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Optimizing Reliability using BECAS - an Open-Source Cross Section Analysis Tool

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Optimizing Reliability using BECAS an Open-Source Cross Section Analysis Tool

 $f(x+\Delta x) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\Delta x)^{i}}{i!} f^{i}$

 \diamond

Robert D. Bitsche and José P. Blasques

The Wind Power Day 2012: Optimizing Reliability 11 June 2012

www.becas.dtu.dk

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Optimizing Reliability



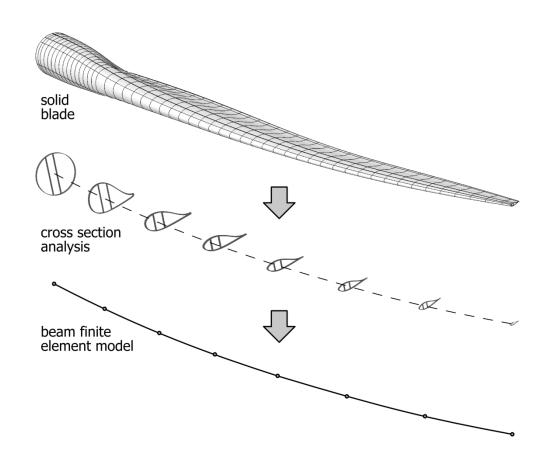
- Many components of a wind turbine are designed based on loads that are derived using an aeroelastic model of the turbine (e.g. HAWC2).
- Underestimating the real loads will lead to premature failure!
- The aeroelastic model usually relies on beam theory to describe various parts of the turbine.
- In case of the blades, determining the parameters of the beam model proves difficult.
- This is due to:

 complex geometry
 multiple, arbitrarily oriented, anisotropic materials
 coupling stiffness terms
 coupling stiffness terms
 real structure
 beam model
 aeroelastic model
 loads

BECAS an Open-Source Cross Section Analysis Tool

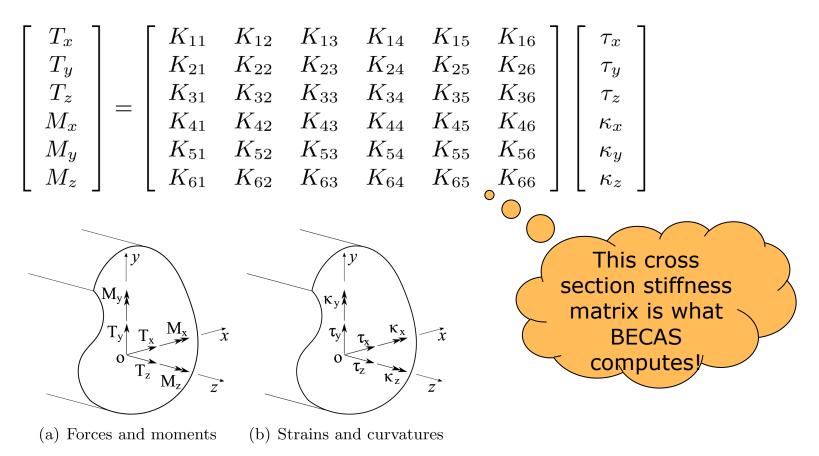


- BECAS is a general purpose cross section analysis tool.
- BECAS determines the stiffness and mass properties of an arbitrary beam cross section, while accounting for all the geometrical and material induced couplings.
- BECAS is based on the theory originally presented by Giavotto et al.⁽¹⁾
- BECAS was developed by José Pedro Blasques (DTU Wind Energy) and Boyan Lazarov (DTU Mechanical Engineering).



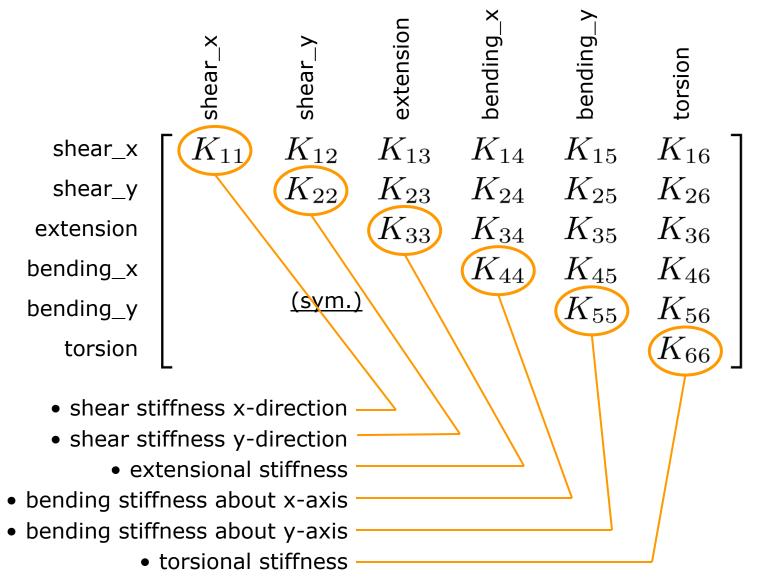


For a linear elastic beam there exists a linear relation between the vector of cross section forces and moments θ , and the resulting strains and curvatures ψ :



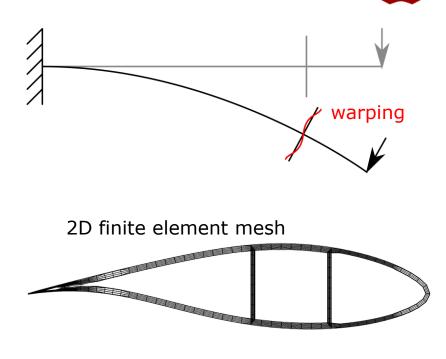
$oldsymbol{ heta} = \mathbf{K} oldsymbol{\psi}$





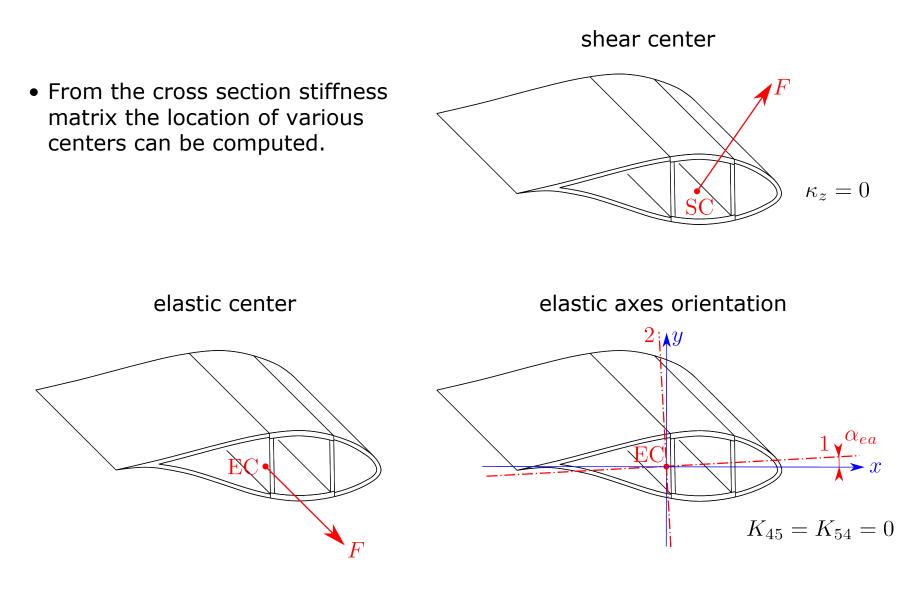
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- It is assumed that the cross section deformation is defined by a superimposition of the rigid body motions and warping deformations.
- The cross section is discretized using two dimensional finite elements to interpolate the 3D warping deformations.
- Application of the principle of virtual work yields the finite element form of the cross section equilibrium equations.
- These equations allow to determine the resulting vector of strains and curvatures for a given vector of cross section forces and moments.
- If 6 vectors of strains and curvatures are determined for 6 "unit loads", the 6x6 cross section stiffness matrix K can be determined.



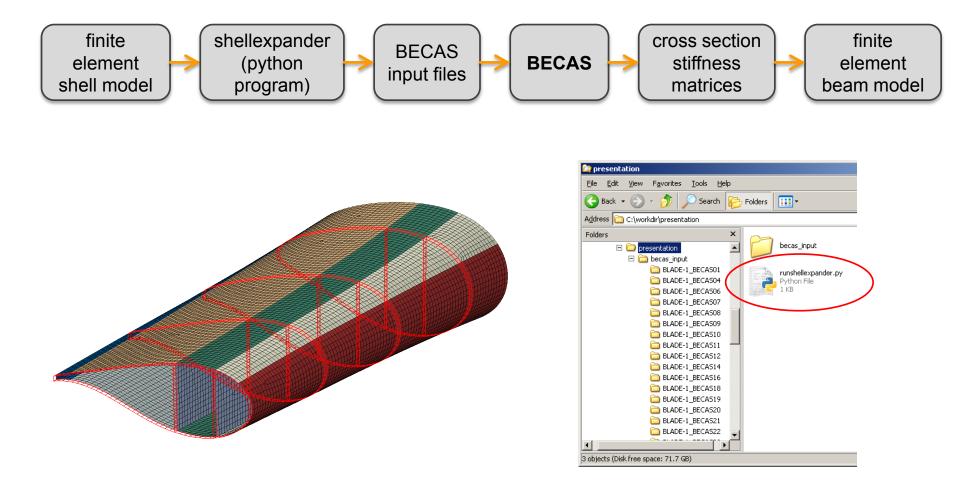
cross section equilibrium equations

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{E}\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial z} + \mathbf{R}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} = 0\\ \mathbf{R}^T \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial z} + \mathbf{A}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} \end{cases}\\ \begin{cases} \mathbf{E}\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{R}\boldsymbol{\psi} = (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}^T)\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial z} + \mathbf{L}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z}\\ \mathbf{R}^T \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\psi} = -\mathbf{L}^T \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial z} + \boldsymbol{\theta} \end{cases}$$





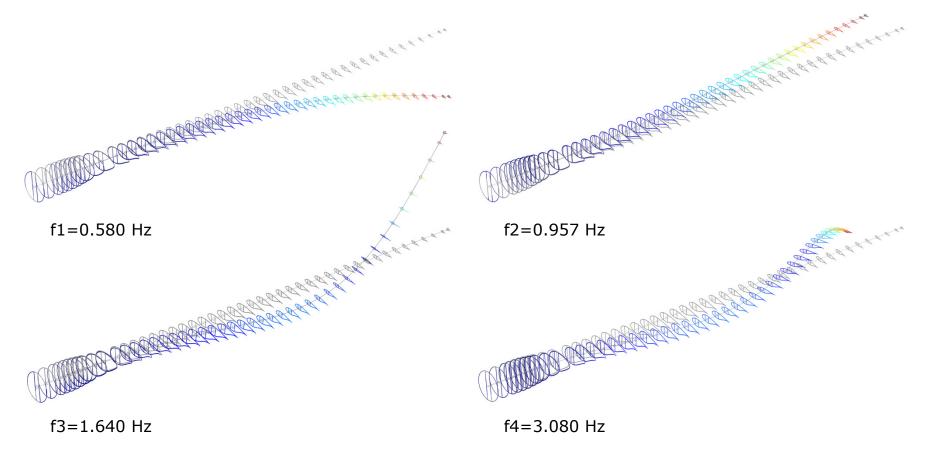
Example: Analysis of a Wind Turbine Blade





Example: Analysis of a Wind Turbine Blade

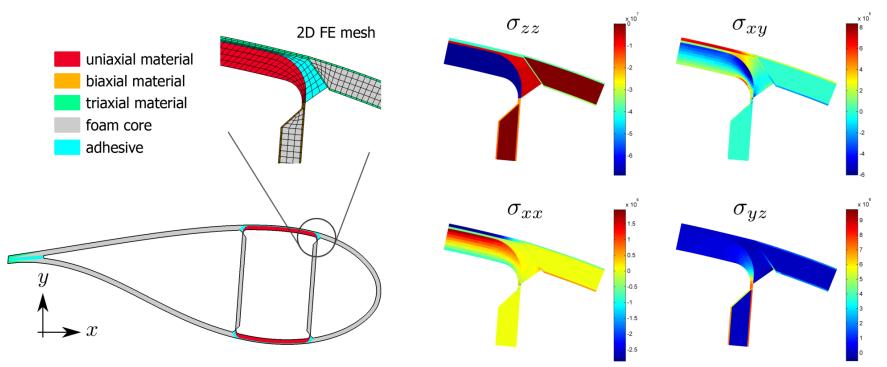
• Eigenfrequencies obtained from the BECAS-based beam model match the results from the original finite element shell model.





Outlook: Stress Recovery

• The cross section forces and moments coming from a beam model can be used to compute the local 3D stresses for each cross section.

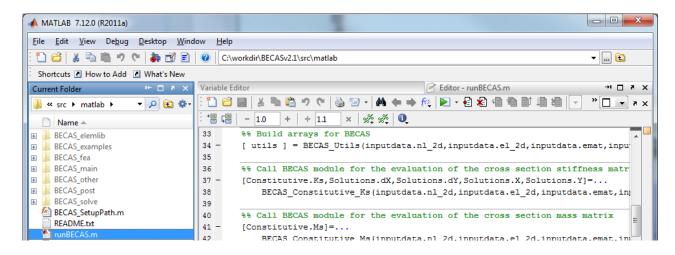


- In the process of being validated.
- Will be part of a future release of BECAS.

DTU

Why choose BECAS?

- Many other cross section analysis tools are available why choose BECAS?
 - BECAS is open source! It is distributed as Matlab[®] source code.
 - Alternatively it is available as a compiled version, which does not require a Matlab license.
 - The BECAS license is free of charge for academic use.
 - BECAS has been validated extensively and comes with a comprehensive user's manual.
 - BECAS is fast, when used with the free SuiteSparse package.
 - Integrated with HAWC2





Thank you.

Further information?

BECAS Webpage: www.becas.dtu.dk

Mail: <u>BECAS-DTUWind@dtu.dk</u>

12 **DTU Wind Energy, Technical University of Denmark**

BECAS - an open-source cross 6/10/2012 section analysis tool

Literature

- (1) Giavotto V., Borri M., Mantegazza P., Ghiringhelli G., Carmaschi V., Maffiolu G.C., Mussi F., *Anisotropic beam theory and applications*, Composite Structures, (16)1-4, 403-413, 1983
- (2) Blasques J. P., User's Manual for BECAS v2.0 A cross section analysis tool for anisotropic and inhomogeneous beam sections of arbitrary geometry, DTU-RISØ, Technical Report RISØ-R 1785, 2011
- (3) Blasques J. P., Stolpe M., *Multi-material topology optimization of laminated composite beam cross sections*, Composite Structures, Available online 10 May 2012, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.compstruct.2012.05.002.