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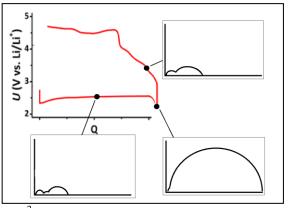
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IMPEDANCE PERSPECTIVES ON LI-AIR BATTERY OVERPOTENTIALS

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Lithium-air batteries have attracted much attention in recent years because of a potentially high specific energy density and experiments with flat electrodes show that the intrinsic electrochemistry of Lithium-air batteries has a very low overpotential¹. In real batteries with a porous electrode, the observed overpotentials are, however, significantly larger². The origin of the overpotentials at especially sudden death and during charge has been heavily debated in the literature. Among others, arguments proposed are



based on modeling¹, DEMS measurements², in-situ TEM³, and conductivity measurements using a redox-mediator combined with ex-situ characterization methods like FTIR and Raman⁴.

In this presentation, a series of electrochemical impedance spectra measured at different states of charge and current densities will be used to analyze three states of the Lithium-air battery electrochemistry; The discharge plateau, sudden death and the initial stage of the charging process.

By combining the measurements with previous results presented by Bryan D. McCloskey and Alan C. Luntz et *al.* (ref. 1, 2 and 5 among others), the internal resistance in the battery is related to the measured overpotential. This relation is essential to understand the reactions inside the battery.

References:

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- [3] Shao-Horn et al., Nano letters 2013, 13, 2209–2214
- [4] Bruce et al., Nature chemistry **2013**, *5*, 489-494
- [5] Luntz et al., JPCL 2013, 4, 3494-3499