

## Fungal Genetics Reports

---

Volume 8

Article 9

---

### Suppression of pyr-3 mutants by arg-12 mutants

K. J. McDougall

V. W. Woodward

Follow this and additional works at: <https://newprairiepress.org/fgr>



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 4.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/).

---

#### Recommended Citation

McDougall, K. J., and V.W. Woodward (1965) "Suppression of pyr-3 mutants by arg-12 mutants," *Fungal Genetics Reports*: Vol. 8, Article 9. <https://doi.org/10.4148/1941-4765.2094>

This Research Note is brought to you for free and open access by New Prairie Press. It has been accepted for inclusion in Fungal Genetics Reports by an authorized administrator of New Prairie Press. For more information, please contact [cads@k-state.edu](mailto:cads@k-state.edu).

---

## Suppression of *pyr-3* mutants by *arg-12* mutants

### Abstract

Suppression of *pyr-3* mutants by *arg-12* mutants

McDougall, K. J. and V. W. Woodward. Suppression of pyr-3 mutants by arg-12 mutants.

Until recently the arg-12 locus, the locus which structures ornithine transcarbamylase (OTCase), was represented by a single mutant, arg-12<sup>s</sup> (37301). arg-12<sup>s</sup> possesses about 3%

of wild-type OTCase activity and is capable of suppressing the pyrimidine requirement of pyr-3 mutants characterized by in vitro aspartic transcarbamylase (ATCase) activity. (The pyr-3 mutants used here are denoted by the KS-prefix. KS16 and KS20 are ATCase<sup>+</sup>; KS23 and KS43 are ATCase<sup>-</sup>. The arg-12 mutants are designated as 6-1, 6-2, 6-3, 6-8 and 7.0.) The mechanism of suppression is thought to be due to metabolic cross-feeding of carbamyl phosphate (CAP), a substrate common to both pathways. Independent efforts by us and by Davis and Thwaites (1963 Genetics 48: 1551) resulted in the isolation of OTCase-less mutants phenotypically distinguishable from arg-12<sup>s</sup> by reduced growth rates and by 99% or more reduction of OTCase activity. These mutants were found to be located near arg-5 on linkage group II (Woodward and Schwarz 1964 Genetics 49: B45). It was not possible to demonstrate suppression of pyr-3 ATCase<sup>+</sup> mutants by the new arg-12 mutants, since the required arginine supplement offsets suppression, possibly by repression or inhibition of carbomyl phosphokinase, shutting off the remaining source of CAP. The effect of exogenous arginine on pyr-3 ATCase<sup>+</sup>; arg-12 double mutants can be overcome, however, by adding lysine to the culture medium (Houlahan and Mitchell 1947 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. 33: 223). This procedure was employed to demonstrate that the new arg-12 isolates are capable of suppressing pyr-3 ATCase<sup>+</sup> mutants.

Table 1. Dry weights, in mg, from 125 ml stationary flask cultures at 30°C containing 40 ml of medium; supplements were used at a concentration of 0.3 mg/ml.

Strain	Time (days)	Medium						
		Minimal	Arginine	Uridine	Arginine + Uridine	Lysine + Arginine		
KS20	4	0	0	84.4	79.5	0	0	0
	8	0	0	110.3	110.4	0	0	0
b-9	4	0	85.4	0	86.7	97.7	90.1	97.2
	8	0	75.9	0	78.9	99.1	102.0	103.8
KS43	4	0	0	90.1	87.3	0	0	0
	8	0	0	119.4	112.1	0	0	0
KS43;6-9	4	0	0	0	91.3	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	79.9	0	0	0
KS20;6-9	4	0	0	0	90.2	0	tr	4.1
	8	0	4.9	0	77.6	12.4	24.5	30.0

The data in Table 1 illustrate suppression of a pyr-3 ATCase<sup>+</sup> mutant (KS20) by an arg-12 isolate (6-9). It is seen that the pyr-3 ATCase<sup>-</sup> strain (KS43) is not suppressed, which is in agreement with earlier findings (Davis and Woodward 1962 Genetics 47: 1075). Suppression is also observed on arginine medium providing the double mutant is cultured for a prolonged period, in much the same way as the RU-suppressors of pyr-3 mutants (McDougall and Woodward 1965 Genetics 50: 397). Although data are presented for only two double mutants, suppression was observed in the following combinations involving an ATCase<sup>+</sup> pyr-3 mutant and an arg-12 mutant: KS16;7-0, KS20;6-2, KS20;6-8, KS20;7-0. In addition, all of these double mutants eventually grew on arginine medium. No suppression was evident in the following ATCase<sup>-</sup> pyr-3; arg-12 double mutants: KS23;6-1, KS23;6-3, KS43;6-1, KS43;6-3.

This work was supported by USPHS Grant GM-10216-03. - - - Biology Department, Rice University, Houston, Texas.