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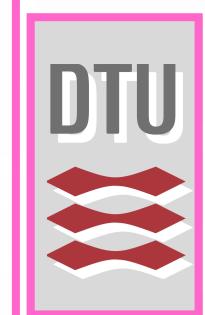
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Tailoring the structure and the properties of pyrolysed carbon electrodes



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Introduction

- Carbon 3D micro and nano electrodes can be fabricated using a carbon MEMS technique in a very simple high-yield process. Although not all polymers can be used as carbon precursors, carbonizable polymers are are typically much less expensive than metals used in thin film metal electrode fabrication.
- Possibility to explore many polymers to tune the physical, microstructural, and electrical/electrochemical properties of carbon electrodes in different fields.



Here we present a study with pyrolysed carbon derived from the photoresist SU-8, polystyrene and polystyrene-blockpolydimethylsiloxane copolymers to evaluate them as electrode material.

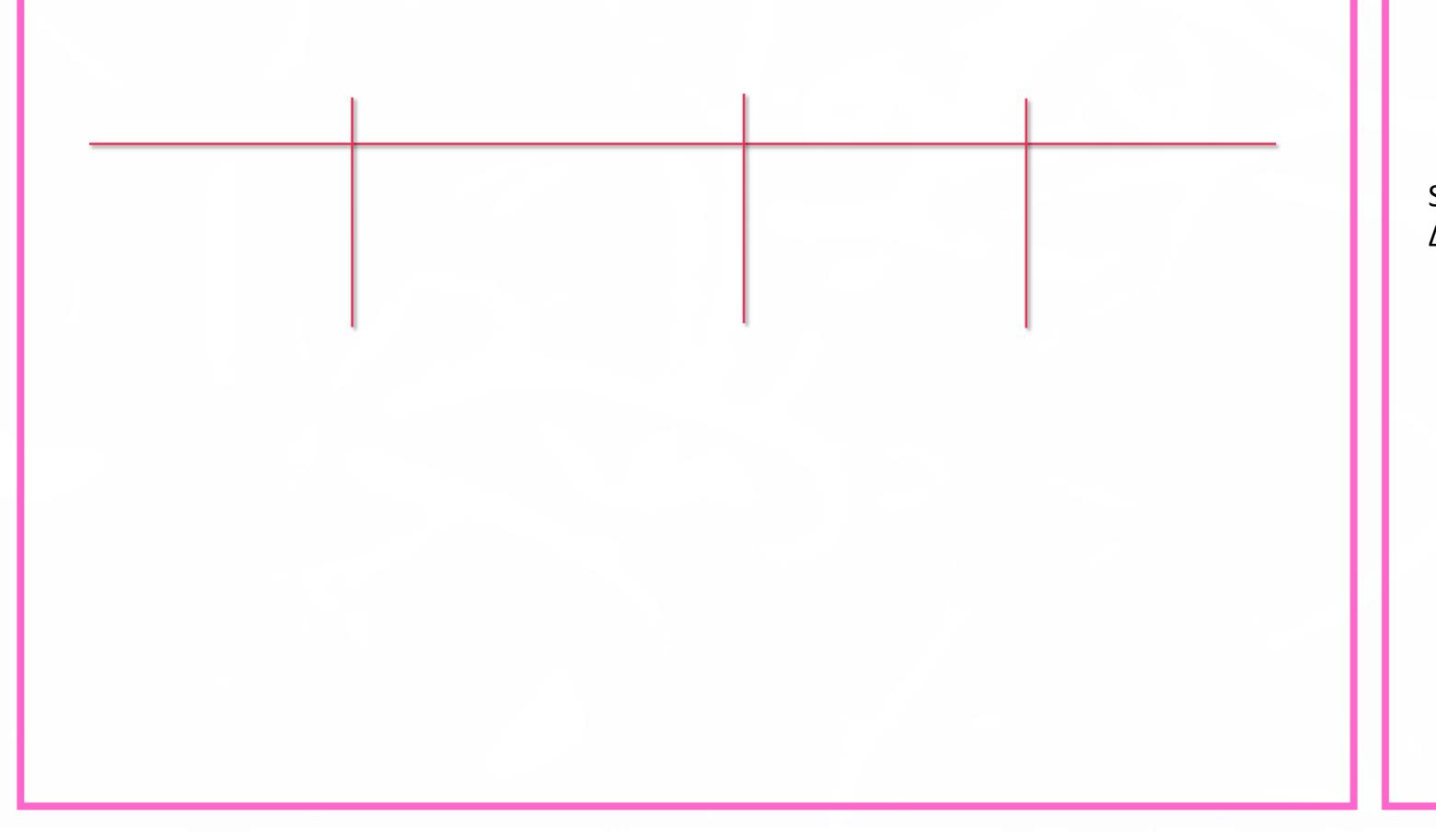
Raman Spectroscopy

SEM images of pyrolysed polystyrene (PS) and polystyrene-blockpolydimethylsiloxane (PS-PDMS).

Thermal Gravimetric Analysis

X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy

Determination of the standard rate constant for electron transfer



Standard rate constant for electron transfer (k^0) values calculated from the experimental ΔE_n of the CVs obtained at scan rate of 10 mV s⁻¹.