- Vt?ł ti?ł to fly. (ti'ł,); te?+te?ł+i?ut+m airplane (lit. that which flies by itself). (te'te'łii'<u>u</u>tm, n.)
- Vt?x<sup>w</sup> tí?x<sup>w</sup>e s+míy'em He succeeded in getting a wife. (tikhwe smi'yem, v.); ti?x<sup>w</sup>+ełt+ség<sup>w</sup>t to acquire (lit. He attained second nature). (ti'khweltsegwt, v.); ti?x<sup>w</sup>+eł+n+dol+dolq'<sup>w</sup>+t+íl'š+n confirmed. (ti'khwelndoldolq'wti'lshn, v.); ti?i?x<sup>w</sup>+as+hoy+s afterwards. (ti'i'khwashoys, adv.)
- **vt°l** sya+t<sup>c</sup>el=qn barber (lit. One who trims another head). (syat(elqn, n.)
- Vt'c' s+t'uc'+t=ew'es Mission Point; due NW of St. Maries, Idaho. (St'uts'te'wes, n.)
- **Vt'c'** \*sye+t'ic'+t'ec'=čn *boot-black*. (syeet'its'tets'chn, n.)
- Vt'c' t'ic' smooth (by rubbing). (t'its'); s+t'ic'+m to stroke, caress, iron (clothes). (st'its'm, v.); t'éc'=alqs He pressed (ironed) his clothes. (t'ets'alqs, vt.); t'íc'+emn iron (for pressing clothes). from to stroke, caress. (t'its'emn, n. st'its'm,); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+s+t'íc'+m She pretended to iron. (yuqwe'st'its'm, v.); s+t'ic'+t'ec'=šn rubbers. (st'its't'ets'shn, n.)

- Vt'č t'ič protrude. (t'ich); t'ič=cn+mHe stuck his tongue out. (t'ichtsmi, v.)
- Vt'č s+či·+t'í?č sunrise (lit.coming from the east). (schiit'i'ch, n.); s+či·+t'i?č+n east. (schiit'i'chn, n.)
- Vt'č sye +t'íč'+t boatman (lit. One who rows a boat or paddles a canoe). (syeet'ich't, n.); sye +t'íč+t bowman. (syeet'icht, n.); žes+es+t'íč+t He rowed without trouble or difficulty. (qhesest'icht, v.)
- Vťč' ťeč+ťč' *blackbird*. (ťech'ťch', n.)
- Vt'č' gored on the back. Xił ne+?eng<sup>w</sup>t+t'č'=íčn'-st-mi-t You (s) might get (qhiłne'engwt'ch'ich'nstmit, v.)
- **Vťč'** nuk<sup>w</sup>+ł+ťč'=ús+m-n-n *coincide (lit. We tripped simultaneously).* (nukwłťch'<u>u</u>smnn, vi.)
- **Vt'č'** t'ič' provide food for travel. stock up. (t'ich')
- Vt'č'l s+t'ič'l (Xr Vt'č') travelling provisions. (st'ich'l, pl. n.); t'ič'l+m (Xr Vt'č') He took along provisions. (t'ich'lm, v.)
- Vt'd t'id+m' frail, fragile. (t'id'm); u t'+t'íd+m brittle, crisp (lit. lit is fragile). (ut't'idm, adj.); u t'+t'íd+m ha n+xem=ínc+n false love (lit. love that is brittle (term of old-time Coeur d'Alenes'). (ut't'idm hanqheminchn, n.)
- Vt'd t'é?td+t It is difficult. (t'e'tdt, v.); t'+t'éd+d+t crucial, crux, it is difficult, trying. (t't'eddt, adj.); lut t'e+t'd+t effortless (lit. It is not too difficult). (lut t'et'dt, adj.); s+t'd+m=estq difficulty (lit. having a hard time). (st'dmestq, n.)
- Vt'd t'éde? canoe, ship. (t'ede', n.); xáy'+xi?+t he t'éde argosy (lit. a big canoe). (qhay'qhi't he t'ede, n.)
- Vt'd? s+t'éde? hay, grass, alfalfa, clover. (st'ede', n.); ni?+téd+iš It crept in the grass. He acted foolishly. (ni'tedish, v.); l+č'is+t'éde?e very slick grass on hills. (lch'ist'ede'e, n.); s+t'áda?=qn wheat (lit. hay head). (st'ada'qn, n.); t'áda?=alq<sup>w</sup> white pine. (t'ada'alqw, n.)
- **Vt'g**<sup>w</sup> s+n+t'ug<sup>w</sup>=úmn sheath (for arrows), quiver. (snt'ugumn, n.)
- Vt'j t'ej to pour. (t'ej); t'j+mín· carafe (lit. Bottle for pouring wine or water at the table). (t'jminn, n.); hn+t'j+mín+n cask, decanter, barrel for holding liquids. (hnt'jminn, n.)
- Vt'k<sup>w</sup>s t'ek<sup>w</sup>s to burst. (t'ekws); hn+t'uk<sup>w</sup>s=ús-nt-s He burst his eye. (hnt'ukws<u>u</u>snts, vt.)

Vt'k"s s+t'ik"s=us sap of a tree used as an eye medicine. (st'ikwsus, n.)

Vt'k<sup>w</sup> t'ik<sup>w</sup> old. (t'ikw); t'ík<sup>w</sup>+t'k<sup>w</sup>u+t H/s is old, ancient. (t'ik'wt'k'ut, v.); t'ik'<sup>w</sup>u+tút+m elderly (lit. H/s looks or is somewhat old). (t'ik'uututm, adj.); s+t'ek'<sup>w</sup>ót=q fairy tale, parable, allegory (lit. older head). (st'ek'otqn, n.); hn+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>+tik'<sup>w</sup>+tn old people's home. (hnt'ik'wtik'utn, n.); s+ni?+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>+t'ik'<sup>w</sup>+t eldest (lit. H/s is the oldest person in group). (sni't'ik'wt'ik'ut, n.); ylmx<sup>w</sup>+s+t'i·k'<sup>w</sup>ó+t=qn oldest son. (ylmukhwst'iik'otqn, n.); e lu+t+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>u+t bastard, illegitimate (lit. H/s is w/o legitimate elders). (elutt'ik'ut, vi.); s+t'+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>+t commensurate, one of the same old maid. (st't'ik'us'me'e'm, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+t'ík'<sup>w</sup>+t'ik'<sup>w</sup>+t commensurate, one of the same old age. (snukwt'ik'ut, adj.); s+tik<sup>w</sup>=mš Tekoa people. (Stikwmsh, n.); tík'<sup>w</sup>+t elder, Tekoa. (Ti'k'ut, n.)

**√t'k**<sup>w</sup> t'ek<sup>w</sup> to cry out, whinny. (t'ekw); t'+t'ék<sup>w</sup>+t'uk<sup>w</sup> ex colt, foal. (t't'ekwt'ukhw, n.)

- Vt'k'<sup>w</sup> t'uk'<sup>w</sup> uneven (roots on the ground). (t'uk'w); s+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+m (wild) carrot. (st'<u>u</u>k'um, n.)
- Vť'k<sup>™</sup> s+n+ť'ek<sup>™</sup>+m confinement (lit. being put in). (snť'ek'um, n.); \*s+ť'ok'<sup>™</sup>=álpq<sup>™</sup> bow tie (that which is put on the throat). (stok'walpqw, n.); č+ť'uk'<sup>™</sup>=łc'e?=íp beaded belt purse on the hip. (chť'uk'włts'e'ip, n.); x<sup>™</sup>ey+ť'ék'<sup>™</sup> appointee (lit. one who put down (set)). (khweyť'ek'<sup>™</sup>, n.); s+ť'ék'<sup>™</sup>+m appointment. (sť'ek'um, n.); s+č+ť'ék'<sup>™</sup>+m application. (schť'ek'wm, n.); čn\_č+ť'uk'<sup>™</sup>+k'<sup>™</sup>=ipele? charge (lit. something fell to my charge, I was entrusted with a duty or responsibility). (chnchť'uk'uk'wipele', n.); hn+ť'uk'<sup>™</sup>=í?sn seed, acorn, bur (burr). (hnť'uk'wij'sn, n.); hn+ť'ák'<sup>™</sup>=alqs beeline (lit. that which is put on a fast, straight course). (hnť'ak'walqs, n.); ť'kék'<sup>™</sup>+m chip in (lit. He contributed (money)). (t'ek'um, v.); ť'ek'<sup>™</sup>+k'<sup>™</sup> collapse, he fell down. (t'ek'uk'w, v.); hn+ť'ák'<sup>™</sup>+k'<sup>™</sup>=alqs He fell in the middle of the road. (hnť'ak'uk'walqs, v.); hn+ť'ek'<sup>™</sup>-nt-s deposit (lit. He put it into a bank). (hnt'ek'wnts, v.); ť'ék'<sup>™</sup>-nt-s deposit (lit. He put it down). ('tek'wnts, v.); č+ť'ek'<sup>™</sup>-nt-s to apply (lit. he put it on something). (chť'ek'wnts, vt.)
- Vt'k'<sup>w</sup> u t'+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+m'n'cut dilatory (lit. He establishes or situates himself, He lingers or loiters). (ut't'uk'w'm'ntsut, adj.); x<sup>w</sup>y'+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+íp+mš debutante (lit. one who makes a

start (a first appearance in society). (khwe'yt'uk'wipmsh, n.); s+n+t'ak'\*\*=alqs+ncút constancy, loyalty, stability, perseverance, steadfastness (lit. establishing oneself on the road (of life). (snt'ak'walqsntsut, n.); s+t'+t'uk'\*\*+m'ncut andante (lit. making oneself go slowly). (st't'uk'w'mntsut, vt.); ul+s+tu?k'\*\*=ip+m elementary, aboriginal (lit. belonging to the beginning or first principle(s). (ulstu'k'uk'wipm, adj.)

**√t'k'<sup>w</sup>** cen+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+mín· *brace, support, chock*. (tsent'uk'wm<u>i</u>nn, n.)

**Vt'k'** s+cen+t'uk' = ip=ce? *backfire, to ignite.* (stsent'uk'wiptse', n.)

- Vt'k'<sup>w</sup> s+n+t'uk<sup>w</sup>=us=iw'es argument (lit. crossing a statement). (snt'ukuus<u>i</u>'wes, n.); ul+s+n+t'uk<sup>w</sup>=u·s=iw'es argumentative (lit. pertaining to argument). (ulsnt'ukuus<u>i</u>'wes, adj.); \*t'uk<sup>w</sup>=ep=cin+m-nt-s broach (lit. He began to talk about it (the subject). (t'uk'weps<u>i</u>nmnts, v.); t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+p=iw'es-nt-s athwart (lit. He went contrary to it, He interfered with another's act). (t'uk'wp<u>i</u>'wesnts, adv.); hn+t'uk<sup>w</sup>= us=iw'es-nt-s to argue (lit. He contradicted him, he crossed his statement). (hnt'ukuus<u>i</u>'wesnts, vi.)
- Vťk<sup>w</sup> ťu·k<sup>w</sup>=ip to begin. (ťuuk'wip); ťuk<sup>w</sup>=íp+m He started, he began, commenced. (ťuk'wipm, vi.); s+ťuk<sup>w</sup>=íp+mš to begin, beginning, commencement, creation, origination, debut. (sťuk'wipmsh, n.); s+ťuk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>=íp+n origin, beginning, conception. (sťuk'uk'wipn, n.); s+ťuk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>=ip+m beginning, start. (sťuk'uk'wipm, n.); s+ťuk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>w</sup>=íp+m-s ha ?ł+dár=enč calends, the first day of the month (lit. its beginning what is a moon). (sťuk'uk'wipms ha'ldarench, n.); ťuk<sup>w</sup>=íp-stu-s concoct (lit. He invented it, originated it). (ťuk'wipmstus, v.); ťuk<sup>w</sup>=íp+m-st-eli-t create (lit. We were originated (by God). (ťuk'wipmstelit, v.)
- Vt'k''' u t'ék''' bedridden (lit. He just lies down all the time). (ut'ek'w, adj.); s+t'uk'''+út+n bed. (st'uk'utn, n.); s+n+t'uk'''=út+n casket, coffin. (snt'uk'utn, n.); s+t'k''''k'''+ut+n' cradle, crib (lit. small bed). (st'k'k'ut'n, n.); s+če(t)+t'+t'k'''ú+t+n' cot (lit. narrow bed). (schet't'k'ut'n, n.); s+če(t)+t'uk'''u+t+n bed, berth, bunk (lit. a means for lying). (schet'uk'utn, n.); s+t'uk'''=ílt+m childbirth, parturition (lit. laying down an offspring). (st'uk'wiltm, n.); t'uk'''=ilt+m x<sup>w</sup>a s+t'm'á calve (lit. the cow gave birth to a calf). (t'uk'wiltm khwa st"ma, n.); mel'+s+če+t'uk'''+ut+n bedside, It is by the bed. (me'lschet'uk'utn, n.); s+t'uk'''+ncút+n sleeping bag, spot for laying down. (st'uk'wntsutn, n.); ča·+t'ák'''+m=alqs Tensed (lit. object laid on spur).

(Chaat'ak'wmalqs, n.); e t'úk'<sup>w</sup>+i? *There he is lying down*. (et'<u>u</u>k'wi', vi.); t'uk'<sup>w</sup>= ilt+m *She gave birth to one child*. (t'uk'wiltm, v.)

- Vt'k'<sup>w</sup> s+t'e<sup>?</sup>k'<sup>w</sup>+lš+scút conjuration, sorcery (lit. the practice of magic). (st'e'kwlshsts<u>u</u>t, n.); t'ek'<sup>w</sup>+ílš shaman, medicine man, psychic master, conjurer. (t'ek'wilsh, n.)
- Vt'l t'el' to tear, rip. (t'e'l); s+t'l'=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> cultivation, plowing (lit. tearing up the earth). (st"l<u>u</u>'lmkhw, n.); t'l'=lumx<sup>w</sup>+ut+m arable (lit. capable of being plowed). (t"llumkh<u>u</u>tm, n.); s+č+t'él'+p=šn a blow-out, a sudden bursting (lit. tearing of the foot). (scht'<u>e</u>'lpshn, n.); s+č+t'l+t'l=íw'es blow-up, explosion, air burst, cloudburst, downpour (lit. becoming torn up on the surface). (scht'lt'l<u>i</u>'wes, n.); s+č+t'l=íw'es surgery. (scht'l<u>i</u>'wes, n.); t'l'=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> cultivate, he plowed (lit. He tore the earth). (t"l<u>u</u>'lmkhw, v.); č+t'l'+t'l'=íw'es burst (lit. It was torn apart from internal pressure). (cht"lt"l<u>i</u>'wes, vi.); t'él-nt-s He tore it. (t'<u>e</u>lnts, v.)
- **Vt'l'** t'ul' decent, humane, refined, civilized, well-bred. (t'u'l); t'ul' poised, approachable, sympathetic. (t'u'l)
- Vt'l e čs+t'lú-stu-s to be a bystander. (echst'luuustus, vi.)
- Vt'l'n hn+t'l'áne? wolf. (hnt"lane', n.)
- Vt'lq' t'alq' to scoop ice cream. (t'alq'); hn+t'alq'+m to scoop (lit. He scooped, food). (hnt'alq'm, v.)
- **Vt'lq**<sup>w</sup> hn+t'lq<sup>w</sup>=ups-nt-m *He was hit in the buttocks (to be kicked)*. (hn't'lqupsntm, v.)
- Vt'ł s+t'eł+ł blotch. (st'ełł, n.); t'eł-nt-m besmirch. (t'ełntm, v.); č+t'ół+c'e?-nt-m It was besmeared. (cht'ołts'e'ntm, vi.); t'eł-nt-s daub (lit. He smeared it). (t'ełnts, v.); t'ół-nt-s bedaub. (t'ołnts, v.)
- Vt'ł t'oł lumpy, sticky. (t'oł, stem.); s+t'+t'ł=úl'ex<sup>™</sup> ceramic, earthenware, brick. (st't'łu'lekhw, n.); e· t'éł+t'ł caked with blotches of wet dust or mud. (eet'ełt'ł, adj.); can+t'ół=šn· cement (lit. an adhesive put under the feet). (tsant'ołshnn, n.)
- Vt'm t'em damp. (t'em); t'am' to make damp, lick, kiss. (t'a'm); t'em+p damp (lit. It became moistened). (t'emp, adj.); s+n+t'ám'=cn kissing, kiss. (snt'a'mtsn, n.); u· t'ém dank (lit. It is uncomfortably damp). (uut'em, vi.); t'm'=álg<sup>w</sup>as=cn+m He licked his lips. (t"malgwastsnm, vt.); t'am'+um'+ót+m It is capable of being tasted (licked).

(t'a'mu'motm, v.); t'ém+p+m-s-n dampen (lit. I dampened it). (t'empmsn, v.); t'am'-nt-s lick (lit. He licked it). (t'a'mnts, vt.)

Vt'm t'im shake hands. (t'im); t'im=čt He shook hands. (t'imcht, v.); t'ím=čs'+nt=ew'eš (note the -nt) They shook each other's hands. (t'imchs'nte'wesh, v.); t'em+t'em= čs+ncút He pressed his hands together (as in prayer). (t'emt'emchsntsut, vt.)

Vt'm t'um to smirk. (t'um)

Vt'm s+t'úm+um milk, breast. (st'umum, n.); hn+t'úm+um+n dairy (lit. an establishment that processes and/or sells milk and milk products). (hnt'umumn, n.); s+t'm=qen=íłx<sup>w</sup> tepee (lit. cone-shaped dwelling). (st'mqeniłkhw, n.); s+t'úm+t'um+um breasts (lit. Name of 2 hills between Tekoa and Farmington Washington which look like breasts). (st'umt'umum, n.)

Vt'm' t'am'+tam'+yóye? snail, blood-sucker. (t'a'mta'myoye', n.)

- **Vt'm'** t'em' to cut with scissors. (t'e'm)
- Vt'm' t'um' piplike, tubelike. (t'u'm); t'úm'+p-n chimney, conduit, tube, pipe (lit. stovepipe). (t'<u>u</u>'mpn, n.)
- **Vt'm'** hn+t'í+t'm'=elps *gooseberry*. (hnt'<u>i</u>t"me'lps, n.)
- Vt'm' s+t'm'a buffalo, cow. (st"ma, sg. n.); ha s+t'má bovine mammal. (hast'ma, n.); s+t'm'=alt=mš buffalo, bison, cattle (herd of), (lit. licking tribe). (st"maltmsh, n.); t'uk'\*=ilt+m x\*a s+t'm'á calve (lit. the cow gave birth to a calf). (t'uk'wiltm khwa st"ma, n.); ?ap+s+t'mál+t=mš buffalo country (lit. It has a herd, bison). (apst'maltmsh, n.); ya+s+t'm'á He got a buffalo. (yast"ma, v.); s+n+laq\*=ús-s ha· s+t'm'al+t+mš cud (lit. a cow's chewing gum). (snlaquss haa st"maltmsh, n.); ya+s+t'mál+t+m-š He killed the buffalo. (yast'maltmsh, v.); čn\_?p+s+t'má I have cattle. (ch'npst'ma, vt.)
- Vt'mč? \*s+t'ímče? daughter. (st'<u>i</u>mch'e', n.); s+t'ím+t'emče? daughters. (st'<u>i</u>mt'emche', pl. n.)
- **Vt°n** s+t<sup>°</sup>in *antelope*. (st(in, n.)
- Vt'n s+t'én+t'en=axn name of arm ornaments in form of fringes (lit. wing dress). (st'ent'enaqhn, n.)

- Vt'n s+t'ún=łc'e? mule deer, ass. (st'unłts'e', n.); s+t'+t'ún'=łc'e? burro (lit. a small donkey). (st't'u'nłts'e', n.); s+n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún=cn-is x<sup>w</sup>e s+t'ún=łc'e? bray (lit. the cry of a donkey). (s'nukuntsnis khwe st'unłts'e', n.)
- Vt'n? t'(=)ine? ear. (t'ine', n.); t'ín+t'(=)ene? ears. (t'int'ene', n.)
- Vt'p t'ap to shoot. (t'ap); t'ap+emn arrow. (t'apemn, n.); t'áp+emn arrow, arrowhead, bomb, exploder. (t'apemn, n.); a' t'áp=łc'e? desperado, outlaw, gangster, maverick. (lit. H/s shoots people.). (aat'aplts'e', n.); hn+t'ap+n'tw'eš+n' battle field (lit. place of battle). (hnt'ap'nt'wesh'n, n.); s+t'áp+n'tw'eš war, battle (lit. shooting one another). (st'ap'nt'wesh, n.); hn+t'ap=łc'e?+ncót+n pineapple (lit. shooting oneself in the stomach refers to acid reaction in the stomach). (hnt'aplt'se'ntsotn, n.); sya'+t'áp+m archer, bombardier (lit. one who shoots with a bow and arrow). (syaat'apm, n.); sya'+t'áp+n'tw'eš warrior brave note; old timers preferred the term "warrior" to "brave". (syaat'ap'nt'wesh, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+t'áp'+ntw'eš+m'n'm' x<sup>w</sup>e s+ník'<sup>w</sup>=elumx<sup>w</sup> civil war. (snukwt'ap'nt'wesh'm'n'm khwe snik'welumkhw, n.); i' t'ap'+ntw'eš belligerency (lit. They are in the state of being at war). (iit'ap'nt'wesh, n.); s+t'a+t'a·p=áčs+n' archery (lit. shooting target). (st'at'aapachs'n, n.)hn+t'áp=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> He blasted the earth. (hnt'apu'lmkhw, v.); t'ap=šn+cót He shot himself on the foot. (t'apshntsot, v.); t'ap-n I shot it. (t'apshnts, v.)
- **Vt'p** s+t'op=qs *thread*. (st'opqs, n.); s+č+t'op=qs *bobbin*, *spool*. (scht'opqs, n.)
- Vt'p t'ep to stand up. (t'ep); t'ep+liš They stood up. (t'eplish, v.)
- **Vt'p** s+t'ep+p arrival (of more than one person). (st'epp, n.)
- **Vt'px**<sup>w</sup> u t'póx<sup>w</sup> It made sound of flat stone falling vertically into water (onomatopoeia). (ut'poqhw!)
- **Vt'py?** t'upye? great grandfather. (t'upye', n.)
- **√t'q** t'aq *bushy objects lie*. (t'aq)
- **Vt'q** t'aq t birds return from migration. (t'aq...t); t'aq+t The birds have come back (from the south). (t'aqt, vi.)
- **Vt'q** t'aq+p to puncture, perforate. (t'aqp)
- Vt'q t'aq+t=ičn' to succeed in killing game. (t'aqtich'n, vi.); čn\_t'aq+t=ičn' I was successful in my hunt. (chnt'aqtich'n, vi.)

- **Vt'q** t'aq+ap=w'as=qn *beard*. (t'aq $\underline{a}$ p'wasqn, n.)
- Vt'q s+wi?p+ł+t'aq+ney' flour sack. (s'wi'płt'aqne'y, n.)
- **Vt'q'** hn+t'aq'+n Hayden Lake. (Hnt'<u>a</u>q'n, n.)
- Vt'q' ?api+t'+t'aq'+n Worley; saddle-shaped mountain S.E. of Worley. (api t't'aq'n, n.)
- **√t'q'**<sup>w</sup> t'aq'<sup>w</sup>=s egg or eye bursts. (t'aq'w...s)
- Vt'q' t'u q' to extinguish, put out (e.g. light). (t'uuq'w)
- Vt'q' +t'q' =cin+m blurt (lit. he uttered impulsively). (tt'q'wtsinm, vt.)
- Vť'qny' t'áqney' cyst (lit. a sack). (t'aqne'y, n.)
- **√t'q<sup>w</sup>** t'eq<sup>w</sup> explode, burst. (t'eqw)
- **Vt'q**<sup>w</sup> t'oq<sup>w</sup> to have power, succeed in everything. (t'oqw)
- Vt'q<sup>w</sup> t'uq<sup>w</sup> to team up, marry, make partners with. (t'uqw); a n+t'oq<sup>w</sup>+m=iw'es conjoin, join together, conjunct (lit. They are joined together). (ant'oqmi<u>i'w</u>es, vi.); s+n+t'oq<sup>w</sup>+m=iw'es contraction, drawing together. (snt'oqmi<u>i</u>'wes, n.); hn+t'oq<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>+m=iw'es coalesce. (lit. They became grown together). (hnt'oqoqwmi<u>i</u>'wes, vi.); hn+t'oq<sup>w</sup>+m=iw'es-nt-m combine, merge. (lit. It was merged). (hnt'oqwmi<u>i</u>'wesntm, vi.); \*hn+t'oq<sup>w</sup>+m=iw'es+m-st-m-lš contract. (lit. They were drawn together). (hnt'oqmi<u>i</u>'wesmstmlsh, vi.)
- **Vt'q**<sup>w</sup> s+t'+t'áq<sup>w</sup>+n' dab (lit. a quick light pat). (st't'<u>a</u>qw'n, n.)
- Vt'q<sup>w</sup> t'aq<sup>w</sup> to slap. (t'aqw); s+t'aq<sup>w</sup>+m buffet, slap (lit. slapping with the hand). (st'aqum, vt.); s+t'uq<sup>w</sup>+t'uq<sup>w</sup>=čs+n'cút acclaim (lit. clapping one's hands). (st'uqwt'uqwchs'ntsut, n.); t'uq<sup>w</sup>+t'uq<sup>w</sup>=ačs+ncút clap (lit. He clapped himself as to the hands). (t'uqwt'uqwachsntsut, v.); t'+t'áq<sup>w</sup>+t'uq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s dab (lit. He struck or hit him lightly repeatedly with the palms of the hands). (t't'aqwt'uqwnts, v.); t'uq<sup>w</sup>=w's= ús-nt-s He slapped him in the face. (t'uqu'susnts, v.); t'aq<sup>w</sup>-nt-s cuff, he slapped him. (t'aqwnts, v.)
- **Vt'rk'<sup>w</sup>** s+t'ark'<sup>w</sup> to flee, fleeing. (st'ark'w, vi.)
- Vt'rm' s+t'ar+t'arím' thunder. (st'art'arim, n.)
- **Vt's** t'as thin, skinny. (t'as)
- Vt's s+č+ťás+s atrophy (lit. becoming emaciated). (schťass, n.)
- Vt's s+t'us marrow. (st'us, n.); s+t'+t'us candy, bonbon, confection (lit. little marrow). (st't'us, n.); s+t'+t'ús+t'us confetti, confiture, bonbons, sweetmeats. (st't'ust'us, n.); u

x<sup>w</sup>el'é? s+n+q<sup>w</sup>úl=enč he s+t'+t'ús exp cotton candy (lit. canay that resembles cotton). (uqhe'le' snqulench he st't'us, n.); hn+t'+t'us+n' confectionary, confection, candy, candy store. (hnt't'usn', n.)

**Vt'sq'** t'asq' to be weary with waiting. (t'asq'w)

- Vt'š u. t'íš It is sweet. (uut'ish, vi.); s+t'šá huckleberries. (st'sha, pl. n.); s+t'š=astq huckleberries (lit. sweet crop). (st'shastq, n.); s+cil'+eł+s+t'š=ástq blueberry (lit. a huckleberry substitute). (stsi'lełst'shastq, n.); u. hén he t'iš brown sugar (lit. sugar that is more or less tan). (uuhen he t'ish, n.); čs+t'iš+iš+ł+mát'=us diabetes (lit. supplying the kidneys with sugar). (chst'ishishłmat'us, n.)
- **Vt'šs?** t'išsó? to sneeze. (t'ishso')
- Vt'x<sup>™</sup> t'ex<sup>™</sup> to die, kill people. (t'ekhw, (pl.).); s+t'ex<sup>™</sup>+p carnage, corpses, dead people, people who are slaughtered. (st'ekhwp, n.)
- $vt'x^w$  t'ox<sup>w</sup> superstition. (t'okhw)
- **Vt'x<sup>w</sup>** t'ux<sup>w</sup> to wade. (t'ukhw); hn+t'úx<sup>w</sup>+lš=k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> dip (lit. He plunged in, as into water). (hnt'<u>u</u>khwlshkwe', vt.)
- **Vt'x**<sup>w</sup> s+t'ux<sup>w</sup>+úp attainment, breakthrough, compendium, convert (lit. winning). (st'ukh<u>u</u>p, n.)
- **√ť'x<sup>w</sup>** t'úx<sup>w</sup>+ilš *jump off*. (t'<u>u</u>khwilsh)
- Vt'x<sup>w</sup> t'ix<sup>w</sup> eh-is+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m I had dined, had taken the midday meal. (t'ikhwehisnma'ya'yqnm, v. (?)); t'ix<sup>w</sup> e? is+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m < in-s You (s) had dined. (t'i'khwe'isnma'ya'yqnm, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn+m-s-lš They had dined. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn+met We had dined. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmet, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn-mp You (pl) had dined. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+n+máy'+ay'+qn-mp You (pl) had dined. (t'i'khwesnma'ya'yqnmp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s H/s had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstuslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-stu-s-lš They had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstuslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-n I had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n-lš I had spoken to h/h. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) had spoken to them. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) had spoken to them. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) had spoken to them. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-s H/s had

spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmes, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e'el-st-me-s-lš They had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmeslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (s) had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmekhw, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup>

as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-p You (pl) had spoken to me. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmelp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el+st+mi-s H/s had spoken to you (s).

(t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmis, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n *I had spoken to you* [pl]. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstulmn, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-s-lš *They had* spoken to you (pl). (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstulmislsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m *H/s had been spoken to*. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstm, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-lš *They had been spoken to*. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'elstmlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup>

as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mel-em *I had been spoken to*. (t'i'khwasqw<u>a</u>'qwe'e'elstmelem, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> as-q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-mi-t *You (s) had been spoken to*.

(t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstmit, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-elit We had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'qwe'elstelit, v.); t'ix" as-q"á?+q"e?el-st-ulmi-t You (pl) had been spoken to. (t'i'khwasqwa'gwe'elstulmit, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+šén·-s H/s had worked. (t'i'khwesshenns, v.); t'ix" es+šén·-s-lš They had worked. (t'i'khwesshennslsh, v.); t'ix" hi+s+šén < in-s I had worked. (t'i'khwehisshenn, v.); t'ix" e? i-s+šén < in-s You (s) had worked. (t'i'khwe'isshenn, v.); t'ix" es+šén-et We had worked. (t'i'khwesshennet, v.); t'ix" es+šén-mp You (pl.) had worked. (t'i'khwesshennmp, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-n I had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'n, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-x" you (s) had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntkhw, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-s h/s had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'nts, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-s-lš they had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wí?-n-lš I had called them aloud. (t'i'khweswi'nlsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-p-lš vou (pl) had called them aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntplsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> you (s) had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswii'ntsekhw, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-se-s h/s had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswii'ntses, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-sel-p vou (pl) had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntselp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-se-s-lš they had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswij'ntseslsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-s-n I had called you (s) aloud. (t'i'khweswiintsn, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-si-s h/s had called you (s) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsis, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-ulm-n I had called you (pl) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntulmn, v.)t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-ulmi-s-lš they had called you (pl) aloud.

(t'i'khweswi'ntulmislsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-m h/s had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntm, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-m-lš they had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntmlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-sel-em I had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntselem, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-si-t you (s) had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsit, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-eli-t We had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntelit, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-ulmi-t you (pl) had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntulmit, v.); t'ix" es-wih+m-s The dog had barked. (t'i'khweswihms, vi.); t'ix" es+wih+weh-m-s The dogs had barked. (t'i'khweswihwehms, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-m H/s had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntm, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-m-lš They had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntmlsh, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-se-lem I had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntselem, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-si-t You (sg.) had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntsit, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-eli-t We had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntelit, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntulmit, v.)

**Vt'x<sup>w</sup>l** t'ix<sup>w</sup>l different, abnormal. (t'ikhwl); t'íx<sup>w</sup>l+m alien, foreigner (lit. A person of a different family). (t'ikhwlm, n.); e. t'íx" +m unlike, different, bizzare, diverse, stranger (lit. It is...). (eet'ikhwlm, adj.); s+t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m difference, diversity, variety. (st'ikhwlm, n.); t'ix<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+l+m *He became different (alienated)*. (t'ikhukhlm, v.); e t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m+l+cég<sup>w</sup>+t eccentric, queer, odd, strange (lit. H/s has different ways). (et'ikhwlmltsegwt, vi.); t'íx<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>+l+m=us discolor (lit. He was changed as to his face). (t'ikhwkhwlmus, v.); s+t'ix<sup>w</sup>l+m+ł+cég<sup>w</sup>+t eccentricity, idiosyncrasy, peculiarity (lit. differences of a person's ways). (st'ikhwlmltsegwt, n.); e n+t'ix\*l+m= cn to speak a different language. (ent'i khwlmtsn, vt.); e n+t'?ix"l+m=elg"es disagree, differ (lit. H/s is different in heart or thought). (ent"ikhwlmelgwes, vi.); e. t'íx"I+m-Iš pl. cf. sg. eet'ikhwlm. (eet'ikhwlmlsh, adj.); t'íx"I+m-s-n change, convert, transform (lit. I caused it to become different). (t'ikhwlmsn, v.); t'ix"l+m-s-n differentiate (lit. I made it different or distinct (as by modification). (t'ikhwlmsn, v.); t'íx"I+m-st-us alter, he made it different. (t'ikhwlmstus, adv.); t'ix"+x"+I+mút-m convertible (lit. It is transformable). (t'ikhukhwlmutm, adj.); t'ix"I+m+ł+cég"-nt-m denature (lit. He has a different way). (t'ikhwlmltsegwntm, v.)

pay for your labor, services, etc.). (ku't'ukhup, vt.); t'ux<sup>w</sup>úp to anam (lit. He gained or accomplished). (t'ukhup, v.)

- Vťž \*ťaž swift. (taqh); ťaž+t It is fast, He is a fast runner. (ťaqht, v.); ťaž=ísč'ey't He is long-winded (lit. He has fast breath). (ťaqhisch'e'yt, v.); ťaž=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? The stream runs swiftly. (ťaqhitkwe', v.); s+ťaž=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? rapids. (sťaqhitkwe', n.); s+ťaž+m accelerate (lit. speeding a thing up). (sťaqhm, vt.); s+ťaž+t celerity, swiftness, speed, alacrity. (sťaqht, n.); i č+ťáž=šin+mš apace. (lit. He is going at a rapid pace). (ichťaqhshinmsh, adj.); ťaž+ał+qi·x<sup>w</sup>=íl'š The wind became strong. (ťaqhałqiikhwilsh, v.); šił ť+ťáž+t cruise (lit. He speeded just right). (shił ťťaqht, vi.); ťaž+s+péw-n He drummed quickly, with fast tempo. (ťaqhspewn, vt.);
- Vt'x hn+t'ax=cin+m-nt-s blare, deafen (lit. H/s sounded loudly to him). (hnt'aqhtsinmnts, v.); hn+t'ax=cn loud, loud-mouthed, brazen, bold (lit. he is loud). (hnt'aqhtsn, v.)
- **√t'xt** t'a**x**+**t**-**š** *unbearable*. (t'aqht...sh)
- **√t'x<sup>w</sup>č'** s+n+t'ax<sup>w</sup>č' arroyo, coulee, couloir (lit. gully), pe' (snt'aqhwch', n.)
- Vťyč s+ťiyč+míš virgin. (sťiychmish, n.)
- **√t'yq<sup>w</sup> s**+t'iyéq<sup>w</sup>+t bout, combat, fight (lit. fighting). (st'iyeqwt, n.)
- Vt'? t'u? well. (t'u', adv.); t'u?+yic'p+iyícp Well, it's Cheney. (t'u'yits'piyitsp, v.); t'u? u+čn žé·s Well, I'm fine. (t'u' uchnqheees, v.); t'u? či\_?c+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún ?? Well, I am saying. (t'u'chi'ts'ukun, v.); t'u?+lá?ž<sup>w</sup> Well, tomorrow I am coming. (t'u'la'qhw, v.); t'u? čeł\_či\_?acžał+q'ey'+mín+n Well, I am going to read a book. (t'u' chełchi'yatsqhałq'e'yminn, v.); \*t'u? čn\_mus e·?úpan Well, I am forty. (t'u'chn mus ee lupan, v.)
- vt'? t'u?+?úx<sup>w</sup>+l'š cavort (lit. He jumped around). (t'u'<u>u</u>khw'lsh, v.)
- Vt'? t'i?+ci? adequate, sufficient (lit. That is enough). (t'i'tsi', adj.)
- √t'? t'i? ec-?úk<sup>w</sup>+?uk<sup>w</sup>+t The baby already crawls. (t'i'ets'e'<u>u</u>k'ukwt, v.); t'i? ec-méy decisive, it is already determined. (t'i'etsmey, v.)

Vt'? t'i? p'áł=qn+(n)t Put it away. (t'i'p'alqnt, v. imper.)

Vt'? t'i? after. (t'i', prep.); t'i? pícx<sup>w</sup>+t H/s has become disgusted, disappointed. (t'i'pitskhwt, v.); t'i?+n+máy'+ay'=qn+m H/s has dined. (t'i'nma'ya'yqnm, v.); t'i?n+may'+áy'=qn+m-lš They have dined. (t'i'nma'ya'yqnmlsh, v.); t'i? k<sup>w</sup>u

n+may'+ay'+qn+m You (sg.) have dined. (t'i'kunma'ya'yqnm, v.); ti? q"á?+q"e?el-stu-s H/s has spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwaj'qwe'elstus, v.); t'i? q"á?+q"e?el-stu-s-lš They have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstuslsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-s-n I have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elsn, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) have spoken to h/h. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstkhw, v.); t'i? qwa'+qwe'el-s-n-lš I have spoken to them. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elsnlsh, v.); t'i? q\*á?+q\*e?el-st-x\*-lš You (pl.) have spoken to them. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstkhwlsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) have spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmekhw, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-es H/s has spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmes, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-es-lš They have spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmeslsh, v.); t'i? qwa'+qwe'el-st-m-elp You (pl.) have spoken to me. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmelp, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-n I have spoken to you (sg.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmn, v.); t'i? q"á?+q"e?el-st-m-is H/s has spoken to you (sg.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmis, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulm-n I have spoken to you (pl.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstulmn, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-is-lš They have spoken to you (pl.). (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmislsh, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m H/s has been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstm, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-m-elem I have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstmelem, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-ulmi-t You (pl.) have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstulmit, v.); t'i? q<sup>w</sup>á?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el-st-eli-t We have been spoken to. (t'i'qwa'qwe'elstelit, v.); t'i? šén H/s has worked. (t'i'shenn, v.); t'i? šén H/s has worked. have worked. (t'i'shennish, v.); t'i? k<sup>w</sup>u šén. You (s) have worked. (t'i'kuushenn, v.); t'i? k<sup>w</sup>up šén. You (pl) have worked. (t'i'kupshenn, v.);

Vt'? t'i?+wí?-n I have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wijn, v.); t'i?+wí?-n-lš I have called them aloud. (t'i'wijnlsh, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-x<sup>w</sup> You (s) have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wijntkhw, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-s h/s has called h/h aloud. (t'i'wijnts, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-s-lš They have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wijntslsh, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) have called them aloud. (t'i'wijntkhwlsh, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> You (s) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsekhw, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-se-s h/s has called me aloud. (t'i'wijntses, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-se-s-lš They have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntselp, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called you (s) aloud. (t'i'wijntsin, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-ulm-n I have called you (pl) aloud. (t'i'wijntulmn, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-si-selš They have called

you (pl) aloud. (t'i'wintsish, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-m h/s has been cance aloud. (t'i'wint, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-m-lš They have been called aloud. (t'i'wintsh, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-se-lem I have been called aloud. (t'i'wintselem, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-si-t You (s) have been called aloud. (t'i'wintsit, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-elit We have been called aloud. (t'i'wintelit, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl) have been called aloud. (t'i'wintulmit, v.); t'i?+wi?+m The dog has barked. (t'i'wint, v.); t'i?+wi?+wi The dogs have barked. (t'i'wintwehm, v.); t'i?+wi h+m The dogs have barked. (t'i'wintwehm, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-m H/s had been barked at. (t'i'wintm, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-m-lš They have been barked at. (t'i'wintmlsh, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-se-lem I have been barked at. (t'i'wintselem, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-sit You (s) have been barked at. (t'i'wintsit, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-elit We have been barked at. (t'i'wintelit, v.); t'i?+wi h-nt-ulmi-t You (pl) have been barked at. (t'i'wintulmit, v.)

 $\mathbf{Vt'}$ °č' t'é?č'+tč *blackbird*. (t'e'ch'tch, n.)

**Vt'<sup>°</sup>** s+t'<sup>°</sup> e<sup>?</sup>=łc'e<sup>?</sup>=ip *hip pocket*. (st'(we'łts'e'ip, n.)

- **Vuw'** úw'e+k'<sup>w</sup>+k'<sup>w</sup>n=íy'e? awhile (lit. for a short time only). (<u>u</u>'we k'uk'w'n<u>i</u>'ye', adv.); uw'e+n+pú?s+n abstract (lit. only in imagination). (u'wenp<u>u</u>'sn, n.)
- Vuw' uw'e+m'n'ús coistrel, knave, rascal, bogus(lit. He is good for nothing). (u'we'm'nus, n.); uw'e+m'n'ús he s+míy'em a woman who is worthless. (u'we'm'nus he smijyem, v.)

Vuw' uw'i+c+qoq+há·?+q<sup>w</sup>e?el' lit. He kept on talking and talking. (u'witsqoqh<u>aaa</u>'qwe'e'l, vt.)

Vwh wih to bark. (wih); s+wih+m dog's bark, bow-wow. (swihm, n.); wih+m He (the dog) barked. (wihm, vi.); wih+weh+m The dogs barked. (wihwehm, v.); wih+m-š (You-sg.) bark! (imper.). (wihmsh, vi.); wih+weh+m-ul (You dogs) bark! (imper.). (wihwehmul, vi.); wih-nt-m H/S was barked at. (wihntm, vi.); wih-nt-m-lš They were barked at. (wihntmlsh, vi.); wih-nt-sel-em I was barked at. (wihntselem, vi.); wih-nt-sit You (sg.) were barked at. (wihntsit, vi.); wih-nt-elit We were barked at. (wihntelit, vi.); wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) were barked at. (wihntulmit, vi.); č\_y'c+wih+m I am being barked at. (chi'tswihm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wih+m You (sg.) are being barked at. (ku'ytswihm, v.); č\_y'c+wih+m We are being barked at. (chi'tswihm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_c+wih+m, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_j; k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_j; k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_j; k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_i\_j; k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_i\_j; k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_j

čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+wih+m You (sg.) will be barked at. (chełkuswihni, vi., čeł č s+wih+m bark (lit. we will be barked at). (chełchswihm, vt.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>up s+wih+m (lit. you will be barked at). (chełkupswihm, vt.); čes+wih+weh+mš the dogs will bark. (cheswihwehmsh, vi.); čes+wih+m h/s will be barked at, the dog will bark. (cheswihm, vt.); čes+wih+m-lš they will be barked at. (cheswihmlsh, vi.); ec+wih+m The dog (cust.) barks. (etswihm, vi.); ec+wih+weh+m The dogs (cust.) bark. (etswihwehm, vi.); ec+wih-st-m H/s/i is barked at. (etswihstm, vi.); ec+wih-st-m-lš They are barked at. (etswihstmlsh, vi.); \*ec+wih-st-me-lem I am barked at (by a dog). (elswihstmelem, v.); ec+wih-st-me-lem I am barked at (by a dog). (etswihstmelem, v.); \*ec+wih-st-mi-t You(s) are barked at. (elswihstmit, v.); ec+wih-st-mi-t You (sg.) are barked at. (etswihstmit, v.); ec+wih-st-eli-t We are barked at. (etswihstelit, vi.); ec+wih-st-ulmi-t You (pl) are barked at. (etswihstulmit, v.); i c+wih+mš The dog is barking. (itswihmsh, vi.); i c+wih+weh+mš The dogs are barking. (itswihwehmsh, vi.); i C+wih+m H/s is being barked at. (itswihm, vi.); i C+wih+m-lš They are being barked at. (itswihmlsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wih+m The dog is going to bark. (k'wne'wihm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wih+weh+m The dogs are going to bark. (k'wne'wihwehm, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wih-nt-m H/s is going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntm, vi.); k'w ne? wih-nt-m-lš They are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntmlsh, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-si-t I am going to be barked at. (gloss?) (k'wne'wihntselem, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wih-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntsit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wih-nt-eli-t We are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntelit, vi.); k'" ne? wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be barked at. (k'wne'wihntulmit, vi.); t'i?+wih+m The dog has barked. (t'i'wihm, v.); t'i?+wih+weh+m The dogs have barked. (t'i'wihwehm, v.); t'i?+wih-nt-m H/s had been barked at. (t'i'wihntm, v.); t'i?+wih-nt-m-lš They have been barked at. (t'i'wihntmlsh, v.); t'i?+wih-nt-se-lem I have been barked at. (t'i'wihntselem, v.); t'i?+wih-nt-si-t You (s) have been barked at. (t'i'wihntsit, v.); t'i?+wih-nt-elit We have been barked at. (t'i'wihntelit, v.); t'i?+wíh-nt-ulmi-t You (pl) have been barked at. (t'i'wihntulmit, v.); t'ix" es-wih+m-s The dog had barked. (t'i'khweswihms, vi.); t'ix" es+wih+weh-m-s The dogs had barked. (t'i'khweswihwehms, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-m H/s had been barked at. (t'i'khweswihntm, vi.); t'ix" es+wih-nt-m-lš

They had been barked at. (t'i'khwesw<u>i</u>hntmlsh, vi.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wih-nt-se-lem I had been barked at. (t'i'khwesw<u>i</u>hntselem, vi.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wih-nt-si-t You (sg.) had been barked at. (t'i'khwesw<u>i</u>hntsit, vi.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wih-nt-eli-t We had been barked at. (t'i'khwesw<u>i</u>hntelit, vi.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wih-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) had been barked at. (t'i'khwesw<u>i</u>hntulmit, v.)

- Vwlč' welč' to roll (e.g. a solid object). (welch'); welč' it (sphere) rolled; he was thrown off horse. (welch', v.); wil+l+č' They (plump people) walked around; they were thrown off horse. (willch', vi.); e čet+w'el'+w'l'č'+m'-st-m' bowling ball (lit. That w/c is rolled in bowling). (echet'we'lw'lch''mst'm, n.)
- **Vwlm** wl+wlim metal, money, aluminum, silver, argent, capital, coin. (wlwlim, n.); w'l'+w'l'im' knife. ('w'lw'li'm, n.); w'l'+w'l'im' knife (lit. little iron). ('w'l'w'li'm, n.); s+wl+wlm=in'č rifle, gun (lit. metal weapon). (swlwlmi'nch, n.); s+n+wl+wlím+n billfold, bank (lit. something to contain paper money). (snwlwlimn, n.); \*s+n+wl+wlím+n'=čn arsenal (lit. place for weapons (guns). (snwlwlmijnchn, n.); s+w'+w'l'+w'l'm'=ín'č carbine (lit. a small rifle). (s'w'w'l'w'l'miinch, n.); wl+wlim ha ec+el'+s+čí+če?+n cable (lit. metal what is a rope). (wlwlim ha (etse'lschiche'n, n.); č'+č'en'e? he wl+wlim chicken feed (lit. small money, trifling amount of money). (ch'ch'e'ne' he wlwlim, n.); s+k'"l'+ł +wl+wlím coinage (lit. making money). (sk'u'lł wlwlim, n.); č+te<sup>2</sup>+e<sup>1</sup>+wl+wlím+n anvil. (chte<sup>1</sup>ełwlwlimn, n.); hn+te<sup>?</sup>+e<sup>1</sup>+wl<sup>4</sup>m+n blacksmith shop, smithy, forge (lit. place for shaping metals by hammering). (hnte'elwlwlimn, n.); sye+te?+el+wl+wlím blacksmith, coppersmith (lit. One who shapes metals by hammering). (syete'elwlwlim, n.); ?epl wl+wlim he has money. (epiwlwlim, vt.); banker, cashier, teller (lit. One who has a place for metal money). <sup>?</sup>ep+s+n+wl+wlim+n n (epsnwlwlimn); a<sup>w</sup>+eł+wl+wlim to be rich, wealthy, well to do (lit. H/s has much money). (a(wełwiwiim, vt.);

k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+w'l'+w'l'im' *H/S took a knife*. (kwenł'w'l'w'li'm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>en+ł+wl+wlím *H/S took some money*. (kwenłwlwlim, vt.); cmi? epł+wl+wlím *He used to have money*. (tsmi'epł wlwlim, vi.)

Vwlmsm wlumsmú (< Eng; +mu ?) Williams (name of). (Wlumsmu, n.)</p>
Vwl? s+wé+wla?=qn sound of wind on tree tops, etc. (swewla'qn, n.)
Vwnm' s+wánem' economizing, economy, thrift. (swene'm, vi.)

**Vwnš** winš *to wardance.* (winsh,); s+winš *to war dance, war dancing.* (swinsh, vi.) **Vwp** s+wi?p+ł+t'aq+ney' *flour sack.* (s'wi'płt'aqne'y, n.)

Vwr s+wár=ep skunk's organ for spraying. (swarep, n.)

**Vwr** t+wár=g"| Person with a well-round stomach. (twargul, n.)

- Vwrč warč frog. (warch, n.); i s+wár+warč+iš croak (lit. It (frog) is making croaking sounds). (iswarwarchish, vi.); qel't+mx<sup>w</sup>+ł+wárč bullfrog. (lit. male frog). (qe'ltmkhwłwarch, n.)
- **√wsž** wésž+až *robin*. (w<u>e</u>sqhaqh, n.)
- √wš wiš build, raise poles. (wish); wiš=łx<sup>w</sup> built, construct (lit. He built a house).
  (wishłkhw, vt.); ec+wíš the house stands. (etswish, vi.); hi yc+wíš edifice, structure (lit. that which is built up). (hiytswish, n.); i c+wíš=łx<sup>w</sup> build (lit. He is building a house). (itswishłkhw, vt.); s+wiš=łx<sup>w</sup> construction, building a house. (swishłkhw, vt.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+c+wíš fellow, inmate, co-exist, co-habit, roommate. (snuk'wtswish, n.)
- **Vwš** wíš+u?s white tail deer. (wishu's, n.)
- **Vwšn** wašn (< Eng) Washington, D.C., administration, bureaucracy. (Washn, n.); lut ul+wašn apolitical (lit. not belonging to Wash., D.C.). (lut ul Washn, adj.)
- **Vwt** s+we?ít+n' *spring, well.* (swe'<u>i</u>t'n, n.)
- **Vwt** wit worm-ridden, maggoty. (wit); u wit expression of a person when he swarm of maggots. (uuwit, excl.)
- Vwt wt=cn+méncut complain, always finding fault. (lit. He expressed feelings of dissatisfaction). (wttsnmentsut, vi.); wt=cn+méncut carp (lit. He found fault and complained constantly). (wttsnmentsut, vt.); s+wt=cn+méncut complaint, fretting. (swttsnmentsut, n.)
- **Vwt'č** s+wít'č=alq<sup>w</sup> type of pine on top of Mt. Grizzly, has edible cones once every seven years. (swit'chalqw, n.)
- Vww we wé (onom) a child's word for water or drink. (weewe, n.)
- **Vww** u<sup>•</sup> wí<sup>•</sup>w He made a continuous mumble or prattle. He is a chatterbox. (uwí<sup>••</sup>w!, vi.)
- √wx wax to murmer (e.g. a brook). (waqh)
- **Vwž** wáž=i?łp wild maple, dogwood. (waqhi'łp, n.)
- **√wx** wex *chapped*. (weqh)

**√w**×<sup>w</sup> wu·×<sup>w</sup> *draft, wind.* (wuughw)

- **Vwy** way to bother. (way); way-q-nt-s aggravate, irritate (lit. He bothered him). (wayqnts, vt.)
- √wy s+č+wiy+mscút ambition (lit. doing one's best to reach a goal). (schwiymstsut, n.)
- **Vwy** u<sup>•</sup> wáy<sup>•</sup> babel (lit. They made a confused sound of voices). (uuwayyy, excl.); way<sup>•</sup> (onom?) babel (lit. a confused sound of voices). (wayyy !, n.)

**√wyč** we<sup>•</sup>+wyíč wee owl, figuratively: cannibal or assimilation. (weewyich, n.)

- √wy' s+wi? handsome, goodlooking (ref to persons only). (swi');
  s+w'i?+w'i?+núm'+t+mš young people, usually good looking. (s'wi"wi"numtrush,
  n.); s+wi?+núm+t+mš He is handsome, she is beautiful, beautiful girl, beauty,
  comely, curvaceous. (swi'numtrush, vi.); s+wi?+núm+t+mš he šiw't+m belle,
  Diana (lit. a girl who is beautiful). (swi'numtrush he shi'wtm, n.)
- Vwyp i C+wiyép+mš+mš Anglicize (lit. He is becoming English idiom or character). (itswiyepmshmsh, vi.); i C+wiyép+mš+mš civilize (lit. He is becoming a Caucasian race; h/s is being civilized). (itswiyepmshmsh, vi.); s+wiyép=mš+mš acculturation, civilization (lit. becoming non-Indian). (swiyepmshmsh, n.)
- **W**? wi? cry out, shout. (wi'); s+wi? shouting, public announcement, announcement.
  (swi', n.); sye·+wi? announcer, town crier, barker, emcee. (syeewi', n.); wi? He shouted; he announced; he annunciated [sic] (lit. town crier in Indian village). (wi', vt.); wi·? kept on shouting. (wiii', vi.); wi?-nt Call h/h aloud! (wij'nt, v. (Imp. sg.)); wi?-nt-ul (You pl.) call h/h aloud! (imper). (wi'ntul, vt.); wi?-nt-lš Call them aloud! (wi'ntsh, v. (Imp. [pl.])); wi?-nt-sel Call me aloud! (wi'ntsel, v. (Imp. sg.)); wi?-nt-s (You sg.) call me aloud! (imper.). (wi'nts, vt.); wi?-nt-s H/s called h/h aloud. (wi'n, vt.); wi?-nt-set S Call e aloud. (wi'n, vt.); wi?-nt-set (wi'ntsh, v.); wi?-nt-set (wi'ntsh, v.); wi?-nt-set (wi'n, vt.); wi

you (pl.) aloud. (wi'ntulmislsh, vt.); wi?-nt-m H/S was called aloua. (wi'ntm, vt.); wi?-nt-m-lš They were called aloud. (wintmlsh, vt.); wi?-nt-sel-em I was called aloud. (wintselem, vt.); wi?-nt-si-t You (sg.) were called aloud. (wintsit, vt.); wi?-nt-el-it We were called aloud. (wintelit, vt.); wi?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) were called aloud. (wi'ntulmit, v.); i s+wi?+we?+iš bluster (lit. He is speaking again and again noisily and boastfully). (iswi'we'ish, vi.); i s+wi?+we?w+iš chatter (lit. He is uttering inarticulate speechlike sounds). (iswij'we'wish, vi. (unexplained w)); hn-i?\_c+wí?+m I am calling h/h. (hi'tswij'm, v.); hn-i?\_c+wí?+m-lš I am calling them aloud. (hi'tswi'mlsh, v.); i? c+wi?+m-lš You(pl) are calling them aloud. (i'tswi'mlsh, vt. Gloss: You (sg) are calling them.); čn'\_y'c+wi?+m you (s) are calling me aloud. (chn'i'tswi'm, v.); č, y'C+Wi?+m h/s is calling me aloud. (chi'tswi'ms, vt.); čn', y'c+wí?-mp You (pl.) are calling me aloud. (chn'i'tswi'mp, vt.); č\_y'c+wí<sup>?</sup>+m-s-lš They are calling me aloud. (chi'tswi'mslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_i<sup>?</sup>-c+wi<sup>?</sup>+n I am calling you(s) aloud. (kwi'tsw<u>i</u>'n, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wi<sup>?</sup>+m-s *H/s is calling you (sg.) aloud.* (ku'ytsw<u>i</u>'ms, v.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_hi?-c+wi?+m *I am calling* you (p1) aloud. (kuphi'tswi'm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wi?+m-s-lš They are calling you (pl.) aloud. (ku'ytswi'mslsh, v.); č\_y'c+wí?+m gloss?? I am being called aloud. (chi'tswij'm, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+wí?+m You (sg.) are being called aloud. (ku'ytswij'm, v.); č y'c+wí?+m We are being called aloud. (chi'tswi'm, vi.); k"up, ?i, c+wi?+m You (pl.) are being called aloud. (kup'itswijm, vi.); ec+wi?+š call aloud. (etswi'sh...); \*ec+wi?-s-n I call h/h aloud. (etswij'sn, v.); ec+wi?-s-n I call h/h aloud. (etswi'sn, v.); ec+wi?-st-x<sup>w</sup> you (sg.) call h/h aloud. (etswi'stkhw, vt.); ec+wi?-stu-s h/s calls h/h aloud. (etswi'stus, vt.); ec+wi?-stu-s-lš they call h/h aloud. (etswi'stuslsh, vt.); ec+wi?-s-n-lš I call them aloud. (etswij'snlsh, vt.); ec+wi?-st-x"-lš vou (pl.) call them aloud. (etswijstkhwlsh, vt.); ec+wi?-st-me-s h/s calls me aloud. (etswijstmes, vt.); ec+wi?-st-me-s-lš they call me aloud. (etswi'stmeslsh, vt.); ec+wi?-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> you (sg.) call me aloud. (etswi'stmekhw, vt.); ec+wi?-st-me-lp you (pl.) call me aloud. (etswiistmelp, vt.); ec+wi?-st-m-n I call you (sg.) aloud. (etswijstmn, vt.); ec+wi?-st-mi-s h/s calls you (sg.) aloud. (etswi'stmis, vt.); ec+wi?-st-ulm-n I call you (pl.) aloud. (etswi'stulmn, vt.); ec+wi?-st-mi-s-lš they call you (pl.) aloud. (etswijstmislsh, vt.); ec+wi?-st-m h/s is

called aloud. (etswi'stm, vt.); ec+wi?-st-m-lš they are called aloud. (etswi'stmlsh, vt.); ec+wi?-st-me-lem I am called aloud. (etswi'stmelem, vt.); ec+wi?-st-mi-t you (sg.) are called aloud. (etswi'stmit, vt.); ec+wi?-st-eli-t we are called aloud. (etswi'stelit, vt.); ec+wi?-st-ulmi-t you (pl.) are called aloud. (etswi'stulmit, vt.); i c+wi?+m-s H/s is calling h/h aloud. (itswijms, vt.); i? c+wi?+m You(s) are calling h/h aloud. (i'tswij'm, vt.); i c+wi?+m-s-lš They are calling h/h aloud. (itswij'mslsh, vt.); i C+wi?+m H/s is being called aloud. (itswi'm, vt.); i C+wi?+m They are being called aloud. (itswi'mlsh, vt.); ne? wi?i-nt-x" You (sg.) shall call h/h aloud! (imp.). (ne'wi'intkhw, v.); ne?+wi?i-nt-p You (pl.) shall call h/h aloud! (ne'wi'intp, v.); ne?+wí?i-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (sg.) shall call them aloud! (imp.). (ne'wi'intkhwlsh, v.); ne<sup>?</sup>+wí<sup>?</sup>i-nt-p-lš You (pl.) are to call them aloud! (imp.). (ne'wi'intplsh, v.); ne?+wí?i-nt-s-ex<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) shall call me aloud! (imp.). (ne'wi'intsekhw, v.); ne? wi?-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are to call me aloud! (imp.). (ne'wijintselp, v.); čeł\_\_hi-s+wi?+m I will call h/h aloud. (chełhiswijm, v.); čeł\_\_?i-s+wi?+m you (s) will call h/h aloud. (cheł'iswim, v.); čeł hi-s+wí?+m-lš I will call them aloud. (cheł hiswij'mlsh, v.); čeł \_?i-s+wi?+m-lš gloss?? you (pl) will call them aloud. (cheł'iswi'mlsh, v.); čeł, či, s+wí?+m-s h/s will call me aloud. (chełchiswi'ms, v.); čeł, čn, ?i-s+wí?+m you (s) will call me aloud. (chełchn'iswi'm, v.); čeł, č, hi-s+wí?+m-s-lš ?? they will call me aloud. (chełchiswi'mslsh, v.); čeł či s+wí?+m-p vou (pl) will call me aloud. (chełchiswi'mp, v.); čeł k<sup>w</sup>u s+wi<sup>?</sup>+m (lit. h/s will call you(sg.) aloud). (chełkuswi'ms, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_i-s+wi?+m (lit. I will call you(s) aloud). (chełkwiswi'm, vt.); čeł, kwup, s+wi?+m-s-lš (lit. they will call you (pl.) aloud). (chełkupswijmslsh, vt.); čeł, či, s+wí?+m I will be called aloud. (chełchiswim, v.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>u\_s+wí?+m (*lit. you(sg.*) will be called aloud). (chełkusw<u>i</u>'m, vt.); čeł\_k<sup>w</sup>up\_s+wí?+m (*lit. you (pl) will be called aloud*). (chełkupsw<u>i</u>'m, vi.); čes+wi?+m he/she will be called aloud. (cheswi'm, vt.); čes+wé?+m-lš they will be called aloud. (cheswe'mlsh, v.); čes+wi?+m-s h/s will call h/h aloud. (cheswi'ms, v.); čes+wi?+m-s-lš they will call h/h aloud. (cheswi'mslsh, v.); k'\* ne? wí?-n I am going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'win, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-x" You (sg.) are going to call *h/h aloud*. (k'wne'wij'ntkhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-s *H/s is going to call h/h aloud*.

(k'wne'wi'nts, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-s-lš They are going to call h/h aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntslsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-n-lš I am going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'nlsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-p-lš You (pl.) are going to call them aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntplsh, vi.); k<sup>™</sup> ne? wí?-nt-se-x<sup>™</sup> You (sg.) are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsekhw, vi.); k'" ne? wí?-nt-se-s H/s is going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntses, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-se-s-lš They are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntseslsh, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-sel-p You (pl.) are going to call me aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntselp, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-s-n I am going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsn, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-si-s H/s is going to call you (sg.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsis, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-ulm-n I am going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-ulmi-s-lš They are going to call you (pl.) aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmislsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-m H/s is going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntm, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-m-lš They are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntmlsh, vi.); k'" ne? wi?-nt-sel-em I am going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wii'ntselem, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wi?-nt-si-t You (sg.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntsit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-eli-t We are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntelit, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? wí?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl.) are going to be called aloud. (k'wne'wi'ntulmit, vi.); t'i?+wi?-n I have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wi'n, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-x" You (s) have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wi'ntkhw, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-s h/s has called h/h aloud. (t'i'wii'nts, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-s-lš They have called h/h aloud. (t'i'wi'ntslsh, v.); t'i?+wi?-n-lš I have called them aloud. (t'i'wi'nlsh, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-x<sup>w</sup>-lš You (pl) have called them aloud. (t'i'w<u>i</u>'ntkhwlsh, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-se-x" You (s) have called me aloud. (t'i'wii'ntsekhw, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-se-s h/s has called me aloud. (t'i'wi'ntses, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-se-s-lš They have called me aloud. (t'i'wi'ntseslsh, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-sel-p you (pl) have called me aloud. (t'i'wi'ntselp, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-s-n I have called you (s) aloud. (t'i'wi'ntsn, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-si-s h/s has called you (s) aloud. (t'i'wi'ntsis, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-ulm-n I have called you (pl) aloud. (t'i'wi'ntulmn, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-si-s-lš They have called vou (pl) aloud. (t'i'wi'ntsislsh, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-m h/s has been called aloud. (t'i'wi'ntm, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-m-lš They have been called aloud. (t'i'wi'ntmlsh, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-se-lem I have been called aloud. (t'i'wi'ntselem, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-si-t You (s) have been called aloud. (t'i'wi'ntsit, v.); t'i?+wi?-nt-elit We have been called

aloud. (t'i'wi'ntelit, v.); t'i?+wí?-nt-ulmi-t You (pl) have been called aloud. (t'i'wi'ntulmit, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-n I had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'n, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-x" you (s) had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntkhw, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-s h/s had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'nts, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-s-lš they had called h/h aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntslsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-n-lš I had called them aloud. (t'i'khweswi'nlsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi<sup>?</sup>-nt-p-lš *you (pl) had called them aloud*. (t'i'khweswi'ntplsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi<sup>?</sup>-nt-se-s h/s had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntses, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wí?-nt-se-s-lš *they had called me aloud*. (t'i'khweswi'ntseslsh, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-se-x<sup>w</sup> you (s) had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsekhw, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-sel-p you (pl) had called me aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntselp, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-si-s h/s had called you (s) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsis, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-s-n *I* had called you (s) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsn, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-ulm-n I had called you (pl) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntulmn, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-ulmi-s-lš they had called you (pl) aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntulmislsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-m h/s had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntm, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-m-lš they had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntmlsh, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-sel-em I had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswii'ntselem, v.); t'ix" es+wi?-nt-si-t you (s) had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntsit, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wí?-nt-ulmi-t you (pl) had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntulmit, v.); t'ix<sup>w</sup> es+wi?-nt-eli-t We had been called aloud. (t'i'khweswi'ntelit, v.)

- Vw? łu?+w'e that near third person or remote. (łu'we, n.); łu?+w'en łu? xes+t that one is a good man, besides. (łu'wenłu'qhest, vi.)
- **Vw?** wa·+wá? (onom) a child's word for baby. (waawa', n.)

√w?x wa?x to smart, sting. (wa'qh)

√w'l' w'el' unnatural, silly, clownish. ('we'l)

**Vw'l'č'** s+čet+w'él'+w'l'č'+mš bowling (lit. rolling on repeatedly).

(schet'we'l'w'lch"msh, n.)

**Vw'ł** ul+?a·x̃=íw'ł current (lit. belonging to the time now passing). (ul aaqhi'wł, adj.)

**Vw'n'** uw'en'+t to be very low. (u'we'nt)

**√w's** =iw'es *mutually*. (-i'wes (suf))

**Vw't** w'et to roll (e.g. a solid object), to be just outside door. ('wet;

**√x<sup>w</sup>c** x<sup>w</sup>ic to entertain, amuse. (khwits)

- √x<sup>w</sup>c x<sup>w</sup>ec to suffer. (khwets); s+n+x<sup>w</sup>C+x<sup>w</sup>C+m=?íl's agony, anguish (lit. suffering with great anguish). (snkhwtskhwts'miis, n.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+n+x<sup>w</sup>C+x<sup>w</sup>C+m'=íl's compassion (lit. sufferer). (snukwnkhwtskhwts'miis, n.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>C+x<sup>w</sup>C+m=íl's He suffered. (hnkhwtskhwtsmiis, vi.)
- **Vx<sup>w</sup>c'** x<sup>w</sup>ic' to befriend, be a companion to. (khwits'); x<sup>w</sup>íc'+e?-nt-s consort (lit. He kept him company). (khw<u>i</u>ts'e'nts, vt.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>c' x<sup>w</sup>c'+út Clear Water Mountains (in Idaho), crag (lit. rock mountain). (Rocky Mountains). (Khwts'<u>u</u>t, n.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>d x<sup>w</sup>ád=alq<sup>w</sup> wood worm, grub worm (lit. tickling a pole). (khwadalqw, n.); x<sup>w</sup>ed to itch. (khwed); x<sup>w</sup>ed+p It itched. (khwedp, vi.); s+t+x<sup>w</sup>d+p=íc'e? eczema (lit. intense itching of the skin). (stkhwdpits'e', n.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>dnt s+x<sup>w</sup>údent *ice, ice cream.* (skhudent, n.); \*s+x<sup>w</sup>údent *ice, ice cream.* (sqhudent, n.); x<sup>w</sup>udent+íl'š *congeal, freeze (lit. It (water) was turned into ice by cold).* (khudent<u>i</u>'lsh, vt.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>k<sup>iw</sup> x<sup>w</sup>ek<sup>iw</sup> clean, sweep. (khwek'w); s+x<sup>w</sup>ék<sup>iw</sup>+m to make clean. (skhw<u>e</u>k'um, vi.); u<sup>·</sup> x<sup>w</sup>ék<sup>iw</sup> It is pure, clean, sincere, candid, chaste, decent. (uukhw<u>e</u>k'w, vi.)x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>= ílup+n broom (lit. instrument for cleaning floors, mattress, etc.). (khuk'w<u>i</u>lupn, n.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>=íłc'e?+n cathartic (lit. cleaning inside). (hnkhuk'w<u>i</u>lts'e'n, n.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>= íns+n dentifrice (lit. means of cleaning the teeth). (hnkhuk'w<u>i</u>nsn, n.); s+t+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>+p= ílg<sup>w</sup>es catharsis (lit. the heart becoming clean, a purifying or figuritive cleansing of the emotions). (stkhuk'wpilgwes, n.); sye+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>=íłx<sup>w</sup> charwoman (lit. One who cleans house(s)). (syekhuk'w<u>i</u>łkhw, n.); sye+x<sup>w</sup>ék<sup>iw</sup>+m cleaning person (lit. One who is hired to do cleaning). (syekhw<u>e</u>k'um, n.); \*s+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>=ílup to sweep. (sqhuk'w<u>i</u>lup, vt.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>uk<sup>iw</sup>=íns+m He brushed his teeth. (hnkhuk'wkhuk'wkhuk'w, vi.); t+x<sup>w</sup>ék<sup>iw</sup>-nt-s delete (lit. He cleaned it off; he erased it). (tkhw<u>e</u>k'wnts, v.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>k<sup>w</sup> s+x<sup>w</sup>ik<sup>w</sup>+t frost. (skhwik<sup>w</sup>t, n.); t+x<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>ik<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>ak<sup>w</sup>+eč+en<sup>u</sup>s frosty eyebrows. (tkhukhwik<sup>w</sup>khwak<sup>w</sup>eche<sup>n</sup>us, n.)

Vx"k" \*s+x"uk'"+p=íw'es separation, divorce. (sqhuk'pi'wes, n.)

- **Vx<sup>w</sup>l** x<sup>w</sup>ul to bore (a hole). (khul); x<sup>w</sup>úl+emn auger, bit (lit. means of drilling a hole). (kh<u>u</u>lemn, n.); e n+x<sup>w</sup>úl=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> burrow, cave (lit. a hole in the ground). (enkh<u>u</u>lu'lmkhw, n.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>l x<sup>w</sup>el alive, live. (khwel); x<sup>w</sup>é+x<sup>w</sup>l+t debt (lit. It came back to life, that which is due from one person to another). (khwekhwlt, n.); ec+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+t to be alive, living. (ets khwelkhwlt, vi.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>el+x<sup>w</sup>l+n life, lifestyle, culture, electrochemistry, vital capacity. (hnkhwelkhwln, n.); s+x<sup>w</sup>el+x<sup>w</sup>l+m conservation (lit. preserving in life from destruction). (skhwelkhwlm, n.); \*ul+hn+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+n cultural (lit. belonging to a way of living). (ul hnkwelkhwln, adj.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>l+x<sup>w</sup>l+x<sup>w</sup>l+x<sup>w</sup>l+x<sup>w</sup>l+x<sup>w</sup>l+t debtor (lit. One who owes something to another). (epłkhwelkhwlt, n.); ?epł+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+t debtor (lit. One who owes something to another). (apłnkhwelkhwlm, vi.); \*x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l-s-n converse, preserve save (lit. I preserved (saved) his life). (khwelkwlsn, vt.); s+t+my+y= ípele?-s x<sup>w</sup>e n+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+n biology (lit.exposition of the origin of what is the means of life). (stmyyipele's khwe nkhwelkhwln, n.);

√x<sup>w</sup>l x<sup>w</sup>el clean material like moss, cotton, a swab. (khwel)

- √x<sup>w</sup>l? x<sup>w</sup>éle? meadowlark, lark. (khw<u>e</u>le', n.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>l' x<sup>w</sup>el' to spin (as a top). (khwe'l)
- **√x<sup>w</sup>lk<sup>w</sup>** s+x<sup>w</sup>lik<sup>w</sup> whirlwind, cyclone. (skhwl<u>i</u>kw, n.)

 $\sqrt{x^{w}}$  x<sup>w</sup>uł to proceed. (khuł)

Vx"m x"am roan-colored. (khwam); x"am=qn roan horse. (khwamqn, n.)

√x<sup>w</sup>m x<sup>w</sup>ém=ečt woodpecker. (khw<u>e</u>mecht, n.)

**Vx<sup>w</sup>m'** x<sup>w</sup>um' *homesick, lonely*. (khu'm)

Vx<sup>w</sup>m' x<sup>w</sup>um'+ut of course. (khu'mut, adv.)

Vx"n či+n+x"e?n=ítk"e? America(n) (lit. on this side of the water). (chinkhwe'nitkwe',
n.); a n+x"an'=axn at this point, now. (ankhwa'naqhn, adv.); x"a tal' an+x"an'=áxn anymore, from now on (lit. from this arm over). (khwa ta'l ankhwa'naqhn, adv.)

- √x<sup>w</sup>ny' s+x<sup>w</sup>ú+x<sup>w</sup>ney' ant or rice. (skhukhwne'y, n.); \*s+x<sup>w</sup>ú+x<sup>w</sup>ney' ant, rice (from resemblance of a swarm of ants). (sqhuqhwene'y, n.)
- **√x<sup>w</sup>p** x<sup>w</sup>u<sup>·</sup>p intentional or vain display of wealth, ostentatious, show-off. (khuup)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>p x<sup>w</sup>ep to spread, flatten out blanket. (khwep); x<sup>w</sup>ep+m-st-m develop, unfolded, mature, grow. (khwepmstm, vt.); s+x<sup>w</sup>ép+m+šeš development (lit. unfolding, unrolling). (skhwepmshesh, n.)

 $\sqrt{x^{w}ps} x^{w}(=)ups$  (Xref tail) to slap (with tail). (khups)

- Vx<sup>w</sup>q'<sup>w</sup> Xáy'+Xi?+t ha t+x<sup>w</sup>éq'<sup>w</sup>=ečn' bass viol (lit. It is big big what is a viol (means of pulverizing)). (qha'yqhi't ha tkhweq'wech'n, n.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>r x<sup>w</sup>ar a very long time. (khwar)
- √x<sup>w</sup>r x<sup>w</sup>ar to tremble, quiver. (khwar); x<sup>w</sup>ar+p it trembled, convulse, quake. (khwarp, vi.); S+x<sup>w</sup>ar+p to shake, as with fear, cold, or weakness, to vibrate, convulsion. (skhwarp, vt.); x<sup>w</sup>ar+p=úl'umx<sup>w</sup> the earth quaked, earthquake, tremor. (khwarpu'lumkhw, vi.); t+x<sup>w</sup>ar+p=ílg<sup>w</sup>es He shook in his heart from effects of fat. (tkhwarpilgwes, vi.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>s x<sup>∞</sup>is to travel, go about. (khwis); s+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t walking, departure, going away. (skhwist, vi.); x<sup>∞</sup>is+t=ážn along-side (lit. one who walked by the side of a crowd; name of a Coeur d'Alene Indian). (Khwistaqhn, adv.); x<sup>∞</sup>is+t ha st<sup>°</sup>in Louie Antelope, name of my maternal grandfather (lit. antelope that walked). (Khwist Ha St(in, n.); x<sup>∞</sup>is+t H/S walked; h/s departed. (khwist, vi.); čas+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t he/she will walk. (chaskhwist, vi.); ec+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t H/s walks. (etskhwist, vi.); i c+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t H/s is walking. (itskhwist, vi.); x<sup>∞</sup>is+s+t=úl'umx<sup>∞</sup> He came to a walking status (lit. forced by circumstances to go on foot). (khwisstu'lumkhw, v.); x<sup>∞</sup>is+t-š (You sg.) walk (imper). (khwistsh, vi.); čn\_x<sup>∞</sup>is+t I walked (lit. I went away). (chnkhwist, vi.); k<sup>∞</sup>u\_x<sup>∞</sup>is+t You (sg) walked. (kuukhwist, vi.); čn'\_c+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t (lit. I, customarily, walk). (ch'ntskhwist, vt.); č\_y'c+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t I am walking. (chi'tskhwist, vt.); k<sup>∞</sup>u\_y'\_c+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t You (sg.) are walking. (ku'ytskhwist, v.); k<sup>∞</sup>u\_?c+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t You (sg.) walk (lit. go places). (ku'tskhwist, vi.); čeł\_či\_s+x<sup>∞</sup>is+t walk (lit. I will walk). (chełchiskhwist, vi.); ; You (sg.) will walk. (chełkuskhwist, vi.); k<sup>∞</sup> ne? x<sup>∞</sup>is+t He/she is going to walk. (k'wne'khwist, vi.); k<sup>∞</sup> ne? čn\_x<sup>∞</sup>is+t I am going to walk.

(k'wne'chnkhwist, vi.); k'" ne? k"u \_\_x"ís+t You (sg.) are going to walk.

(k'wne'kuukhw<u>i</u>st, vi.)

- √x<sup>w</sup>s e? x<sup>w</sup>ús to look for, hunt. (e'kh<u>u</u>s..., v.); e? x<sup>w</sup>ús-n' I looked for h/h/i. (e'kh<u>u</u>s'n, vi.); a?+x<sup>w</sup>ós=qn'+t-s H/s looked for lice, etc. on h/h head. (a'khosq'nts, vt.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>s x<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>s+os defiant, resistant, opposed, rebellious (lit He is full of, or expressing, resistance or opposition). (khukhwsos, vi.)
- $\sqrt{x^{w}s} x^{w}u^{\gamma}s$  wide awake. (khu's)
- √x<sup>w</sup>t' s+x<sup>w</sup>ét'=eč shoulder blade. (skhw<u>e</u>t'ech, n.); s+x<sup>w</sup>ét'+x<sup>w</sup>t'=ečt shoulder blades. (skhw<u>e</u>t'khwt'echt, n.)

√x<sup>w</sup>t ac+x<sup>w</sup>t=áxn amputee (lit. He is amputated as to the arm). (ats khwtaqhn, n.)

- √x<sup>w</sup>t x<sup>w</sup>et depleted. (khwet); hn+x<sup>w</sup>et+p He was out of wind, he or she got exhausted. (hnkhwetp, vi.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>t+p=utm H/S/I is exhaustible. (hnkhwtputm, vi.); s+n+x<sup>w</sup>et+p exhaustion (lit. being out of breath). (snkhwetp, vi.); i n+x<sup>w</sup>ét+p breathless (lit. He is panting). (inkhwetp, adj.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>t hn+x<sup>w</sup>t=ús Cree, Dakota, Sioux. (Hnkhwt<u>u</u>s, n.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>t i c+x<sup>w</sup>ít He is whistling. (itskhwit, vi.); s+x<sup>w</sup>e·+x<sup>w</sup>ít bobwhite (lit. whistle whistle). (skhweekhwit, n.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>t s+n+x<sup>w</sup>át+p=alqs climax (lit. the road, story coming to an end). (snkhwatpalqs, n.); ul+s+n+x<sup>w</sup>át=palqs clima[c]tic (lit. pertaining to the end of a story). (ulsnkhwatpalqs, adj.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>t' x<sup>w</sup>et'+p He ran off, away. (khwet'p, vi.); \*s+x<sup>w</sup>t'+í? billy goat. (sqht<u>i</u>', n.); s+teč+s+x<sup>w</sup>ét'+p+n counterattack (lit. counterattack by running). (stechskhw<u>e</u>t'pn, n.); čs+x<sup>w</sup>et'+p-nt-s dash (lit. He ran against (towards) him)). (chskh<u>we</u>t'pnts, vi.); \*x<sup>w</sup>ét'+p+m+stu-s cause (lit. He caused it to run, as a car). (khw<u>e</u>t'psmtus, v.)

**√x<sup>w</sup>t's** x<sup>w</sup>it's point out, indicate. (khwit's)

 $\sqrt{x^{w}tk'^{w}} x^{w}e^{tk''}$  to rise suddenly (like hair). (khw<u>e</u>'tk'w)

Vx<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup> x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=ice? short. (khukhwitse',); x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=ice? brief, concise, terse, short, curt (lit. It goes only here, not there). (khukhwitse', vi.); x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=éc=al'q<sup>w</sup> He is short. (khukhwetsa'lqw, vi.); x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=ey'e? narrow, it is narrow. (khukhwe'ye', n.); x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>= iy'e?+il'š It lessened in breadth, reduced, diminished. (khukhwi'ye'i'lsh, vt.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=ey'=itc'e? cell (lit. a narrow confining room, a room that is only (so large).

(hnkhukhwe'yilts'e', n.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=iy'=ílc'e? The room is narrow.

(hnkhwkhwi'ya'its'e', vi.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=áy'a?=al'qs bottleneck (lit. The road is narrow). (hnkhukhwa'ya'a'lqs, n.); x<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>=iy'e?+il'š-s'-n diminish, reduce (lit. I lessened it in breadth). (khukhwi'ye'i'lshs'n, vt.)

- $\sqrt{x^{w}x^{w}}$  can+ $\dot{x}i$ +++ $x^{w}ex^{w}$ =lt condone (lit. He abandoned another's debt to himself). (tsanqhi}khwekhwlt, vt.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>y x<sup>w</sup>uy to go (over there), he went over there. (khuy); s+x<sup>w</sup>uy journey. (skhuy, n.); s+x<sup>w</sup>uy=elwis travel, trip. (skhuyelwis, n.); x<sup>w</sup>uy When are you coming over? (pi'nch'ne' kuch'itskhuy? qu.); \*sye +x<sup>w</sup>úy ambassador, consul, delegate (lit. One who goes to a place for another or others). (syeeghuy, n.); te +x<sup>w</sup>úy He went to meet him. (teekhuy, v.); t+k<sup>w</sup>eł+x<sup>w</sup>uy=elwis circulate (lit. He moved around from place to place). (tkwełkhuyelwis, v.); uł+x<sup>w</sup>úy He went over there again. (ułkhuy, v.); či+te·+x<sup>w</sup>úy He came to meet me on my way over there. (chiteekhuy, vi.); či+t+s+x<sup>w</sup>úy He came over here. (chitskhuy, vt.); hn+x<sup>w</sup>uy+n passageway (lit. means of passage). (hnkhuyn, n.); s+t+k<sup>w</sup>el'+č+s+x<sup>w</sup>uy+s+čínt He is going about gathering people. (stkwe'lchskhuyschint, vt.); g"el' stim' ł k"u čic+x"uy Why did you come? t (tgwe'l sti'mł ku chitskhuy?, v.); a yá čic+x úy Everyone came. (lit. they all came). (aaya) chitskhuy, vi.); yug<sup>w</sup>+e<sup>?</sup>+s+x<sup>w</sup>úy He feigned to go there. (yugwe'skhuy, vt.); hn+x<sup>\*</sup>uy+ł+šug<sup>\*</sup>(l He went on his last trip. (hnkhuylshugwil, vi.); č x<sup>\*</sup>úy+š command, sg. come over here. (chkhuysh); čn\_x<sup>w</sup>úy I went over there. (chnkhuy, vt.); č\_xúy we went over there. (chkhuy); k<sup>w</sup>u\_x<sup>w</sup>úy You went over there. (kuukhuy, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>up\_x<sup>w</sup>úy You went over there. (kupkhuy, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> ne? čn\_x<sup>w</sup>úy I am going over there. (k'wne'chnkhuy, vi.); čn\_x<sup>w</sup>uy hił čn\_g<sup>w</sup>ič e c'i? lit. I went over there and I saw a deer. (chnkhuy hil chngwich e ts'i', vt.); kwup\_xwuy teč+e·líš You went to the mountain. (kupkhuy tech eelish, vi.); čs+x<sup>w</sup>uy-n I went to see him. (chskhuyn, vi.); čs+x<sup>w</sup>uy-nt-s He went to see him. (chskhuynts, vi.); nuk"+x"úy+m-nt-s abduct, kidnap (lit. He took her along with him). (nukwkhuvmnts, vt.); či+t+s+x<sup>w</sup>úy-stu-s brought (lit. He brought him/her/ it over here). (chitskhuystus, vt.); čič+s+x<sup>w</sup>úy-nt-sel-p lit. you (pl) came after me. (chichskhuyntselp, vt.)

**vx<sup>w</sup>y** s+x<sup>w</sup>á·y=apa?=qn wild rose bush. (skhwa<u>a</u>yapa'qn, n.)

- Vx<sup>w</sup>y u n'+x<sup>w</sup>úy+iy+m dilatory (lit. he often becomes behind in work). (u'nkhuyiym, adj.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>y \*s+n+?uk<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>úy+mn convection (lit. carrying with of together). (snukwkh<u>u</u>ymn, n.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>y x<sup>w</sup>ey+t'ék'<sup>w</sup> appointee (lit. one who put down (set)). (khweyt'<u>e</u>k'w, n.); x<sup>w</sup>y'+t'uk'<sup>w</sup>+íp+mš debutante (lit. one who makes a start (a first appearance in society). (khwe'yt'uk'wipmsh, n.); x<sup>w</sup>ay'+t+xes=ípele? beneficiary (lit. one who is the recipient of a benefit). (khwa'ytqhesipele', n.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>? x<sup>w</sup>e?+t *run away*. (khwe't)
- √x<sup>w</sup>? x<sup>w</sup>i? here, at this moment. (khwi'); x<sup>w</sup>i? this direction; this. (khwi', n.); e mel'+x<sup>w</sup>i? It is right here. (eme'lkhw<u>i</u>', vi.); e n+t+x<sup>w</sup>i? it is here. (entkhw<u>i</u>', vi.)
- $\sqrt{x^{w?}}$  x<sup>w</sup>i<sup>?</sup>+in to go along here. (khw<u>i</u>'in, stem)
- $\sqrt{x^{w?}} x^{wi?+t}$  attack, berate, abuse (with words or acts). (khwi't)
- $\sqrt{x^{w}}$  x<sup>w</sup>é<sup>+</sup>iš to step over a person ceremonially. (khw<u>e</u>(ish)
- Všc žec ready, clothed, dressed. (qhets); žec+núm'+n attire, clothing, costume, dress. (qhetsn<u>u</u>'mn, n.); ac+žec+núm'+t to be clothed. (atsqhetsn<u>u</u>'mt, vi.);
  ?apł+n+žec+nú+m'n clothier (lit. One who has a clothing store). (apłnqhetsn<u>u</u>'mn, n.); k<sup>w</sup>an+ł+žec+nú?+mn H/S took along clothes. (kwanłqhetsn<u>u</u>'mn, vt.)
- Všc žec+út companion. (qhetsut); žec+u·t=íw'es They went together. (qhetsuutij'wes, vi.); s+žéc+(s)ut attendant, companion, companionship, one who accompanies another. (sqhetsut, n.); s+žác+žac+ut crew, those who accompany oneself. (sqhatsqhatsut, n.)
- **V×c** \*a c+×ec+m prepared, conditioned (lit. tie is prepared for something in particular). (atsqhestsm, vi.)
- Všc' \*Xac' to bet. (qhat); Xác+Xac'+m bet, wager (lit. He made a bet). (qhatsqhats'm, vt.); s+Xác+Xac+m' gamble, dice. (sqhatsqhats'm, vt.); hn+Xac+Xac+m'(n'+n' casino, gambling house. (hnqhatsqhats'minn, n.); ul+s+Xac+Xác+m' aleatory (lit. belonging to gambling, chance). (ul sqhatsqhats'm, adj.)
- **V×c** s+n+**×**ec+**t**=**u**s *ally*, *advocate*. (snqh<u>e</u>tstus, n.); hn+**×**ec+**t**=**ú**s-nt-se-s *behalf (lit. He acted on my behalf)*. (hnqhetst<u>u</u>sntses, n.)
- Vxc xic to raise one's hand, threaten. (qhits); s+n+xic+m bluff (lit. a feint). (snqhitsm,

n.); hn+xic-nt-s *bluff (lit. He intimidated him by a pretended motion to hit him).* (hnqh<u>i</u>tsnts, vt.)

- Všc s+žéc+m+šeš edition (lit. preparing for something). (sqhetsmshesh, n.);
  sya·+žéc+m+šeš editor (lit. One whose business is to prepare (for something)).
  (syaaqhetsmshesh, n.)
- Všc' žac' extraordinary, outstanding. (qha'ts); žac'+žac'+t interesting, extraordinary, outstanding. (qhats'qhats't, adj.); žec' to arouse curiosity. (qhe'ts); žác+žac'+t.
   Comment re. Grassman's law. interesting, fascinating, exciting, (object of) admiration, appealing, dilly. (qhatsqhats't, adj.)
- Vžc' S+žíc'=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> deforestation, cutting down trees or slashing of thickets. (sqhits'u'lmkhw, n.)
- Vžcm i? c+žécm+šeš edit (lit. You(s) are preparing it (for something). (i'tsqhetsmshesh, vt.)
- **√xi** xal *redhot*. (qhal)
- **√**×I ×al also, too. (qhal, adv.)
- Vžl žel lay side by side (as lumber). (qhel); čat+žel=ílupn floor. (chatqhel<u>i</u>lupn, n.); hn+žel=íw'es bridge, deck, trestle (lit. boards set side by side over waterway or other obstacle). (hnqhel<u>i</u>'wes, n.); hn+žel=íw'es bridge (lit. means of making a bridge). (hnqhel<u>i</u>'wesn, n.)
- V×l ×el clear, bright, light. (qhel); u n+×él It is clear water. (unqhel, v.); u ×él crystal (lit. It is clear, transparent). (uuqhel, n.); u ×él It is clear (air). (uuqhel, vi.); u y'+t+×al+p=ásq'it It (sky) is clearing up again. (u'ytqhalpasq'it, vi.)
- √xI xI=ú·s-stu-s He recognized (spotted) him immediately. (qheluuustus, vt.)
- √xl xl+sč+s+n+<sup>c</sup>él'+l'=ep claustrophobia (lit. being confined). (qhelschsn(<u>e</u>'l'lep, n.)
- √xi xal s+g<sup>w</sup>arp+m dandelion. (qhal sgwarpm, n.); xal nek<sup>w</sup>+e<sup>?</sup> another (lit. also one).
  (qhal nek'we', n.); xal+n+n'+n'ak'<sup>w</sup>á?=al'qs ha s+g<sup>w</sup>árp+m daisy.
  (qhaln'n'nak'wa'a'lqs ha sqwarpm, n.)
- VXI' s+Xel'=ús+m diagnosis (lit. quickly detecting the symptoms of disease). (sqhe'lusm, n.)
- √×Ix<sup>w</sup> ×élex<sup>w</sup> tooth, cog. (qhelekhw, n.); ×ál+×alex<sup>w</sup> teeth. (qhalqhalekhw, n.);
   hn+×elíx<sup>w</sup>+n dentist's office, dentistry. (hnqhelikhwn, n.); ul+×élex<sup>w</sup> dental (lit.

pertaining to the teeth). (ulqhelekhw, adj.); čam'e+lu?+ł+žal+žaic, toothless (lit. he no longer has his teeth). (cha'm'elu'lqhalqhelekhw, adj.); ?epł n+želíx\*+n (lit. One who has a place for dental surgery). (epłnqhelikhwn, n. dentist); s+cil'+eł+žélex\* denture (lit. substitute for teeth). (stsi'lelqhelekhw, n.); č'am' a+lut žál+žalex\* toothless, he no longer has his teeth. (ch'a'm alut qhalqhalekhw, adj.); \*hn+mey'+t+e?w+ał+žélex\* bucktooth (lit. middle tooth). (hnme'yte'wałkhelekhw, n.)

- Vžł žał to scare, frighten. (qhał); hn+žił He feared him. (hnqhilmnts, vt.); i n+žił afraid, frightened, chicken. (inqhil, vt.); s+n+žił fear, fearing, phobia. (snqhil, n.); s+n+žeł+že·ł+úl cowardice (lit. lack of courage, fearfulness). (snqhelqheełul, n.); hn+žáł+žał+n' deterrent (lit. means of discouraging by fear). (hnqhalqhal'n, n.); hn+žáł+že·ł+úl caitiff, coward, chicken-hearted, craven, pusillanimous, dastard(ly) (lit. He is given to fear). (hnqhalqheełul, n.); hn+žeł+že·ł+ul afraid, fearful, cowardly (habitually). (hnqhelqheełul, adj.); hn+žił fear, be afraid (lit. feel alone inside). (hnqhil, v.); s+n+žáł+žał+m' bug-bear (lit. an object of obsessive dread; the act of scaring). (snqhalqhal'm, n.); e lu+s+n+žíł brave, daring, dauntless, courageous (lit. He has no fear). (lut ha'ypsnqhils, vi.); lut hey'+s+n+žil-s to be brave, courageous, fearless (lit. He has no fear). (lut he'ysnqhils, n.); hn+žáł+žał-n't-m' daunt, deter, hindered (lit. He was thoroughly frightened). (hnqhalqhal'nt'm, vt.)
- Vžł žił to leave, desert, abandon. (qhił); a can+žíł to be destroyed (lit. It is abandoned from under). (atsanqhił, vi.); žił+el+ncút He abandoned his offspring. (qhiłelntsut, vt.); hn+žił+en+n place for abandoned things or junk. (hnqhiłenn, n.); s+žił+emn devil (lit. one who is abandoned). (sqhiłemn, n.); s+žil+n (l?) abandonment. (sqhiln-(n)); s+žił+n damnation, abandonment. (sqhiln, n.); s+can+žíł+ł blight (lit. becoming abandoned beneath the surface). (stsanqhiłł, n.); s+can+žíł+n condemnation. (stsanqhiłn, n.); ul+s+žíł+emn demonial (lit. one belonging to the devil). (ulsqhiłemn, adj.); žł+lut+m damnable (lit. He is deserving to be eternally punished). (qhełełutm vi.); u žwal'a s+žíł+emn diabolic (lit. He is like the devil; he is outrageously wicked). (uqhwa'lasqhiłemn, adj.); can+žił+ł×wéxw=lt condone (lit. He abandoned another's debt to himself). (tsanqhiłkhwekhwlt, vt.); žił+t-s He

abandoned him. (qhiłts, vt.); can+xíł+t-m condemn (lit. He was forsaken from under). (tsanqhiłtm, vi.)

- Vžł s+can+žíł+m abolish, annihilation, destruction (lit. to abandon from under). (stsanqhiłm, n.); s+žił=s+m frown, scowl (lit. leaving face). (sqhiłsm, vi.); čas+can+žíł+m-s eliminate, abolish. (chastsanqhiłms, vi.); čas+can+žił+m-s to eliminate, destroy (lit. he is going to destroy it). (chastsanqhiłms, vt.); can+žíł+t-s decimate (lit. He deserted it from under; he destroyed it). (tsanqhiłts, vt.); cen+žíł-t-s annihilate, destroy (lit. he abandoned it from under; he destroyed it completely). ( tsenqhiłts, vt.)
- Vžł s+žił=č+mn cession, surrendering (lit. letting go with the hand). (sqhilchmn, n.); žíł=čt+m-nt-s cede, relinquish (lit. He ceased his held on it). (qhilchtmnts, vt.); s+žił+ł+?iłn feast (after a wake) (lit. throwing food away). (sqhilłyiłn); s+žił+s+?iłn potlatch, giving away food. (sqhils'yiln, n.)
- Vžł Xíł=cn cursory; he had a quick meal (lit. He made a hasty reading (talk). (qhiltsn, n.)

√xł s+xo?ł+alyó Smoke Mountain (located west of DeSmet). (Sqho'łalyo, n.)

Vžm žem=inč to like, love. (qheminch,); S+žam=inč affection (lit. an attitude to one who has value). (sqhaminch, n.); S+žem=ínč+n love. (sqheminchn, n.); žem= enč+es+čínt Indian-lover (lit. one who loves Indians). (qhemencheschint, n.); s+may+s+žem=enč+as+čínt (note my-) devotion (lit. having a more ardent love for a person). (smaysqhemenchaschint, n.); e lu+s+žem=ínč Anglophobe (lit. One who does not love England). (elusqheminch e Schntsots, n.); žem= enč+eł+q'ey'+mín+n bookish, studious, hookworm, scholar, bibliophile (lit. He is fond of books). (qhemenchelq'e'yminn, vi.); hn-žem=ínč+n ha q'ey'+mín+n billet-doux, love-letter (lit. a letter that is the means of loving). (hnqheminchn ha q'e'yminn, n.); u t'+t'íd+m ha n+žem=ínč-s-n-lš I love that is brittle (term of old-time Coeur d'Alenes'). (ut'tilm hanqheminchn, n.); ac+žem=ínč-st-n-lš I love them. (atsqheminchsnlsh, vt.); žem=ínč-s-n I loved h/h. (qheminchsn, vt.); žem=ínč-s-n-lš I love them.

ínč-st-ulm-n I loved you (pl.). (qheminchstulmn, vt.); \*čn\_?i+n+žem=ínč you(sg.) love me. (chn'ingheminch, vt.); čn\_žém=enč+č+ł aesthete, connoisseur (lit. I love beautiful persons). (chnqhemenchł swi'numtmsh, n.); čn\_xem=ínč lit. I am loved. (chnqheminch, vt.); hn-i? \_c+xem=(nč+m I am loving h/h. (hi'tsqheminchm, vt.); hn-i?\_c+xem=ínč+m-lš I am loving them. (hi'tsqheminchmlsh, v.); hn-xam=ínč I like it. (hnqhaminch,); hn-xem=inč beloved (lit. I love her very much; She is my beloved). (hnqhemi nch!, n.); hn-xem=inč I love h/h. (hnqheminch, vt.); hn-xem= inč-lš I love them. (hnqheminchlsh, vt.); kwup\_hi?-c+xem=inč+m I am loving you (pl). (kuphi'tsqheminchm, vt.); k"up\_hn-xem=ínč I love you (pl). (kuphnqheminch, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_i<sup>?</sup>-c+žem=ínč+m I am loving you (s). (kwi'tsqheminchm, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_i-n+žem=ínč *I love you (sg.)*. (kwngheminch, vt.); na?žíł hn-žem=ínč *Maybe* I love h/h. (na'qhił hngheminch, v.); na?xíł hn-xem=ínč-lš Maybe I love them. (na'qhił hnqheminchlsh, v.); na?xíł k<sup>w</sup>up+xem=ínč Maybe I love you (pl.). (na'qhił kuphngeminch, v.); žił me? k<sup>w</sup>u, \_n+žm=inč *I may love you (sg.)*. (qhiłme'kwngheminch, vt.); g<sup>w</sup>ł n-žem=ínč I love them. (gułngheminch, vt.); k<sup>w</sup> na? xem=inč-s-n I am going to love h/h. (k'wna'qheminchsn, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem= inč-s-n-lš I am going to love them. (k'wna'gheminchsnlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? žem= inč-st-m-n I am going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'gheminchstmn, vi.); k'" na? žem= ínč-st-ulm-n I am going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'qheminchstulmn, vi.); ac+xem= (nč-st-x<sup>w</sup> you (sg.) love h/h. (atspheminchstkhw, vt.); ac+xem=(nč-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> you (sg.) love me. (atsqheminchstmekhw, vt.); in-xem=inč You (sg.) love h/h. (inqheminch, vt.); xem=ínč-st-x You (sg.) loved h/h. (qheminchstkhw, vt.); xem= inč-st-mex" You (sg.) loved me. (gheminchstmekhw, vt.); čn'\_y'c+žem=inč+m You (sg.) are loving me. (chn'i'tsqheminchm, vt.); hn-i? c+xem=inč+m You(s) are loving h/h. (i'tsqheminchm, vt.); i? c+xem=inč+m-lš You(s) are loving them. (i'tsqheminchmlsh, vt.); kwu\_xem=ínč You (sg) are loved. (kuqheminch, vi.); na?xíł čn ?in+xem=ínč You (sg.) maybe love me. (na'qhił chn'inqheminch, v.); na?xíł in+xem=ínč-lš Maybe you (sg.) love them. (na'qhil inqheminchlsh, v.); na?xíł in+xem=ínč Maybe you (sg.) love h/h. (na'qhił inqheminch, v.); k'" na? xem= ínč+č-st-me-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchchstmekhw, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=inč-st-x" You (sg.) are going to love him/her. (k'wna'qheminchstkhw, vi.);

ac+xem=inč love, h/s loves. (atsqheminch. . .); ac+xem=inč-st-me-s H/s customarily loves me. (atsqheminchstmes, vt.); ac+xem=inč-st-mi-s h/s loves you (sg.). (atsqheminchstmis, vt.); i c+xem=inč+m-s H/s is loving h/h. (itsqheminchms, vt.); xem=inč-s He loves her, she loves him, love is large in extent, quality, powerful. (qheminchs, vt.); xem=inč-st-mes H/s loved me. (qheminchstmes, vt.); xem= inč-st-mis H/s loved you (sg.). (qheminchstmis, vt.); xem=inč-st-us H/s loved h/h. (qheminchstus, vt.); xem=in+t H/s is loved. (qhemint, vt.); č\_y'c+xem=inč+m-s H/S is loving me. (chi'tsqheminchms, vt.); čn \_ xem=ínč-s lit. H/s loves me. (chnqheminchs, vt.); -xam=énč=qi-s He likes her voice. (hnqhamenchqis, vt.); hn-xem=inč=iw'es+n charity (lit. love of one another). (hnghemenchi'wesn, n.); hn-xem=inč+n love, affection, beneficence (lit. means of loving (God), means of attachment). (hnqheminchn, n.); k<sup>w</sup>u, xem=inč-s H/S loves you (sg). (kuqheminchs, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+xem=inč+m-s *H/s is loving you (sg.)*. (ku'ytsqheminchms, v.); na?xíł čn xem=inč-s H/s maybe loves me. (na'qhił chnqheminchs, v.); na?xíł xem= ínč-s Maybe h/s loves h/h. (na'qhil qheminchs, v.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=ínč-st-me-s H/s is going to love me. (k'wna'gheminchstmes, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=inč-st-mi-s He/she is going to love you (sg.). (k'wna'gheminchstmis, vi.); k'" na? xem=ínč-stu-s He/she is going to love him/ her. (k'wna'gheminchstus, vi.); xam=anč+ł+q\*ám+q\*am+t aesthete (lit. He loves beautiful things). (ghamanchiqwamqwamt, n.); č. , žem=ínč We are loved. (chyleminch, adj.); ac+xem=inč-s-m-elp you (pl.) love me. (atsqheminchsmelp, vt.); ac+xem=inč-st-x<sup>w</sup>-lš you (pl.) love them. (atsqheminchstkhwlsh, vt.); in-xem=inč-lš You (pl) love them. (inqheminchlsh, vt.); xem=inč-st-x\* You (pl.) loved them. (gheminchstkhwlsh, vt..); xem=inč-st-mel-p You (pl.) loved me. (gheminchstmelp, vt.); čn'\_y'c+xem=ínč-mp You (pl.) are loving me. (chn'i'tsgheminchmp, vt.); čn \_ xem=ínč-mp lit. You (pl) love me. (chnqheminchmp, vt.); kwup\_xem=ínč You (pl.) are loved. (kupqheminch, vi.); kw na? xem=inč-st-x"-lš You (pl.) are going to love them. (k'wna'qheminchstkhwlsh, vi.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem=inč-st-mel-p You (pl.) are going to love me. (k'wna'gheminchstmelp, vi.); nažíł čn žem=ínč+mp You (pl.) maybe love me. (na qhił chnqheminchmp, v.); ac+žem=ínč-st-me-s-lš they love me. (atsqheminchstmeslsh, vt.); ac+xem=inč-st-ulmi-s they love you (pl.).

(atsqheminchstulmis, vt.); ac+xem=inč-st-ulm-n I love you (pl.).

(atsqheminchstulmn, vt.); ac+xem=inč-stu-s-lš they love h/h. (atsqheminchstuslsh, vt.); i C+xem=inč+m-s-lš They are loving h/h. (itsqheminchmslsh, vt.); naxił čn xem=inč-s-lš They may love me. (na qhił chnqheminchslsh, v.); xem=enč=iw'es They loved mutually. (qhemenchi'wes, vt.); Xem=ínč-lš They are loved. (qheminchlsh, vt.); xem=ínč-s-lš They love h/h. (gheminchslsh, vt.); xem= inč-st-mes-lš They loved me. (gheminchstmeslsh, vt.); žem=inč-st-m-s-lš They loved you (pl.). (gheminchstmslsh, vt.); xem=inč-st-us-lš They loved h/h. (qheminchstuslsh, vt.); č, y'c+xem=ínč+m-s-lš They are loving me. (chi'tsqheminchmslsh, vt.); čn\_žem=ínč-s-lš lit. They love me. (chnqheminchslsh, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>up, xem=inč-s-lš They love you (pl). (kupgheminchslsh, vt.); k"u, y', c+xem=inč+m-s-lš They are loving you (pl.). (ku'ytsqheminchmslsh, v.); na?xíł xem=ínč-s-lš Maybe they love h/h. (na'qhił gheminchslsh, v.); k'<sup>w</sup> na? xem= (nč-st-me-s-lš They are going to love me. (k'wna'qheminchstmeslsh, vi.); k'" na? xem=ínč-st-ulmi-s-lš They are going to love you (pl.). (k'wna'qheminchstulmislsh, vi.); k<sup>w</sup> na? xem=(nč-stu-s-lš They are going to love him/her. (k'wna'qheminchstuslsh, vi.)

- Vžm žem heavy (lit. it is heavy). (qhem, adj.); žem heavy, important. (qhem); žem It is heavy, cumbersome. (qhem, vi.); žem=íčn' He was weighed down. (qhemich'n, vt.); s+žem avoirdupois, heaviness, weight, importance. (sqhem, n.); burly, husky (lit. He is heavy-boned and strong). (qhamast'a'm ł doldolq'wt, vi.); NN He is heavy-boned. (lit. He is heavy as to the bone). (qhamast'a'm, vi.); žem x<sup>w</sup>e šét+ut The rock is heavy. (qhem khwe shetut, vi.)
- Vxm xeme+ncot+n to leave one's own people, go to live with in-laws. (qhementsotn, vi.)
- Vžm ec+žem=íčt+mn elaborate, ornate, decorated (lit. It is carefully manipulated). (etsqhemichtmn, adj.)
- Vžm hn+žá?+ža?m+n whale sturgeon. (hnqhai'qha'mn, n.)

Văm' xam' monster, ghoul. (qha'm)

Vxm' xem' to bite, animal bite. (qhe'm)

Vxmc xemc to shave. (qhemts); xemc=us+ncút He shaved. (qhemtsusntsut, vt.)

Vžn' ža+žan'+út nine. (qhaqha'nut, n.); ža+žn'+ósq'it novena (lit. nine days).
(qhaqh'nosq'it,); <sup>2</sup>upen uł ža+žan'+út nineteen. (upen uł qhaqha'nut, n.);
ža+žn'+u·l+<sup>2</sup>úpen' ninety. (qhaqh'nuu'lupe'n, n.)

Vxnwt s+xe·níwt great, great-grandfather of Chief Moctelme. (Sqheeniwt, n.)

- V×p ×ep pile (flat objects). (qhep); ac+×ep to be stacked, accummulated, placed over another. (atsqhep, vi.); čat+×ep=iłx<sup>w</sup>n shingle, roofing, thatch. (chatqhepiłkhwn, n.); ×a+×ép book, volume, tome, breviary. (lit. little pile of plates (sheets) of paper). (qhaqhep, n.)
- V×p s+×ep=íw'es a person's double; second self; soul; spirit; energy. (snqhepij'wes, n.);
  e lu+s+n+×ep=íw'es dead (lit. It has no second self, soul). (elusnqhepij'wes, vi.)
- $\sqrt{x}p$  s+xa+xép the entrails of a deer or other game, near the stomach. (sqhaqhep, n.)
- **√×p** ×ip to gnaw. (qhip)
- √xp? xípe? paternal grandfather. (qhipe', n.)
- Vxp' xep' button, fasten, sew. (qhep'); xép'-nt-s He buckled, buttoned, fastened, latched it. (qhep'nts, vt.)
- Vžq' žaq' pay, reward. (qhaq'); žaq'=k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> paying in the water. Refers to same place as Hnseluk: meaning place of confusion. (Qha'qkwe'); žáq'=k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> paying with water. (qhaq'kwe', vt.); s+žáq'+aq' prize, award. (sqhaq'aq', n.); čas+žáq'+aq' coupon (lit. pay to be made). (chasqhaq'aq', n.); s+žaq'+ncút tax (lit. paying oneself). (sqhaq'ntsut, n.); s+žáq'=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> demise (lit. pay for use of land). (sqhaq'u'lumkhw, n.); s+lu(t)+s+žáq'+n decompensation (lit. reversal of recompense). (slusqhaq'n, n.); žáq'-nt-s He defrayed it, paid it, supplied it. (qhaq'nts, vt.)
- √xq'<sup>w</sup> xáq'<sup>w</sup>+p detach, disconnect, separate (lit. It became disconnected). (qhaq'wp, vt.)
- Vžs žes well. (qhes, adv.); žes to be well, to be good. (qhes); žés+žes good good.
  (qhesqhes, adj.); žes=íłx<sup>\*\*</sup> He has a good house. (qhesiłkhw, v.); ni žes+t Is it good?
  (ni qhest? (qu.).); žes+t It is good! (qhest! (excl.)); žes+t hello, it is good. (qhest, adj.); žes+t It is good, hello, good morning, good evening, goodbye, bon voyage, it is beneficial, clean-cut, wholesome. (qhest, v.); žes+ilce? x<sup>\*\*</sup>e an+łamqe? NN (ł, and c') Bear meat is good. (lit. It is good meat that which is bear). (qhesiłtse' khwe anłamqe', v.); žés+mncut deport, behave (lit. He behaved himself well).
  (qhesmntsut, vi.); žes+mncút+n bricabrac, ornaments (lit. means of making oneself

good). (qhesmntsutn, n.); xes+t+il's recovered, cured (lit. He became good). (qhesti'lsh, vt.); čat=žes+íw'es plain (lit. good middle of surface). (chatqhesij'wes, n.); hn+xes=ilg es to be kind, amiable, sociable. (hnqhesilgwes, v.); hn+xes=itk e? It is good water. (hnqhesitkwe', n.); hn+xes+n boon, benefit, blessing (lit. condition of being good). (hnqhesn, n.); xas=ílup He has a comfortable bed (lit. good bedding). (qhasilup, v.); xás+i?=qs moose (lit. a good nose). (qhasi'qs, n.); xes=ul'úmx good land, fertile land, productive land, plain, open country. (qhesu'lumkhw, n.); s+ni?+xés+t H/s is the best in the crowd, best, elite. (sni'qhest, v.); ta?+s+xes+t It is not good (Spokane). (ta'sqhest, v.); t+xas+ásq'it The vault of the sky is clear, good. beautiful. (tqhasasq'it, v.); t+xás=i?qs He had a good meal (lit. He enjoyed something good with his nose). (tqhasi'qs, v.); s+xés+mncut behavior, good behavior, demeanor. (sqhesmntsut, n.); s+xes+mncút cleanliness (lit. habitually dressing oneself neat and clean). (sqhesmntsut, n.); {u?+w'en {u? xes+t that one is a good man, besides. (lu'wenlu'qhest, vi.); s+xese+?iln diet (lit. eating correctly). (sqhesee'yiln, n.); xes+e++c'ég"t He has nice manners, he is courtly, refined. (qheselts'egwt, vi.); s+k<sup>w</sup>l'+l+×es+t deem (lit. It is something considered good). (sk'u'lt ghest, n.); lut xes+t immoral (lit. It is not good). (lutghest, adj.); ul+ápels ha s+c+an+xas=itk<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup>-s apply-jack, apple brandy (lit. good juice from the apple). (ulapels ha stsanqhasitkwe's, n.); xas+al+q<sup>w</sup>ix<sup>w</sup> aroma, scent, fragrance (lit. good odor). (qhasalqwikhw, n.); xes+t ha? csét'qit It is a good day. (qhest ha' tsset'qit, vi.); xes+es+t'íč+t He rowed without trouble or difficulty. (qhesest'icht, v.); tel' ci? xes+t better. (te'l tsi' qhest, adv.); tel'+ci?+xes+t better (lit. good from that point on). (te'ltsi'qhest, adj.); xes+t he s+te·m=ilg es boon (lit. He is good who is a relative). (qhest he steemilgwes, vi.); x<sup>\*</sup>ay'+t+xes=ípele? beneficiary (lit. one who is the recipient of a benefit). (khwa'ytqhesipele', n.); xes+xes+t=cn+mincut brag, boast (lit. He talked about himself). (qhesqhesttsnmintsut, vi.); xas=ál'qs dapper, he has neat clothes, he is neatly dressed. (qhasa'lqs, vi.); xe+xés+t benignant. (qheqhest, adj.); xes+t+il'+sút+m It is curable, healable. (qhesti'lsutm, vi.); s+n+xés=elg"es contentment. (snqheselgwes, n.); s+n+xes=igwes benevolence. (snqhesilgwes, n.); s+xas+xas=ílg"es art (lit. having beautiful ways of doing things). (sqhasqhasilgwes, n.); s+xas+xas+t=cin+m to praise, praising, extolling. (sqhasqhasttsinm, vt.);

s+xas+xas+t=cin+m+n commendation, praising. (sqhasqhasttsinmn, n.); s+xes= íčt+mn benefit, treating well. (sqhesichtmn, vt.); s+xe<sup>9</sup>s+mín+n appreciation. (sqhe'sminn, n.); s+xes+t+?íl's+m detoxification (lit. curing of poison or toxins, removing venom by the mere touch of the medicine man). (sqhest'ilshm, n.); s+t+xe?s=ús belvedere (lit. viewing something beautiful. loose- getting an eyeful). (stqhe'sus, n.); u' xés He is well, fine. (uuqhes, vi.); cmi? u' čən xe's I was fine (lit. I used to be healthy). (tsmi'uuchngheees, vi.); t'u? u+čn xé s Well, I'm fine. (t'u' uchnqheees, v.); u n+xes=elg<sup>w</sup>es blithe, content (lit. He is cheerful, etc.). (unqheselgwes, adj.); Xés-stu-s approve (lit. He made it good). (qhesstus, vt.); xes+t+il's-s Get well! (qhesti'lshs (excl.).); čn \_xes+t good (lit. I am good). (chnqhest, adj.); k<sup>w</sup>u, n+xes=ilg<sup>w</sup>es You are kind-hearted. (kunqhesilgwes, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u, n+xes=ísč'eyt You have a beautiful, good voice. (kunghesisch'eyt, vt.); xe<sup>9</sup>s+min-n appreciate, value, esteem (lit. I realized the food [good] in something). (qhe'sminn, vt.); xes+t+il's-s-n I healed him, I put him into proper condition. (qhesti'lshsn, vt.); čn\_žese·+?ítš slept (lit. I slept well). (chnqhesee'yitsh, vt.); hi-s+k'<sup>w</sup>ul'+++xés+t deign (lit. I deem it worthy). (hisku'lighest, vt.); lut ha s-xes+t-s It is not good. (lut ha squests, vi.); na?+xes+m=íčt+mn+t-x<sup>w</sup> elaborate (lit. You manipulate it carefully). (na'ghesmichtmntkhw, v.); xas+xas+t=cin+mn-n commend (lit. I represented it as worthy). (qhasqhasttsinmnn, vt.); č's=cin+m-nt-s x<sup>w</sup>a xes+t blasphemy, profanity. (ch'stsinmnts khwa qhest, n.)

V×s hn+×ús=k<sup>w</sup>e? beer, foamy water, brew. (hnqhuskwe', n.); hn+×ús=k<sup>w</sup>e?+n brewery. (hnqhuskwe'n, n.); s+×es=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? bouillon, broth, consomme water. (sqhesitkwe', n.)

Vžt žet club. (qhet); žet to punish. (qhet); ža+žt=ápqn'+n' billy, bludgeon, cudgel, small club. (qhaqhtapq'n'n, n.); žat=ápqn+n black-jack, club (lit. that with which one clubs another). (qhatapqnn, n.); žat+mín+n bat (lit. means of clubbing). (qhatminn, n.); žat=qín+n thrashing machine (lit. means of clubbing the head). (qhatqinn, n.); žat+ncút ascetic (lit. He whipped himself). (qhatntsut, n.); žet+žet+m'úl' caterpillar (lit. one given to whip). (qhetqhet'mu'l, n.); s+žét+t penalty, chance, hard luck, disaster (lit. a whipping). (sqhett, n.); sya+can+žet=cn batter (baseball) (lit. One who hits (the ball). (syatsanqhettsn, n.); can+žét=cn He is batting. (tsanqhettsn, vi.); žet-m beat. (qhetm, vt.); žét-n I beat him. (qhetn, vt.); žat=ápqn-t-s He clubbed

him. (qhatapqnts, vt.); xat+xat=ápqn-t-s-lš He clubbed several persons. (qhatqhatapqntslsh, vt.); xat+qín-nt-s belabor, thrash (lit. He beat the head. He thrashed it (grain)). (qhatqints, vt.); xét-nt-s whip, belabor, beat, chastise. (qhetnts, vt.); xét-nt-m He was castigated, corrected, punished (lit. He was whipped). (qhetntm, vt.); s+xét+t-et It is our punishment. (sqhettet, v.); s+xét+t-s it is his punishment. (sqhetts, v.); xt-nt-m He was whipped. (qhetntm, vt.); t+xat+xat= úps-nt-s He spanked him. (tqhatqhatupsnts, v.)

**VXt** Xit *corrugated*, *marked*. (qhit)

V**žt** s+t+žat=qín+n straw (lit. what is left after flailin grain). (stqhatq<u>i</u>nn, n.); g<sup>w</sup>iy'+as+žát=qn after harvest. (gwi'yasqh<u>a</u>tqn, n.)

Vžť žeť to gnaw, graze. (qheť,); žať=úľmx<sup>w</sup> He grazed (lit. He munched on the ground). (qhať<u>u</u>'lmkhw, vi.); i c+žeť=úľumx<sup>w</sup> browse (lit. It (horse) is grazing). (itsqheť<u>u</u>'lumkhw, vi.); s+žéť+m corrosion rot (lit. gnawing). (sqh<u>e</u>ťm, n.)

**√xt'** s+xít'+m=šn pants, trousers, breeches, chinos, corduroy. (sqh<u>i</u>t'mshn, n.)

Vžw žiw shy, timid, ashamed, embarrassed. (qhiw); žiw+t be ashamed. (qhiwt, v.);
žíw+t blushed, confound (lit. He was ashamed). (qhiwt, vi.); žew+žew+tul bashful, shy, withdrawn. (qhewqhewtul, adj.); s+žiw+t chargrin, embarrassment, humiliation, decency, shyness, modesty. (sqhiwt, n.); žew+žew+túl bashful, shy (lit. He is habitually ashamed). (qhewqhewtul, vi.); žewu+mscút disgrace, dishonor, shame (lit. He brought reproach upon himself). (qhewumstsut, vt.); hn+žíw+m disgrace, ignominy (lit. It is a cause of shame). (hnqhiwm, n.); i c+žíw+t ashamed (lit. He is being ashamed). (itsqhiwt, vi.); žéw+žew+t derogatory, disparaging, shameful. (qhewqhewt, vi.); s+n+žew+p+šítcut compunction (lit. feeling shame of one's experience). (snqhewpshitsut, n.); s+žewu+mscút degradation, disgracing oneself. (sqhewumstsut, n.)

V**žw** t+žéw+yep *peninsula*. (tqh<u>e</u>wyep, n.)

Vžw' žiw' raw (uncooked). (qhi'w,); ac+žiw' crude (lit. It is raw). (ats qhi'w, adj.)

Vžw' s+žaw'+lutž<sup>w</sup>e? raw camas. (sqha'wlutqhwe', n.)

**V×w**'*i* a·×**í**w'*i* now, today, presently. (aaqh<u>i</u>'w*i*, adv.)

Vxwt xewit+xawít white swan. (qhewitqhawit, n.)

**√××** ał+×á×+a× crow. (ałqhaqh, n.)

- Vžy t+žíy=elps gray horse. (tqhiyelps, n.); žiy gray (horse). (qhiy)
- √xy t+xáya+p cape, promontory (lit. A point or head of land projecting into a sea or other body of water). (tqhayap, n.)

**√žyš** žeyiš *revenge*. (qheyish)

- √xy' xáy'+xiy' large. (qha'yqhi'y); xay'+xi?+t+ílš It became enlarged or extended or dilated. (qha'yqhi'tilsh, vt.); hn+xáy'+xiy'=alqs It is a wide road. (hnqha'yqhi'yalqs, v.); s+xay'+xi?+t amplitude, bulk, capacity, volume. (sqha'yqhi't, n.); s+xay'+xi?+t= il'Š+m dilation. (sqha'yqhi'ti'lshm, n.); s+žáy'+žiy'+m apotheosis (lit. making one great). (sqha'yqhi'ym, n.); xay'+xi?=ł'x<sup>w</sup> building, chateau, a big building. (qha'yqhi'khw, n.); Xay'+Xíqm' \*Xay'+X=íqn' He has a big head. (qha'yqhiq'm, vi.); žáy'+ži<sup>7</sup>+t *It is large, big, huge, ample, bulky*. (qha'yqhi't, vi.); s+n+žáy'+žiy'=alqs costliness, high price(s) (lit. bigness of road). (sngha'yghi'yalgs, n.); t+xáy'+xiy'+e?st big rock, boulder. (tqha'yqhi'ye'st, n.); hn+xáy+xi?=łc'e? cannon (lit. a gun with a large interior). (hnqhayqhi'lts'e', n.); t+xáy'+xiy'+e?st big rock. (tqha'yqhi'ye'st, n.); t+xáy'+xiy'=us He has a large eye, large flame. (tqha'yqhi'yus, v.); xáy'+xi?+t he n+cun+me<sup>2</sup>+n It is a big school. (gha'yghi't hentsunme'n, n.); Xáy'+Xi<sup>2</sup>+t ha g<sup>w</sup>ar= úl'mx<sup>w</sup>+n bulldozer (lit. big ground scraper). (qha'yqhi't ha gwaru'lmkhwn, n.); žay'+ži<sup>?</sup>+t ha mo<sup>.</sup>nkí ape, gorilla (lit. big monkey). (qha'yqhi't ha moonki, n.); xáy'+xi?+t i? t s+pu?+pu?s=ínč brokenhearted, mournful (lit. He is grievously mourning). (qha'yqhi't itspu'pu'sinch, vi.); xáy'+xi?+t he s+n+py=ilg es bliss, ecstasy (lit. great thrilling of the heart). (qha'yqhi't he snpiyyilgwes, n.); žay'+ži?+s+qíltč NN. qiltč buxom, chubby (lit. She has a big body). (qha'yqhi'sqilch, vi.); xáy'+xi?+t he t'éde argosy (lit. a big canoe). (qhay'qhi't he t'ede, n.); xáy'+xi?+t ha t+x<sup>w</sup>ég'<sup>w</sup>=ečn' bass viol (lit. It is big big what is a viol (means of pulverizing)). (aha'vahi't ha tkhweg'wech'n, n.); Xay'+Xi?+t+ilš-s-n dilate (lit. I enlarged or widened it in all directions). (qha'yqhi'ti'lshsn, vt.); Xay'+Xiy'+t+il's-st-m augment, enlarge, amplify. (qha'yqhi'yti'lshstm, vt.); Xay'+Xiy'+t+íl'S-stu-s He succeeded in enlarging it, he amplified it. (qha'yqhi'yti'lshstus, vt.)
- Vžy' s+žey'+l+s+čí+če? (l?) plug, worn out horse. (sqhey'lschiche', n.)
- **V×y**' **×ey**' *food left over*. (qhe'y)
- $\sqrt{x}$  nas+ $\dot{x}\dot{a}$ ?+ $\dot{x}$  father-in-law. (nasqh<u>a</u>'qh, n.)

- √x<sup>?</sup> xe<sup>?</sup>=úl'mx<sup>w</sup> rattler. (qhe'<u>u</u>'lmkhw, n.)
- VX° Xa° to fan. (qha(); s+Xe°+p breeze. (sqha(p, n.); s+Xá°+ncut air conditioning (oneself). (sqha(ntsut, v.)
- VX°g<sup>w</sup> xe<sup>°</sup>ig<sup>w</sup> perforated. (qhe(igw)
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{w}}\mathbf{c}^{*}\mathbf{s}+\operatorname{can}+\mathbf{x}^{w}+\mathbf{x}^{w}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{c}=\mathbf{cn}'$  bob, a short haircut on a woman or child. (stsanqhukhwitsts'n, n.)
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{w}}\mathbf{c}$  t+ $\mathbf{x}^{w}\mathbf{e}\mathbf{c}$ -nt-s beyond -He went beyond him; he by passed it. (tqhwetsnts, adv.)
- V×<sup>w</sup>d ×<sup>\*</sup>ad comical, funny, humerous. (qhwad,); ×<sup>\*</sup>ád+×<sup>\*</sup>ad+t He is funny, comical, humorous. (qhwadqhwadt, vi.); s+×<sup>\*</sup>ad+×<sup>\*</sup>ad+m'scút comedy, to be humorous, funny. (sqhwadqhwad'mstsut, adj.); s+×<sup>\*</sup>a+×<sup>\*</sup>ad=cn'+m'in'cut humorous, funny, comical (lit. continually telling jokes). (sqhwaqhwadts'n'mi'ntsut, adj.); hn+×<sup>\*</sup>ád+×<sup>\*</sup>ad=cn He is funny as to the mouth. (hnqhwadqhwadtsn, vi.); sya+×<sup>\*</sup>a+×<sup>\*</sup>ad'+mscut comedian, buffoon, clown (lit. one whose profession is to make himself comical). (syaqhwaqhwad'mstsut, n.)

 $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{w}}$  s+ $\mathbf{\tilde{x}}^{w}$ ú?ul *awl, bodkin.* (sqh<u>u</u>'ul, n.)

√x<sup>w</sup>l' u x<sup>w</sup>el'e resembling. (uqhwe'le, n.); u x<sup>w</sup>al'a č'n'+p'=qín=čt annular (lit. It is like a ring). (uqhwa'la ch"np'qi'ncht, n.); u X"al'á čp=qín+n capillary (lit. It resembles hair). (ughwa'la chpginn, n.); u x<sup>w</sup>el' el'íš It is like a mountain. (ughwe'le'lish, vi.); u X<sup>w</sup>al'a s+Xil+emn diabolic (lit. He is like the devil; he is outrageously wicked). (ughwa'lasqhiłemn, adj.); ul+s+c'éx<sup>w</sup>+ncut or u x<sup>w</sup>el'é astral (lit. It is like a star). (ul sts'eghwntsut or ughwe'le, adj.); u x "al'á s+c'am' lit. It is like a bone. (ughwa'la sts'a'm, adj.); u x"al'a·+g"áx+t=elt He is childlike, innocent, humble. (ughwa'laagwaghtelt, vi.); u X<sup>w</sup>al'á s+t'+m'ált+mš bovine (lit. It resembles a cow). (uqhwa'la st"maltmsh, n.); u x"al'á ml=ól'umx" earthy, unrefined (lit. It resembles the soil). (ughwa'la mlo'lumkhw, adj.); u xwel'é ml=qn=ups aquiline (lit. like an eagle). (uqhwe'le mlqnups, n.); u X<sup>w</sup>el'e yc+pú<sup>9</sup>s cordate (lit. It is like a heart). (uqhwe'leytspu's, adj.); u x al'a n+q' +q' sm'i canine (lit. It is doglike). (uqhwa'lanq'oq'os'mi, n.); u x "al'á s+qil=tč carnation (like the body in color). (ughwa'la sqiltch, n.); u x "al'á qap+qapl'+y'úy'e? desultory (lit. He is like a butterfly; he is aimless, unsettled). (uqhwa'la qapqap'l'yu'ye', adj.); u x "el'é? s+n+q<sup>w</sup>úl=enč he s+t'+t'ús exp cotton candy (lit. candy that resembles cotton).

(uqhe'le' snqulench he st't'us, n.); u x``al'á tax+táx all-spice (lit. It is like pepper). (uqhwa'la taqhtaqh, n.); u x``el'é s+tm'=qn=íłx`` exp conical (lit. It is shaped like a tepee). (uqwe'le st'mqiłkhw, n.); u x``el'e tm+tmní? cadaverous, corpselike (lit. He looks like a dead body). (uqhwe'letmtmni', adj.); u x``el'é t+tm'íx`' (lit. It is like an animal) birdlike. (uqhwe'le tt'mikhw); u x``el'é č+tux`'+mín+n complementary (lit. like an addition). (uqhwe'le chtukhwminn, n.); u x``el'é k+yól=alq`' arboreal (lit. resembling a tree). (uqhwa'la syolalqw, n.); u x``el'e k``ú\_k'``ul+ncút+n divine (lit. You (sg.) are godlike). (uqhwe'le kuk'u'Intsutn, adj.)

- √x<sup>w</sup>l'q<sup>w</sup> hn+čat+x<sup>w</sup>ol'+x<sup>w</sup>ol'q<sup>w</sup>=íčn pool table, billiards. (lit. place for rolling things). (hnchatqho'lqho'lq'wichn, n.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>ł x<sup>w</sup>ił dart. (qhwił); x<sup>w</sup>ił to hurry at something. (qhwił)
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}}$   $\mathbf{x}$   $\mathbf{x}$
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}}^{w}$  s+ $\mathbf{x}^{w}$ u?ł *mist, smog.* (sqhu'ł, n.)
- VX"n' X"en' to hurry. (qhwe'n); X"en+t-š Hurry up! (qhwentsh (excl.).); čn\_X"en+t I
  hurried. (chnqhwent, vi.)
- Vž<sup>w</sup>n s+ž<sup>w</sup>en=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? rapids, hurrying water. (sqhwenitkwe', n.); s+ž<sup>w</sup>u+ž<sup>w</sup>n'=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? brook (lit. little fresh water stream). (sqhuqhw'nitkwe', n.); s+ž<sup>w</sup>e+ž<sup>w</sup>n'=itk<sup>w</sup>e? small brook, streamlet. (sqhweqhw'nitkwe', n. (dim.)); s+can+ž<sup>w</sup>en=ítk<sup>w</sup>e? aqueduct (lit. underground stream). (stsanqhwenitkwe', n.)
- VX"n' s+X"ún'=eč thornberry. (sqhu'nech, n.); s+X"n'+X"n'=ič=ełp thornberry bush. (sqhu'qhu'nichełp, n.)
- Vž<sup>w</sup>p ž<sup>w</sup>up inefficient, careless. (qhup); ž<sup>w</sup>up+t He is incapable, unable. (qhupt, vi.); s+ž<sup>w</sup>up+t disability, state of being incapable. (sqhupt, n.); miyeł+ž<sup>w</sup>p+t he is too inept. (miyełqhupt, adj.)
- √x<sup>w</sup>q<sup>'w</sup> x<sup>w</sup>aq<sup>'w</sup> ground meal. (qhwaq'w); hi<sup>.</sup> c+x<sup>w</sup>éq<sup>'w</sup> flour (lit, that which is milled).
  (hiitsqhweq'w, n.); hi yc+x<sup>w</sup>éq<sup>'w</sup> bread-stuff (lit. that which is pulverized).
  (hiytsqhweq'w, n.); \*hi yc+x<sup>w</sup>éq<sup>'w</sup> ha s+qil=tč burger (lit. meat that is ground).
  (hiytsqheq'w ha sqiltch, n.); x<sup>w</sup>éq<sup>'w</sup>-nt-s He ground it, pulverize, grate. (qhweq'wnts, vt.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>q<sup>w</sup> x<sup>w</sup>áq<sup>w</sup>+p+m-stu-s to analyze (Lit. He separated it). (qhwaq'wpmstus, vt.)
   Vx<sup>w</sup>q<sup>w</sup> t+x<sup>w</sup>éq<sup>w</sup>=ečn' calliope (lit. An organlike musical instrument). (tqhweq'wech'n,

**n.)** 

√x<sup>w</sup>q<sup>w</sup> \*i s+x<sup>w</sup>óq<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>oq<sup>w</sup>+iš *He was grunting*. (isqhoqwish, vi.)

- VX<sup>™</sup>s Xus to foam (water, beer). (qhus); Xus Rose (proper name). (Qhus, n.); s+X<sup>™</sup>ús+m foam berries. (sqhusm, n.); taX+t ha n+X<sup>™</sup>ús=k<sup>™</sup>e? ale (lit. (more) bitter beer). (taqht hanqhuskwe', n.)
- $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{w}t} * \mathbf{\tilde{x}}^{w} \mathbf{\tilde{a}t} + \mathbf{\tilde{x}}^{w} \mathbf{\tilde{a}t} duck (lit. quack quack). (qhatqhwat, n.)$
- Vx<sup>w</sup>t x<sup>w</sup>at to cut in two. (qhwat); hn+x<sup>w</sup>t=ús-nt-m behead (lit. He was beheaded). (hnqhwtusntm, vi.); can+x<sup>w</sup>ét-nt-s curtail (lit. He cut it off; he cut it short). (tsanqhwetnts, vt.)
- Vx<sup>w</sup>t t+x<sup>w</sup>et+s+t by-gone, past. (tqhwetst, adj.); t+x<sup>w</sup>et+s+t past. (tqhwetst, n.)
- Vš<sup>w</sup>t' t+g<sup>w</sup>ép+elx<sup>w</sup> ha s+ž<sup>w</sup>et'+i? Angora (lit. He (the goat) has long hair). (tgwepelkhw ha sqhwet'i', n.); ul+s+ž<sup>w</sup>t'+í? he č'í?m-is Capricornus (lit. horn that belongs to the goat). (ul sqhwt'ii'he ch'ii'mis, n.)

**√x<sup>w</sup>yłp** s+x<sup>w</sup>iyi?łp=mš *Colville Tribe*. (Sqhwiyi'łpmsh, n.)

 $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{w}\mathbf{c}^{w}}$  s+ $\mathbf{x}^{w}\mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{c}^{w}}$ + $\mathbf{x}^{w}\mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{c}^{w}}$  fox. (sqhw<u>e</u>(wqhwe)w, n.)

**√y** yo<sup>..</sup> *Oh, my!* (yooo! (excl.).)

**Vyc** yuc *Indian cosmetics*. (yuts)

- Vyc' yoc' tight (e.g. belt or rope). (yots'); S+yac'+p clutch (lit. that which is tightened). (syats'p, n.); S+yec'+p attrition, abrasion, detrition (lit. what is worn out). (syets'p, n.); yc'+mén<sup>-</sup> clamp (lit. tightener). (yts'menn, n.); yec'+p It (metal) wore out. (yets'p, vi.); yóc'+yec'+t It is very tight, like a nut on a bolt. (yots'yets't, v.); yc'+p= áw'es connect (lit. They were tightened together). (yts'pa'wes, vt.); č+yac'+p fond. (lit. H/s became very attached to someone--a home, occupation, etc.). (chyats'p, adj.); č+yec'+m=šén+n brake. (lit. means of tightening feet (wheels)). (chyets'mshenn, vi.)
- **Vyc'p** yic'p+yíc'p *Cheney*. (Yits'pyits'p, n.); t'u?+yic'p+iyícp *Well, it's Cheney*. (t'u'yits'piyitsp, v.)
- Vyh yih calm, quiet. (yih); če·+yíh+ih spring (lit. the beginning of spring again). (cheeyihih, n.); s+yíh+ih march; mild weather. (syihih, n.); yehe+hí·· quiet (lit. to remain quiet; said of weather). (yehehí··, excl.); s+yéh+m'=stwex<sup>w</sup> appease, armistice, peace treaty (lit, making peace with others). (syeh'mstwekhw, n.)

**<sup>√</sup>x**<sup>w</sup>**y** s+t+x<sup>w</sup>éy+iy+ep Lewiston, Idaho (lit. becoming a peninsula). (Stqhweyiyep, n.)

- **√yk**<sup>w</sup> teč+n+peste<sup>?</sup>us ha yuk<sup>w</sup>k<sup>w</sup>m+ús+m=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> antarctic. (technpeste'us ha yukkwm<u>u</u>smu'lumkhw, n.)
- √yl s+yól=alq<sup>w</sup> tree, log, stick. (syolalqw, n.); ni?+s+yól=alq<sup>w</sup> forest. (ni'syolalqw, n.);
  e c+če<sup>+</sup>+yél+u?=cn to be bearded, mustachiod (lit. He has a mustache).
  (etscheeyelu'tsn, vi.); s+ni?+s+yól=alq<sup>w</sup> backwoods (lit. among trees). (sni'syolalqw, n.); u x<sup>w</sup>al'á s+yól=alq<sup>w</sup> arboreal (lit. resembling a tree). (uqhwa'la syolalqw, n.)
- **Vyl** lut he y'el+mncut+s H/S did not move h/h self, h/s did not go anywhere. (luthee'yelmntsuts, vt.)
- Vylmx<sup>w</sup> ylmíx<sup>\*</sup>+m leader, chief, czar, king, president. (ylmikhum, n.); yl+ylmix<sup>\*</sup>+m cadre (lit. group of chiefs, a group of trained personnel forming the nucleus of an organization (tribe)). (ylylmikhum, n.); ul+ylmíx<sup>\*</sup>+m royal, kingly (lit. belonging to a chief). (ul ylmikhm, adj.); yilmix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m king, ruler, potentate. (yilmikhum, n.); y'+y'l'míx<sup>\*\*</sup>+m' basilisk, boss (lit. little chief). ('y'y'l'mikhum', n.); y'+y'l'mix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m' boss (lit. little chief). chief's right hand man. ('y'y'l'mikhu'm, n.); pen'+yilmíx<sup>\*\*</sup>+m first lady, queen (lit. She is the wife of the chief). (pe'nyilmikhum, vi.); s+ylmíx<sup>\*\*</sup>+m allegiance, authority (of a chief). (sylmikhwm, n.); yilmix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m leader. (yilmikhum, n.); s+čint+eł+yilmix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m Indian chief, superintendent, Indian agent. (schintelyilmikhm, n.); s+čint+eł+yilmix<sup>\*\*</sup>+m Indian chief, bureaucrat, superintendent. (schintelyimikhum, n.); s+nuk<sup>\*\*</sup>+m a+n+g<sup>\*\*</sup>(s+t the chief who dwells on high. (ylmikhumangwist, n.); s+nuk<sup>\*\*</sup>+m isémen' archenemy, Satan, devil (lit. enemy who is chief). (ylmikhum he sheme'n, n.); oldest son. ( ylmukhwst'iik'otan, n.)
- Vyl'x<sup>w</sup> yel'x<sup>w</sup> to cover (e.g. with cloth). (ye'lkhw,); yl'x<sup>w</sup>u+mín<sup>•</sup> arras, tapestry, hanging. (y'lkhuminn, n.); yl'x<sup>w</sup>=áqs+n dickey (lit. detached shirt front). (y'lkhwaqsn, n.); yl'x<sup>w</sup>=ílup+n rug, carpet. (y'lkhwilupn, n.); yl'+yl'x<sup>w</sup>=áqs+n brassiere. (y'ly'lkhwaqsn, n.); č+yél'+yel'x<sup>w</sup>=alq=šn chaps. (lit. covering for the legs). (chye'lye'lkhwalqshn, n.); č+yl'+yl'x<sup>w</sup>ós=ažn cape. (lit. covering on the shoulders). (chy'ly'lkhosaqhn, n.); e n+yél'+yl'+x<sup>w</sup>=us blindfolded (lit. He was covered as to the eyes). (enye'lyl'khus, vi.); ni?+yl'x<sup>w</sup>=ús=šn apron (lit. a covering for the lap). (ni'y'lkhusshn, n.); s+cen+y'+y'lx<sup>w</sup>=íl'g<sup>w</sup>es bib. (stsen'y'y'lkhwi'lgwes, n.)

**Vym** yem silent, speechless. (yem); yem-š shut up! (yemsh! (excl.).)

**Vym** e n+yém+ep forever (lit. He left forever. Refers to the hereafter with implication of seeing a new, thrilling aspect of God through all time). (enyemep, adv.)

**Vym'** yim' to encircle, surround. (yi'm)

**Vym'** s+yím'+m+šeš conjuncture (lit. critical time). (syimmshesh, n.)

Vymž<sup>w</sup>? yámž<sup>w</sup>e? corn husk hat (used also for picking berries). (yamqhwe', n.)

**Vymp** s+cen+ymp+e<sup>9</sup>s=cín cold shoulder, cold war, silent treatment. (stsenympe'stsin,

n.)

**Vymtt**, n. s+ymtíte? *Steptoe Butte*, *butte*. (Symt<u>i</u>te')

**√ynp** hn+ynp=ops+n diaper (lit, piece of cloth put around a baby's buttocks). (hnynpo'psn, n.)

**Vynp'** yenp' to clamp. (yenp')

Vynq'<sup>w</sup> yenúq'<sup>w</sup> to coil suddenly (e.g. a snake). (yen<u>u</u>q'w); a yánq'<sup>w</sup> It, e.g. the snake, is coiled, in coils. (aay<u>a</u>nq'w, vi.); yánq'<sup>w</sup>-nt-m He was encoiled by a snake, convolute. (y<u>a</u>nq'wntm, vi.)

**Vyp** g<sup>w</sup>ł yóp+yop=ene? sorceresses, witches. (guł yopyopene', n.)

**√yp** s+n+yép+mš=cn *English language*. (snwyepmshtsn, n.)

**√yp'** yep' to sway, rock. (yep'); yép'+yp'+iš rocking chair, he rocked. (yep'ypish, n.)

**Vyq'** yaq' to file, whet, sharpen. (yaq')

**Vyq'** i s+yáq'+yaq'+iš (lit. He is making rasping sounds). (isy<u>a</u>q'yaq'ish, vi.)

Vyq<sup>w</sup> yoq<sup>w</sup> to busy oneself. (yoqw); yuq<sup>w</sup> to pretend. (yuqw); s+n'+yóq<sup>w</sup>+p=al'qs canard (lit. telling a false or unfound story). (sn'yoqwpa'lqs, n.); s+yoq<sup>w</sup>+é? as if. (syoqwe', conj.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+s+část+q She pretended (to go) digging roots. (yuqwe'schastq, v.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+y'íłn H/s pretended to eat. (yuqwe"yihn, v.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+y'ítš H/s pretended to sleep. (yuqwe"yitsh, v.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+y'ítš H/s pretended to sleep. (yuqwe"yitsh, v.); yoq<sup>w</sup>e+s+k'<sup>w</sup>úl' counterfeit, fake, pretended (lit. He pretended to work). (yokwesk'u'l, vt.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+s+t'íc'+m She pretended to iron. (yuqwe'st'its'm, v.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+s+x<sup>w</sup>úy He feigned to go there. (yuqwe'skhuy, vt.); č+y'oq<sup>w</sup>-n't-s calumniate, slander, lie. (lit. He spoke falsely and maliciously of him, he told lies to him, he slandered him). (ch'yoqw'nts, vt.); č+y'óq<sup>w</sup>+p-n't-m' defame, slander. (lit. false things were said about h/h). (ch'yoqwp'nt'm, vt.);

**Vyq<sup>w</sup>n** s+č+yóq<sup>w</sup>n' calumny, an object of dander. (schyoqu'n, n.)

√yq<sup>w</sup>s yoq<sup>w</sup>s to drink. (yoqws, vt.)

**Vyq<sup>w</sup>t** siyat=iy'éq<sup>w</sup>t ? champion (lit. One who defends a cause or another person). (siyati'y<u>e</u>qwt, n.)

Vyr yar xr √y'r' to roll (e.g. a hooplike object). (yar); i yar+p He is in the act of traveling in a wagon. (iiyarp, vi.); yar+p It (circle) rolled, it wheeled, h/s went away by wagon, car, etc. (yarp, vi.); yér+yer+p wagon, carriage (lit. wheel, wheel). (yeryerp, n.); s+yar+ncut full moon. (syarntsut, n.); ul+č+yár+p+n axial. (ul chyarpn, n.); u yár circle; it is circular. (uuyar, n.); yár+ncut full moon (lit. It made itself round). (yarntsut, n.)

**Vyr** ul+a·yár ha y+n+e?k<sup>w</sup>ún+am-is *It is the will of all*. (ulaay<u>a</u>r hayne'k<u>u</u>namis, v.)

Vyrk'<sup>w</sup> yark'<sup>w</sup> curved, crooked. (yark'w); a. yárk'<sup>w</sup> curve, crook, deviate, shyster (lit. that which deviates from straightness in a continuous fashion). (aayark'w, n.); s+yárark'<sup>w</sup> curvature (lit. Measure of curving). (syarark'w, n.); s+yark'<sup>w</sup>+m curving. (syark'um, v.); č+yér+yerk'<sup>w</sup>=alq=šn bow-legged (lit. legs that curve outward at the knees). (chyeryerk'walqshn, adj.); yar+yark'<sup>w</sup>=íčt+m He bent his fingers. (yaryark'wichtm, v.); yer+yerk'<sup>w</sup>=ážn+m He bent his arms. (yeryerk'waiqhnm, v.); č+yér+yerk'<sup>w</sup>=alq=šn+m He bent his legs outward. (chyeryerk'walqshnm,); yárk'<sup>w</sup>+m-s-n crook (lit. I bent it). (yark'umsn, n.); yárk'<sup>w</sup>+m-st-m It was bent, curved. (yark'umstm, vi.)

Vyrp yarp' circle, hoop. (yarp', n.); a yárp' arc, arch, hoop, tire (e.g. lying on the ground). (aayarp', n.); č+yarp+n axis, axle. (lit. something on which something turns (wheels)). (chyarpn, n.); č+yarp=šn cartwheel. (chyarpshn, n.); yarp' to lie (e.g. a loop). (yarp'); si+yarp'=qín+m coronation (lit. putting a crown on the head). (siyarp'qinm, n.); can+yarp'=axn cirro-stratus (lit. has a circle around its armpits). (tsanyarp'aqhn, n.); yarp'=qín-t-m crown, he was crowned. (yarp'qintm, vt.)

**Vyst'm** yást'm-s-n *belay*, *I secured it*. (yast'msn, vt.)

**Vyt'** yit' stir (as mush). (yit', v.); hn+yit'-n I stirred the coffee, tea, etc. (hnyit'n, vt.)

**Vytk**<sup>w</sup> yetk<sup>w</sup> decay, rot. decompose, putrify. (yetkw, vt.); s+yetx<sup>w</sup> decadence, growing rotten. (syetkhw, n.); i yétk<sup>w</sup> decadent (lit. It is decaying). (iiyetkw, adj.)

- **Vyw** s+yew+m compliment (lit. praising, admiration). (syewm, n.); i yéw=łc'e? complimentary (lit. He is praising). (iiyewłts'e', adj.)
- √yx<sup>w</sup>m yux<sup>w</sup>um=ús *It is very cold, frigid, freezing.* (yukhum<u>u</u>s, vi.); S+yux<sup>w</sup>m=ús+m= ul'umx<sup>w</sup> *North, cold land (Alaska).* (syukhwm<u>u</u>smu'lumkhw, n.); \*S+yux<sup>w</sup>x<sup>w</sup>m= ús+m=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> *aleut (lit. One who lives in a cold country).* (syukkwm<u>u</u>smu'lmkhw, n.); ul+S+yux<sup>w</sup>m=ús+m=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> *boreal (lit. pertaining to a cold country).* (ul syukhwm<u>u</u>smu'lmkhw, adj.); \*hn+łáp=alqs he s+yux<sup>w</sup>m=ús+m=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> *arctic, North Pole. (lit. the most cold land).* (hnł<u>a</u>palqs he syukhwm<u>u</u>smu'hmkhw, n.); \*ul+s+yux<sup>w</sup>m=ús+m=ul'mx<sup>w</sup> he c'i? *caribou (lit. deer of a cold country).* (ul syukhm<u>u</u>smu'lmkhw he ts'i', n.)
- √yž yaž+yaž+út=šn badger (lit. sound of scratching feet). (yaqhyaqhutshn, n.)
  √yžp eyžíp Egypt. (Eyzhip, n.)
- **√y?** ye<sup>•</sup>? to procure game supplies. (yee,)
- **Vy?** ye+yé? child's word for maternal grandmother. (yeey $\underline{e}'$ , n.)
- **√y?qm?** ya?áqme? *Yakima*. (Ya'<u>a</u>qme', n.)
- √y<sup>c</sup> ya<sup>c</sup> to lack, need; to assemble, gather, crowd; shy, timid, uncertain, hesitant. (ya(); yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> assemble, congregate (lit. They gathered together in a group). (ya)a), vt.); yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> assemble, congregate (lit. They together in a group). (ya)a), vt.); yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> assemble, congregate (lit. They together in a group). (ya)a), vt.); yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> assemble, congregate (lit. They came together). (ya)a)m, vt.); s+n+yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> getting together indoors; an appointed meeting for discussing some topic. (snya)a), v.); S+yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup> getting together, potlatch dinner, memorial dinner, banquet, convocation. (sya(a, n.); S+yá<sup>c</sup>+a<sup>c</sup>+m to amass, collection, gathering together. (sya(a(m, v.); S+y'a<sup>c</sup>'+p=qín'+m' big crowd, celebration. (s'ya'(pqi'n'm, n.); a·yá<sup>c</sup> ul a·yá<sup>c</sup> communism. (lit. all for all). (aaya) ul aaya), n.); \*a·yá<sup>c</sup> all. (aaya'), adj.); a·yá<sup>c</sup> all, everyone, total, sum. (aaya), n.); ul+a·ya<sup>c</sup> catholic, worldwide, cosmic, universal (lit. It belongs to all, common. ecuminical). (ul aaya), v.); ul+ayá<sup>c</sup> g<sup>w</sup>ł+páX+paX+t All Saints Day (lit. belonging to all the wise). (Ul aya( Guł paqhpaqht, n.); \*a·ya<sup>c</sup>+<sup>s</sup>+ec+k'<sup>w</sup>l'-stu-s almighty (lit. one who makes all things). (aaya')etsk'u'lstus, adj.); miyał+ya<sup>c</sup>+p=qin' congest, crowded (lit. there are too many heads). (miyałya(pqi'n, vt.); a·yá<sup>c</sup> čic+x<sup>w</sup>úy Everyone came. (lit. they all

came). (aaya) chitskhuy, vi.); ya<sup>+</sup>+m-s-n collect, gather (lit. I collected them).
(ya)msn, vt.); ya<sup>+</sup>+m-stu-s assemble. (ya'(mstus, vi.)

**Vy**° s+ya°+t need, necessity, deficiency. (sya(t, n.); ya°'+t+mí-nt-s he needed it, required. (ya'(tmints, vt.)

**Vy°g**<sup>w</sup> ye<sup>°</sup>w+p+iy'íg<sup>w</sup>+t He is competent, qualified. (y(wpi'yigwt, vi.); ye<sup>°</sup>w+p+iy'íg<sup>w</sup>+t conscientious, virtuous (lit. He is influenced or regulated by conscience). (yu(wpi'yigwt, vi.); ye<sup>°</sup>w+p+iy'íg<sup>w</sup>+t able, capable, dependable, virtuous. (ye(wpi'yigwt,); s+y<sup>°w</sup>pi+y'íg<sup>w</sup>+t See Ok ... competence, efficiency, quality of being competent. (sy(wpi'yigwt, n.); s+y<sup>°w</sup>pi+y'íg<sup>w</sup>+t ability, capability, virtue. (sy(wpi'yigwt, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y<sup>°w</sup>p=iy'íg<sup>w</sup>t efficient (lit. You (sg) are able to produce desired effects or results). (kuy(wpi'yigwt, adj.)

 $\sqrt{y}$  ya<sup>(+</sup>ya<sup>(+</sup>+a<sup>+</sup>)+úl shy, bashful (lit. He is habitually shy). (ya')ya')a'<u>u</u>l, vi.)

- **Vy'd** y'id=čt to avenge. ('yidcht, vt.); y'id=cn antonym, comeback, retort (lit. presenting a counter-argument, using words of a sense opposite to that of other words). ('yidtsn, n.)
- Vy'h y'+y'he peaceful, serene. ('y'yhe, adj.); y'+y'eh+ehí… peaceful, serene. ('y'yehehí…, adj.); y'i+y'eh-ahí… allay, bland, moderate (lit. it (weather) is in a pacified state). ('yi'yehahí…, vi.)

√y'k<sup>w</sup> č'+y'úk<sup>w</sup>e? a woman's younger brother. (ch"y<u>u</u>kwe', n.)

- √y'k<sup>w</sup>? y'uk<sup>w</sup>e? a woman's older sister. ('yukwe', n.)
- **Vy'l** y'al=stq summer. ('yalstq, n.)
- **Vy'l** y'él+m+ncut self motion, action, kinema. ('yelmntsut, n.)
- **Vy'lk'** y'ílk"+emn heirloom. ('yilkwemn, n.); hi·-y'ílk'"+emn cherish (lit. It is something I hold dear). (hii'yilk'wemn, vt.)

**Vy'ins** y'élens wood pitch, asphalt. ('yelens, n.)

- Vy'lx<sup>w</sup> hn+y'lx<sup>w</sup>=ús+n window-curtain. (hny'lkhusn, n.); hn+y'lx<sup>w</sup>(+n=čn a wall hanging. (hny'lkhwinchn, n.); cen+y'lx<sup>w</sup>=cín· dickey, bib (lit. cloth placed under the chin, especially of a child to protect the clothes). (tseny'lkhwtsinn, n.)
- **Vy'm** y'ém+n alimony, alms-giving (lit. feeding). ('yemn, n.)
- **Vy'm's** y'am's close-mouthed, reticent person. ('ya'ms, vi.)
- **Vy'p** \*y'i+y'ép+y'p+iš *small rocking chair*. ('yi'yep'yp'ish, n.)

- Vy'q<sup>w</sup> y'oq<sup>w</sup> to lie. ('yoqw); S+y'óq<sup>w</sup>+ncut telling a lie. (s'yoqwntsut, n.); y'oq<sup>w</sup>+n'cut lie (lit. He lied). ('yoqw'ntsut, vi.); hn+y'oq<sup>w</sup>=cn H/S misrepresented the words of somebody else, belie. (hn'yoqwtsn, vt.); hn+y'oq<sup>w</sup>=cn'+n' distort (lit. I turned his words from their true meaning). (hn'yoqwts'n'n, vt.); \*hn+y'óq<sup>w</sup>+p=al'qs He told a false story. (hn'yoqpa'lqs, vt.); y'oq<sup>w</sup>-š You are telling a lie, lying. I don't believe you. ('yoqwsh, vi.); y'oq<sup>w</sup>+y'oq<sup>w</sup>+n't+su·+túl' He is a habitual liar. ('yoqw'yoqw'ntsuutu'l, v.)
- **Vy'r** hn+y'ar'=íp rear of house, back yard. (hn'ya'rip, n.)
- **√y'r** y'or+t *frozen, e.g. meat.* ('yort, adj.)
- **Vy'r'** y'i+y'ér+y'er'+p xr √yr *small wagon, cart.* ('yi'y<u>e</u>r'yer'p, n.); y'+y'ar'+p' xr √yr *circlet.* ('y'ya'rp', n.)
- **Vy'x** ay'x crab, oyster, bluepoint. (a'yqh, n.)
- Vy' ay'á collective (lit. by all). (a'ya(, adj.); y'á? +p=qin' to abound. ('ya'(pqi'n,); y'a? +p=qin' canaille, the masses (lit. They are many). ('ya'(pqi'n, n.); y'a? +p= qín'+m' crowd, mob (lit. They gathered in numbers to celebrate). ('ya'(pqi'n'm, vi.)
- √°× <sup>°</sup>ax wind, wrap string evenly. ((aqh)
- $\sqrt{\hat{x}c'}$  t+ $\hat{x}c'$ +e? cantaloupe (lit. a melon ribbed around). (t(a(aqhts'e', n.)
- $\sqrt{\tilde{x}}$  hn+ $\tilde{u}\tilde{x}$ + $\tilde{u}\tilde{x}$ +ein+iw'+n harness. (hn(uqhw(uqhweiniwn, n.)
- √°°<sup>w</sup> <sup>°</sup>a<sup>°w</sup>+s+c'am bony (lit. it has many bones). ((a(wsts'a'm, adj.)
- V°c °ec to tie. ((ets); °ec=ičn bow, bowstring (lit. something tied in the rear). ((etsichn, n.); °ec=ičn' bow (lit. that which is tied in back). ((etsich'n, n.); °ec+min+n chord, string, cord (lit. that which ties). ((etsminn, n.); °ac+áp=al'qs+n cincture, girdle (lit. a cord for tying clothes around the body). ((atsapa'lqsn, n,); °ac+ápla?=qn curb (lit. a strap serving in conjunction with the bit to restrain the horse). ((atsapla'qn, n.); čat+°ac=ílx<sup>w</sup>+n bind, tie. (chat(atsilkhwn, v.); \*s+°ec= iw'es+m astringent (lit. tying together). (s(etsi'wem, n.); hn+°ac=ápq<sup>w</sup>+n bridle. (lit. mouth tier, means of tying inner mouth). (hn(atsalpqwn, n.); °ec+el'+s+čí+če?+n rope (lit. the means of lassoing a horse). ((etse'lschiche'n, n.); hn+°ac+°ac+el'+s+čí+če?+n corral. (lit. enclosure for lassoing horses). (hn(ats(atse'lschiche'n, n.); hn+°ec+el'+s+čí+če?+n hitching post. (hn(etse'lschiche'n, n.); s+t+°ec=íw'es banner (lit. tied on a pole). (st(etsi'wes, n.);

s+t+sec=iw'es Sunday flag, bunting, flag. (st(etsij'wes, n.); t+section es Sunday, (lit. flag day). (T(etsij'wes, n.); ac+séc He is tied. (ats(ets, vi.); sec-nt-s He tied him up; he lassoed the horse. ((etsnts, vi.)

V°c hn+°ac+°ac=ine? Italians (lit. people with earrings). (hn(ats(atsine', n.); hn+°ac+°ac=ine? Italians. (Hn(ats(atsine', n.); hn+°ac+°ac=ine? to wear earrings, an Italian, Pend Oreille, Idaho (lit. H/s is wearing earrings). (hn(ats(atsine', v.)

√°c' °ec' worn out, exhausted. ((ets'); °éc'-x<sup>w</sup> tired. ((ets'khw)

 $\mathbf{V^{c'}}$  vic' persistent, tenacious. ((it s')

V°c'x<sup>w</sup> °ec'x<sup>w</sup> to be hungry for meat. ((ets'khw); hn+t+°ec'x<sup>w</sup>=ílg<sup>w</sup>es+n appetizer, antipasto, hors d'oeuvres (lit. means of stimulating the appitite). (hnt(et'skhwilgwesn, n.)

**V°d** *°*id glowing, redhot. ((id)

**√°g<sup>w</sup>** <sup>°</sup>ig<sup>w</sup> to throw many objects. ((igw); <sup>°</sup>ig<sup>w</sup>-nt-s bestrew (lit. He threw them about). ((igwnts, vt.)

**Vhm** t+**°**ehím *to give a warhoop, yell.* (t(eh<u>i</u>m)

**√°hnt** s+°ihnt *goose*. (s(<u>i</u>hnt, n.)

√°l °al+p+mi-nt-s confiscate (lit. He forfeited it (to public use). ((elpmints, vt.)

V s+el+p demerit (lit. loss (of merit)). (s(elp, n.)

V°I' °ál'+k"li=alqs+n (Probably) coverall (lit. a covering for clothes). ((<u>a</u>'lkliwalqsn, n.); čat+°el'=íne?+n cover, something that conceals or disguises. (chat(e'line'n, n.); čat+°el'=ene?+ncút he/she covered himself/ herself. (chat(e'lene'ntsuit, imper.); čat+°el'=ene?+ncút+š cover yourself. (chat(e'lene'ntsuitsh, imper.); čat+°el'= ene?+encut+ul cover yourselves. (chat(e'lene'ntsuitsh, imper.); čat °el'= ene?+ncút-lš they covered themselves. (chat (e'lene'ntsuitsh, imper.); čn\_čet+°'el'= ene?+ncút-lš they covered themselves. (chat (e'lene'ntsuitsh, imper.); čn\_čet+°'el'= ene?+ncút-lš they covered themselves. (chat (e'lene'ntsuitsh, imper.); čn\_čet+°'el'= ene?+ncút I covered myself. (chnchet'(el'ene'ntsuit, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_čat'+°el'=ene?+ncút You (sg.) covered yourself. (kuchat' (e'lene'ntsuit, vi.); č\_čet+°el'=ene?+ncút We covered ourselves. (chchet(e'lene'ntsuit, vt.); č\_čet+°el'=ene?+ncút We covered yourselves. (kupchat(e'lene'ntsuit, vt.); °él-nt-s He covered it. ((<u>e</u>'lnts, vt.); a čat+°el'=íne?-s-n I cover h/h/i. (achat(e'line'sn, vt.); a čat+°el'=íne?-st-x<sup>w</sup> You (sg.) cover h/h/i. (achat(e'line'stkhw, vt.); a čat+°el'=íne?-st-mi-s H/s covers you (sg.). (achat(e'line'stmis, vt.); a čat+°el'=íne?-st-ulm-n I cover you (pl.). (achat(e'line'stulmn, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-ulmi-s-lš They cover you (pl.). (achat(e'line'stulmislsh, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-en-elš (?) I cover them. (achat(e'line'stulmislsh, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-x<sup>\*</sup>-lš You (pl.) cover them. (achat(e'line'stkhwlsh, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-me-s H/s covers me. (achat(e'line'stmes, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-me-x<sup>\*</sup> You (sg.) cover me. (achat(e'line'stmekhw, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-me-lp You (pl.) cover me. (achat(e'line'stmelp, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-me-s-lš They cover me. (achat(e'line'stmelsh, vt.); a čat+<sup>c</sup>el'=íne<sup>2</sup>-st-me-n I cover (cust.) you (sg.). (achat(e'line'stmn, vt.)

- VSI' Sel' obstruct, block, fence, curtain. ((e'l); a can+Sél' booth, bazebo, stand (lit. That which is closed in). (atsan(e'l, n.); can+Sel'+mín fence, bulwark (lit. means of fencing in). (tsan(e'lminn, n.); a n+Sél'=us The window is closed. (an(e'lus, vi.); a čs+n+Sél'+p The door, gate is closed. (achsn(e'lep, vi.); čs+n+Sél'l'=ep closed (lit. It (door) was (became) closed). (chsn(e'l'lep, adj.); s+čs+n+Sél'e+p closure (lit. act of closing door). (schsn(e'lep, n.); žl+sč+s+n+Sél'+l'=ep claustrophobia (lit. being confined). (qhelschsn(e'l'lep, n.); čs+n+Sel'=íp-nt-m contain (lit. It was shut up, it was contained). (chsn(e'lipntm, vi.); čs+n+Sel'=íp-nt-s He closed it (the door). (chsn(e'lipnts, st.)
- $\sqrt{l'} h_{n+s} = iw'es + n diaphragm. (lit. partition or septum). (hn(e'li'wesn, n.))$
- V°m °em melt, dissolve, waste away. ((em); °em+t melt (away) (lit. It melted away). ((emt, vi.); °ém-nt-s defrost (lit. He removed ice or frost (from it). ((emnts, vt.);
- √°m s+°ém+°em bete noir (lit. one who is often picked on). (s(em(em, n.); s+°em+°em+es+čínt animosity, animus, hostility, hate (lit. feeling hostility toward a human being). (s(em(emeschint, n.)
- √°p <sup>°</sup>(p=cn backbite, confabulate (lit. He concealed his words about another). ((<u>ip</u>tsn, vi.); s+<sup>°</sup>(p=čt+m connivance, conspiracy, cryptography. (s(<u>ip</u>chtm, n.); s+<sup>°</sup>(p+lš to abscend, bolt, flee, hide, hiding. (s(<u>ip</u>lsh, vi.); ul+s+<sup>°</sup>ip=cn confidential (lit. pertaining to something spoken as a secret). (ul s(iptsn, adj.); <sup>°</sup>epł <sup>°</sup>ep+s+k<sup>w</sup>ís+t anonymous, nameless (lit. lie has a hidden name). (epł(epskw<u>ist</u>, v.); <sup>°</sup>ip+ilš to hide. ((ipilsh,); <sup>°</sup>íp+lš He hid himself. ((<u>ip</u>lsh, vt.); <sup>°</sup>ap+<sup>°</sup>ap+lš They hid. ((ap'(aplsh, vi.); ac+<sup>°</sup>íp hidden, secret, arcane, concealed, clandestine (lit. It is . . .). (ats(<u>ip</u>, vi.);

\$\`ap+\$``ap+lš=iye? He played hide and seek. ((ap'(aplshiye', vt.); `ap+elwis He hid himself for a time. ((apelwis, vt.); `sip=čt+m connive (lit. He aided secretly by sleight of land). ((ipchtm, vi.); hn+`sip+emn cache. (lit. hiding place used for storage). (hn(ipemn, n.); hn+`sip+lm+n a secret hiding place. (hn(iplmn, n.); hn+`sip+lš+n den, lair. (lit. hiding place). (hn(iplshn, n.); nuk"+`sip=cn+m-nt-s confide (lit. He put a secret into his trust). (nukw(iptsnmnts, vi.); ac+`ep+el+šug"íl+m to elope (lit. H/s goes away by a secret road). (ats(epelshugwilm, vi.); i c+`epé+ł+šeg"el+mš He is going (away) through a secret path. (its(epelshegwelmsh, vi.); hn-i?\_c+`sip+m conceal (lit. I am keeping it from discovery or understanding). (hi'ts(ipm, vt.); hn-i?\_c+`sip+m conceal (lit. I am keeping it from discovery or understanding). (hi'ts(ipm, vt.)

- √°s <sup>°</sup>us to be lost, astray. ((us); u<sup>·</sup> <sup>°</sup>us to disappear. (uu(<u>u</u>s, vi.); <sup>°</sup>us+t He got lost. ((ust, vi.); <sup>°</sup>us+t-š get lost. ((ustsh, vi.);
- √°w Saw to drop as water. ((aw)
- **√°y** <sup>°</sup>uy *coax*, *urge*, *cajole*. ((uy)
- **√**°**y** <sup>°</sup>uy to waste. ((uy)
- √°y °uy=čt to mistreat (the old or helpless). ((uycht)
- √°y °ey' angry. ((e'y); °ey embittered. ((ey); °ey+°ey+iy+úl He habitually gets angry. ((ey(eyiyul, vi.); s+°ey+y anger, to be angry, being peeved, irked, irritated. (s(eyy, vi.); s+n+°ey+iy=ílg<sup>w</sup>es despite (lit. becoming angry in heart). (sn(eyiyilgwes, n.); °ey+y=us+m He frowned (lit. He showed anger in his face). ((eyyusm, vi.); hn+°ay+iy=ílg<sup>w</sup>es be angry. (hn(ayiyilgwes, vi.); °ey+mín-n I got angry with him. ((eyminn, vi.); °ey+y He felt angry. ((eyy, vi.); °ey+mí-nt-se-s He got angry with me. ((eymintses, vi.); i n+°ey+y=ílg<sup>w</sup>es angry (lit. He is being angry in the heart). (in(eyyilgwes, adj.)

**V°'I'** a n+<sup>\$</sup>'el'=íw'es partitioned, divided. (an'(e'lii'wes, vi.)

**√?'w** <sup>?</sup>'ew+p *it dripped*. ('(ewp, vi.)

√<sup>w</sup> a<sup>w</sup>- much, many things, copious, ample, abundant. (a(w... (pref).); a<sup>w</sup>+a<sup>w</sup>=ílt H/s has many children. (a(w'a(wilt, vt.); á<sup>w</sup>=g<sup>w</sup>ul H/s has many vehicles. (a(wgul, vt.); a<sup>w</sup>+el+cetx<sup>w</sup> H/s has many houses. (a(weltsetkhw, vt.); a<sup>w</sup>+el+t+tót+ot H/s has

many pets. (a(welttotot, vt.); a<sup>w</sup>+el+wl+wlím to be rich, wealthy, weil to do (lit. H/s has much money). (a(welwlwlim, vt.)

- $\sqrt{c^{*}}$  s+ $c^{*}$ (?+1s botulism, vomiting, throwing up, regurgitating. (s(wilsh, vt.)
- **√<sup>cw</sup>x̃<sup>w</sup>** <sup>cw</sup>ux̃<sup>w</sup>+min+n barb, barbed wire. ((wuqhwm<u>i</u>nn, n.)
- $\sqrt{\overset{\circ}{}} \times \overset{\circ}{}$  hn+ $\overset{\circ}{} \circ \overset{\circ}{} \times \overset{\circ}{} = i\check{c}n'$  streetcar. (lit. reins on the back). (hn(wo(woqhwich'n, n.)
- √<sup>w</sup>c' ał+<sup>w</sup>ec' magpie. (ał(wets', n.); hn+<sup>w</sup>éc'+<sup>w</sup>ec'=cn boisterous. (lit. He is noisy as to the mouth). (hn(wets'(wets'tsn, adj.)
- **V<sup>c</sup>**h s+t+<sup>c</sup>ehí+m clamor (lit. shouting). (st(wehim, n.); t+<sup>c</sup>ehí+m shout (lit. He uttered a loud and sudden cry). (t(wehim, v.)
- √<sup>w</sup>ele?el shore. ((wele'el, n.); hn+<sup>w</sup>ele+n' beach, shore. (hn(wele'n, n.); tač+s+<sup>w</sup>el=ew'l coastward, toward seashore. (tachs(wele'wl, adv.)

√<sup>°</sup>\*ł s+<sup>°</sup>\*éł=enč greasy intestine. (s(welench, n.)

- V<sup>™</sup>m <sup>™</sup>im+iš He hurried, rushed. ((wimish, vi.); i c+<sup>™</sup>ím+iš He is hurrying. (its(wimish, vi.)
- √<sup>°</sup>s s+<sup>°</sup>ús=elg<sup>w</sup>es damage, detriment (lit. loss of property). (s(<u>u</u>selgwes, n.); s+<sup>°</sup>us+t to be lost, cost, loss, penalty, price. (s(ust, vt.); hn+<sup>°</sup>ó+<sup>°</sup>s=k<sup>w</sup>e<sup>?</sup> a stream west of DeSmet and southwest of Tensed (lit. lost waters). (Hn(<u>o</u>s(oskwe', n.)

 $\mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{c}^{w}}$ š s+ $\mathbf{\tilde{s}}$  s+ $\mathbf{\tilde{s}}$  battle cry. (s(w<u>a</u>sh(wshsh, n.)

**√°\*t'** s+**°\*et'**+**°\***et'=sm *to smile, smiling.* (s(wet'(wet'sm, vi.)

- **V**?cč ?icč to play. (itsch); y+?ícč+n < s+? etc. antic, playing, gambol. ('yitschn, n.); n+?ícč+n+n playground (lit. means of playing, place for playing). ( 'nitschnn, n.); s+y+?icč+n drama, play. (s'yitschnn, n.); y+?íc+?eččn < s+? etc. possibly y+?íc+?ecč+n diversion, pastime, recreation (lit. playing of several people). ('yits'echchn, n.); i n+?ecč+númt H/s wants to play. (i'netschnumt, vi.); č+y'c+?icč-n I am playing. (chi'tsitschn, vi.); nuk'<sup>w</sup>+?ícč+n+m-nt-s H/s played with h/h. (nukw'i tschnmnts, v.); n+?ícč+n+m-nt-s H/s used it for a playground (ref. to place or thing not intended for play). ('nitschnmnts, v.)
- √?ck<sup>w</sup> ?úck<sup>w</sup>+m He took a bath, He went swimming. (<u>u</u>tskum, v.); i<sup>•</sup> c+?úck<sup>w</sup>+mš H/s is bathing or swimming. (iits'<u>u</u>tskumsh, vi.); n+?uck<sup>w</sup>+emn bathroom, shower, (lit. Bathing area). ('nutskwemn, n.); n+?úck<sup>w</sup>+emn bathtub, bathing place, bathroom. ('n<u>u</u>tskwemn, n.); y+?uck<sup>w</sup>+m < s+? etc. to bathe, bath. ('y<u>u</u>tskum, vt.); y+?úck<sup>w</sup>ym

< s+? etc. to bathe, swimming (lit. H/s swam). ('yutskym, v.)

- V°cq? ?ácqe? exit, go out, he went out. (<u>a</u>tsqe', vi.); ac+?cqe? to exit, go out (lit. They went out). (<u>a</u>ts'tsqe', vi.); n+?ácqé?+n place for going out, lavatory, etc. ('n<u>a</u>tsq<u>e</u>'n, n.); y+?ácqe? < s+? etc. going out. ('y<u>a</u>tsqe', vi.); čs+?ácqe?-nt-s h/s went out to meet h/h. (chs'<u>at</u>sqe'nts, vi.)
- √?c'x \*?ac'x to behold, gaze at, look at. (ats qhsh, vt.); ?ac'x to look at, he looked, behold, view. (ats'qh, vt.); ?ác'x+emn telescope, binoculars (lit. Means of looking). (ats'qhemn, n.); n+?ác'X+n cinema, motion-picture theatre, coliseum (lit. a place for looking at pictures). ('nats'qhn, n.); ?ac'x=us+n'cut+n' mirror (lit. Means of seeing one's own face). (ats'qhus'nts ut'n, n.); ?ac'+?ac'X+m'scut showoff, sycophant, fop (lit. He showed himself off). (ats"ats'gh'mstsut, n.); ča+č'v+ác'ž we are going to a movie (lit. We are going to look). (chach'yats'qh, vt.);  $y+^{2}ac'+c'+a^{2}x < s+^{2}$  etc. color, perspective (lit. a way of looking at something, an appearance especially from a specific view). ('yats'ts'a'qh, v.); y+ac'xa+l+q'ey'+min' < s+? etc. to read. ('yats'qhalq'e'yminn, vt.); a can+?ac'x+ncút circumspect, discreet, prudent (lit. He looks around himself. He is heedful of curcumstances). (atsa'nats'qhntsut, vi.); can+?ac'X+ncut-Š beware! look out! (tsa'nats'qhntsutsh! imper.); can+?ac'xa+mí+ncut-š beware, be cautious (of). (tsa'na'tsghamintsutsh, vt.); ?ac'x-nt to look at (lit. H/s/i looked at h/h). (ats'khnt, vt.); ?ác'x-nt-s H/s looked at me. (ats'qhnts es, vt.); \*t'u? čeł či ?ac'x+ał+q'ey'+min+n Well, I am going to read a book. (t'u' chełchi'yatsqhałq'e'yminn, v.)
- V?čn e<sup>•</sup> n+?éčn' lit. It is contained in a receptacle, bag, sock, etc. (ee'neche'n, vi.); n+?čin+n cabinet, case, container, receptacle, crate (lit. instrument for putting things in). ('nchinn, n.); n+?čin+n closet, cabinet, storage box, trunk. ('nchinn, n.); n+?či-s-n I put it in a bag, sack, etc. ('nchisn, v.)
- √?d n+?id to exchange. ('nid); s+ce·n+?íd+m alteration. (stsee'nidm, n.); s+ca·n+?ád= al'qs change (lit. a fresh set of clothing). (stsaa'nada'lqs, n.); s+ce·n+?íd+mš to adapt or change. (stsee'nidmsh, vi.); s+n+?ed=u·s=íw'es bargain, exchanging, barter, trade, sell, deal. (s'neduusi'wes, v.); e lu+s+ce·+n+?íd+et to be changeless, enduring, lasting, durable. (elustsee'nidet, vi.); c·n+?íd-n exchange (lit. I exchanged it or replaced it by another). (tsee'nidn, v.); hn-i?\_n+?íd=us bought (lit. something I

bought). (hiy'nidus, v.); n+?íd=u?s-nt-s (us, =u?s, =iw's) h/s tous... it (lit. h/s traded it off). ('nidusnts, v.)

- $\sqrt{2}g^{w} * ig^{w}$  set out for. (igw-)
- V?h k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+?óhi?+t You (sg.) are having a cold. (ku'yts'ohi't, v.)
- √?h ?ih+?i turtledove. (ih'i, n.); i s+?úh+?uh+iš coo (lit. It (pigeon) uttered its murmuring sound). (is'<u>u</u>h'uhish, vi.)
- V?k<sup>∞</sup> ?uk<sup>∞</sup>+t He crawled. (ukwt, v.); ?úk<sup>∞</sup>+t=ul'umx<sup>∞</sup> H/s crawled on the ground. (<u>u</u>kwtu'lumkhw, vi.); e<sup>•</sup> c+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+?uk<sup>∞</sup>+t ; e c+?e+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+?uk<sup>∞</sup>+t that which creeps or crawls about; dim, small things that crawl about (children, insects). (eets'<u>u</u>k'ukwt, n. e ts'e'uk'ukwt); ec+?e+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+?uk<sup>∞</sup>+t bug, arthropos, insect (lit. Little creature that crawls about). (ets'e'<u>u</u>k'ukwt, n.); i<sup>•</sup> n+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+t=ečn' It is crawling on the back of a person. (ii'n<u>u</u>kwtech'n, vi.); i tč+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+t=ičn H/S is crawling on the ridge of a mountain. (itch'<u>u</u>kwtichn, vi.); n+?ók<sup>∞</sup>+t=alqs H/s crawled on the road, path. ('n<u>o</u>kwtalqs, v.); n+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+t=enč It crawled on the inside of the wall. ('n<u>u</u>kwtench, v.); n+?úk<sup>∞</sup>+t=alq<sup>∞</sup> H/s crawled in the ditch, trench. ('n<u>u</u>kwtu'lumkhw, v.); t+č+?ók<sup>∞</sup>+t=alq<sup>∞</sup> H/s crawled on a log, stick. (tch'<u>o</u>kwtalqw, vi.); t'i? ec-?úk<sup>∞</sup>+?uk<sup>∞</sup>+t The baby already crawls. (t'i'ets'e'<u>u</u>k'ukwt, v.)
- √?k<sup>w</sup> y+?úk<sup>w</sup>um < s+? etc. to move something yonder. ('yukum, vt.); n+?úk<sup>w</sup>+emn truck (lit. means of carrying over there). ('nukwemn, n.); s+či·c+?úk<sup>w</sup>+m bringing here. (schiits'ukum, v.); ?úk<sup>w</sup>=elg<sup>w</sup>es H/s took h/h belongings over there (thither). (ukwelgwes, v.); y+?úk<sup>w</sup>um-š < s+? etc. transporting, carrying. ('yukumsh, vt.); n+?úk<sup>w</sup>+s+čín+n bus, cab, taxicab, coach (lit. vehicle for carrying passengers). ('nukwschinn, n.); \*s+n+?uk<sup>w</sup>+x<sup>w</sup>úy+mn convection (lit, carrying with of together). (snukwkhuymn, n.); či·c+?uk<sup>w</sup>-nt-s h/s brought it over here. (chiits'ukwnts, vt.)
- V?k<sup>w</sup>n ?ék<sup>w</sup>n to say (lit. He said). (ekwn, vt.); ?ék<sup>w</sup>n to state claim (lit. he stated it to be true). (ekwn, vt.); i c+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún+m denote (lit. It is being said; h/s is being told). (its'ukunm, vt.); n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún+n aphorism, apothegm, byword, proverb, saying, adage, diction, clause. ('nukunn, n.); cen+?uk<sup>w</sup>+?uk<sup>w</sup>n'+em'n' allurement, temptation (lit. undermining verbally). (tse'nuk'uku'ne'm'n,); y+?ek<sup>w</sup>n < s+? etc. claim (lit. statement of something as a fact). ('yekwn, n.); y+?ék<sup>w</sup>n < s+? etc. saying. ('yekwn, n.); y+?ek<sup>w</sup>n < s+? etc. saying. ('yekwn, n.); y+?ek<sup>w</sup>n=ci? < s+? etc. applause (lit. saying it's all right). ('yekwnsi', n.);</p>

s+q'éx+q'ex+t he n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún+n dictionary (lit. sayings that are a treasure). (sq'eqhq'eqht he 'nukunn, n.); \*S+č'S+?ók<sup>w</sup>n' (k<sup>w</sup>?) a person about whom lies are told. Telling lies about others, slander, gossip. (sch'yoqw'n, n.); t'u? či\_?c+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún ?? Well, I am saying. (t'u'chi'ts'ukun, v.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_y'\_c+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún You are saying. (ku'yts'ukun, vi.); cen+?uk<sup>w</sup>+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún'-t-s allure, entice, tempt (lit. He allured h/h). (tse'nuk'uku'nts, v.); s+n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún=cn-is x<sup>w</sup>e s+t'ún=łc'e? bray (lit. the cry of a donkey). (s'nukuntsnis khwe st'unłts'e', n.); ul+a·yár ha y+n+e?k<sup>w</sup>ún+am-is It is the will of all. (ulaayar hayne'kunamis, v.); u? n+?uk<sup>w</sup>ún=cn aphasia, brogue (lit. He does not speak distinctly or normally). (u"nukuntsn)

 $\sqrt{2}k'''$  ?ik''' salmon eggs. (ik'wl, n.)

- √?l ?el+m=íčt+m H/s moved h/h hand. (elmichtm, vt.); ?él+mncut to betake, automobile (lit. H/s/i caused h/h/i to move). (elmntsut, v.); ?é·l+mncut H/s finally stirred. (eeelmntsut, vi.); sye·+?él+ncut actor (lit. one whose business is to move himself). (syee'elmntsut, n.); ?él+m=šín+m H/s moved or stirred h/h foot. (elmshinm, vt.); ?él+m-s-n to move, stir, rouse (lit. I moved it). (elmsn, vt.); ?él+m-st-m stir, bestir, rouse (lit. It was moved). (elmstm, vi.); ?él+m-stu-s to set in motion, activate. (elmstus, vt.)
- √?! ?el· yikes! (lit. expression of a cold sensation, as a person who falls in ice cold water). (elll! excl.)
- **V?lč** ?ilč red berries, knick-knick berries, wild cranberry. (ilch, n.); alč=ałp=alq<sup>w</sup> wild cranberry bush. (alchałpalqw, n.)

 $\sqrt{?}$  I'š u x<sup>w</sup>el' el'íš *It is like a mountain*. (uqhwe'le'lish, vi.)

V?lk'<sup>w</sup> ?ilk'<sup>w</sup> to store, cache, especially new acquisitions. (ilk'w, vt.); y'il'k'<sup>w</sup>=élg<sup>w</sup>es to store away belongings. ('yi'lk'welgwes, v.); y'il'k'<sup>w</sup>+emn to put away something as a keepsake. ('yi'lk'wemn, v.); n+?ilk'<sup>w</sup>=elg<sup>w</sup>es+n ark, bin, briefcase, bureau, chest of drawers (lit. box for storing things, belongings). ('nilk'welgwesn, n.); n+?ilk'<sup>w</sup>= elg<sup>w</sup>es+n ha s+n+čn'=ičn' caisson storage (box) for ammunition. ('nilk'welgwesn a snch'n'ichn', n.); n+?ilk'<sup>w</sup>=elg<sup>w</sup>es+n ha q'ey'+min+n bookshelf, library. ('nilk'welgwesn a q'e'yminn, n.); č\_y'c+?ilk'<sup>w</sup>=elg<sup>w</sup>es I am storing my last property or belongings. (chi'ts'ilk'welgwes, vt.)

**V?Im** nuk'<sup>w</sup>+?ilm *community, tribe, a people*. (nuk'we'<u>i</u>lm, n.)

- **V?In** ?iIn to eat (lit. He ate). (iIn, v.); y+?iIn < s+? etc. tool, nutriment, to eat, aliment, chow, victuals. ('yiln, n.); tap+?iln He stopped on the way to eat. (tap'iln, v.); če·t+?íłn+n table, buffet, sideboard (lit. that on which one eats). (cheet'ilnn, n.); čet+?iin+n table (lit. place on which to eat). (chet'iinn, n.); ?ii+i+ut+m comestible (lit. It is edible). (illutm, adj.); n+?iln+n cafe, restaurant. ('nilnn, n.); n+?iln+n eating place, restaurant, dining room. ('nilnn, n.); n?e+?íln+n' bistro, little restaurant, cabaret. ('ne'il'n'n, n.); s+n+?iln+úmt appetite (lit. desiring to eat). (s'nilnumt, n.); n+<sup>?</sup>iln+n l n+<sup>?</sup>itš+n boarding house (lit. place for eating and sleeping). ('nilnn l 'nitshn, n.); s+xii+++?iin feast (after a wake) (lit. throwing food away). (sqhiityiin.); s+xil+s+?iln potlatch, giving away food. (sqhils'yiln, n.); s+xese+?iln diet (lit. eating correctly). (sqhesee'yih, n.); ec+?i+s+g<sup>w</sup>íl=tč carnivorous (lit. He eats flesh). (ets'ilsgiltch, vi.); kwen+l+?iln H/S took (along) food. (kuenlyiln, vt.); i c+?ln+s+qil= tč to eat meat. (its'isqiltch, vt.); ni čel k<sup>w</sup>u\_?íln a s+qil=tč Are you going to eat some meat? (ni cheł kuu'yiłn a sqiltch? (qu.).); \*sye+?ił+s+qíl=tč carnivore (lit. One who eats meat). (sye'ilsqilch, n.); yuq"+e?+y'iln H/s pretended to eat. (yuqwe"yiln, v.); n+?ił+sčín+n cannibalism. (nilschinn, n.); ?iln-t-s assimilation (lit. He ate it). (ilnts, n.); k<sup>w</sup>e? čn, ?iln a s+gil=tč I am going to eat some meat. (k'we' chn' iln a sqiltch.); k'"e? k"u.\_?iin eat (lit. You (sg.) are going to eat). (k'we'kuu'iin, vi.); čeł či ?iłn e s+młíč I am going to eat some salmon. (cheł chii' yiłn e smłich.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+<sup>9</sup>íłn commensal (lit. He is my companion at table). (hisnukw'<u>ił</u>n, n.)
- **V?tx**<sup>w</sup> n+?ułx<sup>w</sup> to enter. (n'ułkhw); n+?ułx<sup>w</sup> entered, went to school. ('nułkhw, vi.); čn\_n+?ułx<sup>w</sup> I went in; I entered; I enrolled in school. (chn'n<u>u</u>łkhw, vt.); n+?ułx<sup>w</sup>-s-n admit (lit. I permitted him to enter). ('nułkhwsn, vt.)
- **V?m** ?em'+emn+úl to be charitable, generous, hospitable (lit. H/s habitually feeds others). (em'emnul, vi.)

**√?m** ?ém+m to alight, land. (emm, vi.)

V?m ?em+n=ílt H/s fed h/h offspring. ( emnilt, vt.); he fed h/h/i. ( emts, vt.); ?em+n+el'+s+čí+če? he fed livestock. (emne'lschiche', vt.)

√?m łu+?umn=ús+us ? he fell forward. (łu'u'umnusus, vi.)
√?m ce·n+?ím-nt-s to await (lit. He waited for him). (tsee'nimnts, v.)

- V<sup>?</sup>m ?ém+iš to sit down (lit. He sat down). (emish, vi.); n+?ém+iš He sat within. ('ne mish, v.); ?em+m+iš+iš He came to a sitting position. (emmishish, vi.); n+?m+iš= k<sup>w</sup>e? h/s sat in shallow water. ('nmishkwe', v.); ?em+iš=ul'umx<sup>w</sup> H/s sat on the ground. (emishu'lumkhw, vi.); ?am+ot=qn president, chairman, head, executive (lit. one who sits at the head). (amotqn, n.); e· c+?ém+ut seated, at home (lit. H/s is seated). (eets'emut, vi.); ec+?m+ú't there he is, sitting down. (ets'muuut, vi.); s+čet+?um+út+n bench (lit. chair). (schet'umutn, n.); s+čet+?um+út+n couch, chair (lit. piece of furniture on which one may sit or recline). (schet'umutn, n.); s+t+č+?um+ut=ew'es+n cow pony, saddle pony. (stch'umute'wesn, n.); t+č+?m+út+ew'es xr √č'm on horseback. (tch'mute'wes, adv.); t+č+?m+út+pk<sup>w</sup>e? xr √č'm Mt. Baldy in Idaho, near the St. Joe River (lit. one who sits by the water). (Tch'mutpkwe', n.); eče· on, on top of, atop (echee..., pref.); eče·+t+?ém+ut He is seated on (a chair). (echeet'emut)
- **V?mč** ?imč to pick up. (imch, vt.); ?ímč+t+m H/s picked up a handful of small objects (peanuts, berries, etc.). (imchtm, vt.)
- √?n ?ené? ouch! (expression of pain). (ene'!, excl.); en ouch! (expression of pain). (ennnn!, excl.)
- V?ng<sup>w</sup>t -ing<sup>w</sup>et what say, be who. (-ingwet); ?íng<sup>w</sup>et What did h/s say? (ingwet? (qu.).); i· c+?íng<sup>w</sup>et What is h/h saying? (iits'ingwet? (qu.).); i· c+?íng<sup>w</sup>et-lš What are they saying? (iits'ingwetlsh? (qu.).); i c+?ing<sup>w</sup>e(t)=cn+míncut What is h/s saving to himself of herself? (reference to excessive repetition to which others pay no attention). (its'ingwetsnmintsut, qu.); č\_y'c+?íng<sup>w</sup>et What am I saying? (chi'ts'ingwet, qu.); čn ?éng<sup>w</sup>et I (lit. it is I, I am I). (chn'engwet, pro.); čn ?éng<sup>w</sup>et I am he or she. (chn'engwet, vi.); čn ?íng<sup>w</sup>et What did I say? (chn'ingwet?, qu.); čn\_?íng<sup>w</sup>et What did I say? (chn'ingwet?, qu.); čn\_?u·l=?eng<sup>w</sup>et mine (lit. it is mine). (chn'uu'lengwet, vi.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_w+?éng<sup>w</sup>et It is you (sg). (kuu'wengwet, vt.); k<sup>w</sup>u\_?u·l+?éng<sup>w</sup>et It is yours (sg). (ku'uu'lengwet, vt.); žił ne+?eng<sup>w</sup>t+t'č'= íčn'-st-mi-t You (s) might get gored on the back. (qhihne'engwt'ch'ich'nstmit, v.) V?ns čs+?enes+míncut h/s set h/h self out on a gallivanting spree. (chs'enesmintsut,

vi.)

- √?p čn\_?ap+?p=ow'as=qn'+m' I wiped my chin and mouth, after a meal. (chn'ap'po'wasq'n'm, vi.)
- **V**?pł <sup>?</sup>epł own, possess, have. (epł, vt.); <sup>?</sup>ep+s+čínt there are people/Indians. (epschint, vi.); ?ep+s+młíč salmon waters (lit. It has salmon). (epsmłich, n.); ?ep+s+čl'wis It, e.g., the river, has dead salmon. (epsch'lwis, vt.); \*?apł+?étx "e? to have baked camas ( a sweet, edible bulb). (apl'etkhwe', vt.); ?ep+s+člis+s+mn analogous (lit. It has similarity). (epschlissmn, vi.); ?ep+s+čs+s=úps+n' Fernwood, Idaho (lit. It has a little tail). (Epschssups'n, n.); ?ep+s+čtém'+p cloudy, overcast, dim, dull (lit. It has clouds). (epschte'mp, vt.); ?epł n+xelíx\*+n (lit. One who has a place for dental surgery). (epłnqhelikhwn, n. dentist); ?apł+n+xec+nú+m'n clothier *(lit. One who has a clothing store).* (apinghetsnu'mn, n.); <sup>?</sup>epi <sup>\$ep+s+k<sup>\*</sup></sup>(s+t anonymous, nameless (lit. lie has a hidden name). (epł(epskwist, v.); ?apł+?ał+dar= enč to be sunny, clear (lit. It has sun). (apl'aldarench, vi.); ?ep+s+g<sup>w</sup>ép=cn he has a beard, whiskers. (epsgweptsn, vi.); ?epł s+ni?+mi?t=ew'es concentric (lit. It has a common center). (epł sni'mi'te'wes, adj.); ?apł+mác'+p beekeeper. (apłmats'p, n.); <sup>?</sup>ep+s+n+mel'+cí<sup>?</sup>+n inhabitant, resident, denizen (lit. H/s has a place to live in). (epsnme'ltsi'n, vt.); ?apl+n+marím+ncut+n apothecary, pharmacist (lit. One who has a place for medicines). (apinmarimntsutn, n.); ?epi s+n'+n'iw'+t to be breezy (lit. There is a small wind). (epł s'n'ni'wt, v.); ?ep+s+p'ítem prairie west of Coeur d'Alene country (lit. It has bitterroots or rockroses). (epsp'item, n.); ?epł n+g'es+p= ilg<sup>w</sup>es+n antiquary (lit. One who has a place of antiquities, one who has a second-hand store). (epł ng'espil gwesn, n.); ?ap+s+n+g<sup>w</sup>á?=alg=šn angular (lit. It has an angle or corner). (apsngwa'algshn, vi.); ?apł+n+g<sup>w</sup>a?+g<sup>w</sup>el'+n articulate, verbal (lit. He has the power of speech). (aplnqwa'qwe'ln, vi.); ?epl n+sík<sup>w</sup>e?+n barkeeper, bartender (lit. one who has a liquor place). (epł n si kwe'n, n.); ?epł sún+sun=k<sup>\*</sup>e<sup>?</sup> archipelago (lit. It has islands). (epłchs<u>u</u>nsunkwe', n.); ?ap+s+t'mál+t=mš buffalo country (lit. It has a herd, bison). (apst'maltmsh, n.); ?api+t'+t'aq'+n Worley; saddle-shaped mountain S.E. of Worley. (api t't'aq'n, n.); ?epł t+tm'ix" to have livestock (lit. H/s has livestock, commonly ref. animals or birds). (epłtt'mikhw, vt.); ?epł t'iš Waverly, Washington (lit. It has sugar). (Epłt'ish, n.); ?epł wl+wlim he has money. (epłwlwlim, vt.); ?ep+s+n+wl+wlim+n banker,

cashier, teller (lit. One who has a place for metal money). (epsnwlwlimn, n.); ?apł+n+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+m to be animated, (lit. What has life). (apłnkhwelkhwlm, vi.); ?epł+x<sup>w</sup>él+x<sup>w</sup>l+t debtor (lit. One who owes something to another). (epłkhwelkhwlt, n.); čn\_?pł I have. (ch'npł, vt.); čn'\_?pł Gloss to have. (ch'npł, vt.); čn\_?p+s+t'má I have cattle. (ch'npst'ma, vt.)

**V**<sup>?</sup>**p**' ?ip' wipe. (ip'); ?íp'+emn buffer; dust-cloth, towel (lit. a wiping cloth). (ip'emn, n.);če·t+?íp'+emn mop, wiping cloth for top (of floor, table, etc.). (cheet'ip'emn, n.); ?íp'+?ep'=čs+n napkin (lit. means of wiping the hands). (ip"ep'chsn, n.); n+?íp'+emn Means of wiping inside something. ('nip'emn, v.); ?íp'+?ep'=šn+n doormat (lit. means of wiping one's feet). (ip"ep'shnn, n.); ?íp'+?ep'=šn+n H/s wiped h/h feet. (ip"ep'shnn, vt.); e· n+?íp'=ečn'+m wipe dry, dry off (lit. H/s wipes h/h back). (ee'nip'ech'nm, vt.); ?íp'+?ep'=čt+m H/s wiped h/h hands. (ip"ep'chtm, vt.); n+?íp'=ens+m H/s wiped h/h tooth (teeth). ('ni p'ensm, v.); ni?+?áp'=i?qs+n handkerchief (lit. means of wiping one's nose). (ni'ap'i'qsn, n.); n+?íp'=tc'e?+n dish cloth (lit. means of wiping inside the dishes). ('nip'tts'e'n, n.); ?íp'-n blot (out) (lit. I wiped it). (ip'n, vt.); in-?íp'=us+n It is your face-towel, it is your means of wiping your face. (in'ip'usn)

**\sqrt{2} pls** s+<sup>2</sup>ápls+alq<sup>w</sup> *apple tree*. (s'<u>a</u>plsalqw, n.)

V?pn ?úpen ten. (upen, n.); ?upen uł nék'<sup>w</sup>e eleven (lit. ten plus one). (upen uł nek'we, n.); o?ópan'=čt=qn' one thousand. (o'opa'nchtq'n, n.); ?upen e· séns dime (lit. ten cents). (upeneesens, n.); t+č+?úpen ten persons. (tch'upen, n.); t+č+?úpen+čt=elps There are ten hogs or grizzlies. (tch'upenchtelps, v.); ?upen= čt=élx<sup>w</sup> dicker (lit. ten hides or ten skins). (upenchtelkhw, n.); ?upen+č+s+pín=tč exp decade (lit. ten consecutive years). (upenchspinch, n.); ?upen uł ?ésel twelve. (upen uł esel, n.); ?esel+?úpen twenty (lit. two times ten). (esee'lupen, n.); ?upen uł čí?łes thirteen. (upen uł chiłes, n.); če?łe·l+?úpen thirty. (lit. three times ten). (che'łeelupen, n.); ?upen uł mus fourteen. (upen uł mus, n.); us+e·l+?úpen forty. (musee'lupen, n.); mos+a·l+?ópan+č=sq'it Lent (lit. 40 days). (Mosaa'lopanchsq'it, n.); ?upen uł cił fifteen. (upen uł tsil, n.); cil=č+l+?úpen fifty (lit. 5 times 10). (tsilch'lupen, n,); ?upen uł téwš=ečt sixteen. (upen uł tewshecht, n.); ?upen uł cún=čt+m seventeen. (upen uł tsunchtm, n.); ?upen uł ha?ín'+m eighteen. (upen uł ha'<u>i</u>'nm, n.); he?en'+me·+l+?upen *eighty (lit. eight times ten)*. (he'e nmee'l<u>upen</u>, n.); ?upen uł x̆a+x̆an'+út *nineteen*. (upen uł qhaqha'n<u>u</u>t, n.); x̆a+x̆n'+u·l+?úpen' *ninety*. (qhaqh'nuu'l<u>u</u>pe'n, n.); \*t'u? čn\_mus e·?úpan *Well*, *I am forty*. (t'u'chn mus ee l<u>u</u>pan, v.)

- √?q<sup>w</sup>s y'oqs \*y'oq<sup>w</sup>s drinking. ('yoqs, n.); n+?oq<sup>w</sup>s+n bumper, tavern (lit. a drinking vessel). ('noqwsn, n.); n+?oq<sup>w</sup>s+p+n tea, coffee (lit. that which is drunk after a meal to wash down food). ('noqwspn, n.); tap+?oq<sup>w</sup>s He drank water on the way. (tap'oqs, v.); hi yc+?oq<sup>w</sup>s That which is drunk (not water). (hiyts'oqws, v.); n+?oq<sup>w</sup>s+p+m He washed it down. ('noqwspm, vt.); √?q<sup>w</sup>s ?oq<sup>w</sup>+?oq<sup>w</sup>s+ul He drinks habitually. adj. Bibulous (lit. given to drinking). (oq'oqsul, v.); ?óq<sup>w</sup>s he drank. (oq'oqslsh, v.)
- **V?r** ?or frozen. (or); ?or+t It froze. (ort, v.); čn\_?or+t to be very cold (lit. I became frozen stiff). (chn'ort, v.)
- √?s ?ús+lš He dove. (uslsh, v.); u ?us+lš They dove, each one of them dove. (u'uslsh, vi.); y+?us+lš < s+? etc. to dive (lit. H/s dove). ('yuslsh, v.); čs+?us+lš-nt-s h/s dove after it. (chs'uslshnts, vt.); č\_g<sup>w</sup>uł s+ye·+?ús+lš diver (lit. we are divers). (chguł syee'uslsh, n.)

- √?s? ?úse? eggs. (use', n.); ul+paq ha ?úse? Easter egg (lit. an egg that belongs to Easter (Pasch)). (ul Paq ha use', n.); u s+?use?+múl The hen is habitually laying eggs. (us'use'mul, v.)
- √?sl ?ésel two. (esel, n.); \*?esél twice. (eseł, adv.); a ?sal'=qn' two hundred (lit. two little heads). (a'sa'lq'n, n.); ?asál=alqs H/s has two items of clothing of the same kind. (asalalqs, vt.); ?asá=sq'it two days. (asasq'it, n.); ?upen uł ?ésel twelve. (upen uł esel, n.); ?esel+?úpen twenty (lit. two times ten). (esee'lupen, n.); t+č+?ésel They are two persons. (tch'esel, v.); uł+?as=ásq'it Tuesday. (Ułasasq'it, n.); ?ésel+scút dimorphic (lit. It has two forms or selves). (eselstsut, vi.); e n+?síl=cn to be bilingual (lit. He speaks two languages). (e'nsiltsn, vt.); n+?síl=ens bicuspid (lit. two teeth). ('nsilens, n.); n+?s=íłc'e? bicameral (lit. two rooms or chambers). ('nsilts'e', n.); t+č+?sil+šn biped (lit. One having 2 feet). (tch'silshn, n.); ul+n+?síl=us+m bipartisan (lit, pertaining to two sides). (ul'nsilusm, adj.); ?esel'+s+čí+če? H/s has

 $<sup>\</sup>sqrt{2}$ s i<sup>2</sup>us *Benewah Lake*. (I'us, n.)

two horses. (ese'lschiche', vt.); ?axel++?esel+s+pin=tč biyearly, every two years (lit. happening every two years). (aqhelł esespintch, adv.); g<sup>w</sup>l' c+?ésel xref g<sup>w</sup>ł binary, two by two, conjugate. (gu'l ts'esel, adj.); ul+n+?esl+s+k<sup>w</sup>íst exp It belongs to him who has 2 names. (ul 'nsclskwist, v.); t+č+?sél+k<sup>w</sup> s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+k<sup>iw</sup>+l'ul' bigamy, two spouses. (tch'selkw snukk'u'lu'l, n.); ?asa+s+qíl=tč bicorporal (lit. two bodies). (asasqiltch, adj.); ?es+síłx<sup>w</sup> Xref =iłx<sup>w</sup> H/s has two houses. (esiłkhw, vt.); u ši?+m'íš tel' tč+?ésel either (lit. one or the other of two persons). (ushi'mish te'l tch'esel, n.)e t+č+?síl=tč ambidextrous (lit. With both hands). (etch'siltch, vi.); e t+č+?síl+m both (of them). (etch'silm, adj.); e t+č+?síl+m=us binocular (lit. With both eyes). (etch'silmus, vi.); ec+?síl=čt+m H/s (still) has both hands. (ets'silchm, vi.); ec+?síl+m both, on both sides, amph... (pref.). (ets'silm, adv.); c+?s+il+m both. (ts'silm, adj.); t'+č+?síl+m both (persons). (tch'silm, n.); t+č+?síl+ene?+m-nt-m binaural (lit. He was heard by 2 ears). (tch'silene'mntm, n.); t+č+?síl+m-st-m They were both taken. (tch'silmstm, v.)

**√?sn'** n+?úsen' *bird's nest*. ('n<u>u</u>se'n, n.)

√?sq<sup>w</sup> ?asq<sup>w</sup> son. (asqw, n.); \*?asq<sup>w</sup>+q<sup>w</sup>=ése? small boy, chiquito, boy (lit. Little blurred son). (asqqwese', n.); s+k'<sup>w</sup>l'+ł+ ?asq<sup>w</sup> to adopt (lit. making one a son). (sk'u'lł asqw, vt.); hn-i?\_n+ásq<sup>w</sup> He is my son. (hi'nasqw, n.); i·n-?ásq<sup>w</sup> He is your son. (ii'nasqw, vi.)

**√?t** čn\_yá+sx<sup>w</sup>+l+?ót=qn *I finally got a jack rabbit*. (chny<u>a</u>skhw'lotqn, vt.)

√?tx̃<sup>w</sup> ?etx̃<sup>w</sup>e? baked camas. (etqhwe', n.); \*?apł+?étx̃<sup>w</sup>e? to have baked camas ( a sweet, edible bulb). (apł'etkhwe', vt.)

 $\sqrt{2} tq^{w} y + 2 dtq^{w} = e^{p} < s^{2} e^{t}c. pine tree, conifer. ('yatqwelp, n.)$ 

V?tš ?itš He slept. (itsh, vi.); i ?ítš asleep, he is sleeping. (iits'itsh, vi.); y+?ítš < s+? etc. to sleep. ('yitsh, vi.); n+?ítš+n bedroom, bedchamber, hotel, inn, cubicle, caravansary. ('nitshn, n.); n+?itš+n bunkhouse (lit. little hotel). ('nitshn, n.); n+?itš+n hotel, motel, inn (lit. a place for sleeping). ('nitshn, n.); n+?e+?ítš+n' bunkhouse (lit. little hotel). ('ne'itsh'n, n.); t+č+?itš=šn bedtime, numb (lit. his leg went to sleep). (tch'itshn, n.); t+y+?itš+n < s+? etc curfew (lit. time of evening for retiring). (t'yitshn, n.); hn+cun'+cún'+m'e?+n+ł+n+?itš+n boarding school (lit. place for teaching and sleeping). (hntsu'ntsu'n'me'n ł 'nitshn, n.); n+?íłn+n ł n+?itš+n boarding house (lit. place for eating and sleeping). ('nihn h'nitshn, n.);
\*tu?+?ítš (You) go over there to sleep. (tu"yitssh, v.); yuq<sup>w</sup>+e?+y'ítš H/s pretended to sleep. (yuqwe"yitsh, v.)čn\_žese·+?ítš slept (lit. I slept well). (chnqhesee'yitsh, vt.)

- √?w ?ew oppose. (ew...); ?ew oppose, confront, contravene, be adverse to. (ew..., v.); ?ew+t=us antagonism, opposition, rivalry, competition. (ewtus,); ?ew+t=us contestant, competition, rival. (ewtus, n.); s+ye+?éw+t=us competitor (lit. One who rivals). (sye'ewtus, n.); y+?ew+t=ús < s+? etc. aversion, dislike (lit. going against another). ('yewtus, n.); y+?uw+t=ús+n't+ew'eš < s+? etc. competition (lit. a vying with others). opposing one another. ('yuwtus'nte'wesh, n.); ic+?uw+t= us+m'+ntew'eš compete (lit. They are contending with one another). (its'uwtus'm'nte'wesh, vi.); ?ew+t=ús+m-nt-se-s oppose, confront, contravene, be adverse to (lit. He was adverse to me). (ewtusmntses, vi.)
- √?ws ?ews to get wet, drenched, soaked (lit. It got drenched). (ews); ?ews get absorbed (lit. It got absorbed). (ews, v.); ?ews get wet, get drenched (lit. It got drenched). (ews, v.)
- √?x<sup>w</sup> č+?ax<sup>w</sup> chack, clop, clang. (lit. sound of hard object striking another). (ch'akhw! vi.)
- √?x<sup>w</sup> č+?ax<sup>w</sup>=qn pillow (lit. means of leaning head on). (ch'akhwqn, n.); č+?ax<sup>w</sup>=qn pillow, cushion (lit. that on which the head is laid). (ch'akhwqn, n.)

 $\sqrt{2x^{w}}$  če+y+?ix<sup>w</sup>=íłx<sup>w</sup>+n *awning*. (chey'ikhw<u>i</u>łkhwn, n.)

**√?x<sup>w</sup> e** ?íx<sup>w</sup>e? *maternal aunt*. (e'<u>i</u>khwe', n.)

 $\sqrt{2}x^{w}$  t'u?+?úx<sup>w</sup>+l'š *cavort (lit. He jumped around).* (t'u'<u>u</u>khw'lsh, v.)

- √?x<sup>w</sup>l ?ix<sup>w</sup>u·l to be (some). (ikhwuul); ?íx<sup>w</sup>l sometime, some. (ikhwel, adv.); ?íx<sup>w</sup>l some of them. (ikhwl, adv.)
- **V?X** i n+?aX+t+ił catadromous (lit. The fish is going back to the sea to spawn). (i'naqhtil, adj.)

√?× ul+?a·×=íw'ł current (lit. belonging to the time now passing). (ul aaqhi'wł, adj.)

√?×I a· c+?á×I as. (aats'aqhl, conj.); a· c+?á×I similar, alike (lit. It is similar). (aats'aqhl, adj.); ac+?a×+?a×ii' to be related, similar, correlated, same (lit. They are related by similarity). (ats'aqh'aqhi'l, vi.); ac+?a×i<sup>(1</sup> to stay the same, be constant (lit. H/s/i stays)

the same). (ats'aqhí…l, vi.); ac+?axíl=us to have a face similar to (lit. H/s has a face that looks like that of . . .). (ats'aqhilus e, vi.); s+n+?axil=elg<sup>w</sup>es compatibility (lit. sharing the same tastes). (s'naqhilelgwes, n.); g<sup>w</sup>l' n+?axíl=elg<sup>w</sup>es-lš congenial (lit. They have the same heart). (gu'l'naqhilelgweslsh, adj.); s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+?a·c+?áxl colleague, counterpart (lit. fellow worker of one's kind). (snukw'aats'aqhl, n.); hi-s+nuk<sup>w</sup>+?a·c+?áxl contemporaneous (lit. He is my like (equal). (hisnukw'aats'aqhl, adj.)

- V?×l?a×él=sq'it everyday, daily. (aqhelsq'it, adv.); ul+?a×él=sq'it diurnal (lit. pertaining to a day). (ul aqhelsq'it, adj.); ?a×el+ł+?esel+s+pin=tč biyearly, every two years (lit. happening every two years). (aqhelł esespintch, adv.);
  ?a×el+tč+nék<sup>w</sup>e? each, every (lit. every person of a number). (aqheltchnekwe', n.);
  ?a×al+s+pin=tč yearly (lit. every year). (aqhalspintch, adv.)
- V?×I ?a×al+mút+m able, capable (lit. He is capable of doing this or that). He seems capable. (aqhalmutm, vi.); ?a×íl=čt+m H/s did thus with h/h hand. (aqhilchtm, vt.); ?a×il=us+m to change one's facial expression (lit. H/s made h/h face thus). (aqhilsm, vt.);čn\_?a×il (lit. I did thus). (chn'aqhl, vi.); čáw'n'+š a·c+?á×al amen (lit. would that it be so). (cha'w'nsh aats'aqhal, interj.)
- **√?×l'** a?×i·l'i?+lš an old man, codger. (a'qhii'li'lsh, n.)
- √?׳ u c+?a×íł e t+lt=cin+m blabber (lit. For nothing he talks straight, He talks rapidly, incessantly and inanely). (uts'aqhił etłttsinm, v.); u c+?a×ił s+t+lt=cin+n catachresis (lit. fur no reason directing one's speech or discourse). (uts'aqhił stłttsinn, n.)
- $\sqrt{?} \tilde{x}^{w}$  n+?a $\tilde{x}^{w}$  downstream. ('naqhw)
- **√?y** ?eyé· boo! (expression of contempt or disapproval). (eyeee! excl.)

**V?yž**<sup>w</sup> n+?áyž<sup>\*</sup>+n tiredness. ('nayqhwn, n.); y+?áyž<sup>\*</sup>+t < s+? etc. to be tired, exhausted, fatigue. ('yayqhwt, vt.); n+?ay+?ayž<sup>\*</sup>=cn belabor (lit. He talks tediously on, he belabors a point). ('nay'ayqhwtsn, v.); ?a+?áyž<sup>\*</sup>+t bore (lit. He arouses boredom). (ay'ayqhwt, n.); ?á+?ayž<sup>\*</sup>+t boredom, bore. (ay'ayqhwt, n.); ?a+?áyž<sup>\*</sup>+t They became tired. (ay'ayqhwt, vi.); ?ayž<sup>\*</sup>+t he became tired. (ayqhwt.. v.); i' c+?áyž<sup>\*</sup>+t aweary (lit. He is tired). (iits'ayqhwt, adj.); čs+?ayž<sup>\*</sup>-n I got tired going after it; I put much effort to attain it. (chs'ayqhwn, vt.) √?ynł ?ey'níł because. (e'yn<u>i</u>ł, conj.)

**√??** u čn\_?é? *I alone*. (uchn'<u>e'</u>, n.)

 $\sqrt{2^{\circ}} s+t+2a^{\circ}+2a^{\circ}+p=us teardrops}$ . (st'<u>a</u>(w'a(wpus, pl. n.)

V?<sup>°</sup> s+n+?e<sup>°</sup> qn command (lit. giving orders (to)). (s'n<u>e</u>(wqn, n.); n'+?e<sup>°</sup> q-nt-s command, order (lit. He gave orders to him). ('n<u>e</u>(wqnts, vt.)

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