# Rifle and Light Infantry Tactics and Instruction for Skirmishes 

David B. Willson

John Willson

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# RIFLE AND LIGHT INFANTRY TACTICS. 



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Zieir Gol. TGardié' (late U.S: Asmy.).
Schood of the Soldien,

- School of the Bompane,
- Inotwechion for SKirnicicherd

Covid B. Mrlisen May 1861 .

SIFLE AND LIERP IAFI: RY TAOTICS.
[COPYRIGHT SECURED.]
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H بвоке. late of the United States Army, has published, under the direction of the War Departmenc a small work on Rifle and Light Iniantry Tacties, which will be invaluable to the voluateers destivel for the seat of war, and for the purpose of affording our brave soldiers the opportunity to becomy i formed in the exercise and manouvres of troops when acting as Light Infantry or Riflemen. We this morning commence the publication of "The School of the Soldier," as given in that work.

## SCHOOL OF THE SOLDIER. <br> the company.

[In an organization, the smallest number complete in itself, is the company waich varies in number from 50 to 100 rark and file.
Notz.-The general principles of organzation are the game for all arms. The variation in the Cuvalcy will be Teferred to. and that for Artllery whil be foand in the Manual for Light and Heavy (+uns.
A captain, two or more lieutenants, from four to six scrgeants, and as many corporals, are attached to every company. The cap aia and lieutenants are the offtwers, and the sergeants and corporals the non-commissioned officers of the comoany.
The captain is responsible for the instruction, discipline, general efficiency, and moral tone of the company.
The lieutenants assist the captain in the mainenance of discipline, and ia the in truction.
The company is divided into two equal parts, which are designated as the first and second plaoon, counting from the right; and eaca platoon s , in like manner, divided into iwo sections.] aeneral rules and division of the school of the soldier

1. The object of this school being the individual ind progressive instruction of the recruits, the intructor never requires a movemont to be executed mntil he has given an exact explanation of it; and he executes, himself, the movement which he commands, so as to join example to precept. He accustoms the recruit to take, by liinself, the position which is explained-teaches him to rectify it

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only when required by his wat of inteligenceand sees that all the moveraents are performed without precipitation.
2. Each movement should be understood before passing to anuther. After they have been properly executed in the order laid donn in each lesson, the instructor no longer confines himself to that order; on the cuntrary, he should change it, that he may juvge of the intelligence of the men.
3. The instructor allows the men to rest at the end of each part of the lessous, acd of iener, if h9 thinks proper, especially at the commencement; for this purpose he commands Rest.
4. At the commana Rest, the sodier is no longer required to preserve immobitisy, or to remain in his place. If the notrucior wishes merely to relieve the attention of the recroit, he commands, in place-Rest; the solcier is then not required to preserve his immobilicy, but he always keeps one of his feet in its place.
5. When the instructor wishes to commence the instruction, he commands-AtTENTION; at this command the soldier takes his position, remains motionless, and fixes his aitention.
6. The School of the Soldier will be divided into three parts; the first, compreneuding what ougat to be taught to recruits without arms; the second, the manual of arms, the loadngs and tirings; the third, the principles of alignment, the march by the front, the different steps, the march by the flank, the principles of wheeiag, and those of change of direction; also, long marcies in double quick time and the run.
7. Each part will be divided into lessons, as folof Hew lows:-

## PART FIRST.

Lesson 1. Position of the soldier without arms: Eyes right, left and front.

Lesson 2. Facings.
Lesson 3. Principles of the direct step in common and quick time.
Lesson 4. Principles of the direct step in double quick time and the run.

PART SECOND.
Lesson 1. Principles of shouldered arms.
Lesson 2. Manual of arms.
Lesson. 3. To load in four times, and at will.
Lesson 4. Firings, direct, oblique, by file, and by rank.

Lesson 5 . To fire and load, kueeling and lying. Lesson 6. Bayonet exercise.

## PART THIRD.

Lesson 1. Union of eight or twelve men for instruction in the prituciples of alignaent.
Lesson 2. The direct march, the oblique march, -and the different steps.

Lesson 4. Principles of wheeling and chango of direction.

Lesson 5. Long marches in double quick time, and the ran, with arms and knspsacks.

## PART FIRST.

8. This will be taught, if practicable, to one recruit at a time; but three or fouc may be anited, when the number be great, cocupared wish that of the instructors. In this case, che recraits will be placed in a single raok, at one pace from each other. Io this part, the recruits will be without arms.

## Lesson $\mathbf{Y}$. <br> Position of the Soldier.

9. Heels on the same line, as near each other as the conformation of the man will permit;

The feet tuaned out equally, and lorming with each other somethiog less than a right angle;

The knees straight without stiffuess;
The body erect on the bips, inclining a little forward;

The shoulders square and falling equally;
The arms hanging naturally;
The eibows near the body;
The palm of the hand turned a little to the front, the little finger benind the seam of the pantaloons;

The head erect and square to the front, without constraint;

The chin near the stock, without covering it;
The eyes fixed straight to the front, aud striking the ground about the distance of fifteen paces.

Remarks on the position of the Soldier.
Heels on the same line;
10. Because, if one were in rear of the other, The ehoulder on that side would be thrown back, Dr the position of the soldier would be constrained. Heels more or less closed;
Because, men who are knock-kneed, or who have legs with large calves, wichout constraint, make their heels touch while standing.

## The feet equally turned out, and not forming too large an angle;

Because, if one foot were tarned out more than the other, a shoulder would be deranged, and if both feet be too much turned out, it would not bo practicable to incline the upper part of the body forward without rendering the whole position unsteady.

Knees extended without stifness;
Because, if stiffoned, constraint and fatigue would be unavoidable.
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## The body erect on the hips;

Because it gives equilibrium to the position. The instructor will observe that many recruits have the bad habit of dropping a shoulder, of drawing in a side, or of advancing a hip, particularry the right, when under arms. These are deSects he will labor to correct.

The upper part of the body inclining forward;
Because, commonly, recruits are disposed to do (w) by is the reverse, to project the belly, and to throw back the shoulders, when they wish to hold themselves erect, from which result great inconveniences in marching. The habit of inclining forward the upper part of the body is so important to contract, that the instructor must enforce it at the beginning, particularly with recruits who have naturally the opposite habit.

## Shoulders square;

Because, if the shoulders be advanced beyond the line of the breast, and the back arched (the defect called round shouldered, not uncommon mong recruits), the man cannot align himself, or use his piece with address. It is important, zen; to correct this defect, and necessary to that Rymipe green ad that the coat should set easy about the ghoulers and arm-pits; but in correcting this defect, se instructor will take care that the shoulders be ot thrown too much to the rear, which would use the belly to project, and the small of the back to be curved.
The arms hanging naturally, elbows near the body, the palm of the hand a little turned to the front, the little finger behind the seam of the pantaloons:
dacoit

Because, these positions are equally important to the shoulder arms, and to prevent the man from cecupying more space in a rank than is necessary 1 mol Mice the advantage of keeping in the shoulders.
The face straight to the front, and without constraint; Because, if there be stiffuess in the latter poriNu we: tron, it would communicate itself to the whole of the upper part of the body, embarrass its movements, and give pain and fatigue.
Eyes direct to the front;

Because, this is the surest means of maintaining the shoulders in line-an essential object, to be insisted on and attained.
11. The instructor having given the recruit the position of the soldier without arms, will nor teach him the turning of the head and eyes. He will command:-

> 1. Eyes-Right. 2. Front.
12. At the word right, the recruit will turn the head gently, so as to bring the inner corner of the left eye in a line with the buttons of the coat, the eyes fixed on the line of the eyes of the men in, or supposed to be in. the same rank.

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The arms hanging naturally, elbows near the body, the palm of the hand a little turned to the front, the title finger behind the seam of the pantaloons:
Because, these positions are equally important to the shoulder arms, and to prevent the man from cccupying more space in a rank than is necessary -to a free use of the piece; they have, moreover, the advantage of keeping in the shoulders.
The face straight to the front, and without constraint; - Because, if there be stiffaess in the latter posision, it would communicate itself to the whole of the upper part of the body, embarrass its movemeats, and give pain and fatigue.

Eyes direct to the front;
Because, this is the surest means of maintaining the shoulders in line-an essential object, to be insisted on and attained.
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1. Eyes-Right. 2. Front.
(12. At the word right, the recruit will turn the head gently, so as to bring the inner corner of the left eye in a line with the buttons of the coat, the eyes fixed on the line of the eyes of the men in, or supposed to be in. the same rank.
2. At the second command, the head will resume the direct or habitual position.
3. The movement of Eyes-Left will be executed by inverse means.
4. The instructor will take particular care thit the movement of the head does not derange the squareness of the shoulders, which will happen if the movement of the fermer be too sudden.
5. When the instructor shall wish the recruit to pass from the state of attention to that of ease, he will command:

## REST.

17. To cause a resumption of the habitual position, the instructor will command:

## - 1. Attention. 2. SQUAD.

18. At the first word, the recruit will fix his attention; at the second, he will resume the presuribed position and steadiness.

## Lesson II. <br> Facings.

19. Facing to the right and left will be executed in one time, or pause. The jnstructor will command:

## 1. Squad. 2. Right (or left)-Face.

20. At the second command, raise the right foot slightly, turn on the left heel, raising the toes a little, and then replace the right heel by the side of the left, and on the same line.
21. The full face to the rear (or front) will be executed in two times, or pauses. The instructor will command:

## 1. Squad. 2. About-Face.

22. (First time.) At the word about, the recruit will turn on the left heel, bring the left toe to the front, carry the right foot to the rear, the hollow opposite to, and full three inches from, the left heel, the feet square to each other.
23. (Second time.) At the word face, the recruit will turn on both heels, raise the toes a little, extend the hams, face to the rear, bringing, at th9 same time, the right heel by the side of the letr.
24. The instructor will take care that these motions do not derange the position of the body.

## Lesson III. <br> Principles of the Direct Step.

25. The length of the direct step, or pace, in common time, will be twenty-eight inches, reckoning from heel to heel, and in swiftness, at the rate of ninety in a minute.
26. The instructor, seeing the recruit confirmed in his position, will explain to him the principle and mechanism of this step-placing himself six or seven paces from, and facing to, the recruit. He will himself execute slowly the step in the way of illustration, and then command:


The body erect on the hips;
Because it gives equilibrium to the position. The instructor will observe that many recruits have the bad habit of dropping a shoulder, of drawing in a side, or of advancing a hip, particularly the right, when under arms. These are dosects he will labor to correct.

The upper part of the body inclining forward;
Because, commonly, recruits are disposed to do the reverse, to project the belly, and to throw back the shoulders, when they wish to hold themselves erect, from which result great inconveniences in marching. The habit of inclining forward the upper part of the body is so important to contract, that the instructor must enforce it at the beginning, particularly with recruits who the beginning, particularly with





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## 1. Squad, forzvard. 2. Common time.

## 3. March.

27. At the first command, the recruit will throw the weight of the body on the right leg, without bending the left knee.
28. At the third command, he will smartly, but witnout a jerk, carry straight forward the left foot twenty-eight inches from the right, the sole near the ground, the ham extended, the toe a litcle depressed, and, as also the knee, slightly turned out; he will, at the same time, throw the weight of the wody forward, and plant the left foot, without shock, precisely at the distance where it finds itself from the right when the weight of the body is brought forward, the whole of which will now rest on the advanced foot. The recruit will next, in unun like manner, advance the right foot and plant it as above, the heel twenty-eight inches from the heel of the left foot, and thus continue to march without crossing the legs, or striking the one against the otber, without turning the shoulders, and preserving always the face direct oo the frons.
29. When the instructor shail wish to arrest the march, he will cotomand:

## 1. Squad. 2. Halt.

30. At the second command, which will be given at the instant when either foot is coming to the ground, the foot in the rear will be brought up, and planted by the side of the other, without shock.
31. The instructor will indicate, from time to time, to the recruit, the cadence of the step by giving the command one at the instant of raising a foor, and two at the instant it ought to bo plantec, observing the cadence of nimety steps in a minute. This method will contribute greatly to impress upon the mind the two motions juto which tram the step is naturally divided.
32. Common time will be employed only in the first and second parts of the School of the Soldier. As soon as the recruit has acquired steadiness, has become established in the priaciples of shouldered arms, and in the mechanison, lensth and suvifuess of the step in common time, he will be practiced only in quick time, the donble quick time and the run.
33. The principles of the step in quick time are the same as for common time, but its swiftness is at the rate of one huadred and ten steps per minute.
34. The instructor wishing the squad to march in quick time, will commanu:
35. Squad, fonward. 2. March. Lesson IV.

## Principles of the Double Quick Step.

35. The length of the double quick step is thirtythre inches, and its swiftness at the rate of one hundred and sixty five stens per minutg.
36. The instructor, wishing to teach the recruits the principles and mechanism of the double quick step, will command:

## 1. Double quick step. 2. MARCH.

87. At the first command, the recruit will raise his hands to a level with his hips, the hands closed, the nails towards the body, the elbows to the rear.
88. At the second command he will raise to the riont his left leg bent, in order to give to the knee the greatest elevation, the part of the leg between the knee and the instep vertical, the toe depressed; he will then replace his foot in its former position; with the right leg he will execute what has just been prescribed for the left, and the alternate movement of the legs will be continued until the command:

## 1. Squad. 2. Halt.

39. At the second command, the recruit will bring the foot which is raised by the side of the other, and dropping at the same time his hands by his side, will resume the position of the soldier without arms.
40. The instructor, placing himself seven or eight paces from, and facing the recruit, will indicate the cadence by the commands, one and two, given alternately at the instant each foot should be brought to the ground, which at first will be in common time, but its rapidity will be gradually augmented.
41. The recruit being sufficiently established in the principles of this step, the instructor will command:
42. Squad, forward. 2. Double quick. 3. Marce.
43. At the first command, the recruit will throw the weight of his body on the right leg.
44. At the second command, he wili place his arms as indicated No. 37.
45. At the third command, he will carry forward the left foot, the leg slightly bent, the knee somewhat raised-will plant his lefc foot, the toe first, thirty-three inches from the right, and with the right foot will then execute what has just been prescribed for the left. This alternate movement of the legs will take place by throwing the weight of the body on the foot that is planted, and by allowing a natural oscillatory motion to the arms.
46. The double-quick step may be executed with different degrees of swiftness. Under urgent circumstances the cadence of this step may be increased to one hundred and eighty per minute. At this rate a distance of tour thousand yards would be passed over in about twenty-five minutes.
47. The recruits will be exercised also in run-








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houn's Anelar Ventilator, whish is fast batdiog tha of the many wortbleas ones now in uce, and are proced by those who have them in use as perfect. With stock Fire-place Stores, Degisters of all sixes and 3, Bstis Bollera, Gas Ovens, and a full assortment of oods pertajajny to the trade. Personal gitention to an dossripfong of heating and vontileting.

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## ning.

47. The principles are the same as for the OV double quick step, the ouly difference consisting in a greater degree of swiftness. 48. It is recommended in marching at double
quick time, or the rux, that the men sioald beathe as much as possible through the a keeping the mouth closed. Experience has proved thist, by conforming to this principle, a $m+a$ pass over a much longer distance, and wish los. faligue.

## PART SECOND.

GENERAL RULES.
49. The instructor will not pass the men to this secend part until they shall be well established in the position of the body, and in the mannor of marcbing at the different steps.

50 He will then unite four men, whom he will place in the same rank, elbow to elbow, ant instruct them in the position of shouldered arms, as follows:

## Lesson I.

Principles of Shouldered Arms.
51. The recruit being placed as explained in the first lesson of the first part, the instructor will cause him to bend the right arm slightly, and place the piece in it, in the following manner:-
52. The piece in the right hand-the barrel nearly vertical and rest ing in the hollow of the shoolder-the guard to the front, the arm hanging nearly at its ful: length near the body; the thumb and fore finger embracing the guard, the remaining fingers closed together and grasping the swell of the stock just under the cock, which rests on the little finger.
54. The instructor will have occasion to remark
 that recruits, on first bearing arms, are liable to derange their position by lowering the right shoulder and the right hand, or by sinking the hip and spreading out the elbows.
55. He will be careful to correct all these faults by continually rectifying the position; he will sometimes take away the piece to replace it the better; he will avoid fatiguing the recruits too
 fects in the conformation of the shoulders, breast and hips. These the instructor will labor to correct in the lessons without arms, and afterwards, by steady endeavors, so that the appearance of the pieces, in the same line, may be uaiform, and this without constraint to the men in their positions. much in the beginning, but labor by degrees to render this position 80 natural and easy that they may remain in it a long time without-fatigue.
56. Finally, the instructor will take great care that the piece, at a shoulder, be not carried too high nor too low: if too high, the right elbow would spread out, the suldier would occupy too much space in his rank, and the piece be made to waver; if too low, the files would be too much closed, the soldier would not have the necessary space to handle his piece with facility, the right arm would become to much fatigued, and would draw down the shoulder.
57. The instructor, before passing to the second lesson, will cause to be repeated the movements of cyes right, left, and front, and the facings.

## Lesson II. <br> Manual of Arms.

58. The manual of arms will be taught to four men, placed, at first, in one rank, elbow to elbow, and afterwards in two ranks.
59. Each command will be executed in one time (or pause), but this time will be divided iato motions, the better to make known the mechanism.
60. The rate (or swiftness) of each motion, in the manual of arms, with the exceptions herein indicated, is fixed at the ninetieth part of a minute; but, in order not to fatigue tae attention, the instructor will, at first, look more particularly to the execution of the motions, without requiriag a vice observance of the cadence, to which he will bring the recruits progressively, and afser they shall have become a lit:le familiarized with the handling of the piece.
61. As the motions relative to the cartridge, to the rammer, and to the fixing and unfixing of the bayonet, cannot be executed at the rate prescribed, nor even with a uniform swiftwess, they will not be suljected to that cadence. The instructor will, however, labor to cause these motions to be executed with promptness, and above all, with regularity.
62. The last syllable of the command will decide the brisk execution of the first motion of each time (or pause). Tae commands two, three, and four, will decide the brisk execution of the other motions. As soon as the recruits shall well comprehend the positions of the several motions of a time, they will be taught to execute the time withcut resting on its different motions; the mechanism of the time will nevertheless be observed, as well to give a perfecs use of the piece, as to avoid the sinking of or siurring 9 var either of the mo-


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63. The manual of arms will be taught in the following progression: The instructor will com-mand:-

Support-Arms.
One time and three motions.

64. (First motion.) Bring the piece, with the right band, perpendiculariy to the ront and between the eyes, the barrel to the rear; seize the piece with the left hand at the lower band, raise this hand as high as the chin, and seize the piece at the same time with tha right hand four inches below tha cock.
65. (Second motion) Turn the piece with the right hand, the barrel to the front; carry the pisce to the left shoulder, and pass the forearm exiended on the breast between the right hand and the cock; support the cock against the left fore-arm, tne lefc hand resting on the right breast.

66 (Third motion.) Drop the right hand by the side.
67. When the instructor may wish to give repose in this positi on, he will com-mand:-

REST.
68. At this command, the recruits will bring up smartly the right hand to the handle of the piece (small of the stock), when they will not be required to preserve silence, or steadiness of position.
69. When the instructor may wish the recruits to pass from this position to that of silence and steadiness, he will command:-

1. Attention. 2. SQUAD.
2. At the second word, the recruits will resume the position of the third motion of support arms.

Shoulder-Arms.
One time and three motions.
71. (First motion.) Grasp the piece with the right hand under and against the lefc fore-arm; seize it with the left hand at the lower band, the thumb extended; detach the piece slightly from the shoulder, the left fore-arm along ihe stock.
72. (Second motion.) Carry the piece vertically to the right shoulder with both hands, the rammer to the front, change the position of the right hand so as to embrace the guard with the thumb and fore-finger, slip the left hand to the height of the sboulder, the fingers extended and joined, the right arm nearly straight.

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73. (Third motion.) Drop the left hand quickly by the side.

Present-Arms.
One time and two motions.
74. (First motion.) With the right hand bring the piece root before the centre of the body, the rammer to the front; at the same time seize the piece with the left hand half way betreen the guide sight and lower band, the thumb extended along the barrel and against the stock, the fore-arm horizontal and resting against the body, the hand as high as the elbow.
75. (Second motion.) Grasp the small of the stock with the right hand below and against the guard.

## Shoulder-Arms.

One time and two motions.
76. (First motion.) Bring the piece to the right shoulder, at the same time change the poritimon of the right hand so as to en brace the guard with the thumb and fore-finger, slip up the left hand to the height of the slr- older, the fingers extended ard joined, the right arm nearly straight.
7. (Second motion.) Drop the left hand quickly by the side.

Order-Arms.
One time and two motions.
78. (First motion.) Seize the piece briskly with the (11) \&and near the upper bate, and detach it slightly fromithe shoulder with the right hand; loosen the grasp of the right hand, lower the piece with the left, reseize the piece with the right han above the lower band, the little finger in the rear of the barrel, the butt about four inches from the ground, the right hand supported against the hip, drop the left hand by the side.
79. (Second motion.) Let the piece slip through the right hand to the ground by opening slightly the fingers, and take the position about to be describid.
63. The manual of arms will be taught in the following progression: The instructor will com-mand:-

Support-Arms.
One time and three motions.

64. (First motion.) Bring the piece, with the right band, perpendicularly to the ront and between the eyes, the barrel to the rear; seize the piece with the left hand at the lower band, raise this hand as high as the chin, and seize the piece at the same time with tha right hand four inches below the cock.
65. (Second motion) Turn the piece with the right hand, the barrel to the front; carry the pisce to the left shoulder, and pass the forearm extended on the breast between the right hand and the cock; support the cock against the left fore-arm, tae lefi hand resting on the right breast.

66 (Third motion.) Drop the right hand by the side.
67. When the instructor may wish to give repose in this positi on, he will com-mand:-

## REST.

68. At this command, the recruits will bring up smartly the right hand to the handle of the piece (small of the stock), when they will not be required to preserve silence, or steadiness of position.

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and fore-finger, slip the left hand to the height of the shoulder, the fingers extended and joined, the right arm pearly strajoht.

Present-Arms.
One time and two motions.
74. (First motion.) With the right hand bring the piece oroct before the centre of the
body, the rammer to the front at the same time seize the piece with the left hand half way between the guide sight and lower band, the thumb extended along the barrel and against the
stock, the fore-arm horizontal and resting against the body, the hand as high as the elbow. the small of the stock with the right hand below and against the guard.

Shoulder-Arms.





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Position of order arms.
80. The hand low, the barrel between the thumb and fore-finger extended along the stock; the other fingers extended and joined; the muzzle about two inches from the right shoulder; the rammer in front; the toe (or beak) of the butt, against, and in a line with, the toe of the right foot, the barrel perpendicular.
81. When the instructor may wish to give repose in this position, he will command:Rest.
82. At this command, the recruits will not be required to preserve silence or steadiness.
83. When the instructor may wish the recruits to pass from this position to that of silence and steadiness, he will command:-

## 1. Attention. 2. Squad.

84. At the second word, the recruits will resume the position of order arms.

## Shoulder-Arms.

## One time and two motions.

85. (First motion.) Raise the piece vertically with the right hand to the height of the right breast, and opposite the shoulder, the elbow close to the body; seize the piece with the left hand below the right, and drop quickly the right hand to grasp the piece at the swell of the stock, the thumb and fore finger embracing the guard; press the piece against the shoulder with the left hand, the right arm nearly straight.
86. (Second motion.) Drop the left hand quickly by the side.

## Load in Nine Times.

1. LoAd.*

One Time and One

## Motion.

87. Grasp the pieco with the left hand as high as the right elbow, and oring it vertically opposite the middle of the body, shift the right hand to the upper band, place the butt between the feet, the barrel to the front; seize it with the left hand near the muzzle, which should be three inches from the body; carry the right hand to the cartridge box.
[TO be Continued.]



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This morning,
At 10 o'clock, at the auction store. No. 914 Chesnut street, will be sold-
A large asso tment of superlor cabinet furniture, from cabiret makers ueclining the business, consisting of nearly every article of household furniture.
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## POSITIVE SALE OF 166 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.

On Thursdey morning,

April 25 th, at 100 'cock precisely, whit be sold, by eatsrogue, 1000 cases men's boys' and youths' calf, kip, and gram boots; calf, kip and gram brogan m ; Oongrees gathers. Oxford, Scotch and Jersey ties, walking shoes, \%c.; women's. mt bes and children's calf, kip, goat and kid heeled boots and shoes; gaiters, buskins. slippers. de. Also. a large ass rtment of first class city made goods. Also,
93. (Third motion.) Turn the rammer, the little end of the rammer passing near the left shoulder; place the head of the rammer on the ball, the back of the hand to the front.

> 6. Ram-Cartridge.

One time and one motion.
94. Insert the rammer as far as the right, and steady it in this position with the thumb of the left hand; seize the rammer at the small end With the thumb and forefinger of the right hand, the back of the hand to the front; press the ball home, the elbows near the body.

## 7. Return-Rammer. <br> One time and three motions.

95. (First motion.) Draw the rammer hall-way out, and steady it in this position with the left thumb; grasp it near the muzzle with the right hand, the little finger uppermost, che nails to the front, the thumb along the rammer; clear the rammer from the bore by extending the arm, the nails to the front, the rammer in the prolongion of the bore.
96. (Second motion.) Tarn the rammer, the head of the rammer passion near the left shoutder, and insert it in the pip os until the right hand reaches the muzzle, the pails in front.
97. (Third motion.) Force the rammer home by placing the little finger of the right hand on the 2 m head of the rammer; pass the fiefs $h$ aud do wa the barrel to the extent of the arm, without depressing the shoulder.

## One time and two

 motions.98. (First motion.) With the left hand raise the piece till the hand is as nigh as the eye, grasp the small of the stock with the right land; half face to The right; place, at $1+8$ The same time, the fight foot behind and at right angles with the left; the hollow of the right foot against the left 1 heel. Slip the left $M \sim W_{\text {lower down to the }}^{\text {hand }}$ lower band, the thumb along the stock, the left elbow against the body;
 bring the piece to the right side, the butt below the -right forearm
-the small of the stock against the body and two cf inches below the right breast, the barrel upwards, the muzzle on a level with the eye.
99. (Second motion) Half cock with the thumb of the right hand, the fingers stipporiel against the guard and the small of the stock-emove the old cap with one of the fingers of the right hand, and with the thumb and forefinger of the same hand take a cap from the pouch, place it on the nipple, and press is down with the thumb; seize the small of the stock with the right hand.

## 9. Shoulder-Arus.

One time and two motions.
100. (First motion.) Bring the piece to the right shoulder and support it there with the leif hand, face to the front; bring the right heel to the side of and on a line with the left; grasp the piece with the right hand as indicated in the position of shoulder arms.
101. (Second motion.) Drop the left hand quickty by the side.

## READY.

One time and three motions.
102. (First motion.) Raise the pice e slightly with the right hand, making a half face to the right on the left heel; carry the right foot to the

## Un

 rear, and place it at right angles to the left, the hollow of it opposite to, and ag inst the left heel; grasp the piece with the left hand at the lower band and detach it slightly from the shoulder.103. (Second motion.) Bung down the piece with both hands, the barrel upwards, the left thumb extended along the stock, the bust below the right ore-arm, the small of the stock against the body nd two inches below the right breast, the muzzle s high as the eye, the left elbow against the side; dace at the same time the right thumb on the cad of the cock, the other fingers under and gainst the guard.
104. (Third motion.) Cock, and seize the piece at the small of the stock without deranging the position of the butt.

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WARE ROOMS,
105. (Third motion.) Turn the rammer, tha little end of the rammer pascing neac the left shoulder; place the head of the rammer on the ball, the back of the hand to the front.
106. Ram-Cantridga.

One time and one motion.
94. Insert the rammer as far as the right, and steady it in this position with the thumb of the left hand; seize the rammer at the small ead with the thumb and fore-finger of the right hand, the back of the hand to the front; press the ball home, the elbows near the bod.
7. Return-Rammer.

One time and three motions.
95. (First motion.) Draw the rammor half-way out, and steady it in this position with the left thumb; grasp it near the muzzie fich the right hand, the little fiager uppermost, che nails to the front, the thumb along the rammer; clear the rammer from the bore by exteading the arm, the nails to the front, the rammer in the prolongation of the bore.
96. (Second motion) Tara the rammer, the head of the rammer passing near the left shoulder, and insert it in the pip us uatil the right hand reaches the muzzle, the gails in front.
97. (Third motion.) Force the rammer home by placing the little finger of the rignt hand on the head of the rammer; pass the ieff h tud dowa the barrel to the extent of the arm, without depressing the shoulder.


## 8. Prime *

One time and two

## motions. <br> m, $a$ 98. (Mretmotion.)


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AIm,
One time and one motion.
105 Raise the piece with both hands, and sup port the but against the right shoulder; the left elbow down, the right as high as the
tushide shoulder; incline the head upon the butt, so that the
descend right eye may perceive quickly the notch of the hausee,the front sight, and the object aimed at; the left eye closed, the right thumb extended along
Cue the stock, the fore finger on the trigger.
106. When recruits are formed in two ranks to to execute the firings, the front rank men will raise a little less the right elbow, in order to facilitate the aim of the rear rank men.
107. The rear rank men, in aiming, will each carry the right foot about eight inches to the right, and towards the left heel of the man next on the right, inclining the upper part of the body forward.
*If Maynard's primer be used, the command puld be, load in eight times, and the eighth comand will be, shoulder arms, and executed from rern rammer, in one time and two motions, as fol-twi:-
(First motion.) Raise the piece with the left hand, id take the position of shoulder arms, as indicated D. 76 .

Second motion.) Drop the def hand quickly by the side.

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One time and one motion.
108. Press the fore-finger against the trigger, fire, without lowering or turning the head, and remain in this position.
109. Instructors will be careful to observe, when the men fire, that they aim at some distinct object, and that the barrel be so directed that the line of fire and the line of sight be in the same vertical plane. They will often cause the firing to be executed on ground of different inclinations, in order to accustom the, men to fire at objets either above or below them.

## Load.

One time and one motion.
110. Bring down the piece with both hands, at the same time face to the front and take the position of load as indicated No. 87. Each rear rank man will bring his right foot by the side of the left.
111. The men being in this position, the instructor will cause the loading to be continued by the commands and means prescribed No. 87 and following.
112. If, after firing, the instructor should not wish the recruits to reload, he will command:-

Shoulder-Arms.
One time and one motion.
113. Throw up the piece briskly with the left hand, and resume the position of shoulder arms, at the same time face to the front, turning on the left heel, and bring the right heel on a line with the left.

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114. To accustom the recruits to wait for the command fire, the instructor, when they are in the position of aim, will command:-

Recover-Arms.

## One time and one motion.

115. At the first part of the command, withdraw the finger from the trigger; at the command arms, retake the position of the third motion of racy. The recruits being in the position of the the third motion of ready, if the instructor should wish to bring them to a shoulder, he will command:

> SHOULDER-ARMS.
> One time and one motion.
117. At the command shoulder, place the thumb upon the cock, the fore-finger on the trigger, halfcock, and seize the small of the stock with the right hand. At the command arms, bring up the piece briskly to the right shoulder, and retake the position of shoulder arms.
118 The recruits being at shoulder arms, when the instructor shall wish to fix bayonets, he will command:-

## Fix-Bayoner. <br> One time and three motions.

119. (First motion.) Grasp the piece with the left hand at the height of the shoulder, and detach it slightly from the shoulder with the right hand.
120. (Second motion.) Quit the piece with the right hand, lower it with the left hand, opposite the middle of the body, and place the butt between the feet without shock; the rammer to the rear, the barrel vertical, the muzzle three inches from the body; seize it with the right hand at the upper band, and carry the left hand reversed to the handle of the sabre-bayonet.
121. (Third motion.) Draw the sabre-bayonet from the scabbard and fix it on the extremity of the barrel; seize the piece with the left hand, the arm extended, the right hand at the upper band.

> Shoulder -Arms.
122. (First motion.) Raise the piece with the left hand and place it against the right shoulder, the rammer to the front; seize the piece at the same time with the right hand at the swell of the stock, the thumb and fore-finger embracing the guard, the right arm nearly extended.
123. (Second motion) Drop briskly the left hand by the side.

## One time and two motions.



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SHOULDER-ARMS.
159. At the command shoulder, raise the piece perpendicularly in the right hand, the litcle finger in rear of the barrel; at the command arms, exescute what bes been prescribed tor the showier from the position of order arms.

Unfix-BAYOHEX.
One time and three motions.
200. (First and second motions.) The same as the first and second motions of fix bayonet, except that, at the end of the second command, the thumb of the right hand will be placed on the spring of the sabre-bayonet, and the left hand will embrace the handie of the sabre-bayonet and the barrel, the thumb extended along the blade.
201. (Third motion.) Press the thumb of the right hand on the spring, wrest off the sabre bayonet, turn it to the right, the edge to the front, lower the guard until it touches the right hand, which will seize the back and the edge of the blade between the thumb and first two fingers, the other fingers holding the piece; change the position of the hand without quitting the handle, 'return the sabre-bayonet to the scabbard, and - seize the piece with the left hand, the arm extended.

Shovlder-Arms.
One tim: and two motions,
202. (First motion) The same as the first mo-


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203. (Second motion ) The same as the second motion from fix bayonet, No. 192.

Secure-Anмs.
One time and three motions.
204. (First Motion.) The same as the first motion of Support arms, No 133, except with the right hand seize the piece at the smalll of the stock.
205. (Second motion.) Turn the piece with both hands, the barrel to the front; bring it opposite the left shoulder, the butt against the hip, the lfft hand at the lower band, the thumbas high as the chin and extended on the rammer; the piece erect and detached from the shoulder, the left fore-srm against the piece.
206. (Third motion.) Reverse the piece, pass it under the left arm, the left hand remaining at the lower band, the thumb on the rammer to prevent it from sliding
 out, the little finger resting against the hip, the right hand falling at the same time by the side.

Shoulder-Arms.
One time and three motions.
207. (First motion.) Raise the piece with the left hand, and seize it with the right hand at the small of the stock. The piece erect and detached from the shoulder, the butt against the hip, the left fore arm along the piece.
208. (Second motion.) The same as the second motion of shoulder arms from a support.
209. (Third motion.) The same as the third motion of shoulder arms from a support.

Right shoulder shift-ARMs.
One time and two motions.
210. (First motion.) Detach the piece perpendicularly from the shoulder with the right hand, and seize it with the left between the lower band and guide-sight, raise the piece, the left hand at the height of the shoulder and four inches from it; place, at the same time, the right hand on the butt, the beak between the first two fingers, the otber two fingers under the butt plate.
211. (Second motion.) Quit the piece with the left hand, raise and place the piece on the right shoulder with the right hand, the lock plate upwards; let fall, at the same time, the left hand by the side.



## Shoulder-Arms.

One time and two motions.
212. (First motion) Raise the piece perpendicularly by extending the right arm to its full length, the rammer to the front, at the same time seize the piece with the left hand between the lower band and guide sight.
213. (Second motion.) Quit the butt with the right hand, which will immediately embrace the guard, lower the piece to the position of shoulCer arms, slide up the left hand to the height of the shoulder, the fingers extended and closed. Drop the left hand by the side. 214 . The men being at support arms, the instructor will sometimes cause pieces to be brought to the right shoulder. To this effect, he will command:-
Right shoulder shift-

## One time and tro motions.

215. (Firstmotion.) Saize the piece with the right hand, below avd near the left fore-arm, place the left hand under the butt, the heel of the butt between the first two fingers.
216. (Second motion.)Turn the piece with the left hand, the lock plate upwards, carry it to the right shoulder, the left hand still holding the butt, the muzzle elevated; hold the piece in this position, and place the right hand upon the butt as is prescribed No. 210, and let the left hand fall by the side.


## Support-Arms.

## One time and two motions.

217. (First motion.) The same as the first motion of shoulder arms, No. 212.
218. (Second motion.) Turn the piece with both hands, the barrel to the front, carry it opposite the left sbouider, slip the right hand to the small of the stock, place the left fore-arm extended on the breast as is prescribed No. 134, and let fall the right hand by the side.

## Arms-At will.

One timeand one motion.
219. At this command, carry the piece at pleasure on either shoulder, with one or both hands, the muzzle elevated.


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## Shoulder-ARMs. <br> One time and one motion.

220. At this command, retake quickly the posiion of shoulder arms.
221. The recruits being at ordered arms, when the instructor shall wish to cause the pieces to be placed on the ground, he will command:-

Ground-Arms.
 Tum the piece with the hand, the barrel to the left, at the same time seize the cartridge box with the left hand, bend the body, advance the left foot, the heel opposite the lower band; lay the piece on the ground with the light hand, the toe of the bust on a line with the right toe, the knees slightly bent, the right beet raised.
223. (Second motion.) Rise up, bring the left foot by the side of the right, quit the cartridge box with the left hand, and drop the hands by the side.

## Raise-Arms.

## One time and two motions.

224. (First motion.) Seize the cartridge box with the left hand, bend the body, advance the left foot opposite the lower band, and seize the piece with the right hand.
225. (Second motion.) Raise the piece, bringing the left foot by the side of the right; turn the piece with the right hand, the rammer to the front; at the same tirae quit the cartridge box with the left hand, and drop this hand by the side.

Inspection of Arms.
226. The recruits being at ordered arms, and having the sabre-bayonet in the scabbard, if the instructor wishes to cause an inspection of arms, he will command:

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## Inspection-Arms.

One time and two motions.
227. (First motion.) Seize the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band, carry it with both hands opposite the middle of the body, the butt between the feet, the rammer to the rear, the barrel vertical, the muzzle about three inches from the body; carry the left hand reversed to the sabre-bayonet, draw it from the scabbard and fix it on the barrel; grasp the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band, seize the rammer with the thumb and forefinger of the right hand bent, the other fingers closed.
228. (Second motion.) Draw the rammer as has been explained in loading, and let it glide to the bottom of the bore, replace the piece with the left hand opposite the right shoulder, and retake the position of ordered arms.
229. The instructor will then inspect in suceession the piece of each recruit, in passing along the front of the rank. Each, as the instructor reaches him, will raise smartly his piece with his right hand, seize it with the left between the lower band and guide sight, the lock to the front, the left hand at the height of the chin, the piece opposite to the left eye; the instructor wilt take it with the right hand at the handle, and, after inspecting it, will return it to the recruit, who will receive it back with the right hand, and replace it ia the position of ordered arms.
230. When the instructor shall have passed him, each recruit will retake the position prescribed at the command inspection arms, return the rammer, and resume the position of ordered arms.
231. If, instead of inspection of arms, the instructreshould merely wish to cause bayonets to be fixed, he will command:

> Fix-BAYONET.
232. Take the position indicated No. 227, fix
bayonets as has been explained, and immediately resume the position of ordered arms.
233. If it be the wish of the instructor, after firing, to ascertain whether the pieces have been discharged, he will command:
234. Put the rammer in the barrel as has been Cruse
234. Put the rammer in the barrel as has been
explained above, and immediately retake the positjon of ordered arms.
235. The instructor, for the purpose stated, can take the rammer by the small end, and spring it in the barrel, or cause each recruit to make it ring in the barrel.

236 Each recruit, after the instructor passes him, will return rammer, and resume the position of ordered arms.

> Spring-Rambuers.

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resume the position of ordered arms. 233. If it be the wish of the instructor, after
firing, to ascertain whether the pieces have been discharged, he will command:
dices have been 234. Put the rammering-Rammers.
explained above, and in the barrel as has been sition of ordered arms. 235. The instructor, for the purpose stated, can inge the rammer by the small end, and spring it in the barrel.
him, will return rammer, and resume the position of ordered arms.
[Continued from the Inquirer of Yesterday.]

## [Continued from the Inquirer of Yesterday.]

## Remarks on the Manual of Arms.

237. The manual of arms frequently distorts the persons of recruits before they acquire ease and confidence in the several positions. The instructor will therefore frequently recur to elementary principles in the course of the lessons.

238 Recruits are also extremely liable to curve the sides and back, and to derange the shoulders, especislly in loading. Consequeatly, the instructor will not cause them to dwell too long, at a time, in one position.
239. When, after some days of exercise in the mavual of arms, the four men shall de well established in their use, the instruetor will always terminate the lesson by marchiog the men for some time in one rank, and at one pace apart, in common and quick time, in order to contirm them more and more in the mecbanism of the step; he wil also teach them to mark time and to change step, which will be execu:ed in the follo wing man-t:er:-

## To mark time.

240. The four men marching in the direct step, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Mark Time. 2. Marce.

241. At the second command, which will be given at the instant a foot is coming to the ground, the recruits will make a semblaoce of marchiny, by bringing the hetls by the side of each ota er, and observing the cadence of the step, by raising each foot alte nately without advancing.
242. The instructor wisaing the direct step to bs resumed, will command:-

> 1. Forward. 2. March.
243. At the second command, which will be given as prescribed above, the recruats will retake the step of twenty-eight inches. To chanye step.
244. The equad being ia march, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Change step. 2 March.

245 . At the second command, which will be given at the instant either foot is coming to the grousd, bring the foot which is in rear by the side of that which is in froat, and step off again with the foot which was in front.

To march backwards.
246. The instructor wishing the squad to march backwards, will commaad:-

Inspection－ARMs．
One time and two motions．
227．（First motion．）Seize the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band，carry it with both hands opposite the middle of the body， the butt between the feet，the rammer to the rear， the barrel vertical，the muzzle about three inches from the body；carry the left hand reversed to the sabre－bayonet，draw it from the scabbard and fix it on the barrel；grasp the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band，seize the rammer with the thumb and forefinger of the right hand bent，the other fingers closed．

228．（Second motion．）Draw the rammer as has been explained in loading，and let it glide to the bottom of the bore，replace the piece with the left hand opposite the right shoulder，and retake the position of ordered arms．

229．The instructor will then inspect in sucees－ sion the piece of each recruit，in passing along the front of the rank．Each，as the instructor reaches him，will raise smartly his piece with his right hand，seize it with the left between the lower band and guide sight，the lock to the front，the left hand at the height of the chin，the piece opposite to the left eye；the instructor will take it with the right hand at the handle，and，after inspecting it， will return it to the recruit，who will receive it back with the right hand，and replace it in the position of mdered arms．


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Remarks on the Mamual of Arms.
237. The manual of arms frequently distorts the persons of recuits before they acquire ease and confidence in the several positions. The instructor will therefore frequently recur to elementary principles in the course of the lessons.

238 Recruits are also extremely liable to curve the sides and back, and to derange the shoulders, especially in loading. Consequeatly, the instructor will not cause them to dwell too long, at a time, in one position.
239. When, after some days of exercise in the mavual of arms, the four men shall ve well established in their use, the instructor will always terminate the lesson by marchiog the men for some time in one rank, and at one pace apart, in common and quick time, in order to confirm them more and more in the mecbanism of the step; he will also teach them to mark time and to change step, which will be execu:ed in the following man-ser:-

## To mark time.

240. The four men marching in the direct step, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Mark Time. 2. March.

241. At the second command, which will be given at the instant a foot is coming to the ground, the recruits will make a semblaace of marching, by bringing the heels by the side of each oth er, and observing the cadence of the step, by raising each foot alternately without advanciag.
242. The instructor wisaing the direct step to bs resumed, will command:-

> 1. Forward. 2 March.
243. At the second command, which will be given as prescribed above, the recruits will retake the step of twenty-eight inches.

To change step.
244. The equad being io march, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Change step. 2 March.

245. At the second command, which will be given at the instant either foot is coming to the ground, bring the foot which is in rear by the side of that which is in froat, and step off again with the foot which was in front.

## To march backwards.

246. The instructor wishing the squad to march backwards, will commaad:-

## Inspection-ARMs. <br> One time and two motions.

227. (First motion.) Seize the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band, carry it with both hands opposite the middle of the body, the butt between the feet, the rammer to the rear, the barrel vertical, the muzzle about three inches from the bedy; carry the left hand reversed to the sabre-bayonet, draw it from the scabbard and fix it on the barrel; grasp the piece with the left hand below and near the upper band, seiz9 the rammer with the thumb and forefinger of the right hand bent, the other fingers closed.
228. (Second metion.) Draw the rammer as has been explaiced in loading, and let it glide to the bottom of the bore, replace the piece with the left hand opposite the right shoulder, and retake the position of ordered arms.
229. The instructor will then inspect in successinn the niece of each recruit, in passing along the


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1. Squad backward. 2. Mabcr.
2. At the second commind, the racruits will step off smartly with the lefi foot f urseen iaches to the rear, reckoning from heel to heel, and so an with the feet in succession till the command halt, which will always be preceded by the caution squad. The men will halt at this comuand, and bring back the foot in front by the side of the other.
3. This step will always be executed in quick time.
4. The instructor will be watchful that the recruits march straight to the rear, and that the erect position of the body and the piece be not deranged.

## Lessox III.

## To load in four times.

250. The object of this lesson is to prepare the recruits to load at will, and to cause them to distinguish the times which require the gre atest regalaxity andattention, such as charge cartridge, ram cartridge, and prime. It will be divided as fol-lows:-
251. The first tims will be executed at the en 1 of the command; the three others at the commands, two, three and four.

The instructor will command:-

> 1. Load in four times. 2. Load.
252. Execute the times to include charge cartridge.

## Two.

253. Execute the times to include ram cartridge.

## THREE.

254. Execute the times to include prims. FOUR.
255. Execute the time of shoulder arms. To load at will.
256. The instructor will next teach loading at will, which will be executed as loading in four times, but continued, and without resting on either of the times. He will command:
257. Load at will. 2. Load.
258. The instructor will habituate the recruits, by degrees, to load wich the greatest possible promptitude, each without regulacing himself by his neighbor, and above all without waiding for him.
259. The cadence prescribed No. 12), is not applicable to loading in four times, or at will.

Lesson IV.
Firings.
190. The firings are direct or oblique, and will be executed as follows:-

 pen prescribed by an exinent Physician of Philaisands of families would not be withont a bottle. y cheering tebtimonials could be given, but it is d unvecessary, as a tria woutd convince any one \& uperior emcacy or Dyspepis. Loss of Appetite, Neriebilivy, Fever ald Ague Costiveness, Piles, Female eas, sid all diseases srising from a disordered storliver.
e Bitters are the best in use. combining as they de anti-acid abologogue, and purgative.
cians prescribe them. Thoy ean be given to the 3 der is fant or delicste invalid.
a are suffering, do not delay, for be assured that intmert will not follow the use of these Bitters. had of Brown, Fifth and Chesnut; Mitchell, No. cond; Ven Dyke. Fourth and Christian; Callen aird end, Walnut: Marks, West rhiladelphia Second street above Race: and of the proprieto

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g the past year we have introduced to the notice 1-dical Profession of this country, the pure CRY8D CHLOR Rheuratirm: and hsing received from many highest standing patients, tre most fiattering testimonials of its an the treatment of this painful and obstinate we are induced to present it to the public in a for immediate use, which we hope will com it. and to the medical practioner who may feel to test the powers of this valuable remedy.
the intention of the undersigned to enter the nostram-making, as various medical journals lisbed f. 11 accounts of its remedial virtues with tor its use.
ticle, in the form above spoken of, has recently ebsively experimented with in the Pennsylvanis and with uch marked success (as will appea commend it with confidenee. efully put up, ready for immediate nse, with ful a, and can be cbtained from all the Druggists at er bottie, and at wholesale of
mis
280 Druggist and Manufacturing Chemists,
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20 s . SECOND STREET, BELOW DOOK. maids:-

1. Fire by squad. 2. Squad. 3. Ready. 4. Arm. 5. Fire. 6. Load.
2. These several commands will be executed
 as has been prescribed in the Manual of Arms. At the third command the men will come to the position of ready, as heretofore ex planned. At the fourth they will aim according to the rank in which each may find himself placed, the roar rank men inclining forward a little to the upper part of the body, in order that their pieces may reach as much beyond the front rank as possible.
3. At the sixth command, they will load their pieces and return immediately to the position of ready.
4. The instructor will recommence the firing )y the commands:-
5. Squad. 2. Aim. 3. Fire. 4. Load.
6. When the instructor wishes the firing to lease, he will command:-

Cease firing.
265 At this command, the men will cease firing, but will load their pieces if unloaded, and afterwards bring them to a shoulder.

Oblique Firings.
266. The oblique firings will be executed to the right and left, and by the same commands as the direct fire, with this single difference-the command aim will always be preceded by the caution, right or left oblique.
Position of the two ranks in the Oblique Fire to the right.
267. At the command ready, the two ranks will execute what has been prescribed for the direct fire.
268. At the cautionary command, right oblique, the two ranks will throw back the right shoulder and look steadily at the object to be hit.
269. At the command aim, each front rank man will aim to the right without deranging the feet; each rear rank man will advance the left foot about eight inches towards the right heel of the man next on the right of his file leader and aim to the right, inclining the upper part of the body forward and bending a little the left knee.
Position of the two ranks in the Oblique Fire to the left
270. At the cautionary command left oblique, the two ranks will throw back the left shoulder and look steadily at the object to be hit.
271. At the command aim, the front rank will take aim to the left without deranging the feet; each man in the rear rank will advance the right foot about eight inches towards the right heel of the man next on the right of his file leader, and aim to the left, inclining the upper part of the body forward and bending a little the right knee.



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2i2. In both cases, at the command load, the men of each rank will come to the position of load sprescribed in the cirect fire; the rear rank men ringing back the foot which is to the right and ont by the side of the other. Each man will ontinue to load as if isolated.

## To Fire by file.

273. The fire by file will be executed by the two inks, the files of which will fire successively, and ithout regulating on each other, except for the first fire.
274. The instructor will command:-
275. Fire by file. 2. Squad. 3. Ready, 4. ComMENCE FIRING.
276. At the third command, the two ranks will take the position prescribed in the direct fire.
277. At the fourth command, the file on the right will aim and fire; the rear rank man in aiming will take the position indicated No. 176.
278. The men of this file will load their pieces briskly and fire a second time; reload and fire again, and so or in continuation.
279. The second file will aim, at the instant the first brings down pieces to reload, and will conform in all respects to that which had just been prescribed for the first file.
280. After the firet fire, the front and rear rank men will not be required to fire at the same time.
281. Each man, after loading, will return to the position of ready ayd continue the fire.
282. When the instructor wishes the fire to cease, he will command:-

Ccase-Firing.
282. At this command, the men will cease firing. If they have fired they will load their preces and bring them to a shoulder; if at the position of ready, they will half-cock and shoulder arms. If in the position of aim, they will bring down their pieces, half-cock, and shoulder aims.

To fire by rank.
283. The fire by rank will be executed by each entire rank alternately.
284. The instructor will command :-

1. Fire by rank. 2. Squad. 3. Ready. 4. Rear rank. 5. Aim. 6. Fire. 7. Load.
2. At the third command, the two ranks will take the position of ready, as prescribed in the direct fire.

286 At the seventh command, the rear rank will execute that which has been prescribed in the direct fire, and afterwards take the position of ready.
287. As soon as the instructor sees several men of the rear rank in the position of ready, he will command:- the rear rank, but they will not step off with the light foot.
289. The instructor will commence the firing by the rear rank, and will thus continue to alternate from rank to rank, until he shall wish the firing to cease, when he will command, cease firing, which will be executed as heretofore prescribed.

Lesson V.
To fire and load lcneeling.

290. In this exercise the squad will be suppos. ed loaded and drawn up in one rank. The ins ruction will be given to each man individually, without times or
motions, and in the following manner.
291. The instructor will command:-

## FIRE AND LOAD KNEELING.

292. At this command the man on the right of the squad will move forward three paces and halt; then carry the right foot to the rear and to the right of the left heel, and in a position convenient for placing the right knee upon the ground in bending the left leg; place the right knee upon the ground; lower the piece, the left fore arm supported upon the thigh on the same side, the iight hand 6n the small of the stock, the buct resting on the right thigh, the left hand supporting the fiece near the lower band.
293. He will next move the right leg to the left around the kneesupported on the ground, until this leg is nearly perpendicular to the direction of the lefc foot, and thus seat himself comfortably on the right heel.
$29-1$ Raise the piece with the right hand and support it with the left, holding it near the lower band, the left elbow resting on the left thigh near the knee; seize the hammer with the thamb, the forefinger under the guard cock and seize the I iece at the small of the stock; bring the piece to the shoulcer, aim and fire.



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h instant，at 10 o＇clock，at No． 256 S ．Tenth street， e Sprace，by catalogue，the superior wainut parior lure，chamber furnitrire，${ }^{\text {ded，}}$ \＆c．，of a gentleman de－ glassware，bousekeeping．
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og hous be 6 amined at $8.0^{\prime}$ clock on the morning
295. Bring the piece down as soon as it is fired, and support it with the left haind, the butt resting against the right thigh; carry the piece to the rear riiing on the knee, the barrel downwards, the butt resting on the ground; in this position support the piece with the left hand at the upprr bard, draw cartridge with the right and load the piece, ramming the ball, if necessary, with both hands.
296. When loaded bring the piece to the front with the left hand, which holds it at the uppec band; seize it at the same time with the right band at the small of the stock; turn the piece, the barrel uppermost and nearly borizontal, the left elbow resting on the left thigh; half cock, remove the old cap and prime, rise, and return to the ranks.
297. The second man will then bs taught what has just been prescribad for the first, and so on through the remainder of the squad.

> To fire and load lying.
298. In this exercise the squad will be in one rank and loaded; the "nstruction will be given individually and without times or motions.
299. The instructor will command:-

## FIRE AND LOAD LYING.

300. At this command, the man on the right of the squad will move forward three paces and halt; he will then bring his piece to an order, drop on both knces, and place himself on the ground flat on his belly. In this position he will support the piece rearly horizontal with the left hand, holding it near the lower band, the bust end of the piece and the left eloow restiog on the ground, the barrel uppermost; cock the piece with the right hand, and carry this hand to the small of the stock; raise the piece with both hands, press the butt against the shoulder, and resting on both elbows, aim and fire.
301. As soon as he has fired bring the piece down and turn upon his left side, still resting on L. lis left elbow; bring back the piece uatil the cock is opposite his breast, the butt end resting on the ground; take out a cartridge with the right hand; seize the small of the stock with this hand, holding the cartridge with the thumb and two first fingers; he will then thro 7 himself on his back still holding the piece with both hands; carry the piece to the rear, place the butt between the heels, the barrel up, the muzzle elevated. In this position, charge cartridge, draw rammer, ram cartridge, and return rammer.
302. When finished loading, the man will turn again upon his left side, remove the old cap and prime, then raise the piece vertically, rise, turn about, and resume his position in the ranks.
303. The sccond man will be taught what has just been prescribed for the first, and so on throughout the squad.
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## LESSON VI,

Bayonet Exercise.
304. The bayonet exercise in this book will be confined $t$ ) two movements-the guard against infantry, and the guard against cavalry. The men will be placed in one rank, with two paces interval, and being at shoulder arms, the instructor will command:-

1. Guard against Infantry. 2. GUARD.


One time and two motions.
305. (First motion) Make a half face to the right turning on both heels, the fees square to each other; at the same time raise the piece slightly, and seize it with the left hand above and near the lower band.
306. (Second motion) Carry the right foot twenty inches perpendicularly to the rear, the right heel on the prolongation of the left, the knees slightly bent, the weight of the body resting equally on both legs; lower the piece with both hands, the barrel uppermost, the left elbow against the body; seize the piece at the same tinge with the right hand at the small of the stock, the arms falling naturally, the point of the bayonet slightly elevated.

Shoulder-Arms. One time and one motion.
307. Throw up the piece with the left hand and place it against the right shoulder, at the same time bring the right heel by the side of the left and face to the front.

295．Bring the piece down as soon as it is fired， and support it with the left hasid，the butt resting against the right thigh；carry the piece to the rear rising on the knee，the barrel downwards， the butt resting on the ground；in this position support the piece with the left hand at the upper band，draw cartridge with the right and load the piece，ramming the ball，if necessary，with both hands．
296．When loaded bring the piece to the front With the left hand，which molas 10 at tue topper band；seize it at the same time with the right hand at the small of the－stock；turn the piece， the barrel uppermost and nearly horizontal，the left elbow resting on the left thigh；half cock，re－ move the old cap and prime，rise，and return to the ranks．
297．The second man will then bo taught what has just been prescribed for the first，and so on through the remainder of the squad．

## To fire and load lying．

298．In this exercise the squad will be in one rank and loaded；the ：instruction will be given individually and without times or motions．

299．The instructor will command：－

## FIRE AND LOAD LYING．

300．At this command，the $m a n$ on the right of the squad will move forward three paces and halt；he will then bring his piece to an order，
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Shoulder-Arms.
307. Throw up the piece with tho left hand and place it against the right shoulder, at the same time bring the right heel by the side of the left and face to the front.
Corrain One time and two motions.

Pron pancing
verus Aymp ehtin
-


Shoulder-Arms.
One time and one motion.
309. Spring up the piece with the left hand and place it against the rigbt shoulder; at the same time bring the right heel by the side of the left, and face to the front.

## [TO BE CONTINUED.]

PART THIRD.
foul 310. When the recruits are well established in the principles and mechanism of the step, the position of the body, and the mamual of arms, the inhinq structor will unite eight men, at least, and twelve men, at most, in order to teach taem the principles of alignment, the principles of the touch of elbows in marching to the front, the principles of the march by the flank, wheeliog from a halt, wheeling in marching, and the change of direc. tion to the side of the guide. He will place the squad in one rank elbow to elbow, and number the men from right to left.

> Lesson I.
> Alhgments.
311. The instructor will first teach the recruits Gn to align themselves man by man, in order the better to make them comprehend the principles of alignment; to this end, he wit command the two men an the right flank to march two paces to the $\mathrm{Wr}^{\mathrm{H}} 2$ front, and having aligned them, he will caution the remainder of the squad to move up, as they may be successively called, each by his number, and align themselves successively on the line of the first two men.
 will turn the head and eyes to the right as perescribed in the first lesson of the first part, and will march in quick time twa paces forward, shortening the last, so as to fud himself about six inches behind the new alignment, which he ought never to pass: he will next move up steadily by steps of two or three inches, the hams extended, to the side of the man next to him on tue alignment, so that, without deranging the head, the line of the eyes, or that of the shoulders, he may find himself in the exact line of his neighbor, whose elbow he will lightly touch without opening his own.
313. The instructor seeing the rank well aligned, will command:-

## Front.

314. At this, the recruits will turn eyes to the front, and remain firm.
315. Alignments to the left will be executed on the same principles.
316. When the recruits shall have thus learned to align themselves man by man, correctly, and without groping or jostling, the instructor will cause the entire rank to align itself at once by the command:-

> Right (or left)-Dress.
317. At this, the rank, except the two men placed in advance as a basis of alignment, will move up in quick time, and place themselves on the now line, according to the principles arescribed No. 312.
318. The instructor, placed five or six paces in front, and facing the rank, will carefully observe that the principles are followed, and then pass to the flank that has served as the basis, to verify
319. The instructor seeing the greater number of the rank aligned, will command:-

## Front.


320. The constructor may afterwards order this or that file forward or back, designating each by its number. The file or files designated, only, will slightly turn the head towards the is isis, to judge how much they ought to move up or back, steadity place themselves on the line, and then turn eyes to the front, without a particular command to that weer effect.
321. Alignments to the rear will be executed on $\mathcal{N}$ em At the the same principles, the recruits stepping back a little beyond the line, and then dressing $u$ b back a alma, ing to the principles prescribed No. 312 , the instructor commanding:-
322. After each alignment, the instructor will examine the position of the men, and cause the ranis to come to ordered arms, to prevent too much fatigue, and also the danger of negligence at
Fplayingas if sumelromessuig fords-


## PART THIRD.

310. When the recruits are well established in the principles and mechanism of the step, the poitimon of the body, and the manual of arms, the instructor will unite eight men, at least, and twelve men, at most, in order to teach them the princeples of alignment, the principles of the touch of elbows in marching to the front, the principles of the march by the flank, wheeliog from a halt, wheeling in marching, and the change of directtron to the side of the guide. He will place the squad in one rank elbow to elbow, and number
the men from right to left the men from right to left.

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& \text { Lesson I. } \\
& \text { Alignments. }
\end{aligned}
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311. The instructor will first teach the recruits to align themselves man by man, in order the better to make them comprehend the principles of alignment; to this end, he will command the two men an the right flank to mares two paces to the front, and having aligned them, he will caution the remainder of the squad to move up, as they may be successively called, each by his number, and align themselves successively on the line of the first two men.

312. Elem 13 fruit, as desIgnated by is number,
 will turn the head and eyes to the right as perescribed in the first lesson of the first part, and will march in quick time two paces forward, shortening the last, so as to find himself about six inches behind the new alignment, which he ought never to pass: he will next move up steadily by steps of two or three inches, the hams extended, to the side of the man next to him on tue alignmont, so that, without deranging the head, the line of the eyes, or that of the shoulders, he may find himself in the exact line of his neighbor, MA whose elbow he will lightly touch without opening his own.
313. The instructor seeing the rank well aligned,
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## Front.

314. At this, the recruits will turn eyes to the front, and remain firm.

## in

315. Alignments to the left will be executed on the same principles.
316. When the recruits shall have thus learned to align themselves man by man, correctly, and without groping or jostling, the instructor will cause the entire rank to align itself at once by the command:-

> Right (or left)-Dress.
317. At this, the rank, except the two men placed in advance as a basis of alignment, will move up in quick time, and place themselves on the now line, according to the principles proscribed No. 312.
318. The instructor, placed five or six paces in front, and facing the rank, will carefully observe that the principles are followed, and then pass to the flank that has served as the basis, to verify the alignment.
319. The instructor seeing the greater number of the rank aligned, will command:-

## Front.

320. The constructor may afterwards order this or that file forward or back, designating each by its number. The file or files designated, only, will slightly turn the head towards the isis, to judge how much they ought to move up or back, steadiby place themselves on the line, and then turn eyes to the front, without a particular command to that effect.
321. Alignments to the rear will be executed on $N$ emulate the same principles, the recruits stepping back a
na Muster nemberanes little beyond the line, and thinly ane al mg ing to the principles prescribed No.312, the instructor commanding:-

vise. After each alignment, the instructor will examine the position of the men, and cause the rank to come to ordered arms, to prevent too much fatigue, and also the danger of negtigence at mishouldered arms.

## CONSUMPTLION CURED

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LESSON II.
323. The men having learned, in the first and second parts, to march with steadiness in common time, and to take steps equal in leagth and swiftness, will be exercised in the third part only in quick time, double quick time, and the run; the instructor will cause them to execute successively, a these different gaits, the march to the front, the facing about in marching, the march by the flank,
. the wheels at the halt and in marching, and the changes of direction to the side of the guide.
324. The instructor will inform the recruits that at the command march, they will alwavs move off in quick time, ualess this command should be preceded by that of double quick.

## To march to the front.

325. The rank being correctly aligned, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march by the front, he will place a well instructed man on the right or the left, according to thy side on which he may wish the guide to be, and command:-
326. Squad, forward. 2. Guide right (or left).

## 3. March.

326. At the command march, the rank will step off smartly with the left foot; the gaide will take care to march straight to the front, keeping his shoulders always in a square with that line.
327. The instructor will observe, in marching to the front, that the men touch lightly the elbow towards the side of the guide; that they do not open out the left elbow, nor the right arm; that they yield to pressure coming from the side of the guide, and to resist that coming from the opposite side; that they recover by insensible degrees the slight touch of the elbow, if lost; that they maintain the head direct to the front, no matter on which side the guide may be; and if found before or behind the aliınment, that the man in fault corrects himself by shortening or lengthening the step, by degrees, almost insensible.
328. The instructor will labor to cause recruits to comprehend that the alignment can only be preserved, in marching, by the regularity of the 3tep, the touch of the elbow, and the mainteoance of the shoulders in a square with the line of direction; that if, for example, the step of some be longer than that of others, or if some march faster than others, a separation of albows, and a loss of the alignment, woald be incvitable; that if (it being required that the head should be direct to the front) they do not strictly observe the touch of elbows, it would be impossible for an individual to judge whether he marches abreast with his neighbor or not, and whether there be not an interval between them.


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329. The impulsion of the quick step having a tendency to make men too easy and free in their movements, the instructor will be careful to regulate the cadence of this step, and to habituate them to preserve always the erectness of the body, and the due length of the pace.
330. The men being well established in the principles of the direct march, the instructor will exercise them in marching obliquely. The rank being in march, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Right (or left) oblique. 2. March.

331. At the second command, each man will make a half face to the right (or left), and will then march straight forward in the new direction. As the men no longer touch elbows, they will glance along the shoulders of the nearest files, towards the side to which they are obliquing, and will regulate their steps so that the shoulders shall always be behind that of their next neigh. bor on that side, and that his head shall conceal the heads of the other men in the rank. Besides this, the men should preserve the same length of pace, and the same degree of obliquity.
332. The instructor wishing to resums the primitive direction, will command:-

## 1. Forward. 2. March.

333. At the second command, each man wil! make a half face to the left (or right, ) and all will then march straight to the front, conforming to the principles of the direct march.

## To march to the front in double quick time.


334. When the several principles, heretofore ex Hained, have become familiar to the recruirs, and hey shall be well established in the position of she body, the bearing of arms, and the mechank , length and swiftness of the step, the instrucca will pass them from quick to double quick me, and the reverse, observing not to make them march obliquely in doublo quick time, til:
they are well established in the cadence of chus steg.
335. The squad being at a march in quick time, the instructor will command :-

1. Double Quick. 2. March,
2. At the command march, which will be given when either foot is cominy to the grouad, the squad will step off in double quick time. The men will ondeavor to follow the priaciples laid down in the first part of this book, and to preserve the alignment.
3. When the instructor wishes the squad to resume the step in quick time, be will command:-
4. Quick Time. 2. MARCH.
5. At the command march, which will be given when either foot is coming to the ground, the squad will retake the step in auick time.

## LESSON II.

323. The men having learned, in the first and second parts, to march with steadiness in common time, and to take steps equal in length and swiftness, will be exercised in the third part only in quick time, double quick time, and the rum ; the instructor will cause them to execute successively, a these different gaits, the march to the front, the facing about in marching, the march by the flank, the wheels at the halt and in marching, and the changes of direction to the side of the gaide.
324. The instructor will inform the recruits that at the command march, they will alwavs move off in quick time, unless this command should be preceded by that of double quick.

## To march to the front.

325. The rank being correctly aligned, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march by the front, he will place a well instructed man on the right or the left, according to thy side oa which he may wish the guide to be, and command:-
326. Squad, forward. 2. Guide right (or loft).

## 3. March.

326. At the command march, the rank will step off smartly with the left foot; the gaide will take care to march straight to the front, keeping his shoulders always in a square with that line.
327. The instructor will observe, in marching to the front, that the men touch lightly the elbow towards the side of the guide; that they do not open out the left elbow, nor the right arm; that they yield to pressure coming from the side of the guide, and to resist that coming from the opposite side; that they recover by insensible degrees the slight touch of the elbow, if lost; that ther maintain the head direct to the froat, no matter on which side the guide may be; and if found before or behind the aliınment, that the man in fault corrects himself by shortening or lengthening the step, by degrees, almost insensible.
328 . The instructor will labor to cause recruits



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## Lesson II.

323. The men having learned, in the first and second parts, to march with steadiness in common time, and to take steps equal in leogth and swiftness, will be exercised in the third part only in quick time, double quick time, and the rum; the instructor will cause them to execute successively, a these different gaits, the march to the front, the facing about in marching, the march by the flank, the wheels at the halt and in marching, and the changes of direction to the side of the guide.
324. The instructor will inform the recruits that at the command march, they will always move off in quick time, unless this command should be preceded by that of double quick.

## To march to the front.

325. The rank being correctly aligned, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march by the front, he will place a well instructed man on the right or the left, according to th $\rightarrow$ side on which he may wish the guide to be, and command:-
326. Squad, forward. 2. Guide right (or left).

## 3. March

326. At the command march, the rank will step off smartly with the left foot; the guide will take care to march straight to the front, keeping his shoulders always in a square with that line.
327. The instructor will observe, in marching to the front, that the men touch lighty the elbow towards the side of the gride; that they do not open out the left elbow, nor the right arm; that they yield to pressure coming from the side of the guide, and to resist that coming from the opposite side; that they recover by insensible degrees the slight touch of the elbow, if lost; that ther maintain the head direct to the front, no matter on which side the guide may be; and if found before or behind the alisnment, that the man in fault corrects himself by shortening or lengthening the step, by degrees, almost insensible.
328. The instructor will labor to cause recruits to comprehend that the alignment can only be preserved, in marching, by the reguiarity of the 3tep, the touch of the elbow, and the mainteoance of the shoulders in a square with the line of direction; that if, for example, the step of some be longer than that of others, or if some march faster than others, a separation of albows, and a loss of the alignment, woald be incvitable; that if (it being required that the head should be direct to the front) they do not strictly observe the touch of elbows, it would be impossible for an individual to judge whether he marches abreast with his neighbor or not, and whether there be not an interval between them.
329. The impulsion of the quick step having a tendency to make men too easy and free in their movements, the instructor will be careful to regulate the cadence of this step, and to habituate them to preserve always the erectness of the body, and the due length of the pace.
330. The men being well established in the primeiples of the direct march, the instructor will exexcise them in marching obliquely. The rank being in march, the instructor will command:-

> 1. Right (or left) oblique. 2. March.
331. At the second command, each man will make a half face to the right (or left), and will then march straight forward in the new direction. As the men no longer touch elbows, they will glance along the shoulders of the nearest files, towards the side to which they are obliquing, and will regulate their steps so that the shoulders shall always be behind that of their next neigh. bor on that side, and that his head shall conceal the heads of the other men in the rank. Besides this, the men should preserve the same length of pace, and the same degree of obliquity.
332. The instructor wishing to resume the primitive direction, will command:-

## 1. Forward. 2. MaRCH.

333. At the second command, each man wit! make a half face to the left (or right,) and all will then march straight to the front, conforming to the principles of the direct march.

## To march to the front in double quick time.

 334. When the several principles, heretofore ex Weaned, have become familiar to the rammer. - uoneurur, they shall ha


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 will halt it by the commands and means pre scribed Nos. 98 and 99. The command hatt, will be given an instant before the foot is ready to be placed on the ground.
340. The squad being in march in double quick time, the instructor will occasionally cause it to mark time by the commands prescribed No. 240 . The men will then mark double quick time, without altering the cadence of the step. He will also cause them to pass from the direct to the oblique step, and reciprocally, conforming to what has been prescribed No. 330, and following.
341. The squad being at a halt, the instructor will cause it te march in double quick time, by preceding the command march by double quick.
342. The instructor will endeavor to regulate well the cadence of this step.

To face about in marching.
343. If the squad be marching in quick, or double quick time, and the instructor should wish to march it in retreat, he will command:-

## 1. Squad right about. 2. MARCH.

344. At the command march, which will be given at the instant the left foot is coming to the ground, the recruit will bring this foot to the grouad, and turning on it, will face to the rear; he will then place the right foot in the new direction, and step off with the left foot.

To march backwards.
345. The squad being at a halt, if the instructor should wish to march it in the back step, he will command:-

## 1. Squad backward. 2. Guide left (or right.)

 3. March.346. The back step will be executed by the means prescribed No. 247.
347. The instructor, in this step, will be watchful that the men do not lean on each other.
348. As the march to the front in quick time should only be executed at shouldered arms, the instructor, in order not to fatigue the men too much, and also to prevent negligence in gait and position, will halt the squad from time to time, and cause arms to be ordered.
349. In marching at double quick time, the men will always carry their pieces on the right shoulder, or at a trail. This rule is general.
350. If the instructor shall wish the pieces carried at a trail, he will give the command trail arms, befcre the command double quick. If, on the contrary, this command be not given, the men will shift their pieces to the right shoulder at the command double quick. In either case, at the command halt, the men will bring their pieces to the position of shoulder arms. This rule is generul.

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## The march by the flank.

351. The rank being at a halt, and correctly aligned, the instructor will command:1. Squad, right-Face. 2. Forward. 3. March.

35\%. At the last part of the first command, the ravk will face to the right; the even numbered men, after facing to the right, wall step quickly to the right side of the odd numbered men, che latter standing fast, so that when the movement- is executed, the men will be formed into files of two men abreast.
353. At the thirel command, the squad will step off smartly with the left foot, the tiles keeping aligned, and preserving their intervals.
354. The march by the left flank will be executed by the same commands, substituting the word left, for right, and by inverse means; in this case, the even numbered men, after facing to the left, will stand fast, and the odd numbered will place themselves on their left.
355. The instructor will place a well instructed soldier by the side of the recruit who is at the head of the rank, to regulate the step, and to conduct him; and it will be enjoined on this recruit to march always elbow to elbow with the soldier.
356. The instructor will cause to be observed in the march, by the flank, the following rules:That the step be executed according to the principles
prescribed for the direct step;

Because these principles, without which men placed elbow to elbow, in the same rank, cannot preserve unity and harmony of movement, are of a more necessary observance in marching io file. That the head of the man who immediately precedes, covers the heads of all who are in front;
Because it is the most certain rule by which each man may maintain himself in the exact line of the file.
357. The instructor will place himself habitually five or six paces on the flank of the rank marching in file, to watch over the exeention of the principles prescribed above. He will also place himself sometimes in its rear, halt, and suffer it to pass fifteen or twenty paces, the better to see whether the men cover each other accurately.
358. When he shall wish to halt the rank, marching by the flank, and to cause it to face to the front, he will command:-

> 1. Squad. 2. Halt. 3. Feont.
359. At the second command, the rank will halt, and afterwards no man will stir, although he may have lost his distance. This prohibition is necessary, to habituate the men to a constant preservation of their distances.
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360. At the third command, each man will front by iacing to the left, if marching by the right flank, and by a face to the right, if marcbing by the left flank. The rear rank men willat the same time move quickly into their places, so as to form the squad again into one rank.
361. When the men have become accustomed to marching by the flank, the iostructor will cause them to change direction by file; for this purpose, he will command:-

## 1. By file left (or right). 2. March.

362. At the command murch, the first tile will change direction to the left (or right) in describing a small are of a circle, and will then march strajial frward; the two men-of this file, in witeeling, will keep up the touch of the elbows, and the man on the side to which the wheel is made, will shorten the first three or four steps. Each file will come successively to wheel on the same spot where that which preceded it wheeled.
363. The instructor will also cause the squad to face by the xight or left flank in marchiag, and for this purpose will command :-
364. Squad by the right (or left) Alank. 2 March.
365. At the recond command, which will be given a little before either foot comes to the ground, the recruits will turn the body, plant the foot that is raised in the new direction, and step off with the other foot withouz alering the cadence of the step; the men will double or undouble rapidly.
365 If, in facing by the right or the left flank, the squad should face to the rear, the men will come into one rank, sgreeably to the principles indicated No. 360. It is to be remarked that it is the men who are in rear who always move up to form into single rank, and in such manuer as never to invert the order of the numbers in the rank.
366. If, when the squad has been faced to the rear, the instructor shou!d cause is to face by the left flank, it is the even numbers who will double by moving to the left of the odd numbers; but if by the right flank, it is the odd numbers who will dcuble to the right of the even numbers.
367. This lesson, like the preceding one, will be practised with pieces at a shoulder; but the instructor may, to give religf by change, occasionally order support arms, and he will require of the recruits marching in this position as much regularity as in the former.

The march by the flanic in double quick time.
368. The principles of the march by the flank in double quick time are the same as in quick time. The instructor will give the commands prescribed No. 351 , taking care always to give the command double quiclc before that of march.
369. He will pay the greatest attention to the cadence of the sten.
 Thesy to their stock of Buck Mountain Co's. Ooal, LeCh Kayigation Co's. Coal, and Locust Mountain Coay Hofin they are prepared to sell at the lowest martits thes, and to daiver in tis, Franklin Institate Building
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370. The instruetor will cause the change of direction, and the march by the flank, to be executed in double quick time, by the same commands, and according to the same principles, as in quick time.
371. The instructor will cause the pieces to be carried either on the right shoulder or at a trail.
372. The instructor will sometimes march the squad by the flank, without doubling the files.
373. The principles of this march are the same as in two ranks, and it will always be executed in quick time.
374. The instructor will give the comanands prescribed No. 351 , but he will be careful to caution the squad not to double files.
375. The instructor will be watchful that the men do not bend their knees unequally, which would cause them to tread on the heels of the men in front, and also to lose the cadence of the step and their distances.
376. Thevarious movements in this lesson will
te executed in single rank. In the changes of direction, the leading man will change direct in without altering the length or the cadence of tae step. The instructor will recall to the stteati in of the men, that in facing by he right or left flank in marching, they will not donble, but march in one rank.

Lesson IV.

## WHEELINGS.

General Principles of Wheeling.
377. Wheelings are of two kinds-from halts, or on fixed pivots, and in march, or on movable pivots.
378. Wheeling on a fixed pivot takes place in passing a corps from the order in battle to the order in column, or from the latter to the former.
379. Wheels in marching take place in changes of direction in column, as often as this movement is executed to the side opposite to the guide.
380. In wheels from a halt, the pivet-man only turns in his place, without advancing or receding.
381. In the wheels in marching, the pivot takes steps of nine or eleven inches, according as ths squad is marching in quick or double quick time, so as to clear the wheeling point, which is necessary, in order that the subdivisions of a column may change direction without losing their distances, as will be explained in the school of the company.
382. The man on the wheeling flank will take the full step of twenty-eight inches, or thirty-three inches, according to the gait.

Wheeling from a halt, or on a fixed pivot.
383. The rank being at a halt, the instructor will place a well-instructed man on the wheeling flank to conduct it, and then command:-
360. At the third command, each man will front by facing to the left, if marching by the right flank, ard by a face to the right, if marching by the left flank. The rear rank men willat the same time move quickly into their places, so as to form the squad again into one rank.
361. When the men have become accustomed to marching by the flank, the iostructor will cause them to change direction by file; for this purpose, he will command:-

1. By file left (or right). 2. March.
2. At the command march, the first tile will change direction to the left (or right) in describing a small are of a circle, and will then march strainst frward; the two men of this file, in rreeling, will keep up the touch of the elbows, and the man on the side to which the wheel is made, will shorten the first three or four steps. Each file will come successively to wheel on the same spot where that which preceded it wheeled.
3. The instructor will also cause the squad to face by the right or left flank in marchiag, and for this purpose will command :-
4. Squad by the right (or left) flank. $\sim$ March.
5. At the recond command, which will be given a little before either foot comes to the ground, the recruits will turn the body, plant the foot that is raised in the new direction, and step off with the other foot without alsering the cadence of the step; the men will double or undouble rapioly.
365 If, in facing by the right or the left flank, the squad should face to the rear, the men will come into one rank, agreeably to the principles indicated No. 360 . It is to be remarked that it is the men who are in rear who always move up to form into single rank, and in such manner as never 10 invert the order of the numbers in the rank.
6. If, when the squad has been faced to the rear, the instructor shou!d cause is to face by the left flank, it is the even numbers who will double by moving to the left of the odd numbers; but if by the right flank, it is the odd numbers who will double to the right of the even numbers.
7. This lesson, like the preceding one, will be praction with pieces at a shoulder; but the instructo $q$
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tue executed in single rank. In the changes of direction, the leading man will change direct in witlout altering the length or the cadence of $\in$ ae step. The instructor will reeall to the attecti in of the men, that in Pacing by ae right or left flank in marching, they will not dorble, but march in one rank.

Lessoin IV.
W HEELINGS .
General Principles of Wheeling.
377. Wheelings are of two kinds-from haits, or on fixed pirots, and in march, or on movable pivots.
378. Wheeling on a fixed pivot takes place in passing a corps from the order in battle to the order in coluinn, or from the latter to the former.
379. Wheels in marching take place in changes of direction in column, as often as this movement is executed to the side opposite to the guide.

380 . In wheels from a halt, the pivet-man only turns in his place, without advancing or receding.
381. In the wheels in marching, the pirot takes steps of nine or eleven inches, according as ths squad is marching in quick or double quick time, so as to clear the wheeling point, which is necessary, in order that the subdivisions of a column may change direction without losing their distances, as will be explained in the school of the company,
382. The man on the wheeling flank will take the full step of twenty-eightinches, or thirty-three inches, according to the gait.

Wheeling from a halt, or on a fixed pivot.
383. The rank being at a halt, the instructor will place a well-instructed man on the wheeling flank to conduct it, and then command:-

360．At the third command，eachman will foont by iacing to the left，if marching by the right flank，and by a face to the right，if marcbing by the left flank．The rear rank men willat the same time move quickly into their places，so as to form the squad again into one rank．

361．When the men have become accustomed to marching by the flank，the iostructor will cause them to change direction by file；for this purpose， he will command：－

1．By fileleft（or right）．2．March．
362．At the command march，the firsc file will change direction to the left（or right）in describ－ ing a small are of a circle，and will then march strainst frward；the two men of this file，in rieeling，will keep up the touch of the elbows， and the man on the side to which the wheel is made，will shorten the first three or four steps． Each file will come successively to wheel on the same spot where that which preceded it wheeled．
363．The instructor will also cause the squad to face by the right or left flank in marchiag，and for this purpose will command ：－
1．Squad by the right（or left）Jlank． 2 March． 364．At the recond command，which will be given a little before either foot comes to the ground，the recruits will turn the body，plant the foot that is raised in the new direction，and step off with the other foot without altering the cadence of the step；the men will double or undoable
rapidly．
365 If，in faeing by the right or the left flank， the squad should face to the rear，the men will come－into one rank，agreeably to the principles indicated No．360．It is to be remarked that it is the men who are in rear who always move up to form into single rank，and in such manuer as never to invert the order of the numbers in the rank．
366．If，when the squad has been faced to the rear，the instructor should cause is to face by the left flank，it is the even numbers who will double by moving to the left of the odd numbers；but if by the right flank，it is the odd numbers who will dcuble to the right of the even numbers．
367．This lesson，like the preceding one，will be practised with pieces at a shoulder；but the instructor may，to give religf by change，ocea－ fiovally order support arms，and he will require of the recruits marching in this position as much regularity as in the former．

The march by the flanic in double quicct time． 368．The principles of the march by the flank in double ${ }^{\text {tal }}$ time are the same as in quick



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At $700^{\prime}$ chock, a Fridey mes, \&c. 13 AI BACHES - 20 bags drient.


 Sales of hores, 1 overy mencing at lay morninges and The largest collock. tixconghoness, held regnalarly fiaces, barness, sadection of new whe year, comCarriagtisbment for privatin the city, mocond-hand car-Out-door sales atd or storage. sale. HORSES, At 10 o'dlock, win Satnidies AND HARNESS.
ticulars at the salll be soldiy morning,
A sorrel me sale) considi, horses, car
EXECCTORS', 7 years olding of - carriages, \&c., (parA pair of JAMEE-REfON hands high.
A sash door rocme bag carris ESQ., Deceased ESTATE A set of exc rock away carrisge horses. Also. a excellent double fily carriage A fine bay horse, 7 years harness. A chesnut hare, $153 / 2$ hars old, 16 hands high $A$ ark bay horse, 7 years old. a fine sears old. A Vermorse, 8 years old, old, fine saddle horse. A chesnut roan mare a, sound andyle. An Easter mare, 8 y eare, a fine saddle gentle. A valustern gray mo ears old, sound horge. A no tople black hore, sound and gend gentle. Harnes wagon horse, can trot gentle.
A sorrel cost 890 ; weighs 170 tos, by Ble in 33 step cff with the left foot, turning at the same time the head a little to the left, the eyes fixed on the line of the eyes of the men to their lefi ; the pivot-man will merely mark time in gradually turning his body, in order to conform himself to the movement of the marching flank; the man who conducts this flank will take steps of twentyeight inches, and from the first step advance a litile the left shoulder, cast his eyes from time to time along the rank and feel constantly the elbow of the next man lightly, but never push him.
385. The other men will feel lightly the elbow of the next man towards the pirot, resist pressure coming from the opposite side, and each will conform himself to the marching flank-shortening his step according to his approximation to the pivet.
386. The instructor will make the rank wheel
 round the circle once or twice before halting, in order to cause the principles to be the better understood, and he will be watchful that the centre does not break.
387. He will cause the-wheel to the left to be executed according to the same principles.
388. When the instructor shall wish to arrest the wheel, he will command:-

> 1. Squad. 2. Halt.

389. At the second command, the rank will halt, and no man stir. The instructor, going to the flank opposite the pivot, will place the two outer men of that flank in the direction he may wish to give to the rank, without however displacing the pivot, who will conform the line of his shoulders to this direction. The instructor will take care to have between these two men, and the pivot, owly the space necessary to contain the other men. He will then command:-

> Left (or right)-Dress.
390. Atthis, the rank will place itself on the alignment of the two men established as the basis, in conformity with the principles prescribed.
391. The instructor will next command Front, which will be executed as prescribed No. 314.
Remarts on the principles of the wheel from a halt. 392. Turn a little the head towards the marching flank, and fix the eyes on the line of the eyes of the men who areron that side;
Because, otherwise, it would ba impossible for each man to regulate the length of his step, so as to ecnform his own movernent to that of the marching flank.
Touch lightly the elbow of the next man towards the pivot;
In order that the files may not open out in the wheel.
 containing one gr offorstoride of cuhnurny.

At 100 'clock, at the Bazaar, will be sold without rearr, previous to the horses :-
arse, preyiorstotion of desirable new and second-hand arriages. wagons, \&c.
SALE OF HORSES ON SATURDAY.-Particular atonion is invited to our sale on Saturday, including many aluable horses to be sold peremptorily. Some are well united for military purposes.

WO HUNDRED CARRIGES ATAUCTION.-SECOND SPRINGdALE FOR 1861.
In consequence of the extraordinary money pressure of he times, and the accumulation of bis stock of new carages, the subscriber will hold a second sale for this bring, which will take place
May 8, at $100^{\prime}$ clock, at the Bazaar, corner Ninth and
ransom streets,
BY N. F. PANCOAST, AUCTIONEER
Successor to B. Scott, Jr., No. 431 Chesnut street.
HIRD SPECIAL SALE OF STRAW GOODS, \&c., BY On Friday, April 26th, 1861,
Commencing at $100^{\circ}$ clock.
Included will be found, 100 cases latest and most detable styles fine braid Cobnrg split straw and fancy cornets ; 100 cases misses' and children's Boulevard, Eueka, and other fancy hats; Leghorn bloomers, willow
nd palm hoods.
200 lots men's Sent palm Leghorn hoods.

> SHERTEF'S SALE AT JONES' HOTEL.

April 29th, 1861, at 100 'clock, upon the premises. Jones Hotel, Chesput street, above Sixth, will be sold the entire a dance of the stock of furniture, consisting of the furniare, beds and bedding of 100 rooms; Brussels and ingrain ret, oH cloths. dining room furniture, silver plate are, cutlery, bar fixtures, wines, liquors, \&c., \&c.

ILLIAM R. SMITE, AUCTIONEER, No. 503 Chesnut street.

Resist presstre that comes fiom the side of the march ing fiank:
Because, if this principle bu neglected, the pirot, which ought to be a fixed point, in wheels from a halt, might be pushed out of its place by pressure.

Wheeling in marching, or on a movable pivot.
393. Whea the recruits have been brought to execute well the wheel from a halt, they will be taught to wheel in marching.
394. To this end, the rank being in march, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to change direction to the reverse flank, (to the side opposite to the guide or pivot flank, he will command:-

> 1. Right (or left) wheel. 2. March.
395. The first command will be given when the rank is yet four paces from the wheeling point.
396. At the second command, the wheel will be executed in the same manner as from a halt, except that the touch of the elbow will remain towards the marching flank (or side of the guide) instead of the side of the actual pivot; that the pivot man, instead of merely turning in his place, will conform himself to the movement of the marcbing flank, feel lightly the elbow of the next man, take steps of full nine inches, and thus gain ground forward, in describing a small curve, so as to clear the point of the wheel. The middle of the rank will bend slightly to the rear. As soon as the mevement shall commence, the man who conducts the marching flank will cast his eyes on the ground over which he will have to pass.
397. The wheel being ended, the instructor will command:-

## 1. Forward. 2. Maeger.

398. The first command will be pronounced when four paces are yet required to complete the ebange of direction.
399. At the command march, which will be given at the instant of completing the wheel, the man who conducts the marching flank will direct himself straight forward; the pivot man and all the rank will retake the step of twenty-eight inches, and bring the head direct to the front. Turning, or ehange of direction to the side of the guide.
400. The change of direction to the side of the guide, in marching, will be executed as follows : -The instructor will command:-
401. Left (or right) turn. 2. March.
402. The first command will be given when the rank is yet four paces from the turning point.


403. By squad, vight whed. 3. MAROH.
404. At the second command, the rank will step cff with the left foot, turning at tho same time the head a little to the left, the eyes fixed on the line of the eyes of the men to their lefi; the pivot-man will merely mark time in gradually turning his body, in order to conform himself to the movement of the marching flank; the man who conducts this flank will take steps of twentyeight inches, and from the first step advance a little the left shoulder, cast his eyes from time to time along the rank and feel constantly the elbow of the next man lightly, but never push him.
405. The other men will feel ligatly the elbow of the next man towards the pivot, resist pressure coming from the opposite side, and each will conform himself to the marching flank-shortening his step according to his approximation to the pivet.
406. The instructor will make the rank wheel round the circle once or twice before halting, in order to cause the principles to be the better understood, and he will be watchfal that the centre does not break.
407. He will cause the-wheel to the left to be executed according to the same principles.
408. When the instructor shall wish to arrest the wheel, he will command:-
409. Squad. 2. Halt.
410. At the sen nd command, the rank will halt, and napuludir. The instructor, going to the fors
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402. At the command march, to be pronoancea at the instant the rank ought to turn, the gride will face to the left (or right) in marching, and move forward in the new direction without slackening or quickening the cadence, and without shortening or lengthening the step. The whole rectron; to effect which, onitself to the new dithe shoulder opposite to the chide man will advance quick step, to carry himself in the take the double turn the head and eyes tolt in the new direction, and retake the the the side of the gide, placing bimse touch of the elbow on that side, in from whomself on the alignment of the guide, the whom he will take the step, and then resume the direct position of the head. Each man will tifus arrive successively on the alignment.
Wheeling and changing direction to the side of the guide, in double quick time.
403. When the recruits comprehend and executs well, in quick time, the wheels at a halt and in marching, and the change of direction to the side of the guide, the instructor will cause the same movements to be repeated in donble quick time.
404. These various movements will be executed by the same commands and according to the same principles as in quick time, except that the command double quick will precede that of march. In wheeling while marching, the pivot man will take steps of eleven inches, and in the changes of direction to the side of the guide, the men on the side epposite the guide must increase the gait in order to bring themselves into line.
405. The instructor, in order not to fatigue the recruits, and not to divide their attention, will cause them to execute the several movements of which this lesson is composed, first without arms, and next, after the mechanism be well comprehended, with arms.

## Lesson V.

## Long marches in double quick time and the run.

406. The instructor will cause to be resumed the exercises in double quick time and the run, with arms and knapsacks.
407. He will cause long marches to be executed in double quick time, both by the front and by the flank, and by constant practice will lead the men to pass over a distance of five miles in sixty minutes. The pieces will be carried on either shoulcier, and sometimes at a trail.
408. He will also exercise them in long marches ot a run, the pieces carried at will; the men will be instructed to keep as united as possible, without, however, exacting much regularity, which is impracticable.
409. The run, in actual service, will only be resorted to when it may be highly important to r. ach a given point with great promptitude.

To stack arms.
The men being at order arms, the instructor will command:

Stack-ARMs.
410. At this command, the fcont rank man of c syy ever numbered file will pass his piece be-
'Tost hum, semzing it wita the lett hand ne ar cue upper band; will place the butt a litrle in advance of tis left toe, the barrel turned towards the body, and draw the rammer slightly from its place; the frent rank man of every ocd numbered file will :Iso draw the rammer slightly, and pass his piece to the man next on his left, who will seize is with the right hand near the upper band, and place the butt a litsle in adrance of the risht toe of the man sext on his right, the barrel turned to the front; he will then cross the rammers of the two pieces, the rammer of the piece of the odd numbered man being inside; the rear rank man of every even file will also draw his rammer, lean his piece forward, the lock-plate down wards, advance the right foot about six inches, and insert the rammer between the rammer and barrel of the piece of his front rank man; with his left hand he will place the butt of his piece on the ground, thirtytwo incles in rear of, and perpendicular to, the front rank, bringing back his right foot by the side of the left; the front rank man of every even file will at the same time lean the stack to the resr, quit it with his right hand, and force all the rammers down. The stack being thus formed, the rear rank man of every odd file will pass his piece into his left hand, the barrel to the front and inclining it forward, will rest it on the stack.
411. The men of both ranks having taken the position of the soldier without arms, the instructor will command:

## 1. Break ranks. 2. MLarch.

To resume arms.
412. Both ranks being re-formed in rear of their stacks, the instructor will command:

Take-Arms.
413. At this command, the rear rank man of every odd-numbered file will withdraw his piece from the stack; the front rank man of every even file will seize his own piece with the left hand, and that of the man on his right with his right hand, both above the lower band; the rear rank man of the even file will seize his piece with the right band below the lower band; these two men will raise up the stack to loosen the rammers; the front rank man of every edd file will facilitate the disengagement of the rammers, if necessary, by drawing them out slightly with the left hand, and will receive his piece from the hand of the man next on his left; the four men will retake the position of the soldier at order arms.

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 reation more heslthashion in this city. There is no rearseback. Instruction and expigorating than that of rith confderce to ride gracefully and wil enable a eatly attired. well mounted more beautiful than and and ase. At the Philadelphited, and riding with an a lady hase. At the Philadelphia Riding School, Fourth srace and ally taught. horsemansilp is thoroughly and street Horses trained on the THOMAS CRAIGM sclentie sorses tratned on the Baucher system. CRAIGR \& SON.402．At the command march，to be pronouncea at the instant the rank ought to turn，the guide will face to the left（or right）in marching，and move forward in the new direction withou $t$ slack－ ening or quickening the eadence，and without shertening or lengthening the step．The whole recton；to effect onirom itself to the new di－ the shoulder ope which，each man will advance quick step，to carry himself guide，take the donble turn the head and eves to the the now direction， and retake the en eyes to the side of the guide， placing himself on the elbow on that side，in from whom the direct position of the head．Each man will thjus arrive successively on the alignment．
Wheeling and changing direction to the side of the 403．When guide，in double quick time．
well，in quick time，the womprezend and execut9 marching，and the changeels at a halt and in of the guide，the instrige of direction to the side movements to be repeated in donple quic same

404．These various moven double quick time． by the same commands and ants will be executed principles as in quick time，except that the same mand double quick will precede that of march．In wheeling while marching，the pivot man will take steps of eleven inches，and in the changes of di－ rection to the side of the guide，the men on the



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ness.
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five, insproving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs. and restoring the natural elasticity and

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## Title Third.

## SCHOOL OF TAE COMPANY.

General Rules and Divis on of the School of the Company.

1. Instruction by company will always precedo that by battalion, aud the object being to propare the soldiers fur the h.gher sch sol, the exercises of detail by company will bestrictly adhered to, as well in respect to pri ciples, as the order of progression herein prescribed
2. There will be attached to a company undergoing elementary inscruction, a captain, a covering sergeant, and a certain number of tile closers, the whole posted in the manner incicated, Title First, and, accorcing to the same Titie, the officer eharged with the exercise of such company will herein be denominated the instructor.
3. The School of the Compagy will be divided into tix lessons, and each leason will comprehend five articles, as follows :-

Lesson I.

1. To open ranks.
2. Aligaments in open ranks.
3. Mazual of arms.
4. To close rauks.
5. Alignments, and manual of arms in closed ranks.

## Lesson II.

1. To lcad in fcur times and at will.

2 To fire by company.
3. To fire by file.
4. To fire by rank.
5. To fire by the rear rank. Lesson III.

1. To march in line of batcle.
2. To halt the company marching in line of battle, and to align it.
3. Oblique march in line of battle.
4. To mark time, to march in double quick time, and the back step.
5. To march in retreat in line of battle. Lessun IV.
6. To march by the flack
7. To change direction by file.
8. To halt the company marching by the flank, and to face it to the front.
9. The company being in march by the flank, to form it on the right or left by file into line of battle.
10. The company marching by the flank, to form it by company or piaroon into lize, and caure it to face to the right and lefcin marching.

Lesson $Y$.

1. To break into column by platoon either at a halt, or while marcbing.
2. To march in column.
3. To change direction.
4. De halt the column.
5. Being in columa by platoon, to form to the

## 3. To change direction.

5. Being in columa by platoon, to form to the right or left into line of batile, either at a halt or marching.

Lesson VI.

1. To break into platoons, and to re-form the company
2. To break files to the rear, and to cause them to re-enter into line.
3. To march in colamn in route, and to execute the movements incident thereto.
4. Countermarch.
5. Being in columa by platoon, to form on the right or left into line of batule.
6. The compsny will always be fouud in two ranks. The ins ructor wilt then cause the files to be numbered, and for this purpose will command:

In each rank-Count Twos.
5. At tL is command, the men count in each ravk, from right to lett, pronounciag in a loud and distinct voice, in the same tone, without hurry and without turning the head, one, two, according to the place which each one occupies. He will also cause the company to be diviled into platcons and sections, taking care that the first platcon is always composed of an even numbar of files.
6. The instructor will be as clear and concise as possible in his explanations; he will cause faults of detail to be rectified by the captain, to whom he will indicate them, if the captain should not have himeelf observed them; and the instructor will not otherwise intertere, unless the captain should not well comprehend, or should badly execute bis intentions.
7. Composure, or presence of mind, in him who commands, and in those who obey, being the first meens of order in a body of tro ips, the instruetor will labor to habituate the company to this escential quality, and wall himself give the examp:e.

## LESSON FIRST. <br> Article Finst. <br> To open ranks.

8. The company being at ordered arms, the rarke and file closers well aingned, when the instructer shall wish to cause the ranks to oe opened, he will direct the left guige to place himself on the left of the front rank, which being executed, he will command:
9. Attention. 2. Company. 3. Shoulder-Arms 4. To the rear open order.
10. At the fourth command, the covering sergeant, and the left guide, will step off smartly to the rear, four paces from the sront rank, in order to mark the alignment of the rear rank. They will judge this cistance by the eye, without counting the steps.




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SALE THIS MORNING，
Apri：26th，Stock of dry goods，hosiery，trimmings，lace curtains，\＆c．
THOMAS BIRCH \＆SON，AUCTION above Ninth．
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At 10 o＇clock，at the auction store，No． 914 Chesnat street，will be sold－
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TIHE NEW REMEDY FON ，to the notice TIBM．－ELIXI year we have introduced to pare CRYS－
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This article，in the perimented with in（as will appear been extersive with such marked suceces（al journals）that Hospital，publisged accounts in the mee． from the purnmend it with conflienee． We ean racefully put up，ready for imm all the Druggists at Itections，and can be ubtained from of 75 cents per bottie，and at wholesale $\&$ CRENSHAW， Druggist and Manufacturim philadelphia．

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10. The instractor wil place himself at the same time on the right flank, in order to observe, if these two non-cemmissioned officers are on a line parallei to the front rank, and if necessary, to correct their positions, which being executed, he will command:-

## 5. Marce.

11. At this command, the front rank will stand fast.
12. The rear rank will step to the rear, without counting the steps, and will place themselves on the alignment marked for this rank, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, Ne. 321.
13. The covering sergeant will align the rear rank on the left guide placed to mark the left of this rank.
14. The file closers will march to the rear at the tame time with the rear rank, and will place bemselves two paces from this rank when it is ; ligned.
15. The instructor seeing the rear rank aligned, will command:

6 Front.
16. At this command, the sergeant on the left of the rear rank will return to his place as a file closer.
17. The rear rank being aligned, the instructor will direct the captain and the covering sergeant to observe the men in their respective ranks, and to correct, if necessary, the positions of persons and pieces.

## Article Second.

Alignments in open runks.
18. The ranks being open, the instructor will, in the first exercises, aliga the ranks, man by man, the better to inculcare the principles.
19. To effect this, he will cause two or four men on the right or lefi of each rank to march troo or three paces forward, and afier naving aligned them, command:

By file right (or left)-Dress.
20. At this the men of each rank will move up successively on the aligument, each man baing preceded by his neighbor in the samo rank, towards the Dasis, by two paces, and having correetly alligned himself, will cast his eyes to the
front.
21. Successive aligments having habituated the soldiers to dress correctly, tho instractor will cause the ranks to align themselves at once, forward and backward, sometimes in a direction parallel, and sometimes in one obliqus, to the original direction, giving, in each case, two or four men to serve as a basis of alignment to each rank. To effeet which. he will command:


TADIES' HAIR BRAIDS, WIGS, FRI11 geits, Curis, manufactured in the very Dest and neatest atyles, sold wholesale and retal at reduced prices. keatest arge assortment on havd. M. HUTOI:, No. 213 S. Ninth street, below W alnut.
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DOMADK OF VIOLETS-THN MOST FAS-

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HHINESE BOMBS - 20,000 OHINESE
Bombs, for grand popular demonstrations; will make very foud roport, and are perfectly sate and harmicgs. Imported and fer sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIFA \& CO. Nos. 108 and 110 8. Delsware avenue.

1. Right (or left) backward-Dress. 2. Front. 22. In oblique alignments; imopened ranks, the men of the rear rank wilt not seek to cover thoir ile leaders, as the sole object of the exercise is to. tack them to align themselves correctly in their aspective ranks, in the different directioas.
23 . In the several alignments the caprain will aperintend the front rank, and the covering sereant the rear rank. For this purpose, they will lace themselves on the side by which the ranks j2 cdressed.
24 , In oblique alignments, the men will conform
the line of their shoulders to the new direction of their rank, and will place themselves on the alignment as has been prescribed ia the school of the soldier, No. 317 or No. 321, according as the new direction shall be in flont or rear of the original one.
2. At the end of each alignment, the captain and the covering sergeant will pass along the front of the ranks to correct the positions of persons and arms.

> Article Thizd.
> Manual of arms.
25. The ranks being open, the instructor will place himself in a position to see the ranks, and will command the manual of arms in the following order-

Present arms. Order arms.
Ground arms.
Raise arms.
Support arms.
Fix bayonet.
Charge bayonet.
Trail arms.
Unfix bayonet.
Secure arms.
Load in nine times.
27. The instructor will take care that the posi$t$ on of the body, of the feet, and of the piece, be always exact, and that the times be briskly executed and close to the person.

> Article Fourth.
> To close ranks.
28. The manual of arms being ended, the instructor will command:-

> 1. Close order. 2. March.
29. At the command march, the rear rank will close up in quick time, each man directing himself on his file leader.
10. The instructor will place himself at the same time on the right flank, in order to observe, if these two non-commissioned officers are on a line parallel to the front rank, and it necessary, to correct their fositions, which being executed, he will command:-
5. March.
11. At this command, the front rank will stand fast.
12. The rear rank will step to the rear, without counting the steps, and will place themselves on the alignment marked for this renk, couforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, Nr. 321.
13. The covering sergeant will align the rear rank on tie left guide placed to mark the left of this rank.
14. The file closers will march to the rear at the same time with the rear rank, and will place hemselves two paces from this rank when it is ;ligned.
15. The instructor seeing the rear rank aligned, will command:

## 6 Front.

16. At this command, the sergeans on the left of the rear rank will return to his place as a file closer.
17. The rear rank being aligned, the instructor will direct the captain an the covering sergeant to observe the men in their respective ranks, and to correct, if necessary, the positions of persons and pieces.

## Article Second.

Alignments in open runks.
18. The ranks being open, the instructor will, in the first exercises, aliga the ranks, man by man, the better to inculcate the principles.
19. To effect this, he will cause two or four men on the right or lefo of each rank to march two or three paces forward, and afier naving aligned them, command:

By file right (or left)-Dress.
20. At this the men of each rants will move up successively on the aligument, each man being preceded by his neighbor in the sam 3 rank, to. wards the Dasis, by two paces, and having correetly alligned himself, will cast his eyes to the front.
21. Successive aligments having habituated the solaiers to dress cornectly, th. instructor will cause the ranks to align themselves at oace, forward and backward, sometimes in a direction parallel, and sometimes in one oblique, to the original direction, giving, in each case, two on-farr same time on the right flank, in order to observe, if these two non-commissioned officers are on a line parallel to the front rank, and if necessary, to correct their gositions, which being executed, he will command:-

## 5. March.

11. At this command, the front rank will stand fast.
12. The rear rank will step to the rear, without counting the steps, and will place themselves on the alignment marked for thes renk, cunforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, Ne. 321.
13. The covering sergeant will align the rear rank on the left guide placed to mark the left of *his rank.
14. The file closers will march to the rear at the tame time with the rear rank, and will place Gemselves two paces from this rank when it is ligned.
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20. At this the men of each rants will move up successively on the aligument, each man boing preceded by his neighbor in the sams rank, to. wards the Dasis, by two paces, and having correctly alligned himself, will cast his eyes to the front.
21. Successive aligments having habituated the soldiers to dress correctly, thitinatryig tiror ill






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Alignments and manual of arms in closed ranks.
30. The ranks being closed, the instructor will cause to be executed parallel and oblique alignments by the right and left, forward and backward, observing to place always two or four files to seive as a basis of alignment. He will give the commands prescribed, No. 21.
31. In elignments in closed ranks, the captain will superintend the front rank, and the covering sergeant the rear rank. They will habituate themsalves to judge the alignment by the lines of the eyes and shculders, in casting a glance of the eye aleng the front and rear of the ranks.
32. The moment the captain perceives the grester number of the front ranks aligned, he will commais Front, and rectify, afterwards, if necessary, the elignment of the other men by the maans prescriced in the school of the soldier, No. 320. The rear rank will conform to the alignment of the front rank, superintended by the covering sergeart.
33. The ranks being steady, the instructor will place himself on the flank to verify their alignment. He will also عee that each rear rank man covers accurstejy his file leader.

34 In oblique alignments, the instructor will observe what is prescribed, No. 24.
35. In all alignments, the file closers will preserve the distance of two paces from the rear rank.

36 The aligrments being ended, the instructor will cause to be executed the manual of arms.
37. The instructor, wishing to rest the men, wilhout deranging the alignment, will first cause arms to be supported, or ordered, and then command:

## In place-Rest.

38. At this command, the mea will no longer be constrained to preserve silence or steadiness of pesition; but they will always keep one or other heei on the eslignment.
39. If, on the contrary, the instructor should wish to rest the men without constraining them to preserve the alignment, he will command:-

## Rest.

40. At which command, the company will not be required to preserve immobility, or to remain in their places.
41. The instructor may, also, when he shall juege proper, cause arms to be stacked, which will de executed as prescribed, school of the soldier. cause to be executed paralis ments by the right and, ward, observing to phas to seite as a basis, the commands po
42. In $\begin{gathered}\text { ligga }\end{gathered}$ will superis ${ }^{3}$ sergeanto sclyens ev
43. The moment the captain perceives the grester number of the front ranks aligned, he will command Front, and rectify, afterwards, if necessary, the elignment of the other men by the mans prescriked in the school of the soldier, No. 320. The rear rank will conform to the alignment of the frontrank, superintended by the covering sergeant.
44. The ranks being steady, the instructor will place himself on the flank to verify their alignment. He will also see that each rear rank man covers accuratejy his file leader.
34 In oblique alignments, the instructor will observe what is prescribed, No. 24.
45. In all alignments, the file closers will preserve the distance of two paces from the rear rark.
36 The aligrments being ended, the instructor will cause to be executed the manual of arms.
46. The instructor, wishing to rest the men, without deranging the alignment, will first cause arms to be supported, or ordered, and then command:

## In place-Rest.

88. At this command, the men will no longer be constrained to preserve silenca or steadiness of pesition; but they will always keep one or other heel on the slignment.
89. If, on the contrary, the instructor should wish to rest tha men without constraining them to preserve the alignment, he will command:-

## Rest.

40. At which command, the company will not be required to preserve immobility, or to remain in the ir places.
41. The instructor may, also, when he shall juége proper, cause arms to be stacked, which will De executed as prescribed, school of the soldier.
42. The instructor, wishing to pass to the second lesson, will cause the company to take arms, if stacks have been formed, and command:
43. Attention: 2. Company. 3. Shoulder-Arms, 43. The instructor will then cause loadings and firings to be executed in the following order:

Article First.
To load in four times and at will.
44 Loading in four times will be commanded and execuled as prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 251 , and following. The instructor will cause this exercise to be often repeated, in succession, before passing to loading at will.
45. Leading at will will be commanded and executed as prescribed in the school of the sol. dier, No. 256. In priming, when losding in four times, and slso at will, the captain and covering sergeant will half face to the right with the men, and face to the front, when the man next to th $\in \mathrm{m}$, respectively, brings his piece to the shoulder.
46. The instructor will labor to the utmost to cause the men, in the different loadings, to execute what has been prescribed in the school of the soldier, Nos. 257 and 258.
47. Loading at will, being that of battle, and conscquently the one with which it is most important to render the men familiar, it will claim preference in the exercises the moment the mon be well established in the principles. To these they will be brought by degrees, so that every man may be able to load with cartridges, and to fire at least three rounds in a minute with ease and regularity.

## Article Second. <br> To fire by company.

48. The instructor, wishing to cause the fire by company to be executed, will command:
49. Fire ly company. 2. Commence firing.
50. At the first command, the captain will promptly place himself opposite the centre of his company, and four paces in rear of the line of file closers: the coverirg sergeant will re urn to that line, and place himself opposite to his interval. This rule is general, for both the captain and covering sergrant, in all the different firings.
51. At the eecond command, the captain will add: 1. Company; 2. Ready; 3 Aim; 4 Fire; 5. Load.
52. At the command load, the men will load their pieces, and then take the position of ready as prescribed in the school of the soldier.
53. The captain will immediately recommence the firing, by the commands:-
54. Company. 2. Aim. 3 Fire. 4. Load. 53. The fining will be thus continued until the signal to cease firing is sounded.

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## Article Fifth.

Alignments and mamual of arms in closed ranks. 30. The ranks being closed, the instructor will cause to be executed parailel and oblique aligaments by the right and left, forward and backward, observing to place always two or four files to seite as a basis of alignment. He will give the commands prescribed, No. 21.
31. In elignments in closed ranks, the captain will superintend the front rank, and the covering sergeant the rear rank. They will habituate themsclves to judge the alignment by the lines of the eyes and shoulders, in casting a glance of the eye along the front and rear of the ranks.
32. The moment the captain perceives the greater number of the front ranks aligned, he will command Front, and rectify, afterwards, if necessary, the elignment of the other men by the msans prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 320. The rear rank will conform to the alignment of the front ratk, superintended by the covering sergeant.
33. The ranks being steady, the instructor will place himself on the flank to verify their alignment. He will also \&ee that each rear rank man covers accurstejy his file leader.

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36 The aligrments being ended, the instructor will cause to be executed the manual of arms.
37. The instructor, wishing to rest the men, wilhout deranging the alignment, will first cause arms to be supported, or ordered, and then command:

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52. At the command load, the men will load their pieces, and then take the position of ready as prescribed in the school of the soldisr.
53. The captain will immediately recommence the firing, by the commands:-
54. Company. 2. Aim. 3 Fire. 4. Load.
55. The firing will be thus continued until the signal to cease firing is sounded. cause to be executed parailel and oblique alignments by the right and left, forward and backward, observing to place always two or four files to serve as a basis of alignment. He will give the commands prescribed, No. 21.
56. In olignments in closed ranks, the captain will superintend the front rank, and the covering sergeant the rear rank. They will habituate themsclves to judge the alignment by the liaes of the eyes and shoulders, in casting a glance of the eye along the front and rear of the ranks.
57. The moment the captain perceives the greater number of the front ranks aligned, he will command FRONT, and rectify, afterwards, if necesssry, the elignment of the other men by the means prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 320. The rear rank will conform to the alignment of the frontrank, superintended by the covering sergeant.
58. The ranks being steady, the instructor will place himself on the flank to verify their alignment. He will also qee that each rear rank man covers accurstejy his file leader.

34 In oblique alignments, the instructor will observe what is prescribed, No. 24.
35. In all alignments, the file closers will preserve the distance of two paces from the rear rank.

36 The alignments being ended, the instructor will cause to be executed the manual of arms.
37. The instructor, wishing to rest the men, without deranging the alignment, will first cause arms to be supported, or ordered, and then command:

> In place-Rest.
38. At this command, the men will no longer be constrained to preserve silence or steadiness of pesition; but they will always keep one or other heel on the alignment.
39. If, on the contrary, the instructor should wish to rest the men without constraining them to preserve the alignment, he will command:Rest.
40. At which commard, the company will not be required to preserve immobility, or to remain in their places.
41. The instructor may, also, when he shall juege proper, cause arms to be stacked, which will de $\epsilon$ xecuted as prescribed, school of the soldier.

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54. Tre captain will sometimes cause aim to be tsken to the right and left, simply observing to pronounce right (or left) oblique, before the command ain.

## Article Third. <br> The Fire by file.

55. The instructor wishing to eause the fire by file to be executed, will command:
56. Fire ty flle. 2. Company. 3. Ready. 4. Commence firing.
56 The third and fourth commands will be executed as prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 275 and following.
57. The fire will be commenced by the right file of the company; the next file will take aim at the instant the first brings down pieces to re load, and so on to the left; but this progression will only be observed in the first discharge, after which each man will re load and fire without regulating himeelf by others, conforming himself to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 280.

## Article Fourth.

The Fire by rank.
58. The instructor wishing the fire by rauk to be executed, will command:

1. Fire by rank. 2. Company. 3. Ready. 4. Rearrank-Aim. 5. Fire. 6. Load.
2. The fifth and sixth commands will be executed as is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 285 and following.
60 . When the instructor sees one or two pieces in the zear rank at a ready, he will command:
3. Front rank. 2. Aim. 3. Fire. 4. Load.
4. The firing will be continued thus by alternate ranks, until the signal is given to cease firing.
5. The instructor will sometimes cause aim to be taken to the right and left, conforming to what is prescribed No. 54.
63 The instructor will cause the firing to cease, whether by company, by file, or by rank, by soundivg the signal to cease firing, and at the instant this sound commences, the men will cease to fire, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 282.
6. The signal to cease firing will be always followed by a bugle note; at which sound, the captain and covering sergeant will promptly resume their places in line, and will rectify, if necessary, the alignment of the rasks.
65 In this school, except when powder is used, the signal to cease firing will be indicated by the ecmmand, cease firing, which will be pronounced by the instructor when he wishes the semblance of firing to cease.
7. The command posts will be likewise substitutd d, under similar circumstances, for the bugle note employed as the signal for the return of the captain and covering sergeant to their places in

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[^2]67. The fire by file being that which is mo frequ-ntly used against an enemy, it is hizal important that it be rendered perfectly famili ut to the roops. The insiructor will, therffore, gi e , almost exclusive preference, and labor to c tus the men to aim with care, and always, if possibl, at some particular object. As it is of the utmos! importance that the men should aim with precicision in battle, this principle will be rigidly ea forced in the exercises for purposes of instruction. Article Fifth.
To fire by the rear rank.
68. The instructor will cause the several fires to be executed to the rear, that is, by the rear rank. To $\in f$ fect this, he will command:

1. Face by the rear rank. 2. Company. 3. About.

## -Face.

69. At the first command, the captain will step out and place himself near to, and facing the right file of his company; the covering seryeant, and file closers, will pass quickiy through the captan's interval, and place themselves faced to the rear, the covering sergeant a pace behind the captain, and the file closers two paces from the front rank opposite to their places in line, each passing behind the covering sergeant.
70. At the third command, which will be given at the inctant the last file closer shall have passed through the interval, the company will face about; the captain will place himself in his interval in the rear rank, now become the front, and the covering sergeant will cover him in the front rank, low become the rear.
71. The company having faced by the rear rank, the instructor will cause it to execute the fire by company, both direct and oblique, the fire by file, and the fire by rask, by the commands and moans prescribed in the three preceding articles; the captain, covering sergeant, and the men, will conform themselves, in libe manner, to what is therein prescribed.
72. The fire by file will commence on the lefs of the company, now become the right. In the fire by rank, the firing will commence with the front a $a \mathrm{k}$, now become the rear.
73. To resume the proper front, the instructor will command:
74. Face ty the front rank. 2. Company. 3. About -FACE.
75. At the first command, the captain, covering sergeant and file closers will conform to what is prescribed Nos. 69 and 70.
76. At the third command, the company having faced about, the captaia and covering sergeant will resume their places in line.
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A valuable black horse, sound and gentle.
A no top wagor, weighs 170 ths by Bre in $3 \% \mathrm{mln}$.
Harness eost $\$ 90$; cover cost $\$ 60$ bewster, N. Y.
A eorrel horse, 7 years cid cost $\$ 60$, dc.
A dapple gray horse and phat hands high.
A long 1 ail bay horse, comiurton.
A brjght uay mare, 5 years of 6 years old.
A bay mare, $15 \%$ havds high 7 , $15 \%$ hands high.
A tay mare, 6 years old, $15 \%$ hands old.
A brown horse, 16 hands high. 9 years old.
A gray horse, 10 years old, $153 / 3$ hands high.
A bay horse, 9 years ofd horse and mare.
A pair of stylish bay carriage horses.
Also, a Germantown wagon. horses.
A set double harness, to


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500 reame paper- - bbls. corn brooms.
70 Miquors. 70 in inported 8egars.
10 bags Canary seed 50 kegs white lead.
50 box 8 soap. starch and Car.dles. Also, - bblg and bhds. syrup and Cuba molassea.

- Hehests flne Oolong Teas
10 bbls. honey. At $10 \%$ ORANNGES, RAISINS, PRUNES, \&c. 160 bexes mountain oranges
500 boxes, kegs and barrels Bordeaux prunes.
600 br xes and fraila traeh

76. In this lesson, the instructor will impress on the men the importance of aiming always st some particular object, and of holding the piece as prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 178
77. The instructor will recocomend to the cyptain to make a short pause botweon the cols. mands aim and fire, to gire the men tione to aim with accurscy.
78. The irstructor will place himself in position to see the two ranks, in order to detect faults; he will charge the captain and file closers to be equally watchfui, and to report to him when the ranks areat rest. He will remand, for individual instruction, the men who may be observed to load badly.
79. The instructor will recommend to the soldiers, in the firings, the highest degree of composure or presence of mitd; he will neglect notbing that may contribute to this end.
80. He will give to the men, as a general principle, to maintain, in the direct fire, the lefc heel in its place, in order that the aligament of the ranks and files may not be deranged; and he will verify, by examination, after each exercise in firing, the observance of this principle.
81. The instructor will observe, in addition to there remarks, all those which follow.

82 When the firing is execute I with cartridges, it is particularly recommended that the men observe, in uncocking, whether smoke escapes from the tube, which is \& certain indication that the piece has been diecharged; but if, on the contrary, no smoke escapes, the soldier, in such case, iustead of re-loading, will pick and prime again. If, believing the load to be cischarged, the soldier should put a second cartridge in his piece, he ought, at least, to perceive it in ramming, by the height of the load; and he would be very culpable, stould he put io a third. The instrustor will always cause arms to beinspectel afterfingo wish eariridges, in order to observe if the fault has bcen committed, of putting tbree cartridges, without a discharge, in the same picce, in waich case the ball screw will be applied.
83. It scmetimes happeus, when a cap has missed fire, that the tube is found stopped up with a hard, white and compact powder; in this case, picking will be dispensed with, and a rew cap substituted for the old one.
[To be continued.]
84. The company being in las of battle, and coriectly aligned, when he inscuct r shalt wish to exercise it in marchin. bo the front, he will ascure himself that the shoulders of the captain and covering sergeant are oerfectly in the direction of their respective rask $*$, and that the sergeant accurately covers the caplain; the instructor will then place himself twenty-five or thirty paces in front of them, face $t$ ) the rear, and place himself exactly on the prolongation of the line passing betacen their hesls.
85. The instu uctor, being aligned on the directing file, will command:

## 1. Company, forward.

86. At this, a sergeant, previously designated, will movesix paces in advance of the captain : the instructor, from the position prescribed, will correctly align this sergeant on the prolongation of the direcing file.
87. This advanced sergeant, who is to be charged with the direction, will, the moment his position is assured, take two points on the ground ia the straight line which wouid pass betwsen his own and the heels of the ins ructor
88. These dispositions beiog made, the instructor will step aside, and commaad:
89. March.
90. At this, the company will step off with life. The directing sergeant will observe, with the greatest precision, the lsngth aad cadence of the step, murcoing on the two points he has chosen ; he will take in succession, and always a lit lo before arriving at the point nearest to him, new points in advance, exactly in the same line with the first two, and at the distance of some fifteen or twenty paces from each cther. The captain will march steadily in the trace of the directing sergeant, keeping always six paces from hia; the men will each maintain the head direec to the \&front, feel lightly the elbow of his nsighbor on the side of direction, and conform himself to the priaciples prescribed, school of the soldier, for the march by the front.
91. The man next to the captain, will take special care not to pass him; to this end he will keep the line of his shoulders a littie in the rear, but in the same dircetion with those of the captain,
92. The file closers will mrxch at the habitual distance of two paces bebind the rear rank.
93. If the men lose the ste $\rho$, the instructor will command:

> To the-Ster.
93. At this command, the men will glance towards the directing sergeant, reake the step from him, and again direct their eyes to the front.



A bupernor northern bred gray mare, i6 hands high.
A fre Norihern bred bay high, 6 years old.
A twe-seated Rockaway, by Rogers. 16 hands high.
A falling-'op York wagon, by Roger.
A pair of very sty lish young browers.
SALE OF CARRIAGES AND of harness.
On Saturdas morning,

At 10 o'clock, On Saturday morning,
At 10 'clock, at the Bazaar, will be sold without re-
serve, previousto the horses:serve, previous to the horses:-
carrisges. wagection of desirable new and second-had SALE OF HODSV.
tention is invited to our ON SATURDAY.-Particular stvaluable herses to our sale on satarday, including many suited for mlititary berposes peremptorily. Some are well SUPERIOR BAY
A Northern bred dark bay carriage HORSE.
havds high, long tall, sound, five actione, 6 years old, 16 single and double harness, a superior, well broke to owner, a private gentleman, s325 last ar ariver, cost his his mate, now sold for want of use.
TWO HUNDRED
SPARRIGES AT AUCTION.-SECOND SPRING BALE FOR 1861 .
the times, and the accumulation of his money pressure of riages, the subseriber will hold a his stock of new carSpring, which will take place a second sale for this On Wednesday morning
May 8, at $100^{\prime}$ 'clock, at the Bazaar, corner Ninth and
Sansom streets, Particulars in time.
BY N. F. PANCOAST, AUCTYONFERR THIRD SPECTAL SALE OF STDIW

CATALOGUE. GOODS , \&c., BY This morning,
Commencing at 10 o'clock.
Included will be found, 100 cases 1atest and most desirabie siyles fice braid Cobnrg split straw and fost reka. and other fancy nats; chil fren's Boulevard, Euard palm hoods. 200 lots men's Senat palm Leghorn hoods.

SHERIFF'S SALE AT JONES' HOTEL. Aprik 29 th, 1861, at Monday morning.
Hotel, Chessut street, above Sixth will premises. Joves' ba ance of the stock of furniture, consisting of the entire earpet, ofl cloths wate, cutlery, bar iixtures, wines, furniture, silver plated
we, cutlery, bar ixxtures, wines, liquors, \&c., \&c.
ILLIAM R. SMITH, AUCTMONXERR.

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94. The instructor will can e the captain and covering eergeant to be posted sometimes on the right, and sometimes on the lt $f$ f of the company.
95. The directing sergeant, in atvaace, having the greatest influence on the march of the company, he will be selected for the precision of his step, his habit of maintaining his shoulders in a square with a given line of direction, and of prolonging that line without variation.
96. If this sergeant should fail to observe these principles, undulations in the front of the company must necessarily follow; the msn will be unable to contract the hubit of taking steps equal in length and swiftness, and of ma-ntaining their shoulders in a square with the line of directionthe only means of attuining perfection in the march in line.
97. The instructor, with a view the better to estabish the men in tho length and cadence o the step, and in the principles of the march in line, will cause the company so advance three or four hundred paces, at once, withous halting, if the ground will permit. Ia the first exercises, he will march the company with open ranks, the better to observe the two ranks.
©8. The instructor will see, with care, that all the principles of the march ia line are strictly observed; he will gecerally be on the directing flank, in a pesition to observe the two ranks, and the faults they may commit; he will sometimes halt behind the directing file during some thircy sucifssive steps, in order to judge whether the directing sergeant, or the directing file, deviate from (M.) N the perpendicular.

> Article Second.

To halt the company, marching in line of battle, and to align it.
99. The instructor, wishing to halt the company, will command:

## 1. Company. 2. Halt.

100. At the second command, the company will halt; the directing sergeant will remain in advance, un'css ordered to return to the line of file closers. The company being at a halt, the iustractor may advance the first three or four files on the side of direction, and align the company on that basis, or he may confine himself to causinc the aligament to be rectified. In this last case he will command: Captain, rectify the alignment. The captain will direct the covering sergeant to atbend to the rear rank, when each, glancing his eyes along his rank, will promptly rectify it, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 320. Article Third.
Oblique march in line of battle.
101. The company being in the direet march, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march obliquely, he will command:

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## 1. Rigñt (or left) oblique. 2. Marcu.

102. At the command march, the company will take the oblique step. The men will accurately observe the principles prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 331. The rear rank men will preserve their distances, and march in rear of the man next on the right (or left) of their hajitual file leaders.
103. When the instructor wishes the direct march to be resumed, he will command:

## 1. Forward. 2. MARCH.

104. At the command march; the company will resume the direct mareh. The inst:uctor will move briskly twenty paces in front of the captain, and facing the company, will place himself exactly in the prolongation of the captain, and coverins ergeant; and then, by a sign, will move the diecting sergeant on the same line, if ho bs not lready on it; the latter will immediately take two bints on the ground between himself and the intructor, and as he advances, will take new points If direction, as is explained No. 89.
105. In the oblique march, the men not having lhe touch of elbows, the guide will always be on the side towards which the oblique is made, with-
out any indication to that effect being given; and when the direct march is resumed, the guide will by, equally without indication, on the side where it was previous to the oblique.
106. The instructor will, at first, cause the oblique to be made towards the side of the gaide. He will also direct the captain to have an eye on the directing sergeant, in order to keep on the same perpendicular line to the front with him, while following a parallel direction.
107. During the continuance of the march, the instructor will be watchful that the men follow parallel directions, in conforming to the principles prescribed in the school of the soldier, for preserving the general alignment; whenever the men lose the alignment, he will be carefal that they regain it by lengthening or shorteaing the step, without altering the cadence, or changing the direction.
108. The instructor will place. himself in front of the company and face to it, in order to regulate the march of the directingisergeant, or the man who is on the flank towards which the oblique is made, and to see that the principles of the march are properly observed, and that the files do not crowd.

Article Fourth.
To mark time, to march in double quick time, and the back step.
109. The company being in the direct march and in quick time, the instructor, to cause it to mark time, will command:
110. To resume the march he will command:
94. The instructor will cat re the captain and covering sergeant to be posted sometimes on the right, and sometimes on the $l \in f t$ of the company. 95. The directing sergeant, in at vance, having the greatest influence on the march of the compony, he will be selected for the precision of his step, his habit of maintaining his shoulders in a square with a given line of direction, and of prolonging that line without variation.
96. If this sergeant should fail to observe these Bn principles, undulations in the front of the commany must necessarily follow; the mon will be unable to contract the habit of taking steps equal in length and swiftness, and of ma staining their shoulders in a square with the line of directionthe only meas of attaining perfection in the march in line.
97. The instructor, with a view the better to establish the men in the length and cadence o the step, and in the principles of the march in four hundred paces, at once, withous halting, if the ground will permit. Ia the first exercises, he will march the company with open ranks, the better to observe the two ranks.

98 . The instructor will see, with care, that all the principles of the march ia line are strictly observed; he will generally be on the directing flank, in a pesition to observe the two ranks, and the faults they may commit; he will sometimes halt behind the directing file during some thirty sueifssive steps, in order to judge whether the directing sergeant, or the directing file, deviate from $(N)$ the perpendicular.

Article Second.
To hall the company, marching in line of battle, and jo com to align it.
99. The instructor, wishing to halt the company, will command:

1. Company. 2. Halt.
2. At the second command, the company will halt; the directing sergeant will remain in advance, Mai unless ordered to return to the line of file al peers. The company being aton may


3. The instructor will can ce the captain and incropro covering sergeant to be posted sometimes on the right, and sometimes on the lief of the company.
4. The directing sergeant, in at vance, having the greatest influence on the march of the commany, he will be selected for the precision of his step, his habit of maintaining his shoulders in a square with a given line of direction, and of prolonging that line without variation.
5. If this sergeant should fail to observe these principles, undulations in the front of the compang must necessarily follow; the mon will be unable to contract the habit of taking steps equal in length and swiftness, and of ma staining their shoulders in a square with the line of directionthe only means of attaining perfection in the march in line.
6. The instructor, with a view the better to establish the men in thy length and cadence o the step, and in the principles of the march in line, will cause the company to advance three or four hundred paces, at once, withous halting, if the ground will permit. Ia the first exercises, he will march the company with open ranks, the better to observe the two ranks.
7. The instructor will see, with care, that all the principles of the march ia line are strictly observed; he will generally be on the directing flank, in a pesition to observe the two ranks, and the faults they may commit; he will sometimes halt behind the directing file during some thirty sueinessive steps, in order to judge whether the directing sergeant, or the directing file, deviate from (M). on the perpendicular.

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To halt the company, marching in line of battle, and to align it.
99. The instructor, wishing to halt the company, will command:

## 1. Company. 2. Halt.

100. At the second command, the company will halt; the directing sergeant will remain in advance, un!css ordered to return to the line of file closers. The company being at a halt, the instructor may advance the first three or four files on the side of direction, and align the company on that basis, or he may confine himself to causing the alignment to be rectified. In this last case he will command: Captain, rectify the alignment. The captain will direct the covering sergeant to attend to the rear rank, when each, glancing his eyes along his rank, will promptly rectify it, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 320.

## Article Third. <br> Oblique march in line of battle.

101. The company being in the direct march, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march obliquely, he will command:


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102. To cause the march in double quick time, the instructor will command:-
103. Double quick. 2. March.
104. The command march will be pronounced at the instant either foot is coming to the ground.
105. To resume quick time, the instructor will command:
106. Quick time. 2. March.
107. The command march will be pronounced at the instant either foot is coming to the ground.
108. The company being at a halt, the instructor may cause it to maxch in the back step; to this effect, he will command:
109. Company backward. 2. March.
110. The back step will be executed according to the principles prescribsd in the school of the seldier No. 247, but the use of it being rare, the instructor will not cause more than fifteen or tirenty steps to be taken in succession, and to that extent but seldom.
111. The instructor ought not to exercise the company in marchiog in double quick time till the men are well established in the length and swiftress of the pace in quick time: he will then ondeavor to render the march of one hundred and vixty-five steps in the minute equally easy and familiar, and also cause them to observe the same sectress of body and composure of mind, as if marching in quick time.
112. When matching in double quick time, if a subdivision (in a column) has to change direction by turning, or has to form into line, the men will quicken the pace to one hundred and eighty steps in a minute. The same swiftness oi step will be observed under all circumstances where great rapidity of movement is required. But, as ranks címen cannot masch any length of time at so swift a rate, without breaking or confusion, this acceleration will not be considered a prescribed exercise, and accordingly companies or battalions will only be habitually exercised in the double quick time of one hundred and sixty-five steps in the minute.

Article Fifth.
To march in retreat.
119. The company being halted and correctly aligned, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march in retreat, he will command:-

1. Compary. 2. About-Face.
2. The company having faced to the rear, the instructer will place himself in front of the directing file, conforming to what is prescribed, No. 81.
3. The instructor, bsing correctly established on the prolongation of the directing file, will com-mand:-
4. At this, the directing sed.

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12\%. At this, the orrecung sergeant will conform himself to what is prescribed, Nos. 86 and 87, with this eifference-he will place himsel? six paces in front of the line of file closers, 1ront leading.
123. The covering sergeant will step into the line of file closers, opposite to his interval, and the captain will place himself in the rear rank, now become the frost.
124. This disposition being promptly made, the instructor will command:-

4 March.
125 At this, the directing sergaant, the captain, and the men, will conform themselves to what is prescribed No. 89, and following.
126. The instructor will cause to be executed, marching in retreat, all that is prescribed $f \circ r$ marching in advance; the commands and the means of execution will be the same.
127. The instructor having halted the company, will, when he may wish, cause it to face to the fiont by the commands prescribed No. 119. The ceptain, the covering sergeant, and the directing sergeant, will resume their habitual places in line, the moment they shall have faced about.

128 The company being in march by the front rank, if the instructor should wish it to march in retreat, he will cause the right about to be executed while marching, and to this effect will commard:

1. Company. 2. Rightabout. 3. Marce.
2. At the third command, the company will promptly face about, and recommence the march by the rear rank.
3. The directing sergeant will face about with the company, and will move rapidly six paces ia front of the file closers, and upon the prolongafion of the guide. The instructor will place him in the proper drection by the means prescribed No, 104. The captain, the covering sergeant, and the men, will conform to the principles prescribed for the march in retreat.
4. When the instructor wishes the company to march by the front rank, he will give the same commands, and will regulate the direction of the march by the same means.
5. The instructor will cause to be executed ia double quick time, all the movements prescribed in the $3 \mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{th}, 5 \mathrm{tb}$, and 6 th lessons of this school, with the exception of the march back wards, which will be executed only in quick time. He will give the same commands, observing to add double quick before the command march.
6. When the pieces are carried on the right shoulder, in quick time, the distance between the rsrks will be sixteen inches. Wheneyer, therefore, the instructor brings the company from a thoulder to this position, fhe rear raok must sborten a little the tirst steps in order to gain the yrescribed distance, and will lengthen the steps, on the contrary, in ofder to close up when the pieces

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are 8 gein brought to a shoulder. in marching in acuble quick time, the distance between the raaks will be twenty six inches, asd the pieces will be crnied babitually on the right shoulder.
134, Whenever a company is halted, the men will bring their pieces at once to a shoulder at the command halt. The rear rank will be close to its proper distance. These rules are general.

## LESSON FOURTH.

## Article First.

To march by the flank.
135. The company being in line of battle, and at a halt, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march by the right flask, he will command:

1. Company, right-Face. 2. Forward.

> 3. March.

myñer; se that when the movement is com. pleted, the files will be formed of four men aligned, and elbow to elbow. The intervals will be priserved.
137. The file closers will also move by side step to the right, so that when the ranks are formed, they will be two paces from the rearmost rank.
138. At the commsnd march, the company will move off britkly in quick time; the covering sergeant at the head of the front rank, and the captsin on his left, will march straight forward. The men of each file will march abreast of their respective front rank men, heads direct to the front; the file closers will march opposite their places in line of battle.
139. The instructor will cause the principles of the march by the flank to be observed, in placing bimself, pending the march, as prescribed in the schonl of the soldier No. 557 .
140. The instructor avill cause the march by the left flank to be executed by the same commands, su'stituting left for right; the ranks will double as has been prescribed in the school for the soldier, No. 354 ; the rear rank will side-step to the left one pace before doubling.
141. At the instont the comoany faces to the left, the left guide will place bimself at the head of the front rank; the eaptgin will pass rapidly to the left, and place himself by the right side of this guide; the covering sergeant will replace the captyin in the front rank, the moment the latter quits it to go to the left.
are age in brought to a shoulder. In marching in double quick time, the distance between the rasks will be twenty six inches, and the pieces will be crnied babitually on the right shoulder.
134. Whenever a company is halted, the men will bring their pieces at once to a shoulder at the command halt. The rear rank will be close to its proper distance. These rules are general.

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1. Compamy, right-FACE. 2. Forward.
2. Marci. 136. At
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on
Y, APRIL 27, 1861.
 flank, and either in march, or at a halt, when the instructor shall wish to esuse it to wheel by file, he will command:

1. By file, left, (or right) 2. MARCH. 143. At the command march, the first file will wheel; if to the side of the front ronk man, the latter will take care not to turn at once, but to dercribe a short arc of a circle, shortenirg a little the first five or six steps in orcer to give time to the fourth man or this file to conforp bimseif to the movement. If the whee be to the side of th. rear rack, the fron rank man will whee in the step of twenty $t$ igbt isches, and th. $f$ urth men will con form himself to the movement by descri bing a short are of a circle as has been ex. plained. Each file will come to whet on the same ground where that which preceded it wheeled.
2. The instructor will sce that the wheel be executed according to these principles, in order that the distance between the files may always be preserved, and that there be no check or hindrance at the whteling point.

## Article Taird.

To halt the company marching by the flank, and to face it to the front.
145. To effect these objects, the instructor will command:-

1. Company. 2. Halt. 3. Front.
2. The second and third commands will be executed as prescribed in the schoul of the soldior, Nos. 359 and 360 . As soon as the files nave undoubled, the rear rank will ciose to its proper listance. The captain and covering sergeant, as


 oq


 command:-
3. Company. 2. Huler. 3. Front.
4. The second and third commands will be executed as prescribed in the school of the soldior, Nos. 359 and 360 . As soon as the files nave uncoubled, the rear rank will close to its proper distance. The captain and covering sergeant, as well as the left guide, if the march be by the left flank, will return to their habitual places in line at the instant the company faces to the front.
5. The instructor may then siga the company by one of the means prescribed, No. 100.

## Article Fourth

The company being in march by the flank, to form it on the right (or left) by file into line of battle.
148. If the company be marcaing by the right flank, the instructor will command:

1. On tile right, by file into line. 2. March.
2. At the command march, the rear rank men doubled will mark time; the captain and the covering sergeant will tarn to the right, march gtraight forward, and be hatced by the instructor when toey shall have passed at least six paces beyond the rank of file closers; the captain will place himself correctly on the line of batrle, and will direct the alignment as the men of the front tank successively arrive; the covering sergeant will place himself behind the captain at the dislance of the rear rank; the two men on the right of the front rank doubled, will continue to march, and passing beyond the covering sergeant and the captain, will turn to the right; after turning, they will continue to march elbow to elbow, and direct themseives towards the line of battle, but when they shall arrive at two paces from this line, the even number will shorten the step so that the odd number may precede him on the line, the odd number placing himself by the side and on the left of the captain; the even number will afterwards oblique to the left, and place himselt on the left of the odd number; the next two men of the front cank doubled, will pass in the samo manner behind the $t w o$ first, turn then to the right, and place themeclves, according to the means just explained, to the left, and by the side of, the two men already established on the lice; the remaining files of this rank will follow in succession, and be formed to the left in the same manner. The rear rank doubled will execute the movement in the manner already explained fo: the front rank, taking care not to commence the movement until four men of the front rank are established on the line of battle; the rear rank men, as they arrive on the line, will cover accurately their file leaders.
3. If the company be marching by the lefi flank, the instructor will cause it to form by file on the left into line of battle, according to the same principles and by the same commands, substituting the indication leff for right. In this case, the odd numbers will shorten thestep, so that the even numbers may precede them on the line. The captain, placed on the left of the front rank, and the left guide, will return to their places in line of batcle, by order of the instructor, after the company shall be formed and alinged.

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150. If the company be marching by the lefi fank, the instructor will cause it to furm by file on the left into line of battle, sccording to tha same principles and by the same commands, substituting the indication left for right. In this case, the odd numbers will shorten thestep, so that the even numbers may precede them on the line. The captain, placed on the left of the front rank, and the left guide, will return to their places in line of battle, by order of the instructor, after the company shall be formed and alinged.
151. To enable the men the better to comprehend the mechanism of this movement, the instructor will at first cause it to be execured separately by each rank doubled, and afcerwards by the two ranks united and doubled.
152. The instructor will place himself on the line of battle, and without the point where the right or left is to rest, in ordar to establish the base of the alignment, and aiterwards, he will follow up the movement to assure himself that each file conforms itself to what is prescribed No. 149. Article Fifth.
The company being in march by the flank, to form it by company, or by platoon, into line, and to cause it to face to the right and left in marching.
 L 8

153. The company bein in march by the right flank, the iastructor will order the captrin to form it into line; the captain will immediately
 gean will continue to march straight forward; the men will advance the right shoulder, take the double quick step, and move into line, by the ihortest route, taking care to nadouble the files, and to come on the line one after the other.
155. As the front rank men successively arrive in line with the covering sergeant, they will take rom him the step, and then turn their eyes to the Font.
156. The men of the rear rank will conform to the movements of their respective file leaders, but without endeavoring to arrive in line at the same time wish the latter.
157. At the instant the movement begins, the captain will face to his company in order to follow up the execution; and, as soon as the company is formed, he will command, guide left, place himself two paces before the centre, face to the front, and take the step of the company.
158. At the command guide left, the second sergean will promptly place himself in the front rank, on the left, to serve as guide, and the covering sergeant who is on the opposite flank will remain there.
159. When the company marches by the left flank, this movement will be executed by the same commands, and according to the same prim-

## ry

 ciples; the company being formed, the captain will command guide right, and place himself in front of his company as above; the covering sergean who is on the right of the front rank. will serve as guide, and the second sergeant placed on the lefuflank, will remain there.160. Thus, in a column by company, right or left in front, the covering sergeant and the second sergeant (f each company will always be placed on the right and left, respectively, of the front rank; they will be denominated right guide and left guide, and the one or the other charged with the direction.
$=201$
161. The company being in march by the flank, if it be the wish of the instructor to cause it to form platoons; he will give an order to that effect
162. The movement will be executed by each ton according to the above principles. The aptain will place himself before the centre of the rit platoon, and the first lieutenant before the antre of the second, passing through the opening lade in the centre of the company, if the march thy the right flank, and arotind the left of his baton, if the march be by the left; in this last use, the captain will also pass around the left fthe second platoon, in order to place himself in front of the first. Both the captain and lieutenant,
 hend the mechanism of this movement, the instructor will at first cause it to ba executed separately by each rank doubled, and afcerwards by the two ranks united and doubled.
163. The instructor will place himsalf on the line of battle, and withone the point where the right or left is to rest, in order to establish the base of the alignment, and aterwards, he will fol-


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without waiting for each other, will command guide left (or right) at the instant their respective platcons are formed.

163. At the command guide left (or right), the guide of each platoon will pass rapidly to the indicated flank of the platoon, if no already thera.
164. Theright guide of the company will always gerve as the guide of the right or left of the first platoon, and the left guide of the comoany will serve, in like manner, as the guide of the second platoon.
165. Thus in a column, by platoon, there will be but one guide to each platoon; he will always be placed on its lefs flank if the right be in front, and on the right flank, if the left bs in front.
166. In these movements, the file closers will follow the platoons to which they are attached.
167. The instructor may cause the company, marching by the flank, to form by company, or by platoon, into line, by his own direct commands, using those prescribed for the eaptain, No. 153 or 161.
168. The instructor will exercise the company in passing, without a balt, from the march by the front, to the march by the flank, and reciprocally. In either case, he will employ the commands prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 363, substituting company for squad. The company will face to the right or left, in marching, and the captain, the guides and file closers will conform themselves to what is prescribed for each in the march by the flank, or in the march by the front of a company supposed to be a subdivision of a column.
169. If, after facing to the right or left, in marching, the company find itself faced by the rear rank, the captain will place himself two paces behind the centre of the front rank, now in the rear, the guides will pass to the rear rank, now leading, and the file closers will march in front of this rank.
170. The instructor, in order to avoid fatiguing the men, and to prevent them from being negligent in the fosition of shoulder arms, will sometimes order support arms in marching by the flank, and arms on the right shoulder, when marching in line.

## LESSON FIFTH.

## Article First.

To break into column by platoon, either at a halt or in march.
171. The company being at a halt, in line of battle, the instructor, wishing to break it into column, by platoon to the right, will com-mand:-


- pes To break into column by platoon, either at a halt or

171. The company being at a halt, in line of battle, the instructor, wishing to break it into column, by platoon to the right, will com-mand:-
172. By platoon, right wheel. 2. March.
173. At the first icommand, the chiefs of platoon will rapidly place themselves two paces before the centres of their respective platoons, the lieutenant passing around the left of the company. They need not occupy themselves with dressing, one upon the other. The covering sergeant will replace the captain in the front rank.
174. At the com-
 mand march, the right front rank man of each platoon will face to the right, the covering sergeant standing fast; the chief of each platoon will move quickly by the shortest line, a little beyond the point at which the marching flank will rest when the wheel shall be com-

- pleted, face to the late rear, and place himself so that the line which he forms with the man on the right (who had faced), shall be perpendicular to that occupied by the company in line of attle; each platoon will wheel according to the principles prescribed for the wheel on a fixed pivot, and when the man who conducts the marching flank shall approach near to the perpendicular, its chief will command:-


## 1. Platoon. Halt.

174. At the command halt, which will be given at the instant the man who conducts the marching flank shall have arrived at three paces from the perpendicular, the platooa will halt; the covering sergeant will move to the point where the left of the first platoon is to rest, passing by the front rank; the second sergeant will place himself, in Sike manner, in respect to the second platoon.
arom Each will take care to leave between himself and the man on the right of his plutoon, a space equal to its front; the captain and first lieutenant will look to this, and each take care to align the sergeant between himself and the men of the platoon who had faced to the right.


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LISten exticle, in the form above spoken of, has recently osnixtensir or y experimented with in the Pennsylyanis onpital, and with such marked sueoces (as will sipper Vie pup can recomished aceeunts in the medical journals) that úhíw II! NIt is carefully put wp, ready for immediate use, with full 78atrections, and can be obtained from all the Druggists af $8 \Lambda \tau^{5}$ cents per bottle, and at wholesale of

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3. Left-Dress.
176. The alignment being ended, each chief of platoon will command, Front, and place himself two paces before its centre.
177. The file closers will conform themselves to the movement of their respective platoons, pereunpin serving always the distance of two paces from the rear rank.
178. The company will break by platoon to the left, according to the same principles. The instructor will command:-

1. By platoon, left wheel. 2, March.
2. The first command will be executed in the same manner as if breaking by platoon to the right.
3. At the command march, the left front rank man of each platoon will face $t$ ) the left, and the platoons will wheel to the left, according to the principles prescribed for the wheel on a fixed pivot; the chiefs of platoon will conform to the principles indicated Nos. 173 and 174.
4. At the command halt, given by the chief of each platoon, the covering sergeant on the right of the front rank of the first platoon, and the second sergeant near the left of the second alaSoon, will each move to the points where the right of his platoon is to rest. The chief of each platorn should be careful to align the sergeant be$t$ ween himself and the man of the platoon who wind faced to the left, and will then command:-Right-Dress.
5. The platoons being aligned, each chief of yA cm platoon will command, Front, and place him(self opposite its centre.
6. The instructor wishing to break the commany by platoon to the right, and to move the column forward after the wheel is completed, will caution the company to that effect, and com-mana:-
7. By platoon, right wheel. 2. March.
8. At the first command, the chiefs of platoon will move rapidly in front of their respective pta-

## MM

 Ions, conforming to what has been prescribed No. 172, and will remain in this position during the continuance of the wheel. The covering sergean will replace the chief of the first platoon in the front rank.185 At the command march, the platoons will wheel to the right, conforming to the principles herein prescribed; the man on the pivot will not face to the right, but will mark time, conforming himself to the movement of the marching fisk; sand when the man who is on the left of this flank shall arrive near the perpendicular, the instructor will compognd:-

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 platoons will move straight to the front, sill the men taking the step of twenty-eight inches. The (covering sergeant and the second sergeant will move rapidly to the left of their respective platoons, the former passing before the front rank. The Jading guide will immediately take points on e ground in the direction which may be indisated to bim by the insirnctor.
157. At the fifth command, the mon will take be touch of elbows lightly to the left.
188. If the guide of the second platoon should apse bis distance, or the line of direction, ho will Mr L inform to the principles herein prescribed $N$ os.
 rand 203.
159. Ff the company be marching it line to the
front, the instructor will cause it to break by pistoon to the right by the same commands. At the command march, the platoons will wheel in the manner already explained; the man on the pivot will take care to mark time in his place, without ar'vancing or receding; the instructor, the chiefs of platoon, and the guides, will conform to what has been prescribed Nos. 184 and following.
190. The company may be broken by platoons to the left, according to the same principles, and by inverse means, the instructor giving the commands prescribed Nos. 183 and 185, substituting left for right, and reciprocally.
191. The movements explained in Nos. 183 and
$\qquad$ 189 will only be executed after the company has become well established in the principles of the march in column, Articles Second and Third.

## Remarks.

192. The instructor, placed in front of the company, will observe whether the movement be exccuted according to the principles prescribed above; whether the platoons, after breaking into column, are perpendicular to the line of battle just occupied; and whether the guide, who placed himself where the marching flank of his platoon had to rest has left, between himself and the front rank man on the right (or left,) the space necessary to contain the front of the platoon.
193. After the platoons have broken, if the rearmost guide should not accurately cover the lead-

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 ing one, he will not seek to correct his position till the column be put in march, unless the instructor, wishing to wheel immediately into line, should think it necessary to rectify the direction of the guides, which would be executed as will be hereinafter explained in Article Fifth of this Lesson. blished on the perpendicular, each chief will place bimself two paces outside of his guide, and facing towards him, will command:-3. Left-Dress.
4. The alignment being ended, each chief of A- $n$, platoon will command, Fro
5. The file closers will conform themselves to the movement of their respective platoons, prerear rank.
6. The company will break by platoon to the sMM left, according to the same principles. The instructor will command:-
7. By platoon, left wkeel. 2, MARCH.
8. The first command will be executed in the ayeny $\gamma$ same manner as if breaking by platoon to the right.
9. At the command march, the left front rank man of each platoon will fac3 ts the left, and the platoons will wheel to the left, according to the principles prescribed for the wheel on a fixed
mMAJ pivat; the chiefs of platoon will conform to the principles indicated Nos. 173 and 174.
10. At the command halt, given by the chief of each platoon, the covering sergeant on the right of the front rank of the first platoon, and the second sergeant near the left of the second pla$\therefore 00 n$, will cach move to the points where the right

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 of his platoon is to rest. The chief of each platoon should be careful to aliga the sergeant between himself and the man of the platoon who rizad faced to the left, and will then command:-Right-Dress.182. The platoons boing aligoed, each chief of
wa mplatoon will command, Front, and place himself opposite its centre.
183. The instructor wishing to break the company by platoon to the right, and to move the column forward after the wheel is completed, will caution the company to that effect, and com-mand:-
184. By platoon, right wheel. 2. MARCH.
185. At the first command, the chiefs of platoon will move rapidly in front of their respective platoons, conforming to what has been prescribed No. 172, and will remain in this position during the continuance of the wheel. The covering seryonp geant will replace the chief of the first platoon in ) the front rank.



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186. The guide of each platoon, being thus estanblished on the perpendicular, each chief will place himself two paces outside of his guide, and facing towards him, will command:-
187. Left-Dress.
188. The alignment being ended, exch chief of platoon will command, Front, and place himself

189. The file closers will conform themselves to unpen the movement of their respective platoons, areserving always the distance of two paces from the rear rank.
190. The company will break by platoon to the SMM structor will command:-
191. By platoon, left wheel. 2, March.
192. The first command will be executed in the
myna $\boldsymbol{y}$ same manner as if breaking by platoon to the right.
193. At the command march, the left front rank platoons will wheel to the left, according to the principles prescribed for the wheel on a fixed pivot; the chiefs of platoon will conform to the principles indicated Nos. 173 and 174.
194. At the command halt, given by the chief of each platoon, the covering sergeant on the right of the front rank of the first platoon, and the second sergeant near the left of the second alaCoon, will each move to the points where the right

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 of his platoon is to rest. The chief of each plotown should be careful to align the sergeant be$t$ ween himself and the man of the platoon who rial faced to the left, and will then command:-Right-Dress.182. The platoons being aligned, each chief of

MA Mr platoon will command, Front, and place himself opposite its centre.
183. The instructor wishing to break the compang by platoon to the right, and to move the column forward after the wheel is completed, will caution the company to that effect, and com-

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 mind:-1. By platoon, right wheel. 2. MARCH.
2. At the first command, the chiefs of platoon will move rapidly in front of their respective plawill move rapiding to what has been prescribed No. 172, and will remain in this position during the continuance of the wheel. The covering sergean will replace the chief of the first platoon in the front rank.
185 At the command march, the platoons will wheel to the right, conforming to the principles
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194. The instructor will observe that the man on theright (or left) of each platoon, who, at the command march, faces to the right (or left) being the true pivot of the wheel, the front rank man next to him ought to gain a little ground to the front in wheeling, so as to clear the pivot man. Article Second.

## To march in column.

195. The company having broken by platoon, right (or left) in front, the instructor, wishing to cause the column to march, will throw himself twenty-five or thirty paces in front, face to the guides, place himself correctly, on their direction, and caution the leading guide to take points on the ground.
196. The instructor being thus placed, the guide of the leading platoon will take two points on the ground in the straight line passing between his own and the heels of the instructor.
197. These dispositions being made, the instructor will step aside, and command :-
198. Column, forward. 2. Guide left (or right).

## 3. March.

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198. At the command march, promptly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, they, as well as the guides, will lead off, by a decided step, their respective platoons, in order that the whole may move smartly, and at the same moment.
199. The men will each feel lightly the elbow of his neighbor towards the gale, and conform himself, in marching, to the principles prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 327. The man next to the guide in each platoon, will take care never to pass him, and also to march always about six inches to the right (or left) from him, in order not to push him out of the direction.
200. The leading guide will observe, with the greatest precision, the length and cadence of the step, and maintain the direction of his march by the means prescribed No. 89.
201. The following guide will march exactly in the trace of the leading one, preserving between the latter and himself a distance precisely equal to the front of his platoon, and marching in the same step with the leading guide.
202. If the following guide lose his distance from the one leading (which can only happen by his own fault), he will correct himself by slightly lengthening or shortening a few steps, in order that there may not be sudden quickening or slackenings in the march of his platoon.
203. If the same guide, having neglected to march exactly in the trace of the preceding one, find himself sensibly out of the direction, he will remedy this fault by advancing more or less the shoulder opposite the true direction, and thus, in a few steps, insensibly regain it, without the inconvenience of the oblique step, which would

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 ments of its guide.

Remarks on the march in column.
204. If the cbiefs and guides of subdivisons neglect to lead off and to decide the march from the first step, the march will bo begun in uncertainty, which will cause waverings, a loss of step, and a loss of distance.
205. If the leading guide take unequal steps, the march of his subdivision, and that which follows, will be uncertain; there will be undulations, quickenings, and slackenings in the march.
206. If the same guide be not habituated to prolong a given direction, without deviation, he will describe a crooked line, and the column must wind to conform itself to such line.
207. If the following guide be not habituated to march in the trace of the preceding one, he will lose his distance at every moment in endeavors to regain the trace, the preservation of which is the most important principle in the march in column.
208. The guide of each subdivision in column will be responsible for the direction, distance, and step; the chief of the subdivision, for the order and conformity of his subdivision with the movements of the guide. Accordingly, the chief will frequently tarn, in the march, to observe his sabdivision.
209. The instructor, placed ou the flank of the guides, will watch over the execution of all the principles prescribed; he will, also, sometimes place himself in the rear, align himself on the guides, and halt, pending some thirty paces together, to verify the accuracy of the guides.
210. In column, chiefs of subdivision will al ways repeat, with the greatest promptitude, the commands march and halt, no chief waiting for snother, but each repeating the command the moment be catches it from the instructor. They will repeat no other command given by him; but will explain, if necessary, to their subdivisions, in an under tone of voice, what they will have to execute, as indicated by the commands of caution.

## Article Third. <br> To change direction.

211. The changes of direction of a column while marching, will be executed according to the principles prescribed for wheeling on the march. Whenever, therefore, a column is to change direction, the instructor will change the guide, if not already there, to the flank opposite the side to which the change is to be made.

212 The column being in march right in front, if it be the wish of the instructor to change direction to the right, he will give the order to the

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chief of the first platoon, and immediately go himself, or send a marker to the point at which the change of direction is to be made; the instructor, or marker, will place himself on the direction of the guides, so as to present the breast to that flank of the column.
210. Tuo loading guide will direct his march on that person, so that, in passtry, his left arm may just graze his breast. When the leading guide shall have approached near to the marker, the chief of this platoon will command:-

1. Right wheel. 2. March.
2. The first command will be given when the platoon is at the distance of four paces from the marker.
3. At the command march, which will be pronounced at the instant the guide shall have arrived opposite the marker, the platoon will wheel to the right, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 396.
4. The wheel being finished, the chief of each platoon will command:-
5. Forward. 4. March.
6. These commands will be pronounced and executed as is prescribed in the school of the soldier, Nos. 398 and 399. The guide of the first platoon will take points on the ground in the new direction, in order the better to regulate the march.
7. The second platoon will continue to march straight forward till up with the marker, when it will wheel to the right, and re-take the direct march by the same commands and the same means which governed the first platoon.
8. The column being in march right in front, if the instructor should wish to change direction to the left, he will command, guide right. At this command, the two guides will move rapidly to the right of their respective platoons, each pass. ing in front of his subdivision; the men will take the touch of elbows to the right; the instructor will afterwards conform to what is prescribed No. 212.
9. The change of direction to the left will then be executed according to the same principles as the change of direction to the right, but by inverse means.
10. When the change of direction is completed, the instructor will command, guide left.

22\%. The changes of direction in a column, left in front, will be exceuted sceording to the same principles.
223. In chenges of direction in \&oable quick sime, the platoons will wicel according to the principles prescribed in the school of the soldier NO. 404.
224. In order to prepare the men for those forrastions in tine which caw bo exucuted only by turning to tie right or the left, the insuactor will sometimes cause the column to change direction to the side of the guide. In this case, the chief of the leading platoon will command: Left (or right) turn, instead of left (or right) wheel. The subdivisions will each turn, in succession, conforming to what is prescribed in the school of the soldier, No. 402. The leading guide, as soon as he has turned, will take points on the ground, the better to regulate the direction of the march.
225. It is highly important, in order to preserve distances and the direction, that all tho subdivision of the column should change direction perecisely at the point where the leading subdivision changed; it is for this reason that that point ought to be marked in advance, and that it is prescribed that the guides direct their march on the marker, also that each chief of sub division shall not cause the change to commence till the guide of his subdivision has grazed the breast of this marker.

226 Each chief will take care that his subdivision arrives at the point of change in a square with the line of direction: with this view, he will face to his subdivision when the one which procedes has commenced to turn or to wheel, and he will be watchful that it continues to march squaredy until it arrives at the point where the change of direction is to commence.
227. It, in changes of direction, the pivot of the subdivision which wheels should not clear the wheeling point, the next subdivision would be arrested and distances lost; for the guide who conducts the marching flank having to describe an arc, in length about a half greater than the front of the subdivision, the second subdivision would be already up with the wheeling point, whilst the first which wheels has yet the half of its front to exec cute, and hence would be obliged to mark time until that half be executed. It is therefore prescribed, that the pivot of each subdivision should take steps of nine or eleven inches in length, according to the 8 wiftness of the gait, in order not to arrest the march of the next subdivision. The chiefs of subdivision will look well to the step of the pivot, and cause his step to be lengthened or shortened as may be judged necessay. By the nature of this movement, the centre of each subdivision will bend a little to the rear.
228. The guides will never alter the length or the cadence of the step, whether the change of direction be to the side of the guide or to the opposite side.
229. The marker, placed at the wheeling point, will always present his breast to the flank of the column. The instructor will take the greatest pains in causing the prescribed principles to be observed; he will see that each subdivision only
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furning to the ught or the left, the mow actor will to the side of the guide. In this case, the chief of the leading platoon will command: Left (or right) turn, instead of left (or right) wheel. The sub-divisions will each turn, in succossion, conforming to what is prescribed in the schpol of the soldier, No. 402. The leading guide, as soon as he has turned, will take points on the grouad, the better to regulate the direction of the march.
225. It is highly important, in order to preserve distances and the direction, that all tho subdivisions of the column should change direction precisely at the point where the leading subdivision changed; it is for this reason that that point ought to be marked in advance, and that it is prescribod that the guides direct their march on the marker, also that each chief of sub livision shall not cause the change to commence till the guide of his subdivision bas grazed the breast of this marker.

226 Each chief will take care that his subdivision arrives at the point of change in a square with the line of direction: with tbis view, he will face to his subdivision when the one which precedes has commenced to turn or to wheel, and he will be watchful that it continues to march \&quarely until it arrives at the point where the change of direction is to commence.
227. If, in changes of direction, the pivot of the subdivision which wheels should not clear the wheeling point, the next subdivision would be arrested and distances lost; for the guide who conducts the marching flank having to describe an arc, in length about a half greater than the front of the subdivision, the second subdivision would be already up with the wheeling point, whilst the first which wheels has yet the half of its front to exe cute, and hence would be obliged to mark time until that half be executed. It is therefore prescribed, that the pivot of each subdivision should take steps of nine or eleven inches in length, according to the 8 wiftness of the gait, in order not to arrest the march of the next subdivision. The chiefs of subdivision will look well to the step of the pirot, and cause his step to be lengthened or shortened as may be judged necessary. By the nature of this movement, the centre of each subdivision will bend a little to the rear.
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229. The marker, placed at the wheeling point, will always present his breast to the flank of the column. The instructor will take the greatest pains in causing the prescribed principles to be observed; he will see that each subdivision only

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commences the change of direction when the quide, grazing the breast of the marker, has nearly passed him, and, that the marching flank does not describe the arc of too large a circle, in order that it may not be thrown beyond the new direction.

230. In change of direction by wheel, the guide of the wheeling flank will cast his eyes over the ground at the moment of commercing the wheel, and will describe an arc of a circle whose radius is equal to the front of the subdivision.

Ito br concintidac
Article Fourth.
To hait the column.
231. The column being in march, when the instructor shall wish to halt it, be will command:1. Column. 2 Halr.
232. At the second command, promptly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, the column will halt; tre guides also will stand fast, altbough they may have lost both distance and direction.
233. If the command halt, be not repeated with the greatest vivacity, and execuled at the same instant, distances will be lost.
234. If a guide, having 1 ist, his distance, seek to recover it after that command, he will only throw his fault on the following guide, who, if he has marched well, will no longer be at his proper distance; and if the latter regain what he has thus lost, the morement will be propagated to the rear of the column.

## Article Fifth.

Being in column by platoon, to form to the right or left into line of battte, either at a halt or on the march.
235 . The instructor having halsed the columan, right in front, and wishing to form it into line of battle, will place himself at platoon distance in front of the leading guide, fice to him, and rectify, if necessary, the position of the guide beyond; which being executed, he will comnaand: Left-Dress.
236. At this command, which will not be repeated by the chiefs of platoon, each of them will place himself briskly two paces outside of his guide, and direct the alignment of the platoon perpendicularly to the direction of the column.
237. Each chief haviag aligned his platoon, will command Front, and return quickly to his place

## -m $/$ in column.

238. This disposition being made, the instructor will command:
239. Left into line, wheel. 2. Mazch.
240. At the command march, briskly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, the tront rank man on the left of each platoon will face to the left, and place his breast slightly against the arm of the guide by his side. who stands fast; the platoons will wheel to the left on the priticiple of waeess
frem a lisit, and in conformity to what is prescrib-

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will wheel to the left on the priuciple of wheels from a halt, and in conformity to what is prescribed No. 191. Each chief will turn to his platoon to observe its movement, and when the marching flank has approached near the line of battle, he will command:


## 1. Platoon. 2 Halt.

240. The command halt, will be given when the marching flank of the platoon is three paces from A the line of battle.
241. The chief of the second platoon, having halted it, will retarn to bis place as a file closer, passing around the left of his subdivision.
242. The captain having halted the first platoon, will move rapidly to the point at which the right of tho company will rest in line of battle, and commax.d:

## Right-Dress.

243. At this command, the two platoons will dress up on the slignment; th $\rightarrow$ front rank man on the right of the leading platoon, who finds himself opposite the instructor established on the direction of the guides, will place his breast lightly against the left arm of this officur. The captain will direct the alignment from the right on the maz on the opposite flank of the company.
244. The company being/aligued, the captain will command:

## Front.

245. The instructor seeiag the company in line of battie, will command:

Guides-Posrs.
246. At this command, the eovering sergeant will cover the captain, and the left guide will return to his place as a file closer.
217. If the column be lef 5 in front, and the instructor siould wish to form it to the right into line of battle, he will place himsalt at platoon distance in front of the leading guide, face to him, and rectify, if necessary, the position of the guide beyond; which being executed, he will command:

1. Right into line, wheel. 2 Marce.
2. At the command march, the frent rank man on the right of each platoon will face to the right and place bis breast lightly against the left arm of the guide by his side, who stands fast; each platoon will wheel to the right, and will be halted Dy its chief, when the marching flunk has approacbed near the line of battle; for this purpose, the chief of each platoon will command:

## 1. Plateon. 2. Halt.

249. The command halt, will be eiven when the marching flank of the platoon is three paces from the line of battle. The chief of the second platoon having halted his platoon, wit resume his place in the rank of file closers.
250. The captain having halted the first platoen, will move briskly to the point at which the left of the company will rest, and command:

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251. At this command, the two platoons will dress up on the alignment; the man on the left of the second platoon, opposite the instructor, will place his breast lizhtly against the right arm of this officer, and the captain will direct the alignment from the left on the man on the opposite
flank of the company. flank of the company.
252. The company being aligned, the captain will command:

Front.
253. Tho instructor will afterwards command:

Guides-Posrs.
254. At this command, the captain will move to the right of his company, the covering sergeant will cover him, and the left guide will recurn to his place as a file closer.
255. The instructor may omit the command left or right dress, previous to commanding left or right into ione, wheel, unless, affer rectifying the position of the guides, it should become necessary to dress the platoons, or one of them, latorally to the , xight or left.
256. The instructor, before the command left (or right) into line, wheel, will assure himself that the rearmost platoon is at its exact wheeling distance from the one in front. Tais attention is important, in order to derect negligence on the part of the guices in this essential point.
257. If the column ba marching fight in front, and the instructor should wish to form it into line without halting the column, he will give the command prescribed No. 238, and move rapidly to platoon distance in front of the leading guide.
258. At the command march, briskly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, the left guides will halt short, the instructor, the chiefs of platoon, and the piatoons, will conform to what is prescribed No. 238 and following.
259. If the column be in march left in front, this formation will be made according to the same principles, and by inverse means.
260. If the column be marching right in front, and the instructor should wish to form it into line without halting the column, and to march the company in line to the front, he will command:

1. By platoons left wheel. 2. Margr.
2. At the command march, briskly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, the left guides will halt; the man next to the left guide io each platoon, will mark time: the platoons will wheel to he left, conforming to the principles of the wheel on a fixed pivot. When the right of the platoons shall srrive near the line of battle, the instractor will
command: command:
3. Forward. 4. Marca. 5. Guide right (or lef.) 262. At the fourth command, given at the instant the wheel is completed, all the men of the
company will move off together wich the step of twenty-ight inches; the captain, the chiof of the second piatoon, the coverimg sergeant, and the left 2ruide will take their positions as in line of battle.
4. At the fifth command, which will be given timmediately after the fourth, the captain and covering sergeant, if not already there, will more briskly. to the side on which the gaide is designa-
 tod. The non-commissioned offcer charged with the direction will move rapidly in front of the guide, and will be assured in his line of march by Tne instructor, es is prescribed No. 104. That youn-commissioned officer will immediately take points on-the ground as indicated in the same gumber. The men will take the touch of elbows to tho side of the guide, conforming themselves to Sha principles of the march in line.
5. The same principles are applicable to a columor left in front.

## LESSON SIXTH.

## Abticla First.

2
company will move off together with the step of zwenty-eight inches; the captain, the chief of the second platoon, the covering sergeant, and the left suide will take their positions as in line of battle.
263. At the fifth command, which will be given ammodiately after the fourth, the captain and covering sergeant, if not already there, will more briskiy to the side on which the guide is designsted. The zon-commissioned offlcer charged with the direction will move rapidly in front of the gruids, sind will be assured in his line of march by the instructor, 8 is prescribed No. 104. That yon-commanissioned officor will immediately take points on-the ground as indicated in the same gamber. The men will take the touch of elbows To tho side of the guide, conforming themselves to She principles of the march in line.
264. The same principles are applicable to a colums left in front.

LESSON SIXTH.
Articla First.
To break the company into platoons, and to re-form the company.

251. At this command, the two platoons will dress up on the alignment; the man on the left of the second platoon, opposite the instructor, will place his breast lightly against the right arm of this officer, and the captain will direct the alignment from the left on the man on the opposite flank of the company.

## $\cdots$

252. The company being aligned, the captain will command:

## Fiont.

253. Tho instructor will afterwards command: Guides-Posts.
254. At this command, the captain will move to the right of his company, the covering sergeant will cover him, and the left gude will recurn to his place as a file closer.
255. The instructor may omit the command left共 or right dress, previous to comaunding left or right into tine, wheel, unless, afcer rectifying the position of the guides, it should become necessary to dress the platoons, or one of them, laterally to the xight or left.
256. The instructor, before the command left (or right) into line, wheel, will assure himself that the rearmost platoon is at its exact wheeling distance from the one in front. This attention is important, in order to derect negligence on the part of the guices in this essential point.
257. If the column be marching fight in front, and the instructor should wish to form it into line without halting the column, he will give the command prescribed No. 238, and move rapidly to platoon distance in front of the leading guide.
258. At the command march, briskly repeated by the chiefs of platoon, the left guides will halt short, the instructor, the chiefs of platoon, and the platoons, will conform to what is prescribed No. 232 and following.
259. If the column be in march left in front, this formation will be made according to the same principles, and by inverse means.
260. If the column be marching right in front, and the instructor should wish to form it into line without halting the column, and to march the company in line to the front, he will command:




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To break the company into platoons.


1

265. The company marching in the cadenced step, and supposed to make part of a column, right in front, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to break by platoon, he will give the order to the captain, who will command: 1. Break into platoons, and immediately place himself before the centre of the first platoon.
266. At the command break into platoons, the first lieutenant will pass quickly around the left to the centre of his platoon, and give the caution: Mark time.
267. The captain will then command: 2. March. 268. The first platoon will continue to march straight forward; the covering sergeant will move rapidly to the left flank of this platoon (passing by the front rank) as soon as the flank shall be dis-
268. The first platoon will continue to march straight forward; the covering sergeant will move rapidly to the left flank of this platoon (passing by the front rank) as soon as the flank shall be disengaged.
269. At the command march, given by the captain, the second platoon will begin to mark time; its chief will immediately add: 1. Right oblique: 2. March.. The last command will be given so that this platoon may commence obliquing the instant the rear rank of the first platoon shall have

- passed. The men will shorten the step in obliquing, so that when the command forward march is given, the platoon may have its exact distance.

270. The guide of the second platoon being near the direction of the guide of the first, the chief of the second will command Forward, and add March, the instant that the guide of his platoon shall cover the guide of the first.
271. In a column, left in front, the company will break into platoons by inverse means, applying to the first platoon all that has been prescribed for the second, and reciprocally.

272 In this case, the left guide of the company will shift to the right flank of the second platoon, and the covering sergeant will remain on the right of the first.

## To re-form the company.

273. The column, by platoon, being in march, right in front, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to form company, he will give the order to the captain, who will command : Form company.
274. Having given this command, the captain will immediately ade: 1. First platoon; 2. Right oblique.
275. The chief of the second platoon will caution it to continue to march straight forward.
276. The captain will then command: 3. March.
277. At this command, repeated by the chief of the second, the first platoon will oblique to the right, in order to unmask the second; the covering sergeant, on the left of the first platoon, will return to the right of the company, passing by the front rank.
278. When the first platoon shall have nearly unmasked the second, the captain will commarid: 1. Mark time, and at the instant the unmasking shall be complete, he will add: 2. March. The first platoon will then cease to oblique, and mark time.
279. In the mean time the second platoon will have continued to march straight forward, and when it shall be nearly up with the first, the captain will command Forward, and at the instant the two platoons shall unite, add Marom; the first platoon will then cease to mark time.
280. In a column, left in front, the same movement will be executed by inverse means, the chief of the second platoon giving the command Forward, and the captain adding the command MARCH, when the platoons are united.


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odd number; the two front rank men will, in like manner, move to the right when the rear rank of the company shall clear them, the odd number will place himself behind the first fite, the even number behind the second file, passing for this purpose behind the odd number. If the files are broken from the right, the men will move to the left, advancing the outer shoulder, the even number of the rear rank will place himself bobind the third file, the odd number of the same rank bohind the fourth; the even number of the front rank behind the first file, the odd number of the same rank behind the second, the odd numbers for this purpose passing behind the even numbers. The men will be careful not to lose their distances and to keep aligned.
291. If the instructor should still wish to break two files from the same side, he will give the order to the captain, who will proceed as above directed.
292. At the command march, given by the captain, the files already broken, advancing a little the outer shoulder, will gain the space of two files to the right, if the files are broken from the loft, and to the left, if the files are broken from the right, shortening, at the same time, the step, in order to make room between themselves and the rear rank of the company for the files last ordered to the rear; the latter will break by the same commands and in the same manner as the ficst. The men who double should increase the length of the step in order to provent distances from being lost.
293. The instructor may thus diminish the front of a company by breaking off successive groups of two files, but the new files must always be broken from the same side.
294. The instructor, wishing to cause files broken off to return into line, will give the order to the captain, who will immediately command:-

1. Two files into line. 2. March.
2. At the command march, the first two files of those marching by the flank will retarn briskly into line, and the others will gain the space of two files by advancing the inner shoulder towards the flank to which they belong.
3. The captain will turn to his company, to watch the observance of the principles which have just been prescribed.
4. The instructor having caused groups of two files to break one after another, and to return again into line, will afterwards cause two or three groups to break together, and for this purpose, will com-mand:-Four or six files from left (or right) to rear; March. The files designated will mark time; each rank will advance a little the outer shoulder as scon as the rear rank of the company shall clear it, will oblioue at once, and each grous win prace atseir benind the four ncighboring files
shoulder as scoull oblioue at once and each grouo vin prace itseir benind the four neizhboring files, and in the same manner, as if the movement had been executed group by group, taking care that the distances are preserved.
5. The instructor will next order the captain to cause two or three groups to be brought into line at once, who turning to the company will command:

Fouror six files into line-march.
299. At the command march, the files designated will advance the inner shoulder, move up and form on the flank of the company by the shortest lines.
300. As often as files shall break of to the rear, the guide on that flank will gradually close on the nearest front rank man remaining in line, and he will also open out to make room for files or derfd into lipe.
301. The files which march in the rear are disposed in the following order:-the left files as if the company was marehing by the right flank, and the right files as if the company was marching by the left fank. Consequently, whanever there is on the right or left of a subdivision, a file which does not belong to a group, it will be broken singly.
302. It is necessary to the preservation of distances in colnmn, that the men should be habituated in the schools of detail to execute the movements of this article with precision.
303. If new files broken off do not step well to the left or right in obliquing; if, when files are ordered into line, they do not move up with promptitude and precision, in eithor case the following files will be arrested in their raarch, and thereby cause the column to be lengthened out.
304. The instructor will place himself on the flank from which the files are broken; to assuce bimself of the exact observance of the principles.
305. Files will only be broken off from the side of direction, in order that the whole company may easily pass from the front to the flank march.
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will place itself behind the four neighboring files, and in the same manner, as if the movement had been executed group by gromp, taking care that the distances are preserved.

298. The instructor will next order the captain to cause two or three groups to be brought into line at once, who turning to the company will command:

## Fouror six files into line-March.

299. At the command march, the files designated will advance the inner shoulder, move up and form on the flank of the company by the shortest lines. 300. As often as files shall break off to the rear, the guide on that ftank will gradually close on the nearest front rank man remaining in line, and he will also open out to make room for files orderfd into line.
300. The files which march in the rear are disposed in the following order:-the left files as if the company was marching by the right flank, and the right files as if the company was marching by the left ffank. Consequently, whanever there is on the right or left of a subdivision, a file which does not belong to a group, it will be brcken singly.
302 It is necessary to the preservation of distances in colnmn, that the men should be habituated in the schools of detail to execute the movements of this arriele with precision.
301. If new files broken off do not step well to the left or right in obliquing; if, when files are ordered into line, they do not move up with promptitude and precision, in eithor case the following files will be arrested' in their raareh, and thereby cause the column to be lensthened out.
304 . The instructor will place himself on the flank from which the files are broken, to assuce bimself of the exact observance of the principles.
302. Files will only be broken off from the side of direction, in order that the whole company may easily pass from the front to the flaak march. [TO BE CONTINUED.]
abticle Thitrd.
To warch the column in reute, and to execute the movements incident thereto.
303. The swiftness of the route step will be one hundred and ten steps in a minate; this swiftness will be habitually maintained in columns in route, when the roads and ground may permit.
307 The company being at a halt, and supposed to constitute a subdivision of a column, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march in the route step, he will command:
304. Column, forward. 2. Guide, left (or right).

> 3. Route step. 4. MARCH.
308. At the command march, repeated by the captain, the two ranks will step off together; the rear rank will take, in marching, by shortening, a
odd number; the two front rank mea will, in like manner, move to the right when the rear rank of the company shall clear them, the odd number will place himself behind the first file, the even number behind the second file, passing for this purpose behind the odd number. If the files are broken from the right, the men will move to the left, advancing the outer shoulder, the even number of the rear rank will place himself bobind the third file, the odd number of the same rank -50hind the fourth; the even number of the front rank behind the first file, the odd number of the same rank behind the second, the odd numbers for this purpose passing behind the even numbers. The men will be careful not to lose their distances and to keep aligned.
291. If the instructor should still wish to break two files from the same side, he will give the order to the captain, who will proceed as above directed.
292. At the command march, given by the captain, the files already broken, advancing a little the outer shoulder, will gain the space of two files to the rioht. if the files are broken from the laft, and to $\mathrm{NHM}_{\mathrm{N}}$ Stoth files are broken from the right, $s_{T}^{2!4 \mu}$

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 KOILOAV S.XATYOV hundred and ten steps in a minute; this swiftness will be habitually maintained in columns in route, when the roads and ground may permit.307 The company being at a halt, and sup. posed to constitute a subdivision of a column, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to march in the route step, he will command:

1. Column, forward. 2. Guide, left (or right). 3. Route step. 4. March.
2. At the command march, repeated by the captain, the two ranks will step off together; the year yank will take, in marching, by shortening a
few steps, a distance of one pace (twenty-eight inches) frem the rank preceding, which distance will be computed from the breasts of the men in the rear rank, to the knapsacks of the men in the front rank. The men, without further command will immediately carry their srms at will, as indicated in the school of the soldier, No. 219. They will no longer be required to march in the cidence pace, or with the same foot, or to remaia silent. The files will march at ease; but care will be token to prevent the ranks from intermixing, the front razk from getting in advance of the guide, and the rear rank from opening to too great a distance.
3. The company marching in the route step, the instructor will cause it to change direction, which will be executed without formal commands, on a simple caution from the captain; the rear rank will come up to change direction in the same manner as the front rank. Each rank will conform itseif, although in the route step, to the princip'es which have been prescribed for the change in ciosed ranks, with this difference only: that the pivot man, instead of taking steps of nine, will take sleps of fourteen inches, in order to clear the wheeling point.
4. The company-marching in the route step: to cause it to pass to the cadencel step, the in structor will first order pieces to be brought to the rigint shoulder, snd then command:-
5. Quick time. 2. Marcir.
6. At the command march, the men will resume the cadenced step, and will close so as to eave a distance of sixteen inches between each rank.
7. The company marching in the cajenced pace, the instructor, to cause it to take the route step, will command:
8. Route step. 2. March.
9. At the command march, the Iront rank will contiaue the step of twenty eight inches, the rear rank will take, by gradually shortening the step, the distance of twenty eight iuches from the front rank; the men will carry their arms at will.
10. If the company be marching in the route step, and the instructor should suppose the necessity of marcking by the flank in the same direction, he will command:
11. Companyby the right (or loft) flank. 2. By file lefl (or right). 3. MaRCH.
12. At the command march, the company will face to the right (or left) in marehing, the captaia will place himself by the side of the guide who conducts the leading flank: this guide will wheel immediately to the lef: or right; all the files wil come in succession to whesl on the same spot as the guide; if there be files broken off to the rear, they will, by wheeling, regain theic respective places, and follow the movement of the com- rear, they will, by wheeling, regain theic respective places, and follow the movement of the company.
13. The instructor having caused the company to be again formed into line, will exercise it in increasing and diminishing froat, by platoon, which will be executed by the same commands, and the came means, as if the company were marching in the cadenced step. When the company breaks into platocns, the chief of each will move to the flank of bis platoon, snd will take the place of the guide, who will step back into the rear rank.
14. The company being in colimn, by platoon, and supposed to march in the rouse step, the instructor can cause the front to be diminished and increased, by section, if the platoons have a front of twelve files or more.
15. The movements of diminishing and increasing front, bysection, will be executed according to the principles indicated for the same movements by platoon. The right sestions of plato ons will be commanded by the captain and first lieutenant, respectively; the left sections, by the two next subaltens in rank, or, in their absence, by sergeants.
16. The instructor wishing to diminish by section, will give the order to the captain, who will command:-

## 1. Brealc into sections. 2. March.

320 . As soon as the plitoons shall be broken, each chief of eection will place himself on its directing flank in the front rank, the guides who will be thus displaced will fall back into the rear razk: the file clcsers will close up to within one pace of this rank.
321. Platoons will be broken into sections only in the column in route, the movement wil nover be executed in the manœurres, whatever may be the front of the company.
329. When the instructor shall wish to re-form platoons, he will give the order to the captain, who will command:

1. Form platoons. 2 March.

323 At the first command, each chief of section will place himself below i's centre, and the guides will pass into the front rank. At the command march, the movement will be exe cuted as has been prescribed for forming company. The momeat the platoons are formed, the chiefs of the left sections will return to their places as file closers.
321. The instructor will also cause to be executed the diminishing and increasing front by files, as prescribed in the preesding article, and in the same manner as if marching in the cadenced step. When the company is broken into sections, the subdivisions must not be reduced to a front of less than six files, not counting the chief of the section.


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5. Let your beard grow, so as to protect the throat and lungs.
6. Keep your entire person clean ; this prevents fevers and bowel complaints in warm climates. Wash your body each day, if possible. AvoId strong coffee and only meat. General Scott said that the too free use of these (together with neglect in keeping the skin clean) cost many a soldier his life in Mexico.
7. A sudden check of perspiration by chilly or

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Store and dwelling, Callowhill Twenty-third, 18 by 60 feet, subject to part of a year ground rent of $\$ 148, \$ 825$.
Three story stone dwelling, Twenty-third stree
above Callowhlll, lot 16 by 42 feet, subject to part a yearly rent of $\$ 148, \$ 350$.
34 feet, subject to par! of a yearly ground rent of $\$ 14$ $\$ 200$. Three story stone dwelling, Brown court, lot 12
34 feet, subject to part of a yearly ground rent of $\$ 14$ $\$ 180$
Two Two 3 story stone dwellings, Brown court, eat
lot 13 by 34 subject to a part of a yearly ground re of $\$ 148, \$ 200$ and $\$ 400$ each. Three story brick dwelling, Logan street, ibo
3. The company being broken by platoon, or by section, the instructor will canse it, marching in the route stap, to march by the flank in the same direction, by the commands and the means indicatcd, Nos 314 and 315 . The moment the subdivisiens shall face to the right (or left), the first file of each will wheel to the left ( 0 r right), in marching, to prolong the direction, and to unite with the rear file of the subdivision immediately preceding. The file closers will take their habi ual places in the march by the flaak, before the union of the subdivisions.
4. If the company be marching by the right flar $k$, and the instructor should wieh to undouble the files, which might eometimez be found necessary, he will inform the captain, who, after cansing the cadenced step to be resuned, and arms to be shouldeed or supporte? , will command:
5. In two ranks, undowble files. 2. MARCH.
6. At the second command, the odd numbers will continue to march stcaight forward, the even numbers will shorten the step, and obliquing to the lefc will place themselves promptly benind the odd numbers; the rear rank will gain a step to the left 80 as to re-take the touch of elbows on the side of the front rank.
7. If the company be marching by the left flank, it will be the even numbers who will continue to march forward, and the odd numbers who will undouble.
8. If the instructor should wish to double the files, he will give the order to the captain, who will command:
9. In four ranks, double files. 2. MARCH.
10. At the command mareh, the files will double in the manner as explained, when the company faces by the right or the left flank. The instructor will afterwards cause the route step to be resumed.
11. The various movements prescribed in this lesson may be executed in doable quick time. The men will be brought, by degrees, to pass over at this gait about eleven hundred yards in seven minutes.
12. When the company marching in the route step shall halt, the rear rank will close up at the command halt, and the whole will shoulder arms.
13. Marching in the route step, the men will be permitted to carry their pieces in the manner they shall find most convenient, paying attention

## only to holding tha muzzles up, so as to avoid a:cidents.

## Article Fourth. Countermarch.

381. The company being at a halt, and sup. posed to connstitute part of a column, right in front, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to
382. At the second command, the company will face to the right, the two guides to the right about; the captain will go to the right of his compazy and cause two files to breols to the rear, and then place himself by the side of the front rank man, to conduct him.
336 At the command march, both guides will stand fast; the company will stop of smartly; the first file, conducted by the captain, will wheel around the right guide, and direct its march along the front rank, so as to arrive behind, and two paces from the left guide; each file will come in succession to wheel on the sama ground around the light guide; the leading file having arrived at a point opposite to the left gride, the captain will command:-
383. Company, 2. Halt. 3. Front. 4. Right-

## Dress.

387. The first command will be given at four paces from the point where the leading file is to rest.
388. At the second command, the company will halt.
389. At the third, it will face to the front.
390. At the fourth, the company will dress by the right; the captain will step two paces outside of the left guide, now on the right, and direct the alignment, so that the front rank may be caclosed between the two guides; the company being aligned, he will command Frons, and place himself before the centre of the company as if in column; the guides, passing along the front rank, will shift to their proper places, on the right and left of that rank.
391. In a column, by platoon, the countermarch will be executed by the same commands, and according to the same principles; the guide of each platoon will face about, and its chief will place himself by the side of the file on the right, to conduct it.
392. In a column, left in front, the countermarch will be executed by inverse commands and means, but according to the same principles. Thns, the movement will be made by the right flank of subdivisions, if the right be in front, and by the left flank, if the left be in front; in both cases the subdivisions will wheel by file to the side of the front rank.

## Article Fifth.

Being in column by platoon, to form on the right
343 . The column by platoon, right in front, being in march, the instructor, wishing to form it on the iight into line of battle, will command:

1. Oni the right into line. 2. Guide right.



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## Article Fourth.

Countermarch.
331. The company being at a halt, and supposed to constitute part of a colnmn, right in front, when the instructor shall wish to cause it to counter march, he will command:

1. Covatermarch. 2. Company, right-FAcs.
2. By file left. 4. March.
3. At the second command, the company will face to the right, the two guides to the right about; the captain will go to the right of his company and cause two files to brenk to the rear, and then place himself by the side of the front rank man, to conduct him.
336 At the command march, both guides will stand fast; the company will stap off smartly; the first file, conducted by the captain, will wheel around the right guide, and direct its march along the front rank, so as to arrive behind, and two paces from the left guide; each file will come in succession to wheel on the sama ground around the right guide; the leading file baving arrived at a point opposite to the left guide, the captain will command:-
4. Company.
5. Har.t. 3. Front. 4. Right-
6. The first command will be given at four paces from the point where the leading file is to rest.
7. At the second command, the company will halt.
8. At the third, it will face to the front.
9. At the fourth, the company will dress by he right; the captain will step two paces outside of the left guide, now on the right, and direct the alignment, so that the front rank may be caclosed between the two guides; the company being aligned, he will command Front, and place himself before the centre of the company as if in column; the guides, passing along the front rank, will shift to their proper places, on the right and left of that xank.
10. In a column, by platoon, the countermarch will be executed by the same commands, and according to the same principles; the guide of each platoon will face about, and its chicf will place himself by the side of the file on the right, to conduct it.

342 . In a column, left in front, the countermarch will be executed by inverse commands and means, lout according to the same principles. Thus, the movement will be made by the right flank of subcivisions, if the right be in front, and by the left flank, if the left be in front; in both cases the subdivisions will wheel by file to the side of the front rank.

Article Fifth.
Bing in column by platoon, to form on the right (or left) inio line of battle.
34. The column by platoon, right in front, being is march, the instructor, wishing to form it on the iight into line of battle, will command:

1. On the right into line. 2. Guide right.

THOMAS \& SANS, AUCTIONKERS,
NOB 199 and 141 S Fourth street. ) CR AND REAL FET e, every Tuesday. ORPPATE SALES at the ExASBIGNEES AND OFHER S OOURT, EKEDUig Sales $16 t h, 23 \mathrm{~d}$ snd 30 th of April ES.-Their forthamonnt of flrst-class City April, will comprise a NITORE at the Ancilon sture every Country Property. ด OF SUPTETOR ANIELIERQ, FRENCHURNITLRE, FLEGAN1 I BEDDING, CHINA PLATE MIRROAS, BEDS IGE QTANTITY OE AND GLASSWARE, A REING FIRE YROOF, EVA RPETS, SUPERIOR E, \&c. B-
will comprise THLS MORNING, at tha atiction flered this season largest assortment of farbiture. and chamber fornituresisting of superior walnut, b plate mirror, beds and flegant gilt gas chandaliers, a large quantity of medd bedding, china and glassmperial, jngrain and Venetian cotapestry, Bras8 tire proef safe, larize iron safe, capets, spparior n, de Forming a desirable safe, made by Evans \& lon of ladies and others desirous of purchersthy the logues now ready and the articles purchaslag. tion.
or
OF RARE CURIOUS AND INTERESTING KS, MANUSGRPTS, AUTOGRIPHS, ENGRAV. 8 And palintings.
On Wednesday and Tharsday Everings, orth street, a collection of rare cure, Nos. 189, and 141 coks, manuscripts, aun of rare, curious and interest2gs. from the privase llorary of a fentlemanngseand ty.
particulars, see catalogues, which will be realy ry previoas.
$\square$
Bale Nos. 139 and 141 S. Forrth street.
RIOR FURNITUIRE, FRENOH PLATE MIRRORS,
PIANOFORTE, BRU8SELS CARPETS, \&C. This morning.
o'clock, at the auction store, an extensive assortts, exce. from seconel-hand furniture, fine mirrors, d to the store formilies declining housekeeping-re t be examined at 8 o'clock once or sale.

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& \text { clock on the morning of sate. }
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$$ RIOR Sale No. 874 N. Slxth street.

PETS, \&C. On Friday morning,
3 at at 10 o'clock, at No. 874 N. Sixth strect, by'cata, the superior parior, dining-room and chamberfar is, fuperior sprich plate mantel mirror, fine Brassels 1 tea sets, cce. be examined at 8 o'clock on the morning of sale.
Bakers, \&c-Sale comer Broad and Vine streets. ITURE TOOLS. BAKER ${ }^{\circ}$ P PUSII CARTS, WAis, BREAD CYESTS, IRON\&BREAD PANS, ©C. On Friday morning,
3 d , at $100^{\text {'eleck, withcut reserve, at the Mechani- }}$ Kery. S. W. corner of Brond and Vine streets, $a$ particulars in printed caperty.
mol ostato with steam eatalorines, now ready.
team engines, dc., wil be sold at

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 $\dagger \sqrt{\text { ALFRED M. HKRKNKSB, THETA }}$ ombphy Horse and Carriage Bazaar, S. L. corner
th and Sausom streets, between Ohesnut and Walgets.
[Du is of horses, carriages and harness, held regularly Saturday morning throughout the year, comag at 10 o' cook.
largest collection of new and second-hand carhazes, saddles, \&e. in the city, may be seen at ablishment for private sale.
dor sales attended to on reasonable terms.
HORSES, VEHICLES, AND HARNESS On Saturday Mornlag,
o'cleck, at the Bazaar, Ninth and Sansom streets, sold, Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.
articulars see Public Ledger every Thursday and and printed catalogues at the salic.

SALE OF CARRIAGES AND HARNESS On saturday morning,
o'elock, previous to the sale of the Horses, will be large collection of desirable new and second-hasd es, wagons, \&c.
3 kew light carts.
2 express wagons and 2 light dearborns.
HUNDRED CARRIGES AT AUOTION.-SECOND SPRING SALE FOR 1851.
onsequence of the extraordinary money pressure of ans, and the accumulation of his stock of new carthe subscriber will hold a second sale for this , which will take place
On Wednesday morning,
8, at 10 o'clock, at the Bazaar, corner Ninth and n streets,
eulars in time.
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Haar sales of Dry Goods, de., every Monday, Fedself.
SALE ON FRIDAY MORNING, MAY Bd.
$k$ of dry goods, embroideries, hosiery, trimmings, satinets, caps, hats, shawls, de
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Suxyitug.
OR FRZIGHT-TIE SCHOONER ESSENDEN, Captain Hooper, 1200 bbs, capacity. ApoE. A. SOEDDER \& CO., Dock street Wharf. mi it
OR LIVERPOOL.-SHIP WILLIAM CUMMUNGS, Cope. WORKMAN \& CO., No. 133


318 At the command march, the first platoon will turn to the right, in conformity with the principles preserilsed in the school of the soldier, No. 102. Its guide will so direct his march as to bring the front renk man, next on his left, opposite to the instructor; the chjef of the platoon will march before its centre; and when its guide shall be near the line of battle, he will command:

## 1. Platoon. 2. Halt.

310. At the command halt, which will be given at the instant the right of the platoon shall arrive at the distance of thre e paces from the line of bat tle, the platoon will halt; the files, not yet in line, will come up promptly. The guide will throw himself on the line of battle, opposite to one of the three left files of his platoon; he will face to the instructor, who will align him on the point of direction to the left. The chit $f$ of platoon having, at the same time, gone to the point where the light of the company is to rest, will, as soon as he sees all the files of the platoon in line, command:

## R'ght-Dress.

350. At this, the first platoon will a'ign i'self; the fiont rank man, who finds himself opposite to the guide, will rest his breast hightly against the right arm of this guide, and the chief of his platoon, from the right, will direct the alignment on th's man.
;51. The second platocon will continue to march straight forward, until its quide shall arrive opposite to the left file of the first; it will then turn to the right at the command of its ehief, and march towards the line of battle, its guide directing himself on the left file $c f$ the first platoon.
351. The ouide having arrived at the distance of three paces from the line of battle, this platoon will be balted, as prescribed for the first; at the instant it halts, its guide will spring on the line of battle, opporite to one of the three left files of his platoon, and will be assured in his position by the instructor.
352. The chief of the second platoon, seeing all its files in line, and its gaide established on the direction, will command:

## Right-Dress.

354. Having given this command, he will retorn to his place as a file closer, passing round the left; the secend platoon will dress up on the alignment of the first, and, when established, the captain will command:

## Fhont.

355. The movement ended, the instructor will command:

## Guides-Posts.

356. At this command, the two guides will return to their places in line of battile.

R FREIGHT OR CHARTER.-THE ist sailing A No. 1. Barque DUBETN, Huatley, masApply to $i$ ist EMMUND A. SOUDER \& CO.

Doek street Wharf.
R MATANZAS-The NEw Copparid rig URANIA, Coombs, master, will sall in a few days. eight or passama, apply to EDAKUND A. SOUDER - Dock street Whari.
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Steare Propeller Company whl commence their bualfor wie season on Monday, 18 th inst. Thete Steamze now recsiving fretght at second pier above Walnut t. Terms accommodating. Apoly to WILLIAM M

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R LONDON.-The A. 1 Cetpper Ship RIGATE BHRD, Capt. Johns, having nearly all argo engaged, will have quigk despatch as abore. For it or passage apply to WORKMAN \&CO., No. 123 ut street.
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IR ALBANY AND TROY.-COMMERdis1 Transportatlon Company's Steam Line, via Delaand Raritan Caval.-The barge TACONY, J. Corson, er, ls now loading for the above ports, and will leave iday afternoon, May 3 , at 5 o'clock. For freight, a will be taken on reasonable terms, apply to s. SAGAN, No. 904 S . Delaware avenue.
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No. 244 껴. Wharves, belowVine street, Phlladelphla dono in the bost manner, and on the lowest and Eavorable terms, and Farrantod to give periect satisn. Partiontar attontion given to repsining. mhlely

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357. A column, by platonn lefs in fcont, will form on the left into line of battie, according to the same principles, and iy inverse means, applying to the second platoon what is prescribed for the first, and reciprocally. The chief of the second plstoon having aligned it, from the point appui, (the left,) will retire to his place as a file clozec. The captain having halted the first platom three pares C ehind the line of battle, will go to thesame point to align this platoon, and then command: Fhont. At the command, guides-posts, given by the ipstructor, the captain will shitt to his proper flank, and the guides take their places in the line of battle.
358 When the companies of a regiment are to be exercised, at the same time, in the schosl of the company, the colonel will indiate the lesson or lessons they are severally to execute. The whole will commence by a bugle signsl, and terminate in like manner.
Formation of a company from two ranks into single rank, and reciprocally.
359. The.company being formed into two ranks in the manner indicated No. 8, school of the sol dier, and supposed to make part of a column. right or left in front, when the instructor shall wish to form inte single rank, he will command:

1. In one rank, form company. 2. Margar.

3 Co . At the first command, the right guide will face to the right.
361. At the command miarch, the right gride will step off and march in the prolongation of the front rank.
362. The first file will step off at the same tims with the gaide; the front rank man will tura to the right at the first step, follow the guide, and be bimeelf followed by the rear rank man of his filo, who will come to turn on the same spot where he had tumed. The second file, and successively all the other files, will step off as has been prescribed for the first, the front rank man of each file following immediately the rear rank man of the file next on his right. The captain will superintend the movement, and when the last man shail have stepped off, he will halt the company, and face it to the front.
363. The file closers will take their places in line of battle, two paces in rear of the rank.
364. The company being in single rank, when the instructor shall wish to form it into two ranks, he will command:

> 1. In two ranks, form company. 2. Company right-FACE. 3. MABCH.
365. At the second command, the company will face to the right: the right guide and the man on the right will remain faced to the front.
366. At the command march, the men who have faced to the right, will step off, and form files in
monng matrer: the second man in the rawk will place bimself bohind the first to form the first file; the third will place himself by the side of the first in the front rank; the fourth behind the third in the rear rank. All others, will, in like manner, place themselves, alternately, in the front rear rank, and will thus form files of two men on the left of these already formed.
367. The formations above described will be habitually exeeuted by the right of companies; but when the instructor shall wish to hqve them executed by the left, he will face the company about, and post the guides in the rear rank.
368 . The formation will then be executed by the same commands, and according to the same principles as by the front rank; the movement commencing with the left file, now become the right, and in each file by the rear rank man, now become the front; the left guide will conform to what has been prescribed for the ripht.
369. The formation ended, the instructor will face the company to its proper front.
370. When a battalion in line has to execute either of the formations above described, the colonel will catise it to break to the rear by the right or left of companies, and will then give the commands just prescribed for the insiructor. Each company will execute the movement as if acting singly.
Formation of a company from two ranks into four, and reciprocally, at a halt, and in mareh.
371. The company being formed in two ranks, at a halt, and supposed to form part of a column xight in front, when the instrucior shall wish to furm it into four ranks, he will command:

1. In four ranks, form company. ?. Company left -Face. 3. March (or doublequick-March).
2. At the second command, the left guide will
remain faced to the front, the company will face to the left; the rear rank will gain the distance of one pace from the front rank by a side step to the left and rear, and the men will torm into four ranks as prescribed in the school of the soldier.
3. At the command march, the first file of four men will reface to the front without undoubling. All the other files of four will step off, and closing euccersively to about five inches of the preceding file, will halt, and immediately face to the front, the men remaising doubled.
\% 374 The file closers will take their new places in line of battle, at two paces in rear of the fourth rank.

3\%5. The captain will superintend the move ment.
376. The company being in four ranks, when the instructor ehall wish to form it into two ranks, he will command:

1. In two ranks, form company. 2. Company right -Face. 3 Marcir (or double quick-MARCH).



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right or left in front, when the instructor shali wish to form into single rank, he will command:

1. In one rank, form company. 2. Maror.
$3 C 0$. At the first command, the right guide will face to the right.
2. At the command miarch, the right guide will step off and march in the prolongation of the front rank.
3. The first file will step off at the same tims with the gaide; the front rank man will tura to the right at the first stop, follow the guide, and be bimeelf followed by the rear rank man of his file, who will come to turn on the same spot where he had turned. The second file, and successively all the other files, will step off as has been prescribed for the first, the front rank man of each file followitig jmmediately the rear rank man of the file noxt on bis right. The captain will superintend the movement, and when the last man shall have stepped off, he will halt the company, and face it to the front.
4. The file closers will take their places in line of battle, two paces in rear of the rank.
5. The company being in single rank, when the instructor shall wish to form it into two ranks, he will command:
6. In two ranks, form company. 2. Company right-Face. 3. March.
7. At the second command, the company will face to the right: the right guide and the man on the right will remain faced to the front.
8. At the command march, the men who have faced to the right, will step off, and form files in
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 tralee fresh golden date.
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3is. At the formmand-murch, the right gaide will it p off aud mara in the prolongation of the front rank. The leading fiie or four men will step off at the same time, the other files itanding fist; the second file will step off when there shall be between it and the first space sufficient to form into two racks. The following files will execute succeessively what has been described for the seccud. As soon as the lasi file shall have its distance, the instructor will command:

## 1. Company. 2. Halt. 3. Ffont.

379. At the commard front, the company will face to the front, and the files will undou'le.

380 The company being formed in two ranks, and marching to the front, when the instructor shall wish to form it into four ranks, he will commend:

1. In four ranks, form company. 2. By the left, doulle files. 3. March (or double quick-March.)
2. At the command march, the left guide and the left file cf the company will continue to march straight to the front: the company will make a half face to the left, the odd numbers placing themselves behind the even numbers. The even numbers of the rear rank will shorten their steps a linle to permit the odd numbers of the front rank to get ketween them and the even numbers of that rank. The files thus formed of fours, except the left fi.e, will continue to march obliquely, lengthening their steps slightly, so as to keep constantly abresst of the guide; each file will close succersively on the file next on its leit, and when at the proper distance from that file, will face to the front by a half face to the right, and take the touch of elbows to the left.
3. The company being in mares to the front n four rasks, when the instructor shall wish to form it into two ranks he will command:
4. In two ranks, form company. 2. By the right, undouble files. 3. Masch (or double quickMaren)
5. At the command march, the left guide and the left file of the company will continue to march straight to the front; the company will make a half face to the right and march obliquely, lengthening the step a little, in order to keep, as near as persible, abieast of the guide. As soon as the secend file from the left shall have gained to the rightt the intei val necessary for the left file to form into two rarks, the second file will face to the front by a haif face to the left and march straight $f$ rrward; the left file will immedistely form into two ranks, and take the touch of elbows to the laft. Each file will execute successively what has jast been prescribed for the file next to the left, and each file will form into two ranks when the file
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e to Savannah, 815 . Through to Charleston, $\$ 16$.
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steamship STATE OF EXORGIA having bean with-


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Hath to Chareswi Dy ramoac.
e to Savannah, 815. Through to Charleston, \$16.
FOR CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH, ing to the difficulties at Charleston, the stearnship. tone State, Capt. Marshman, has been withdrawn te present Due notice of her sailing wii be given. os received every day, and bills of lading signed ai second wharf above Vine streetINSURANCE.
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next on its right has obliqued the required distance and faced to the front.
384. If the company de supposed to make part of a column, left in front, these different mavements will be executed according to the sime principles and by inverse naeass, substituting the indication left for right.

## INSTRUCTION FOR SKIRMISHERS.

General principles and division of the instruction

1. The movements of skirmishers should be subjected to such rules as will give to the commander the means of moving them in any direction with the greatest promptitude.
2. It is not expecfed that these movements should be executed with the same precision as in closed ranks, nor is it desirable, as such exactness would materially interfere with their prompt execution.
3. When skirmishers are thrown out to clear the way for, and to protect the advance of, the main corps, their movements should be so regulated by this corps, as to keep it constantly covered.
4. Every body of skirmishers should have a reserve, the strength and composition of which will vary according to circumstances.
5. If the body thrown out be within sustaining distance of the main corps, a very small reserve will be sufficient for each company, whose duty 'it shall be to fill vacantplaces, furnish the line with cartridges, relieve the fatioued, and serve as a rallying point for the ekirmishers.
6. If the main corps be at a considerable distance, besides the company reserves, another reserve will be required, composed of entire companies, which will be employed to sustain and reinforce such parts of the line as may be warmly attacked; this reserve should be strong enough to relieve at least half the companies deployed as skirmishers.
7. The reserves shonld be placed behind the centre of the line of skirmishers, the company reserves at one handred and fifty, and the principal referve at four hundred paces. This rule, however, is not invariable. The reserves, while holding themselves within sustaining distance of the live, sbould he, as much as vossible, in position to afford each other mutual protection, and must careful'y prefit by any accidents of the ground to conceal themselves from the view of the enemy, and to shelter themselves from his fire.
8. The movements of skirmishers will be executed in quick, or double quick time. The run will be resoted to only in cases of urgent necessity.
9. Slicmi-hers will he permitted to carry their pieces in the manner most convenient to them.
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will besold－ targe stock of superior cabinet furniture，from ca－ bakers ueclining toe business，consisting of parlor，
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d，at 110 ＇clock，win be peremptorily sold by eats comprising about stock of brushes of Mr．H．C living，cloth，dusting， lying，cloth，dusting，and sweeping brushes，orin－ te．，\＆e．house and shoe window brushes，hand c．，\＆c．The above are of the best quality，man d expressly for city trade，to which the attention－ is requested．

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forts
10. The maremente thi be habikally indicated b. the sounds of the rogle.
11. The cfficers, and, if necrasary, the non-commissioned officers, will repeat, and cause the commands to be executed, as soon as they are given; but to avoid mistakes, when the signals are employed, ther will wait until the last bugle note is sounded before commencing the movement.
12. Wben skirmishers ere ordered to moverapidily, the officers and non-ommissioned officers will see that the men economise their strength. keep cool, and profit by all the advantages wbich the ground may offer for cover. It is only by this continual watchfuiness on the part of all grades, that a line of skirmishers can attain success.
13. This instruction will be divided into five articles, and subdivided as follows:

## Article Firsr.

1. To denloy forward.
2. To denlov by the flank.

3 Trextend intervals.
4. To close intervils.
5. To relieve skirmishers.

## Article Second.

1. To advance in line.
2. To retreat in line
3. To chance direction.
4. To march by the flank.

> Article Third

1. To fire at a halt.
2. To fire marching

## Article Fourth

1. The rally.
2. To form column to march in any direction.
3. The assembly.

## Article Fifth.

1. To deploy a battalion as skirmishers.
2. To rally the battalion deployed as skir mishers.
3. Is the first four articles, it is supposed toast the movements are executed hy a company deployed as skirmishers, on a front equal to that of the battalion in order of battie. In the fifth article, it is supposed that each company of the battalion, being deployed as skirmishers, occupies a front of one hundred paces. From these two examples, rules may be deauced for all cases, whatever may be the numerical strength of the skirmishers, and the extent of ground they ought to occupy.

## Article Firft.

Deployments.
next on its right has obliqued the required distance and faced to the front.
384. If the company be supposed to make part of a column, left in front, these different murements will be exceuted according to the same principles and by inverse means, substituting the indication left for right.

INSTRUCTION FOR SKIRMISHERS.
General principles and division of the instruction

1. The movements of skirmishers should be subjected to such rules as will give to the commander the means of moving them in any directhon with the $g$
2. It is not should be exer closed ranks, y would materis cution.
3. When sl the way for, main corps, lated by ti covered.
4. Every serve, the 8 vary accor
5. If the distance 0 will be suf shall be tit cartridge lying poi
6. If tl tance, F reserve panies, inforce attacke to relie skirmi 7. J centr reser pal 1 how the tion
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15. A company insy be deployed as skirmishors in two ways: forward, and by the flank.
16. The deployment forward will be adopted when the company is behind the line on which it is to be established as skirmishers: it will be denlapa hs the fank, when it finds itself alruady on that line.
17. Whenever a company is to be deployed as skirmishers, it will be divided into two platoons, and esch platcon will be subdivided into two sections; the comrades in battle, forming groups of four men, will be careful to know and to sustain esch otber. The captain will assure himself that the files in the centre of each platoon and section are designated.
18. A compsny may be deplojed as skirmishers on i's right, left, or centre tile, or on any other named file whatsoever. In this manner, skirmishers may be thrown forward with the greatest possiblerapidity on any ground they may be required to eccupr.
19. A chain of skirmishers ought generally to preserve their aligament, but no advantages which the ground may present should be sacrificed to attain this regularity.
20. The interval betweea skirmishers depends on the extent of ground to be covered; but in gerexal, it is not proper that the gromps of four men sbould be removed more chan forty paces from each other. The habitual distance between men of the same group in open grounds will be five pacer; in no case will they lose sight of eacs other.
21. The front to be occopied to cover a battalion compreherds it, front and the half of each interva! which separates it from the battalion on its right and left. If a line, whose wings are not supported, should be covered by skirmishers, it will be nt cessery eitker to protect the flanks with skirmishers, or to extend them in front of the line so far bey ond the wings as effectually to oppose anv attempt which might be made by the enemy's skirmishers to disturb the flanks.

## To deploy forward.

22. A company being at a halt or in march, when the captain shall wish to deploy it forward on the left file of tha first platoon, holding the secend pla'oon in reserve, he will command:
23. First p'atoon-as skirmishers. 1
24. On the left file-take intervals.
25. March (or double quick-MARCH.)
26. At the first command, the second and third lieutenants will place themselves rapidly two paces behind the centres of the right and left sections of the first platoon; the fif sh sergeant will move one pace in front of the centre of the first platcon, and will place himstlf between the two sections in the front rank as soon as the move-

## ment bewirs; the fourth sergeant: will place him-

 seif on the leit of the front rank of the same pla. toon, as eoon as he can pass. The captain will indicate to this sergeant the point on which he wishes him to direct his march. The first lieutenant, placing hireself before the centre of the second platcon, will command:
## Second platoon backward-March.

24. At this command, the second platoon will step three paces to the rear, so as to unmask the flay $k$ of the first platoon. It will then be halted by its chitf, and the second sergeant will place himself on the left, and the third sergeant on the right flank of this platoon.
25. At the command march, the left group of four men, conducted by the fourih sergeant, will direct itself on the point indicased; all the other groups of fours throwing forward briskly the left shoulder, will move diagonally to the front in double quick t mee, so as to gain to the right the space of twenty paces which shall be the distance between each group and that immediately on ita left. When the second group from the left shail a rive on a line with and twenty paces from the first, it will march straight to the front, conforming to the gait and direction of the first, keeping constantly on the same alignment and at twenty psces from it. The third group, and all the others, will confcrm to what has just been prescribed for the eecond; they will arrive successively on the line. The right guide will arrive with the last group.
26. The left guide having reached the point where the left of the line should rest, the captain will command the stirmishers to balt; the $m 9 n$ composing each group of fours will then immediat ly deploy at five paces from each other, and to the right and left of the front rank man of the even file in each gromp, the rear rank men placing themselves on the left of their file leaders. If any groups be not in line at the command hait, they will move up rapidly, conforming to what has just been proscyibed.
27. If, during the deployment, the line should be fired upon by the enemy, the captain may cause the groops of fours to deploy, as they gain their proper distances.
28. The line being formed, the non-commis. sioned officers on the right, lefc and centre of the platoon will place themselves ten paces in rear or the line, and opposite the posicions they respectively occupied. The chiefs of sections will promptly rectify any irregularities, and then place themselves twenty-five or thirty paces in rear of
 the centre of their sections, each having with him four men taken from the reserve, and also a bugler, who will repeat, if necessary, the signals sounded by the captain.


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29. Skirmishers should be particularly instructed to take advantsge of any cover which the groucd may offer, and should lie flat on the ground whenever such a movement is necessary to profect them from the fire of the enemy. Regriarity in the alignment should yield to this important adventage.
30. When the movement begins, the first Houtenant will face the second platoon about, and march it promptly, and by the shortest line, to about one hundred and fifty paces in rear of the centre of the line. He will hold it always at this dirtance, unless ordered to the contrary.
31. The reserve will conform itself to all the $\mathrm{m} \cdot$ vements of the line. This rule is general.
32. Light troops will carry their bayonets habitually in the scabbard, and this rule applies equally to the skirmishers and the reserve; whenever bayonets are required to be fixed, a particular signal will be given. The captain will give a general superinter dence to the whole deployment, sind then promptly place himself about eighty paces in rear of the centre of the line. He will have with bim a bugler and four men taken from the res erve.
33. The deploy ment may be made on the right or the centre of the platoon, by the same commands, substitu'ing the isdication right or centre, fir that of left ille.
34. The deployment on the iight or the centre will be made according to the principles prescribed above; in this latter case, the centre of the plato n will be matched by the right group of fours in the recond section; the fifth sergeant will place himself on the right of this group, and seive as the guide of the platoon during the deplo ment.
35. In whatever mamner the deployment be made, on the right, left, or centrs, the men in each grcup of fours will always deploy at five I a es from each other, and upon the front rank man of the oven nursbered file. The deployments will babitually be made at twenty paces interval; but if a giester interval be required, is will be incicated in the command.

26 If a company be thrawn out as skirmishers, so near the main bcdy as to render a reserve uanecessary, the entire comproy will be extended in the same manner, and according to the same principles, as for the deployment of a platoon. In this case the third lieutenant will command the fourth section, and a ron-commissioned officer designated for ti a purpose, the second seetion; the fifth sorgeant will act as centre guide; the file closers wild place themselves ien paces in rear of the line, and ipposite their places in line of bantle. Tae first and eccond licutenarit will each have a bugler near him.
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 will halt at twenty paces frcm the one on its left, the thind group at twenty pa es from the second, and so on to the right. Ar the gronps halt, they will face to the enemy, and deploy as has been explained for the lt ft gronp.
41. The chicfs of sections will pay particular a tention to the succersive deployments of the grcups, keeping near the group abeut to halt, so as to reetify any errors which may be committed. When the deploy ment is completed, they will place themselyes thirty psces in rear of the centre of the ir st ctions, as has been he evofore prescribed. The non commissoned officers will also place themselves as previously indicated.
42. As scon as the movement commences, the chief of the first placoon, causing it to face about, wil! move it as indicsted No. 30 .
43. The deployn ent may be made by the left flank accorcing to the bame principles, substituting loft flank for right flank.

44 It the csp'ain should wish to deploy the company upon the centre of ore of the platoons, he will commazd:

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 1. Second p'atoon-as skirmsishers. and left flanks-take intervais.2. By the right
3. March (or double quich-March).
4. At the first commard, the officers and non- ed to take advantage of any cover which the grourd may offer，and should lie flat on the ground whenever such a movement is necessary to pro－ tect them from the fire of the enemy．R 2 gularity in the aligoment should yield to this important adventage．

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32．Light troops will carry their bayonets ha－









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 reen presc:ibed No. 28.
46. At the secoud command, the first lieutenant will place himself behiad the lefs group of the right section of the secens platocn, the third lieutenant behind the right group of the left section of the same platio on.
47. At the command march, the right section will face to the right, the lett section will face to the left, the group on the right of this latter section will stand fast. The two sections will move off in opposite directions: the third sergeant will place himself on the lef: of the right file to conduct it, the second sergesnt on the right of the left file. The two groups nearest that which stands fast, will each halt at twenty pae 3 from this group, and each of the other groaps will halt at twenty paces from the group which is in rear of it. Eaeh group will deploy as heretofore prescribed No. 40.
48. The first and third lieutenants will direct the movement, holding themselves al सays a breast of the group which is abou: so halt.
49. The captain can cause the deployment to bs made on any named groap whatsoever; in this case, the fifth sergeant will place bimself before the group indicated, and the deployment will be made according to the principles hecetofore prescribsd.
50. The entire company may be also deployed, according to the same principles.

## To extend intervals.

51. This movement, which is employed to extend a line of skirmishers, will be executed according to the principles prescribed for deployments.
52. It it be supposed $t$ at the line of skirmishers is at a halt, and that the captain wishes to extend it to the left, he will command:
53. By the left flank (so many paces) extend intervals.
54. Marce (or double quick-Marce.)
55. At the command march, the group, on the right wil stand fast, all the other groups will face to the left, and each group will extend its interval to the prescribad distance by the means indicated by No. 40.
56. The men of the same group will continue to preserve between each other the distance of five pacts, unless the nature of the ground should - render it necessary that they should close nearer, in order to keep in sight of each other. The intervals refer to the spaces between the groups, and
G. not, to che distances between the men in each or left man of the neighboring graup.

55 If the line of skirmishers bo marehing to the front, and the captain should wish to 2 ktend it to the right, he will command:

1. On the left group (so many paces) extend interitals.



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56. The let group, conducted by the gridn, will continue to march on the point of direstion; the other groups throwing forward the lefc sb $\rightarrow$ gider, and takingithe double quick step, will op their intervals to the prescribed distance, by the s reans indicated No 2., conforming also to what is proscribed No .54 .
57. Intervals may be extended on the centre of the line, according to the same principles.
58. If in extending intervals, it be intended that ove company or platoon should occupy a lin which had been previously occupied by $t$ wo, tho men of the company or platoon which is to retire, will fall successively to the rear as they are relieved by the extension of the intervals.

> To close intervals.
59. This movement, like that of opening intervals, will be executed according to the principles prescribed for the deployments.
60. If the line of skirmishers be halted, and the captain should wish to close intervals to the left, he will command:

1. By the left flank (so many paces) close intervals. 2. MaRCH (or double quick-MARCH).
2. At the command march, the left groun will stand fast, the other groups will face to the left and close to the prescribed distance, each group facing to the enemy as it attains its proper distance.
3. If the line be marching to the front, the captain will command:
4. On the left group (so many paces) close intervals.
5. March (or double quick-March).
6. The left group, conducted by the guide; will continue to move on in the direction previously indicated; the other groups, advancing the right shoulder, will close to the left, until the intervals are reduced to the prescribed distance.
7. Intervals may be closed on the right, or on the contre, accordiug to the same principles.
8. When intervals are to be closed up, in order to reinforce a line of skirmishers, so as to cause two companies to cover the ground which had been previously occupied by oae, the new compeny will deploy 80 as to finish its movement at twenty paces in jear of the line it is to occupy, and the men will successively move upon that line, as they shall be unmasked by the men of the old company. The reserves of the two companies will unite behind the e:ntre of the line.

To relicve a company deployed as skimnishers.
66. When a company of skirmishers is to be relieved, the captain will be advised of the intention, which be will immediately communicate to his first and second lieutenants.
67. The new company will execute its deployment forward, so as to finish the movement at abo ut twenty paces in rear of the line.

## ARs clock

golcen dates
co ferh Multa dates tiails a
atic 2 boxes fosh Naples figs.
bexes Vale lis sugar and bunch raisins. ze vis drurok Eleme figs.

## asks Zante cunants.

in five order, fn lets to suft purchasers.
o, this morning, 25 bbls. N. O. molasges and honey. chests fine Oolong teas.
boxes pale and brown soap; 25 d 0 . candles.
yes me paper: 100 kers and cans gronnd spices. fags canary seed; 100 kegs white lead, \&c.

Assigniee's Peremptory Baie.
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K OF WINES AND LIQ ${ }^{-}$OR', FIXTU Inst, at 10 On Monday mornmg,
c'ckock, will be sold, wi, of Assigniee, the comprising cognac brandy fine Matures of a l'quor wines, fine of : whisky, blackberry and laverry, y, cordials, \&c., se Al, blackberry and lavender $\mathrm{ls}, \phi \mathrm{c}, \& \mathrm{c}$. alogues on Saturdav.

## N. F. PANCOAST, AUCTIONERER zaccessor to B. Seott, Jr., No. 431 Ohesnat street.

## RIFF'S EALE OF A BTOCK OF HOSIERY, ${ }^{4}$ RIMMINGS, de. This morninz.

3d, at $100^{\prime}$ cloek, by order of the Sheriff, a very ind attraetive stock of trimmings, laces, notions, yonen and ohildren's hosiery and gloves, cotions, tapes, cc., being an unusually fine and well seleetof a large retall hosiery and trimming store.
CKEY'S AUC'IION ROOMS, \%O. 12 High street, (late Market, Detween Sixth and ir streets.

MAEKEY, Aretioneer, whit effect sales of Real Slocks, Howsehord Furniture, Personal Property erchandise of all kinds, at the premises of the
hor at his A aetion Rooms.
R. \& S. BERRELL, AUOTHON EFERES, No. 808 Market street, above Righth.
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## (3) teand

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stown, Ireland, to land and embark passengers ches.
Liverpool, New York and Philadelphis Steal iny's splendid Clyde-bnilt Iron Sereys Steamship ended to sail as follows:- Iron Screw Steamships


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68. Arrived at this distance, the men of the new company, by command of their captain, will adval ce rapidly a few paces beyond the old line and halt; the 1 ew line being established, the old company will assemble on its reserve, trkius care not to get into groups of fours unril they are beyond the fire of the eviemy.
69. If the $\ell$ kirmishers to be relieved are marching in retieat, the company thrown out to volieve them will deploy by the flank, as prescribed No. 38 and following. The old skirmishers will continue to retire with order, and having passed the new line, they will form upon the reserve.
[TO BE CONTINUED]
Article Second.

## To advance.

To advance in line, and to retreat in line.
70. When a platoon or a company deployed as skirmishers is marching by the front, the guide will be habitually in the centre. No particular indication to this effect need be given in the commands, but if on the contrary it be intended that the directing guide should be on the right, or left, the command guide right, or guide left, will be given immediately after that of forward.
71. The captain, wishing the line of skirmishers to advance, will command:

1. Forward. 2. Marce (or double quick-
2. This command will bs repeated with the greatest rapidity by the chiefs of sections, and in case of need, by the sergeants. This rule is general, whether the skirmishers march by the front or by the flawk.
3. At the first command, three sergeants will move briskly on the line, the first on the right, the second on the left, and the third in the centre.
4. At the command march, the line will move to the front, the guide charged with the dircction will move on the point indicated to him, the skirmishers will hold themselves aligned on this guide, and preserve their intervals towards him.
5. Thechiefs of sections will march immediately behind their sections, so as to direct their movements.
6. The captain will give a general superintendence to the movement.
7. When he shall wish to halt the skirmishers, he will command:

## Halt.

78. At this command, briskly repeated, the line will halt. The chiefs of sections will promptly rectify any irregularicy in the aligament and intervals, and after taking every possible advantage which the ground may cffer for protecting the men, they, with the three sergeants in the line, will retire to their proper places in rear.

## 1. In retreat. 2. Marce (or double quickMaRCH).

80. At the first command, the three sergeants will move on the line as prescribed No. 78.
81. At the command march, the skirmishers will face about individaslly, and march to the rear, conforming to the principles prescribed No. 74.
82. The officers and sergeants will use every exertion to preserve order.
83. To halt the skirmishers, marching in retreat, the captain will commaad:

## Halt.

81. At this command, the skirmishers will halt, and immediately face to the front.
82. Tue chiefe of sections and the three guides will each conform himself to what is prescribed No. 78.

To change direction.
86. If the commander of a line of skirmishers shall wish to cause it to change direction to the right he will command:

1. Right wheel. 2. March (or double quickMARCH).
2. At the command march, the right guide will mark time in his place; the left quide will move in a circle to the right, and that he may properly regulate his movements, will occasionally cast his eyes to the right, ${ }^{\text {En }}$ so as to observe the direction of the line, and the naturs of the ground to be passed over. The centre gaide will also march in a circle to the right, and in order to conform his movements to the general direction, will take care that his steps are only half the length of the steps of the guide on the lef:.
3. The skirmishers will regulate the length of their steps by their distance from the marching flank, being less as they approach the pivot, and greater as they are removed from it; they will often look to the marcbing flank, so as to preserve the direction and their intervals.
4. When the commander of the line shall wish to resume the direct march, he will command:

> 1. Forward. 2. MARCH.
90. At the command march, the line will cease to wheel, and the skirmishers will move direc: to the front; the centre guide will march on the point which will be insicated to him.
91. If the captain should wish to halt the line in place of moving it to the front, he will command:

Halt.
92. At this command, the line will halt.
93. A change of direction to the left will be made according to the same principles, and by inverse means.
94. A line of skirmishers marching in retraat,

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## Article Second.

## To advance.

To advance in line, and to retreat in line.
70. When a platoon or a company deployed as skirmishers is marching by the front, the guide will be habitually in the centre. No particular indication to this effect need be given in the commands, but if on the contrary it be intended that the directing guide should be on the right, or left, the command guide right, or guide left, will froy y iven immediately after that of forward. to advance, will command:

1. Forward. 2. Makce (or double quick-
2. This command will bs repeated with the greatest rapidity by the chiefs of sections, and in case of need, by the sergeants. This rule is general, whether the skirmishers march by the front or by the flank.
3. At the first command, three sergeants will move briskly on the line, the first on the right, the second on the lefc, and the third in the centre.
4. At the command march, the line will move
 to the front, the gaide charged with the direction will move on the point indicated to him, the skirmishers will hold themselves aligned on this guide, and preserve their intervals towards him.
5. Thechiefs of sections will march immedi-
 $m$ inva ately behind their sections, so as to direct their movements.
6. The captain will give a general superintendence to the movement.
7. When he shall wish to halt the skirmishers, he will command:

Halt.
78. At this command, briskly repeated, the line will halt. The chiefs of sections will promptly rectify any irregularity in the aligament and intervals, and after taking every possible advantage which the ground may offer for protecting the men, they, with the three sergeants in the line, will retire to their prover places in rear.

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79. The captain, wishing to march the skipmishers in retreat, will command:

1. In retreat. 2. MARcH (or double quick-
2. At the first command, the three sergeants will move on the line as prescribed No. 73.
3. At the command march, the skirmishers will face about individually, and march to the rear, conforming to the principles prescribed No. 74.
4. The officers and sergeants will use every exertion to preserve order.
5. To halt the skirmishers, marching in retreat, the captain will command:

## Halt.

81. At this command, the skirmishers will halt, and immediately face to the front.
82. Tue chiefer of sections and the three guides will each conform himself to what is prescribed No. 78.

To change direction.
86. If the commander of a line of skirmishers shall wish to cause it to change direction to the right he will command:

1. Right wheel. 2. March (or double quick-

> MARCH).
87. At the command march, the right guide will mark time in his place; the left guide will move in a circle to the right, and chat he may properly regulate his movements, will occasionally cast his eyes to the right, ${ }_{2}$ so as to observe the direction of the line, and the nature of the ground to be passed over. The centre gride will also march in a circle to the right, and in order to conform his movements to the general direction, will take care that his steps are only half the length of the steps of the guide on the lop:.
88. The skirmishers will regulate the length of their steps by their distance from the marching flank, being less as they approach the pivot, and greater as they are removed from it; they will often look to the marching flank, so as to preserve ल.
89. When the commander of the line shall wish to resume the direct march, he will command:

1. Forward. 2. MARCH.
2. At the coinmand march, the line will cease to wheel, and the skirmishers will move direc; to the front; the centre guide will march on the point which will be indicated to him.
3. If the captain should wish to halt the line in place of moving it to the front, he will command:

## Halt.

92. At this command, the line will halt.
93. A change of direction to the left will be made according to the same principles, and by inverse means.
94. A line of skirmishers marching in retreat,

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will change direction by the same means, and by the same commands, as a line marching in adivance; for example, if the captain should wish to refuse his left, no $\begin{gathered}\text { become the right, he will }\end{gathered}$ command: 1. Left whesl. 2. March. At the command halt, the skirmishers will face to the enemy.
95. But if, instead of halting the line, the captain should wivh to continne to march it in retreat he will, when he judges the line has wheeled sufficiently, conmand:

## 1. In retreat. <br> 2. March.

To march by the flank.
96. The captain, wisning the skirmishers to march by the right flaok, will command:

1. By the right flank.
2. March (or double quici- March).
3. At the first command, the three sergeants will place themselves on the line.

98 At the command march, the skirmishers will face to the right and move off; the right guide will place himself by the side of the leading man on the right to conduct him, and will march on the point indicated; each skirmisher will take care to follow exacily in the direction of the one immediately preceding him, and to preserve his distance.
99. The skirmishers msy be marched by the lett flank according to the same principles, and by the same commands, substitu ing left for right; the left guide will place himzelf by the side of the learing man to conduct him.
100. If the skirmishers be marching by the flank, and the captain should wish to halt them, he will command:

## Halr.

101. At this command, the skirmishers will halt and face to the enemy. The officers and sergeants will conform to what has been prescribed No. 78.
102. The reserve should execute all the movements of the line, and be held always about one hundred and fifty paces from it, so as to be in position to second its operations.
103. When the chief of the reserve shail wish to march it in advance, he will command. 1. Platoon forward. 2 Guide left. 3. March. If he should wish to march it in retrea', he will command: 1. In retreat. 2 March. 3. Guido right. At the command halt, it will re face to the evemy.
104. The men should be made to understand that the signals or commands, such as forward, mean that the skirmishers shall march on the enemy; in retreat, that they shall retire, and to the right or left flank, that the men must face to the tight or left, whatever mav be their posilion.


105. If the skirmishers be marcaing by the flank, and the captain should wish to change direction to the right (or left), he will command: 1. By file right (or left) 2. March. These movements will also bo executed by the signals Nos. 14 and 15.

Article Third.
The firings.
106. Skirmishers will fire either at a halt or marching.

## To fire at a halt.

107. To cause this fire to be executed, the captain will command:

## Commence-Firing.

108. At this command, briskly repeated, the men of the front rank will commence firing; they will relosd rapidly, and hold themselves in readiness to fire again. During this time the men of the rear rank will come to a ready, and as soon as their respective file leaders have loaded they will also fire and reload. The men of each file will thus continue the firing, conforming to this principle, that the one or the other shall always have his piece loaded.
109. Light troops should be a'ways calm, so as

to aim with accuracy; they should, moreovery ondeavor to estimate correctly the distances bstween themselves and the enemy to bs hit, and thus be enabled to deliver their fire with the greater certainty of success.
110. Skirmishers will not remain in the same place whilst reloading, unless protected by accidents in the ground.

To fire marching.
111. This fire will be executed by the same commands as the fire at a halt.
112. At the command commence firing, if the line be advancing, the front rank man of every file will halt, fire, and reload before throwing bimself forward. The rear rank man of the same file will continue to march, and after passing ten or twelve paces beyond his front rank man, will halt, come to a ready, select his object, and fire when his front rank man has loaded; the fire will thus continue to be executed by earh file; the skirmishers will keep united, and endeavor, as much as fossible, to preserve the general direction of the alignment,
113. If the line be marching in retreat, at the command commence firing, the front rank man of every file will halt, face to the enemy, fire, and then re-load whilst moving to the rear; the rear rank man of the same file will continue to march, and halt ten or twelve paces beyond his front rank man, face about, come to a ready, and fire, when his front rank man has passed him in retreat and loaded; after which, he will move to the rem and reload; the front rank man in bis turn, after
will change direction by the same means, and by the samo commands, as a line marching in ad. vance; for example, if the captain should wish to refuse his left, now become the right, he will command: 1. Left whes. 2. March. At the command halt, the skirmishers will face to the enemy.
95. But if, instesd of halting the line, the captain should wish to continne to march it in retreat he will, when he judges the line has wheeled sufficiently, consmand:

> 1. In retreat.
> 2. MARCH.

To march by the flank.
96. The captain, wisning the skirmishers to march by the right flavk, will command:

1. By the right flank.
2. March (or double quicic-March).
3. At the first command, the three sergeants will place themselves orr the line.

98 At the command march, the skirmishers will face to the right and move off; the right guide will place himself by the side of the leading man on the right to conduct him, and will march on the point indicated; each skirmisher will take care to follow exacily in the direction of the one immediately preceding him, and to preserve his distance.
99. The skirmishers may be marched by the lett flank according to the same principles, and by the same commands, substitu ing left for right; the left guide will place himself by the side of the learing man to conduct him.
100. If the skirmishers be marching by the flank, and the captain should wish to halt them, he will command:

## Halu.

101. At this command, the skirmishers will halt and face to the enemy. The officers and sergeants will conform to what has been prescribed No. 78.
102. The reserve should execute all the movements of the line, and be held always about one hundred and fifty paces from it, so as to be in position to second its operations.
103. When the chief of the reserye sharlowish


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will change direction by the same means, and by the same commands, as a line marching in advance; for example, if the captain should wish to refuse his left, now become the right, he will
 command: 1. Left wheel. 2. March. At the command halt, the skirmishers will face to the enemy.
104. But if, instead of halting the line, the captain should wish to continue to march it in retreat he will, when he judges the line has wheeled supficiently, command:

> 1. In retreat.
> 2. MARCH.

## 2. March.

## 2. March.

To march by the flank.
96. The captain, wishing the skirmishers to march by the right flank, will command:

1. By the right flank.
2. March (or double quick-March).
3. At the first command, the three sergeants will place themselves on the line.

98 At the command march, the skirmishers will face to the right and move off; the right guide will place himself by the side of the leading man on the right to conduct him, and will march on the point indicated; each skirmisher will take care to follow exactly in the direction of the one immediately preceding him, and to preserve his distance.
99. The skirmishers may be marche by the lett flank according to the same principles, and by the same commands, substitute ing left for right; the left guide will place himself by the side of the leasing man to conduct him.
100. If the skirmishers be marching by the flank, and the captain should wish to halt them, he will command:

## Halt.

101. At this command, the skirmishers will halt and face to the enemy. The officers and sergeants will conform to what has been prescribed No. 78.
102. The reserve should execute all the movements of the line, and be held always about one hundred and fifty paces from it, so as to be in position to second its operations.
103. When the chief of the reserve shall wish to march it in advance, be will command. 1. Platoon forward. 2 Guide left. 3. March. If he should wish to march it in retreat', he will command: 1. In retreat. 2 March. 3. Guide right. At the command halt, it will re face to the enemy.
104. The men should be made to understand that the signals or commands, such as forward, mean that the skirmishers shall march on the enemy; in retreat, that they shall retire, and to the right or left flank, that the men must face to the right or left, whatever may be their position.

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marching briskly to the rear, will halt at ten or twelve paces from the rear lank, face to the enemy, load bis piece and fire, conforming to what has just been prescribed; the firing will thus be continued.
114. If the compeny bo marching by the right flank, at the command, commence firing, the front ronk man of every file will face to the enemy, step one pace forward, halt, and fre; the rear rank man will continue to move forward. As soon as the front rank man has fired, he will place himself briskly behind his rear rank man and reload whilst marching. When he has loaded the rear rank man will, in his turn, step one pace forward, halt, and fire, and returning to the ranks, will place himself behind his front rank man; the latter, in his turn, will act in the same manner, observing the same principles. At the command, cease firing, the men of the rear rank will retake their original position, if not already there.
115. If the company be marching by the left flank, the fire will be executed according to the same principles, but in this case, it will be the rear rank men who will fire firet.
116. The following rales will be observed in the cases to whichithey apply.
117. If the line be firing at a halt, or whilst marching by the flank, at the command, Forward - March, it will be the men whose pieces are loaded, without regard to the particular rank to which they belong, whotwill move to the front. Those men whose piecos have been diseharged, will jemain in their places to load them befora moving forward, and the firing will be continued agrceably to the principles prescribed No. 112.
118. If the line be firing either at a halt, advancing, or whilst marching by the flunk, at the command, In retrat-Mazch, the men whose pieces are loaded will remain faced to the enemy, and will fire in this position; the men whose pitces are discharged will retreat loading them, and the fire will be cont nued agreeably to the principles prescribed No. 113.
 a hel , advancing or in retreat, at the command, By the right (or left) flank-Marcir, the men whose pieces are loaded wili step one pace out of the $\mathrm{g} \in$ neral slignment, face to the enemy, and fire in this position; the men whose pieces are unloaded will face to the right or left) and march in the direction incicated. The men who stepped out of the ranks will place themselves, immediately after firing, upon the general direction, and in rear of their front or rear rank men, as the case may be. The fire will be continued according to the principles prescribed No. 114.

120 Skirmishers will be habitusted to load thoir piects whilst marching; but they will be enjoined
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TOR LIVERPOOL.-SHIP WILLIAM CUMMINGS, Cope. WORKMAN WILLIAM abut ste et.

OR CORK.-BARKENTINE ADDISON cliarging cartridge and priming.
121. They should be practised to fire and load kneeling, lying down, and sittinr, and mach hberty should be allowed in these exercises, in onder that they may be executed in the manner fcund to be most convenient. Skirmishers shoul $i$ be cautioned not to forget that, in whatever position they may load, it is important that the piece sLoul: be placed upright before ramming, in order that the entire charge of powder may reach the bottom of the bore.
122. In commencing the fire, the men of the same rank shou d not all fire at once, and the men of the same file should be particular that one or the other of them be slwsys loaded.
123. In retreating, the officer commanding the skirmishers should seize on every advantage which the ground may present, for arresting the enemy as long as possible.
124. At the signal to cease fring, the captain will see that the order is promptly obeyed; but the men who may not be loaded, will load. It the line ke marching, it will continue the movement; but the man of each file who happens to be in front, will wait until the man in rear shall be abreast with bim.
125. If a line of skirmishexs be firing advancing, at the command halt, the line will reform upon the skirmishers who are in front; when the line is retreating, upon the skirmishers who are in rear.

126 Officers should watch with the greatest possible vigilance over a line of skirmisbers; in battle, they should neither carry a rifle or fowling piece. In all the firings, they, as well as the sergesnts, shonld see that order and silence are preserved, and that the skirmishers do not wander imprucently; they shonld especially caution them to be calm and collected; not to fire until they distinctly perceive the objects at which they aim, and are sure that those obj-cts are within proper range. Skirmishers should take advantage promptly, and with intelligence, of all shelter, and of all accidents of the ground, to conceal themselves from the view of the enemy, and to protect themselves from his fire. Ic may often happen, that interva!s are momentarily lost when soveral men near each other find a common shelter; but when they quit this position, they should immediately resume theirintervals and their places in line, so that they may not, by crowding, needlassly expose themselves to the fire of the enemy.
[TO BA CONTINEBD. 1 la
Article Fourth.
THE: KEF. Y ,
To form ey smn. enemy, load his piece and fire, conforming to what has just been prescribed; the firing will thus be continued.
114. If the company be marching by the right flank, at the command, commence firing, the front rank man of every file will face to the enemy, step one pace forward, halt, and fire; the rear rank man will continue to move forward. As soon as the front rank man has fired, he will place himself briskly behind his rear rank man and reload whilst marching. When he has loaded the rear rank man will, in his turn, step one pace forward, halt, and fire, and returning to the ranks, will place himself behind his front rank man; the latter, in his turn, will act in the same manner, observing the same principles. At the command, cease firing, the men of the rear rank will retake their original position, if not already there.
115. If the company be marching by the left








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 FOR PORT AU PRINCE.-THE FAST sailing schooner JOHN NORTHROP (Br.), Ross, OUDER \& CO., Dock street Wharf. apl3 YOR PORTLAND, ME-THB SCHOONER cre, sufficient freight offerng. \& CO., Dock st. Wharf.
apl 1 IDMUND A. SOUDER Tor new york. - The Philabriphia
127. A company doploy ar skimmisaers is railied in order to oppose sha enemy with better success; the rallies are msoe ah it run, and with bayonets fixed; when ordered io ally, the skirmishers fix bayonets without command.
Gics. Thore are sereral wiys of rallying, which the chief of the line will minpt according to circumstances.
129. If the line, marching or at a halt, be merely disturbed by scatered horsemen, it will not be necessary to fall ba $k$ on the reserve, but the captain will canse bayozets to be fixed. If the horsemen shonld, however, advance to charge the skirmishers, the cap ain will command, rally by fours. The line will balt if marching, and the four men of each group will execute this rally in the following manner: the front rank man of the even numbered file will t ke the position of guard against cavalry; the rear rank man of the odd numberod file will also trike the position of guard against carairy, turning bis back to him, his right foot thirteen inches from the right feot of the formex, and parallel to it; the front rank man of the odid flie, and the rear rank man of the even file, will also place themzelves back to back, taking a like position and between the two men already estabiisaed, facing to the right and left; the right feet of the four men will be brought together, forming a square, and serving for mutual support. The four men in each group will come to a ready, fixe, as occasion may offer, and load without moving their feet.
130. The captain and chiefs of sections will each cause the four men who constitute his guard to form equare, the men separating so as to enable him and the buglex to place themselves in the centre. The three sergeants will each promptly place himself in the group nearest him in the Fine of skirmishers.
131. Whenever the captain shall judge these squares too weak, but should wish to hold his position by strengthening his line, he will command:

## Rally by sections.

132. At this command, the chiefs of sections will move rapidly on the centre group of their respective sections, or on any other interior group whose position might offer a shelter, or other particular advantage; the skirmishers will collect rapidly at a run on this group, andiwithout distinction of numbers. Tive men composing the Troup on which the formation is made, will immediately form square, as heretofore explained, and elevate their pieces, the bayonets uppermost, in order to indicate the point on which the rally to be made. The other skirmishers, as they arrive, will cccupy and fill tie open angular spaces befween these four men, sud successively rally around


With troops re coming up several vessels erowle
On the Northom Comp the river.
of men from Peznoyi Central Brill road \& large for building the first bridge ore engaged today finis road to the city from that the city, The work
Philadelphia on see Bush River bride e on will be finish fasirosd, has been combe on $t$

About one bs wo or three days.
are are in e hisif of the members
cut of with Frey and if the comm Lee Legis] vestment of the Prick, in consequence onion sent at of the Rainy House thequence of the i sent at the meeting of the I, they will not be pr

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.
Fort Keariviv, Pony Express.] passed here this corning - The Pony Fxpre advices:- Loorning with the following

## A moderate Commercial.

pHren meet no demand, ind prig in provision
Nothing but limited parcels prices are machange
moved. The tone of brain of any article can settled by the alarming chess is a good deal un news from the Fact. There is a of the politics tivity in barley, at recently is a considerable a General Yews rates.
The alleged compton News.
involving the integrity of the in the Assembly Committee on Claims, has the chairman of tr cation, and in the convesulted in an invest clerks of an attempt to conviction of one of th age, by assuming to to make a heavy broke the committee. Th to represent the wishoke A bill has been introduced, providincharged.
this inst aucleus, anc in such manner as to form rapidly a compact circle. The skirmishers will tabe as they arrive, the position of charge bayonet, the point of the bsyonet more elevated, and will cack their pieces in this position. The movement concluded, the two exterior rinks will fire as ocession may offor, and load without moving their feet.

133 The captain will move rapidly with his ¢fua'd, wherever hg may judge his presence most uecessary.
1 131. The officers and sergeants will be particuIar to observe that the rally is made in silence, and with promptitude and order; that some pieces in each of their subarvisions be at all times loaded, and that the tire is airoctel on those points onily where it will be most efrective.

135 . If the reserve should be toreatened, it will form into a circle around its chief.
136. If the captain, or commander of a line of skirmishers formed of many platoons, should judge that the rally by section dees not offer sufficient resistance, he will cause the rally by platoons to be executed, and for this purpose, will commama:

Ratly by platoons.
137. This movement will be executed according to the same principles, and by the same means, as the rallyijy sections. The chiefs of platoon will conform to what has been prescribed for the chiefs of section.
138. The captain wishing to rally the skimmishersion the reserve, will command

## Rally on thegreserve.

139. At this command, the captain will move briskly on the reserve; the officer who coramands it will take immediate steps to form square; for this purpose, he will cajise the half sections on the flanks to be thrown perpendicularly to the rear; he will order the men to come to a ready.
140. The skimmishers of each section, taking the run, will form rapidly into groups, and upon that man of each group who is nearest the centre of the section. These groaps will direct themselves diagonally towards each other, and in such manner as to form into sections with the greatest possible rapidity while movince the rear; the officers and sergeants will sce thet this formation is made in proper ordex, and the ehiefo will direct their sections Hpon the reserve, taiking eareto unmask it to the right and left. Is the skirmishers arrive, they will continue and complete the formation of the square begun by the resorve, elosing in rapidly upon the latter, wishont regtard to their places in line; they will come to s ready without command, and fire upon the enemy; which will also be done by the reserve as 8000 as it is unmasked by the skirmishers.


The settler $i:$ is alleced that 1700 men are read． to take up arms to resist the enforcement of the decree ejecting rewlers from six leagues of land known as the Cuebalio Ranch．Gov．Downex sent some days ago，a messenger to remonstrate with the settlens，atd eideavor to persasde them to restore order，by a submission to the law，bu notbing was effected．It is reported thary the Go vernor propesed cailing on the miliary compa nies of San Frazcisco io assist in to have beer settlers，but nothing defnite seems to have beor determined on ye：

A brisk opposition against the Califomia Steam Navigation：Company has commenced at Sacrsmento，by a new line of river steamers， which is becoming quite popular．
Accounts from the intexior，concerning the growing crops，are encouraging．
The Old Colens House，corner of Sansame and Pane，San Francisco，was burned on the 1 th．－ The loss is about $\$ 1500$ ． The Ropub ican State Central Committee meets st Sacramento to day，to arrange for calling a State Convention to nominate candiuates for $\mathrm{Sill}_{\mathrm{il}}$ ロप7 คqる 07 p ． पวะว Governor and Congress．

The Fremont dam，Mariposa，is reporteat to be repaired，and ail the quartz mills are again in operation．

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 I pexy 7nq＇өAxOs II！M 7！＇ K ： $\partial q{ }^{\prime} 7 \mathrm{~Bq}$－ Accounts of Indian disturbances in Hnmoming and other nortbeni coums to be an organized effort frequent，and thef the troublesome sivages． making to kill efr the of the 20th，हays that on
The Humbeldt thes，Cout．Cows，with 22 men， Sunday，April 14th，L Indians，and in a brief but atteched a ranche of twenty and wounded three brikk fight killec others．The next mon a lame village，when five by lieut．Collins on three badty mornded． Indians were killed and in this ranch was eati－ The number of Famot they fled sfter the first mated at near 1.0 the troops in possessiox． charge，leaving ure Eercld，Ia commenting upon The Crescent cily ys：－From the feeling now so the Indian battle，sut among the inhavitants of generaily prevaleut holdt Bay，we apprehend but tiat section of Humb will be left in the vicinity of few if any Indians wan They are an intolerable the present dificulicurnity，and shonld be kept nuisance in sny corervations allotted to them． strictly upon the ren forther hostile movament， As an evidecee or states that thirty volunteers，
－ 110 Ot St






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Ornin Qherorend
a voar congyo, sulse

a fever, but a chronio offechoro. (i) invidtor or thinga
141. If a section shotid he clocely pressed by cavalry while retreating, its chiof will command Thalt; at this command, the merz will form rupidly into a compact ciucle aronma the ofticer, who will re-form hos section and resime the march, the moment he can do so with saiety.
142. The formation of the scuare in a prompt and efficient mamner, roquires coolness and actiyity on the part of both oftisers and sergeants.
143. The captain will alse profit by every moment of respite which the enemy's ehralry may leave him; as soon as lee can, he wilt endeavor to place himself beyond the reach of their charges, either by gaining a position where he may detend himself with acvantage, of by revurning to the corps to which he belongs. For this purpose, being in square, he will catase the company to break into column by platosne at half distance; to this effect, he will command:

## 1. Form colurar. 2. MEARCI.

141. At the command march, each platoon will duess on its centre, and the platoon which was facing to the rear will face about without com-
$M / N$ mand. The guides will plase themselves on the right and left of their resrective platoons, those of the secend platoon will place themselves at half distance from those of the first, counting from the rear rank. These dispositions baing made, the captain can move the column in whatever direction he may judge proper. 145. If he wishes to march it in retreat, he will command:
142. In retreat. 2. MARCH (or clowlle quickMARCH).
143. At the command march, the column will immediately;face by the rear rank, and move off in the opposite direction. As soon as the column is in motion, the captain will command:

> 3. Guvide rivic (or ifit).
147. Ho will indicate the direction to the leading guide; the guides will masch at their proper distances, and the men will ikeeg aligned.
148. If again threatened by cavalry, the captain *ill command:

## 1. Form square. 2. Marcm.

119. At the command niarch, the column will halt; the first platoon will face about briskly, and the outer lalf sections of each platom will be thrown perpendicularly to the rear, so as to form the second and third fronts of the square. The officers and sergeants will promptly rectify any Irregularities which may be committed.
120. If he should wish to march the column in advance, the captain will command:

> 1. Foinn column. 2. March.
1.51. Which will be executed as prescribed No. 11.
15. The columu,being formed, the eaptain will comatad:

1. Forward. 2. March (or double quich-Marja).
2. Guide left (or right).
3. At the second commani, the column rill move forward, and at the taind command, the men will take the touch of elbows to the side of the guide.
4. If the captain should wish the columa to gain ground to the right or left, he will do so by rapid wheels to the side opposite the guide, and for this purpose, will change the guide whenever it may be necessary.
5. If a company be in columan by platoon, at half distance, right in front, the captain can deploy the first platoon 28 skirmishers by the means already explained; butif it should be his wish to deploy the second platoon forward on the centre file, leaving the first platoon in reserye, he will command:
6. Sccond platoon-as skirimishers. 2. On the centre filc-take intervals. 3. Marer (or double quichachach.)
12\%. At the first command, the chief of the first platoon will cantion his platoon to stand fast; the chiefs of sections of the second platoon will place themselves before the centre of their sections; the fifth sergeant will place himself one pace in front of the second platoon.
7. At the second command, the chief of the rigbt section, second piatoon, will command: Section right face; the chief of the left section : Section ieft face.
8. At the command march, these sections will move off briskly in opposite directions, and having unmasked the first platoon, the chief of sections will respectively command: By the left flankMarch, and By the right flank-Marca; and as scon as these sections arrive on the adignment of the first platoon, they will command, As skir-
 nishiers-March. The groups will then deploy accexding to prescribed principles, on the right group of the left ssetion, which will be directed $\omega \mathrm{F}$ the fifth sergeant on the point indicated.
9. If the captain should wish the deployment made by the flank, the second platoon will be moved to the front by the means above stated, and balted after passing some steps beyond the adignment of the first platoon; the deployment will then be made by the flank according to the principles prescribed.
10. When one or more platoons are deployed as skirmishers, and the captain should wish to rally them on the battalion, he will command:

Rally on the battation.
 fested by the within the district of coin, having 5. The campion is
must result in good. Capt. Gown a shape which Braver forts Humboldt end. Li NELL, com bragg, have already or and Gaston and Camp formidablunteers, which will will take the field! formidable force. Lieutenant constitute a rather detachment of 45 regulars is Count Cows, with a Van Dusin Fork, a tribute is now in the vicinity a Dillon, from Camp Prosy of Eel river. Lieut this time on the South Bragg, is probably before Attachment of troops, and fork of Til river, with achment of Captain and before many dive s de Fort Gaston, will be Underwood's commandRedwood creek and in the vicinity of the anat volunteers will leave Fort Had river. Ten of the Underwood's command Humboldt to join Cant will join Lieutenant Cor on Monday, sud others necessary ten of them will Dillon.

Our Relations with France
ONION NEVER MINISTER DAYTON-THE
WASHINGTON, M AV TO BE DISSOLVED.
been officially advised that The Government has commissioners from the ir at the latest dates, ne ad presented themselves Confederate stat," Tho State Deparmelves at the French Curt
Minister, Judopartment has instructed cotes.
known to the Fire DAYTON, to explicitly new now, nor has there been, moment that there is not the least idea eris been, nor will there be, any or cering a dissolution of in this Government of or any way whatever.

New York, Derelict Vessel.
from Liverpool, arrived the ship War Hawk phon in with the brig War e, reports leaving She took the and abandoned, on of Pbiladelher for eight War Eagle in tow, but ${ }^{2}$ 2 th ult. her for eight hours, a gale coming after towing parted, and soon lost sion coming on the hawser
lost sight of her.

The Lancaster
Balitmone Which has been making confectioner Lancaster timor and Havre do Grace taction between Palta Suaquebanala by the Governmeen seized or no and inis wife appear to be out in the streets，or an the Central Park，or over the river，at Hobots，or up joying that，in Gotham，rareluxury－a breath of fice air．The charches，in the forenoon，were all wre attended，und，in most of them，appropriate allusic was made to the national troubles．I cannot lear however，that any discourses of the＂sennationa mouth were delivered．There was a＂rnsh＂to Pl ${ }^{\text {E }}$ Bouth Church，in the expectation of hearing $M_{\mathrm{IE}}$ ing his regimen his farewell discourse，prior to joif crowd were disappointed．＂going to the war，＂but tili mon was deiivered，havin．Only an orthodox self condition，total depravity，\＆ce，ence to man＇s fallefi events．But the understondi．，and not to current the Rev．gentleman will fulfl the that this evening friends．At St．Patrick＇s falfil the expectations of $h$ St．Paul＇s，and St．Jo Cathedral，Trinity Chureilh made to the duties of the passing reference witb the present emergency． The nowspapers have been ventilating a great des of gossip the past week，in regard to the Rev．Di $u t$ HAwKs，the well knewn rector of Calvary（Episccapt pal）Chureh，the substance of Calvary（Episcc⿴\zh11⿰一一千口 the Doctor being a Southe of which was，tistu！ termined to＂secede＂，outherner by birth，had duL moonshine；and the orig his parich．But that is a this：－Dr．HAWEs derigin of the gossip was jut prayer book）＂to be used to say the prayer（in th atos mult，＂for the reason that it time of war and tuft to＂deliver ns from our it beseeches the Almight an7 seems has not got it thr enemies．＂Dr．Finwhs itar rebels and conspiratorsough his hair，yet，that th गाअप the enemies of those who Cottondom are，or can be［t jo his slow perceptions in this partic to the，Union anañ！ut in collision with his congregicular brought himusuis most part，are believed to be allion，who，for thytwopl time，a resignation，indeed all loyal men．At on Ssorp the diffenlty．I helieve haed，appeared probable，buill
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 HILITARY MOVEMENTS——MONMONG TBIEVER
BTOOKS, ETC BTOOKS, ETC., ETO.
The weather to-day is NevV York, May 5, 1861. and nis wife appear to be charming, and all the wor the Central Tark, or over the river, at Hoboken, joying that, in Gotham, rare luxury-a breath of fice air. The churches, in the forenoon, were all we
attended, and, in most of the attended, and, in most of them
161. At this command, the skirmishers and the reserve, no matter what position the company to which they belong may occupy in order of battle, Will rapidiy unmask the a rontowards its nearest Hiank, and then form in its rear.
162. As soon as the skirmishers have passed beyond the line of file closers, the men will take the quick step, and the chief of each platoon or section will re-form his subdivision, and place it in column behind the wing on which it is rallied, and at ten paces from the rank of file closers. These subdivisions will not be moved except by order of the commander of the battalion, who maj, if he thinks proper, throw them into line of battle at the extremities of the line, or in the intervals between the battalions.
163. If many platoons should be united behind the same wing of a battalion, or behind any sheltex whatsoever, they should be formed alwsys into close column, or into column at half distance.
164. When the battalion, covered by a company of skirmishers, shall be formed into square, the platoons and sections of the covering will be directed by their chiefs to the rear of the square, which will be opened at the angies to receive the skirmishers, who will be then formed into close column by platoons in rear of the first front of the square.
165. If circumstances should prevent the angles of the square from being opened, the skirmishers will throw themselves at the feet of the front rank men, the right knee on the ground, the butt of the piece resting on the thigh, the Jryonet in a threatening position. A part may also place themselves about the angles, where they can render good service by defending the eectors without fixe.
166. If the battalion on which the skirmishers are rallied be in column ready to form square, the skirmishers, will be formed into close column by platoon, in rear of the centre of the third division, and at the command, Form square-MARCH, they will move forward and close on the buglers.
167. When skirmishers have been rallied by platoon or section behind the wings of a battalion and it be wished to deploy them again to the front, they will be maxched by the fink towards the interfals on the Finga, and be then deployed so as to cover the fcont of the battalion.
168. When platoons or sections, piaced in the interior of squares or columns, are to be deployed, they will be marched out by the flanks, ard then thrown forward, as is prescribed, No. 157; as soon as they shall have ummasked the column or square, they will be deployed, the one on the right, the other on the left file. biverenelly in quichi time.
170. The captain wishing to assomble the -Nirmikhers on the reserve, will command:
Assemble on the greserve.
171. At ilis command, the skirmishers will asserable by groups of fours; the front rankmen will place themselves behind theit rear rankmen: and each group of fours will diract itself on the reserve, where each will take its proper place in the ranks. When the company is re-formed, it will reioin the battalion to which it belengs.
172. It may be also proper to assemble the skirmishers on the centre, or onythe right or left of the line, cither marching or at a halt.
178. If the captain should wish to assemble them on the centre wilie marching, he will command:

## Assemble in the Centre.

171. At this command, the centre guide will continue to march directly to the front on the point indicated; the front rank man of the directing file will follow the guide, and be covered by his rear rank man; the other two comrades of this group, and likewise those on their left, will march diagonally, adrancing the left shonlder and accelerating the gait, 80 as to re-form the groups while drawing nearer and nearer the directing file; the men of the right se:tion will mite in the same manner into groups, and then upon the directing file, throwing formard the right shoulder. As they successively unite on the ceritre, the men will bring their pieces to the right shoulder.
172. To assemble on the right or left file will be executed according to the same principles.
173. The assembly of a line marching in retreat will also be executed according to the same pria ciples, the front rank men marching behind their rear rank men.
174. To assemble the line of skirmishers at a halt, and on the line they occupy, the captain will give the same commands; the skirmishers will face to the right or leff, accorting as they should march by the right orleft flants, re-form the groups while marehing, and thus arrive on the file which served as the point of formation. As they successively arrive, the skirmishers will support arms.

## Article Eifta.

To depioy a battalion as skirmishers, and to rally this bestalion.

## To deploy the batcelion res skirmishers.

178. A battalion being in line of battle, if the ecmmander should wish to deploy it on the right of the sixth company, holding the three right companies in reserre, he witl signify his intention to the lieutenant-colonel and adjutant, and also to the maior, who will be directed to take charge of
agre. Fifors evelh muest tatt
ful thiuefturday Man 2botules9 2. 2 h . 15 th + functian Andive-Ccumayy, fol Srand troubed atout yarrage inske strippage of rater, ne mone oufteing aits atref nge of h curse, caunot dharrit nese, penbe bo, w ppleir

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York, and used him to obtain fat steamship charters, and contracts for supplying the army with military and other stores.
I could give you the names of these New York sharks, but it is unnecessary, at present, inasmuch as there is a strong probability that their operations will be the subject of an official investigation in the course of the current week. Suffice it to say, that they have been among the noisest patriots of which the city could boast, since the war com-menced,--but we see now what their love of country all amounts to. "Patriotism," said Dr. Johnson, "patriotism is the last refuge of a scoundrel," aced, according to the way some things have been done in New York, the crusty old philosopher was correct.
The military movements since my last, are a meating of Hungarians at the Astor House last evening. for the purpose of tendering their services to the Grovernment, if need be; and the departure, of the Safem Zoulaves, last evening, in the steamship Rozimoke, and the Albany Burgess corps, in the steamship Columbic. Both sailed under sealed orders, bat their destination is, doubtless, the Chesapeake. "Busy Wilson's Regiment," which embrace a goodimsny "minions of the moon" (according to that lying Jade, Rumor,) will receive orders to "go through" Baltimore, just as soon as the railroad bridges are re.
paired." paired."

There is one other thing which likewise shows of but little to the credit of New York, and illustrates the very great difference that exists between profession and practice. Just after the great meeting af the honor k, to sustain the Government, and uphold The honor of the flag, you will remember, the Comrously voted $\$ 1,000,009$ to "aid in the national genefence." A fortnight has since elapsed national dethan one-halt the amour since elapsed, yet not more Comptroller, accordingly, has been obliged to The around a circular to the leading Banks, anpeapine to them to come forward and subscribe the balance, but I do not learn that the appeal, as yet, is respondecilto.
There were a good many heavy payments at Bank yesterday afternoon, the notes being for accemmodalions granted before civil war was provable. The talk is, that there were a dozen or snore failures, but no particulars are given. Merchants and businessmen are looking forward to the future with much misgiving. Trade of all kinds is excessively dull, when it now it is not an easy matter to predict When it will grow better. Foreign Exchange for
the City of FF cshinglon and Row n about Wednesday's figures Marcia closed dull, at without change of remarlouble The stock market was mont hond- of remarkable importance; Govern-
 100 18 s,




Nednesilay, Mrasch, 20.1856 Yellor Zerer, whith hriper rfcenpllenues, peloy, loss of nuve contrabilily gremely, Cotur Drifty, Novcus ais in masick, age 6; Inesonveb, is th, Limia Capahs, Ry. Ansicteviorion bisius z $y^{\prime \prime}$ S. 3 timus a ruglik. d. $3<t$ tives a day. Fsatilla Sreer agu 44. Agenom Sari penese inseqular, gl $\operatorname{lng} 6$, a parsultrambear two hearta aturt husha, ahsmep wothoutio, Asthmor cullid menspmenir theent, Lavke our mealiomi but cone back on datra phis nid vtrace Get, thr has amivitans hr ievoels. onv/ liembit Chrmín astherar York, and used him to obtain fat steamship charters, and contracts for supplying the army with military
and other stores.
I could give you the names of theze
the reserve. He will yoint ont to the lieutenant colonel the direction he मishes to give tho line, as well as the point where he wighes the right of the sixth cempany to rest, and to the commander of the reserve the place he woy wish it established.
179. The licutenant-colonel will move rapidy in front of the right of the sixth company, and the adjutant in front of the lofs of the same company. The commander of the reserve will dispose of it in the manner to be kereinafter indicated.
180. The colonel will command:

1. First (or seconel) photons-asskirmishers.
2. On the right of the sirth company-take inter* vals.

3 March (or domke givel-March).
181. At the second command, the captains of the fifth and sixth companies will prepare to deploy the first platoons of their respeative companies, the sixth on its right, the fifth on its left file.
182. The captain of the fourth company will face it to the right, and the captains of the seventh and eighth companies will face their respectivecompanies to the left.
183. At the command march, the movement will commence. The platoons of the fifth and sixth companies will deploy forward; the right guide of the sivth will march on the point which will be indicated to him by the lieutenant-colonel.
184. The company which has faced to the right, and aleo the companies which have faced to the left, will march straight forward. The fourth company will take an interval of one hundred paces counting from the left of the fifth, and its chief will deploy its first platoon on its left file. The seventh and eighth companies will each take an interval of one huidred paces, counting from the first file of the company, which is immediately Gn its right; and the chigfs of these semzみnions
Witl efterwards Conioy thuir ficat platoons on the right file,
185. The guikes who conduct she fles on whick the doployment is madie, shomid be carsful to dirent themselves to कrards the gutex man of the ncighboring company, alretdy deployed us citirmisners; or if the company has not nnished its ¢eployment, they rill judge oarefully the distance Which may still be required to place sil these file in line, and will then march on the point thus marked out. The compenies, as they arrive on the line, will align themseives on those already deployed.
186. The lientonant-colonel and adytuant will follow the deployment, the one on the xight, the other on the lefi; the movernent concluded, they will place thenselves near the colonel. plisbed in echetion in the following manner; the reser ye of the sisit company will be plaved one hundred and fifty paces in rear of the right of this company; the reserves of the fourth and fifth companies, united, opposite the centre of their line of skirmishers, and thinty paces in advance of the reserve of the sixth company; the reserves of the serenth aud eigbth compsnies, also united, opposite the ceatre of their line of skirmishes, and thirty paces farther to the rear than the reserve of the sixth company.
188. The raajor commanding the companies composing the reserve, on receiving an oxder from the colonel to that effect, will march these companies thirty paces to the reax, and will toen ploy them into column by company, at Lalf distance; after which, he will conduct the column to the point which shall have been indicated to him.
189. The colonel will have a general superintendence of the movement; and when it is finished, will move to a point in the rear of the line, whence his view may best embrace all the parts, in order to direct their movements.
180. If, instead of deploying formard, it de desired to deploy by the flank, the sixth and fifth companies will be moved to tho front ten or tweire paces, balted, and deployed by the flank, the one on the right, the other on the left file, by the means already indicated. Each of the other companies will be marched by the flank; and as soon as the last file of the comosny, noxt towards the direction, shall have taken its interva!, it will be moved upon the line established by the fifth and sixth companies, hal'ed and deployed.
191. In the preceding example, it has been supposed that the battalion was in order of battle; but if in column, it would be deployed as skirmishers by the same commands and according to the same principles.
192. If the deployment is to be made foritard, the directing company, as soon as it is unmasked, will be moved ten or twelve paces in front of the head of the colamn, and will then be deployed on the ille indicated. Each of the other companies will take its interval to the zight or left, and depioy as soon as it is taken.
143. If the deployment is to be made by the flank, the cirecting company will be moved in the same manner to the front, as soon as it is unmasked, and will then be halted and deployed by the flank on the file indicated. Each of the other companies will be marehed by the flank, and when its interval is taken, will be moved on the line, halted, and deployed as soon as the company next towards the direction shall have finished its deployment.

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 right file.185. The quider who conduct she sles on which the doployment is made, showla be careful to direcet themselves torarcs the sutex man of the ncighboring company, alretdy deployed as cith mishers; or if the company has not fuished its deployment, they will judge oarefully the distance which may still be required to place all these files in line, and will then march on the point thus wo més marked out. The companies, as they arrive on the line, will align themseives on those already deployed.
186. The lientonart-colonel and adutant will follow the deployment, the one on the right, the other on the left; the ravement concluded, they will niece themselves near the colonel.
187. The reserves of tae companies will be estaplisbed in echelion in the followivg zammes; the reserye of the sisil compeny will be placed one hundred and fifty paces in rear of the right of this company; the reserves of the fourth and fifth companies, united, opposite the cenire of their line of skimmishers, and thinty paces in advance of the reserve of the sixth corppany; the reserves of the serenth and eighth compsnies, also united, opposite the centre of their line of skirmishes, and thirty paces farther to the rear than the reserve of the sixth company.
188. The major commanding the companies coraposing the reserve, on receiving an order from the colonel to that effect, will march these companies thirty paces to the reax, and will then ploy them into column by company, at half distance; after which, he will conduct the column to the point which shall have been indicated to him.
189. The colonel will have a general superintendence of the movement; and when it is finished, will move to a point in the rear of the line. whence his yiew may best embrace all the parts, in ordex to direct their movements.
190. If, instead of deploying formard, it ve desired to deploy by the flank, the sixth and fifth companies will be moved to the front ten or twelve paces, halted, and deployed by the flank, the one on the right, the other on the left file, by the means already indicated. Each of the other com panies will be marched by the flank; and as soon as the last file of the comosny, noxt towards the direction, shall have taken its interval, it will be moved nopon the line established by the fifth and sixth companies, halred and deployed.
191. In the preceding example, it has been supposed that the battalion was in order of battle; but if in column, it would be deployed as skirmishers by the same commands and according to the same principles.
192. If the deployment is to be made fortard, the directing company, as soon as it is unmasked, will be moved ten or twelve paces in front of the head of the colamn, and will then be deployed on the file indicated. Each of the other companies will take its interval to the zight or left, and depioy as soon as it is taken.
193. If the deployment is to be made by the flank, the directing company will be moved in the same manner to the front, as soon as it is unmasked, and will then be halted and deployed by the flank on the file indicated. Each of the other companies will be marehed by the flank, and when its interval is taken, will be moved on the line, haited, and deployed as soon as the company next towards the direction shall have finished its deployment.

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panes, the sixth on its right, the fifth on its left file.

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182. The captain of the fourth company will face it to the right, and the captains of the seventh and eighth companies will face pola ospective companies to the left.














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the reserve. He will point ont to the lieutenant colonel the direction he wishes to give the line, as well as the point where he wishes the right of the sixth company to rest, sind to the commander of the reserve the place lie. may wish it established.
183. The lieutenant-colonel will move rapidly in front of the right of the sixth company, and the adjutant in front of the loft of the same company. The commander of the reserve will dispose of it in the manner to be hereinafter indicated.
184. The colonel will command:
185. First (or second) piatom-as skirmishers.
186. On the right of the sixth company-take intervols.
3 MARCH (or double givels-MARCH).
187. At the second command, the captains of ploy the first platoons of their respective com183. At the cam a) (kat
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188. The rescried of tae companies will be established in echelion in the following zanpuex; the reserye of the sisil compray will be plaved one hundred and fifty paces in rear of the right of this company; the reserves of the fourth and fifth companies, united, opposite the cenire of their line of skirmishers, and thinty paces in advange of the reserve of the sixth company; the reserves of the serenth aud eighth companies, also united, opposite the centre of their line of skirmishes, and thirty paces farther to the rear than the reserve of the sixth company.
189. The major commanding the companies coroposing the reserve, on receiving an oxder from the colonel to that effect, will march these companies thirky paces to the rear, and will then ploy them into column by company, at half distance; after which, he will conduct the column to the point which shall have been indicated to him.
190. The colonel will have a general superintendence of the movement; and when it is finished, will move to a point in the rear of the line, whence his view may best embrace all the parts, in order to direct their moyements.
191. If, instead of deploying forward, it de desired to deploy by the flank, the sixth and fifth companies will bo moved to the front ten or tweive paces, halted, and deployed by the flank, the one on the right, the other on the left file, by the means already indicated. Each of the other companies will be marched by the flank; and as soon as the last file of the comoany, noxt towards the cirection, shall have taken its interva!, it will be moved noon the line established by the fifth and sixth companies, hal'ed and deployed.
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194. If the deployment is to be made by the flank, the cirecting company will be moved in the same manner to the front, as soon as it is unmasked, and will then be halted and deployed by the flank on the file indicated. Each of the other companies will be marehed by the flank, and when its interval is taken, will be moved on the line, halted, and deployed as soon as the company next towards the direction shall have finished its deployment.
here are now tuifty tnousanu troops in Wash ing n. Alexandria, Virginia, will be taken pos session of by United States troops in a day o two. Lhe expedition will be commanded ay be quickly made to show their heels. The Alex andrians themselves expect this movement to be made.

OCOUPATIOL OF HAVRE DE GRACE.
The orders for the actual ocenpation of Havre df Grace have been countermanded. The citizens o that town invited Colonel DARE and his oxicers $t$ visit the place, and sent a steam tug to conver them over. A party of the officers went. They 1 why were courteously received, and their visit was, in every respect, a pleasant one. The Americar, flag was raised over the principal hotel, and over the armory, snd the stars and stripes have bear waving over the town ever since. There are $\varepsilon \times X) \geqslant$ few Secessionists in the place, but the mass of the people are strongly for the Union.

QUARTERS FOR TEE TROOPS.
The rain, and the wet and cold weather of the last two days, has shown how inadequate the present quarters of the troops are, for their comfort and the preservation of their health. There is plenty of lumber about, and there are enoagh carpenters among the men to construct comfortable sheds for them all, where they could be dry andiwarm, in the hardest rain and coldest night. And a few hours labor with spades and shovels, would drain off the whole extent of the camp ground, where pools of water have been standing for two days. The men wouid gladly do this labor, and it is necessary that they should learn all that pertains to camp life.

## OOURTS MARTLAIS.

Several courts martial are on the tapis, and two of them are to come off to-morrow. Last night,

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(1) 194 It has been prescribed to place the reserves in echellon, in order that they rasy, in the event of a rally, be able to protect themselves withont injuring each other; snd the reserves of two contigucus companies have been united, in order to dimizish the number of the echellons, and to incranse their capacity for meristling eavalvy.
195. The echellons, in the example given, descend from right to left, but they may, on an indication from the colorel to that effect, be posted on the same principle, so as to descend from left to right.
192. When the color-company is to be deployed as skirmishers, the color, withont its guard, will be detached, and remain with the battation reserve.

The rally. 41 mantryal
197. The colonel may canse all the various movements prescribed for a company, to be executed by the battalion, and by the same commands and the same sigosls. When he wishes to rally the battalion, he will caise the rally on the Zattalion to be sounded, and will so dispose his reeerye as to protect this movement.
198. The companies deployed as skirmishers will be rallied in squares on their respective recserves; each rescrve of two contignous corapanies will form the first front of the square, throwing to the rear the sections on the fanks; the skirmishers who arrive first will complete the lateral fronts, and the last the fourth front, The officers and sergeants will superintend the rally, and as fast as the men arrive, they will form them into two ranks, without regard to height, and cause them to face outwards.
119. The rally being effected, the commanders of squares will profit by any interval of cime the cavalry may allow for putting them in safety, ei her by inarehing upon the battallion reserve, or by seizing an advantageons position; to this end, each of the squares will be formed into column, and march in this ordor; and if threstened anew, it will halt, and again form itself into square.
200. As the companies successively arrive near the battalion-reserve, each $\pi$ ill re-form as promptly as possible, and without re qard to designation or number, take place in the column next in rear of the companies already in lt.
201. The battalion reserve will also form square, if itself threatened by cavalry. In this case, the companies in marching towards it will place themseives promptly in the sections withont fire, snd thus maxch on the sotrates.


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They rerused to open the door. The men broke it open, however, zushed in and offered the grossest indignities to the two women. The latter, greatly terrified, ran out, exying murder! The neighborhood was alarmed, and the two wretches were quickly secured, taken to head-quarters, snd pat
 in irons in the guard-house. They claim to be members of one of the companies, but it is not likely that any of old Abe's soldiers would disgrace themselves by such acts. But whether they are soldiers or not, they ars amonable to the penalties of martial law, and will be, as they should be, severely dealt with. The people about here, to my certain knowledge, have been very kind and bospitable to the soldiers, and the least return they can expect is to be protected in the enjoyment of their usual rights.

## Collision Between the Steamers Quaker City and Baltimore.

Intelligence of the collision of the United States steamer Quaker City with the steamer Bxitimore, which occurred on Friday last, off Cape Henry, has already reached us by telegraph. The following details of the "outrage" (as the Battimoreans are pleased to term it) are gleaned foom the Baitimore Sun of Saturday.
The following is the statment of Captain CozBERT, of the Baltimore:-
"Soon after passing Cape Henry, on the 2d instant, While bound up the bay, I observed a large steamer, on the port side, which $I$ supposed was one of the Baltimore and Boston line. Being perfectly unaware of the state of affairs here, and the appearance of the steamer being anything but that of a man-of-war, together with the fact that no gan was fired as a sigual to heave to, I continued my course. When within a short distance of the Bautimore the large steamer suddenly changed her course and stood directly for us, evidently with the intention of
striking the striking the los and sinking her.

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