

JON OVE HAGEN • OLAV LIESTØL • ERIK ROLAND • TORILD JØRGENSEN

GLACIER ATLAS OF SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN



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Abstract

Data for the detailed glacier inventory of the Svalbard archipelago were compiled from topographical maps, aerial photographs, Landsat satellite images and radio-echo soundings. The work was carried out at the Norwegian Polar Institute where all the background information is available.

Most of the work was done in 1980-81. The topographical maps used are on a scale of 1:100,000 and were made by the cartographical section of the Norwegian Polar Institute for the Svalbard map series project. Many have been updated or totally revised during the past ten years. However, some which had been constructed from aerial photographs dating from 1936 showed glacier areas and glacier fronts that had not been updated. Because most glacier areas have been shrinking since the 1930's, aerial photographs on a 1:50,000 scale taken in 1960, 1966 and 1969-71 have been used to update the extent of the glaciers and investigate the moraine morphology associated with them. Landsat satellite images from August 1980 which show glacier front positions on calving glaciers were also used in the compilation. The new aerial photography carried out in the summer of 1990, which covers the whole of Svalbard, was not used for this inventory. These photos would most likely have confirmed the general retreat of the glaciers because of the negative mass balance on most glaciers during the present century. Consequently, the volumes and areas given in this inventory are probably slightly overestimated compared to the 1990 situation.

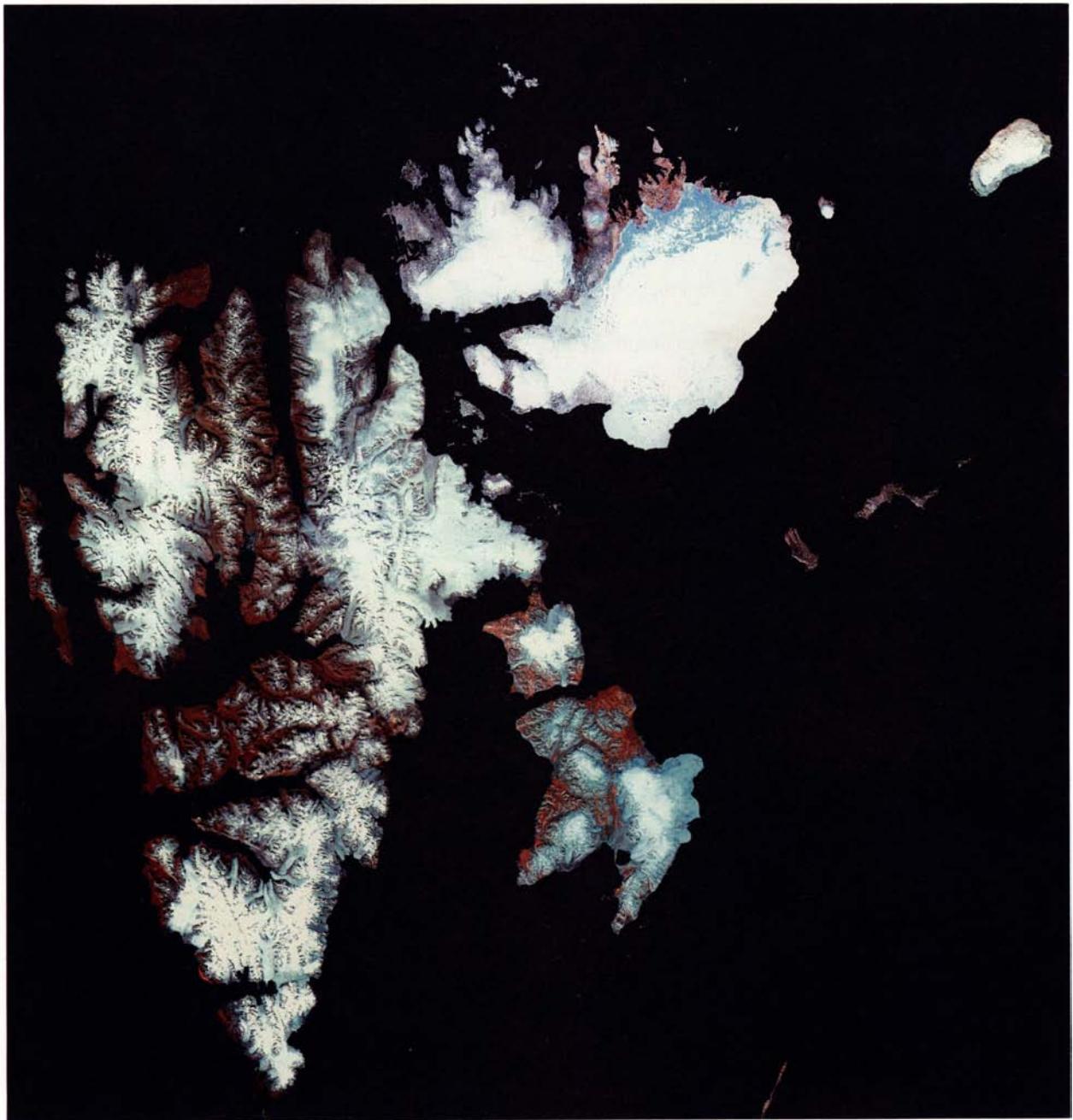
Treating each drainage basin separately, the inventory gives information about every glacier that exceeds 1 km² in area. Smaller ones were also measured, but are not listed or tabulated individually. Although these comprise as much as 56% of the total number, they cover only 1.1% of the glaciated area.

Radio-echo soundings were carried out by Russian, Norwegian and British scientists. An empirical formula based on these soundings has been used to estimate the depths and volumes of most of the glaciers.

Introduction

The secretariat of the World Glacier Inventory (WGI) was established in the mid-1970's at the Department of Geography, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH), Zürich. The WGI was set up by UNESCO under the auspices of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and supported by the International Commission on Snow and Ice (ICSI), affiliated with the International Association of Hydrological Sciences (IAHS). Its aim was to collect standardized data on the extent of glaciers in glaciated regions of the world. It has prepared *Instructions for Compilation and Assemblage of Data for a*

Fig. 1. Landsat satellite image of Svalbard from 1980 gives a good impression of the glacier coverage.



World Glacier Inventory. This gives general instructions which should be used for a wide variety of glacier types and glaciated areas. We have tried to follow these instructions in this Glacier Atlas of Svalbard and Jan Mayen.

The main objective of the atlas is to obtain a data base of all the glaciers of Svalbard and Jan Mayen using reference numbering that follows the WGI system. Thus, the tables and maps comprise the bulk of this inventory. Some general information is given first about the glaciers in Svalbard, briefly referring to some investigations of them.

In the WGI identification system, each continent is given a reference number and is subdivided into regions indicated by letters. Europe has been assigned number 4, and Svalbard is identified by W. The Svalbard region (4W) is again divided into regions, as explained in the text. Jan Mayen, although outside the Svalbard archipelago, has been included by WGI in the 4W region and is therefore included in this inventory.

A selected bibliography is given that covers works referred to in the text as well as key publications which may be of interest to people involved in studying glaciers or related features in Svalbard.

The Svalbard inventory was started in 1980 by Olav Liestøl, and the bulk of the work was carried out in 1980-1981 by Erik Roland who compiled the geographical information in the main tables. The work then stopped until 1989, when the Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology funded its completion. Torild Jørgensen was engaged for six months and Jon Ove Hagen was in charge of the final phase. The work has been carried out at the Norwegian Polar Institute, Oslo, where all the background information is available. Much of the text has also been published in the *Satellite Image Atlas of Glaciers of the World* (edited by Williams & Ferrigno 1993) in the chapter entitled “Glaciers of Svalbard, Norway” by Olav Liestøl.

Comments on the Glacier Inventory Instructions

According to the instructions, all perennial snow and ice masses should be recorded in the World Glacier Inventory. Measurements of glacier dimensions should be made with respect to the carefully delineated drainage area of each ice stream. Tributaries should be included with the main streams when they are not differentiated from one another. If no flow takes place between separate parts of a continuous ice mass, each ice stream should be treated as a separate unit.

The extent to which visible ice, firn and snow are distinguished from rock and debris surfaces will affect the inventory measurements of individual glaciers. Inactive ice must be included in the inventory for hydrological purposes. Marginal and terminal moraines should be included if they contain ice. Glacierets and snow patches that are sufficiently large, and perennial, should be included. Rock glaciers should be included if there is evidence of large ice content.

The instructions seem to have important consequences for the Svalbard inventory and need commenting upon. They always divide the land into drainage basins. In Svalbard, many small ice caps drain in different directions and thus support a number of drainage areas. It would often be more logical to treat these ice caps as one glacier, but in accordance with the instructions we have divided them into separate drainage basins. Examples of this can be seen at Glitnefonna on Nordaustlandet and Digerfonna on Edgeøya. This will sometimes complicate the use of the atlas.

Many ice streams have tributaries that could have been treated as individual glaciers. Hence, it is often the subjective decision of an investigator that determines which glacier qualifies for an individual reference number. This problem can be clearly seen when a surge takes place on one ice stream of a composite accumulation area, as for example on Osbornebreen and Hinlopenbreen. Osbornebreen started to surge during the winter of 1986/87, but only its western branch was affected. Hinlopenbreen has many tributaries in its area, but some of them could readily have been recorded separately.

Our inventory includes all glaciers larger than 1 km² in each drainage basin, and information is given about each one. Glaciers that are smaller than 1 km² are not given reference numbers. They have been counted and their total area was calculated, but they are not treated as individuals. The number and the total area of these small glaciers are given in the tables at the end of every drainage basin. They cover only 1.1% of the glaciated area, but comprise as much as 56% of the total number. Many are just perennial snow patches and not real glaciers, but the instructions require them to be counted.

The inventory was mainly drawn up in 1980-81 and many of the small glaciers may have melted away since then. Svalbard glaciers in general

have had a negative mass balance during this period (see the section on mass balance investigations), especially those having a low mean elevation close to the coast. Thus, many small patches have disintegrated, especially on the flat-lying islands of Kong Karls Land in the east.

The topographical maps used for this inventory in 1980-81 belonged to the main series of maps of Svalbard on the scale of 1:100,000. All the Svalbard maps used in this inventory have been produced by the cartographical section of the Norwegian Polar Institute. Many of them have been revised and re-constructed during the last ten years. The inventory for Edgeøya, Barentsøya, and Nordaustlandet was therefore revised in 1989-90. Some of the maps were constructed from aerial photographs taken in 1936, and the area taken up by a glacier and the position of glacier fronts have not been updated. Because most glacier areas have been shrinking since the 1930's, aerial photographs on a 1:50,000 scale taken in 1960, 1966, 1969, 1970, 1971 and a few from 1977 have been used to update the extent of glaciers and investigate the moraine morphology associated with them. These photographs are available at the Norwegian Polar Institute. Observations on the position of glacier fronts on calving glaciers using Landsat satellite images from August 1980 have also been used in the compilation. Aerial photographs were taken of the whole of Svalbard in summer 1990. These were not used for this inventory, but would probably have confirmed the general retreat of the glaciers because of the negative mass balance on most glaciers this century. The volumes and areas given in this inventory are thus probably slightly overestimated compared to the 1990 situation.

Climate in Svalbard

The mean temperature in winter is remarkably high considering Svalbard's northern position. Temperatures above freezing can even occur in mid-winter.

Ocean currents and general air circulation explain the relatively mild climate. Part of the warm Norwegian Current, a branch of the Gulf Stream, flows into the Barents Sea and part towards the western coast of Spitsbergen where it creates the northernmost area of open water in the Arctic in winter.

The general large-scale air currents are determined by the low pressure area near Iceland and the relatively high pressure area over Greenland and the Arctic Ocean. The result is transport of mild air from lower latitudes towards Svalbard. Further north, the circulation is mostly anticyclonic with prevailing easterly or northeasterly winds. Large temperature differences occur between the two air masses originating from the southwest and northeast, causing extreme fluctuations in weather and temperature. The greatest variations occur in winter when the contrasts between the two air masses are most marked. When snow accumulation is measured on the glaciers in spring, traces of mild periods can often be seen as ice layers in the snow pits. On the other hand, snow may fall at any time during the summer months.

On the western coast of Spitsbergen, the average annual temperature is about -6°C, and it is slightly colder and more continental further inland. The average temperature on the west coast in the warmest month, July, is about 5-6°C, while in the coldest period, January-March, it is about -15°C.

Precipitation is normally low in the Arctic, about 400 mm annually on the western coast of Spitsbergen and half as much in central inland areas. Precipitation is higher on the glaciers due to the orographic effect, but seldom exceeds 2-4 m of snow. The frequent easterly winds caused by troughs of low pressure passing across the Barents Sea bring the highest precipitation to the eastern parts of the islands. The distribution of precipitation on Svalbard is shown in Fig. 2. This figure is based on observations of mass balance on selected glaciers, a few meteorological stations in settlements along the west coast and observations of the altitude of the equilibrium line on the glaciers as shown in Fig. 8.

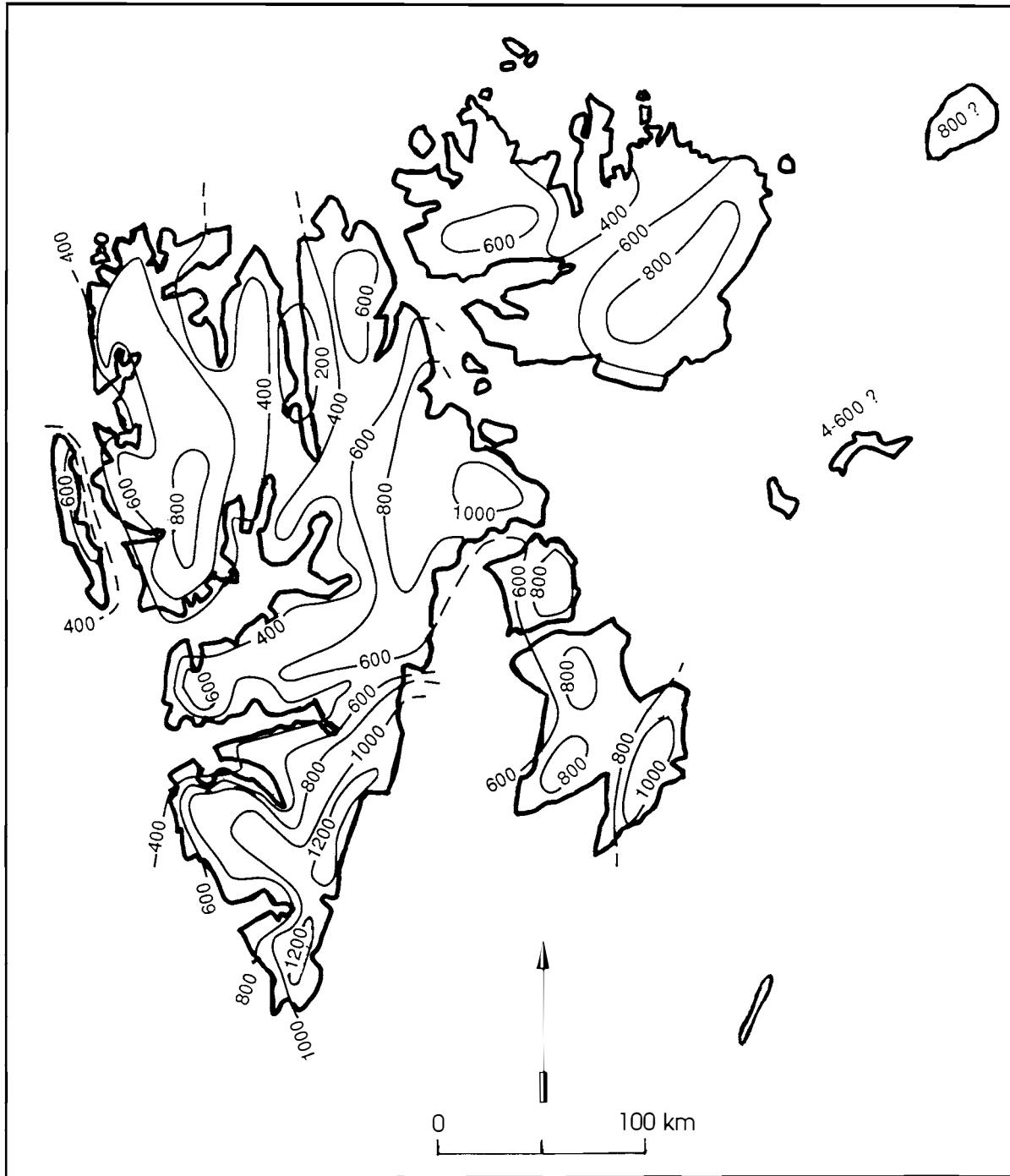


Fig. 2. Precipitation in Svalbard
in mm per year, mainly based on
indirect measurements.

Glaciers in Svalbard



About 60% of Svalbard is covered by glaciers of various types. Most dominant are the huge, continuous ice masses divided into individual ice streams by mountain ridges and nunatak areas. Ahlmann (1933) called this type of glacier the Spitsbergen type. There are also numerous small cirque glaciers, especially in the high alpine mountain regions in western parts of Spitsbergen. Several large ice caps are located in the relatively flat areas of eastern Spitsbergen, Edgeøya, Barentsøya, and Nordaustlandet. Some typical piedmont glaciers are found along the west coast, resting on the strandflat of Prince Karls Forland. Ice shelves do not exist because all glacier fronts terminating in the sea are grounded. Some examples of different glacier types are given in Figs. 3-6.

The majority of the glaciers belong to the subpolar type. The margins and parts of the ablation area are below the freezing point and are partly frozen to the ground, while the accumulation area and the deep-

Fig. 3. Northeast Spitsbergen is characterized by large continuous ice masses divided into individual ice streams by mountain ridges and nunataks. The main stream is Hinlopenbreen. Oslobreen partly drains from Ursafonna in the background.

er part of the ablation area are at the pressure melting point (see the next section). Many of the small cirque glaciers could be classified as polar glaciers because the entire ice mass is below the melting point.

The largest ice caps, ice fields, outlet glaciers, and ice streams in Svalbard are listed in Tables 1 and 2.



Fig. 4. There are numerous cirque and valley glaciers in central Spitsbergen. The main glacier is Paulabreen which ends in the inner part of Van Mijenfjorden.

TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS

Ice-free land areas have continuous permafrost to depths varying from about 100 m near sea level up to more than 400 m in the higher mountains (Liestøl 1977). However, taliks (bodies of unfrozen ground in permafrost) are found under most glaciers. This is due to the thermal regime in subpolar glaciers, the most common glacier type in Svalbard. In the accumulation area of the glaciers, water penetrates into the permeable snow and firn layers. The water refreezes because of subzero temperatures in the snow pack at the beginning of the melting season. Release of latent heat when refreezing takes place raises the temperature to melting point. Deeper layers down to the bottom of the glacier stay at the pressure melting point all year. In the ablation area, most meltwater runs off at the surface of the glacier or in channels or moulin cut into the ice. No effective refreezing occurs then, and negative temperatures are accumulated in the ice mass from one winter to the



next. Temperature measurements in drill holes on Kongsvegen showed this temperature regime clearly (Fig. 7). The measurements from Kongsvegen and in drill holes on Brøggerbreen and Lovénbreen showed that the glaciers usually are cold in the ablation area down to a depth of 80-100 m. This was confirmed by high frequency radio-echo soundings giving internal reflections from the interface between cold and temperate ice. The two-layered temperature regime on the Svalbard glaciers has been observed on other glaciers, for example on Fridtjovbreen (Glazovsky & Moskalevsky 1989). Some of the small, thin glaciers with thicknesses less than 100 m are cold through the entire ice mass, while thicker glaciers are cold in the thin outer parts and temperate in the deepest, central parts of the ablation area and most of the accumulation area.

The cold or polar glaciers can be distinguished from subpolar glaciers because large icings are formed during the winter in front of most subpolar glaciers. These icings can cover some square kilometres in front of glaciers ending on land. The ice is formed as subglacial water drains from the glacier during the winter.

HYDROLOGY

The low temperatures and the low balance gradients cause low flow rate on the glaciers. Thus, few crevasses are formed and surface meltwater drainage is characteristic for these glaciers. Thick layers of superimposed ice may be formed as the meltwater drains at the cold snow/ice interface. Great areas of slush and superimposed ice are often formed in the lower part of the temporary snow line on the gla-

Fig. 5. Ahlmanonna on the northern part of Nordaustlandet, here seen looking east, is a typical example of a small ice cap.



Fig. 6. Aldousbreen is an outlet glacier from the Vestfonna ice cap in Nordaustlandet. The glacier margins are well defined and indicate that the flow is significantly higher than on the almost stagnant surrounding ice cap.

cier. Numerous meltwater channels are formed on the surface. They gradually melt down into the glacier, and englacial meltwater channels can be formed in this way (Liestøl et al. 1980). Crevasses are also closed by meltwater refreezing along the cold crevasse sides. In some places, moulins are formed which lead the water into an englacial or subglacial drainage system. Dye tracer studies indicate that water from the lower parts of the glaciers drains through the same, well-developed drainage system year after year.

Glacier-dammed lakes are readily formed, both on the surface and laterally. These lakes vary in size, and most of them are short-lived. They are usually emptied during the summer either by reopening of a supraglacial channel or of a moulin at the bottom of the lake. At most glacier fronts the water drains subglacially and contains large amounts of suspended sediment.

The taliks in the accumulation areas allow the meltwater to drain into the subpermafrost ground-water reservoir. This is probably the most important source for the ground water, though little is known of the amount of water draining into the ground. This drainage is also an important source for the artesian water pressure which forms springs and pingos in many places in Svalbard (Liestøl 1976).

THE EQUILIBRIUM LINE

The equilibrium line on a glacier is the boundary between the accumulation area, where there is an excess of snow accumulation over ablation during one year, and the ablation area where ablation exceeds

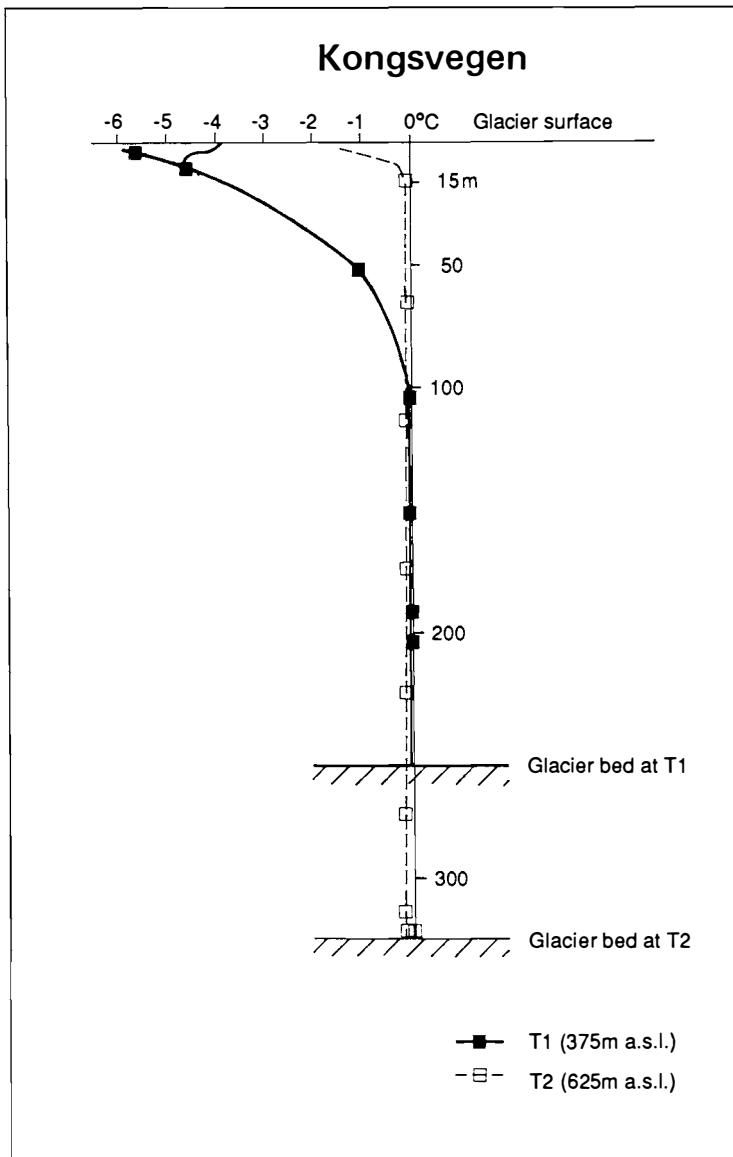
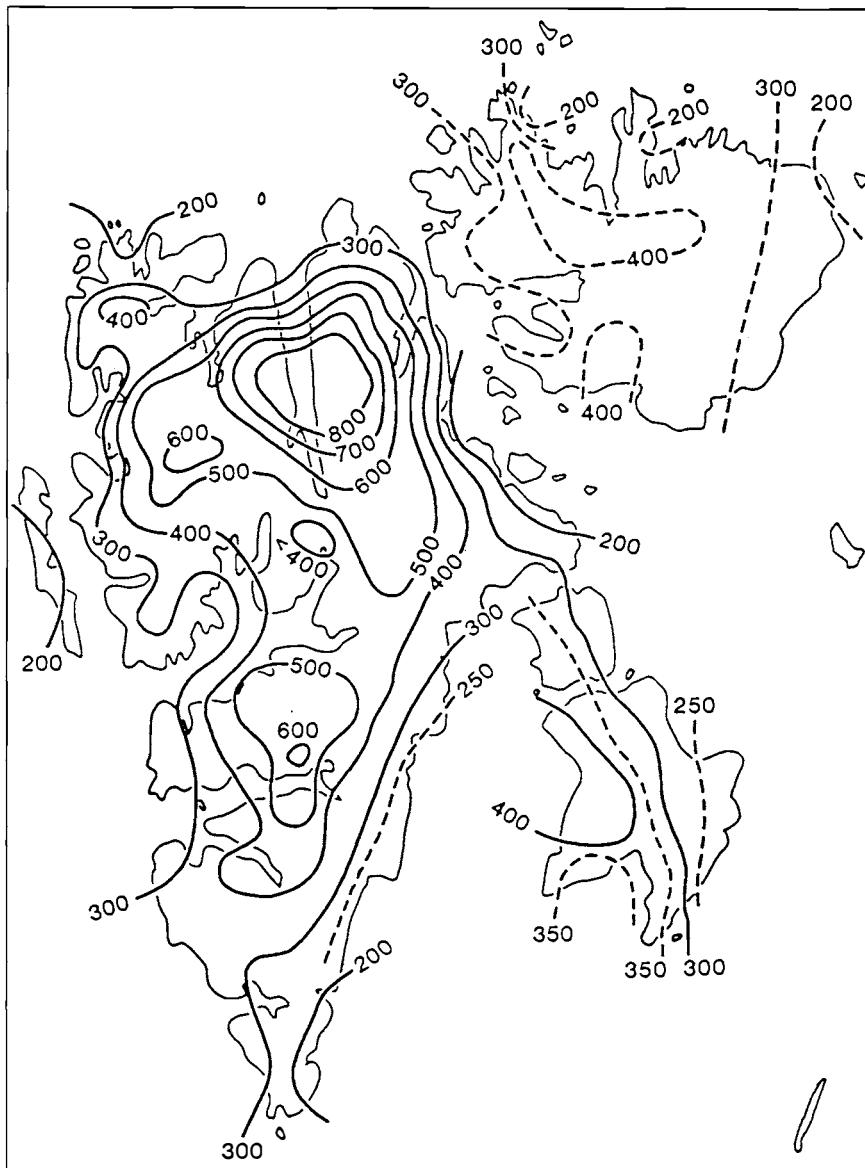


Fig. 7. Temperature measurements from the ablation (T1) and accumulation (T2) areas on Kongsvegen show the temperature regime that is typical for subpolar glaciers in Svalbard.

accumulation. Thus, at the equilibrium line the accumulation equals the ablation, and the net mass balance is zero. The equilibrium line altitude (ELA) on the glaciers is a good indicator of climatic conditions throughout Svalbard. Fig. 8 shows a map of the height of the equilibrium line and is based on data derived from satellite images, aerial photographs, maps and mass balance measurements. This map indicates an altitude of the ELA that keeps the glaciers in balance with their present volume and area. The temperature, and thereby the ablation, varies less than the precipitation from one region to another. The ELA therefore more or less reflects the precipitation pattern that was shown in Fig. 2. Figs. 2 and 8 show that most of the precipitation is brought by southeasterly winds. The ELA is only 200 m a.s.l. in southeastern Spitsbergen, but more than 800 m a.s.l. in the central-northern part, reflecting a more continental type of climate.

However, the glaciers are not in balance with the existing climate. The ice masses are shrinking, and the actual ELA is up to 100 m higher than is shown in Fig. 8. The general pattern is, nevertheless, the same, and thus reflects the precipitation pattern. The higher the ELA, the lower the snow accumulation.

Fig. 8. The estimated equilibrium line altitude (ELA) on Svalbard glaciers for zero net balance, when the glaciers are in balance with their present volume and area.



MASS BALANCE INVESTIGATIONS

In 1950, the Norwegian Polar Institute started the first systematic mass balance studies on Finsterwalderbreen on the south side of Van Keulenfjorden. Since the work was carried out every other year from 1950 to 1966, we only have net mass balance data given as mean values for every other year during this period. The measurements showed a steady decrease of the glaciers with a mean net balance of -0.25 m/year in water equivalents.

Investigations in the Kongsfjord area started in 1966 on Brøggerbreen and a year later on Lovénbreen, and have been carried out every year since. Accumulation and ablation have been measured by direct glaciological methods: snow-sounding profiles, density measurements, and stake readings. The results are given in Table 3. The results for Brøggerbreen are shown in Fig. 9. As mentioned before, the glaciers are not in balance with the existing climate, the ice masses having steadily decreased, with a mean net balance of about -0.40 m/year on Brøggerbreen. A positive net balance has only been recorded in two years (1987 and 1991). The average equilibrium line is about 100 m higher

than the level that gives zero net balance. Steady state would be attained if the average summer temperature was lowered by 1°C, or if winter precipitation increased by about 50% (Hagen & Liestøl 1990).

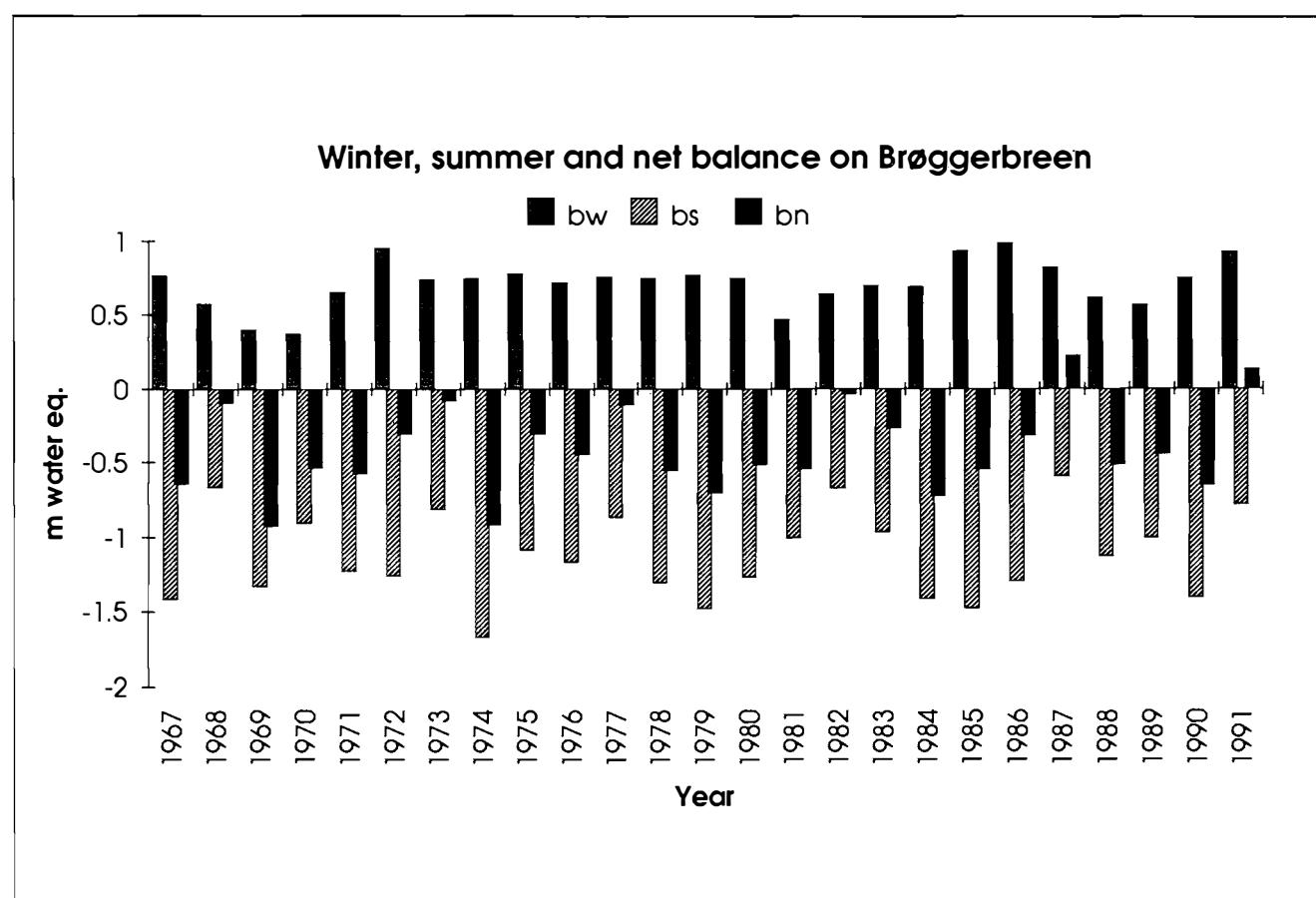
The annual net mass balance correlates well with the equilibrium line altitude (ELA), and with the mean summer temperature or the sum of positive degree days during the melting season. Based on temperatures recorded in Svalbard since 1912, this high correlation has been used to reconstruct the net mass balance on Brøggerbreen since 1912 (Fig. 10) (Lefauconnier & Hagen 1990). The total ice mass lost in the period 1912-1988 was 34.35 m of water equivalents, corresponding to a mean value of -0.45 m/year. This is almost 30% of the total ice volume of Brøggerbreen.

Russian glaciologists started systematic annual mass balance measurements in 1966 on Vøringbreen in Grønfjorden. In 1973-1976, they extended the programme to three other glaciers, two in central-west Spitsbergen and one on the east coast. The results, given in Table 2, are in good agreement with the Norwegian recordings.

Polish scientists have studied the mass balance on Hansbreen in Hornsund on southern Spitsbergen since 1988, and the front position has been mapped for 30 years.

Both the Norwegian and the Russian mass balance measurements have been carried out on relatively small (2-6 km²), isolated cirque or valley glaciers close to the coast. These glaciers are mainly below 500

Fig. 9. Specific mass balance on Brøggerbreen in the period 1967-1991.



m a.s.l. Only sporadic measurements were made on large glaciers and ice caps. Mass balance investigations were therefore started on Kongsvegen (105 km^2) in 1987. The results after five years indicate that glaciers covering higher accumulation areas are closer to a steady state than the lower cirque glaciers closer to the coast.

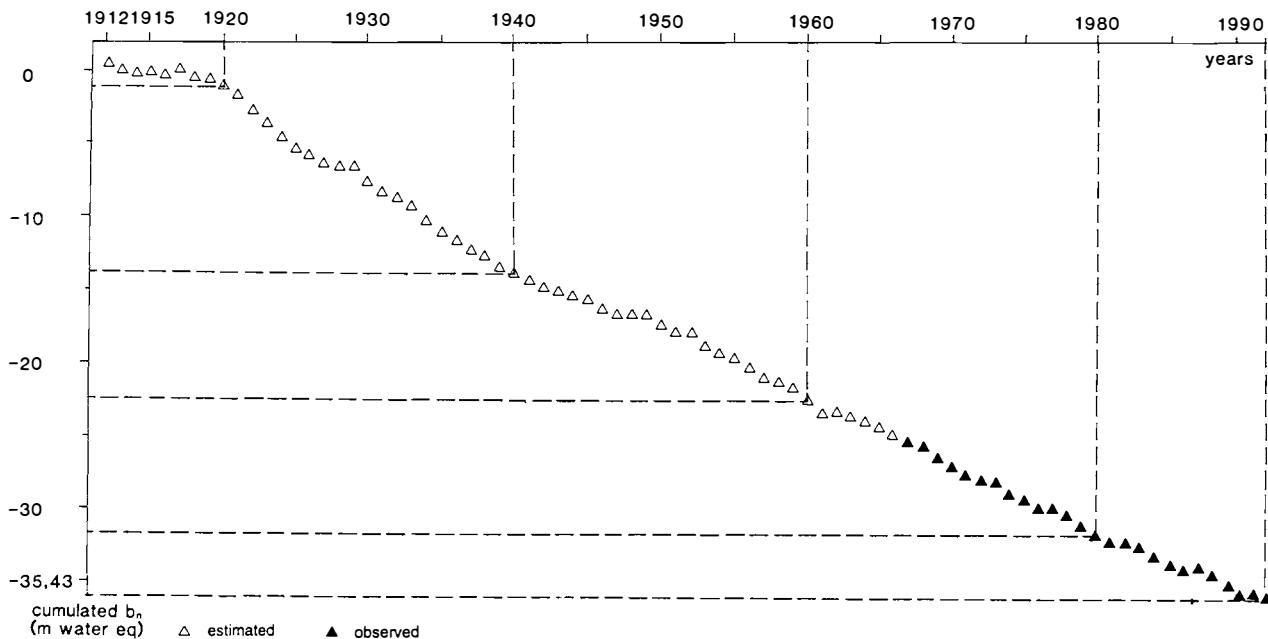


Fig. 10. Cumulative net mass balance on Brøggerbreen since 1912. The result is representative for small glaciers at low altitudes.

GLACIER FRONT FLUCTUATIONS

Most glaciers in Svalbard are of the surge type. It is therefore difficult to use the front position of a single glacier as a climate indicator. Since the motion of most glaciers in Svalbard is very slow, the front will shrink and retreat in periods between surges. The front position therefore gives little information on whether the ice mass is growing or shrinking. Mass balance measurements are therefore necessary to tell the true story about the volume change. However, when averaged over many different glaciers, even the front positions can give some information about the variations in climate. On the other hand, reports of rapid changes in front positions can also give information about the surge processes and periods.

Some information on glacier extent is available from rather early observations by sailors. In the 17th and 18th centuries, Dutch and English whalers plotted glacier fronts or Ysbergs on their maps. These maps are often poor, but they provide some evidence that many glaciers were not much larger than today.

Observation of front positions during this century indicate a general retreat of the ice masses in Svalbard during the last 80 years. The main exceptions are surging glaciers. This is in good agreement with mass balance reconstructions based on temperature recordings since 1912 (see above). Old maps and descriptions provide fairly good information about the front positions in Kongsfjorden on the northwest coast (Fig. 11) (Liestøl 1988). Because the sailors were obviously mainly

interested in glacier fronts in the sea, less old information is available for the small glaciers ending on land.

When direct observations and photographs from the beginning of this century are compared with more recent photographs, it is obvious that most Svalbard glaciers have decreased considerably during this period. Lefauconnier & Hagen (1991) mapped all front positions of calving and surging glaciers in eastern Svalbard since the beginning of this century. Their results confirmed this general retreat.

ICE FLOW MEASUREMENTS

The permafrost conditions cause large parts of the glaciers to be at temperatures below freezing. At least the margins are frozen to the ground. Accumulation is fairly low, usually less than 3 m of snow. In addition, the internal deformation rate is lowered by the negative temperatures. Because of these factors, the flow rate is usually low.

Velocity measurements have been carried out on some glaciers. The most extensive and detailed work was carried out by German Democratic Republic (GDR) scientists in 1962-65 in the Kongsfjorden area. Velocities of up to 4 m/d were recorded on Kronebreen, and a mean velocity of 1.5 m/d was even found during the winter (Voigt 1965). These velocities are much greater than those found elsewhere in Svalbard for glaciers of similar size. In a large drainage basin (Basin 5) from Austfonna on Nordaustlandet, a maximum mean velocity of 0.13 m/d was recorded during the period May 1986 to May 1987 (Dowdeswell & Drewry 1989).

Small valley glaciers ending on land usually have very low velocities. Velocity measurements have been carried out for many years on Brøggerbreen and Lovénbreen. On Brøggerbreen, the maximum velocity close to the equilibrium line was less than 0.01 m/d (2 m/a), whereas it was close to 0.02 m/d (4.5 m/a) on Lovénbreen (Liestøl 1988). Many of these glaciers have a flow pattern that shows very low velocities in the lower part of the ablation area and considerably higher ones in the middle and upper parts. This is a characteristic pattern of a surge glacier.

The low velocity of most of the glaciers is unable to transport all the snow accumulating in the upper areas. A steady-state profile cannot be maintained. Thus, the gradient gradually increases and the result may be a surge advance.

SURGE

Glacier surge is a dramatic increase in glacier velocity, up to one hundred times the normal flow rate, and results in a great volume of ice being transported from higher to lower parts of the glacier, usually accompanied by a rapid advance of the glacier front. Surges recur periodically. Intervals between them vary from 30 to more than 100 years, and each glacier is characterized by a particular interval, a surge lasting on average 1-3 years in roughly constant periods (Meier & Post

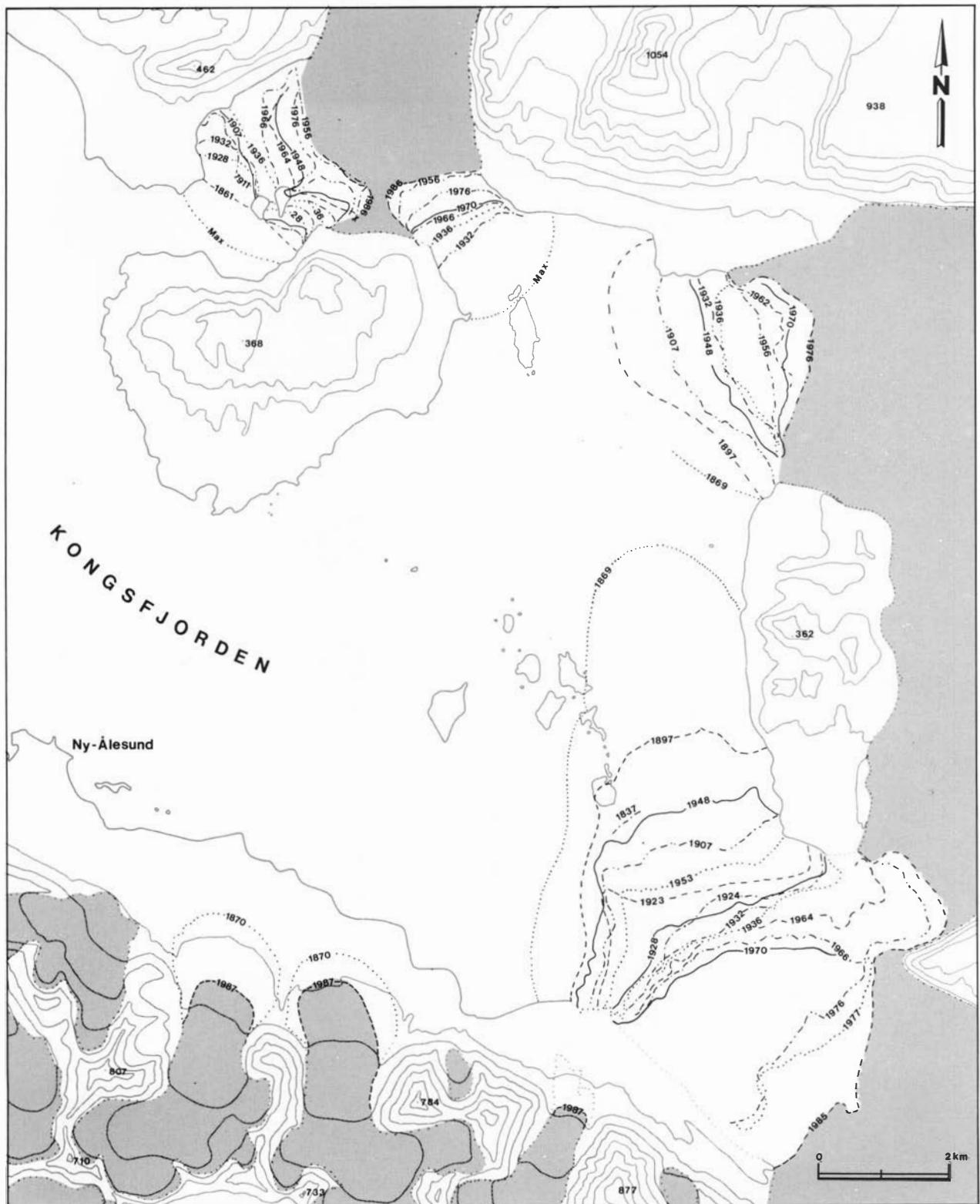


Fig. 11. Glacier front fluctuations in Kongsfjorden showing the general retreat during this century.



Left:

Fig. 12. Freemanbreen on Barentsøya before (1936) and immediately after a surge (1956).

1969). Surges seem to take place most commonly in subpolar glaciers (with temperate and cold parts) and are characteristic for Svalbard glaciers.

Glacier surges occur independently of climatic variation, which only affects the length of the period between surges. In a normal non-surfing glacier there is a balance between snow accumulation in the upper part and ice transport/ice flux down to the ablation area. Hence, the glacier maintains a constant (steady-state) longitudinal profile. In a surging glacier, however, the flow rate, and hence the ice flux, is too low to maintain the steady-state profile. When ice flux is significantly less than accumulation, the possibility for a surge exists. The surface gradient gradually increases, causing the basal shear stress to increase, too. When the shear stress reaches a critical, but unknown, value, the surge begins and the sliding velocity increases rapidly (Meier & Post 1969). The triggering mechanism of a surge is not clear, but is probably a combination of increasing basal shear stress and increasing subglacial water pressure (Kamb et al. 1985).

Fig. 13. The front of Usherbreen in 1985 after a surge that started in 1978. Note the folded, pushed moraine ridge system.

The ice velocity in a surge varies from one glacier to another; 2-5 m/d is common, but up to 100 m/d has been recorded at Bruarjökul in Iceland (Thorarinsson 1969). The high sliding velocities require that



the basal ice is at melting point during the surge (Paterson 1981). Increased heat produced from friction results in an increased production of water which in turn provides lubrication, maintaining the high sliding velocity and lowering the gradient even more than to the steady-state profile. The upper part of the glacier is usually lowered 50-

100 m, the lower part being thickened by the same amount or even slightly more. After the surge, the lower part stagnates and becomes thinner through melting while the upper part becomes thicker through accumulation.

Records show that 90% of Svalbard glaciers are surging. Surges have been dated on nearly 100 glaciers from 1860 to 1992 (Table 2), but several surges may have occurred which have not been recorded. Changes in the longitudinal profile and the position of the front have been recorded on some of these glaciers. Surges occur on all types of glacier, from small inland ones to large calving, tidewater glaciers (Figs. 12-16).

A characteristic difference in behaviour has been observed between large glaciers ending on land and those ending in the sea. In the latter

Fig. 14. Folded moraines on Battybreen many years after a surge.

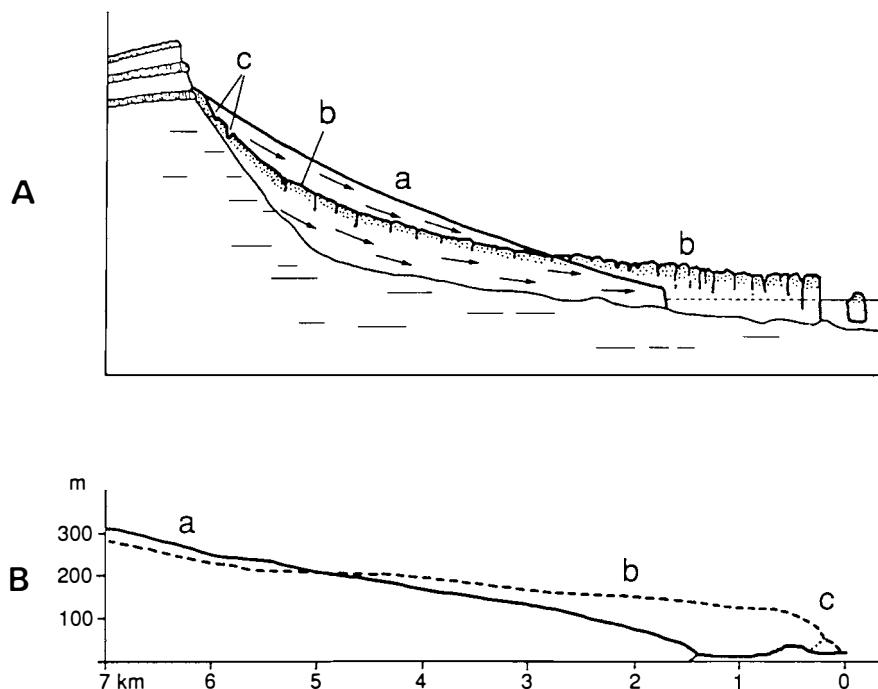


Fig. 15. Longitudinal profile changes during a surge.

A is a sketch of a calving glacier and B is measured changes on a glacier ending on land.

A: a) pre-surge surface,
b) post-surge surface,
c) concentric crevasses in the upper basin close to a cliff.

B: a) pre-surge surface
b) post-surge surface,
c) marked convex front.



case, the entire glacier system is usually affected, the main stream triggering the surge of many minor tributaries. On glaciers ending on land, however, only the surging stream is involved, resulting in the formation of the complicated, folded, moraine systems frequently observed on Svalbard glaciers.

A number of descriptions of surge events have been published from Svalbard, including observations recorded by various expeditions. In 1839, the French Recherche Expedition described the Recherchebreen glacier in Bellsund as being heavily crevassed, with the ice front extending 3 km beyond its present position. Fridtjovbreen on the north side of Bellsund surged in 1858-61. The glacier advanced 6 km, filling the entire Fridtjov Harbour. Some of the sea floor was pushed up in front of the glacier and banks of shell-bearing clay were observed.

The two largest surges known in Svalbard occurred at approximately the same time, Negribreen in 1935-36 and Bråsvellbreen in 1937-38. During one year, Negribreen advanced 12 km into the fjord along a 15 km wide section of the front. Bråsvellbreen advanced 20 km into the sea along a 30 km wide front (Liestøl 1969).

Detailed observations have been made on Hessbreen in Van Keulenfjorden (Liestøl 1974), Usherbreen in Storfjorden (Hagen 1987) and Bakaninbreen, a tributary glacier of Paulabreen in the inner part of Van Mijenfjorden (Dowdeswell et al. 1991).

When a glacier surges into the sea, it becomes heavily crevassed and numerous, but relatively small, icebergs are produced during the active advance period. However, during the years following the advance, when glacier activity decreases, fewer, but larger, icebergs are produced.

The duration of the active phase is significantly longer on Svalbard glaciers than for surge-type glaciers observed elsewhere (Dowdeswell et



al. 1991). In Svalbard, the active phase may last as long as 3-10 years, while a duration of 1-2 years is more typical in other regions, such as Alaska. Ice velocities during the active phase are also considerably slower; mass is transferred down-glacier more slowly, over a longer period, and the termination of the active phase is not very abrupt.

When a glacier surges, characteristic features remain on the glacier itself and on the landscape, and when they are preserved these formations provide evidence of earlier surges. Folded medial moraines and frontal changes are typical. Folded frontal moraines after a strong push may occur on glaciers ending on a sandur plain close to sea level, as on Usherbreen.

Examples of surges are shown in Figs. 12-16.

RADIO-ECHO SOUNDINGS

In 1972, radio-echo sounding using spot measurements were carried out on Foxonna above a coal deposit that was being assessed, and a subsurface map was made (Liestøl 1974).

Russian scientists were the first to carry out extensive radio-echo soundings on glaciers in Svalbard. They used ultra high frequency (UHF) radar of 440 MHz and 620 MHz. Most of their work was carried out from helicopters, but they also performed detailed over-snow soundings on selected glaciers (Macharet & Zhuravlev 1982). In 1980 and 1983, the Scott Polar Research Institute (SPRI), England, and the Norwegian Polar Institute carried out soundings from aircraft, using very high frequency radar (VHF) at 60 MHz (Dowdeswell et al. 1984a, b). In many cases, the UHF equipment seemed to underestimate the ice thickness. The SPRI system at 60 MHz recorded depths that were 2-3

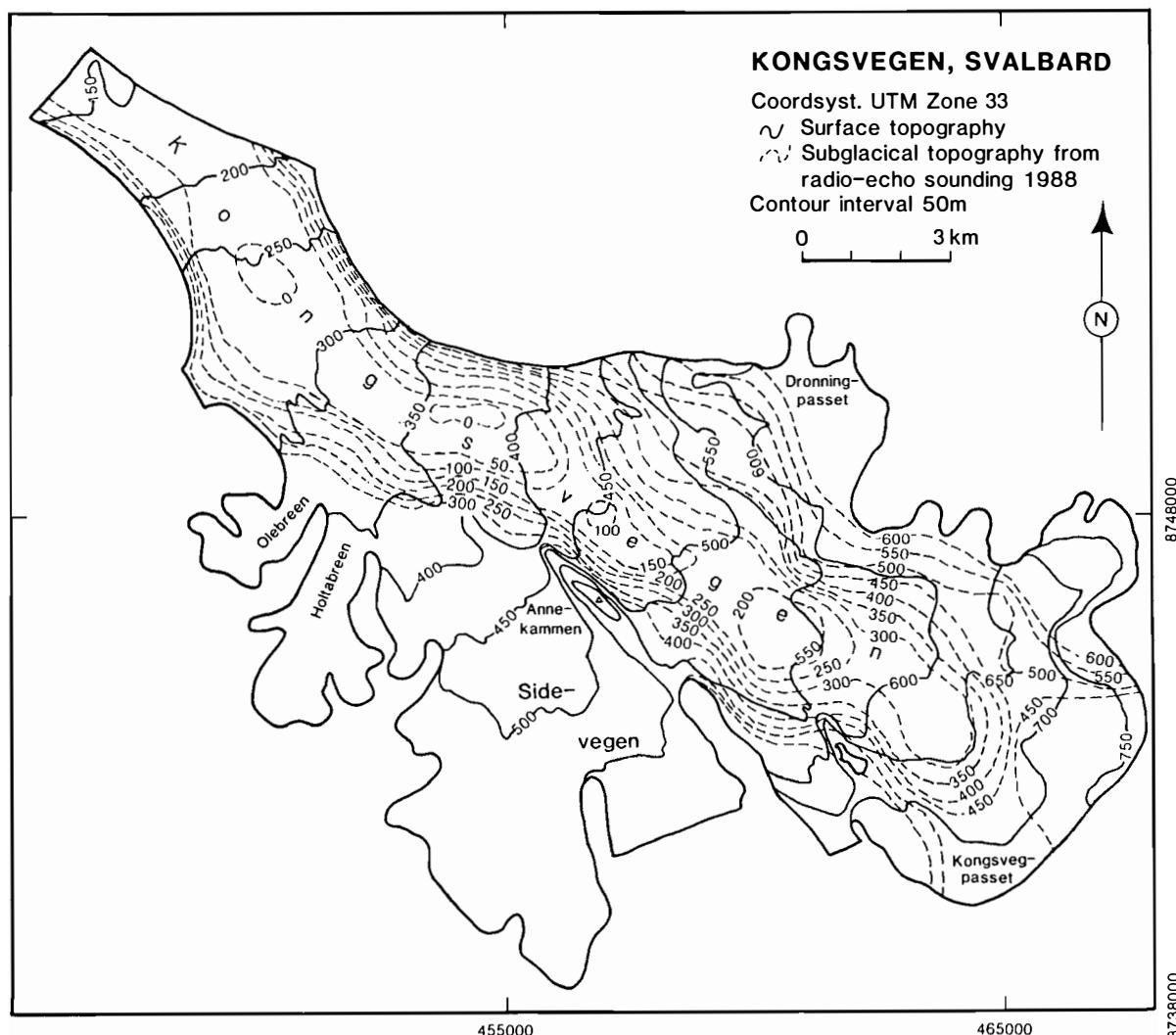
Fig. 16. Marmorbreen just after its surge in 1965-70.
The convex front is typical for surging glaciers ending on land.

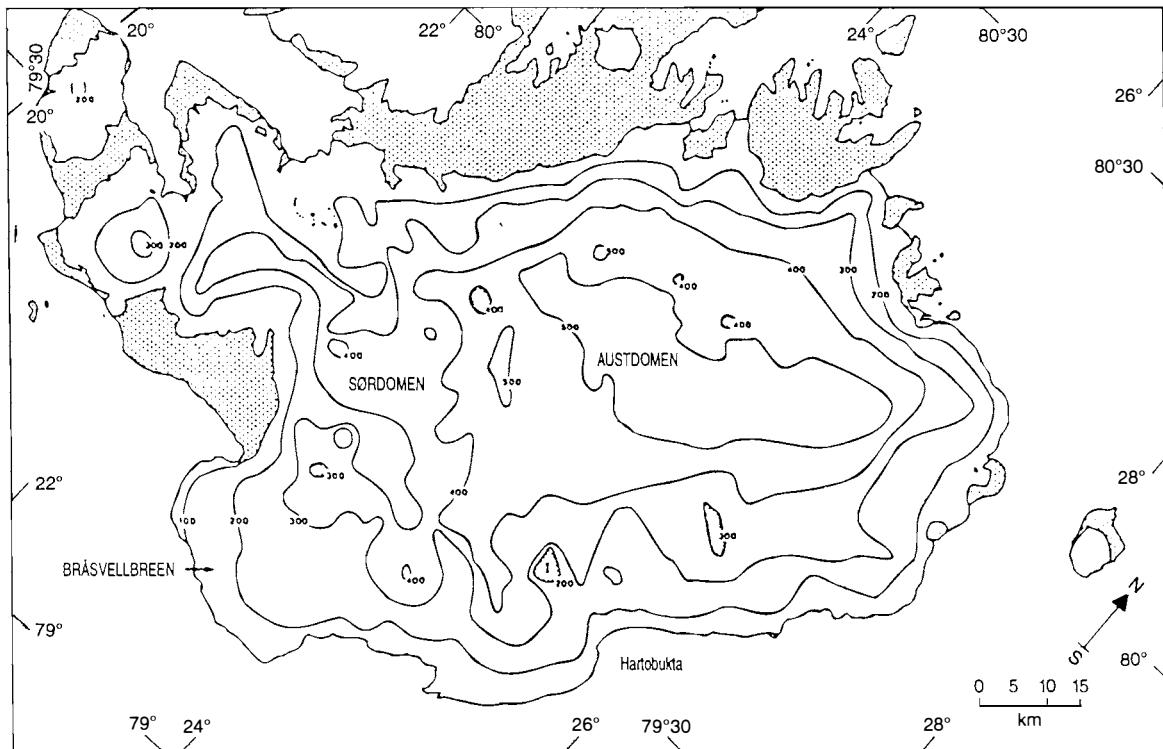
times greater on many glaciers. Compared with various gravity-surveyed beds, the 60 MHz results seemed to be most correct, within $\pm 10\%$.

Absorption and scattering of radio signals by meltwater, soaked firn and ice lenses increase with radio frequency. Dowdeswell et al. (1984a) suggested that this is probably the main reason why both Russian and SPRI equipment seldom received any bed echoes from accumulation areas. Therefore, no data are recorded from large areas of the glaciers. Bamber (1987a, b, 1988, 1989) has investigated the problems of scattering from internal discontinuities in ice masses close to the melting point and used Svalbard glaciers as examples. Dowdeswell et al. (1984a) recommended the use of radio-echo soundings below 10 MHz for bed sounding in the accumulation areas. In 1988, 8 MHz ground-operated radar equipment was used for detailed mapping of the subglacial topography on Brøggerbreen, Lovénbreen and Kongsvegen (Hagen & Sætrang 1991). This equipment gave clear bottom returns even in the accumulation areas. The echoes showed that the bed of Kongsvegen was at sea level as far as 12 km upstream from the front (Fig. 17).

Fig. 17. Surface and subglacial topography derived from radio-echo soundings on Kongsvegen (after Hagen & Sætrang 1991).

The most extensive radio-echo mapping was carried out on Austfonna (8105 km^2) using aircraft-based soundings in 1983 (Dowdeswell et al. 1986). Profiles were taken 5 km apart and maps of the subglacial,



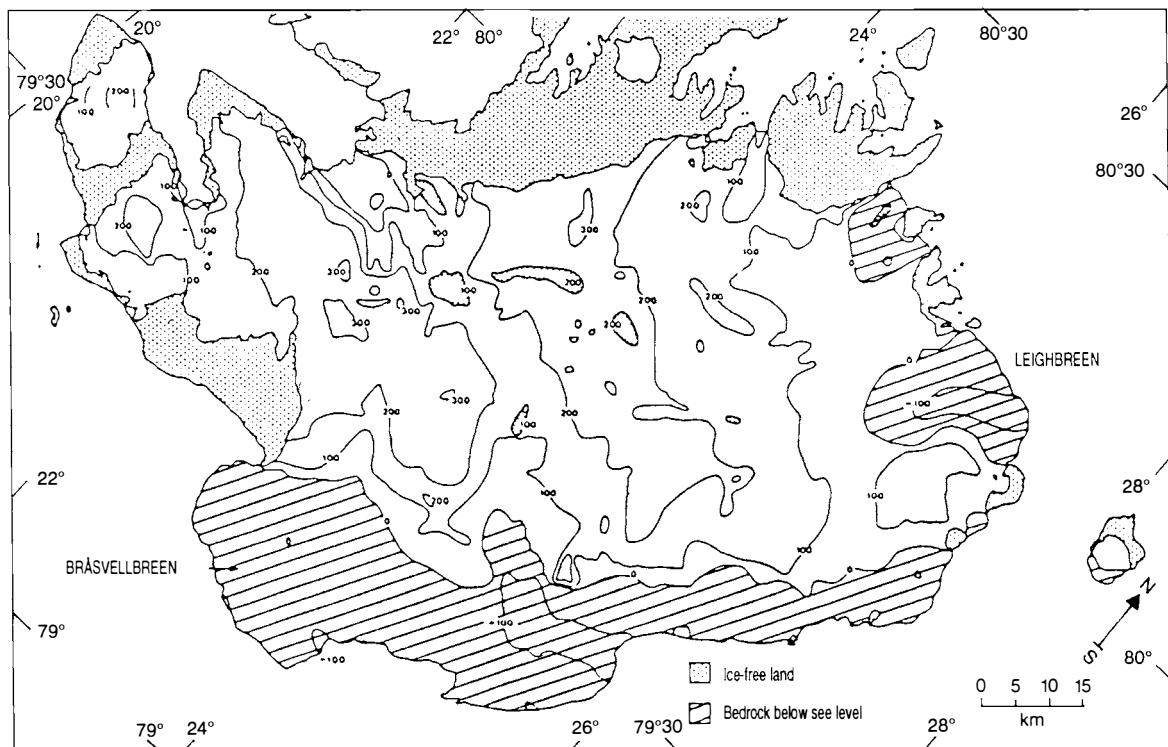


bedrock topography and ice thickness were produced (Figs. 18, 19 and 20). 28% of the bedrock area beneath Austfonna was below sea level.

In 1990, newly-developed multi-frequency radar was used to map the temperature regime of the glaciers. This radar can operate on different frequencies just by changing the antennae (Hamran 1989). At low frequencies (5-20 MHz), the signals penetrate both cold and temperate ice and are reflected from the bedrock. At higher frequencies (320-370 MHz), they are reflected from the interface between cold and tempe-

Fig. 18. Ice surface elevations on Austfonna. Contour interval 50 m. Ice-free land is dotted. After Dowdeswell et al. (1986).

Fig. 19. Subglacial bedrock elevations beneath Austfonna. Contour interval 100 m. After Dowdeswell et al. (1986).



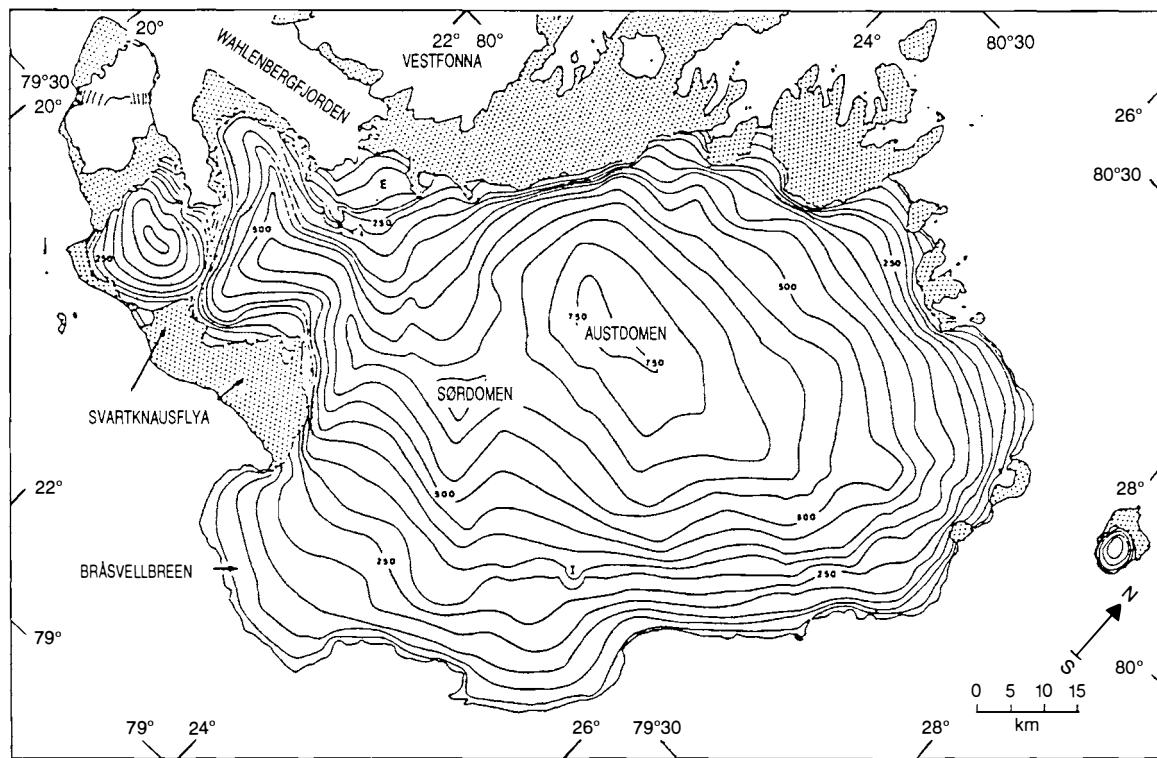


Fig. 20. Thickness of ice making up Austfonna. Contour interval 100 m. After Dowdeswell et al. (1986).

rate ice. On Kongsvegen, this radar gave inner reflections that showed an 80-100 m thick cold, upper layer in the ablation area, and a temperate accumulation area, which is in good agreement with temperature measurements in drill holes (Fig. 7).

CORE DRILLINGS

Shallow core drillings have been carried out on a number of glaciers to detect the radioactive layers from the Chernobyl accident in 1986 and from nuclear tests in 1961-62. The depth of the layers has been determined for mean annual mass balance studies.

Deep core drillings have been carried out on several glaciers, mainly by Russian scientists, but recently also by Japanese glaciologists. The Japanese team drilled down to 85.6 m on the Høghetta ice dome in northern Spitsbergen. The ice was dated using the C₁₄ method, volcanic layers and tritium reference layers (Fujii et al. 1990). The interpretation of the core discussed by Dowdeswell et al. (1990) was rather complicated.

Russian scientists have drilled several glaciers. They started in 1975 on the divide between Grønfjordbreen and Fridtjovbreen, drilling a 213 m deep core at a drill site 450 m a.s.l. They used b-activity from the 1961-62 reference layers to detect the annual accumulation rate. Because of the warm firn with meltwater percolation, they had problems separating the core into annual/seasonal layers. However, oxygen isotopes (δO_{18}) were analysed and presented as 10-year mean values illustrating the general trend of the variations. These were used to interpret mean annual air temperature variations (Vaykmyae et al. 1977).

In 1976, the same groups drilled on the Lomonosovfonna ice plateau

in central-northern Spitsbergen. The drill site was at 1000 m a.s.l. and the core depth was 200 m (Gordiyenko et al. 1981). Here, cold firn was measured by using surface melting during the summer. A seasonal variation of oxygen isotopes was observed. The accumulation rate derived from b-activity in reference layers was found to be 0.90 m of ice per year. The Russian scientists concluded that the climatic variations in the North Atlantic had not been synchronous with climatic fluctuations in Europe and North America. In particular, they found that long-term changes in Svalbard lagged behind those in Europe.

In 1980, a Russian-Polish group drilled in south Spitsbergen, at 700 m a.s.l. on Amundsenisen. A thermal core drill reached the bedrock at a depth of 580 m. Ice core samples were taken to a depth of 380 m. The drill site was located in a warm firn zone (Kotlyakov 1985).

In 1981, a Russian team drilled to the bedrock at a depth of 208 m in the Vestfonna ice dome in Nordaustlandet. The drill site was at 580 m a.s.l. in a cold firn zone. Variations in Cl concentrations enabled seasonal layers to be distinguished at different depths. It was found that the accumulation rate had been fairly constant for 500-600 years (Punning et al. 1985; Vaykmyae et al. 1985).

Another core has been drilled on the summit of Austfonna (700 m a.s.l.) in Nordaustlandet to a depth of 204 m. The drill site was located in warm firn and was stopped mainly because water percolated into the drill hole (Arkhipov et al. 1987).

These core drillings have shown that on many glaciers in Svalbard percolation is too high to give reliable climatic interpretations from oxygen isotope variations, but that there are areas with very little melting and cold firn. On glaciers in these areas at high altitudes (1000-1200 m a.s.l.), the seasonal layers are probably not completely disturbed. Thus, core drillings in these glaciers may provide valuable information for monitoring air-transported pollution in this part of the Arctic, as well as data on climatic history during the last 2000 years.

Data organization

Data for the detailed glacier inventory of the various islands making up Svalbard were compiled on the basis of topographical maps, aerial photographs, Landsat satellite images and radio-echo soundings. The work was carried out at the Norwegian Polar Institute where all the background information is available.

A standard data sheet has been completed for each glacier. These sheets are not included in this publication, but the information they contain is in the main data tables.

A table has been prepared for each region, summarizing the main data from each drainage basin. Details about the content are given in the explanations to the main tables. An alphabetical list gives all named glaciers and their reference numbers.

Additional tables provide information about surging glaciers, the largest ice caps and ice fields, and the largest outlet glaciers.

All the glaciers and their reference numbers are also shown on the maps, which are on a scale of 1:500,000. There is one map for each major drainage area.

An empirical formula based on the radio-echo soundings has been used to estimate the mean depths and volumes of most of the glaciers. The mean depth (D) of glaciers with area A was given by:

$$D = 33 \cdot \ln A + 25 \text{ for outlet glaciers where } A > 1 \text{ km}^2$$

$$D = 28 \cdot \ln A + 10 \text{ for ice caps}$$

$$D = 25 \text{ where } A < 1 \text{ km}^2$$

Since many of the UHF radio-echo soundings on which this formula is based have underestimated the ice thicknesses, these formulae probably also underestimate the thicknesses slightly.

TABLE 1. Area of the largest ice caps and ice fields in Svalbard

SPITSBERGEN:		EDGEØYA:	
Olav V Land Icefield	4150 km ²	Edgeøyjøkulen	1365 km ²
Holtedalfonna	1375 "	Digerfonna	270 "
Åsgårdsfonna	1230 "	Storskavelen	190 "
Lomonosovfonna	600 "	Kvitisen/Langjøkulen	100 "
Isachsenfonna	505 "	Kvalpyntfonna	85 "
Balderfonna	345 "	Kvitkåpa	80 "
Fimbulisen	320 "		
Sørkappfonna	265 "		
Løvenskioldfonna	265 "	BARENTSØYA:	
Nordmannsfonna	250 "	Barentsjøkulen	570 km ²
Filchnerfonna	203 "		
Ursafonna	125 "	KVITØYA:	
Hellefonna	122 "	Kvitøyjøkulen	705 km ²
NORDAUSTLANDET:			
Austfonna m/Vegafonna	8450 km ²		
Vestfonna	2455 "		
Glitnefonna	174 "		

TABLE 2. Area of the largest outlet glaciers and ice streams in Svalbard

Hinlopenbreen	1250 km ²
Negribreen	1180 "
Bråsvellbreen	1110 "
Leighbreen	715 "
Stonebreen	710 "
Kronebreen	690 "
Etonbreen	665 "
Hochstätterbreen	580 "
Nathorstbreen	490 "
Monacobreen	410 "

TABLE 3. Specific mass balance in m/y water equivalent, annual equilibrium line (ELA) given in m and accumulation area ratio (AAR) in % for Austre Brøggerbreen (6.1 km²) and Midre Lovénbreen (5.5 km²) 1967-1991.

Balance year	AUSTRE BRØGGERBREEN					MIDRE LOVÉNBREEN				
	bw	b _s	b _n	ELA	AAR	bw	b _s	b _n	ELA	AAR
1966/67	0.77	1.42	-0.65	450	7					
1967/68	0.57	0.67	-0.10	250	65	0.48	0.51	-0.03	295	61
1968/69	0.40	1.33	-0.93	650	0	0.41	1.25	-0.84	650	0
1969/70	0.37	0.91	-0.54	490	7	0.36	0.89	-0.53	500	6
1970/71	0.65	1.23	-0.58	400	23	0.70	1.16	-0.46	385	37
1971/72	0.95	1.26	-0.31	360	32	0.98	1.20	-0.22	350	46
1972/73	0.74	0.82	-0.08	270	60	0.82	0.84	-0.02	310	58
1973/74	0.75	1.67	-0.92	550	2	0.70	1.59	-0.89	550	2
1974/75	0.78	1.09	-0.31	340	35	0.83	1.04	-0.21	340	48
1975/76	0.72	1.17	-0.45	410	20	0.75	1.10	-0.35	420	29
1976/77	0.76	0.87	-0.11	320	45	0.80	0.84	-0.04	300	60
1977/78	0.75	1.31	-0.56	410	20	0.81	1.29	-0.48	420	29
1978/79	0.77	1.48	-0.71	550	2	0.80	1.46	-0.66	480	9
1979/80	0.75	1.27	-0.52	430	17	0.83	1.26	-0.43	415	30
1980/81	0.46	1.01	-0.55	450	14	0.51	0.97	-0.46	435	23
1981/82	0.64	0.68	-0.04	280	56	0.66	0.64	0.02	290	62
1982/83	0.70	0.97	-0.27	345	34	0.75	0.92	-0.17	330	52
1983/84	0.69	1.42	-0.73	500	6	0.74	1.42	-0.68	440	21
1984/85	0.93	1.48	-0.55	450	14	0.98	1.46	-0.48	445	20
1985/86	0.98	1.30	-0.32	380	25	1.06	1.27	-0.21	370	42
1986/87	0.82	0.60	+0.22	200	83	0.82	0.58	+0.24	225	77
1987/88	0.61	1.13	-0.52	440	15	0.56	1.05	-0.49	425	27
1988/89	0.56	1.01	-0.45	420	18	0.63	0.87	-0.24	375	41
1989/90	0.75	1.41	-0.66	500	8	0.87	1.38	-0.51	450	19
1990/91	0.92	0.79	+0.13	275	58	0.98	0.88	+0.10	265	68
1967/91	0.72	1.14	-0.42	(413)	(18)	0.75	1.08	-0.33	(395)	(35)

TABLE 4 Registered surges in Svalbard (C: circa, B: between, p.o.: part of)

IDENTIFICATION No.	SURGE YEAR
111 01 PEDASJENKOBREEN	B.1925 -1935
111 02 GANSKIJBREEN	B.1925 -1935
111 03 SONKLARBREEN	C.1910
111 05 NEGRIJBREEN	1935 - 36
112 01 HAYESBREEN	1901
112 04 USHERBREEN	1978-85
112 06 ULVEBREEN	B.1896-1900
113 07 ELFENBEINBREEN	1903
113 08 SKRUISBREEN	1920
113 09 SVEIGBREEN	1960
114 06 INGLEFIELDBREEN	1952
114 07 ARNESENBREEN	B.1925 -1935
114 12 THOMSONBREEN	B.1950 -1960
115 02 STRONGBREEN	B.1870 -1876
115 05 JEMELIANOVBREEN	1971
115 06 ANNA MARGRETHEBREEN	1970
115 08 ISKOLLBREEN p.o. Skimbreen	1970
115 09 DAVISBREEN	C.1960
121 02 MARKHAMBREEN	B.1930 -1936
121 03 STAUPBREEN	C.1960
121 04 HAMBERGBREEN	C.1890 and C.1960
122 02 VASILIEVBREEN(tributary)	C.1961
124 04 KÖRBERBREEN	1938
131 11 SCOTTBREEN	C.1880
131 16 RECHERCHEBREEN	1838 and 1945
132 01 HESSBREEN	1974
132 02 FINSTERWALDERBREEN	C.1900
132 07 SIEGERBREEN	1940
132 26 MARTINBREEN	B.1898 - 1936
132 27 CHARPENTIERBREEN	C.1890
134 10 BAKANINBREEN	1985 - 90
1 05 HYLLINGEBREEN	1970 - 80
135 12 SKUTBREEN	1930
135 13 U/STORKNAUSEN E	1960
135 14 U/SLOTTSMØYA SW	1960
136 13 MARTHABREEN	C.1925
136 15 LUNCKEBREEN	C.1930
136 18 AREBREEN	1985
137 08 FRIDTJOVBREEN	1861
142 11 SCOTT TURNERBREEN	C.1930
142 16 MØYSALBREEN p.o. Gløttfjellbreen	C.1925
142 17 DRØNBREEN	1900

143 12	VENDOMBREEN	C.1934
143 18	MARMORBREEN	1965-70
144 02	VON POSTBREEN	1870
144 02	BOGEBREEN p.o. Von Postbreen	1980
144 03	TUNABREEN	1930 and 1970
145 22	SKANDALSBUAEN p.o. Frostisen	C.1930
146 17	FYRISBREEN	1960
146 22	U/BRENNNA NW	C.1937
147 16	SEFSTRÖMBREEN	1896
148 05	WAHLENBERGBREEN	1908
149 02	NANSENBUAEN	1947
153 13	OSBORNEBREEN	1987
155 04	AU BRØGGERBREEN	C.1890
155 06	MIDRE LOVÉNBREEN	C.1890
155 10	KONGSVEGEN	1948
155 11	KRONEBREEN	1869
155 15	BLOMSTRANDBREEN	1960
164 11	ELNABREEN	C.1930
164 17	ABRAHAMSENBUAEN	1978
164 26	U/SVELGFJELLET S	1969
169 10	LONGSTAFFBR. p.o. Åsgårdsfonna	1960
172 14	Unnamed p.o. Odinjøkulen	B.1965 - 1970
173 05	KOSTERBREEN	C.1930
173 10	HINOPENBREEN	1969 - 72
174 02	N/Karpinskifjellet	B.1970 - 1980
174 06	HOCHSTETTERBREEN	B.1895 - 1900
211 08	p.o. AUSTFONNA	B.1850 - 1873
211 10	BRÅSVELLBREEN	1937 - 38
221 01	CLASEBREEN p.o. GLITNEFONNA	1938
221 02	PALANDERBREEN	1969 - 70
222 03	ETONBREEN	1938
222 06	BODLEYBREEN	1973 - 80
232 03	SØRE FRANKLINBREEN	1956
242 01	RIJPBREEN	1938 and 1992
311 01	KVITKÅPA SW	C.1965
312 27	KVITISEN E	1936
313 06	BERGFONNA SE	C.1930
313 12	MARSJØBREEN	B.1936 - 1971
313 18	STONEBREEN	B.1936 - 1971
313 19	KONG JOHANS BRE	B.1925 - 1930
313 22	PETTERSENBUAEN	C.1925
321 01	FREEMANBREEN	1955 - 56
321 02	DUCKWITZBREEN	1918
322 07	REYMONDBREEN	1956
322 08	HÜBNERBREEN	B.1930 -1936

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Explanation to the main data tables

This Atlas has been compiled according to the instructions for the World Glacier Inventory, where each continent is given a number, Europe being no. 4. The continents are divided into regions denoted by letters, Svalbard being denoted by W. A country code letter is often put in front of the regional code; N is for Norway. Hence, Svalbard is referred to as N 4W.

The archipelago has been divided into five regions: 1. Spitsbergen, 2. Nordaustlandet, 3. Svalbard SE, 4. Svalbard E, and 5. Svalbard NE. The WGI system includes Jan Mayen with the Svalbard archipelago; we have therefore given this island the regional code number 0. Each region is divided into major drainage basins, which in turn are divided into secondary drainage basins. In the latter, each ice stream is given a number, usually in counter-clockwise sequence. For example, if a glacier is denoted by N4W142 04, N4W indicates that it is located in Svalbard, 1 that it is in region 1 - *Spitsbergen*, 4 that it is in major drainage basin 4 - *Isfjorden*, 2 that it is in secondary drainage basin 2 - *Adventdalen*, and 04 that it is glacier number 04. *Longyearbreen*.

The heading and content of the tables are explained as follows:

IDENT	The identification number for each ice stream. The first digit gives the region, the second the major drainage basin, the third the secondary drainage basin and the fourth and fifth give the ice streams.
GLACIER NAME	The name of the glacier unit, if it has one; long names are abbreviated, see the alphabetical list for unabbreviated names. When abbreviated compass directions are used (English), they denote the northern, southern, etc. parts of the glacier unit. These letters are placed after the name. Norwegian compass directions precede the name of the glacier unit and are part of it. A glacier name may cover more than one ice stream.
LAT/LONG	The geographical latitude and longitude coordinates indicate the location of the glacier unit. The coordinates refer to the equilibrium line altitude (ELA) on the glacier. The ELA has been determined to about ± 100 m.
ASPECT	Mean directions for the slope of the accumulation area (AC) and ablation area (AB) are given for each glacier unit.
CLASS	The classification system used by the World Glacier Inventory. The instructions recommend six digits, but two of these have been omitted in our inventory: 1. Longitudinal profile, interpreted as being even and regular for all Svalbard glaciers; 2. Major sources of nourishment; in Svalbard these are only snow and/or drifting snow. Our classification therefore consists of four digits, which conform with the following WGI explanation.

1st digit: TYPE OF GLACIER

- 0 Uncertain or difficult to classify.
- 1 Continental ice sheet. An ice mass covering areas of continental size.
- 2 Ice field. A more or less horizontal ice mass of sheet or blanket type whose thickness is insufficient to obscure the subsurface topography. Varies from features just larger than glacierets to those of continental size.
- 3 Ice cap. A dome-shaped ice mass having radial flow.
- 4 Outlet glacier. A glacier draining an ice field or ice cap, usually of valley-glacier type; the catchment area may not be clearly delineated.
- 5 Valley glacier. The catchment area is usually well defined and often originates in a cirque.
- 6 Mountain glacier. Any shape, sometimes similar to a valley glacier, but much smaller; frequently located in a cirque.
- 7 Glacieret and snow field. A small ice mass which only with some doubt can be classified as a glacier.
- 8 Ice shelf. A floating and calving glacier front. None are found in Svalbard.
- 9 Rock glacier. Rock glaciers are present in Svalbard, but are usually small and of the talus-terrace type. They are not included in this inventory. The location of rock glaciers is shown on the map published by Kristiansen & Sollid (1986).

2nd digit: GLACIER FORM

- 0 Uncertain or difficult to classify
- 1 Glacier with more than one composite firn area.
- 2 Glacier with a composite firn area.
- 3 Glacier with a single firn area.
- 4 Cirque glacier.
- 5 Niche. Small glacier formed in initially V-shaped gully or depression on a mountain slope.
- 6 Crater. Glaciers occurring in and/or on volcanic craters.
- 7 Ice apron. An irregular, usually thin, ice mass plastered along a mountain slope.
- 8 Group. A number of similar ice masses occurring in close proximity and too small to be assessed individually.
- 9 Remnant. An inactive, usually small, ice mass left by a receding glacier.

3rd digit: FRONTAL CHARACTERISTIC

- 0 Normal glacier front terminating on land.
- 1 Piedmont. An ice field formed on a lowland by the lateral expansion of one glacier or the coalescence of several glaciers.
- 2 Expanded foot. A lobe or fan of ice formed where the lower portion of the glacier leaves the confining wall of a valley and extends onto a less restricted and more level surface. Lateral expansion is markedly less than for a piedmont.
- 3 Lobed. A tongue-like form of an ice field or ice cap.

- 4 Calving. A glacier front ending in the sea, but grounded. Icebergs are produced.
 5 Confluent. Glaciers whose tongues come together and flow parallel to each other without coalescing.

4th digit: ACTIVITY OF TONGUE.

Generally, the period between 1936/38 and 1980 is used when evaluating the front variations.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 0 | Uncertain |
| 1 | Marked retreat |
| 2 | Slight retreat |
| 3 | Stationary |
| 4 | Slight advance |
| 5 | Marked advance |
| 6 | Possible surge |
| 7 | Known surge |
| 8 | Oscillating |

MOR MORAINES. Two digits to be given

1st digit: MORAINES IN CONTACT WITH PRESENT-DAY GLACIER
2nd digit: MORAINES FARTHER DOWNSTREAM

- | | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Moraines |
| 1 | Terminal moraine |
| 2 | Lateral and/or medial moraine |
| 3 | Push moraine |
| 4 | Combination of 1 and 2 |
| 5 | Combination of 1 and 3 |
| 6 | Combination of 2 and 3 |
| 7 | Combination 1, 2 and 3 |
| 8 | Debris, uncertain if morainic |
| 9 | Moraines, type uncertain or not listed. |

PHOTO T Type of photo coverage of the largest fraction of the surface area.

- | | |
|----|--|
| E: | Vertical aerial photographs Mp < 25 000 analysed stereoscopically |
| F: | Vertical aerial photographs Mp > 25 000 analysed stereoscopically |
| I: | Vertical aerial photographs Mp < 25 000 not analysed stereoscopically |
| J: | Vertical aerial photographs Mp > 25 000 not analysed stereoscopically |
| N: | Specified resolution significantly better than 79 x 79 m
(e.g. LANDSAT 3) |

(Mp = photoscale denominator)

YR: Year of photo coverage of the largest fraction of the surface area.

AREA The glacier surface area is given in km², based on measurements made on topographical maps. Consequently, it is the horizontal projection of the

glacier surface. The area was found by planimetry on maps on a scale of 1:100,000. The accuracy should therefore be good. An accuracy rating (A) has been estimated and the numbers indicate the following accuracy:

1. 0 - 5 %
2. 5 - 10 %
3. 10 - 15 %

LENGTH

This is the length in km along a centre line of the glacier. It is measured on topographical maps and expresses the horizontal component of this line.

YR is the year when area and length measurements were made, i.e. the year when the glacier extensions were updated on the maps.

ELEVATIONS

MASL Elevations in metres above sea level taken from topographical maps.

MAX Altitude of the highest point of the glacier.

MED Altitude of the contour line which divides the glacier surface in half.

MIN Altitude of the lowest point of the glacier.

EQL Altitude of the equilibrium line. The system is shown by an example:
EQL = 500 m.

500 Highest point of lateral moraine.

X500 Estimated by other means than lateral moraines.

Y500 Highest point of the lateral moraine, but the equilibrium line is higher.

A Accuracy. This is a subjective evaluation of the accuracy of the elevation information given above. The following figures indicate the accuracy:

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. Uncertainty | 0 - 25 m |
| 2. | 25 - 50 m |
| 3. | 50 -100 m |
| 4. | 100 -200 m |
| 5. | > 200 m |

EST VOL

Estimated volume in km³ calculated from the volume formula given in the paragraph entitled Data Organization.

NOTE

The first three letters indicate ice caps and ice fields which constitute the main portion of the accumulation area. The explanations are as follows:

Spitsbergen:

- BAF:** Balderfonna
- FIF:** Filchnerfonna
- FII:** Fimbulisen
- HEF:** Hellefonna
- HOF:** Holtedalfonna
- ISF:** Isachsenfonna
- LOF:** Lomonosovfonna
- LØF:** Løvenskioldfonna
- NOF:** Nordmannsfonna
- OIF:** Olav V Land Ice field

SKF: Sørkappfonna
URF: Ursafonna
ASF: Åsgårdfonna

Nordaustralandet:

AUF: Austfonna
GLF: Glitnefonna
VEF: Vestfonna
VGF: Vega fonna

Edgeøya:

BEF: Bergfonna
BLI: Blåisen, mainly because of using old topographical maps.
DGF: Digerfonna
EØJ: Edgeøyjøkulen
KVF: Kvalpyntfonna
KVK: Kvitkåpa
KVL: Kvitisen/Langjøkulen
STS: Storskavelen

Barentsøya:

BAJ: Barentsjøkulen

Jan Mayen:

KMB: Kronprinsesse Märthas Bre
KOB: Kronprins Olavs Bre

Explanation of the last terms under **NOTE:**

- M:** Measured glacier. Some kind of field investigation has been carried out (mass balance, ice flow, front survey, etc.).
- S:** Surge. Surges have been recorded or there is evidence for them according to Table 4.
- 2, 3, 4 or 5** indicate the number of drainage basins feeding the glacier stream. No number means 1 drainage basin.
- +** after estimated volume means that radio-echo soundings have been carried out on the glacier
- ★** means that the information is based on poor data

Main tables

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

1 SPITSBERGEN SE

1 OLAV V LAND S

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km)	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
111 01	PEDASJENKOBREEN	78 430	21 050	SE	S	4322	72	F	69	39.00	1	8.7	80	600	320	0	300	2	5.70	OIF S
111 02	GANSKJUBREEN	78 440	20 400	SW	S	4322	77	F	69	21.40	1	10.0	80	580	310	30	320	2	2.70	OIF S
111 03	SONKLARBREEN	78 450	20 120	SE	SE	4341	22	F	69	272.00	1	17.0	80	530	340	0	280	2	57.00	OIF S
111 04	HEILGE BACKLUND BR	78 390	19 560	SE	SE	4341	27	F	69	27.10	1	9.0	80	400	270	0	250	2	0.16	OIF
111 05	NEGRIBREEN	78 400	18 400	S	SE	4141	22	F	69	1180.00	1	41.0	80	1200	420	0	360	2	250.00	OIF MS+
111 06	PETERMANNBREEN	78 380	18 400	E	E	4344	22	F	69	1.80	1	21.0	80	900	450	0	360	2	0.08	OIF M
111 07		78 380	18 540															0.08		
111 08		78 365	18 550															0.17		
111 09		78 355	18 570															0.05		

6 glaciers < 1 km² A = 1.6 km²

2 SABINE LAND E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km)	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
112 01	HAYESBREEN	78 230	18 330	SE	SE	4141	22	F	69	195.00	1	24.8	80	850	350	0	350	2	39.00	S
112 02		78 192	18 400															0.25	NOF	
112 03		78 186	18 430															0.14	NOF	
112 04	USHERBREEN	78 160	18 400	SE	E	4307	27	F	69	69.00	1	12.6	80	560	340	20	280	1	11.00	NOF S
112 05		78 143	18 575															0.12		
112 06	ULVEBREEN	78 127	18 360	SE	SE	4341	22	F	69	88.00	1	15.5	80	700	350	0	290	1	15.00	NOF S
112 07		78 059	18 525															0.20		
112 08		78 051	18 545															0.04		

3 glaciers < 1 km² A = 0.75 km²

N 4 W1 SPITSBERGEN 1 SPITSBERGEN SE

3 AGARDHDALEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL.	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)						
113 01	DAUDBREEN	78 041	18 485			W	W	5302	27	F	70	1.35	1	3.6	70	560	360	100	230	1	0.05		
113 02	ISROSA S	78 051	18 470			SE	S	0332	27	F	70	4.50	1	8.0	70	670	370	180	300	2	0.34		
113 03		78 100	18 300									20.20	1								2.50		
113 04		78 089	18 245									1.95	1								NOF *3		
113 05		78 084	18 215									3.55	1								0.09		
113 06		78 084	18 160			S	S	4303	77	F	70	1.85	1	15.0	80	700	420	50	380	1	0.08		
113 07	ELFENBEINBREEN	78 105	18 120			E	E	4341	22	F	70	48.80	1	24.10	1	8.6	80	750	500	150	330	1	7.50
113 08	SKRUISBREEN	78 093	17 410			E	E	4303	20	F	71	44.20	1	12.3	80	750	450	80	390	1	3.10		
113 09	SVEIGBREEN	78 068	17 470			E	E														6.60		
113 10		78 040	17 525																		HEFS		
113 11		78 041	17 590																		HEFS		
113 12	PASSBREEN	78 013	17 585	N	NE	5302	27	F	70	14.90	1	7.5	70	550	330	110	300	1	0.23				
113 13	BJARMEBREEN	78 008	18 040	NE	N	5202	27	F	70	10.60	1	5.7	70	570	330	60	250	1	1.70				
113 14	RURIKBREEN	78 003	18 130									2.25	1							1.10			
113 15	BALTBREEN	77 595	18 175									3.45	1							0.12			
																			0.23				

19 glaciers < 1 km² A= 5.55 km²

4 HEER LAND E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL.	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)				
114 01	ÅBREEN	77 576	18 200	SE	SE	5302	70	J	69	2.00	2	9.40	1	4.0	69	550	350	150	300	2	0.10
114 02	ANDRINEBREEN	77 586	18 100	S	SE	5252	72	F	70	33.80	1	9.1	70	600	420	100	310	2	0.93		
114 03	SØRBULLBREEN	77 575	18 000																4.80		
114 04	NORDSYSSELBREEN	77 559	17 490	NE	NE	5153	22	F	70	66.70	1	19.4	70	700	330	100	270	2	0.37		
114 05		77 522	17 500																11.00		

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

1 SPITSBERGEN SE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT			LONG			ASPECT			CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	
114 06	INGLEFIELDDBREEN	77 510	17 590	NE	NE	5241	27	J	70	84.00	1	21.5	80	650	300	0	240	2	14.00	S	
114 07	ARNESENDBREEN	77 496	18 100	NE	NE	5242	27	F	69	30.00	1	14.0	80	550	250	0	230	2	4.10	S	
114 08	BERESNIKOVBREEN	77 484	18 160	N	N	5241	22	F	69	31.40	1	8.9	80	550	220	0	200	2	4.40		
114 09	BRATTHENGDBREEN	77 456	18 210							3.05	2								0.19		
114 10	RICHARDDBREEN	77 442	18 210	E	SE	5141	22	F	69	70.60	1	1.30	2						0.04		
114 11	THOMSONDBREEN	77 390	18 090	E	E	5141	20	F	69	61.00	1	11.0	80	600	280	0	270	2	12.00		
114 12		77 335	18 115							1.50	2			500	270	0	260	2	9.80		
114 13																			0.06		

21 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.85 km²

5 HEER LAND S

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT			LONG			ASPECT			CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	
115 01	KVALDBREEN	77 350	17 590	SW	SW	5141	22	J	70	82.00	1	16.2	80	800	230	0	240	2	14.00		
115 02	STRONGDBREEN	77 360	17 290	SE	SE	5141	22	J	70	243.00	1	25.3	80	750	300	0	280	2	50.00	S	
115 03	PERSEIBRENN	77 280	17 260	NE	NE	5141	22	J	61	59.00	1	11.5	80	650	320	0	290	2	9.40		
115 04	JEMELIANOVDBREEN	77 257	17 275							1.95	2								0.09		
115 05	ANNA MARGRETHEBR	77 230	17 130	NE	E	5147	22	J	71	95.00	1	16.9	80	650	250	0	240	2	17.00	S	
115 06	BELLINGDBREEN	77 206	17 190	E	E	5147	20	J	71	18.40	1	8.0	80	550	300	0	240	2	2.20	S	
115 07	SKIMEBREEN	77 186	17 170	E	E	5252	22	J	71	10.40	1	6.4	80	650	250	0	250	2	1.10		
115 08	DAVISBREEN	77 170	17 130	SE	E	5241	20	J	71	21.30	1	8.7	80	650	240	0	250	2	2.70	S	
115 09		77 150	17 160	E	E	5241	20	J	71	56.60	1	13.2	80	650	260	0	260	2	8.90	S	

11 glaciers < 1 km² A= 2.00 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

1 SPITSBERGEN SE

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km^2	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km^2	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km^3
111	OLAV V LAND S	1892	15	1525	80.6	401	343	314
112	SABINE LAND E	565	11	366	64.7	349	321	66
113	AGARDHDALEN	475	34	192	40.4	420	346	24
114	HEER LAND E	580	34	406	70.1	299	257	62
115	HEER LAND S	807	20	590	73.1	278	264	105
11	SPITSBERGEN SE	4319	114	3079	71.3	359	314	571

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

2 SPITSBERGEN S

1 TORELL LAND SE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N	LONG E	ASPECT AC	CLASS AB	MOR	PHOTO T	AREA YR	(km^2)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km^3)	NOTE			
												MAX	MED	MIN					
121 01	CROLLBREEN	77 124	17 140	E	E	5241	22	F	70	25.70	1	8.5	80	600	300	0	220	2	3.40
121 02	MARKHAMBREEN	77 087	17 100	E	E	4141	22	F	70	60.60	1	10.7	80	650	270	0	210	2	9.70
121 03	STAUPBREEN	77 050	17 140	E	E	4342	20	F	70	12.40	1	6.0	80	400	260	0	200	2	1.30
121 04	HAMBERGBREEN	77 040	16 570	NW	E	4141	22	F	70	144.00	1	16.2	80	600	220	0	210	2	27.00
121 05	KAMBREEN	77 000	17 100							1.40	2							0.05	MS
121 06	BARBARABREEN	76 572	17 135							1.35	2							0.05	

3 glaciers < 1 km^2

A = 2.30 km^2

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

2 SPITSBERGEN S

2 SØRKAPP LAND E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
122 01	TROMSØBREEN	76 550	17 055	E	S	4202	22	F	71	15.10	1	8.5	71	500	200	0	150	2	1.70
122 02	VASILIEVBREEN	76 480	16 460	E	E	4141	27	F	71	211.00	1	13.5	80	750	210	0	160	2	43.00
122 03	RANDBREEN	76 433	17 040	NE	NE	4302	20	F	61	9.60	1	4.7	61	450	180	30	Y150	2	0.96
122 04	SVARTKUVBREEN	76 407	16 570	E	SE	4321	22	F	61	15.40	1	5.2	61	550	250	30	130	2	0.36
122 05	KEILHAUBBREEN	76 391	16 570	SE	SE	4301	27	F	61	12.80	1	5.0	61	450	300	40	200	2	1.80
122 06	MATHIASBREEN	76 374	16 580	SE	SE													SKF	

6 glaciers < 1 km² A = 2.45 km²

3 SØRKAPP LAND W

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
123 01	LYNGEBREEN	76 374	16 415	N	W	5301	27	F	61	5.00	1	4.1	61	650	400	130	300	2	0.39
123 02	BJELOPOLSKIBREEN	76 400	16 380	W	W	4353	70	F	61	26.40	1	6.7	61	650	200	30	180	2	3.50
123 03	OLSOKBREEN	76 450	16 300	S	SW	4141	27	F	61	136.00	1	20.5	80	650	250	0	220	2	25.00
123 04	VITKOVSKIBREEN	76 457	16 160	S	SW	5301	27	F	61	20.80	1	9.0	80	650	360	150	320	2	2.60
123 05	BUNGEBREEN	76 500	16 060	S	S	5201	27	F	61	54.50	1	12.0	80	900	320	40	340	2	8.60
123 06	WIEDERBREEN	76 500	15 595															0.10	
123 07	GRÅKALLBREEN	76 521	15 575															0.03	

5 glaciers < 1 km² A = 2.40 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

2 SPITSBERGEN S

4 HORNSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
124 01	GOÉSBREEN	76 565	15 575							2.35	1						0.12		
124 02	ÅGSBREEN	76 543	15 590	W	W	5222	27	F	61	14.30	1	7.3	80	1100	350	110	330	2	1.60
124 03		76 565	16 000							1.45	2							0.05	
124 04	KÖRBERBREEN	76 570	16 040	N	N	5242	22	F	61	11.40	1	5.2	80	750	270	0	230	2	1.20
124 05	PETERSBREEN	76 575	16 085							2.20	1							0.11	
124 06	EGGBREEN	76 559	16 115							2.50	1							0.14	
124 07	SAMARINBREEN	76 520	16 210	NW	NW	5241	22	F	61	81.00	1	11.2	80	1150	300	0	260	2	14.00
124 08	CHOMJAKOVBREEN	76 570	16 250	N	NW	5341	22	F	61	15.10	1	7.5	80	550	300	0	220	2	1.70
124 09	MENDELEJEVBREEN	76 545	16 350	NE	N	5141	22	F	61	45.00	1	10.8	80	500	250	0	240	2	6.80
124 10	SVALISBREEN	76 580	16 490	N	W	5241	20	F	61	44.00	1	11.1	80	500	260	0	260	2	6.60
124 11	HORNBREEN	77 050	16 470	S	SW	4141	20	F	70	179.00	1	28.5	80	650	290	0	260	2	35.00
124 12	STORBREEN	77 100	16 200	S	S	5141	22	F	61	238.00	1	26.8	80	750	280	0	320	2	49.00
124 13	HYRNEBREEN	77 026	16 130	E	SE	5141	22	F	70	6.00	1	3.4	80	550	200	0	200	2	0.50
124 14	LORCHBREEN	77 023	16 060							1.35	2							0.05	
124 15	WIBEBREEN	77 041	16 075	N	W	5342	22	F	61	5.40	1	4.2	80	550	340	0	220	2	0.44
124 16	KVALFANGARBREEN	77 057	16 060	SW	SW	5241	22	F	61	14.00	1	5.0	80	500	300	0	240	2	1.60
124 17	MÜHLBACHERBREEN	77 070	15 560	S	S	5242	22	F	61	56.60	1	16.7	80	700	420	0	250	2	8.90
124 18	PAIERLBREEN	77 070	15 470	SE	SE	5141	22	F	61	112.00	1	24.9	70	800	400	0	250	2	20.00
124 19	SOFIEBREEN	77 023	15 470	SE	S	5142	22	F	60	64.00	1	15.6	80	550	350	0	290	2	0.08
124 20	HANSBREEN	77 040	15 380	SE	S													9.60	

23 glaciers < 1 km² A = 6.95 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN 2 SPITSBERGEN S

5 WEDEL JARLSBERG LAND SW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A					
125 01	WERENSKIOLDDBREEN	77	045	15	220	W	W	5201	27	F	61	27.40	1	9.5	80	650	400	60	330	2	3.80	M+
125 02	NANNBREEN	77	082	15	190	N	W	5252	27	F	60	10.00	1	6.5	80	650	400	100	310	2	1.00	
125 03	AU TORELLBREEN	77	010	15	150	SW	SW	4242	22	F	60	150.00	1	23.0	80	850	430	0	290	2	29.00	M
125 04	RAUDFJELLBREEN	77	128	15	060	W	SW	4141	27	F	61	338.00	1	33.5	80	800	360	0	320	2	0.22	
125 05	VE TORELLBREEN	77	170	14	500	W	SW													98.00	4M+	

15 glaciers < 1 km² A = 6.85 km²SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN	NUMBER	TOTAL	GLACIER	MEAN	CLIMATIC	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
		AREA	OF GLACIERS	GLACIER AREA km ²	COVER %	GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	
121	TORELL LAND SE	312	9	248	79.4	244	211	42
122	SØRKAPP LAND E	378	12	271	71.7	216	159	49
123	SØRKAPP LAND W	486	12	248	51.1	274	253	41
124	HORNNSUND	1232	43	904	73.4	312	274	158
125	WEDEL JARLSBERG LAND SW	834	20	536	64.2	383	312	132
12	SPITSBERGEN S	3242	96	2207	68.1	306	260	422

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

1 WEDDEL JARLSBERG LAND NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR		PHOTO		AREA		LEN.		ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.		NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	(km ³)					
131 01	SAKSBUREEN	77	224	14	235					1.00	2						0.02				
131 02	LIBBUREEN	77	218	14	275					1.10	2						0.03	2			
131 03	DUNDERDALEBUREEN	77	208	14	380					1.20	2						0.04				
131 04	DÖLTERBUREEN	77	223	14	410					3.05	2						0.19				
131 05	VE LOGNEDALSBURE	77	276	14	210					1.60	2						0.07				
131 06	AU LOGNEDALSBURE	77	291	14	170					1.00	2						0.02				
131 07	RINGARBREANE	77	291	14	095					1.50	2						0.06				
131 08	TJØRNDALEBUREEN	77	314	14	100					4.00	2						0.28	3			
131 09	BLOMLIBREANE	77	322	14	140					1.25	2						0.04				
131 10	SCOTTBREANE	77	328	14	170	N	NE	5302	27	F	60	2.65	2				0.15				
131 11	RENBARDBURENE	77	330	14	220	NE	NE	5242	27	F	60	33.70	1	11.2	80		0.52	MS			
131 12	CRAMMERBREANE N	77	308	14	230	N	E	5152	27	F	60	4.60	2				4.80				
131 13	CRAMMERBREANE S	77	287	14	265	N	E	5241	22	F	60	7.10	1	4.2	60		0.35				
131 14	BOCKMANBREANE	77	270	14	270	N	N	5302	27	F	60	1.15	2				0.64				
131 15	RECHERCHEBURENE	77	240	14	385	NW	NW	5241	22	F	60	146.00	1	25.0	80		0.03				
131 16	ANTONIABREANE	77	290	14	540	NW	NW	5302	27	F	60	29.30	1	11.7	80		37.00	MS+			
131 17	BLUMCKEBREANE	77	317	15	025					3.20	2						6.20	M+			
131 18																	0.20				

20 glaciers < 1 km² A = 6.75 km²

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR		PHOTO		AREA		LEN.		ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.		NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	(km ³)						
132 01	HESSBUREEN	77	305	15	065	NE	NE	5307	70	F	70	6.20	1	5.5	74	950	400	80	330	2	0.34	MS+
132 02	FINNSTERWALDERBR.	77	290	15	150	N	NE	5101	27	F	70	44.50	1	11.0	80	900	490	100	420	2	4.50	MS+
132 03																				0.02		

2 VAN KEULENFJORDEN

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE						
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL							
132 04	MÄRJELBREEN	77	268	15	270	E	NE	5102	22	F	70	7.50	1	4.5	70	750	500	170	440	2	0.68			
132 05	PENCKBREEN	77	270	15	370	N	N	5101	27	F	60	118.00	1	20.5	80	900	480	100	390	2	22.00			
132 06	HASSINGERBREEN	77	271	15	470	N	N	5303	20	F	60	2.25	2	1.75	1	2.9	60	600	470	150	410	2	0.12	
132 07	SIEGGERBREEN	77	270	15	525	N	N	77	268	15	550	1.50	2	5.40	2	3.2	60	750	450	200	330	2	0.08	
132 08	SOTRYGGFONNA	77	268	15	550	N	N	5102	27	F	60	1.15	2	4.55	2	6.5	80	800	800	0	350	2	0.06	
132 09	TVILLINGBREANE	77	260	15	170	NE	NE	77	252	16	015	368.90	1	31.0	80	900	430	0	350	0	0.44	2	0.03	
132 10	AURKOLLFONNA	77	241	16	000	E	NE	5250	44	F	60	9.30	1	23.0	80	800	390	0	350	2	0.34			
132 11	LANGRYGGBREEN	77	232	15	583	NE	N	5241	22	F	60	110.80	1	31.0	80	900	430	0	350	2	0.92			
132 12	ZAWADSKIBREEN	77	205	15	543	NW	N	5141	22	F	61	160.00	1	26.5	80	750	400	0	310	2	20.08			
132 13	NATHORSTBREEN	77	180	16	260	W	W	77	248	16	340	5.40	2	1.35	2	160.00	1	292.00	1	30.3	80	350	2	0.04
132 14	DOKTORBREEN	77	320	16	400	SW	SW	5141	22	F	61	1.30	2	3.60	2	1000	480	0	430	2	31.00			
132 15	Liestølbreen	77	260	16	400	W	W	77	320	16	400	5153	20	1	3.20	2	292.00	1	30.3	80	430	2	0.05	
132 16	Ringbreen	77	320	16	140	W	SW	77	376	16	040	5102	27	1	9.2	80	1000	480	0	430	2	62.00		
132 17	Storvollbreen	77	361	16	170	W	SW	77	355	15	540	5102	27	1	11.0	80	1050	540	150	470	2	0.24		
132 18	Steenstrupbreen	77	376	16	040	SW	S	77	372	15	485	5251	22	1	4.9	80	850	490	260	450	2	0.20		
132 19	Sysselmannbreen	77	384	15	460	S	S	77	384	15	400	5252	27	1	4.0	80	850	450	220	390	2	0.40		
132 20	Martinsbreen	77	384	15	400	S	S	77	387	15	300	5252	27	1	5.0	80	650	460	230	430	2	0.60		
132 21	Ringbreen	77	372	15	350	S	S	77	372	15	350	5252	27	1	3.40	2	650	460	230	430	2	0.31		
132 22	Reidbreen	77	362	15	350	S	S	77	362	15	350	5252	27	1	1.00	2	600	400	200	300	2	0.22		
132 23	Mjellfonna	77	387	15	300	W	W	77	387	15	300	5202	27	1	5.5	80	900	500	220	370	2	0.02		
132 24	Charpentierbreen	77	372	15	350	W	W	77	387	15	300	5202	27	1	4.30	2	600	400	200	300	2	0.10		
132 25	Venetzbreen	77	361	15	300	W	W	77	387	15	300	5202	27	1	3.40	2	600	400	200	300	2	0.65		
132 26	Richterbreen	77	387	15	300	W	W	77	387	15	300	5202	27	1	1.00	2	600	400	200	300	2	0.02		
132 27																								
132 28																								
132 29																								
132 30																								

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	W	SW							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A		
132 31	INSTEBREEN	77 400	15 200	W	SW	5302	27	F 60	6.10	1	6.0	80	750	420	200	350	2	0.52
132 32	BERRKLETTBREEN	77 386	15 095						2.50	2							0.14	
132 33	MIDTERHUKBREEN	77 392	14 540						1.15	2							0.03	

28 glaciers < 1 km² A= 8.70 km²

3 NATHORST LAND N

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	W	SW							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A			
133 01	KOLKBREEN	77 404	15 100							2.00	2					0.10			
133 02	NIPILBREEN	77 410	15 180							1.10	2					0.03			
133 03	SYNSHOVDDBREEN	77 410	15 250	N	NW					3.95	2					0.28			
133 04	FRYSJABREEN	77 405	15 350	N	N					14.90	1	6.5	80	750	450	130	380	2	
133 05	LEINEGGBREEN	77 431	15 365	N	N					1.60	2						0.07		
133 06	KRYLBREEN	77 427	15 400	N	N					5.60	1	4.7	60	850	470	240	430	2	
133 07	SKARVISEN	77 411	15 420	N	NE					2.65	2						0.46		
133 08	GREENBREEN	77 400	15 460	N	NW					8.20	1	5.4	80	950	420	250	400	2	
133 09	HOEG-OMDALBREEN	77 400	15 520	NW	NW					61	14.00	1	7.0	80	900	490	250	450	2
133 10	KVITSKARVBREEN	77 400	16 120	W	NW					5103	77						1100	580	200
133 11	LØYNDDBREEN	77 427	16 060															0.35	
133 12	LANGLIBREEN	77 438	16 125															0.36	
133 13	RÅNEBREEN	77 451	16 185															0.11	
133 14	VENGBREEN	77 444	16 200															0.26	
133 15	SNØKUVBREEN	77 425	16 210	N	NE					5152	27								
133 16	SVALBREEN	77 400	16 350	N	N					5152	27								
133 17	BESSEMERBREEN	77 468	16 400															11.00	

26 glaciers < 1 km² A= 12.15 km²

4 RINDERSBUKTA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA A (km ²)	LEN. YR (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE						
		N	E	AC	AB						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A						
134 01	ELEKTROBREEN	77	466	16	435				1.40	2					0.05						
134 02	NOBELBREEN	77	444	16	420	NW	NE	5252	27	F	61	10.20	1	5.8	61	1050	600	300	550	2	1.00
134 03	HETTEBREEN	77	447	16	475	N	N					2.60	2								0.15
134 04	HØGBREEN	77	451	16	505	N						3.00	2								0.18
134 05		77	447	16	580							1.15	2								0.03
134 06	SCHEELEBREEN	77	420	16	570	N	N	5141	22	F	70	58.40	1	13.5	80	1050	510	0	350	2	9.30
134 07	PEISBREEN	77	441	17	087	N	N					4.80	2								0.37
134 08	SKOBREEN	77	423	17	132	NE	NE	5200	40	F	70	18.20	1	8.0	80	800	390	225	290	2	2.20
134 09	PAULABREEN	77	417	17	238	NW	NW	5241	22	F	70	64.60	1	16.0	80	750	400	0	330	2	10.50
134 10	BAKANINBREEN	77	466	17	351	SW	NW	5241	22	F	70	60.80	1	16.0	80	750	400	0	330	2	9.76
134 11	RAGNA-MARIEBREEN	77	480	17	236	SW	SW	5200	40	F	70	13.10	1	8.0	80	700	400	160	350	2	1.44
134 12	METTEBREEN	77	490	17	150	SW	SW	5103	70	F	70	9.60	1	6.9	71	850	420	80	370	2	0.96
134 13	VALLAKRABREEN	77	520	17	085	SW	SW	5102	27	F	70	28.00	1	11.0	80	800	450	100	380	2	3.80
134 14	BJARTFONNAS	77	509	16	575							2.95	2								0.18

13 glaciers < 1 km² A = 5.70 km²

5 KJELLSTRØMDALEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA A (km ²)	LEN. YR (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE						
		N	E	AC	AB						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A						
135 01	STABBARBREEN	77	516	16	565						2.85	2				0.17					
135 02	BOSARPBREEN	77	533	17	035						4.25	2				0.31					
135 03	BILLESHOLMBREEN	77	541	17	090						1.35	2				0.05					
135 04	BJUVBREEN	77	545	17	125						1.60	2				0.07					
135 05	HYLLINGEBREEN	77	547	17	180	NW	NW	5207	27	F	70	5.00	1	4.5	77	850	450	100	420	2	0.39
135 06	KROPPBREEN	77	542	17	255	NE	NE	5202	27	J	70	17.60	1	10.3	70	750	400	90	360	2	2.10

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A		
135 07	EDWARDBREEN	77	527	17	340	NE	N	5102	27	F	61	68.30	1	18.0	80	800	360	40	350	2	11.00
135 08	BRORBREEN	77	596	17	500	W	W	5102	27	F	70	6.20	1	4.0	70	600	400	180	390	2	0.53
135 09	VRÅBREEN	78	039	17	042							4.60	1	1.30	1						0.35
135 10		78	030	17	415															0.04	
135 11		78	026	17	400															0.04	
135 12	SKUTBREEN	78	030	17	335	SW	SW	5103	70	F	70	9.70	1	5.5	70	750	450	150	400	2	0.97
135 13	U/STORKNAUSEN E	78	013	17	255							1.00	1								0.02
135 14	U/SLOTTSMØYA SW	78	024	17	215							3.65	2								0.25
135 15	SÅTEBREEN	78	036	17	280	W	W	5102	27	I	77	9.60	1	5.8	77	800	470	180	450	2	0.96
135 16	OPPDALSBREEN	78	054	17	280	W	SW	5152	27	I	77	6.10	1	4.9	77	750	530	240	490	2	0.52
135 17	INNERBREEN	78	066	17	250	SW	SW	5153	22	I	77	6.20	1	4.0	77	850	580	330	520	2	0.53
135 18		78	060	17	180															0.08	
135 19		78	052	17	170															0.08	
135 20		78	050	17	115															0.14	
135 21	SLOTTSBREEN	78	059	17	105	W	W	5322	27	I	77	5.00	1	4.7	77	850	550	250	550	2	0.39
135 22	HETTEBREEN	78	069	17	091	NE	E	5352	27	I	77	2.55	2								0.14
135 23	TRONISEN	78	069	17	010	SE	SE	5101	27	I	77	5.10	1	4.0	77	1000	600	400	570	2	0.40
135 24	BERGMESTERBREEN	78	051	16	540							8.80	1	5.2	77	900	570	260	470	2	0.85
135 25		78	027	17	085							1.00	2								0.02
135 26	GLITREBREEN	78	017	17	085							2.70	2								0.16
135 27	KJEGLEBREEN	78	000	17	105							3.80	2								0.26
135 28	TINKARPBREEN	77	590	17	126							2.10	2								0.10
135 29	PÅLSJØBREEN	77	595	17	025	S	S	5102	27	I	61	11.10	1	6.5	77	950	550	100	500	2	1.20
135 30	HELSINGBORGBREEN	77	574	16	505	SE	SE	5102	27	I	77	10.00	1	8.0	77	900	480	130	480	2	1.00
135 31	HÖGANÄSBREEN	77	567	16	420	E	SE	4102	27	I	77	13.40	1	6.5	77	900	550	110	480	2	1.50
135 32	VARPBREEN	77	555	16	375							1.75	2								0.08
135 33	URDKOLLBREEN	77	539	16	150							3.30	2								0.21
135 34	KROKRYGGBREEN	77	531	16	125							1.35	2								0.05
135 35		77	526	16	085							1.35	2								0.05

33 glaciers < 1 km² A = 12.5 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

6 REINDALEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km^2)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km^3)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL						
136 01		77	522	15	525					3.45	2					0.23					
136 02	GREINBREANE W	77	533	15	570					3.00	2					0.18					
136 03	GREINBREANE C	77	542	16	005	N	NW	5152	27	J	61	5.10	1	3.5	61	1000	500	260	550	2	0.23
136 04	GREINBREANE E	77	539	16	050					3.50	2										0.40
136 05	SAMUELSSONBREEN	77	551	16	105					2.40	2										0.13
136 06	CÖSTERBREEN	77	560	16	140	N	NW	5252	27	I	77	6.00	1	3.3	77	1000	750	370	650	2	0.14
136 07	LIVBREEN	77	558	16	210	N	NW	5253	77	I	77	7.70	1	6.5	77	1200	650	250	640	2	0.50
136 08	ANKERBREEN	77	524	16	300	NW	W	4202	27	I	77	41.50	1	13.5	77	1050	620	180	530	2	0.71
136 09	SLAKBREEN	77	588	16	320	NW	W														6.10
136 10		78	005	16	290																
136 11		78	011	16	325																
136 12		78	007	16	370																
136 13	MARTHABREEN	78	006	16	430	NE	NE	5353	77	I	77	18.30	1	7.8	77	1050	600	240	500	2	0.25
136 14		78	017	16	450																
136 15	LUNCKEBREEN	78	017	16	485																
136 16	VEGBREEN	78	016	17	000	N	N	5202	27	I	77	16.20	1	6.0	77	900	600	260	500	2	0.25
136 17		78	047	16	470																
136 18	AREBREEN	78	048	16	380	S	S	5407	04	I	77	1.75	2	2.0	77	800	550	300	500	2	0.03
136 19	KOKBREEN	78	050	16	230	S	S	5101	27	I	77	24.00	1	8.0	77	850	600	250	510	2	0.03
136 20		78	032	16	150																
136 21		78	035	16	100																
136 22	PLOGBREEN	78	049	16	130	W	W	5102	27	J	61	8.40	1	3.8	77	950	650	350	590	2	0.03
136 23		78	058	16	190																
136 24	AYERBREEN	78	050	16	085	E	E														0.34
136 25	GIBSONBREEN	78	038	16	000																0.20

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E									MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A		
136 26	TILLBERGFONNA	78	040	15	455					4.10	2					0.30		
136 27	TUFSBREEN	78	030	15	395					3.30	2					0.21		
136 28	BROMBREEN	78	010	15	365					2.15	2					0.11		
136 29	LÄGSNYTBREEN	77	599	15	400					2.25	2					0.12		
136 30	HÖGSNYTBREEN	77	589	15	350					2.00	2					0.10		
136 31	STUTTDALSBREEN	77	600	15	350					1.70	2					0.07		
136 32	PASSFJELLBREEN E	78	008	15	005	NE	NE	5203	20	J	60	4.4	60	700	250	450	2	
136 33	TAVLEBREEN	77	578	15	060	NE	NE	5102	27	J	60	8.70	1	5.9	60	750	470	2
136 34	KALVDALSBREEN	77	557	15	045					1.15	2					0.03		
136 35	RYPEFJELLBREEN	77	550	15	070					3.90	2					0.27		
136 36	VASSDALSBREEN	77	539	15	105					2.25	2					0.12		
136 37	STENEHJEMBREEN	77	531	15	105					1.00	2					0.02		
136 38	KOLFJELLBREEN	77	540	15	000					2.30	2					0.12		
136 39		77	498	14	590					2.30	2					0.12		
136 40		77	488	14	590					3.00	2					0.18		

33 glaciers < 1 km² A = 16.10 km²

7 NORDENSKIÖLD LAND SW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E									MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A		
137 01	ISKOLIBREEN	77	498	14	545					1.90	2					0.09		
137 02	MARSTRANDERBREEN	77	553	14	580	W	W	5102	27	J	60	9.90	1	4.5	60	700	460	200
137 03	GLEDITSCHFONNA	77	545	14	415					4.85	2					0.37		
137 04	FOLKVARD BUGGBR	77	525	14	400					1.10	2					0.03		
137 05	FLYGARFONNA	77	529	14	350					1.75	2					0.08		

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

3 BELLSUND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km ²)	A	(km)		
137 06	NO AURDALSBRE	77 526	14 310							2.70	2						0.16	
137 07	SØ AURDALSBRE	77 518	14 305							1.15	2						0.03	
137 08	FRIDTJOVBREEN	77 500	14 260	SE	SE	5241	22	I	69	48.70	1	13.0	80	600	350	0	260	2
137 09	SAGABREEN	77 468	14 270							4.30	2						11.00	MS+
137 10	ERDMANNBREEN	77 520	14 090	E	SE	5302	27	I	69	11.40	1	5.1	69	550	350	130	310	2
137 11	SARTORIUSBREEN	77 506	14 170							1.70	2						1.40	M+
																	0.07	

15 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.25 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE		ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
							GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	
131	WEDEL JARLSBERG LAND NW	587	38	256	43.7	440	344	50	
132	VAN KEULENFJORDEN	1822	59	1273	69.9	451	379	248	
133	NATHORST LAND N	495	43	195	39.4	534	468	23	
134	RINDERSBUKTA	438	23	287	65.5	439	349	47	
135	KJELLSTRØMDALEN	625	68	240	38.4	421	392	21	
136	REINDALEN	1022	73	235	23.0	589	518	26	
137	NORDENSKIÖLD LAND SW	427	26	96	22.4	374	289	15	
13	BELLSUND	5416	330	2582	47.7	461	388	430	

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

1 NORDENSKIÖLD LAND NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
141 01	DAHLFONNA	77	545	14	030	N	N	5102	27	E	69	13.80	1	4.5	69	650	340	100	230	2	1.00
141 02	SOLFONNA	77	590	13	575							1.65	2							0.07	
141 03	LINNÉBREEN	77	580	13	550							3.85	2							0.27	
141 04	VARDEBREEN	78	043	13	545							3.20	2							0.20	
141 05	VØRINGBREEN	78	026	13	580	NE	N	5302	27	E	69	2.10	2	1.6	69	500	280	130	260	2	0.14
141 06	HEFTYEBREEN	78	000	14	000							1.00	2							0.02	
141 07		77	593	14	030							1.50	2							0.06	
141 08	ALDEGONDABREEN	77	584	14	055	NE	NE	5302	27	E	69	9.10	1	4.8	69	500	330	70	240	2	0.91
141 09	GRØNFJORDDBRENE	77	540	14	150	N	NE	5201	27	E	69	38.30	1	7.0	80	550	330	90	280	2	3.80
141 10	JANSSONBREEN	77	539	14	305	N	N	5102	27	E	69	5.70	1	4.5	80	500	310	100	370	2	0.47
141 11	BAALSRUDBREEN	77	547	14	360							4.40	2								0.33
141 12	JAMDALSBREEN	77	562	14	410							2.70	2								0.16
141 13	GULLSTRANDBREEN	77	575	14	400							1.30	2								0.04
141 14	LACMANNBREEN	77	570	14	435							1.00	2								0.02
141 15	SKAVLEFJELLBREEN	77	574	14	535							2.05	2								0.10
141 16	TUNGEBREEN	77	574	14	580							4.15	2								0.30
141 17	IRABREEN	78	014	14	410							2.10	2								0.10
141 18	PAXBREEN	78	023	14	400							1.15	2								0.03
141 19	HÄGGBREEN	78	019	14	435							1.25	2								0.04
141 20	STOLLEYBREEN	78	012	14	460							1.45	2								0.05

N 4 W1 SPITSBERGEN 4 ISFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
141 21	PASSFJELLBREEN W	78 010	14 560						2.50	2					0.14	
141 22		78 021	15 000						1.70	2					0.07	
141 23		78 020	15 130						1.20	2					0.04	
141 24		78 031	15 195						1.55	2					0.06	
141 25		78 015	15 275						1.20	2					0.04	
141 26	MEDALSBREEN	78 014	15 330						4.65	2					0.35	
141 27		78 034	15 340						1.50	2					0.06	
141 28	BØDALSBREEN	78 054	15 400						4.05	2					0.29	
141 29	DRYADBREEN	78 088	15 270						2.15	2					0.11	
141 30		78 090	15 095						1.15	2					0.03	

40 glaciers < 1 km² A = 16.70 km²

2 ADVENTDALEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
142 01	GRUMANTBREEN	78 087	15 130						2.85	2					0.17	
142 02	HÅBERGBREEN	78 084	15 200						3.50	2					0.23	
142 03		78 114	15 275						1.05	2					0.03	
142 04	LONGYEARBREEN	78 105	15 300	NE	NE	5302	27	F	60	4.00	2	4.8	80	1000	580	2
142 05	LARSBREEN	78 107	15 345	N	NE	5302	27	F	60	4.15	2	3.7	80	800	620	2
142 06	BOGERBREEN	78 080	15 380	N	NW	5323	70	F	60	5.30	1	4.0	80	900	600	300
142 07		78 083	15 415									1.85	2			0.08
142 08		78 093	15 470									1.10	2			0.03
142 09		78 076	15 460									1.50	2			0.06
142 10	SVENDSENBREEN	78 067	15 435									2.45	2			0.13

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	NE	W						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
142 11	SCOTT TURNERBRE	78 062	15 570	NE	NE	5103	77	F 61	5.60	1	8.0	61	950	530	2	0.46 S
142 12	RIEPERBREEN	78 071	16 070	W	W	4302	27	F 61	6.00	1	4.0	60	900	640	260	0.50 M
142 13	FOXFONNA N	78 074	16 100	NE	NE	4102	27	E 77	10.80	1	3.4	77	900	630	300	0.22 2M+
142 14	FOXBREEN	78 059	16 190	NE	NE	5153	77	E 77	13.10	1	5.7	77	1050	620	250	1.10 M
142 15	HALLWYLDBREEN	78 087	16 230	N	N	5122	27	E 77	32.90	1	10.4	77	850	540	250	0.07
142 16	GLÖTTFJELLBREEN	78 081	16 285	N	N	78 070	16 500	NE	4.50	2						0.97
142 17	DRÖNBREEN	78 097	17 070													0.40 S
142 18	BREIFONNA	78 143	17 400													0.60 S
142 19	ARNICABREEN	78 139	16 305													0.34 3
142 20	TELLBREEN	78 152	16 110	NE	N	5302	27	E 77	5.40	1	4.2	77	800	580	340	0.08
142 21		78 142	16 130													0.04
142 22		78 135	16 140													0.04
142 23		78 132	16 170													0.03
142 24	ALTBREEN	78 135	16 075													0.05
142 25	BLEKUMBREEN	78 148	16 040													0.15
142 26	MÄLARBREEN	78 161	16 040													0.21
142 27		78 160	15 505													0.28
142 28	BRANDTBREEN	78 171	15 575													0.03
142 29	KNORRINGBREEN	78 181	16 035													0.12
142 30																0.16

\sum glaciers < 1 km² A = 15.00 km²

3 SASSENDALEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	NE	W						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	
143 01	BLACKBREEN	78 185	16 065								1.60	2				0.07
143 02	FANGENBREEN	78 171	16 080								3.45	2				0.23
143 03		78 160	16 115								1.80	2				0.08
143 04	ARCTOWSKIBREEN	78 144	16 340								3.30	2				0.21
143 05		78 153	16 370								1.95	2				0.09

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL.	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								
143 06	FLOWERBREEN	78	163	16	350					2.25	2			0.12	
143 07	LUSITANIA BREEN	78	162	16	460					4.45	2			0.33	
143 08	DUBOISBREEN	78	152	16	460					3.65	2			0.25	
143 09		78	143	16	470					2.00	2			0.10	
143 10	KAMPFONNA	78	109	17	080	N	N	0302	27	E	77	6.10	1	3.0	*4
143 11		78	094	17	125					2.90	2			0.17	
143 12	VENDOMBREEN	78	078	17	160	NW	NE	5153	77	E	77	16.50	1	7.3	2
143 13	JINNBREEN	78	086	17	300	NW	NW	4352	27	F	70	21.20	1	8.4	S
143 14	HELLEFONNA W	78	103	17	305	NW	NW			3.50	2			2.70	
143 15	HELLEFONNA NW	78	111	17	335			4303	70	F	61	8.60	1	5.0	HEF
143 16		78	131	17	365							1.10	1		
143 17	HELLEFONNA N	78	121	17	420	NE	E	4102	27	F	61	6.90	1	5.1	HEF
143 18	MARMORBREEN	78	107	17	500	E	E	4207	27	F	71	13.20	1	6.9	HEF S
143 19	VEITBREEN	78	105	18	040							3.30	1		
143 20		78	117	18	015							1.55	1		
143 21	LUMPPBREEN	78	130	18	020	W	W	4102	27	F	71	9.00	1	4.4	NOF
143 22		78	145	17	565							3.20	1		
143 23		78	151	17	595							1.00	1		
143 24	SKROTTBREEN	78	152	18	100	NW	NW					10.90	1	4.5	NOF
143 25		78	177	18	933	W	W					1.80	1	2.5	
143 26	NORDMANNNSFON. NW	78	186	18	165	N	NW					19.80	1	4.5	NOF
143 27	RABOTBREEN	78	190	18	090	S	SW	4103	77	F	70	106.00	1	16.0	FII
143 28	FIMBULISEN W	78	210	17	380	SW	W	0333	20	F	70	34.00	1	5.1	*5
												700	70	620	
												700	700	600	
												600	600	2	

30 glaciers < 1 km² A = 7.45 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

4 TEMPELFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	MAX	MED	MIN				
144 01	WANDBREEN	78	230	17	380	NW	NW	4202	27	F	71	5.10	2	4.7	71	700	600	300	Y400	2	0.40
144 02	VON POSTBREEN	78	260	17	530	W	W	4142	22	F	71	174.00	1	21.8	80	1000	560	0	470	2	34.00
144 03	TUNABREEN	78	350	17	330	SW	S	4247	22	F	71	203.00	1	34.7	80	1050	680	0	510	2	41.00
144 04	BRUCEBREEN	78	290	17	175	S	S	5201	27	F	71	7.30	1	7.0	71	850	550	80	410	1	0.66
144 05	BURN-MURDOCHBR	78	280	17	065	S	SW	5102	27	F	61	8.30	1	5.3	61	900	480	100	420	1	0.79
144 06		78	263	16	570										1.30	1				0.04	
144 07	KOMMISSARBREEN	78	255	16	525										1.00	1				0.02	
144 08		78	253	16	430										1.50	1				0.06	
144 09	MACLEANBREEN	78	261	16	525										2.05	1				0.10	
144 10		78	294	17	010										1.00	1				0.02	
144 11	BOLTONBREEN	78	298	17	040	W	W	5103	77	F	61	6.60	1	6.1	61	850	550	100	390	1	0.57
144 12	METHUENBREEN	78	311	17	120	NW	NW	5103	70	F	61	12.20	1	7.0	61	1100	510	100	430	1	1.30
144 12	PINKBREEN	78	327	17	160										1.30	1				0.04	
144 14		78	343	17	230										1.50	1				0.06	
144 15	FLORABREEN	78	361	17	200	SW	S	5103	70	F	66	13.10	1	7.0	66	1050	530	180	480	1	1.40
144 16		78	354	17	140										2.00	1				0.10	
144 17	MARGARETBREEN	78	350	17	065	SW	S	5203	70	F	61	7.60	1	7.2	61	970	460	140	500	1	0.70
144 18	STENHOUSEBREEN	78	313	16	470										2.30	1				0.12	
144 19		78	304	16	440										1.20	1				0.04	

18 glaciers < 1 km² A = 5.85 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

5 BILLEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)			
145 01		78	318	16	405						4.30	1					0.31			
145 02		78	326	16	480						1.20	1					0.04			
145 03	FAIRWEATHERBREEN	78	342	16	550						4.40	1					0.33			
145 04	AUSTBOTNEN	78	355	16	485						1.00	1					0.02			
145 05	MATHEWBREEN	78	360	16	570						3.30	1					0.21			
145 06	NORDENSKIÖLDBR.	78	420	17	110	SW	W	4242	22	F	66	242.00	1	26.0	80	1200	750	0	LOF M+	
145 07	POLLOCKBREEN	78	419	16	505	SW	SW	5202	27	F	61	25.00	1	8.5	61	1120	630	100	620	2
145 08	EBBABREEN	78	440	16	570						4.90	3					3.30			
145 09	BERTRAMBREEN	78	449	16	490						8.00	2					0.38			
145 10	RAGNARBREEN	78	454	16	440	W	SW	4202	27	F	61	700	450	90	370	2	0.75			
145 11	HØRBYEBREEN	78	454	16	170	E	SE	5102	27	F	60	23.30	1	10.5	60	750	450	100	340	2
145 12	SVENBREEN	78	434	16	180						4.20	2					0.30			
145 13	FERDINANDBREEN	78	424	16	195						1.60	2					0.07			
145 14	ELSABREEN	78	411	16	225						1.05	2					0.03			
145 15	BERTILBREEN	78	414	16	160	S	S	5302	27	F	60	5.40	1	5.2	60	700	510	150	440	2
145 16	MUNINBREEN	78	430	16	070	SE	S	5102	27	F	60	7.90	1	5.0	60	650	450	220	390	2
145 17		78	414	16	020						1.70	2					0.07			
145 18		78	406	16	000						2.70	2					0.16	2		
145 19		78	408	15	120						3.50	1					0.23			
145 20		78	392	15	575						1.85	1					0.08			
145 21	JOTUNFONNA	78	364	16	070	N	S	3303	77	F	60	19.00	1	4.0	60	710	550	300	X550	2
145 22	FROSTISEN	78	325	15	420	NE	NE	3303	77	F	60	19.80	1	5.2	60	650	520	70	X500	2
145 23		78	321	15	535						1.35	1					0.05			

25 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.95 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

6 DICKSONFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN					
146 01		78	371	15	485	S	E	3302	27	F	60	8.00	1	2.0	60	660	560	X550	2	0.75	5
146 02		78	410	15	460							2.35	2							0.12	
146 03		78	424	15	435							1.85	2							0.08	
146 04		78	416	15	480							2.00	2							0.10	
146 05		78	437	16	020							2.15	2							0.11	
146 06	STENSIÖBBREEN	78	448	16	035							3.75	2							0.26	
146 07	GONVILLEBREEN	78	460	16	015	W	W	5103	70	F	60	7.90	1	4.4	60	750	490	300	480	2	0.73
146 08	ROBERTSONBREEN	78	472	15	580	W	W	5302	27	F	60	5.00	1	3.7	60	700	470	260	400	2	0.39
146 09		78	485	15	455							1.50	3							0.06	2
146 10		78	486	15	490							1.25	2							0.04	
146 11	KINAMURBREEN	78	490	15	580							4.45	2							0.33	
146 12	SOPHUSBREEN	78	513	15	385							2.15	2							0.11	
146 13		78	518	15	355							2.05	2							0.10	
146 14	GAVLHAUGBREEN	78	528	15	295							2.95	2							0.18	
146 15		78	542	15	350							2.50	2							0.14	
146 16	FYRISBREEN	78	547	15	295							1.50	2							0.06	
146 17	BATTYEBREEN	78	560	15	340	W	W	5103	27	F	70	7.30	1	4.1	70	900	700	320	570	2	0.66
146 18	BARMFJELLBREEN	78	595	14	510	SE	SE	5102	27	F	66	130.00	1	21.8	66	1120	630	90	480	2	24.00
146 19		78	545	14	490	NE	E	5152	27	F	66	41.90	1	11.0	66	1140	600	100	550	1	6.20
146 20		78	550	15	015							3.70	2							0.25	
146 21		78	545	14	530							1.95	1							0.09	
146 22		78	526	14	590							3.65	1							0.25	
146 23	BRENNBREEN	78	526	15	000							3.60	1							0.24	
146 24		78	496	14	590							1.90	1							0.09	
146 25	SØLVBREEN	78	500	14	510							3.45	4							0.23	

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N E	LONG N E	ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	A (km)	LEN. YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
146 26	GYGREBREEN	79 483	14 545				3.65	1			0.25	
146 27	URBREEN	79 468	14 540				2.50	1			0.14	
146 28		78 427	15 000				2.35	1			0.12	
146 29	HANSDALSBREEN	78 414	15 010				2.60	2			0.15	
146 30		78 408	15 020				1.10	2			0.03	

44 glaciers < 1 km² A = 17.50 km²

7 EKMANFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N E	LONG N E	ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	A (km)	LEN. YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
147 01	KAPITOLBREEN	78 419	14 565				2.20	1			0.11	
147 02	HATTBREEN	78 466	14 500				1.25	1			0.04	
147 03		78 487	14 470				2.50	1			0.14	
147 04	GUFSBREEN	78 503	14 470				1.30	1			0.04	
147 05	MÅLARBREEN	78 518	14 500	SW	SW	5102	27	F 66	6.00	1	0.50	
147 06		78 512	14 345				2.50	1			0.14	
147 07	BITIHORNBBRENN	78 521	14 400				2.70	1			0.16	
147 08		78 533	14 370				1.65	1			0.07	2
147 09	ORSABREEN	79 000	14 120	SE	S	4253	22	F 66	147.00	1	32.0	0.03
147 10	MORABREEN	78 566	14 075	SE	SE	4152	20	F 66	94.00	1	26.0	HOF M
147 11		78 519	14 035				1.10	1			0.08	HOF
147 12	HOLMSTRÖMBREEN	78 510	14 110	SE	SE	4152	27	F 66	145.00	1	28.0	28.00
147 13		78 471	14 180				3.80	1			0.26	HOF M
147 14	QVARNSTRØMBREEN	78 464	14 179	SE	SE	5252	20	F 66	32.60	1	14.0	4.30
147 15	SEFSTRØMBREEN	78 450	13 570	SE	SE	5141	27	F 66	155.00	1	23.0	390
147 16		78 400	14 060	E	E	5252	22	F 66	30.80	1	11.9	30.00
147 17	BARDEBREEN										0.03	MS
											4.30	

6 glaciers < 1 km² A = 1.20 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

4 ISFJORDEN

8 OSCAR II LAND E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km ²)	A	(km)			
148 01	LAPPBREEN	78	385	14	160						3.70	1					0.25		
148 02		78	374	14	130						1.15	1					0.03		
148 03	SVEABREEN	78	360	14	060	SE	SE	5241	22	F	66	174.00	1	31.2	80	950	450	0	34.00 M
148 04		78	310	14	140						3.10	1					0.19		
148 05	WAHLENBERGBREEN	78	300	14	030	SE	SE	5241	22	F	66	131.00	1	26.7	80	850	430	0	24.00 MS
148 06		78	267	14	180						1.35	1					0.05		

3 glaciers < 1 km² A= 1.45 km²

9 OSCAR II LAND SE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km ²)	A	(km)			
149 01	BOREBREEN	78	265	13	540	SE	SE	5241	22	F	66	120.00	1	22.0	80	750	380	0	260 1 22.00 M
149 02	NANSENBREEN	78	220	13	560	SE	SE	5241	27	F	66	45.10	1	14.6	80	650	290	0	240 1 6.80 MS
149 03	ESMARKBREEN	78	193	13	440	SE	SE	5241	27	F	66	50.50	1	15.4	80	650	300	0	240 2 7.80
149 04	KLERBREEN	78	183	13	440														
149 05	KJERULFBREEN	78	175	13	390	SE	SE	5142	22	F	66	21.60	1	6.0	80	600	240	0	230 2 0.11
149 06	PROTEKTORBREEN	78	146	13	410	NE	NE	5242	22	F	66	7.60	1	4.0	80	700	250	0	200 2 2.70 2
149 07	TORGNYBREEN	79	142	13	330														

12 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.45 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
141	NORDENSKIÖLD LAND NW	893	70	140	15.7	334	272	10
142	ADVENTDALEN	694	67	149	21.5	585	515	12
143	SASSENDALEN	1085	58	270	24.9	540	429	35
144	TEMPELFJORDEN	785	37	458	58.4	612	484	81
145	BILLEFJORDEN	907	48	397	43.8	682	508	52
146	DICKSONFJORDEN	1013	74	278	27.5	617	499	37
147	EKMANFJORDEN	1036	23	623	60.8	541	437	119
148	OSCAR II LAND E	436	9	316	72.4	443	279	59
149	OSCAR II LAND SE	460	19	256	55.7	332	248	40
14	ISFJORDEN	7309	400	2887	39.6	543	420	445

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

5 SPITSBERGEN NW

1 PRINS KARLS FORLAND

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	MAX	MED	MIN				
151 01	ARCHIB. GEIKIEBR.	78	271	11	320	NE	NE	5112	27	F	66	6.30	1	3.9	80	600	200	200	2	0.54	
151 02	MIDTRE GEIKIEBR.	78	283	11	300							3.50	2						0.23		
151 03	JAMES GEIKIEBR.	78	296	11	250							4.70	2						0.36		
151 04	DODDSBREEN	78	311	11	200							2.00	2						0.10		
151 05	MAGDABREEN	78	338	11	100							3.70	2						0.25		
151 06	ALFREDBREEN	78	342	11	060	E	E	0111	27	F	66	4.65	1						0.35		
151 07	SØ BUCHANANISEN	78	370	11	040	NE	NE	0111	22	F	66	18.30	1	4.3	80	1000	170	0	200	2	2.20 *
151 08	NO BUCHANANISEN	78	400	10	590							10.30	1	3.0	80	1000	400	0	200	2	1.10 *
151 09	FALLBREEN	78	421	10	590							3.95	1							0.28	
151 10	MURRAYBREEN	78	437	10	580	E	E	5311	27	F	66	11.30	1	5.4	80	500	180	0	250	2	1.20
151 11	AU VESALBREEN	78	445	10	550							1.20	2							0.04	
151 12	VE VESALBREEN	78	445	10	520							1.15	2							0.03	
151 13	MILLERBREEN	78	423	10	520	N	NW	5302	27	F	66	6.40	1	5.0	66	650	310	50	260	2	0.55
151 14	PARNASSBREEN	78	377	10	580							1.45	2							0.05	

19 glaciers < 1 km² A = 4.70 km²

2 OSCAR II LAND SW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	MAX	MED	MIN				
152 01	LEXFJELLBREEN	78	156	13	300	SW	S	4203	77	F	66	3.45	2					0.23			
152 02	VETTERNBREEN	78	187	13	240	SW	W	4222	27	F	66	38.60	1	14.0	66	650	300	70	240	2	5.60
152 03	VENERNBREEN	78	205	13	200	SW	W	5222	27	F	66	45.50	1	15.4	66	650	340	50	320	1	6.90
152 04	EIDEMBREEN	78	250	13	190	W	W	5102	27	F	66	158.00	1	20.2	66	750	370	10	370	1	16.00
152 05	HYDROGRAFBREEN	78	270	12	450	SW	S					28.50	1	7.6	66	600	290	80	260	1	3.90
152 06		78	258	12	385							1.00	1					0.02			

7 glaciers < 1 km² A = 3.80 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

5 SPITSBERGEN NW

3 ST. JONSFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
153 01	BULLBREEN	78	287	12	336					F	66	1.90	1	6.1	66	500	270	0	200	1	0.09		
153 02	HOLMESLETBREEN	78	288	12	400	NE		5102	22			14.20	1	1.05	1						1.60		
153 03	HOLMESLETBREEN W	78	293	12	510							1.00	1								0.03		
153 04	HOLMESLETBREEN E	78	293	12	550							12.70	1	6.8	66	650	280	10	200	1	0.02		
153 05	LØVLIEBREEN	78	288	13	010	NW		5102	27	F	66	4.00	1								M		
153 06	GUNNARBREEN	78	292	13	075							3.00	1								0.28		
153 07	ANNA SOFIEBREEN	78	292	13	124							27.80	1	9.5	66	650	350	0	340	1	0.18		
153 08	CHARLESBREEN	78	300	13	220	N	NW	5301	22	F	66	2.15	1	6.5	66	800	360	30	380	2	3.80		
153 09	VEGARDBREEN	78	316	13	184							11.40	1								0.11		
153 10	PAULBREEN	78	319	13	220	W	NW	5102	27	F	66	3.30	1								1.20		
153 11	VINTERVEGEN	78	336	13	263	NW						31.60	1	12.4	80	950	500	0	340	2	0.21		
153 12	OSBORNEBREEN	78	350	13	310	S	S	5241	22	F	66	4141	22	152.00	1	20.1	80	950	450	0	29.00	M	
153 13	KONOWBREEN	78	380	13	170	S	SE					4241	22	F	66	49.60	1	14.4	80	750	320	0	7.60
153 14	SMALGANGEN	78	360	12	590									1.80	1						0.08		
153 15	GAFFELBREEN	78	337	12	520	S	S	5151	22	F	66	23.40	1	7.6	80	750	400	0	290	1	3.00		
153 16	ANKERBREEN	78	330	12	590									1.40	1						0.05		
153 17	DAHLBREEN	78	308	12	390									4.90	1						0.38		
153 18	OLIVERBREEN	78	370	12	360	SW	SW	4241	22	F	66	134.00	1	18.6	80	900	450	0	330	2	25.00		
153 19	ANDREASBREEN	78	364	12	225									1.45	2						LØF M		
153 20	EIVINDBREEN	78	369	12	175	SW	SW	5302	27	F	66	6.70	1	5.1	66	600	330	80	250	2	0.59		
153 21												3.00	2								0.18		
153 22																							

10 glaciers < 1 km² A= 3.10 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

5 SPITSBERGEN NW

4 OSCAR II LAND NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
154 01	ELISEBREEN	78	388	12	130	SW	SW	5122	27	F	66	11.40	1	9.0	66	850	350	80	300	2	1.20
154 02	IRENEBREEN	78	399	12	070							4.70	2								0.36
154 03	WALDEMARDBREEN	78	405	12	030	W	W	4241	27	F	66	3.30	2								0.21
154 04	AAVATSMARKBREEN	78	420	12	130	NW	NW	5353	70	F	66	5.30	1	15.1	80	750	400	0	390	2	14.00
154 05	ERIKKABREEN	78	440	12	040							5.0	66			600	330	150	300	2	0.42
154 06	HAAKENBREEN	78	447	11	590							1.55	2								0.06
154 07	CISSYBREEN	78	449	11	580							2.20	2								0.11
154 08	ARTHURBREEN	78	463	11	550							3.60	2								0.24
154 09	TASSBREEN	78	469	11	555							1.50	2								0.06
154 10		78	479	11	500							1.00	2								0.02
154 11	COMFORTLESSBREEN	78	478	11	530							1.65	2								0.07
154 12		78	460	12	080	NW	NW	5142	27	F	66	64.70	1	14.9	76	1000	360	0	360	2	11.00
154 13	UVERSBREEN	78	470	12	320	NW	NW	5253	70	F	66	63.40	1	20.5	66	800	400	50	440	1	10.00
154 14	EDITHBREEN	78	511	12	070							4.30	2								0.31
154 15	STEENBREEN	78	518	11	560							1.20	2								0.04

5 glaciers < 1 km² A= 2.95 km²

5 KONGSFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
155 01	TRONGSKARDBREEN	78	551	11	370							1.20	2				0.04				
155 02	MØREBREEN	78	558	11	410							1.30	2				0.04				
155 03	VE BRØGGERBREEN	78	547	11	435	NE	NE	5152	27	E	77	5.20	1	4.3	80	550	250	30	200	1	0.23
																	M+				

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

5 SPITSBERGEN NW

76

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL						
155 04	AU BRØGGERBREEN	78	535	11	500	N	N	5152	27	E	77	11.80	1	6.0	80	600	260	40	245	1	0.65	MS+
155 05	VE LOVÉNBREEN	78	542	11	555	NE	N	5222	27	E	77	5.95	1	4.8	80	650	330	40	260	1	0.13	
155 06	MIDRE LOVÉNBREEN	78	530	12	040	NW	N	5222	27	F	77	6.20	1	4.8	77	600	320	40	270	2	0.45	MS+
155 07	AU LOVÉNBREEN	78	527	12	090	NW	N	5202	27	F	77	5.60	1	5.4	77	650	450	90	320	2	0.53	M
155 08	PEDERSEN BREEN	78	515	12	175	N	N	5152	22	F	66	6.20	1	4.8	66	750	450	100	440	2	0.46	
155 09	BOTNFJELLBREEN	78	507	12	260	NE	NE	5152	22	F	66	189.00	1	27.0	80	1050	500	0	470	2	37.00	MS
155 10	KONGSVEGEN	78	480	12	590	NW	NW	4241	22	F	66	690.00	1	42.7	80	1400	650	0	670	2	140.00	HOF 3MS+
155 11	KRONEBREEN	78	580	13	110	S	W	4241	22	F	66	56.60	1	16.6	80	1100	750	0	460	2	8.90	
155 12	CONWAYBREEN	79	000	12	450	S	W	5241	22	F	66	7.60	1	6.6	66	850	520	50	420	1	0.70	
155 13	FEIRINGBREEN	79	013	12	290	S	S	5103	72	F	66	2.60	1	21.0	80	1050	500	0	500	2	0.15	
155 14	SKREIFJELLBREEN	79	016	12	195																0.09	2MS
155 15	BLOMSTRANDBREEN	79	047	12	250	SW	S	5141	22	F	66	102.00	1	21.0	80	1050	500	0	500	2	18.00	
155 16	OLSSØNBREEN	79	036	11	575																0.09	

9 glaciers < 1 km² A = 3.50 km²

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL						
156 01	FJORTENDE JULIBR	79	078	12	130	W	W	5141	22	F	66	81.00	1	18.4	80	1200	400	0	550	2	14.00	M
156 02	D'ARODESBREEN	79	088	12	040	SW	W	5302	22	E	70	16.10	1	9.8	70	750	400	10	360	1	1.90	
156 03	FLAKBREEN	79	103	11	585	N	N	5302	27	E	70	6.00	1	3.8	70	750	470	80	380	1	0.50	
156 04		79	105	12	045															0.12		
156 05	FLANKEBREEN	79	105	12	080															0.17		
156 06		79	106	12	150															0.17		
156 07	TINAYREBREEN	79	122	12	260	W	W	4141	22	F	66	53.10	1	15.7	80	1200	700	0	400	2	8.30	ISF
156 08	SNØDOMBREEN	79	134	12	090															0.15		
156 09		79	141	12	080															0.03		
156 10		79	146	12	100															0.06		

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

5 SPITSBERGEN NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)		
156 11	MAYERBREEN	79 149	12 250	S	W	4141	22	F	66	43.70	1	15.0	80	1200	550	0	510	2	6.60
156 12	KOLLERBREEN	79 193	12 210	W	SW	5142	22	F	66	29.60	1	11.0	80	1250	450	0	280	2	4.10
156 13	SUPANBREEN	79 200	12 000	W	SW	5102	27	F	66	18.40	1	9.4	66	770	410	10	300	1	2.20
156 14	LILLJEHØKBREEN	79 240	11 400	S	S	4141	22	F	66	259.00	1	21.5	80	1000	450	0	290	1	54.00
156 15	FORBESBREEN	79 192	11 230	NE	E	4241	22	E	70	12.10	1	5.2	80	600	350	0	220	1	1.30
156 16	ØYENBREEN	79 181	11 270									3.60	1						0.24
156 17	SLØRBREEN	79 172	11 275									3.00	1						0.18
156 18	HÅRBREEN	79 161	11 230									1.75	1						0.08
156 19	KARLBREEN	79 143	11 327									1.25	1						0.04
156 20	HERGESELLBREEN	79 134	11 359									1.05	1						0.03
156 21	WILLEBREEN	79 083	11 275									1.30	1						0.04

20 glaciers < 1 km² A = 7.35 km²

7 ALBERT I LAND W

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)		
157 01	BLÅSHAUGBREEN	79 116	11 295								1.60	1					0.07		
157 02	VEOBREEN	79 132	11 315	S	S						4.00	1					0.28		
157 03	DRONNINGBREEN	79 155	11 180	S	SW	4302	27	E	70	10.10	1	7.3	70	650	320	30	250	1	1.00
157 04	FØRSTEBREEN	79 170	11 120	S	SW	4322	27	E	70	24.40	1	9.0	80	500	380	0	320	1	3.20
157 05	ANDREBREEN	79 200	11 065	W	SW	5202	27	E	70	20.20	1	8.5	80	700	300	0	250	1	2.50
157 06	TREDJEBREEN	79 228	11 050	W	SW	4102	27	E	70	36.80	1	10.6	80	700	340	0	260	1	5.30
157 07		79 237	11 030															2	
157 08	FEMTEBREEN	79 250	11 020	NW	W	5202	27	E	70	1.60	1	5.5	70	550	310	10	300	1	0.07
157 09	SJETTEBREEN	79 270	11 150	W	W	4142	22	E	70	66.70	1	13.5	80	800	450	0	380	1	0.46
157 10	MUNTHEBREEN	79 286	11 020									3.00	1					11.00	

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE							
		N	E	AC	AB						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL								
157 11	SJUBREEN	79	296	10	580	W	W	5242	27	E	70	8.90	1	5.8	80	800	260	0	220	1	0.86	
157 12	KNIVSEGGREEN	79	305	10	550							2.00	1									0.10
157 13	NEPEBREEN	79	314	10	520							1.55	1									0.06
157 14	HAMBURGBREEN	79	317	10	470							3.70	1									0.25
157 15	ADAMBREEN	79	329	10	490							2.65	1									0.15
157 16	GULLYBREEN	79	315	11	000	NW	NW	5141	22	E	70	11.10	1	4.7	80	600	300	0	200	1	1.20	
157 17	BROKEBREEN	79	319	11	080							4.95	1									0.39
157 18	WAGGONWAYBREEN	79	305	11	200	NW	NW	5141	22	E	70	45.40	1	11.6	80	800	440	0	410	1	6.90	
157 19	ALKEBREEN	79	351	11	150							3.10	1									0.19
157 20	BUCHANBREEN	79	349	11	065							2.45	1									0.13
157 21	SKARPEGGBREEN	79	359	11	020							1.70	1									0.07
157 22	YTSTEBREEN	79	361	10	545							1.35	1									0.05
157 23	KNATTBREEN	79	366	10	575							2.95	1									0.18

11 glaciers < 1 km² A= 2.90 km²

8 SMEERENBURGFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A	(km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE						
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL							
158 01	KVASSPIGGGREEN	79	373	11	045							2.55	1				0.14					
158 02	SCHEIBREEN	79	362	11	130	N	N	5142	27	F	66	19.70	1	7.5	66	750	270	0	230	1	2.40	
158 03	BORGREEN	79	371	11	225							1.55	1									2
158 04	SMEERENBURGFGREEN	79	350	11	360	N	NW	5141	22	F	66	114.40	1	16.4	80	800	470	0	320	1	0.06	
158 05	VIKSBREEN	79	393	11	305	SW	SW	5142	22	F	66	2.05	1	4.6	80	800	400	0	250	1	21.00	
158 06	MARSTRANDBREEN	79	400	11	265							6.20	1									0.10
158 07	GULLMARBREEN	79	404	11	225							2.00	1									0.53
158 08	BRATTEKLEIVBREEN	79	408	11	195	S	W	5242	22	F	66	11.00	1	6.5	80	700	260	0	250	1	0.10	
158 09	SELLSTRÖMBREEN	79	418	11	265	W	W	5342	22	F	66	6.30	1	3.8	80	700	250	0	230	1	0.03	
158 10	FRAMBREEN	79	430	11	170																0.54	

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN 5 SPITSBERGEN NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A (km)	LEN. YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
158 11	KENNEDYBREEN	79 445	11 200	NW	NW	5242	22	F	66	10.00	1	5.0	80	700	220	0	240	1	1.00
158 12	SVITJODBREEN	79 430	11 370	NW	NW	5242	22	F	66	41.60	1	11.5	80	900	380	0	220	1	6.20
158 13	JARLBREEN	79 459	11 345									1.90	1					0.09	
158 14	HOLMIABREEN	79 472	11 360									3.15	1					0.20	

16 glaciers < 1 km² A = 8.30 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE		ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
							GLACIER	GLACIER	
151	PRINS KARLS FORLAND	622	33	84	13.4	244		218	7
152	OSCAR II LAND SW	518	13	279	53.8	347		331	33
153	ST. JONSFJORDEN	678	32	495	73.1	418		299	79
154	OSCAR II LAND NW	490	20	254	51.8	386		389	38
155	KONGSFJORDEN	1428	25	1099	77.0	603		592	214
156	KROSSFJORDEN	817	41	551	67.5	472		362	94
157	ALBERT I LAND W	483	34	269	55.6	388		326	35
158	SMEERENBURGFJORDEN	407	30	232	56.9	403		279	33
15	SPITSBERGEN NW	5443	228	3263	59.9	478		423	533

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

1 RAUDFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL			
161 01	MAKAROVBREEN	79	487	11	455						4.30	1			700	350	0	180	2	0.31	
161 02	HAMILTONBREEN	79	465	11	410	N	NE	5242	22	F	66	14.60	1	5.4	80					1.60	
161 03	ARNELIUSBREEN	79	458	11	510						2.35	1								0.12	
161 04	SMITHBREEN	79	441	11	480	E	E	5242	22	F	66	14.80	1	6.1	80	650	300	0	190	1	1.70
161 05		79	430	11	560							1.20	1							0.04	
161 06	FUHRMEISTERBREEN	79	426	11	515						3.55	1								0.24	
161 07	TINDEBREEN	79	420	11	570						1.10	1								0.03	
161 08	SKLIA	79	414	11	560						4.00	1								0.28	
161 09	PORTIERBREEN	79	405	11	555	NE	NE	5142	22	F	66	6.10	1	4.0	80	650	450	0	240	1	0.52
161 10	CHAUVEAUBREEN	79	385	11	550	E	NE	5241	22	F	66	19.00	1	8.3	80	750	400	0	220	1	2.30
161 11	RAUDFJORDDBREEN	79	355	12	050	NE	NE	5141	22	F	66	68.60	1	16.0	80	900	400	0	300	2	11.00
161 12		79	380	12	200							2.35	1								0.12
161 13		79	385	12	225							1.35	1								0.05
161 14	ANDRÉEBREEN	79	400	12	300	N	NW	5303	70	F	66	7.50	1	5.5	66	900	370	80	280	2	0.68
161 15	HALLBREEN	79	412	12	265						1.25	1								0.04	
161 16		79	419	12	260						1.00	1								0.02	
161 17	APEBREEN	79	428	12	285	W	W	5123	70	F	66	5.20	1	2.9	66	650	440	150	340	1	0.41
161 18	BISKAYERFONNA	79	475	12	170	NW	N	3302	27	F	66	13.60	1	2.4	66	480	350	20	X350	2	1.50
161 19	ARLABREEN	79	444	12	365	NE	NE	5302	27	F	66	6.40	1	5.8	66	720	360	30	250	1	0.55
161 20	SERLABREEN	79	437	12	390	NE	NE	5302	27	F	66	5.10	1	3.6	66	550	330	70	200	1	0.40

17 glaciers < 1 km² A = 7.50 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

2 LIEFDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
162 01	PARADISBREEN	79	426	12	400	E	E	5202	27	F	66	7.90	1	5.4	66	750	410	40	260	1	0.73
162 02	EVABREEN	79	411	12	345	SE	E	5301	27	F	66	6.40	1	4.7	66	650	450	100	270	1	0.55
162 03		79	400	12	350							3.55	2								0.24
162 04	ALBERTBREEN	79	395	12	440	E	SE	5203	70	F	66	9.20	1	6.0	66	750	400	50	320	1	0.31
162 05	HANNABREEN	79	384	12	345	E	SE	5322	27	F	66	9.50	1	6.0	66	750	500	30	350	1	0.90
162 06	ERIKBREEN	79	370	12	300	E	SE	4101	22	F	66	8.60	1	3.2	66	250	150	0			0.94
162 07	IDABREEN	79	360	12	171	SE	SE	5142	22	F	66	15.70	1	7.1	80	1000	390	0	400	1	0.83
162 08	EMMABREEN	79	330	12	140	E	E														1.80
162 09		79	320	12	170																0.08
162 10	SELIGERBREEN	79	300	12	120	NE	NE	5141	22	F	66	47.40	1	9.1	80	900	540	0	410	1	7.20
162 11	MONACOBREEN	79	240	12	340	N	N	4141	22	F	66	408.00	1	42.4	80	1250	600	0	370	2	91.00
162 12		79	304	12	420																0.05
162 13		79	310	12	435																0.13
162 14		79	320	12	470																0.27
162 15		79	328	12	515																0.10
162 16		79	330	12	560																0.14
162 17		79	331	12	595																0.03

6 glaciers < 1 km² A = 1.75 km²

3 BOCKFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
163 01	BØRREBREEN	79	315	12	580	NE	E	5103	70	F	66	9.80	1	6.6	66	800	470	100	300	1	0.98
163 02		79	300	12	560	NE	NE	5203	70	F	66	19.30	1	9.1	66	900	520	50	330	2	2.40
163 03		79	288	13	035															0.21	
163 04		79	279	13	035															0.14	

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
163 05		79 273	13 010								3.00	1	10.2	66	1250	580	0	450	2	0.18
163 06	FRIEDRICHBREEN	79 260	13 000	NE	NE	5202	22	F	66	28.20	1	7.9	66	1250	450	50	400	1	3.80	
163 07	ADOLFBREEN	79 255	13 120	NE	NE	5202	27	F	66	10.00	1	7.2	66	1300	510	20	330	1	1.00	
163 08	NYGÅRDDBREEN	79 238	13 110	E	NE	5202	27	F	66	7.80	1	8.0	66	1000	670	20	400	1	0.73	
163 09	SCHELDERUPBREEN	79 230	13 120	E	NE	5202	27	F	66	7.80	1	8.0	66	1300	600	20	500	2	0.73	
163 10	KARLSBREEN	79 180	13 250	NE	N	5102	27	F	66	104.00	1	18.0	66						19.00	

7 glaciers < 1 km² A= 1.45 km²

4 WOODFJORDEN S

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	
164 01		79 216	13 365								2.00	1							0.10
164 02		79 206	13 400								3.50	1							0.23
164 03		79 192	13 370								1.25	2							0.04
164 04		79 173	13 380								2.35	1							0.12
164 05		79 150	13 335								2.10	1							0.10
164 06	VONBREEN	79 090	13 430	NE	NE	4102	27	F	66	169.00	1	24.3	66	1250	610	30	540	2	33.00
164 07		79 129	13 570								1.35	1							0.05
164 08		79 120	13 550								1.60	1							0.07
164 09		79 107	13 550								2.85	1							0.17
164 10	JOHANBREEN	79 090	13 560	N	NE	5122	27	F	66	12.50	1	8.9	66	1100	560	100	540	1	1.40
164 11	ELNABREEN	79 070	14 060	NE	N	4253	70	F	66	26.50	1	14.8	66	1050	700	170	560	1	3.50
164 12	RUNEBOREEN NW	79 117	14 090								1.35	1							HOF MS
164 13	RUNEBOREEN SE	79 109	14 125								1.50	1							0.05
164 14		79 100	14 150								2.00	1							0.06
164 15		79 092	14 175								3.20	1							0.10

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD- / WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	NE	SW							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
164 16	ABRAHAMSENBREEN	79	100	14	255						3.50	1	19.8	80	1150	680	70	600	0.23	4		
164 17		79	045	14	150	NE	NE	4107	77	F	66	107.00	1	8.20	1	1200	910	300	700	0.77	HOF S	
164 18		79	084	14	460	SW	W	5302	27	F	66	3.20	1	7.0	66					0.20		
164 19		79	098	14	435						1.55	1	11.20	1	7.1	66	1250	900	220	720	0.06	
164 20		79	109	14	435						7.70	1	5.6	66		1200	850	330	720	2	1.20	
164 21	GINNUNGAGAP	79	127	14	440	W	W	5102	27	F	66									0.71		
164 22		79	145	14	355	SW	SW	5102	27	F	66									0.04		
164 23		79	154	14	315						1.25	1								0.03		
164 24		79	155	14	255						1.05	1								0.07		
164 25		79	158	14	160						1.70	1								0.35		
164 26	HOVBREEN	79	167	14	310	NW	NW	5107	27	F	66									0.04		
164 27		79	175	14	315						12.10	1	6.7	69	1250	740	250	600	2	1.30	S	
164 28		79	223	14	180						4.60	1								0.10		
164 29		79	215	14	265	NE	NE	5102	27	F	69									0.17		
164 30		79	218	14	365	NW	NW	5102	27	F	69									0.03		
164 31	HOVBREEN	79	244	14	300						10.50	1	6.0	69	1300	850	400	790	2	0.66		
164 32		79	259	14	265						2.10	1								0.10		
164 33		79	272	14	265						2.80	1								0.07		
164 34		79	283	14	275						1.05	1								0.03		
164 35		79	291	14	225						1.65	1								0.07		
											1.30	1								0.04		

40 glaciers < 1 km² A= 16.70 km²

5 ANDREE LAND NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL			
165 01		79	318	14	025						1.50	1							0.06	
165 02		79	317	14	055						1.10	1							0.03	
165 03		79	313	14	075						1.35	1							0.05	
165 04		79	300	14	245						4.40	1							0.33	
165 05		79	312	14	280						4.95	1							0.39	

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A					
165 06	GEORGREEN	79 325	14 290			NW	N	5103	70	F	66	3.00	1	7.2	66	950	520	100	440	2	0.18
165 07	ERSTBREEN	79 371	14 285									8.10	1								0.76
165 08	OTTOBREEN	79 350	14 280									1.75	1								0.08
165 09		79 365	14 305	N	NW	5103	70	F	66			7.00	1	4.6	66	700	460	150	350	2	0.62
165 10		79 379	14 340									4.10	1								0.30
165 11	MORITZBREEN	79 393	14 275									1.65	1								0.07
165 12	BYBREEN	79 416	14 270									2.50	1								0.14
165 13	UGLEBREEN	79 418	14 325									2.55	1								0.14
165 14	GARMBREEN	79 450	14 335									2.95	1								0.18

13 glaciers < 1 km² A= 5.35 km²

6 ANDREE LAND NE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A			
166 01	BALBERGBREEN	79 445	14 400	NE	N	5103	70	F	66	5.40	1	4.1	66	600	310	90	230	1	0.44
166 02	LANDBREEN	79 426	14 390							1.15	1								0.03
166 03	VOGBTBREEN	79 410	14 335	N	NE	5153	70	F	66	4.40	1								0.33
166 04	SVARTDAISBREEN	79 394	14 375							12.10	1	5.5	66	650	420	100	280	1	1.30
166 05		79 404	14 500							2.05	1								0.10
166 06		79 397	14 490							1.20	1								0.04
166 07		79 390	14 470							2.00	1								0.10
166 08		79 378	14 470							1.75	1								0.08
166 09		79 370	14 405	SE	SE	5103	70	F	66	5.00	1	3.1	66	720	480	200	370	1	0.39
166 10		79 348	14 380	NE	NE	5103	70	F	66	11.70	1	6.7	66	900	570	170	450	1	1.20

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD- / WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A			
166 11		79 363	14 550						1.05	1						0.03			
166 12	SKAUGUMBREEN	79 328	14 445	E	NE	5103	70	F	66	10.40	1	7.1	66	950	620	1	1.10		
166 13		79 317	14 380	SE	SE	5103	70	F	66	5.10	1	4.0	66	1100	650	400	0.40		
166 14		79 295	14 325							3.30	1						0.21		
166 15		79 288	14 370							3.30	1						0.21		
166 16		79 273	14 330							2.40	1						0.13		
166 17		79 255	14 320							3.55	1						0.24		
166 18	FORKBREEN	79 240	14 385	N	N	5103	70	F	66	12.30	1	5.3	66	1050	870	450	700	2	1.30
166 19		79 260	14 450							3.60	1						0.24		
166 20		79 280	14 525							1.20	1						0.04		
166 21		79 265	14 525							2.25	1						0.12		
166 22		79 250	14 550	E	NE	5103	70	F	66	5.80	1	6.4	66	1200	850	440	670	2	0.48

32 glaciers < 1 km² A = 14.85 km²

7 ANDREE LAND SE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A			
167 01		79 228	15 080						1.70	2						0.07			
167 02		79 238	15 015						1.00	2						0.02			
167 03	ANNE-MARIEBREEN	79 235	14 560	E	SE	5102	27	F	69	9.50	1	7.0	69	1200	880	400	720	2	0.94
167 04		79 220	14 535							1.75	1						0.08		
167 05		79 217	14 465							2.50	1						0.14		
167 06		79 212	14 425							1.05	1						0.03		
167 07		79 197	14 420	NE	NE	5102	27	F	69	14.30	1	7.2	69	1250	880	320	720	2	1.60
167 08		79 195	14 510							1.30	1						0.04		
167 09		79 182	14 530	E	NE	5102	27	F	69	4.50	1						0.34		
167 10	EDDABREEN	79 160	14 500						23.00	1	8.6	69	1250	890	300	760	2	2.90	

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN 6 WOOD- / WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N		LONG E		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR YR	ELEVATIONS M.A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		AC	AB										MAX	MED	MIN	EQL			
167 11	BINNEBREEN	79 152	14 595							2.90	1	4.7	69	1100	850	500	750	2	0.17
167 12		79 167	15 120	NE	E	5103	70	F	69	5.50	1								0.45
167 13		79 152	15 170							3.80	2								0.26
167 14		79 146	15 220							3.15	2								0.20
167 15		79 153	15 265							1.35	2								0.05
167 16	UGGBREEN	79 150	15 075	E	E	5202	27	F	69	4.45	2								0.33
167 17		79 140	15 010							9.60	1	7.3	69	1200	800	400	760	2	0.96
167 18		79 125	15 100							3.20	2								0.20
167 19		79 126	15 310							1.00	2								0.02
167 20		79 117	15 250							4.60	2								0.35
167 21	BELSHORNBREEN	79 130	15 010	NE	E	4153	70	F	69	40.60	1	12.1	69	1300	860	300	780	2	6.00
167 22		79 095	15 010							1.20	2								0.04
167 23	BUKKEBREEN	79 095	15 145	E	E	5102	27	F	69	10.80	1	8.8	69	1250	650	340	560	2	1.10
167 24	YGGBREEN	79 075	15 070	NE	E	5102	27	F	60	13.50	1	10.1	60	1150	600	100	550	2	1.50
167 25		79 067	15 200							1.55	2								0.06
167 26	ANGELBREEN	79 055	15 300	E	E	5102	27	F	60	7.10	1	7.1	60	880	590	150	530	2	0.64
167 27	SKRUKKEBREEN	79 043	15 225							2.45	2								0.13
167 28		79 030	15 205							1.25	2								0.04
167 29	LISBETBREEN	79 037	15 125	S	SE	5153	77	F	69	67.70	1	21.5	69	1250	630	130	560	2	11.00
167 30	UNIVERSITETSBR	78 587	15 240	SE	NE	5152	27	F	60	25.30	1	12.4	60	900	510	150	400	2	3.30
167 31	HODSBREEN	78 593	15 320							2.65	2								0.15
167 32		79 008	15 400							3.45	2								0.23
167 33																			

28 glaciers < 1 km² A = 12.20 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

8 AUSTFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC	AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
168 01		79	016	15	505					2.80	2					0.17				
168 02	ARBOBREEN	79	000	15	400					2.70	2					0.16				
168 03	HØEGDALSBREEN	78	587	15	400	NE	NE	5152	F	60	11.10	1	7.0	60	950	540	220	500	2	0.17
168 04	MANNBREEN	78	575	15	430	N	N	5303	F	60	5.40	1	4.0	60	950	660	250	470	2	1.20
168 05	PURPURBREEN	78	568	15	510					2.40	2					0.44				
168 06	KASTELLBREEN	78	573	15	560					1.00	2					0.13				
168 07		78	582	16	000					2.10	2					0.02				
168 08	SKRÅBREEN	78	575	16	000					1.70	2					0.10				
168 09	VASSKILBREEN,NOR	78	554	15	470					3.40	2					0.07				
168 10	VASSKILBREEN,SØR	78	545	15	405	N	NE	5302	F	60	6.30	1	5.5	60	850	350	150	300	2	0.22
168 11	DELBREEN	78	530	15	380					4.10	2					0.54	2			
168 12		78	527	15	475					2.00	2					0.30				
168 13		75	521	15	555					2.30	2					0.10				
168 14	GYLDENBREEN	78	519	15	575					3.85	2					0.12				
168 15	MANCHESTERBREEN	78	516	16	055	N	N	5123	F	60	19.00	1	5.8	60	750	400	220	370	2	0.27
168 16	SOUTHAMPTONBREEN	78	487	16	045					3.50	1					2.30				
168 17	CAMBRIDGEBREEN	78	486	16	095					23.20	1	7.7	60	800	510	100	320	2	0.23	
168 18	MITTAG-LEFFLERBRE	78	487	16	210	NW	NW	5102	F	66	1.80	2								
168 19	ESKOLABREEN	78	465	16	325					360.00	1	33.1	80	1250	760	0	520	2	90.00	
168 20	STUBENDORFFBREEN	78	480	16	550	NW	NW	4142	F	61	12.60	2	8.1	61	1200	890	150	Y580	2	1.40
168 21		78	548	16	430	SW	SW	4302	F	61	100.00	1	25.6	80	1300	820	0	600	2	18.00
168 22		79	000	16	500	SW	SW	5142	F	61	1.15	2							0.03	
168 23	SMUTSBREEN	79	002	16	305	W	W	5102	F	61	35.10	1	14.0	61	1300	740	100	600	2	5.00
168 24		79	024	16	370					1.15	2								0.03	
168 25		79	033	16	315															

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N E	LONG AC AB	ASPECT CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	A (km)	LEN. YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
168 26	SANDERBREEN	79 037	16 265	NW NW	5253	70	F 61	1.25 2	640 120	580	0.04
168 27	PAGETBREEN	79 052	16 310	NW NW	670	1	6.70	7.3	1000	640	0.59
168 28	TRYGGVEBREEN	79 057	16 145	W W	5152	27	F 61	1.85 2	33.30 1	820	0.08
168 29	PLANCKBREEN	79 070	16 360	W W	60	1	1.30	2	1300	720	4.70
168 30	REINBUKKBREEN	79 075	16 235	SW W	5102	27	F 60	5.20 2	60 4.6	1340	0.04
168 31	REINBUKKBREEN	79 084	16 230	SW W	60	1	3.20	2	800 250	Y620	0.41
168 32	REINBUKKBREEN	79 090	16 220	N NW	5103	70	F 61	10.50 1	6.6 60	1340	0.20
168 33	REINBUKKBREEN	79 103	16 275	N NW	61	1	3.25	2	890 220	Y630	1.10
168 34	REINBUKKBREEN	79 106	16 345	N W	4102	27	F 61	37.70 1	13.2 61	1700	0.21
168 35	REINBUKKBREEN	79 120	16 390	N W	61	1	3.25	3	210 550	Y640	5.50
168 36	REINBUKKBREEN	79 138	16 385	N W	3330	70	F 61	2.95 2	61 1250	1120	0.21
168 37	REINBUKKBREEN	79 140	16 300	N W					550 1100	2	0.18

19 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.15 km²

9 NY FRIESLAND W

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N E	LONG AC AB	ASPECT CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	A (km)	LEN. YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
169 01	COOKBREEN	79 155	16 370	W W	4302	27	F 61	32.20 1	14.0 61	1200	5.50
169 02	RINGHORNBBREEN	79 192	16 350	W W	4301	27	F 61	80.00 1	14.0 61	1200	ASF +
169 03	MUSPELLVIDDA SW	79 240	16 220	W W	0200	27	F 60	73.40 1	15.4 60	1050	ASF
169 04	MUSPELLVIDDA W	79 260	16 140	W W	0303	70	F 60	13.00 2	5.2 60	930	ASF *4
169 05	MUSPELLVIDDA NW	79 274	16 100	W W	4202	27	F 60	7.30 2	5.1 60	920	ASF *
169 06	SØRBREEN	79 280	16 200	NW NW	4302	22	F 61	106.00 1	21.2 80	1050	ASF
169 07	MIDTBREEN	79 320	16 200	W W	4342	22	F 61	83.00 1	20.6 80	1000	19.00
169 08	FENRISULVBREEN	79 350	16 110	W W	4303	70	F 61	33.50 2	16.5 60	940	ASF
169 09	NORDBREEN	79 380	16 100	NW NW	4342	22	F 60	86.00 1	22.0 80	930	4.70
169 10	ASGÅRDSSFONNA NW	79 450	16 200	NW NW	0304	70	F 60	103.00 1	20.0 60	850	ASF
									600 90	Y450	*3S

N 4 W1 SPITSBERGEN

6 WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT AC AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T YR	AREA (km ²)	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E									MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
169 11	TÅBREEN	79 475	16 300	N	N	4303	70	F	61	21.00	1	11.3	61	640	500	400	2	2.60	
169 12		79 173	16 240			79 363	16 015			1.35	2	3.90	3					0.05	
169 13		79 372	15 590			79 502	16 000			2.55	3	1.15	3					0.27	
169 14	KRONGLEISEN	79 483	16 200	W	W	2000	00	F	60	7.80	2	5.3	60	520	390	300	X400	2	0.03
169 15		79 490	16 295			79 535	16 280	NE	NE	1.30	3	1.30	3					0.14	
169 16	HEIFONNA	79 564	16 200	NE	NE	2000	00	F	61	18.20	2	3.0	61	380	250	90	X250	2	0.04
169 17		79 564	16 200	NE	NE	3300	00	F	60	18.00	2	2.6	60	370	320	90	X250	2	0.20
169 18	FLÄISEN																	2.20	
169 19																		2.20	

12 glaciers < 1 km² A= 2.85 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
161	RAUDFJORDEN	521	37	191	36.6	383	267	23
162	LIEFDEFJORDEN	900	23	538	59.7	578	370	105
163	BOCKFJORDEN	405	17	197	48.7	576	448	29
164	WOODFJORDEN S	1118	75	441	39.4	673	582	66
165	ANDREE LAND NW	278	27	52	18.8	537	398	3
166	ANDREE LAND NE	492	54	116	23.5	616	481	9
167	ANDREE LAND SE	925	61	291	31.5	724	630	34
168	AUSTFJORDEN	1360	56	728	53.5	767	546	137
169	NY FRIESLAND W	1598	31	696	43.5	768	536	113
16	WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN	7597	381	3250	42.8	680	500	519

1 NY FRIESLAND NE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL			
171 01	DUNÉRBREEN	79 470	16 490	N	N	4223	70	F	70	260.00	1	29.5	70	920	650	70	350	2	54.00
171 02	KLUFTBREEN	79 493	17 120	N	N	4200	20	F	66	14.80	2	7.0	66	520	350	190	X300	2	1.70
171 03		79 528	17 060	N	N	7700	00	F	71	8.00	2	2.5	71	450	350	90	X300	2	0.75
171 04	REINBOGBREEN	79 525	17 125	E	E	0340	42	F	66	310.00	1	3.75	3						3
171 05	VALHALLFONNA E	79 440	17 370	E	E	0340	42	F	66	310.00	1	17.5	80	850	350	0	X350	3	0.26
																		66.00	ASF *6M

7 glaciers < 1 km² A = 3.65 km²

2 LOMFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL			
172 01	RIMFAKSEBREEN	79 370	17 360	SE	SE	4323	77	F	66	35.50	1	11.3	66	840	550	50	430	2	5.10
172 02	GULLFAKSEBREEN	79 330	17 100	SE	E	4103	77	F	66	93.00	1	21.0	66	970	800	50	Y520	2	16.00
172 03	SKINFAKSEBREEN	79 290	17 050	E	E	4303	70	F	66	163.00	2	27.0	66	1100	900	100	Y600	2	31.00
172 04		79 286	17 300									1.45	4					0.05	
172 05	BIVRASTFONNA	79 260	17 140	SE	E	3302	27	F	66	30.60	1	3.5	66	750	700	200	X700	2	4.20
172 06	VETERANEN	79 100	17 190	NE	N	5103	70	F	66	300.00	1	44.0	80	1500	800	90	750	2	84.00
172 07	VASSBREEN	79 181	17 320	NE	N	5142	20	F	66	6.80	2	3.5	66	950	700	300	500	3	0.60
172 08	KANTBREEN	79 290	17 520	NW	NW	4340	70	F	66	153.00	1	21.0	66	1100	700	0	Y350	2	29.00
172 09	BALDERFONNA NW	79 247	18 190	N	N	0303	20	F	70	49.00	2	6.5	70	700	450	170	X450	2	7.50
172 10	BALDERFONNA N	79 276	18 335	N	NW	4122	70	J	70	8.50	1	4.2	71	450	350	100	300	2	0.82
172 11		79 280	18 410	N	NW	4303	70	J	70	5.35	1	4.0	71	420	350	80	300	2	0.43
172 12	TORSFONNA SW	79 288	18 120	SW	SW	0303	20	F	70	25.00	2	4.5	66	650	350	350	X550	2	3.30
172 13	FRØYABREEN	79 327	18 130	NW	NW	4302	27	F	70	23.20	2	8.0	70	650	450	30	300	2	3.00
172 14	ODINJØKULEN N	79 345	18 210	NE	NE	0302	27	F	70	46.60	2	6.0	70	650	400	0	X250	2	7.10
172 15	TOMMELBREEN	79 300	18 320	E	E	4242	20	F	70	63.00	1	9.0	80	650	250	0	X250	2	10.00

14 glaciers < 1 km² A = 4.60 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

7 SPITSBERGEN NE

3 OLAV V LAND NW

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL.	NOTE							
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR									(km ³)						
173 01	RELIKTBREEN	79	262	18	440	E	E	4342	27	F	70	19.00	1	7.0	80	450	370	0	220	2	2.30	BAF
173 02	SVEN LUDVIGBREEN	79	232	18	440	E	E	4342	22	F	70	46.30	2	10.5	80	630	440	0	200	2	7.00	BAF
173 03	HØDBREEN	79	215	18	450	E	E	4242	22	F	70	10.00	2	5.0	80	470	350	0	180	2	1.00	BAF
173 04		79	198	18	460																0.32	BAF
173 05	KOSTERBREEN	79	190	18	400	E	SE	4242	22	F	70	47.00	2	11.5	80	700	480	0	230	2	7.10	BAF S
173 06	BALDERFONNA E	79	175	18	400	SE	SE	0302	27	F	70	7.10	2	4.4	70	520	400	60	X400	2	0.64	BAF *
173 07	CHYDENIUSBREEN	79	120	18	000	NE	NE	4141	22	F	69	340.00	1	39.5	80	1500	850	0	480	2	74.00	URF
173 08	POLARISBREEN	79	115	18	270	NE	N	4141	22	F	69	125.00	1	21.0	80	1050	650	0	350	2	23.00	URF
173 09	LODERBREEN	79	121	18	465	E	E	5342	20	F	70	25.40	1	6.5	80	620	350	0	200	2	3.40	
173 10	HINOPENBREEN	79	000	19	000	E	N	4147	22	F	69	1250.00	1	68.5	80	1600	700	0	390	2	330.00	OIF S

2 glaciers < 1 km² A = 0.70 km²

4 OLAV V LAND NE

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL.	NOTE							
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR									(km ³)						
174 01	VAIGATTBREEN	79	070	19	300	NE	NE	4341	20	I	70	74.00	1	10.8	80	630	280	0	X200	2	12.00	OIF
174 02		79	028	19	390	E	NE	4342	22	I	70	73.00	1	12.0	80	630	350	0	Y200	2	12.00	OIF 2S
174 03	ROONBREEN	79	005	19	240	NE	E	4341	42	I	70	37.00	2	7.5	80	550	350	0	Y180	2	5.30	OIF
174 04	MOLTKEBREEN	78	570	19	520	E	NE	4342	20	F	70	60.50	1	10.0	80	550	250	0	X210	2	9.70	OIF
174 05		78	580	20	130	E	NE	3342	20	J	70	14.90	1	3.0	80	380	230	0	200	2	1.70	³
174 06	HOCHSTATTERBREEN	78	530	20	120	NE	NE	4342	42	F	69	580.00	1	37.5	80	620	350	0	X300	2	140.00	OIF S
174 07		78	500	20	570	N	NE	4342	42	I	70	68.00	1	10.7	80	600	260	0	X250	2	11.00	OIF
174 08	KORISTKABREEN	78	490	21	140	NE	NE	4341	20	I	70	50.00	1	13.0	80	550	300	0	Y200	2	7.70	OIF
174 09	HANNBREEN	78	454	21	180	E	E	4341	20	I	70	41.00	1	12.8	80	550	320	0	250	2	6.10	OIF
174 10		78	431	21	150															0.18	OIF	
174 11		79	040	20	290	W	S	3303	77	F	70	43.20	1	4.0	70	500	350	100	X300	2	6.40	³

6 glaciers < 1 km² A = 1.35 km²

N 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

7 SPITSBERGEN NE

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
171	NY FRIESLAND NE	826	12	600	72.7	483	348	123
172	LOMFJORDEN	1558	29	1009	64.7	698	538	203
173	OLAV V LAND NW	2183	12	1875	85.9	701	390	444
174	OLAV V LAND NE	1277	17	1046	81.9	329	265	209
17	SPITSBERGEN NE	5844	70	4530	77.5	586	389	979

TOTAL 4W1 SPITSBERGEN

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
11	SPITSBERGEN SE	4319	114	3079	71.3	359	314	571
12	SPITSBERGEN S	3242	96	2207	68.1	306	260	422
13	BELLSUND	5416	330	2582	47.7	461	388	430
14	ISFJORDEN	7309	400	2894	39.6	543	420	445
15	SPITSBERGEN NW	5443	228	3263	59.9	478	423	533
16	WOOD-/ WIJDEFJORDEN	7597	381	3250	42.8	680	500	519
17	SPITSBERGEN NE	5844	70	4530	77.5	586	389	979
1	SPITSBERGEN	39170	1619	21805	55.0	501	389	3899

N 4 W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

1 NORDAUSTLANDET S

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO		AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR		MAX	MED				MAX	MED	MIN					
211 01	STORØYJØKULEN	80	005	28	050	E	E	3344	00	F	77	29.10	1	3.2	77	240	140	0	X100	1	4.00
211 02	WORSLEYBREEN	80	000	26	502	E	E	4340	20	F	77	101.14	1	16.3	77	500	280	0	X300	3	18.00
211 03		79	553	26	453	E	E	4340	20	F	77	71.00	1	15.2	77	500	330	0	X300	3	12.00
211 04		79	534	26	343	SE	E	4340	20	F	77	248.55	1	23.0	77	600	330	0	X300	3	51.00
211 05		79	491	26	204	SE	SE	4340	20	F	77	176.74	1	22.0	77	600	375	0	X300	3	35.00
211 06		79	452	25	344	SE	SE	4340	00	N	80	670.73	1	33.0	740	490	0			160.00	
211 07		79	362	25	180	SE	SE	4340	00	N	80	242.93	1	25.0	80	650	380	0	X400	3	50.00
211 08		79	335	24	325	S	SE	4340	00	N	80	1271.14	1	60.0	80	770	440	0	X400	3	330.00
211 09		79	223	24	282	S	S	0340	00	N	80	232.80	1	18.5	80	410	250	0	X400	3	48.00
211 10	BRÅSVELLBREEN	79	252	23	350	S	S	4341	10	N	80	1111.39	1	45.0	80	670	325	0	X350	3	280.00
211 11		79	324	22	125	S	S	0203	10	F	70	352.35	1	12.5	80	630	380	0	X400	3	77.00
211 12	ROSENTHALBREEN	79	252	21	234	SE	SE	4303	10	F	69	95.85	1	11.0	80	470	330	0	X350	2	17.00
211 13	MARIEBREEN	79	254	21	564	SW	W	4342	10	F	69	81.38	1	9.5	80	470	330	0	X350	2	14.00
211 14	GLITNEFONNA SW	79	291	20	101	SE	SE	4303	00	F	69	93.60	1	8.0	80	450	320	0	X300	2	16.00

16 glaciers < 1 km² A= 4.15 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION . MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
		km ²		km ²	%	MASL	MASL	
211		5194	30	4785	92.1	365	365	1120
21	NORDAUSTLANDET SE	5194	30	4785	92.1	365	365	1120

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

2 NORDAUSTLANDET W

1 PALANDERBUKTA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N	LONG E	ASPECT AC	AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km^2)	LEN. A (km)	YR	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	VOL. (km^3)	NOTE			
221 01	GLITNEFONNA NE	79 325	20 154	N	N	4340	00	F	69	79.65	1	5.6	80	450	300	0	X250	2	13.00	GLF 3S
221 02	PALANDERBREEN	79 301	20 560	NW	N	4307	10	F	69	60.30	1	9.5	80	470	320	0	X300	2	9.60	VGF 2S
221 03	ERICABREEN	79 301	21 152	N	N	4302	10	F	69	54.08	1	8.5	80	470	320	0	X300	2	8.50	VGF
221 04		79 352	21 222	SW	SW	0203	10	F	70	169.65	1	12.0	80	570	350	0	X400	3	33.00	AUF *5
221 05	U / ZEIPELFJ E	79 379	20 410							1.20	3						0.04			

3 glaciers < 1 km^2 A = 1.90 km^2

2 WAHLENBERGFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N	LONG E	ASPECT AC	AB	CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA (km^2)	LEN. A (km)	YR	MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A	VOL. (km^3)	NOTE			
222 01		79 393	21 204	N	N	0303	20	F	69	65.70	1	8.0	80	500	300	0	X300	2	11.00	AUF *4
222 02		79 376	21 501	NW	NW	4341	22	F	70	142.88	1	14.5	80	560	325	0	X350	3	27.00	AUF
222 03	ETONBREEN	79 395	22 376	W	W	4341	22	F	70	664.20	1	42.0	80	680	420	0	X350	3	160.00	AUF 2S
222 04	WINSNESBREEN	79 483	22 583	W	W	0301	22	F	70	300.15	1	33.0	80	770	570	150	X350	3	64.00	AUF *2
222 05		79 523	21 516	S	S	0300	20	F	77	55.60	1	10.0	80	525	420	190	X450	2	8.80	VEF *2
222 06	BODLEYBREEN	79 525	21 303	S	S	4347	20	F	77	92.00	1	15.5	80	610	360	0	X450	2	16.00	VEF S
222 07	ELTONBREEN	79 524	21 102	S	S	0300	20	F	77	82.70	1	16.8	80	620	420	180	X450	2	14.00	VEF *2
222 08	ALDOUSBREEN	79 530	20 531	S	S	4342	22	F	77	126.00	1	21.0	80	620	375	0	X400	2	23.00	VEF
222 09	FRAZERBREEN	79 526	20 293	S	S	4342	22	F	77	220.90	1	22.5	80	620	330	0	X350	2	45.00	VEF
222 10	IDUNBREEN	79 515	19 482	S	S	4342	22	F	77	323.20	1	25.4	80	610	360	0	X300	2	70.00	VEF 2
222 11	BRAGEBREEN	79 491	19 141	S	S	4342	22	F	77	106.70	1	14.5	80	450	310	0	X300	2	19.00	
222 12	GIMLEBREEN	79 472	18 514	S	S	4342	25	F	77	70.80	1	10.5	80	350	170	0	X250	2	12.00	VEF 2
222 13	U / IDUNFJ S	79 453	20 020							1.20	3						0.04			

11 glaciers < 1 km^2 A = 5.65 km^2

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

2 NORDAUSTLANDET W

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
221	PALANDERBUKTA	493	8	367	74.4	331	336	65
222	WHALENBERGFJORDEN	2500	24	2258	90.3	395	349	468
22	NORDAUSTLANDET W	2993	32	2625	87.7	386	347	533

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

3 NORDAUSTLANDET NW

1 MURCHISONFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A				
231 01		79	514	18	473	W	W	0303	10	F	70	30.70	1	8.5	80	410	275	140	X350	2	4.20	VEF *
231 02		79	552	19	141	W	W	0300	00	F	70	78.45	1	7.5	70	510	370	150	X230	1	13.00	VEF *
231 03	FORSIUSBREEN	79	503	18	273							7.15	2								0.64	
231 04	BACKABREEN	79	531	18	432							6.55	2								0.57	
231 05	U/BACKABREEN W	79	520	18	330							4.50	3								0.34	
231 06	U/CELSIUSBGT E	80	003	18	560							1.50	3								0.06	

23 glaciers < 1 km² A= 5.00 km²

2 LADY FRANKLINFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	A				
232 01	DE GEER FONNA	80	006	19	120	S	SE	3300	00	F	70	5.75	1	4.6	70	350	250	180	X250	1	0.48	2
232 02		79	594	19	441	W	W	0303	10	F	70	133.50	1	14.5	80	620	425	100	X350	2	25.00	VEF *
232 03	S FRANKLINBREEN	80	023	20	195	W	W	4342	27	F	70	284.00	1	34.0	80	610	450	0	300	2	60.00	VEF S
232 04	N FRANKLINBREEN	80	071	20	014	W	W	4342	27	F	70	148.50	1	22.5	80	510	380	0	300	2	28.00	VEF 2
232 05	U/DONCKERFJ W	80	023	19	170							2.40	3							0.13		

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

3 NORDAUSTLANDET NW

3 BRENNEVINSFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN			
233 01		80 113	20 011	W	W	0303	40	F	70	34.60	1	9.0	69	520	440	230	X450	2	4.90
233 02		80 163	20 051	N	N	0303	40	F	70	13.20	1	3.0	69	460	290	190	X450	2	1.50
233 03	U/FRANKLINFJ E	80 040	19 150							3.90	3							0.27	
233 04	SNØTOPPBREEN	80 248	19 330							4.00	3							0.28	

24 glaciers < 1 km² A= 6.15 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC		ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
							GLACIER COVER %	EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	
231	MURCHISONFJORDEN	581	29	134	23.0	347		264	19
232	LADY FRANKLINFJORDEN	970	50	584	60.2	425		311	114
233	BRENNEVINSFJORDEN	285	28	62	21.7	407		450	7
23	NORDAUSTLANDET NW	1836	107	780	42.5	412		313	140

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

4 NORDAUSTLANDET N

1 LAPONIAHALVØYA E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)		
241 01	LINDHAGENBREEN	80 134	20 085	NW	NE	0303	40	F	70	38.90	1	12.0	69	600	350	90	X450	2	5.70 VEF *2
241 02		80 130	20 272	N	N	0303	40	F	70	38.10	1	9.0	69	600	450	240	X450	2	5.50 VEF *
241 03	SABINEBREEN	80 102	20 374	NE	NE	4343	70	F	69	52.90	1	10.0	80	570	350	0	350	2	8.30 VEF
241 04	MAUDBREEN	80 071	21 022	NE	N	4323	70	F	69	142.35	1	17.0	69	570	350	50	350	2	27.00 VEF 2
241 05	VÅGSBREEN	80 282	19 440							1.10	3							0.03	
241 06	U/LAPONIAFJ N	80 276	19 470							1.60	3							0.07	
241 07	U/LAPONIAFJ S	80 259	19 470							2.50	3							0.14	
241 08	U/KJETTA W	80 244	19 540							4.90	3							0.38	
241 09	MIKKEL REVBREEN	80 225	20 070							3.20	3							0.20	
241 10	U/RAVEDALEN S	80 200	20 190							2.50	3							0.14	

4 glaciers < 1 km² A= 1.60 km²

2 RIJPFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT	CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE		
		N	E	AC	AB								T	YR	(km ²)	A	(km)		
242 01	RIJPPBREEN	80 035	21 130	NE	E	4340	40	F	70	231.50	1	20.5	80	620	425	0	400	2	47.00 VEF 2S
242 02		80 011	21 524	E	E	0303	10	F	70	151.20	1	13.0	80	610	450	140	X450	2	29.00 VEF *
242 03		79 545	23 061	NW	NW	0303	10	F	77	94.95	1	10.0	77	700	550	220	X450	3	17.00 AUF *
242 04	AHLMANNFONNA W	80 070	22 390	W	W	3300	22	F	69	15.00	1	4.3	69	430	340	30	X320	2	1.70
242 05	U/NORDENSK VA E	80 228	22 290	S	S	3300	00	F	69	7.00	3	3.0	69	420	280	100	X270	2	0.62 2
242 06	U/COXFJELLLET E	80 212	22 500							2.00	3							0.10	
242 07	U/FLYSJØEN NE	79 520	22 300							2.30	3							0.12	

8 glaciers < 1 km² A= 2.50 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
241	LAPONIAHALVØYA E	643	14	290	45.0	365	378	47
242	RJØPFJORDEN	1316	15	506	38.5	452	420	96
24	NORDAUSTLANDET N	1959	29	796	40.6	421	405	143

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

5 NORDAUSTLANDET NE

1 DUVEFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL						
251 01	U /PLATENHØYA N	80	253	23	100	SE	E	2203	70	F	69	11.20	1	2.5	69	400	330	10	280	2	1.20	3
251 02	U /COXFIELLET E	80	212	22	500							2.30	3								0.12	
251 03	U /WRIGHTPPN NW	80	173	23	030	E	E	7700	01	F	69	6.30	1	1.5	69	200	170	150	X180	1	0.54	
251 04	AHLMANNFONNA E	80	070	22	390	W	W	3300	22	F	69	15.00	1	4.3	69	430	340	30	X320	2	1.70	
251 05	DUVEBREEN	79	575	23	192	N	N	4303	10	F	77	373.70	1	30.0	77	770	600	0	X450	3	82.00	AUF
251 06		80	001	24	171	N	NW	4303	10	F	77	334.00	1	40.0	77	760	550	0	X450	3	72.00	AUF

2 glaciers < 1 km² A= 1.10 km²

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE					
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL						
252 01	SCHWEIGAARDBREEN	80	024	24	471	N	N	4343	10	F	77	473.30	1	45.0	77	740	500	0	X350	3	110.00	AUF 2
252 02	NILSENBREEN	80	024	25	111	N	N	4343	10	F	77	263.60	1	43.0	77	690	500	0	X350	3	55.00	AUF
252 03	SEXEBOREEN	80	063	25	345	N	N	0343	10	F	77	79.80	2	15.0	77	520	350	80	X350	3	14.00	AUF *2
252 04	LEIGHBREEN	80	014	26	012	NE	NE	4340	10	F	77	715.40	1	47.0	77	680	440	0	X250	3	170.00	AUF

0 glaciers < 1 km²

N 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET 5 NORDAUSTLANDET NE

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
251	DUVEFJORDEN	1215	8	744	61.2	565	442	158
252		1800	4	1532	85.1	465	303	350
25	NORDAUSTLANDET NE	3015	12	2276	75.5	498	348	508

TOTAL 4W2 NORDAUSTLANDET

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
21	NORDAUSTLANDET SE	5194	30	4785	92.1	365	365	1120
22	NORDAUSTLANDET W	2993	32	2625	87.7	386	347	533
23	NORDAUSTLANDET NW	1836	107	780	42.5	412	313	140
24	NORDAUSTLANDET N	1959	29	796	40.6	421	405	143
25	NORDAUSTLANDET NE	3015	12	2276	75.5	498	348	508
2	NORDAUSTLANDET	14997	214	11262	75.0	406	356	2444

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE

1 EDGEØYA

1 TJUVFJORDEN

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN			
311 01	KVITKÅPA SW	77	232	22	522	W	W	4202	27	J	71	13.70	1	4.5	80	510	350	2	1.50 KVVK 3S
311 02		77	232	22	554	W	W	4202	27	J	71	10.50	1	4.0	71	410	330	70	X300 2
311 03		77	271	22	545	W	SW	4202	27	J	71	7.90	1	4.4	71	470	330	100	X300 2
311 04		77	282	23	043	NE	N	4202	27	J	71	11.80	1	6.0	71	470	225	50	X300 2
311 05	DELATABREEN	77	303	23	132	W	W	4301	27	J	71	13.35	1	6.2	80	360	300	40	300 2
311 06		77	354	23	193	W	W	4201	27	J	71	186.70	1	17.6	80	420	210	0	300 2
311 07		77	381	23	052							3.60	2					0.24	
311 08		77	385	23	023							2.85	2					0.17	
311 09	GANDBREEN S	77	421	23	060	NW	W	4002		J	71	7.40	1	5.5	71	520	350	50	250 2
311 10	GANDBREEN N	77	433	23	050	W	W	4320	77	J	71	39.15	1	12.5	71	460	250	25	250 2
311 11	SEIDBREEN	77	450	23	020	W	W	4320	77	J	71	45.55	1	10.0	71	510	240	25	250 2
311 12		77	492	22	544	W	SW	4322	27	J	71	49.45	1	13.0	71	510	310	40	300 2
311 13		77	495	22	491	W	W	4300		J	71	6.45	1	4.5	71	370	290	90	300 2
311 14		77	515	22	473	W	SW	4303	27	J	71	25.15	1	7.5	71	400	270	50	300 2
311 15		77	521	22	335	E	S	4302	00	J	71	7.00	1	4.0	71	350	250	100	X400 2
311 16		77	513	22	225	SE	SE	4202		J	71	33.40	1	8.5	71	530	360	70	X400 2
311 17		77	494	22	151	S	S	4102		J	71	7.65	1	5.0	430	330	100		0.70 STS
311 18		77	441	22	121							1.10	3					0.03	
311 19	VEIDEBREEN	77	423	22	084	NE	SE	4302	27	J	71	26.70	1	7.5	71	560	360	100	400 2
311 20		77	400	22	072	E	E	4302	27	J	71	47.15	1	14.5	71	560	330	40	400 2

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE 1 EDGEØYA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
311 21		77	383	22	120	E	E	4302	27	J	71	1.05	3	7.0	71	560	340	80	380	2	0.03	DGF
311 22	SKARVBREEN	77	364	22	073	S	SW	4302	27	J	71	21.75	1	7.0	71	560	340	80	380	2	2.80	DGF
311 23		77	350	22	053	S	S	4302	27	J	71	2.00	2								0.10	DGF
311 24		77	344	22	011	S	S	4302	27	J	71	7.65	1	5.5	71	510	290	120	350	2	0.70	DGF
311 25	KUHRBREEN	77	370	21	510	S	S	4302	27	J	71	94.60	1	17.5	71	560	320	10	350	2	17.00	DGF
311 26		77	345	21	383	S	S	77	340	21	373	3.50	2								0.23	KVF
311 27		77	325	21	260	SE	SE	4301	27	J	71	28.60	1	7.2	71	570	320	20	300	2	0.19	KVF
311 28	SKRENTBREEN	77	313	21	265	S	S	77	305	21	261	2.35	2								3.90	KVF
311 29		77	311	21	217	SW	SW	4302	20	J	71	1.20	2								0.12	KVF
311 30		77	320	21	160	S	S	4302	20	J	71	4.05	2	3.0	71	470	380	150	Y350	2	0.04	KVF
311 31		77	311	21	160	S	S	77	311	21	160	7.00	1	5.0	71	460	370	120	Y350	2	0.29	KVF
311 32																				0.62	KVF	

13 glaciers < 1 km² A = 4.0 km²

2 EDGEØYA W

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.				NOTE				
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL					
312 01		77	314	21	100	SW	SW	4302	20	J	71	4.25	2	4.5	71	470	400	150	Y350	1	0.31	KVF
312 02		77	330	21	103	NW	NW	4302	20	J	71	2.85	2	4.0	71	470	390	90	Y350		0.17	KVF
312 03		77	341	21	182	W	W	4302	27	J	71	14.10	1	4.5	71	520	350	70	350	2	1.60	KVF 2
312 04		77	351	21	314	N	N	4202	27	J	71	13.90	1	4.0	71	570	320	100	300	2	1.60	KVF 2
312 05		77	362	21	360	N	N	77	381	21	394	1.05	2							0.03	DGF	
312 06		77	393	21	384	W	W	4302		J	71	12.20	1	5.0	71	550	450	100	350	2	1.30	DGF 2
312 07		77	391	21	294	NW	NW	4303	70	J	71	2.15	2							0.11	DGF	
312 08		77	404	21	392	NW	NW	4303	70	J	71	1.20	2							0.04	DGF	
312 09		77	414	21	453	NW	NW	4303	70	J	71	7.80	1	4.4	71	560	450	150	400	2	0.73	DGF 2
312 10	SCHWERDTBREEN											13.50	1	5.8	71	570	450	140	400	2	1.50	DGF

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE

1 EDGEØYA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	A	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE			
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR								MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
312 11	PHILIPPIBREEN	77	424	21	542	NW	NW	4302	27	J	71	19.85	1	6.7	71	560	420	100	430	2	2.50	DGF
312 12		77	435	22	012	N	N	4302	27	J	71	9.30	1	3.5	71	470	350	200	430	2	0.92	DGF
312 13		77	443	22	084							2.25	2								0.12	DGF
312 14		77	494	22	084	SW	SW	4202	77	J	71	31.20	1	7.7	71	560	460	150	X400	2	4.30	STS 2
312 15		77	525	22	104	SW	SW	4302	77	J	71	13.40	1	5.8	71	570	520	100	X400	2	1.50	STS 3
312 16		77	560	22	005	SW	SW	4302	77	J	71	4.55	2	5.0	71	510	490	150	X400	2	0.34	STS
312 17		77	575	21	555	SW	SW	4302		J	71											
312 18		77	575	21	520							1.00	3									
312 19		77	584	22	035	NE	NE	4302		J	71	8.70	1	4.3	71	510	400	100	X400	2	0.02	STS
312 20	RAUNDALSFONNA S	78	032	22	162	S	S	4302		J	71	2.40	2	2.1	71	450	370	150	X350	1	0.84	STS
312 21		78	024	22	102							1.10	3									
312 22	BLÄISEN E	78	025	21	540	E	E	4302		J	71	6.80	1	4.0	71	470	420	200	X400	1	0.60	BLI 2
312 23	BLÄISEN S	78	013	21	476	SW	W	4302		J	71	9.30	1	4.0	71	470	360	100	X400	1	0.92	BLI
312 24		78	032	21	446							2.60	2									
312 25		78	062	21	400	S	S	4302		J	71	10.00	1	2.5	71	460	370	200	X370	1	1.00	KVL
312 26	KVITISEN E	78	045	21	343	NE	NE	4202		J	71	15.30	1	3.3	71	510	400	200	X400	1	1.80	KVL
312 27	KVITISEN SE	78	025	21	350	E	E	4302		J	71	5.40	1	4.5	71	570	420	100	X400	1	0.44	KVL S
312 28	KVITISEN S	78	020	21	323	S	S	4302		J	71	4.60	2	4.2	71	590	520	200	X400	1	0.35	KVL
312 29		78	005	21	223							1.20	3									
312 30		78	014	21	200							2.00	2									
312 31	KVITISEN W	78	035	21	292	W	W	4302		J	71	17.70	1	5.4	71	560	340	150	X400	1	0.10	KVL
312 32		78	042	21	153							1.50	2									
312 33		78	052	21	213	NW	NW	4302		J	71	2.90	2									
312 34		78	063	21	310							7.90	1	2.1	71	420	320	150	X400	1	0.17	KVL 3
																				0.73	KVL 3	

80 glaciers < 1 km² A = 19.80 km²

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE

1 EDGEØYA

3 EDGEØYA E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km ²)	A	(km)			
313 01		78 073	21 361	NW	NW	4302	27	J	71	3.75	2	3.6	71	420	340	100	X370	1	0.26 KVL
313 02		78 081	21 412	NW	NW	4202	27	J	71	14.00	1	5.1	71	460	330	100	X370	1	1.60 KVL 2
313 03	LANGJØKULEN N	78 095	21 472	N	NE	4302	27	J	71	6.40	1	3.0	71	390	350	100	X370	1	0.55 KVL 2
313 04		78 080	21 473	E	E	4302	27	J	71	11.45	1	3.0	71	460	390	100	X370	1	1.20 KVL 3
313 05	BLÅISEN N	78 035	21 521	N	N	4302	27	J	71	6.75	1	3.1	71	460	390	200	X400	1	0.59 BLI 2
313 06	BERGFONNA S	78 053	21 570	SW	SW	4302	27	J	71	8.60	1	3.5	71	450	350	100	X350	1	0.83 BEF 2S
313 07	BERGFONNA W	78 073	22 012	W	W	4322	27	J	71	7.10	1	3.4	71	420	310	80	X350	1	0.64 BEF 3
313 08	BERGFONNA E	78 071	22 050	E	E	4302	27	J	71	7.95	1	2.5	71	455	360	150	X350	1	0.74 BEF 4
313 09	RAUNDALSFONNA N	78 041	22 172	N	N	4302	27	J	71	6.55	1	3.5	71	450	370	150	X350	1	0.57 3
313 10	RAUNDALSFJELLA	78 030	22 212							5.37	1						0.43		
313 11		77 571	22 074	E	E	4302	77	J	71	19.10	1	5.5	71	560	420	180	X400	2	2.30 STS
313 12	MARSJØBREEN	77 553	22 155	NW	NW	4305	77	J	71	36.65	1	8.7		550	400	150	X400	2	5.30 STS S
313 13		77 545	22 251	NE	NE	4302	77	J	71	8.65	1	4.0	71	500	400	150	X400	2	0.83 STS
313 14		77 533	22 273	E	E	4302	77	J	71	18.30	1	8.0	71	530	410	150	X400	2	2.20 STS
313 15		77 532	22 490	NW	NW	4303	27	J	71	10.15	1	2.2	71	360	250	120	300	2	1.00 EOJ 2
313 16		77 550	22 513							1.60	2								0.07
313 17	ALBRECHTBREEN	77 541	23 063	N	N	4220	27	J	71	87.05	1	11.7	71	460	260	25	300	2	15.00 EOJ 2
313 18	STONEBREEN	77 482	23 403	E	E	4312	20	J	71	711.75	1	33.5	80	510	250	0	X250	2	170.00 EOJ S
313 19	KONG JOHANS BRE	77 374	23 464	E	E	4312	20	J	71	106.80	1	16.0	80	460	180	0	200	2	19.00 EOJ S
313 20		77 375	23 443	E	E	4300	22	J	71	10.55	1	6.0	71	420	280	0	250	2	1.10 EOJ 2
313 21		77 325	23 354	SE	SE	4301	22	J	71	26.00	1	4.0	71	420	360	40	250	2	3.50 EOJ 3
313 22	PETTERSEN BREEN	77 293	23 244	SE	SE	4303	22	J	71	29.20	1	7.0	71	410	200	0	250	2	4.00 EOJ S
313 23		77 280	23 204	SW	SW	4301	22	J	71	9.50	1	2.7	71	410	350	100	250	2	0.94 EOJ S

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE 1 EDGEØYA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO	AREA (km ²)	LEN. (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
313 24		77 263	23 194							1.00	3					0.02		
313 25		77 281	23 095	N	N	4302	27	J	71	4.80	2	2.8	71	330	250	X300	2	
313 26		77 271	23 050	NE	E	4302	27	J	71	3.80	2	1.9	71	460	330	X300	2	
313 27		77 262	23 030							1.60	2					0.37	KVK	
313 28		77 252	23 011	NE	NE	4302	27	J	71	3.10	2	2.1	71	430	340	X300	2	
313 29		77 235	22 573	E	E	4302	27	J	71	6.00	1	1.8	71	410	280	X300	2	
313 30	HARTMANNBREEN	77 215	22 572	SE	SE	4302	27	J	71	11.35	1	4.6	71	500	330	300	2	
313 31		77 213	22 513	S	S	4302	27	J	71	6.45	1	1.5	71	470	400	100	X400	2
																0.56	KVK 2	

16 glaciers < 1 km² A = 4.65 km²

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
		km ²		km ²	%	MASL	MASL	
311	TJUVFJORDEN	1471	45	723	49.2	283	321	111
312	EDGEØYA W	1286	114	275	21.4	410	389	27
313	EDGEØYA E	2403	47	1196	49.8	267	269	238
31	EDGEØYA	5160	206	2194	42.5	288	299	376

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE

2 BARENTSØYA

1 BARENTSØYA S

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							MAX	MED	MIN	EQL		
321 01	FREEMANBREEN	78 200	21 430	SE	S	4341	22	F	70	96.00	1	19.0	80	640	300	0	300	17.00	BAJ S
321 02	DUCKWITZBREEN	78 220	21 050	SW	SW	4341	22	F	70	98.10	1	19.6	80	660	420	0	360	17.00	BAJ S
321 03	SOLVEIGDOMEN S	78 260	21 175	SW	SW			F	70	5.35	1	2.0		660	580	440		0.43	BAJ
321 04	SOLVEIGDOMEN N	78 270	20 584	W	W	0300		F	70	18.70	1	4.5	70	650	400	80	330	1	2.30
321 05	U/ SKRINNDALEN	78 266	20 460							1.55	2							0.06	BAJ *2
321 06	U/ SJODALEN SE	78 276	21 490							1.00	3							0.02	

101 glaciers < 1 km² A= 18.90 km²

2 BARENTSØYA E

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO	AREA	LEN.	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL.	NOTE	
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR							(km ²)	A	(km)			
322 01	BESSELSBREEN	78 285	21 054	NW	NW	0300		F	70	22.95	1	6.0	70	490	380	80	330	1	2.90
322 02	AUGNEBREEN	78 291	21 271	N	N	4241	22	F	70	146.80	1	22.5	80	630	330	0	230	1	28.00
322 03	HANDBREEN	78 305	21 470	N	N	4	44	F	70	90.60	1	14.0		600	320	25	200	1	16.00
322 04	WILLYBREEN	78 290	21 590							4.15	2							0.30	BAJ
322 05	ISORMEN	78 277	22 000	NE	NE	4212	70	F	70	11.40	1	6.0	70	500	250	0	300	1	1.20
322 06	REYMONDBREEN	78 265	22 015	SE	E	4103	27	F	70	33.00	1	9.0	80	600	270	20	270		0.09
322 07	HÜBNERBREEN	78 244	21 570	SE	E					53.20	1	15.0	80	640	320	20	270		4.60
322 08	VESLEMJØSA N	78 324	21 175							1.05	3							0.03	BAJ S
322 09	U /VESLEMJØSA N																		

23 glaciers < 1 km² A= 5.10 km²

N 4W3 SVALBARD SE

2 BARENTSØYA

SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
321	BARENTSØYA S	703	107	240	34.1	365	330	37
322	BARENTSØYA E	595	32	370	62.2	322	241	61
32	BARENTSØYA	1298	139	610	47.0	338	274	98

TOTAL 4W3 SVALBARD SE

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA <i>km</i> ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA <i>km</i> ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME <i>km</i> ³
31	EDGEØYA	5160	206	2194	42.5	288	299	376
32	BARENTSØYA	1298	139	610	47.0	338	274	98
3	SVALBARD SE	6458	345	2804	43.0	299	294	474

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT		LONG		ASPECT		CLASS MOR	PHOTO T	AREA km ²	LEN. A (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
		N	E	AC	AB	T	YR					MAX	MED	MIN	EQL	
411 01	RUNDISEN	78 537	29 101							2.80	1				0.17	
411 02	U/TORDENS BGT E	78 526	28 155							2.40	1				0.13	
411 03	U/TORDENS BGT W	78 524	28 095							1.60	2				0.07	
411 04	U/FLATHØGDA E	78 427	26 435							1.20	1				0.04	
411 05	U/FLATHØGDA W	78 424	26 350							3.00	1				0.18	

45 glaciers < 1 km² A= 10.60 km²SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE		ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
							CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³	
411	KONG KARLS LAND	345	50	22	6.4	*	*	*	1

TOTAL 4W4 SVALBARD E

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE		ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
							CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³	
41	KONG KARLS LAND	345	50	22	6.4	0	0	1	
4	SVALBARD E	345	50	22	6.4	0	0	1	

1 KVITØYA

IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N	LONG E	ASPECT AC	CLASS AB	MOR	PHOTO T	AREA km ²	LEN. A (km)	YR	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.	VOL. (km ³)	NOTE
511 01	KVITØYJØKULEN	80 110	32 200	SE	NW	3340 00	F 77	705.00	1 13.0	76	370 200	0 X100 2	1170.00

TOTAL 4W5 SVALBARD NE

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
51	KVITØYA	710	1	705	99	200	100	170
5	SVALBARD NE	710	1	705	99	200	100	170

TOTAL 4W SVALBARD

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km ²	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km ²	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL	ESTIMATED GLACIER VOLUME km ³
4W1	SPITSBERGEN	39170	1619	21805	55	501	389	3899
4W2	NORDAUSTLANDET	14997	214	11262	75	406	356	2444
4W3	SVALBARD SE	6458	345	2804	43	299	294	474
4W4	SVALBARD E	345	50	22	64		1	
4W5	SVALBARD NE	710	1	705	99	200	100	170
4W	SVALBARD	61680	2229	36598	59.0	450	366	6988

Alphabetical list of glaciers in Svalbard

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE GLACIERS OF SVALBARD (N 4W)

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
ABRAHAMSENBREEN		164 17	ANKERBREEN		153 18
ADAMBREEN		157 15	ANNABREEN	SM GLAC	158
ADOLFBREEN		163 07	ANNA MARGRETHEBREEN		115 06
AGNORBREN	PART OF	154 01	ANNA SOFIEBREEN		153 07
AHLMANNFONNA E		251 04	ANNE-MARIEBREEN		167 03
AHLMANNFONNA W		242 04	ANTONIABREEN		131 17
AKADEMIKERBREEN	PART OF	111 05	APEBREEN		161 17
AKKARBREEN	PART OF	124 12	ARBOBREEN		168 03
AKTIVBREEN	PART OF	168 20	ARCHIBALD GEIKIEBREEN		151 01
ALBERTBREEN		162 04	ARCTOWSKIBREEN	PART OF	143 04
ALBRECHTBREEN		313 17	ARDENNEBREEN		162 11
ALDEGONDABREEN		141 08	AREBREEN		136 18
ALDOUBSBREEN		222 08	ARIEBREEN	SM GLAC	124
ALEXANDERBREEN	PART OF	173 10	ARKFJELLBREEN	PART OF	123 05
ALEKSEISOKKET	PART OF	173 10	ARLABREEN		161 19
ALFREDBREEN		151 06	ARKBREEN	PART OF	162 11
ALKEBREEN		157 19	ARNELIUSBREEN		161 03
ALKHORNBREEN	SM GLAC	149	ARNESENBREEN		114 07
ALPEBREEN	PART OF	156 11	ARNICABREEN		142 19
ALTBREEN		142 25	ARTHURBREEN		154 08
AMUNDSENSEN C	PART OF	125 03	ASPELINBREEN	SM GLAC	134
AMUNDSENSEN N	PART OF	125 05	ATGERBREEN	PART OF	157 09
AMUNDSENSEN S	PART OF	124 18	AUCELLAISEN, NORDRE	PART OF	124 17
ANDREASBREEN		153 21	AUCELLAISEN, SØRE		322 03
ANDRÉEBREEN		157 05	AUGNEBREEN	PART OF	162 07
ANDRINEBREEN		161 14	AUGUSTBREEN	SM GLAC	152
ANGELBREEN		114 03	AULBREEN		137 06
ANGELIKROKEN		167 27	AURDALSBRE, NORDRE		137 07
ANKERBREEN	PART OF	125 01	AURDALSBRE, SØRE		132 11
		136 08	AURKOLLFONNA		145 04
			AUSTBOTNEN		

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
AUSTFONNA			BANEBOTNEN E	PART OF	172 06
AUSTGØTABREEN	ICECAP	2	BANEBOTNEN W	PART OF	168 22
AUSTJØKULEN N	PART OF	152 04	BARBARABREEN		121 06
AUSTJØKULEN S	PART OF	124 09	BARDEBREEN		147 17
AUSTRE BRØGGERBREEN	PART OF	122 02	BARENTSJØKULEN	ICECAP	32
AUSTRE GRØNFJORDBREEN	PART OF	155 04	BARETTBREEN	PART OF	124 11
AUSTRE LOGNEDALSBRE	PART OF	141 09	BARLAUPFONNA	PART OF	132 18
AUSTRE LOVËNBREEN		131 07	BARMFJELLBREEN		146 19
AUSTRE TORELLBREEN		155 07	BARONBREEN	PART OF	155 12
AUSTRE VESALBREEN		125 03	BARSOKBREEN	PART OF	167 31
AYERBREEN		151 11	BARTHBREEN	SM GLAC	192
BACKABREEN		136 24	BASTIONBREEN	PART OF	124 02
BACKLUNDBREEN			BATTYEBREEN		146 18
BAKANINBREEN			BAUTABREEN	SM GLAC	124
BALBERGBREEN			BAYLYBREEN	PART OF	168 20
BALCKBREEN	PART OF	111 04	BECCQUERELBREEN	PART OF	156 14
BALDERFONNA		134 10	BEINBREEN	PART OF	121 04
BALDERFONNA E		166 01	BELCHERISEN		115 09
BALDERFONNA E	PART OF	161 18	BELLINGBREEN		115 07
BALDERFONNA E	PART OF	173 03	BELSHORNBBREEN		167 22
BALDERFONNA E	PART OF	173 04	BENDFJELLBREEN	PART OF	124 11
BALDERFONNA E	PART OF	173 05	BERESNIKOVBBREEN		114 08
BALDERFONNA N		173 06	BERGFONNA		
BALDERFONNA NE	PART OF	172 10	BERGFONNA E		313 08
BALDERFONNA NE	PART OF	173 01	BERGFONNA S		313 06
BALDERFONNA NW	PART OF	173 02	BERGFONNA W		313 07
BALDERFONNA SE	PART OF	172 09	BERGLIBREEN	PART OF	169 10
BALDERFONNA W	PART OF	173 07	BERGMESTERBREEN		135 24
BALLIOLBREEN	PART OF	168 18	BERRKLETTBREEN		132 33
BALTBBREEN		113 15	BERTLBREEN		145 15

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
BERTRAMBREEN		145 09	BLAISEN		312 22
BESSELSBREEN		322 02	BLAISEN E		313 05
BESSEMERBREEN		133 17	BLAISEN N		312 23
BESSHOBBREEN	PART OF	132 14	BLAISEN S	PART OF	132 14
BEVANBREEN	SM GLAC	121	BLÅKLETTISEN	PART OF	173 10
BIERNAWSKIBREEN	PART OF	132 13	BLÅREVGREEN		157 01
BIKSEBREEN	PART OF	146 19	BLÅSHAUGBREEN	PART OF	125 03
BILLESHOLMBREEN		135 03	BLÅSTERISEN N	PART OF	124 18
BINNEBREEN		167 12	BLÅSTERISEN S		222 06
BIRGERBREEN	SM GLAC	158	BODLEYBREEN	PART OF	144 02
BISKAYERFONNA		161 18	BOGEBREEN		142 06
BITHORNBREEN		147 07	BOGERBREEN		144 11
BIVRASTFONNA		172 05	BOLTONBREEN	PART OF	135 31
BJARMEBREEN	PART OF	113 13	BORBREEN	PART OF	121 04
BJARTFONNA N	PART OF	135 01	BORDBREEN		149 01
BJARTFONNA NE		134 09	BOREBREEN		158 03
BJARTFONNA S		134 14	BORGREEN		
BIELOPOLSKIBREEN		123 02	BORNBREEN	PART OF	168 35
BUUVBREEN		135 04	BOSARPPBREEN		135 02
BJØRLYKKEBREEN	PART OF	156 14	BOTFONNA	PART OF	167 31
BJØRNBREEN	PART OF	131 16	BOTNBREEN	SM GLAC	155
BLACKBREEN		143 02	BOTNFJELLBREEN		155 09
BLANKFJELLBREEN	PART OF	132 14	BRAEMFJELLBREEN	SM GLAC	124
BLEKUMBREEN		142 25	BRAGEBREEN		222 11
BLINDERNBREEN	PART OF	167 30	BRANDTBREEN		142 29
BLOMLIBREEN		131 10	BRATTBREEN	PART OF	155 11
BLOMSTRANDBREEN		155 15	BRATTEGGBREEN	SM GLAC	125
BLOMSTRANDFONNA	PART OF	155 15	BRATTEKLEIVBREEN		158 08
BLUFFBREEN	SM GLAC	158	BRATHENGGBREEN		114 09
BLUMCKEBREANE		131 18	BRATHENGET	PART OF	172 06

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
BRATTHØBREEN	PART OF	125 03	BUTTBREEN	PART OF	133 16
BRATTISEN	PART OF	132 20	BYBREEN	PART OF	165 12
BRATTKNEIKBREEN	PART OF	122 02	BÆRUMBREEN	PART OF	153 19
BRAZYYBREEN	PART OF	123 03	BOCKMANBREEN	PART OF	131 15
BREIBREEN	PART OF	173 07	BØDALSBREEN	PART OF	141 28
BREIFONNA		142 18	BØNNEBREEN	PART OF	157 09
BRENNBREEN		146 23	BØRREBREEN	PART OF	163 02
BROKEBREEN		157 17	BØYGISEN	PART OF	125 03
BROMBREEN		136 28	BAALSRUDBREEN	PART OF	141 11
BRORBREEN		135 08	CAILLETETBREEN	PART OF	156 14
BROTBREEN	PART OF	151 07	CAIUSBREEN	PART OF	146 07
BRUREBREEN	PART OF	157 09	CAMBREEN	PART OF	168 24
BRURESLØRET	PART OF	168 21	CAMBRIDGEGBREEN	PART OF	168 18
BRØGGERBREANE			CHABAUDBREEN	PART OF	162 11
BRØGGERBREEN, AUSTRE			CHARLESBREEN	PART OF	153 08
BRØGGERBREEN, VESTRE			CHARPENTIERBREEN	PART OF	132 27
BRUCEBREEN			CHAUVEAUBREEN	PART OF	161 10
BRURSKANKBREEN	PART OF	144 04	CHOMJAKOVBREEN	PART OF	124
BRÜCKNERBREEN	PART OF	146 18	CHYDENIUSBREEN	PART OF	173 07
BRÅSVELLBREEN		156 14	CISSYBREEN	PART OF	154 07
BUCHANANISEN		211 10	CLASEBREEN	PART OF	221 01
BUCHANANISEN, NORDRE			COLLINSBREEN	PART OF	173 07
BUCHANANISEN, SØRE			COMFORTLESSBREEN	PART OF	154 12
BUCHANBREEN			CONWAYBREEN	PART OF	155 12
BUGGEBREEN, FOLKVARD	PART OF	137 04	CONWAYJØKULEN	PART OF	168 20
BULDREBREEN		171 05	COOKBREEN	PART OF	169 01
BULLBREEN		153 02	COOPERBREEN	PART OF	144
BUKKEBREEN		167 24	CORYELLBREEN	PART OF	121
BUNGBREEN		123 05	BURN-MURDOCHBREEN		
BURN-MURDOCHBREEN		144 05			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
CRAMMERBREANE N		131 13	DOMINANTBREEN	PART OF	132 14
CRAMMERBREANE S		131 14	DOMISEN N	PART OF	112 03
CROFTBREEN	PART OF	242 02	DOMISEN S	PART OF	112 05
CROLLBREEN		121 01	DRACOISEN NW	PART OF	173 07
CÖSTERBREEN		136 06	DRACOISEN SE	PART OF	173 08
DAHLBREEN		153 19	DREVBREEN	PART OF	124 12
DAHLFONNA		141 01	DRONNINGBREEN		157 03
DALBURGBREEN	PART OF	136 22	DRYADBREEN		141 29
DARBBOUXBREEN	PART OF	156 14	DRØNBREEN		142 17
D'ARODESBREEN		156 02	DUBOISBREEN		143 08
DAUDBREEN		113 01	DUCKWITZBREEN		321 02
DAUDMANNSBREEN N	PART OF	149 06	DUMSKOLTBREEN		SM GLAC
DAUDMANNSBREEN S	SM GLAC	149	DUNDERDALSBUEREN		122
DAVISBREEN		115 09	DUNÈRBREEN		131 04
DE GEERFONNA		232 01	DUVEBREEN		171 01
DEILEGGBREEN	PART OF	124 20	DVERGBREEN		251 06
DELBREEN		168 12	DVERGFONNA		172
DELTABREEN		311 06	DÖLTERBREEN	PART OF	132 04
DEVIKBREEN	PART OF	153 13	EBBABREEN		131 05
DIADEMBREEN	PART OF	155 11	EDDABREEN		
DISBREEN	PART OF	132 18	EDGEØYJØKULEN		
DIGERFONNA	ICECAP	31	EDINBURGHBREEN		
DISKBREEN			EDITHBREEN		
DMITRIEVBREEN	PART OF	147 12	EDMONDSBREEN		
DOBROWOLSKIBREEN	PART OF	124 08	EDWARDDBREEN		
DODDSBREEN	PART OF	132 14	DOKTORBREEN		
DOKTORBREEN		151 04	EGGBREEN		
DOLLFUSBREEN	PART OF	132 18	EGGBREEN		
DOLKBREEN	PART OF	131 16	EIDEMBREEN		
EIMFJELLBREANE	PART OF	113 01	EIMFJELLBREANE	SM GLAC	124

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
EINDRIDEBREEN	PART OF	222 01	FEMTEBREEN		157 08
EIVINDBREEN		153 22	FENRISULVBREEN		169 08
ELBOBREEN	PART OF	111 05	FERDINANDBREEN		145 13
ELEKTROBREEN		134 01	FILANTROPBREEN	PART OF	133 16
ELFENBEINBREEN		113 07	FILCHNERFONNA	PART OF	111 05
ELISEBREEN		154 01	FILCHNERFONNA E	PART OF	144 02
ELLKROKEN	PART OF	125 01	FILCHNERFONNA SW	PART OF	144 03
ELNABREEN		164 11	FILCHNERFONNA W		
ELSABREEN		145 14	FIMBULISEN	PART OF	112 01
ELTONBREEN		222 07	FIMBULISEN E	PART OF	144 01
EMMABREEN		162 07	FIMBULISEN NW	PART OF	143 27
ERDMANNBREEN		137 10	FIMBULISEN SE		143 28
ERICABREEN		221 03	FIMBULISEN V		
ERIKBREEN		162 06	FINSTERWALDERBREEN		132 02
ERIKKABREEN		154 05	FIRMBREEN	PART OF	134 09
ERNSTBREEN		165 08	FISKARBREEN	PART OF	124 11
ESKOLABREEN		168 21	FITZBILLYBREEN	PART OF	172 06
ESMARKBREEN		149 03	FJELGBREEN	PART OF	153 19
ETONBREEN		222 03	FJERDEBREEN	PART OF	157 06
EVABREEN		162 02	FJORTENDE JULIBREEN		156 01
FAIRBAIRNBREEN	PART OF	168 20	FLAKBREEN		156 03
FAIRWEATHERBREEN		145 03	FLANKEBREEN	PART OF	124 11
FALLBREEN		151 09	FLATBREEN	PART OF	121 04
FALLBERGISEN	PART OF	115 09	FLEINISEN	PART OF	142 14
FANGENBREEN		143 03	FLEKSURBREEN	PART OF	142 17
FANTASTIQUEBREEN	PART OF	168 20	FLORABREEN		144 15
FATUMBREEN	PART OF	155 11	FLOWERBREEN		143 06
FEIRINGBREEN		155 13	FLYGARFONNA		137 05
FEISELBREEN	PART OF	135 31	FLÄISEN		169 19

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
FOLDNUTFONNA	PART OF	131 16	FYRISBREEN		146 17
FOLKVARD BUGGEBREEN		137 04	FØRSTEBREEN		157 04
FORBESBREEN		156 15			
FORKBREEN			GAFFELBREEN		153 16
FORMIDABLEBREEN	PART OF	166 18	GALLERBREEN	PART OF	172 06
FORSIUSBREEN		168 20	GANDBREEN N		311 11
FOXBREEN		231 03	GANDBREEN S		311 10
FOXXONNA		142 14	GANGPASSBREEN	SM GLAC	124
FOXFFONNA N			GANSKJØBBRENN		111 02
FOXFFONNA SE	PART OF	142 13	GARDNERBREEN	PART OF	164 17
FOXFFONNA SW	PART OF	142 14	GARMBREEN		165 14
FRAMBREEN	PART OF	142 12	GARWOODBREEN	PART OF	124 02
FRANKLINBREEN, NORDRE		158 10	GAVLHAUGBREEN		146 14
FRANKLINBREEN, SØRE		232 04	GEABREEN	SM GLAC	149
FRAZERBREEN		232 03	GEEBREEN	PART OF	111 05
FREDFFONNA N	PART OF	222 09	GEIKEBREANE		
FREDFFONNA S	PART OF	124 09	GEIKEBREEN, ARCHIBALD		
FREEMANBREEN	PART OF	122 02	GEIKEBREEN, JAMES		
FRIDTJOVBREEN		321 01	GEIKEBREEN, MIDTRÆ		
FRIEDRICHBREEN		137 08	GEORGBREEN		
FRIGGKÅPA	PART OF	163 06	GERRITBREEN	PART OF	145 06
FROSTBREEN	PART OF	145 19	GIBSONBREEN		136 25
FROSTISEN		172 05	GIMLEBREEN		222 12
FRYSJABREEN		145 22	GINNUNGAGAP		164 21
FRÆNKELBREEN	PART OF	133 04	GLASGOWBREEN	PART OF	172 06
FRØYABREEN		164 06	GLASIOLOGBREEN	PART OF	132 17
FUGLEBREEN		172 13	GLEDTSCHEFFONNA		137 03
FUGLEPYNTBREEN	PART OF	124 20	GLERBREEN	PART OF	171 05
FUHRMEISTERBREEN		158	GLIMISEN	PART OF	124 12
FUREBREEN	PART OF	161 06	GLINTBREEN	PART OF	172 08
		114 03			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
GLITNEFONNA NE		221 01	GRÅNUTBREEN	PART OF	137 08
GLITNEFONNA SW		211 14	GUFSBREEN		147 05
GLITREBREEN		135 26	GULFAKSEBREEN		172 02
GLOPEKEN	PART OF	147 12	GULLMARBREEN		158 07
GLOTTFJELLBREEN		142 16	GULLSTRANDBREEN		141 13
GOËSBREEN	SM GLAC	131	GULLYBREEN		157 16
GONVILLEBREEN		124 01	GUNNARBREEN		153 06
GRANTABREEN	PART OF	146 07	GYGREBREEN		146 26
GRAVNESBREEN	SM GLAC	168 24	GYLDENBREEN		168 15
GREENBREEN		157	GYNTSLOTTET E, PER	PART OF	321 06
GREINBREANE C		133 08	GYNTSLOTTET W, PER	PART OF	321 07
GREINBREANE E		136 03	GÅSBREEN		124 02
GREINBREANE W		136 04	HAGERMANNBREEN	PART OF	135 07
GRENNABREEN	SM GLAC	136 02	HAKEBREEN	PART OF	156 01
GRENSEBREEN	PART OF	165	HALLBREEN		161 15
GRIBNEFJELLBREEN	PART OF	155 10	HALLWYLBREEN		142 15
GRIMFJELLBREEN	PART OF	134 10	HAMARBREEN		147 16
GROBREEN	PART OF	124 12	HAMBERGBREEN		121 04
GROPBREEN	PART OF	124 09	HAMBURGBREEN		157 14
GRUMANTBREEN	PART OF	111 05	HAMILTONBREEN		161 02
GRUSDIEVBREEN	PART OF	142 01	HANDBREEN		322 04
GRUVFONNA	PART OF	173 10	HANNABREEN		162 05
GRUVFONNA E			HANNBREEN		174 09
GRUVFONNA N	PART OF	135 19	HANSBREEN		124 20
GRUVFONNA SE	PART OF	136 09	HANSDALSBREEN		146 29
GRØNFJORDBREANE	PART OF	135 20	HANS HENRIKBREEN	PART OF	158 04
GRØNFJORDBREANE, AUSTRE	PART OF	141 09	HAREBREEN	PART OF	133 16
GRØNFJORDBREANE, VESTRE	PART OF	141 09	HARKERBREEN	PART OF	168 22
GRÅKALLBREEN		123 07	HARLANDISEN NW	PART OF	173 07

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
HARLANDISEN SE	PART OF	173 10	HETTEBREEN		134 03
HARMENSISEN	PART OF	124 12	HETTEBREEN		135 22
HARRIETBREEN	PART OF	149 05	HETTEISEN E	PART OF	134 03
HARTMANNBREEN		313 30	HETTEISEN W	PART OF	134 02
HASSINGERBREEN		132 06	HEUGLINBREEN	PART OF	112 01
HATTBREEN		147 03	HIERTHABREEN	SM GLAC	158
HAVHESTBREEN	PART OF	158 04	HILLBREEN	PART OF	158 02
HAYESBREEN		112 01	HIMINBJØRGFONNA	PART OF	172 06
HEDGEHOGFONNA N	PART OF	121 04	HIMINBJØRGFONNA E	PART OF	169 02
HEDGEHOGFONNA S	PART OF	122 01	HIMINBJØRGFONNA NW	PART OF	169 01
HEFTYEBREEN		141 06	HIMINBJØRGFONNA SW		173 10
HEIFONNA		169 18	HINLOPENBREEN		174 06
HEIMBREEN	PART OF	132 02	HOCHSTETTERBREEN		167 32
HEKSEBREEN	PART OF	152 04	HODSBREEN	PART OF	145 11
HELLEFONNA			HOELBREEN		153 04
HELLEFONNA E	PART OF	113 08	HOLMESLETBREEN, AUSTRE		153 03
HELLEFONNA N		143 17	HOLMESLETBREEN, VESTRE		158 14
HELLEFONNA NE	PART OF	143 18	HOLMIABREEN		147 13
HELLEFONNA NW		143 15	HOLMSTRÖMBREEN	PART OF	155 10
HELLEFONNA SE	PART OF	113 09	HOLTABREEN		
HELLEFONNA SW	PART OF	143 13	HOLTEDAHLFONNA	PART OF	164 17
HELLEFONNA W		143 14	HOLTEDAHLFONNA E	PART OF	164 06
HELLMANNBREEN	PART OF	156 14	HOLTEDAHLFONNA N	PART OF	164 11
HELSINGBORGBREEN		135 30	HOLTEDAHLFONNA NE	PART OF	147 12
HELSINKIBREEN	PART OF	168 22	HOLTEDAHLFONNA S	PART OF	147 10
HENGEBREEN	PART OF	157 16	HOLTEDAHLFONNA SE	PART OF	155 11
HENRIKBREEN, HANS	PART OF	158 04	HOLTEDAHLFONNA W	PART OF	221 01
HERGESELLBREEN		156 20	HOLTENBREEN		124 11
HESSBREEN		132 01	HORNBREEN		164 32
HESTSKANKFALLET	PART OF	123 05	HOVBREEN		

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
HUKBREEN			SM GLAC	157	222 10
HULDREBREEN	PART OF	152 04	IDUNBREEN	PART OF	115 01
HUMPFONNA	PART OF	131 16	INDREBOBBREEN	PART OF	155 11
HÜBNERBREEN		322 08	INFANTFONNA	PART OF	114 11
HYDROGRAFBREEN		152 05	INGERBREEN		114 06
HYLLINGEBREEN		135 05	INGLEFIELDBREEN		135 17
HYRNEBREEN		124 13	INNERBREEN		
HÄGGBREEN		141 19	INNIFONNA	PART OF	114 12
HÖDBREEN		173 03	INSTEBREEN		132 31
HOEGDALSBREEN		168 04	IRABREEN		141 17
HÖGANÄSBREEN		133 09	IRENEBREEN		154 02
HÖGBREEN		135 31	ISACHSENFONNA		
HOGHETTA E	PART OF	134 04	ISACHSENFONNA N	PART OF	162 11
HOGHETTA NW	PART OF	172 06	ISACHSENFONNA S	PART OF	155 11
HOGHETTA SW	PART OF	169 02	ISACHSENFONNA S	PART OF	155 12
HOGHOTTBREEN	PART OF	169 01	ISACHSENFONNA SW	PART OF	155 15
HOGISEN	PART OF	162 11	ISACHSENFONNA W	PART OF	156 07
HOGSNYTBREEN	PART OF	173 10	ISBRODDBREEN	PART OF	156 11
HOGSTEBOREEN	PART OF	136 30	ISINGBREEN	PART OF	124 11
HÖNERBREEN	PART OF	125 05	ISKAKA E	PART OF	113 03
HÖRBYBREEN	PART OF	173 10	ISKAKA W	PART OF	113 07
HÅBERGBREEN		145 11	ISKOLLBREEN	PART OF	115 08
HAKENBREEN		142 02	ISKOLLEN NE	PART OF	137 01
HARBARDBREEN	PART OF	154 06	ISKOLLEN W	PART OF	115 05
HÄRBREEN		222 10	ISMØYBREEN	PART OF	132 14
		156 18	ISORMEN	PART OF	124 18
IDABREEN	PART OF	162 07	ISROSA N	PART OF	322 06
IDAVOLLEN NE	PART OF	169 08	ISROSA S	PART OF	112 06
IDAVOLLEN S	PART OF	169 06	ISRUNDINGEN	PART OF	113 03
				PART OF	171 05

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
ISRYPEBREEN	PART OF	147 16	KAMPFONNA		143 10
ISVEGGEN	PART OF	151 07	KAMRYGGBREEN	PART OF	132 14
IVORYBREEN	PART OF	171 01	KANEBREEN	PART OF	121 04
IWBREEN	PART OF	124 12	KANTBREEN		172 08
JAKOBSTIGEN	PART OF	124 07	KAPITOLBREEN		147 01
JAMBREEN	PART OF	157 18	KAPPFJELLBREEN	PART OF	156 01
JAMDALSBREEN		141 12	KAPTEINSBREEN	PART OF	114 87
JAMES GEIKIEBREEN		151 03	KARIBREEN	PART OF	115 02
JANSSONBREEN		141 10	KARLBREEN		156 19
JARLBREEN		158 13	KARLSBREEN		163 10
JARNBREEN	SM GLAC	137	KASSEBREEN	PART OF	133 16
JASTREBKOVBREEN	PART OF	173 10	KASSIOPEIAISEN	PART OF	173 10
JEKSELBREEN	PART OF	124 07	KASTELLBREEN		168 07
JEMELIANOVBREEN		115 05	KEILHAUBBREEN		122 05
JENSENBREEN	SM GLAC	125	KEIPBREEN	PART OF	132 14
JERMAKBREEN	PART OF	173 10	KENNEDYBREEN	PART OF	134 10
JINNBREEN		143 13	KEPLERBREEN	PART OF	158 11
JOHANBREEN		164 10	KILBREEN	SM GLAC	173 10
JOHANS BRE, KONG		313 19	KINAMURBREEN		135
JOHANSEN BREEN	PART OF	111 06	KINGBREEN	PART OF	146 11
JOTUNFONNA		145 21	KIÆRBREEN	PART OF	172 06
JULIBREEN, FJORTENDE		156 01	KIÆRFJELLBREEN	SM GLAC	149 04
JUNIBREEN	PART OF	156 01	KJEGLEBREEN		155
JUTULFONNA N	PART OF	153 08	KJERULFBREEN		135 27
JUTULFONNA S	PART OF	152 04	KJØLHØBBREEN	PART OF	149 05
JÖNSBREEN	SM GLAC	137	KLAMPEBREEN	PART OF	134 09
KALVDALSBREEN		136 35	KLAUSBREEN	PART OF	153 13
KAMBREEN		121 05	KLAVVBREEN	PART OF	141 01
			KLEIVBREEN	PART OF	143 27
				PART OF	135 05

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
KLOBREEN	PART OF	151 08	KONGSBREEN	PART OF	155 11
KLOCKMANNBREEN	PART OF	125 05	KONGSBREEN C	PART OF	155 12
KLUBBEBREEN		134 06	KONGSBREEN N	PART OF	155 10
KLUFTBREEN		171 02	KONGSBREEN S		155 10
KLUNSBREEN	PART OF	113 07	KONGSVEGEN		153 14
KNAPEISEN E	PART OF	112 06	KONOWBREEN		155 15
KNAPEISEN S	PART OF	113 07	KONSULBREEN		174 08
KNAPEISEN W	PART OF	143 24	KORISTKABREEN	PART OF	172 06
KNATTBREEN		157 23	KORTBREEN		173 05
KNEIKBREEN, NORDRE	PART OF	124 07	KOSTERBREEN	PART OF	132 05
KNEIKBREEN, SØRE	PART OF	124 07	KOTEBREEN		124 12
KNIVSEGGBREEN		157 12	KROHNBREEN	PART OF	152 02
KNOKISEN	PART OF	132 14	KROIKBREEN	PART OF	152 02
KNOLLISEN N	PART OF	157 09	KROKFJELLBREEN		SM GLAC
KNOLLISEN S	PART OF	156 14	KROKFONNA		141
KNOPPBREEN	PART OF	134 09	KROKRYGGBREEN		135 34
KNORRINGBREEN		142 30	KRONEBREEN		155 11
KNOTTBREEN	PART OF	157 19	KRONGLEBREEN		122 02
KNULTFONNA	PART OF	132 13	KRONGLEISEN		169 16
KOKBREEN	PART OF	125 05	KROPPBREEN	PART OF	154 04
KOKKBREEN	PART OF	135 02	KRULLFONNA	SM GLAC	124
KOLDROMBREEN		136 40	KRUSEBREEN		133 06
KOLFJELLBREEN		133 01	KRYLBREEN	PART OF	132 17
KOLKBREEN		161	KRØKJEBREEN		311 25
KOLLEBREEN			KUHRBREEN		
KÜKENTHALBREEN			KÜKENTHALBREEN	SM GLAC	4
KUTTEBREEN	PART OF	168 22	KUTTEBREEN	PART OF	156 14
KUVBREEN		144 07	KUVBREEN	PART OF	132 14
KVALBREEN	PART OF	124 12	KVALBREEN		115 01
KVALFANGARBREEN		313 19	KVALFANGARBREEN		124 16
KONG JOHANS BRE					

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
KVALPYNTFONNA			ICECAP	PART OF	132 14
KVASSEGGREEN		31	LANSBREEN		148 01
KVASSPIGGGREEN		PART OF	LAPPBREEN		142 05
KVASTBREEN		124 06	LARSBREEN		
KVERVBREEN		158 01	LARUSBREEN		
KVITBREEN		PART OF	LATHAMBREEN E	PART OF	122 02
KVITHETTBREEN		115 05	LATHAMBREEN W	PART OF	123 03
KVITISEN		PART OF	LEFFLERBREEN, MITTAG		168 20
KVITKÅPA		PART OF	LEIFBREEN	PART OF	122 02
KVITREVBREEN		125 03	LEIGHBREEN		252 04
KVITTRYGGFONNA		PART OF	LEINBREEN	PART OF	132 02
KVITSKARYBREEN		173 10	LEINEGGBREEN		133 05
KVITTOPPBREEN		PART OF	LEMSTRØMFONNA	PART OF	168 22
KVITUNGISEN E		136 16	LESTRISBREEN		158
KVITUNGISEN W		PART OF	LEXFJELLBREEN		152 01
KVITOYJOKULEN		133 10	LIBREEN		131 03
KYRKJEBREEN		PART OF	LIBREEN	PART OF	161 18
KÖNIGSBERGBREEN		161 17	Liestolbreen		132 17
KÖRBERBREEN		PART OF	Lifjellfonna	PART OF	125 05
		124 18	Lilliehöökbreen		
		PART OF	Lindhagenbreen		
		124 20	Lindstrombreen		
		51	Lingbreen		
		PART OF	Linnébreen	PART OF	241 01
		147 12	Lisbetbreen		115 02
		PART OF	Livbreen	PART OF	161 18
		112 01	Ljofonn		
		124 04	Loderbreen		141 03
			Lofthusbreen		167 30
LACHAMBREBREEN			Lognbreen		136 07
LACMANNBREEN		SM GLAC	Lognedalsbreen	PART OF	132 14
LANDBREEN		158	Lognedalsbre, Austre		
LANGRUNDISEN		141 14			
LANGHANSBREEN		166 03			
LANGJOKULEN N		SM GLAC			
LANGKOLLBREEN		4			
ANGLEIKBREEN		PART OF			
LANGLIBREEN		111 06			
LANGRYGGGREEN		313 03			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
LOGNEDALSBRE, VESTRE		131 06	LØVENSKIOLDFONNA W	PART OF	154 04
LOMONOSOVFONNA			LØVLANDBREEN	PART OF	155 15
LOMONOSOVFONNA NE	PART OF	173 10	LØVLIBREEN		153 05
LOMONOSOVFONNA NW	PART OF	168 20	LØYNDBREEN		133 11
LOMONOSOVFONNA S	PART OF	144 03	LÅGBERGISEN	PART OF	124 18
LOMONOSOVFONNA SE	PART OF	111 05	LÅGRYGGFONNA	PART OF	132 05
LOMONOSOVFONNA W	PART OF	145 06	LÅGSNYTBREEN		136 29
LONGSTAFFBREEN	PART OF	169 10	MACLEANBREEN		144 09
LONGYEARBREEN		142 04	MACLEODBOTNEN	SM GLAC	145
LORCHBREEN		124 14	MAGDABREEN		151 05
LOVÈNBREEN, AUSTRE		155 07	MAIBREEN	PART OF	156 01
LOVENBREEN, MIDRE		155 06	MAKAROVBREEN		161 01
LOVÈNBREEN, VESTRE	PART OF	155 05	MANBREEN	PART OF	172 02
LOÜETBREEN	PART OF	162 11	MANCHESTERBREEN		168 16
LUDOLF SCHJELDERUPBREEN	PART OF	222 01	MANNBREEN		168 05
LUDVIGBREEN, SVEN		173 02	MARIBREEN	SM GLAC	146
LUITPOLDBREEN	PART OF	112 01	MARIEBREEN		211 13
LUMPBREEN		143 21	MARIEBREEN, ANNE-	PART OF	167 03
LUNCKEBREEN		136 15	MARIEBREEN, RAGNA-	PART OF	134 09
LUNDBREEN	PART OF	133 10	MARITBREEN	PART OF	144 02
LUNTEBREEN	PART OF	134 06	MARGARETBREEN		144 17
LURØYBREEN	PART OF	158 04	MARGITBREEN	PART OF	135 08
LUSITANIABREEN		143 07	MARGRETHEBREEN, ANNA		115 06
LYKKEBREEN	PART OF	111 05	MARKBREEN	PART OF	158 04
LYNGEBREEN		123 01	MARKHAMBREEN		121 02
ŁOVEISEN	PART OF	125 03	MARMORBREEN		143 18
ŁØVENSKIOLDFONNA			MARSJØBREEN		313 12
ŁØVENSKIOLDFONNA N	PART OF	154 13	MARSTRANDBREEN		158 06
ŁØVENSKIOLDFONNA SE	PART OF	153 14	MARSTRANDERBREEN		137 02
ŁØVENSKIOLDFONNA S	PART OF	153 19			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
MARTHABREEN		136 13	MILLINGBREEN	PART OF	173 10
MARTINBREEN		132 26	MITTAG-LEFFLERBREEN		168 20
MATHEWBREEN		145 05	MJELLFONNA		132 25
MATHIASBREEN		122 06	MOGILNICKIBREEN	PART OF	124 13
MATROSBREEN	PART OF	121 01	MOLTKEBREEN		174 04
MAUDBREEN		241 04	MONACOBREEN		162 11
MAXBREEN			MORABREEN		147 11
MAYERBREEN	SM GLAC	165	MORITZBREEN		165 11
MC WHAEBREEN	PART OF	156 11	MORSJNEVBREEN	PART OF	115 02
MEDALSBREEN		168 20	MUNINBREEN		145 15
MEDIUMBREEN	PART OF	141 26	MUNTHEBREEN		157 10
MEFONNA N	PART OF	148 03	MURBREEN	PART OF	135 29
MEFONNA S	PART OF	124 07	MURDOCHBREEN, BURN-		144 05
MEHESTBREEN	PART OF	123 03	MURRAYBREEN		151 10
MENDELJEVBREEN	PART OF	123 05	MUSPELLVIDDA NE	PART OF	169 06
MERÅKERBREEN	PART OF	124 09	MUSPELLVIDDA NW		169 05
METHUENBREEN	PART OF	146 18	MUSPELLVIDDA S	PART OF	169 02
METTEBREEN		144 12	MUSPELLVIDDA SW		169 03
MEYERBREEN	PART OF	134 12	MUSPELLVIDDA W		169 04
MIDGARDEN N	PART OF	146 29	MÜHLBACHERBREEN		124 17
MIDGARDEN SE	PART OF	173 08	MÄLARBREEN		142 27
MIDRE LOVÈNBREEN	PART OF	173 10	MÄRJELBREEN		132 04
MIDTBREEN		155 06	MØREBREEN		155 02
MIDTERHUKBREEN		169 07	MØYSALBREEN	PART OF	142 16
MIDTRE GEIKIEBREEN		132 33	MÅLARBREEN		147 06
MIDTSUNDSTADBREEN	PART OF	151 02	MÅNEBREEN	PART OF	172 06
MIETHEBREEN	PART OF	169 10			
MIKAELBREEN	PART OF	157 18	NAGLEBREEN	PART OF	115 02
MIKKEL REVBREEN	PART OF	124 11	NAGLISEN N	PART OF	132 14
MILLERBREEN		241 09	NAGLISEN S	PART OF	124 11
		151 13			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
NANNBREEN		125 02	NORDMANNSFONNA W	PART OF	143 22
NANSENBREEN	PART OF	149 02	NORDRE AURDALSBRE		137 06
NATASCHABBREEN		134 09	NORDRE BUCHANANISEN		151 08
NATHORSTBREEN		132 14	NORDRE FRANKLINBREEN		232 04
NEGRIBREEN		111 05	NORDRE KNEIKBREEN	PART OF	124 07
NEPEBREEN		157 13	NORDRE VASSKILBREEN		168 10
NIGERBREEN	SM GLAC	124	NORDSYSSELBREEN		114 05
NIKOLAUSBREEN, ST.	PART OF	123 02	NORMANBREEN	PART OF	252 02
NILSENBREEN		252 02	NORNEBREEN	PART OF	124 18
NIPILBREEN		133 02	NÒVBREEN	PART OF	124 11
NOBELBREEN		134 02	NUDBREEN	PART OF	115 02
NONABREEN	SM GLAC	158	NYGÅRDBREEN		163 08
NORDBOTNEN	SM GLAC	145	NOISBREEN	PART OF	123 03
NORDBREEN	PART OF	169 09	NÖRDSTEBREEN	PART OF	124 20
NORDENFJELDSKEBREEN		154 12	OBERSTBREEN	PART OF	162 11
NORDENSKIÖLDBREEN	PART OF	145 06	ODESSABREEN	PART OF	121 04
NORDFALLBREEN		124 02	ODINJØKULEN		
NORDLIBREEN	SM GLAC	133	ODINJØKULEN N		
NORDMANNSFONNA			ODINJØKULEN SE	PART OF	172 14
NORDMANNSFONNA E	PART OF	112 04	ODINJØKULEN SW	PART OF	172 15
NORDMANNSFONNA N	PART OF	112 01	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD	PART OF	172 13
NORDMANNSFONNA NE	PART OF	112 02	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	111 01
NORDMANNSFONNA NE	PART OF	112 03	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	111 02
NORDMANNSFONNA NW	PART OF	143 26	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 06
NORDMANNSFONNA SW	PART OF	112 06	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 05
NORDMANNSFONNA SE	PART OF	113 03	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 07
NORDMANNSFONNA SW	PART OF	113 07	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 08
NORDMANNSFONNA W	PART OF	143 19	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 09
NORDMANNSFONNA W	PART OF	143 20	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	174 10
NORDMANNSFONNA W	PART OF	143 21	OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD E	PART OF	

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD N	PART OF	173 10	PALANDERBREEN		221 02
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD N	PART OF	174 01	PARADISBREEN		162 01
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD NE	PART OF	174 02	PARBREANE	PART OF	133 16
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD NE	PART OF	174 03	PARISBREEN	PART OF	172 06
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD NE	PART OF	174 04	PARNASSBREEN		151 14
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD S	PART OF	112 01	PASSBREEN		113 12
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD SE	PART OF	111 05	PASSFJELLBREEN E		136 32
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD SE	PART OF	111 03	PASSFJELLBREEN W		141 21
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD SE	PART OF	111 04	PASSIVBREEN	PART OF	168 20
OLAV V LAND ICEFIELD SW	PART OF	111 06	PAULABREEN		134 09
OLEBREEN	PART OF	155 10	PAULBREEN		153 11
OLIVERBREEN		153 20	PAXBREEN		141 18
OLSOKBREEN		123 03	PAXBREEN	SM GLAC	165
OLSSONBREEN		155 16	PEDASJENKOBREEN		111 01
OMDALBREEN, HØEG-		133 09	PEDERSENBREEN		155 08
OMMANNEYBREEN	PART OF	115 09	PEISBREEN		134 07
OPALBREEN	PART OF	111 05	PENCKBREEN	PART OF	132 05
OPPDALSBREEN		135 16	PER GYNTSLOTTET E	PART OF	321 06
ORMBREEN	PART OF	111 05	PER GYNTSLOTTET W	PART OF	321 07
ORTBREEN	PART OF	135 31	PERLEBREEN	PART OF	124 18
ORSABREEN		147 10	PERSEIBREEN		115 03
OSBORNEBREEN		153 13	PERSEUSISEN	PART OF	173 10
OSLOBREEN	PART OF	173 10	PETERMANNBREEN		111 06
OSMUNDBREEN	SM GLAC	133	PETERSBREEN		124 05
OTTOBREEN		165 09	PETROVBREEN	PART OF	111 05
OXFORDBREEN	PART OF	173 10	PETTERSENBREEN		313 22
PAGESBREEN	PART OF	173 08	PHILIPPBREEN	PART OF	144 02
PAGETBREEN		168 28	PHILIPPIBREEN		312 11
PAIERLBREEN		124 18	PINKBREEN		144 13
			PIPEBREEN	PART OF	134 06

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
PJUSKISEN			RAKBREEN	PART OF	158 04
PLAGGBREEN			RAMONDBREEN	PART OF	131 16
PLANCKBREEN			RANDBREEN	PART OF	122 03
PLANETBREEN			RANTEBREEN	PART OF	155 15
PLOGBREEN			RASTISEN	PART OF	125 03
PLOGBREEN			RAUDBERGBREEN	PART OF	173 07
POLAKKBREEN			RAUDFJELLBREEN	PART OF	125 04
POLARISBREEN			RAUDFJORDBREEN	PART OF	161 11
POLLOCKBREEN			RAUNDALSFJELLA	PART OF	313 10
PORTBREEN			RAUNDALSFONNA N	PART OF	313 09
PORTIERBREEN			RAUNDALSFONNA S	PART OF	312 20
POSTBREEN, VON			RECHERCHEBREEN	PART OF	131 16
POTPESCHNIGGBREEN	PART OF	145 07	REIDBREEN	PART OF	132 24
PRESIDENTBREEN	PART OF	124 01	REINBOGBREEN	PART OF	171 04
PRINSESSEBREEN	PART OF	161 09	REINSBUKKBREEN	PART OF	168 35
PROFESSORBREEN	SM GLAC	144 02	RELIKTBREEN	PART OF	173 01
PROPSBREEN	PART OF	144 02	RENARDDBREEN	PART OF	131 12
PROTEKTORBREEN	SM GLAC	156 07	RETZIUSBREEN	PART OF	158
PRUVOSTBREEN	PART OF	124	REVANNBREEN	PART OF	132 02
PULKOVOBREEN	PART OF	121 04	REYMONDBREEN	PART OF	322 07
PURPURBREEN	PART OF	125 05	RICHARDSBREEN	PART OF	114 11
PÅLBREEN	PART OF	136 13	RICHTERBREEN	PART OF	132 30
PÅLSJØBREEN	PART OF	149 06	RIEPERBREEN	PART OF	142 12
QVARNSTRÖMBREEN	PART OF	168 24	RIJPBREEN	PART OF	242 01
RABOTBREEN	PART OF	122 02	RIMFAKSEBREEN	PART OF	172 01
RAGNA-MARIEBREEN	PART OF	168 06	RIMFONNA N	PART OF	134 06
RAGNARBREEN	PART OF	135 29	RIMFONNA NE	PART OF	134 09
		147 15	RIMFONNA S	PART OF	132 18
			RINGARBREANE	PART OF	121 08
			RINGBREEN	PART OF	132 23

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
RINGERTZBREEN	PART OF	164 06	SAGABREEN	PART OF	137 09
RINGHORNBREEN		169 02	SAGTINDBREEN	PART OF	156 11
RISSABREEN	SM GLAC	158	SAKSBUEREN		131 02
ROBERTSONBREEN			SALISEN	PART OF	125 03
ROKKBREEN	PART OF	146 08	SALOMONBREEN	SM GLAC	165
RONDEBREEN	PART OF	132 18	SALZBURGBREEN	PART OF	157 19
ROONBREEN	PART OF	132 18	SAMARINBREEN		124 07
ROSENTHALBREEN		174 03	SAMEBREEN	PART OF	148 03
ROTBREEN	PART OF	211 12	SAMUELSSONBREEN		136 05
ROYAL SOCIETYBREEN	PART OF	156 12	SANDBREEN	SM GLAC	144 03
ROZYCKIBREEN	PART OF	169 02	SANDERBREEN		168 27
RUBINBREEN	PART OF	132 13	SARTORIUSBREEN		137 11
RUGGBREEN	PART OF	164 06	SCHEELEBREEN		134 06
RUGAASFONNA	PART OF	167 30	SCHEBRENN		158 02
RUNDISEN	PART OF	136 19	SCHELDERUPBREEN		163 09
RUNEBREEN NW		411 03	SCHJELDERUPBREEN, LUDOL	PART OF	213
RUNEBREEN SE		164 12	SCHWEIGAARDBREEN		252 01
RURIKBREEN		164 13	SCHWERDTBREEN		312 10
RUSKBREEN	PART OF	113 14	SCOTIAABREEN	SM GLAC	151
RUSSEBREEN	PART OF	164 17	SCOTTBREEN		131 11
RUTENBERGBREEN	PART OF	173 10	SCOTT TURNERBREEN		142 11
RYGGBREEN	PART OF	313 18	SEDGWICKJOKULEN	PART OF	168 20
RYGGEKOLLBREEN	PART OF	121 02	SEFSTRÖMBREEN		147 16
RYPEFJELLBREEN	PART OF	133 10	SEIDBREEN		311 12
RÆDERBREEN	PART OF	136 36	SEKKEBREEN	PART OF	162 11
ROSBREEN	PART OF	157 06	SELIGERBREEN		162 10
RØYSBREEN	SM GLAC	147 10	SELLSTRÖMBREEN		158 09
RÅNEBREEN		154	SENTRALISEN	PART OF	168 20
SABINEBREEN		133 13	SERLABREEN		161 20
		241 03	SEXEABREEN		252 03

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
SIEDLECKBREEN	PART OF	132 13	SKOLTBREEN	PART OF	142 17
SIEGERBREEN	PART OF	132 07	SKONROKKBREEN	PART OF	149 01
SIGDBREEN	PART OF	132 14	SKREFJELLBREEN		155 14
SIGNYBREEN	PART OF	124 09	SKRENTBREEN		311 28
SINDREBREEN	PART OF	172 01	SKROMBERGBREEN	SM GLAC	135
SISTEBREEN	PART OF	172 06	SKROTTBREEN		143 24
SJAKTBREEN	PART OF	136 09	SKRUISBREEN		113 08
SJETTEBREEN		157 09	SKRUUKKEBREEN		167 28
SJUBREEN		157 11	SKRÅBREEN		168 09
SKANSDALSBREEN	PART OF	145 22	SKUTBREEN		135 12
SKARPEGGBREEN		157 21	SKÅLBREEN	PART OF	172 08
SKARVBREEN		311 22	SKÅLFJELLBREEN, AUSTRE	SM GLAC	124
SKARVISEN		133 07	SKÅLFJELLBREEN, VESTRE	SM GLAC	124
SKAUGUMBREEN		166 12	SLAKBREEN		136 09
SKAVLEFJELLBREEN		141 15	SLOTTSBREEN		135 21
SKILFONNA N	PART OF	121 04	SLYNGBREEN	PART OF	162 11
SKILFONNA S	PART OF	122 02	SLYNGFJELLBREEN	PART OF	125 01
SKILISEN E	PART OF	132 14	SLØRBREEN		156 17
SKILISEN W	PART OF	124 12	SMALLEGGBREEN	PART OF	124 09
SKILRYGGBREEN	PART OF	125 01	SMALFJELLBREEN	PART OF	154 12
SKIMEBREEN		115 08	SMALGANGEN		153 15
SKINFAKSEBREEN		172 03	SMAUDBREEN	SM GLAC	132
SKJERMISSEN	PART OF	121 02	SMEERENBURGBREEN		158 04
SKJOLDFONNA E	PART OF	121 03	SMITHBREEN		161 04
SKJOLDFONNA N	PART OF	121 02	SMUTSBREEN		168 24
SKJOLDFONNA W	PART OF	121 04	SNODOMBREEN		156 08
SKLIA		161 08	SNOKAMPBREEN	SM GLAC	137
SKOBREEN		134 08	SNOKUVBREEN		133 15
SKODDEBREEN	PART OF	125 05	SNOSALBREEN	SM GLAC	137
SKODDEFJELLBREEN	SM GLAC	124	SNOTOPPBREEN		233 04

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
SOCIETYBREEN, ROYAL	PART OF	169 03	STEENBREEN		154 15
SOFIEBREEN		124 19	STEENSTRUPBREEN		132 21
SOFIEBREEN, ANNA		153 07	STEINDOLPBREEN	PART OF	133 15
SOKKBREEN	PART OF	134 09	STENEHJEMBREEN		136 39
SOKKELBREEN	PART OF	115 02	STENHOUSEBREEN		144 18
SOKOLOVBREEN	PART OF	123 05	STENSIÖBREEN		146 06
SOLFONNA		141 02	STEPANOVBREEN	PART OF	121 01
SOLHEIMBREEN	PART OF	125 03	STERNABREEN	PART OF	158 12
SOLVEIGDOMEN N		321 04	STERTBREEN	PART OF	147 10
SOLVEIGDOMEN S	PART OF	321 03	STIGBREEN	SM GLAC	151
SOMOVBREEN	PART OF	124 12	STJERTBREEN	PART OF	162 11
SONKLARBREEN		111 03	ST. NIKOLAUSBEEEN	PART OF	123 02
SOPHUSBREEN		146 12	STOLBREEN	PART OF	121 02
SOTRYGGFONNA		132 08	STOLLBREEN	PART OF	135 31
SOUTHAMPTONBREEN		168 17	STOLLEYBREEN		141 20
SPØREBREEN	PART OF	132 18	STONEBREEN		313 18
SPÆLBREEN	PART OF	115 05	STORBREEN		124 12
STABBONNA	PART OF	121 04	STORINGBREEN	PART OF	162 11
STABBARPBREEN		135 01	STORMBREEN	PART OF	168 20
STABBEBREEN	PART OF	157 06	STORMFONNA E	PART OF	228
STABEISBREEN	PART OF	146 18	STORMFONNA W	PART OF	229
STADIONBREEN	PART OF	161 18	STORSKAVLEN		31
STAKKBREEN		135 18	STORVOLBREEN		132 20
STALLOBREEN	PART OF	152 04	STORØYJØKULEN	ICECAP	211 01
STAUPBREEN		121 03	STRONGBREEN		115 02
STAUPTINDBREEN	PART OF	146 18	STUBENDORFFBREEN		168 22
STAURBREEN	PART OF	147 12	STUPTINDBREEN	PART OF	124 07
STAXRUDFONNA E	PART OF	162 10	STUTTBREEN	PART OF	168 22
STAXRUDFONNA N	PART OF	161 11	STUTTDALSBREEN		136 31
STAXRUDFONNA S	PART OF	156 14	STØRMERBREEN	PART OF	146 18

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
SUESSBREEN	PART OF	132 05	SØRE BUCHANANISEN		151 07
SULSBREEN	PART OF	114 05	SØRE FRANKLINBREEN		232 03
SUPANBREEN		156 13	SØRE KNEIKBREEN	PART OF	124 07
SVALBREEN		133 16	SØRFJELLBREEN	PART OF	171 01
SVALISBREEN	PART OF	124 10	SØRKAPPFONNA	PART OF	122 02
SVALISEN	PART OF	132 22	SØRKAPPFONNA NE	PART OF	123 03
SVANSBREEN	PART OF	155 15	SØRKAPPFONNA NW	PART OF	122 06
SVARTDALSBREEN		166 05	SØRKAPPFONNA S	PART OF	122 05
SVARTKUVBREEN		122 04	SØRKAPPFONNA SE	PART OF	123 02
SVEABREEN		148 03	SØRKAPPFONNA SW	PART OF	135 15
SVEIGBREEN		113 09	SÅTEBREEN		
SVEITSARFONNA	PART OF	132 05	TAGGBREEN	PART OF	156 12
SVELLNOSBREEN	PART OF	136 19	TAGGKAMBREEN	PART OF	156 12
SVENBREEN		145 12	TARMBREEN	PART OF	132 19
SVENDSENBREEN		142 10	TASSBREEN		154 09
SVEN LUDVIGBREEN		173 02	TAVLEBREEN		136 33
SVERMISEN	PART OF	148 05	TEIKNARBREEN	PART OF	161 04
SVINGBREEN	PART OF	134 09	TELLBREEN		142 21
SVINGOMBREEN	PART OF	134 09	TELTSLETTA N	PART OF	169 10
SVITJODBREEN		158 12	TELTSLETTA S	PART OF	169 09
SYDOWBREEN	PART OF	312 03	TESSINBREEN	SM GLAC	158
SYKORABREEN	PART OF	121 04	THOMSONBREEN		114 12
SYNSHOVDBREEN		133 03	TILLBERGFONNA		136 26
SYSSELMANNBREEN		132 22	TILLEYBREEN	PART OF	173 07
SØKKBREEN	PART OF	115 02	TINAYREBREEN		156 07
SØLBREEN	PART OF	162 10	TINDEBREEN		161 07
SØRBREEN		146 25	TINKARPBREEN		135 28
SØRBULLBREEN		169 06	TIROLARBREEN	PART OF	132 05
SØRE AURDALSBRE		114 04	TJALKBREEN	PART OF	157 09
		137 07			

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
TJUKTARMEN	PART OF	161 11	TSJEBYSJØBREEN	PART OF	124 04
TJØRNDALSBREEN		131 09	TUFSBREEN		136 27
TOMMELBREEN		172 15	TUNABREEN		144 03
TONEFJELLBREEN	SM GLAC	125	TUNGBREEN		141 16
TONGBREEN	PART OF	156 01	TUNNELBREEN	SM GLAC	2
TONIKABREEN	PART OF	124 12	TURNERBREEN, SCOTT		142 11
TOPPBREEN	PART OF	122 05	TURRSJØBREEN	PART OF	125 05
TOPPBREEN	SM GLAC	135	TUVBREEN	PART OF	124 20
TORELLBREEN			TVERRBREEN	PART OF	124 20
TORELLBREEN, AUSTRE			TVILLINGBREANE		131 16
TORELLBREEN, VESTRE			TVISTEGBREEN		132 09
TORGNYBREEN			TYDALSBREEN	SM GLAC	158
TORSFONNA NE	PART OF	172 15	TYNNTARMEN	PART OF	147 10
TORSFONNA NW	PART OF	172 13	TØYENBREEN	PART OF	158 04
			TÅBREEN	PART OF	167 31
					169 11
TRANSARENTBREEN	PART OF	172 12	UGGBREEN		167 17
TREDJEJBREEN			UGLEBREEN		165 13
TREKANTBREEN	PART OF	111 05	UJAMNBREEN	PART OF	153 19
TREKLØVERBREEN		157 06	ULVEBREEN		112 06
TRETÅBREEN	PART OF	162 11	UNIVERSITETSBREEN		167 31
TRINGABREEN	PART OF	124 12	URANUSISEN	PART OF	168 20
TRINITY HALLBREEN	PART OF	157 18	URBREEN		146 27
TRITOPPBREANE		158 13	URDIKOLLBREEN		135 33
TROLLBREEN	PART OF	172 06	URIABREEN	SM GLAC	158
TROMSØBREEN	SM GLAC	151	URNEBREEN	SM GLAC	124
TRONGSKARBREEN	PART OF	135 30			
TRONISEN		122 01			
TRUBREEN			URSAFONNA N	PART OF	173 08
TRYGGVEBREEN			URSAFONNA S	PART OF	173 10
			URSAFONNA W	PART OF	173 07

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
USHERBREEN		112 04	VENGBREEN		133 14
UVERSBUEREN		154 13	VEOBREEN		157 02
VAIGATTBREEN	PART OF	174 01	VETTERNBREEN		152 02
VALETTEBREEN	PART OF	123 03	VESALBREANE		
VALHALLFONNA E	PART OF	171 05	VESALBREEN, AUSTRE		151 11
VALHALLFONNA W	PART OF	171 01	VESALBREEN, VESTRE		151 12
VALHALLFONNA S	PART OF	172 01	VESTGOTABREEN	PART OF	152 05
VALLONBREEN	SM GLAC	133	VESTRE BROGGERBREEN		155 03
VALLOTBREEN	PART OF	132 33	VESTRE GRONFIORDBREEN	PART OF	141 09
VALLÅKRAABREEN		134 13	VESTRE LOGNEDALSBURE		131 06
VARDEBREEN	PART OF	141 04	VESTRE LOVÈNBREEN		155 05
VARDERYGGFONNA	PART OF	131 16	VESTRE TORELLBREEN		125 05
VARPBREEN		135 32	VESTRE VESALBREEN		151 12
VASLIEVBREEN		122 02	VESTJØKULEN	ICECAP	2
VASSBREEN		172 07	VETERANEN	PART OF	124 07
VASSDALSBREEN		136 38	VICTORBREEN	PART OF	172 06
VASSKILBREEN, NORDRE		168 10	VIFTEBREEN	PART OF	173 07
VASSKILBREEN, SØRE		168 11	VIGHBREEN	PART OF	147 10
VEGAFONNA:P.O.AUSTFONNA	ICECAP	2	VIKINGBREEN	PART OF	114 11
VEGARDBREEN		153 10	VIKSBUEREN	PART OF	222 01
VEGBREEN		136 16	VINDBREEN	PART OF	158 05
VEGSKARET	PART OF	172 06	VINDEGGBREEN	PART OF	132 14
VEIDEBREEN		311 20	VINKELBREEN	PART OF	115 03
VEITBREEN		143 19	VINTERVEGEN	PART OF	134 08
VENBREEN	PART OF	146 19	VITKOVSKIBREEN		153 12
VENDOMBREEN		143 12	VOGTBREEN		123 04
VENERNBREEN		152 03	VONBREEN		166 04
VENETZBREEN		132 28	VON POSTBREEN		164 06
			VRANGPEISBUEREN	PART OF	144 02
				PART OF	125 03

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
VRAÅBREEN		135 09	ØYDEBREEN	PART OF	122 02
VØRINGBREEN		141 05	ØYENBREEN		156 16
VÄGSBREEN		241 05	ØYFJELLBREEN	PART OF	162 10
WAGERBREEN	PART OF	173 10	ÅBREEN	114 02	
WAGGONWAYBREEN		157 18	ÅLBREEN	PART OF	169 18
WAHLENBERGBREEN		148 05	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA A	PART OF	172 02
WALDEMARBREEN		154 03	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA E	PART OF	172 03
WANDBREEN		144 01	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA E	PART OF	169 11
WERENSKIOLDBREEN		125 01	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA N	PART OF	
WERNERBREEN	SM GLAC	125	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA NE	PART OF	
WIBEBREEN		124 15	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA NW		169 10
WIEDERBREEN		123 06	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA SE	PART OF	172 06
WIENERBREEN	PART OF	124 20	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA SW	PART OF	169 01
WILLEBREEN		156 21	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA SW	PART OF	169 02
WILLYBREEN		322 05	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 06
WILNOBREEN	PART OF	132 14	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 03
WILSONBREEN	PART OF	111 05	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 04
WINSNESBREEN		222 04	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 05
WORSLEYBREEN		211 02	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 07
WOTHERSPOONBOTNEN	SM GLAC	145	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 08
YGGBREEN		167 25	ÅSGÅRDFFONNA W	PART OF	169 09
YTSTEBREEN		157 22	AAVATSMARKBREEN		154 04
ZAGRAISKISEN	PART OF	132 13			
ZAWADZKIBREEN		132 13			
ZIMMERBREEN	PART OF	133 10			
ØKSBREEN	PART OF	121 04			

GLACIERS OF JAN MAYEN



Beerenberg viewed from the northwest on 23 August 1949. Weyprechtbreen, the outlet glacier that emanates from a breach in the summit crater, has the largest calving front of all the Jan Mayen glaciers. Oblique aerial photograph No. JM490811 from Norsk Polarinstitutt, Oslo.

Jan Mayen is the northernmost island on the Mid-Atlantic Ridge, located at 71°N, 8°W. The island covers an area of 381 km² and consists of two types of landscape: Nord-Jan with the 2277 m high Beerenberg volcano cone, and Sør-Jan which is fairly flat and where the highest mountain is 769 m a.s.l. Jan Mayen is situated on the boundary between the cold East Greenland Current and the warm Atlantic currents in the Norwegian Sea. Meteorological observations since 1922 show that the climate is cool oceanic with a mean (1951-1980) annual temperature of -1.2°C near sea level and a mean (1963-1980) precipitation of 685 mm (Steffensen 1982). The island consists of young volcanic rocks. The most recent eruption occurred in 1970 when 3.6 km² of new land were formed in the sea (Siggerud 1972).

The glaciers are concentrated on the slopes of Beerenberg (Map 17) and cover 114 km², which is nearly 30% of the whole island. They can be divided into 20 separate ice streams. Some of the northwest-facing glaciers extend to sea level and calve into the sea. The mean glacier elevation is 850 m a.s.l. Mass balance investigations (Orheim 1976; Anda 1980) indicate that the equilibrium line altitude varies from about 600 m a.s.l. on the northwest-facing glaciers to about 900 m a.s.l. on southward-facing ones, probably due mainly to variations in the winter accumulation since precipitation is mostly carried on north-northwesterly winds (Steffensen 1982). The mass balance measurements were mainly carried out on Sørbreen and showed a winter balance of 1-2 m of water equivalents. There are large local variations resulting from wind drift and undulating surface topography. The high equilibrium line also explains why there are no glaciers on Sør-Jan. Supraglacial material covers large parts of the lower ablation areas of many of the glaciers on Nord-Jan.

The glaciers on Jan Mayen were first described by Vogt (1863). Later, Mohn (1878, 1882) published some descriptions of the glaciers. The first scientific expedition to Jan Mayen was carried out by Austria in 1882/83. Many of the glaciers were mapped and described and some flow measurements were made (Boldva 1886). In 1937, Sørbreen was mapped (Flint 1948), and in 1938 most of the glacier front positions were surveyed (Jennings 1939, 1948). The glaciers were later studied by Kinsman & Sheard (1963), Sheard (1965), and Dibben(1965). More recent investigations have been carried out by Orheim (1976) and Anda (1980).

Late Holocene glacier variations have been described by Fitch et al. (1962), Lamb et al. (1962) and Anda, Orheim & Mangerud (1985). According to these authors, the glaciers seem to have reached their maximum extension during the Little Ice Age around A.D. 1850. Glacier retreat began around 1910, which corresponds with the start of the recent retreat of the glaciers in Svalbard. The retreat ceased around 1950, when the glacier fronts were probably at their minimum positions in historic times. After 1950, the glaciers have advanced, but their activity culminated around 1960-65. Since then, the fronts seem to have been almost stable.

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IDENT	GLACIER NAME	LAT N		LONG E		ASPECT		CLASS	MOR	PHOTO T	AREA A (km^2)	LEN. (km)	ELEVATIONS M A.S.L.			VOL. (km 3)	NOTE			
		AC	AB	AC	AB	T	YR						MAX	MED	MIN	EQL				
011 01	SØRBRENN	71	021	8	114	S	SW	4302	44	F	75	15.00	1	8.7	75	2200	940	80	X900	3
011 02	KPR OLAVS BRE SW	71	028	8	168	SW	SW	0302	24	F	75	11.40	1	7.4	75	2240	860	440	X850	3
011 03	KERCKHOFFBREEN	71	038	8	184	W	W	4302	24	F	75	9.00	1	7.3	75	2200	860	280	X800	3
011 04	CHARCOTBREEN	71	050	8	180	W	W	4302	22	F	75	5.55	1	6.9	75	2240	880	40	X750	3
011 05	VESTISEN	71	055	8	166	W	W	0302	24	F	75	2.30	1	3.4	75	1500	860	540	X750	3
011 06	JORISBREEN	71	061	8	162	NW	NW	4302	29	F	75	3.30	1	6.0	75	2260	980	20	X700	3
011 07	HAMARBREEN	71	065	8	150	NW	NW	5302	40	F	75	2.25	1	4.7	75	1580	720	10	X650	3
011 08	WEYPRECHTBREEN	71	070	8	120	NW	NW	5343	20	F	75	8.90	1	6.8	75	2080	800	0	X600	3
011 09	GJUVBREEN	71	025	8	104	N	NW	5302	20	F	75	2.80	1	5.3	75	2100	660	0	X550	3
011 10	KJERULFBREEN	71	078	8	032	N	NW	4343	20	F	75	5.80	1	6.4	75	2140	900	0	X600	3
011 11	SVEND FOYNBREEN	71	080	8	066	N	NW	4343	20	F	75	2.60	1	4.6	75	1400	800	0	X650	3
011 12	KPRS MARTHAS BRE	71	028	8	028	NE	NE	0305	24	F	75	9.40	1	4.7	70	1320	710	420	X700	3
011 13	DUFFERINBREEN	71	066	8	018	E	E	4305	09	F	75	1.55	1	3.7	75	1500	920	400	X750	3
011 14	FRIELEBREEN	71	062	8	030	E	E	4353	20	F	75	2.80	1	5.0	75	1660	780	0	X700	3
011 15	PR HARALDS BRE	71	058	8	036	E	E	4353	20	F	75	3.50	1	5.3	75	2200	980	0	X700	3
011 16	GRIEBREEN	71	049	8	036	E	E	4103	20	F	75	4.95	1	5.1	75	2160	830	10	X750	3
011 17	WILLEBREEN	71	042	8	042	E	E	4102	20	F	75	5.50	1	5.9	75	2160	900	0	X800	3
011 18	PETERSEN BREEN	71	033	8	036	SE	E	4302	22	F	75	5.35	1	5.5	75	1620	820	230	X850	3
011 19	FOTHERBYBREEN	71	023	8	008	SE	SE	4302	24	F	75	9.00	1	7.2	75	2140	820	300	X850	3
011 20	WARDBREEN	71	023	8	034	S	SE	4302	22	F	75	3.25	1	5.7	75	2200	1010	550	X900	3

28 glaciers < 1 km 2 A = 12.30 km 2 SUMMARIES

IDENT	BASIN NAME	BASIN AREA km^2	NUMBER OF GLACIERS	TOTAL GLACIER AREA km^2	GLACIER COVER %	MEAN GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL		
							%	GLACIER ELEVATION MASL	CLIMATIC EQUILIBRIUM LINE MASL
011	JAN MAYEN	381	48	117	30	850	740		

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE GLACIERS OF JAN MAYEN (N 4W0)

NAME	REMARK	IDENT	NAME	REMARK	IDENT
CHARCOTBREEN		011 04	KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE SE	PART OF	011 19
CLARKEBREEN	PART OF	011 17	KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE SW	PART OF	011 02
DUFFERINBREEN		011 13	KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE W	PART OF	011 03
FOTHERBYBREEN		011 19	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE		
FOYNBREEN, SVEND		011 11	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE NE		011 12
FRIELEBREEN		011 14	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE NW	PART OF	011 11
GJUVBREEN		011 09	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE S	PART OF	011 14
GRIEGBREEN		011 16	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE E	PART OF	011 13
HAMARBREEN		011 07	KRONPRINSESSE MARTHAS BRE W	PART OF	011 10
HARALDSBRE, PRINS	PART OF	011 15	PETERSEN BREEN		011 18
ISBRODDFONNA		011 08	PRINS HARALDS BRE		011 15
JORISBREEN		011 06	SIGURDBREEN	PART OF	011 12
KERCKHOFFBREEN		011 03	SMITHBREEN	PART OF	011 12
KJERULFBREEN		011 10	SVEND FOYNBREEN		011 11
KLOSTERISEN	PART OF	011 16	SØRBREEN		011 01
KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE			VESTISEN		011 05
KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE C	PART OF	011 01	WARDBREEN		011 20
KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE CE	PART OF	011 20	WEYPRECHTBREEN		011 08
KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE E	PART OF	011 18	WILLEBREEN		011 17
KRONPRINS OLAVS BRE NE	PART OF	011 17			

MAPS

GLACIER ATLAS

SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN

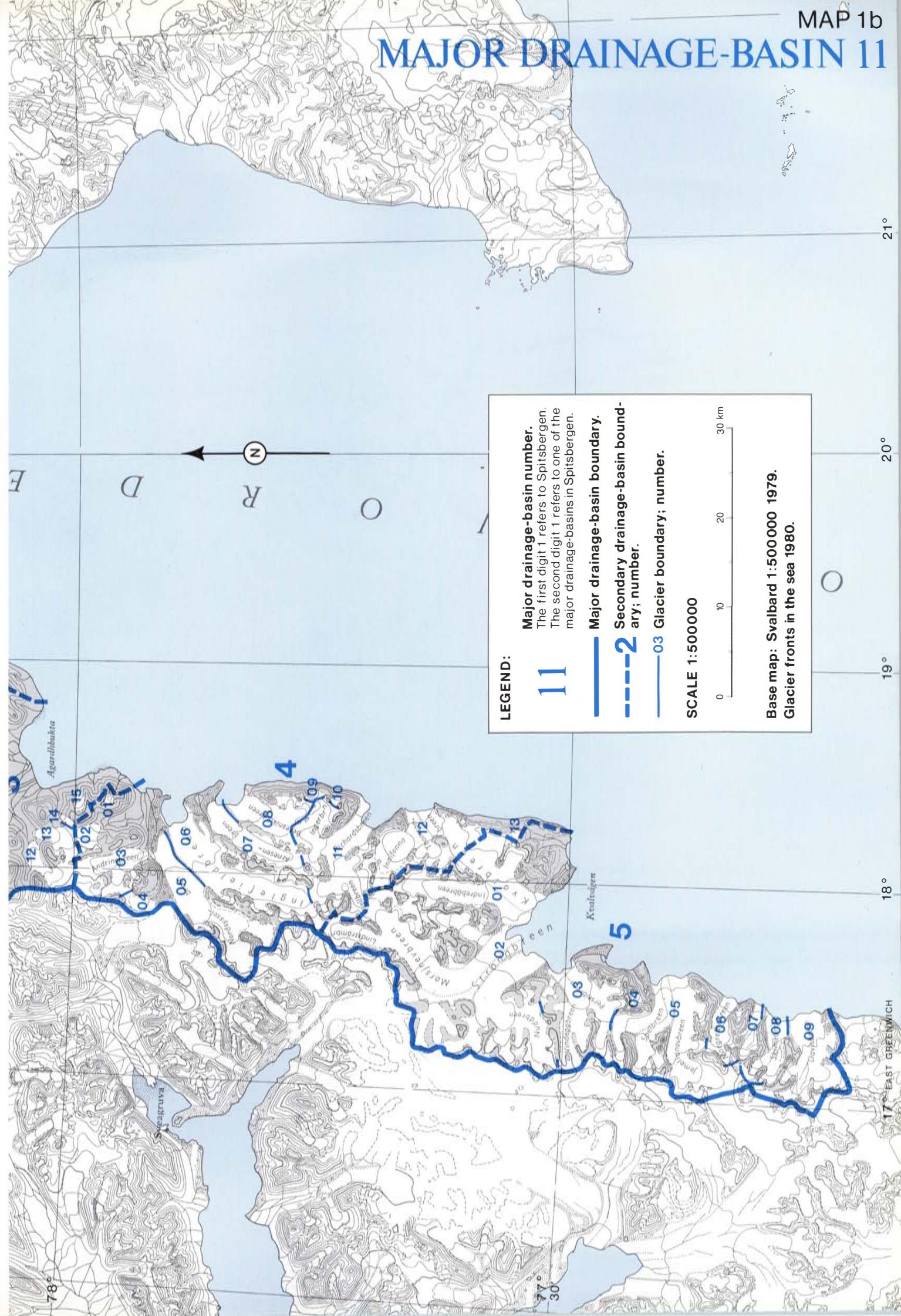


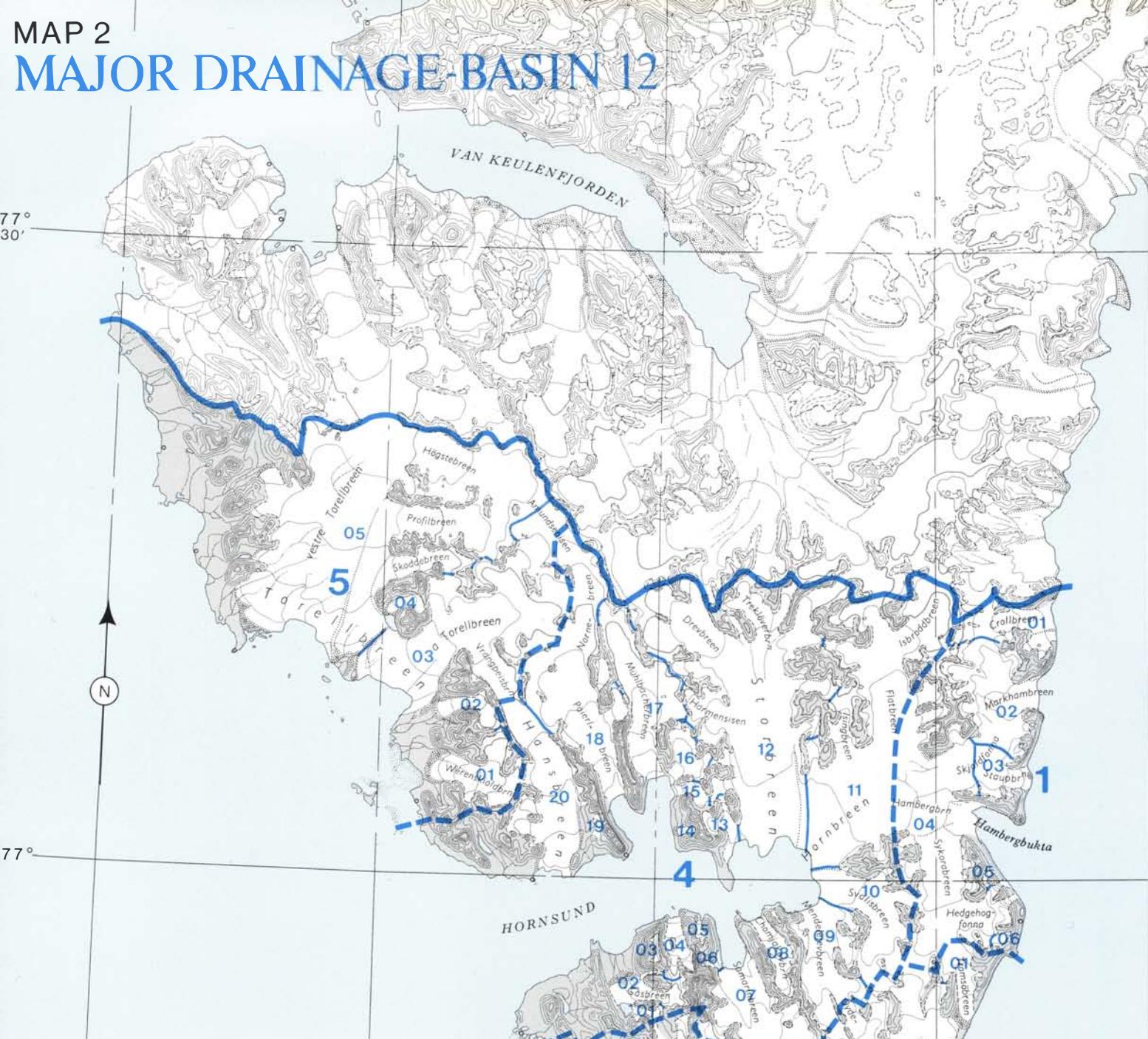
MAP 1a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN II



MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 11





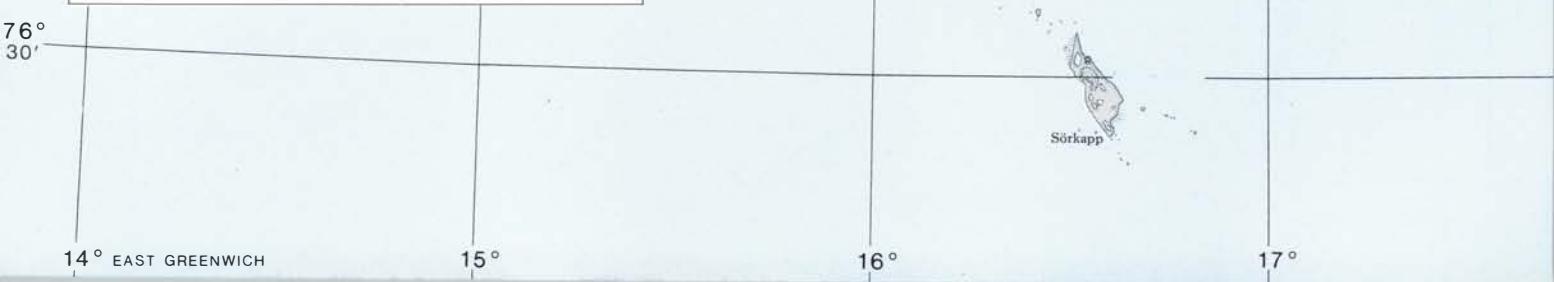
LEGEND:

- 12** Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 1 refers to Spitsbergen.
The second digit 2 refers to one of the major drainage-basins in Spitsbergen.
- Major drainage-basin boundary.
- - - 2** Secondary drainage-basin boundary; number.
- 03** Glacier boundary; number.

SCALE 1:500000

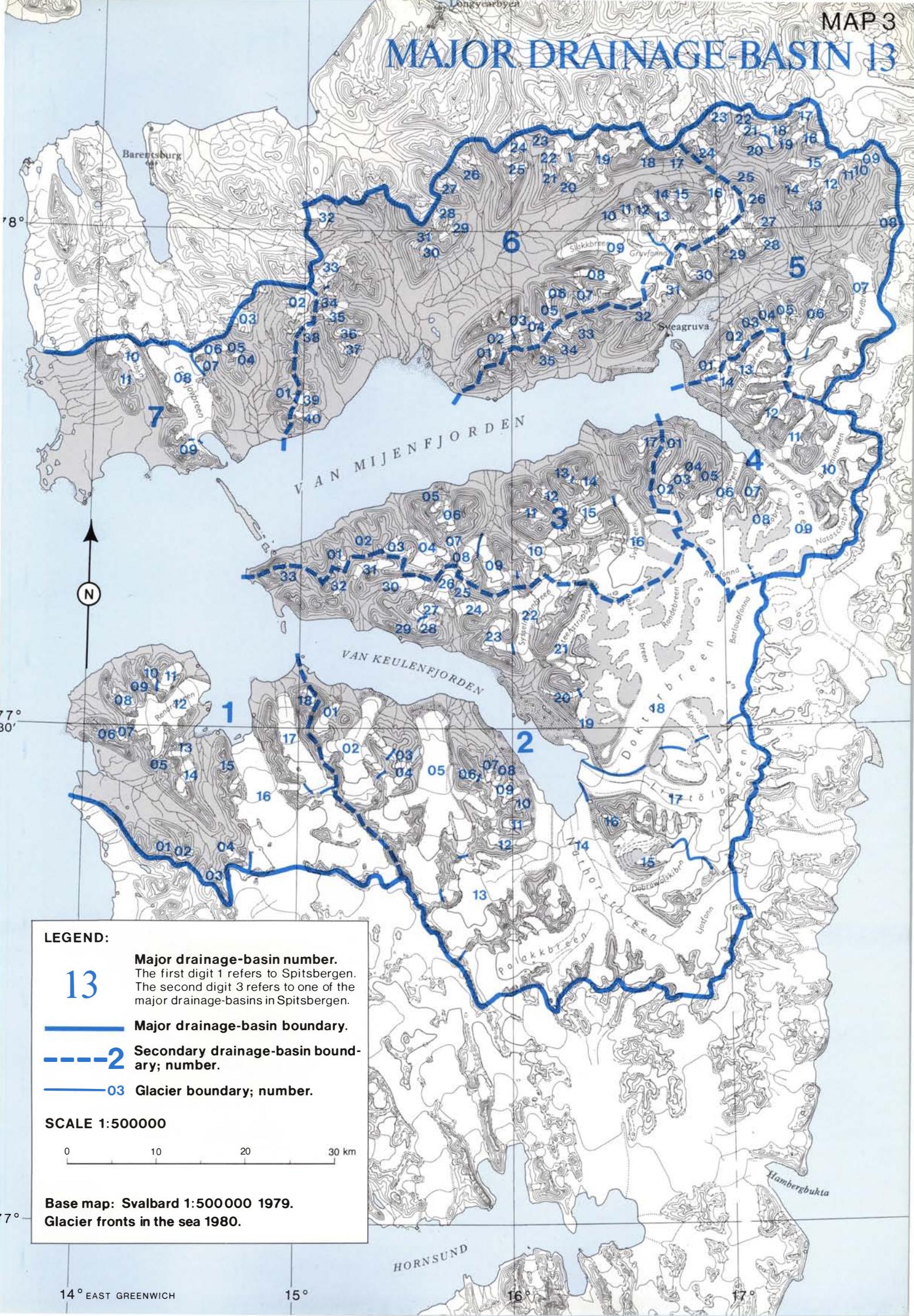
0 10 20 30 km

Base map: Svalbard 1:500 000 1979.
Glacier fronts in the sea 1980.



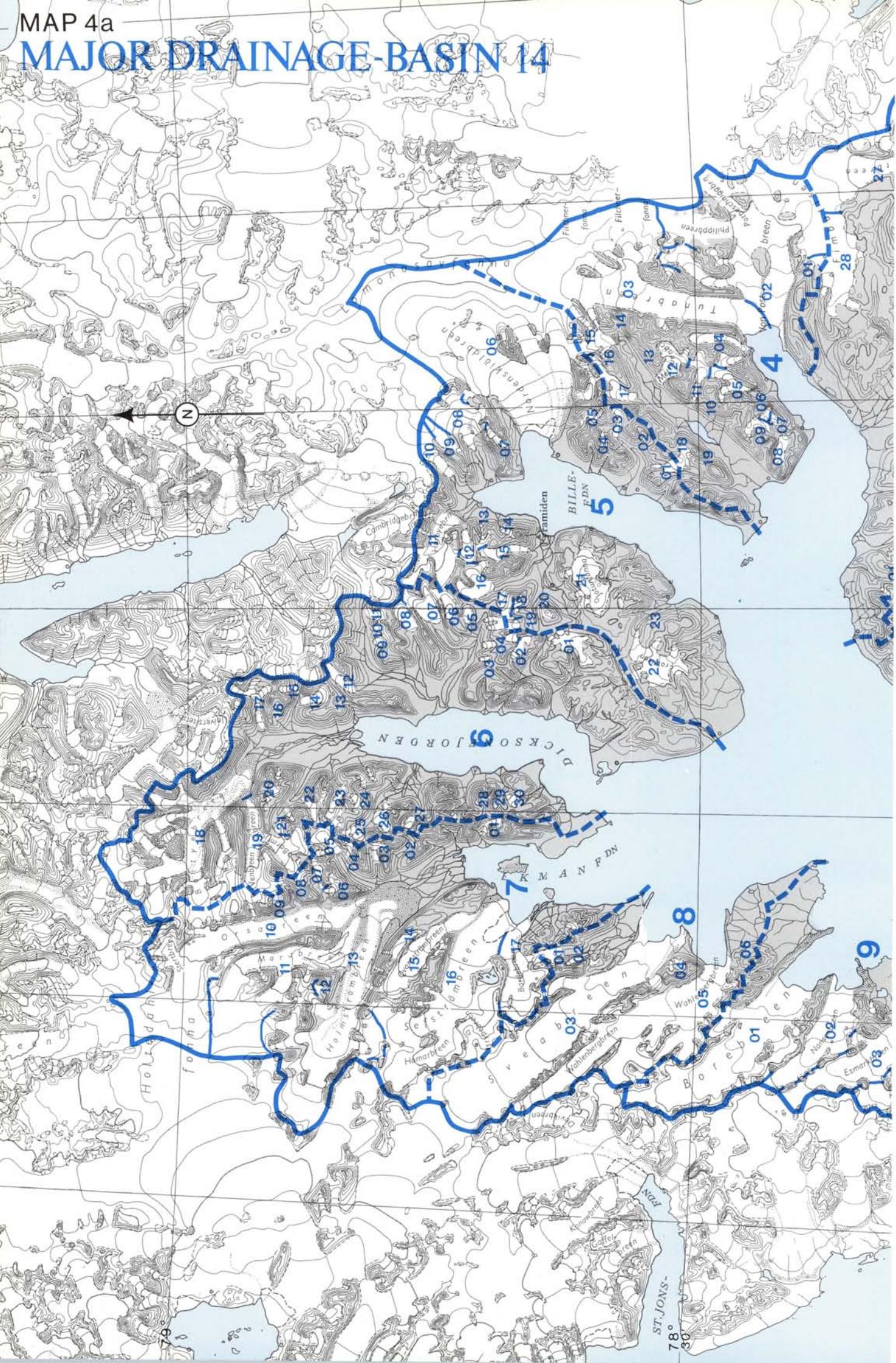
MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 13

MAP 3

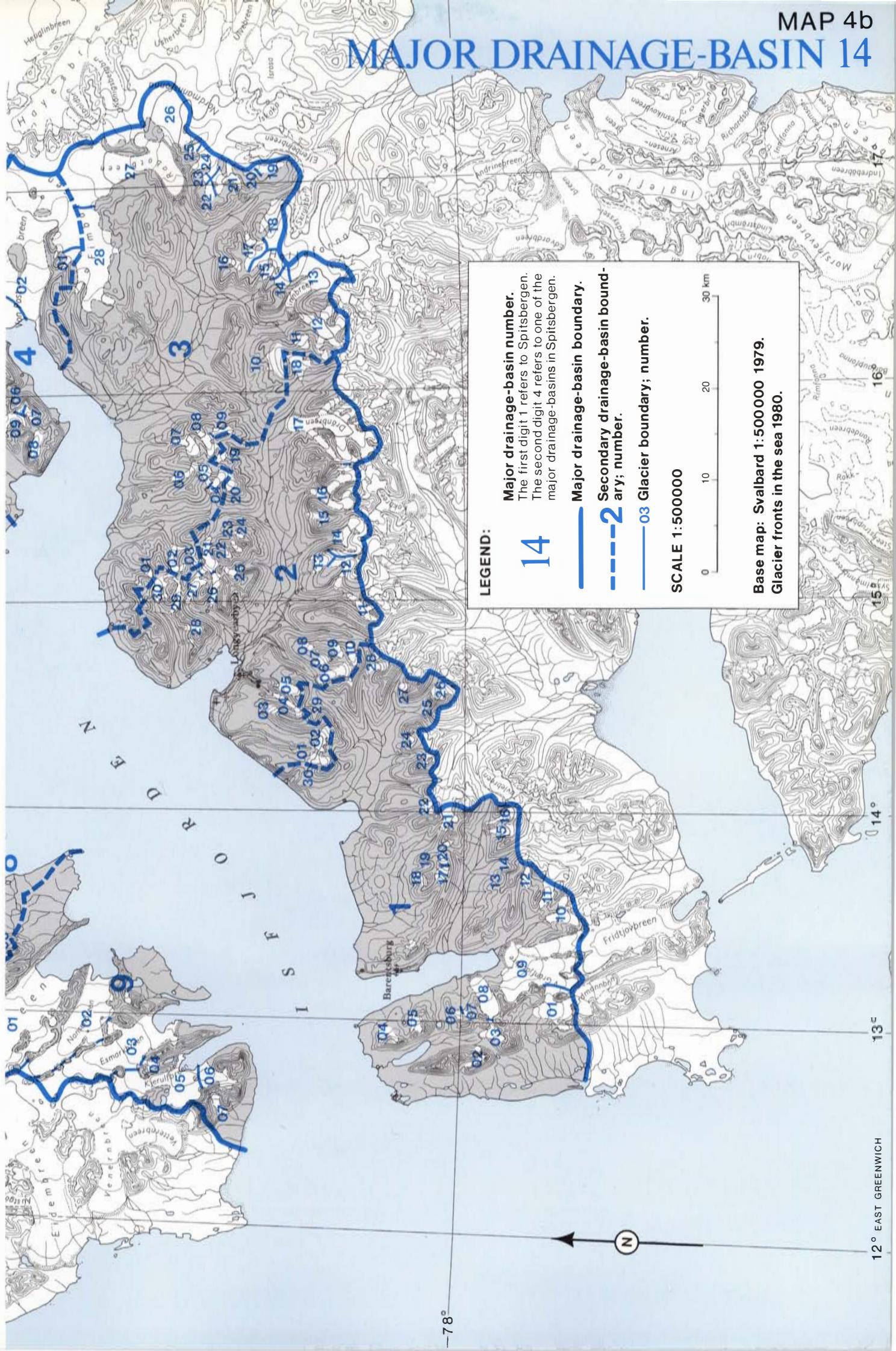


MAP 4a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 14

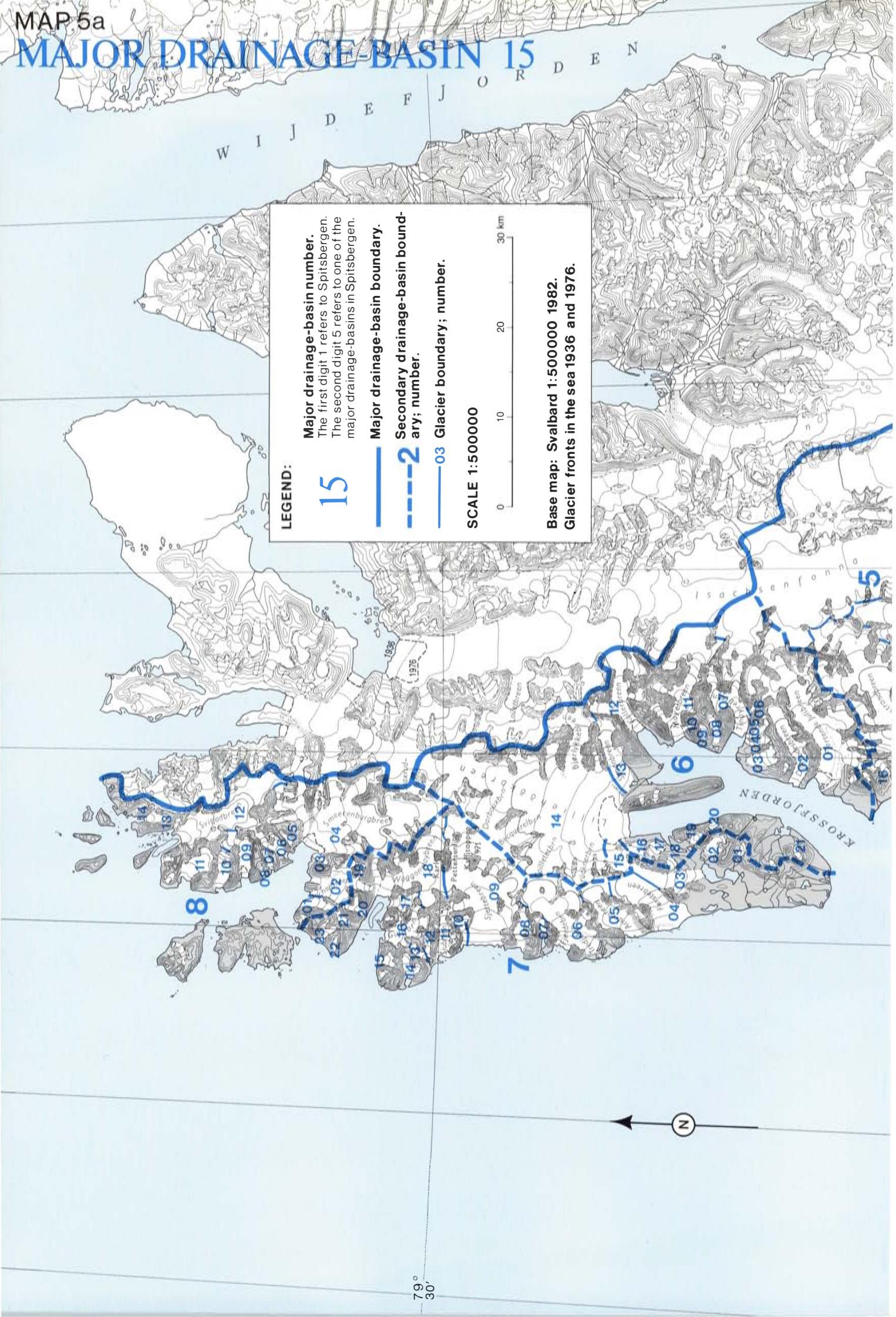


MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 14



MAP 5a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 15



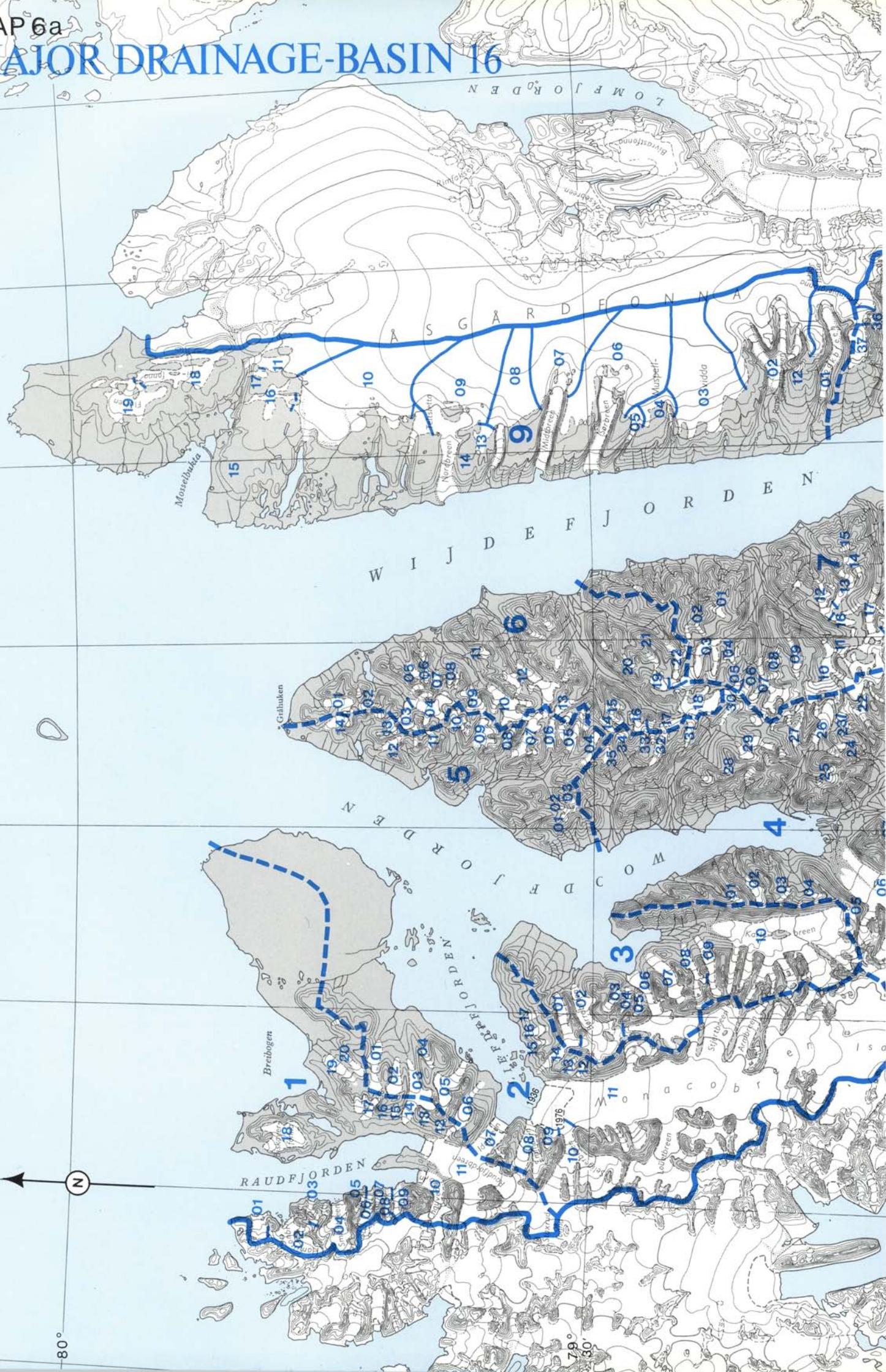
MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 15

MAP 5b

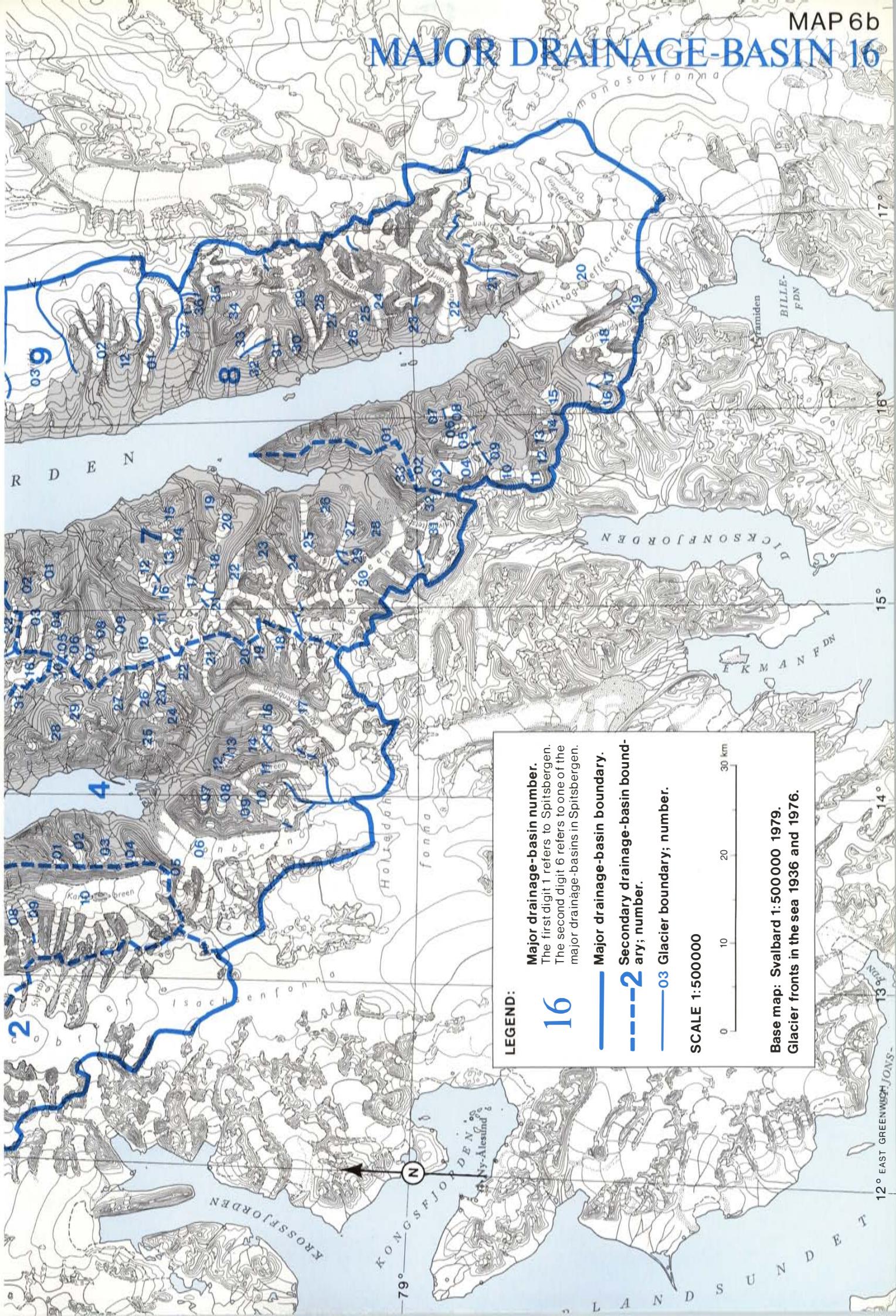


MAP 6a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 16



MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 16



MAP 7a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 17

LEGEND:

Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 1 refers to Spitsbergen.
The second digit 7 refers to one of the
major drainage-basins in Spitsbergen.

17

Major drainage-basin boundary.

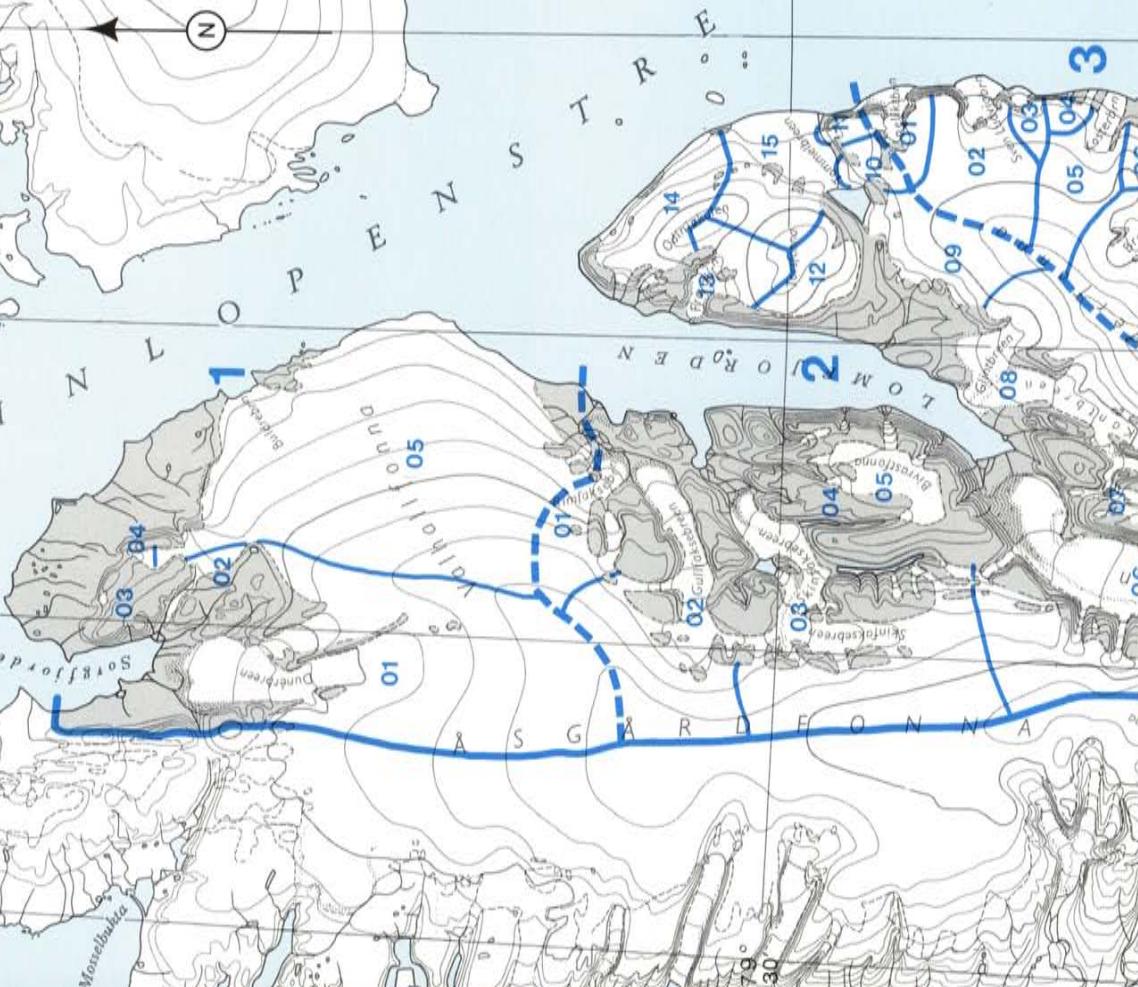
2 Secondary drainage-basin bound-
ary; number.

3 Glacier boundary; number.

SCALE 1:500000

0 10 20 30 km

Base map: Svalbard 1:5000000 1982 and 1987.



80°

Mosjøbukta

79°

78°

77°

76°

75°

74°

73°

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 17



MAP 8a

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN: 21

LEGEND:

21

Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 2 refers to Nordaustlandet. The second digit 1 refers to one of the major drainage-basins in Nordaustlandet.

- Major drainage-basin boundary.**
- - - 2 Secondary drainage-basin boundary; number.**
- 03 Glacier boundary; number.**

SCALE 1:500 000

0 10 20 30 km

Base map: Svalbard 1:500 000 1987.
Glacier fronts in the sea 1976.

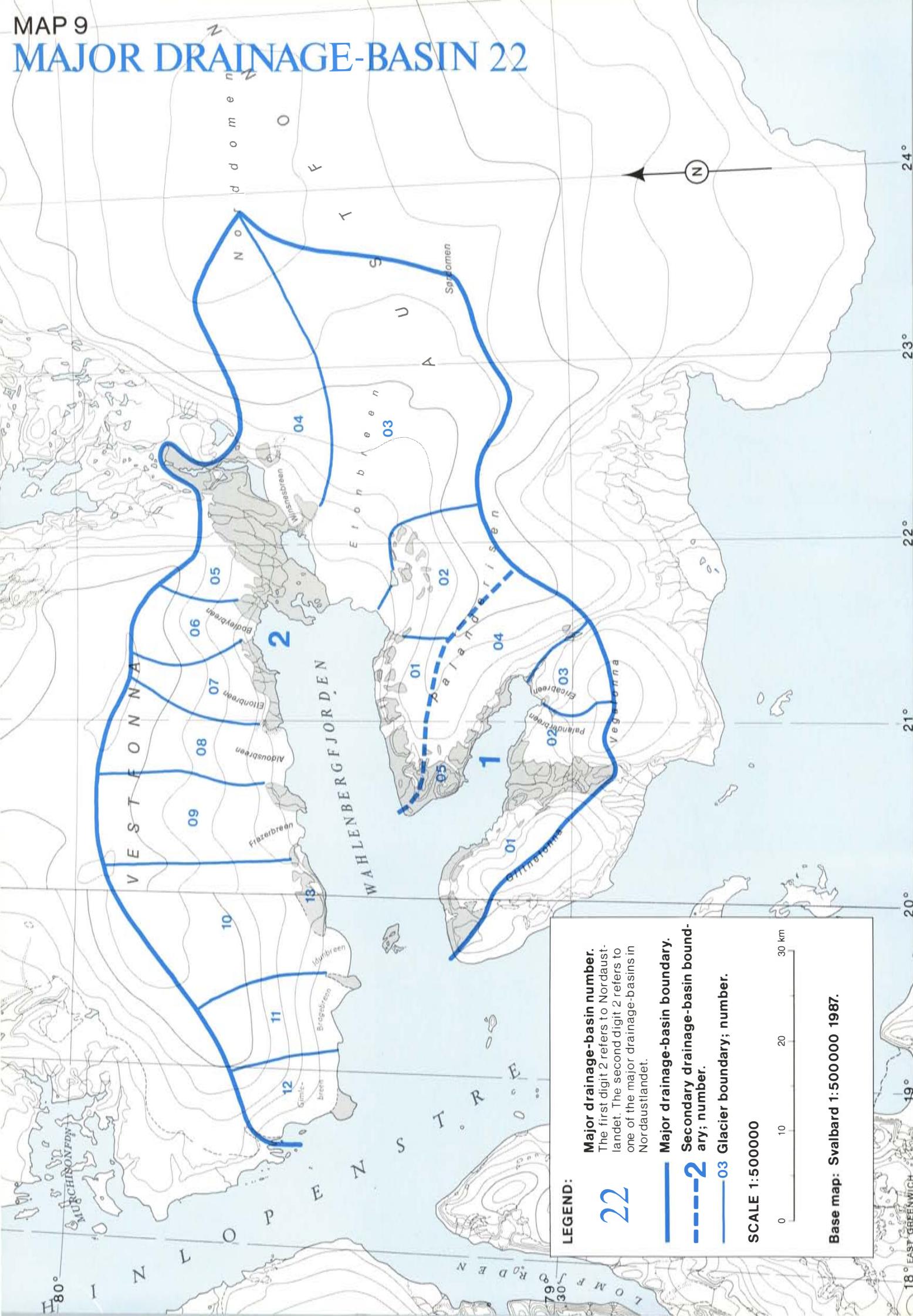


MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 21



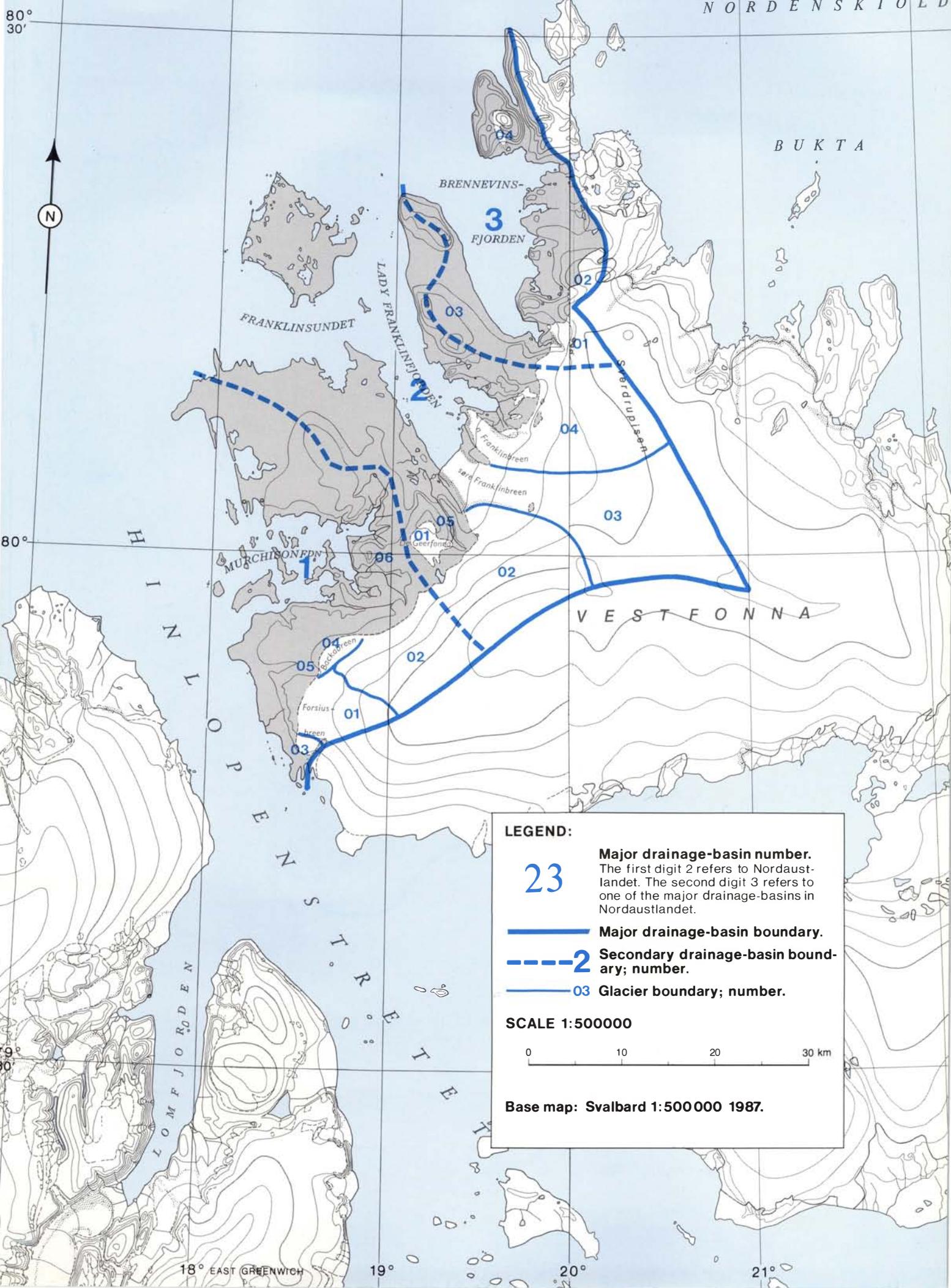
MAP 9

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 22



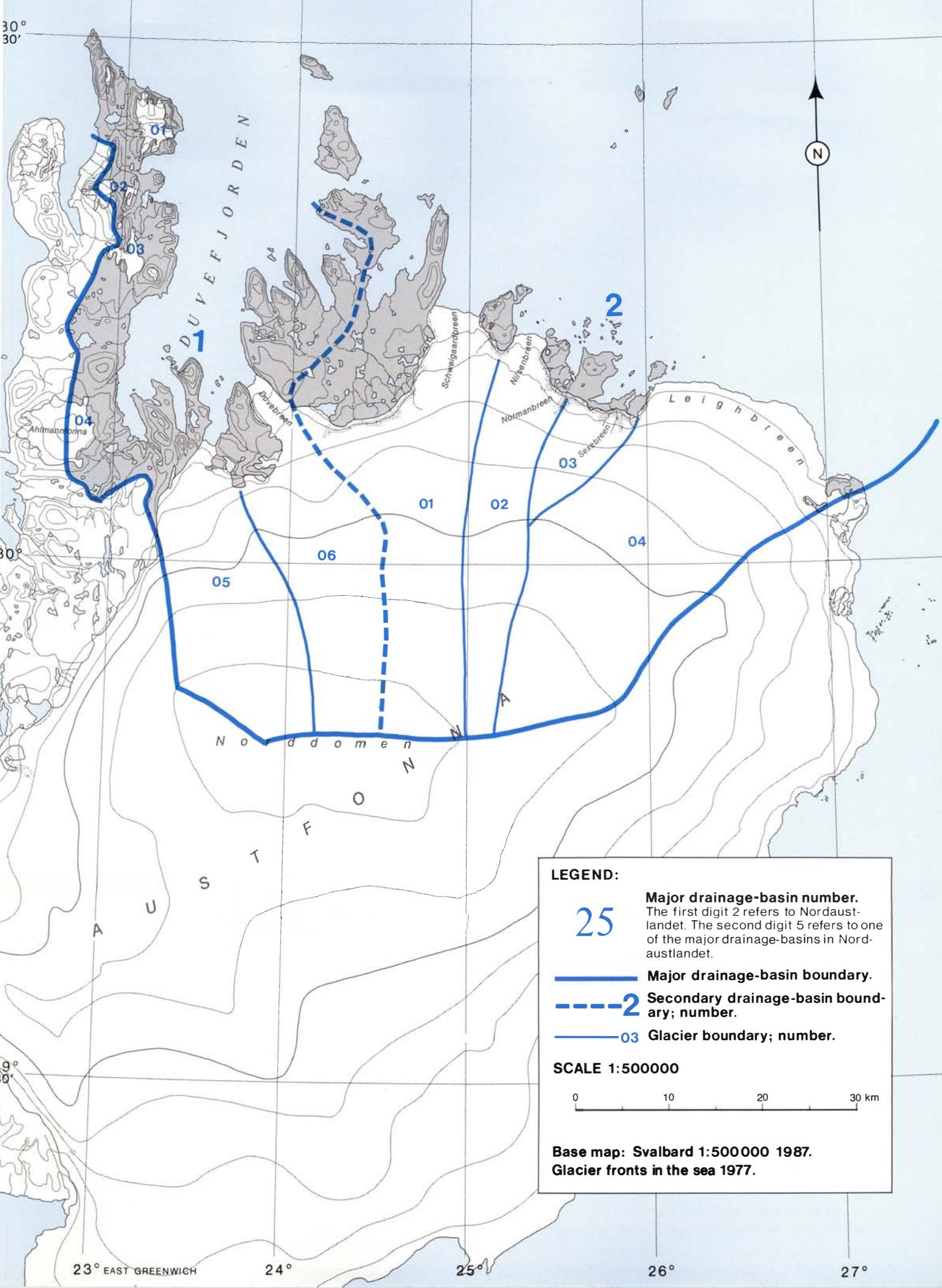
MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 23

N O R D E N S K I Ø L D

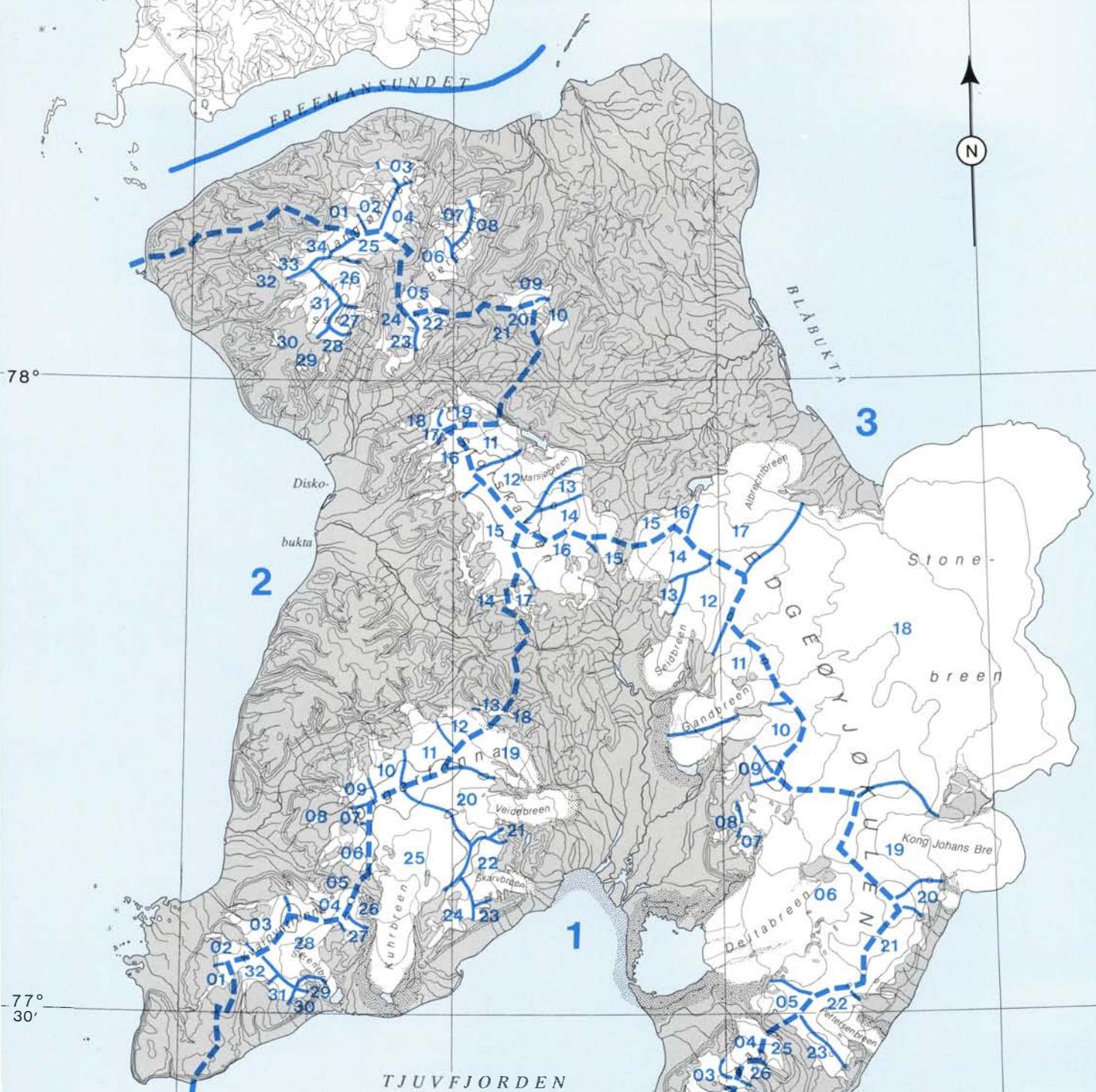




MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 25



MAP 13
MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 31



LEGEND:

- 31** Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 3 refers to Edgeøya and Barentsøya. The second digit 1 refers to Edgeøya.
- Major drainage-basin boundary.
- - - 2 Secondary drainage-basin boundary; number.
- 03 Glacier boundary; number.

SCALE 1:500000

0 10 20 30 km

Base map: Svalbard 1:500 000 1988.
Glacier fronts in the sea 1971.

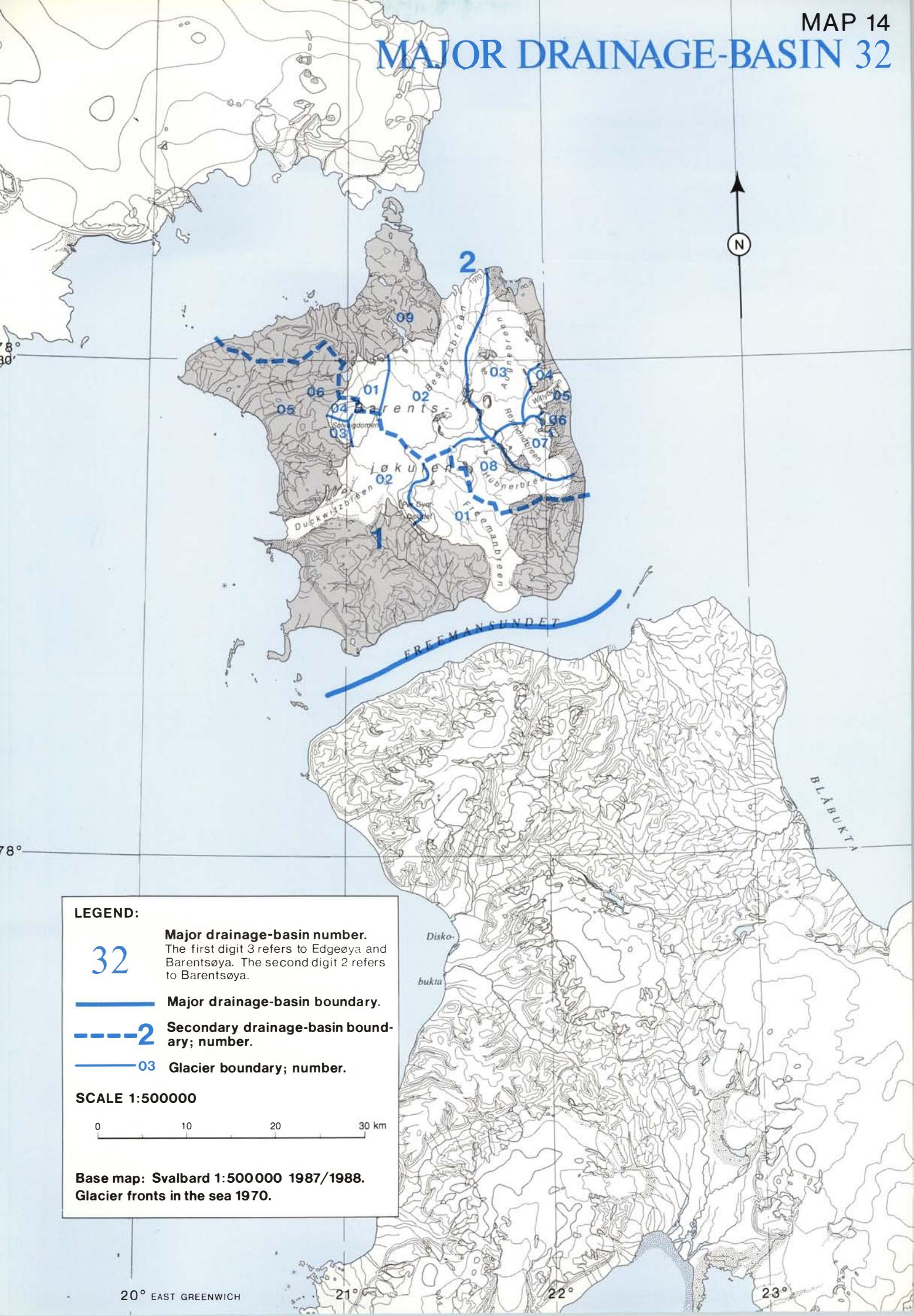
21° EAST GREENWICH

22°

23°

24°

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 32



MAP 15

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 41

LEGEND:

41

Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 4 refers to Kong Karls Land. The second digit 1 refers to the drainage-basin.

— 03 Glacier boundary; number.

SCALE 1:500000

Base map: Svalbard 1:500000 1987.



K O N G

Svenskøya

04

05



Abeløya

26° EAST GREENWICH

27°

28°

29°

30°

MAP 16

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 51



80°

32° EAST GREENWICH

33°

34°

35°

36°

LEGEND:

51

Major drainage-basin number.
The first digit 5 refers to Kvítøya. The second digit 1 refers to the drainage-basin.

SCALE 1:500000

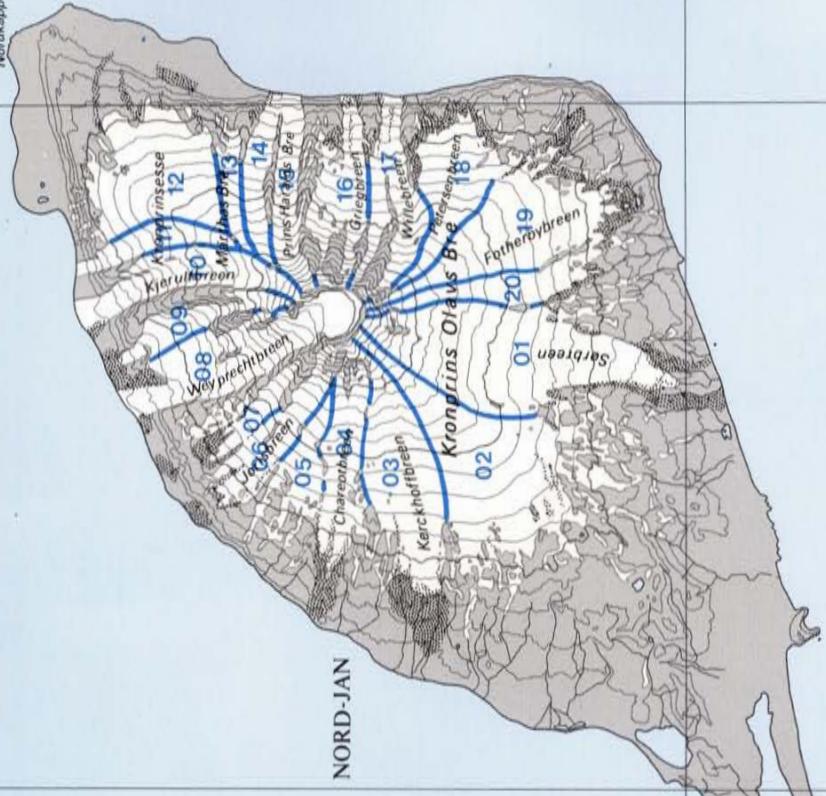
Base map: Svalbard 1:500 000 1979.
Glacier fronts in the sea 1980.

MAJOR DRAINAGE-BASIN 01

Nordkapp



8°



JAN MAYEN

Olonkinbyen

SØR-JAN

Senkapp

8° 30'

9° WEST GREENWICH

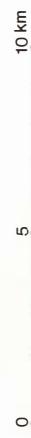
LEGEND:

01 Major drainage-basin number.

The first digit 0 refers to Jan Mayen.
The second digit 1 refers to the
draining-basin. In Jan Mayen the whole
island is one drainage-basin.

03 Glacier boundary; number.

SCALE 1:2000000



Base map: Compiled from Jan Mayen 1:200000
Glacier fronts in the sea 1975.

-71°

70°
50'

