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(54) **STABILIZED REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE FUSION PROTEINS**

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CPC **C12N 9/1276** (2013.01); **C12P 19/34** (2013.01); **C12Y 207/07049** (2013.01); **C07K 2319/00** (2013.01); **C07K 2319/24** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins including a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein are described. Attaching the stabilizer protein to the thermostable reverse transcriptase stabilizes the fusion protein and can aid in its purification, provide increased solubility, allow for longer storage, or allow the fusion protein to be used under more rigorous conditions such as higher temperature. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can also include a linker between the stabilizer protein and the thermostable reverse temperature. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins are suitable for use in nucleic acid amplification methods such as the reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction and other applications involving cDNA synthesis.

12 Claims, 24 Drawing Sheets

Specification includes a Sequence Listing.

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1 MKIEEGKLV I WINGDKGYNG LAEVGKKFEK DTGIKVTVEH PDKLEEKFPQ VAATGDGPDI
61 IFWAHDRFGG YAQSGLLAEI TPDKAFQDKL YPFTWDAVRY NGKLIAYPIA VEALSLEYNK
121 DLLPNPPKTW EEIPALDKEL KAKGKSALMF NLQEPYFTWP LIAADGGYAF KYENKDYDIK
181 DVGVDNAGAK AGLTFLVDLI KNKHMNADTD YSIAEAAFNK GETAMTINGP WAWSNIDTSK
241 VNYGVTVLPT FKGQPSKPFV GVLSAGINAA SPNKELAKEF LENYLLTDEG LEAVNKDKPL
301 GAVALKSYEE ELAKDPRIAA TMENAQKGEI MPNIPQMSAF WYAVRTAVIN AASGRQTVDA
361 ALAAAQTA AAAMETRQMTV DQTTGAVTNQ TETSWHSINW TKANREVKRL QVRIAKAVKE
421 GRWGKVKALQ WLLTHSFY GK ALAVKRVTDN SGRTPGV DGTWSTQEQKT QAIKSLRRRG
481 YKQPPLRRVY IPKANGKQRP LGIPTMKDRA MQALYALALE PVAETTADR N SYGFRRGRC T
541 ADAAGQCFLA LAKAKSAEHV LDADISGCFD NISHEWLLAN TPLDKGILRK WLKSGFVWKQ
601 QLFPTHAGTP QGGVISPVLA NITLDGMEEL LAKHLRGQKV NLIRYADDFV VTGKDEETLE
661 KARNLIQEFL KERGLTLSPE KTKIVHIEEG FDFLGWNIRK YNGVLLIKPA KKNVKAFLLK
721 IRDTLRELRT ATQEIVIDTL NPIIRGWANY HKQVSKETF NRVD FATWHK LWRWARRRHP
781 NKPAQWVKDK YFIKNGSRDW VFGVMVKDKN GELRTKRLIK TSDTRIQRHV KIKADANPFL
841 PEWA EYFEKR KKLKKAQAQY RRIRRELWKK QGGICPVCGG EIEQDMLTDI HHILPKHKGG
901 SDDL DNLVLI HANCHKQVHS RDGQHSRSL L KEGL*

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FIG. 1

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1 MKIEEGKLV I WINGDKGYNG LAEVGKKFEK DTGIKVTVEH PDKLEEKFPQ VAATGDGPDI
61 IFWAHDRFGG YAQSGLLAEI TPDKAFQDKL YPFTWDAVRY NGKLIAYPIA VEALSLEYNK
121 DLLPNPPKTW EEIPALDKEL KAKGKSALMF NLQEPYFTWP LIAADGGYAF KYENKDYDIK
181 DVGVDNAGAK AGLTFLVDLI KNKHMNADTD YSIAEAAFNK GETAMTINGP WAWSNIDTSK
241 VNYGVTVLPT FKGQPSKPFV GVLSAGINAA SPNKELAKEF LENYLLTDEG LEAVNKDKPL
301 GAVALKSYEE ELAKDPRIAA TMENAQKGEI MPNIPQMSAF WYAVRTAVIN AASGRQTVDA
361 ALAAAQTA AAAMETRQMAV EQTTGAVTNQ TETSWHSIDW AKANREVKRL QVRIAKAVKE
421 GRWGKVKALQ WLLTHSFY GK ALAVKRVTDN SGRTPGV DGTWSTQEQKA QAIKSLRRRG
481 YKQPPLRRVY IPKANGKQRP LGIPTMKDRA MQALYALALE PVAETTADR N SYGFRRGRC T
541 ADAATQCHIT LAKTDRAQYV LDADIAGCFD NISHEWLLAN IPLDKRILRK WLKSGFVWKQ
601 QLFPIHAGTP QGGVISPMLA NMTLDGMEEL LNKFPRAHKV KLIRYADDFV VTGETKEVLY
661 IAGAVIQAF L KERGLTLSKE KTKIVHIEEG FDFLGWNIRK YDGKLLIKPA KKNVKAFLLK
721 IRDTLRELRT APQEIVIDTL NPIIRGWTNY HKNQASKETF VGVDHLIWQK LWRWARRRHP
781 SKSVRWVSK YFIQIGNRWK MFGIWTKDKN GDPWAKHLIK ASEIRIQRG KIKADANPFL
841 PEWA EYFEQR KKLKEAPAQY RRTRRELWKK QGGICPVCGG EIEQDMLTEI HHILPKHKGG
901 TDDL DNLVLI HTNCHKQVHN RDGQHSRFL L KEGL*

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FIG. 2

SEQ ID NO: 8

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1 MKIEEGKLV I WINGDKGYNG LAEVGKKFEK DTGIKVTVEH PDKLEEKFPQ VAATGDGPD I
61 IFWAHDRFGG YAQSGLLAEI TPKAFQDKL YPFTWDAVRY NGKLIAYPIA VEALS LIYNK
121 DLLPNPPKTW EEIPALDKEL KAKGKSALMF NLQEPYFTWP LIAADGGYAF KYENK YDIK
181 DVGVDNAGAK AGLTFLVDLI KNKHMNADTD YSIAEAAFNK GETAMTINGP WAWSNIDTSK
241 VNYGVTVLPT FKGQPSKPFV GVLSAGINAA SPNKELAKEF LENYLLTDEG LEAVNKDKPL
301 GAVALKSYEE ELAKDPRIAA TMENAQKGEI MPNIPQMSAF WYAVRTAVIN AASGRQTVDA
361 ALAAAQTAAA AAMETRQMAV EQTTGAVTNQ TETSWHSIDW AKANREVKRL QVRIAKAVKE
421 GRWGKVKALQ WLLTHSFYGK ALAVKRVTDN SGSKTPGVDG ITWSTQEOKA QAIKSLRRRG
481 YKPQPLRRVY IPKASGKQRP LGIPPTKDRA MQALYALALE PVAETTADR N SYGFRQGRCT
541 ADAAGQCFTV LGRSDCAKYI LDADITGCFD NISHEWLLDN IPLDKEVLRK WLKSGFVWKQ
601 QLFPTHAGTP QGGVLSPLA NMTLDGMEEL LKKHLRQKQV NLIRYADDFV VTGESKETLE
661 KVTTVIQEFL KERGLTLSEE KTKVVIIEEG FDFLGNIRK YGKLLIKPA KKNIKAFHKK
721 IRDALKELRT ATQEAVIDTL NPIIKGWANY HRNQVSKRIF NRADDNIWHK LWRWAKRRHP
781 NKPARWTKNK YFIKIGNRHW VFGTWKKDKE GRLSRYLIK AGDTRIQRHV KIKADANPFL
841 PEWAEIFEER KKLKEAPAQY RRIRELWKK QGGICPVCGG EIEQDMLTEI HHILPKHKGG
901 SDDLNLVLI HANCHKQVHS RDGQHSRFL L KEGL*

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FIG. 3

SEQ ID NO: 9

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1 MKIEEGKLV I WINGDKGYNG LAEVGKKFEK DTGIKVTVEH PDKLEEKFPQ VAATGDGPD I
61 IFWAHDRFGG YAQSGLLAEI TPKAFQDKL YPFTWDAVRY NGKLIAYPIA VEALS LIYNK
121 DLLPNPPKTW EEIPALDKEL KAKGKSALMF NLQEPYFTWP LIAADGGYAF KYENK YDIK
181 DVGVDNAGAK AGLTFLVDLI KNKHMNADTD YSIAEAAFNK GETAMTINGP WAWSNIDTSK
241 VNYGVTVLPT FKGQPSKPFV GVLSAGINAA SPNKELAKEF LENYLLTDEG LEAVNKDKPL
301 GAVALKSYEE ELAKDPRIAA TMENAQKGEI MPNIPQMSAF WYAVRTAVIN AASGRQTVDA
361 ALAAAQTAAA AAMKVNKL VV KSEQDLRNCL D LLYQEAKKG KHFGMLELL QNDVVILEAI
421 RNIKSNKGSK TAGIDQKIVD DYLLMPTEKV FGMIKAKLND YKPIPVRRCN KPKGNAKSSK
481 RKGNSPNEEG ETRPLGISAV TDRIIQEMLR IVLEPIFEAQ FYPHSGFRP YRSTEHALAW
541 MLKINGSKL YWVVKGDIES YFDHINHKKL LNIMWNMGVR DKRVL CIVKK MLKAGQVIQG
601 KFYPTAKGIP QGGIISPLA NVYLSFDWM VGQEYEHFN NANVREKKNA LAALRNKGHH
661 PVFYIRYADD WVILTDKEY AEKIREQCKQ YLACELHLTL SDEKTFIADI REQRVKFLGF
721 CIBAGKRRFH KKGFAARMIP DMEKVNKVK EIKRDIRLLR TRKSELEKAL DIENINTKI I
781 GLANHLKIGI SKYIMGKVDR VIEETAYRTW VKMYGKEKAA QYKRPVSEFH NRIDRHKG YQ
841 MKHFSVVTED GIRVGITHAK ITPIQYATVF KQEMTPYTAD GRKMYEEKHR KIRLPDKMSL
901 FDHDSIFIYI LSEHNDGKYN LEYFLNRVNV FHRDKGCKKI CAVYLSPGNF HCHHIDPSKP
961 LSEINKTVNL ISLCNQCHRL VHSNQEP PFT ERKMFDKLTK YRNK LKI*

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FIG. 4

SEQ ID NO: 10

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1 MKIEEGKLV I WINGDKGYNG LAEVGKKFEK DTGIKVTVEH PDKLEEKFPQ VAATGDGPD I
61 IFWAHDRFGG YAQSGLLAEI TPKAFQDKL YPFTWDAVRY NGKLIAYPIA VEALS LIYNK
121 DLLPNPPKTW EEIPALDKEL KAKGKSALMF NLQEPYFTWP LIAADGGYAF KYENK YDIK
181 DVGVDNAGAK AGLTFLVDLI KNKHMNADTD YSIAEAAFNK GETAMTINGP WAWSNIDTSK
241 VNYGVTVLPT FKGQPSKPFV GVLSAGINAA SPNKELAKEF LENYLLTDEG LEAVNKDKPL
301 GAVALKSYEE ELAKDPRIAA TMENAQKGEI MPNIPQMSAF WYAVRTAVIN AASGRQTVDA
361 ALAAAQTAAA AAMALLERIL ARDNLITALK RVEANQGAPG IDGVSTDQLR DYIRAHWSTI
421 HAQLLAGTYR PAPVRRVEIP KPGGGTRQLG IPTVVDR LIQ QAILQELTPI FDPDFSSSSSF
481 GFRPGRNAHD AVRQAQGYIQ EGYRYVVDMD LEKFFDRVNH DILMSRVARK VKDKRVL KLI
541 RAYLQAGVMI BGVKVQTEEG TPQGGPLSPL LANILLDDLD KELEKRGLKF CRYADDCNTY
601 VKSLRAGQRV KQSIQRFLBK TLKLVNEBK SAVDRPWKRA FLGFSFTPER KARIRLAPRS
661 IQRLKQIRIQ LTNPNWSISM PERIHRVNQY VMGWIGYFRL VETPSVLQTI EGWIRRLRL
721 CQWLQWKRVR TRIRELRALG LKETAVMEIA NTRKGAWRTT KTPQLHQALG KTYWTAOGLK
781 SLTQRYFELR QG*

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FIG. 5

1 CCGACCCAT CGAATGGTGC AAAACCTTTC GCGGTATGGC ATGATAGCGC CCGAAGAGA
 61 GTC AATTCAG GGTGGTGAAT GTGAAACCAG TAACGTTATA CGATGTCGCA GAGTATGCCG
 121 GTGTCTCTTA TCAGACCGTT TCCCGCGTGG TGAACCAGGC CAGCCACGTT TCTGCGAAAA
 181 CCGGGAAAA AGTGAAGCG GCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTA CATTCCCAAC CGCGTGGCAC
 241 AACAACTGGC GGGCAAACAG TCGTTGCTGA TTGGCGTTGC CACCTCCAGT CTGGCCCTGC
 301 ACCGCCCGTC GCAAATTTGTC GCGGCGATTA AATCTCGCGC CGATCAACTG GGTGCCAGCG
 361 TGGTGGTGTG C ATGGTAGAA CGAAGCGGCG TCGAAGCCTG TAAAGCGGCG GTGCACAATC
 421 TTCTCGCGCA AC GCGTCAGT GGGCTGATCA TTAAC TATCC GCTGGATGAC CAGGATGCCA
 481 TTGCTGTGGA AGCTGCCTGC ACTAATGTTC CGGCGTTATT TCTTGATGTC TCTGACCAGA
 541 CACCCATCAA CAGTATTAT TTTCTCCATG AAGACGGTAC GCGACTGGGC GTGGAGCATC
 601 TGCTCGCATT GGGTCACCAG CAAATCGCGC TGTTAGCGGG CCCATTAAGT TCTGTCTCGG
 661 CCGTCTGCGG TCTGGCTGGG TGGCATAAAT ATCTCACTCG CAATCAAAT CAGCCGATAG
 721 CCGAACGGGA AGGCGACTGG AGTGCCATGT CCGGTTTTCA ACAAACCATG CAAATGCTGA
 781 ATGAGGGCAT CGTCCCCTG GCGATGCTGG TTGCCAACGA TCAGATGGCG CTGGGCGCAA
 841 TCGCGCCCAT TACCGAGTCC GGGCTGCGCG TTGGTGC GGA TATCTCGGTA GTGGGATACG
 901 AC GATACCGA AGACAGCTCA TGT TATATCC CGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAA CAGGATTTTC
 961 GCCTGCTGGG GCAAACCAGC GTGGACCGCT TGCTGCAACT CTCTCAGGGC CAGGCGGTGA
 1021 AGGGCAATCA GCTGTTGCCG GTCTCACTGG TGA AAAAGAAA AACCACCCTG GCGCCCAATA
 1081 CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT
 1141 CCGACTGGA AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TAAGTTAGCT CACTCATTAG
 1201 GCACAATCT CATGTTTGAC AGCTTATCAT CGACTGCACG GTGCACCAAT GCTTCTGGCG
 1261 TCAGGCAGCC ATCGGAAGCT GTGGTATGGC TGTGCAGGTC GTAATCACT GCATAATTCG
 1321 TGTGCTCAA GCGCACTCC CGT TCTGGAT AATGTTTTTT GCGCCGACAT CATAACGGTT
 1381 CTGGCAATA TTCTGAAATG AGCTGTTGAC AATTAATCAT CCGCTCGTAT AATGTTGGGA
 1441 ATTGTGAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGGA AACAGCCAGT CCGTTTAGGT GTTTTCACGA
 1501 GCACCTTACC AACAAAGACC ATAGCATATG AAAATCGAAG AAGGTAACCT GGTAATCTGG
 1561 ATTAACGGCG ATAAAGGCTA TAACGGTCTC GCTGAAGTCG GTAAGAAAT CGAGAAAGAT
 1621 ACCGGAATTA AAGTCACCGT TGAGCATCCG GATAAACTGG AAGAGAAAT CCCACAGGTT
 1681 GCGCAACTG GCGATGGCCC TGACATTATC TTCTGGGCAC ACGACCGCTT TGGTGGCTAC
 1741 GCTCAATCTG GCCTGTTGGC TGAATCACC CCGGACAAAG CGTTCAGGA CAAGCTGTAT
 1801 CCGTTTACCT GGGATGCCGT ACGTTACAAC GGCAAGCTGA TTGCTTACCC GATCGCTGTT
 1861 GAAGCGTTAT CGCTGATTTA TAACAAAGAT CTGCTGCCGA ACCCGCCAAA AACCTGGGAA
 1921 GAGATCCCGG CGCTGGATAA AGAACTGAAA GCGAAAGGTA AGAGCGCGCT GATGTTCAAC
 1981 CTGCAAGAAC CGTACTTCAC CTGGCCGCTG ATTGCTGCTG ACGGGGGTTA TGCGTTCAAG
 2041 TATGAAAACG GCAAGTACGA CATTAAAGAC GTGGGCGTGG ATAACGCTGG CGGAAAGCG
 2101 GGTCTGACCT TCCTGTTTGA CCTGATTA AA ACAAACACA TGAATGCAGA CACCGATTAC
 2161 TCCATCGCAG AAGCTGCCTT TAATAAAGGC GAAACAGCGA TGACCATCAA CGGCCGCTGG
 2221 GCATGGTCCA ACATCGACAC CAGCAAAGTG AAT TATGGTG TAACCGTACT GCCGACCTTC
 2281 AAGGGTCAAC CATCAAACC GTTCGTTGGC GTGCTGAGCG CAGGTATTAA CGCCGCCAGT
 2341 CCGAACAAG AGCTGGCAAA AGAGTTCCTC GAAACTATC TGCTGACTGA TGAAGGTCTG
 2401 GAAGCGTTA ATAAAGACAA ACCGCTGGGT GCCGTAGCGC TGAAGTCTTA CGAGGAAGAG
 2461 TTGGCGAAAG ATCCACGTAT TGCCGCCACT ATGGAAAACG CCCAGAAAGG TGAATCATG
 2521 CCGAACATCC CGCAGATGTC CGCTTCTG TATGCCGTGC GTACTGCGGT GATCAACGCC
 2581 GCCAGCGGTC GTCAGACTGT CGATGCCGCC CTGGCCCGCC CGCAGACTGC CGCCGCCGCC
 2641 GCCATGGAGA CAAGGCAAAAT GACGGTGGAC CAAACCCTG GTGCGGTAC CAACCAACG
 2701 GAAACAAGCT GGCACAGCAT AAATGGACC AAAGCCAACC GTGAGGTA AA GAGGCTGCAA
 2761 GTGCGTATCG CAAAGGCTGT GAAGGAAGGA CGCTGGGCA AAGTAAAAGC TTTGCAATGG
 2821 CTCCTGACCC ACTCGTTCTA CGGCAAAGCC CTCGCGTGA AACGGGTAAC TGACAACCTA
 2881 GGCAAGTAA CACCTGGTGT GGACGGGATA ACCTGGTCCA CACAAGAGCA GAAAACCCAA
 2941 GCCATAAAGT CCTCAGGAG AAGAGGCTAT AAACCCCAAC CCTGAGGCG GGTATACATC
 3001 CCGAAAGCAA ACGGCAAACA GCGCCCGCTA GGAATCCCGA CAATGAAGGA CAGGGCAATG
 3061 CAGGCACTAT ATGCCCTAGC CCTAGAACCA GTCGCGGAAA CCACAGCGGA CCGGACTCC
 3121 TATGGGTTCC GCCGAGGGCG ATGTACGGCA GATGCGGCAG GACAATGCTT CCTTGCTCTG
 3181 GCAAAAGCCA AGTCCGCTGA ACACGTCCTT GACGCTGACA TATCCGGATG CTTTGATAAC
 3241 ATCAGCCATG AGTGGCTACT AGCCAAACT CCACTGGACA AAGGGATCTT ACGGAAATGG
 3301 CTTAAATCTG GGTTCGTCTG GAAACAGCAA CTCTTCCCCA CCCATGCTGG GACACCTCAG
 3361 GGAGGGGTAA TCTCCCAGT TCTTGCCAAT ATAACCTAG ATGGGATGGA AGAATCTGTG
 3421 GCCAAACACC TCAGAGGTCA AAAAGTCAAC CTCATCCGAT ATGCTGACGA TTTTGTCTGTG
 3481 ACGGAAAAAG ATGAGGAAAC CCTGGAGAAA GCCAGAAACC TAATCCAGGA GTTCTTAAAA

FIG. 6

3541 GAACGGGGCT TGACCCCTGTC CCCCAGAAAG ACAAAAATCG TCCATATGA GGAAGGCTTC
 3601 GACTTTCCTCG GATGGAACAT TCGCAAGTAC AACGGGGTTC TTCTCATCAA ACCCGCGAAG
 3661 AAGAACGTGA AAGCGTTCCT CAAGAAAATC CGAGACTCTC TAAGGGAAC TAGGACAGCA
 3721 AACACAGAAA TCGTGATAGA CACACTCAAC CCAATCATTA GAGGTTGGGC CAACTATCAC
 3781 AAGGACAAG TCTCTAAGGA AACCTTCAAC CGAGTGGACT TCGCCACCTG GCACAAAATTG
 3841 TGGCGATGGG CAAGGCCCGG GCACCCAAAC AAACCTGCCC AATGGGTGAA GGACAAAATAC
 3901 TTCATCAAAA ACGGAAGCAG AGACTGGGTG TTCGGTATGG TGATGAAAGA CAAGAACGGG
 3961 GAACTGAGGA CCAAACGCCT AATCAAAACC TCTGACACCC GAATCCAACG CCACGTCAAA
 4021 ATCAAGGCAG ACGCCAATCC GTTTCCTCCA GAGTGGGCAG AATACTTTGA GAAACGCAG
 4081 AAACCAAAA AAGCCCTGTC TCAATATCGG CGCATCCGCC GAGAACTATG GAAGAAACAG
 4141 GGTGGTATCT GTCCAGTATG CGGGGGTGAA ATTGAGCAAG ACATGCTCAC TGACATCCAC
 4201 CACATATTGC CCAAACACAA GGGTGGTTCT GACGACCTGG ATAATCTTGT CTTAATCCAC
 4261 GCCAACTGCC ACAAACAGGT GCACAGCCGA GATGGTCAGC ACAGCCCGTC CCTCTTGAAA
 4321 GAGGGGCTTT GACTGCAGGC AAGCTTGGCA CTGGCCGTCG TTTTACAACG TCGTACTGG
 4381 GAAAACCCCTG GCGTTACCCA ACTTAAATCGC CTTGCAGCAC ATCCCCCTTT CGCCAGCTGG
 4441 CGTAATAGCG AAGAGGCCCG CACCGATCGC CCTTCCCAAC AGTTGCGCAG CCTGAATGGC
 4501 GAATGGCAGC TTGGCTGTTT TGGCGGATGA GATAAGATTT TCAGCCTGAT ACAGATTAAA
 4561 TCAGAACGCA GAAGCGGTCT GATAAAACAG AATTTGCTCG GCGGCAGTAG CCGCGTGGTC
 4621 CCACCTGACC CCATGCCGAA CTCAGAAGTG AAACGCCGTA GCGCCGATGG TAGTGTGGGG
 4681 TCTCCCATG CGAGAGTAGG GAACTGCCAG GCATCAAATA AAACGAAAGG CTCAGTCGAA
 4741 AGACTGGGCC TTTCTGTTTA TCTGTTGTTT GTCGGTGAAC GCTCTCCTGA GTAGGACAAA
 4801 TCCGCCGGGA GCGGATTTGA ACGTTGCGAA GCAACGGCCC GGAGGGTGGC GGCAGGAGC
 4861 CCCGCCATAA ACTGCCAGGC ATCAAATFAA GCAGAAGGCC ATCCTGACGG ATGGCCTTTT
 4921 TCGCTTTCTA CAAACTCTTT TTGTTTATTT TTCTAAATAC ATCAAATAT GTATCCGCTC
 4981 ATGAGACAAT AACCCGTGATA AATGCTTCAA TAATATTGAA AAAGGAAGAG TATGAGTATT
 5041 CAACATTTCC GTGTCGCCCT TATTCCTTTT TTGCGGCAT TTGCGCTTCC TGTTTTTGCT
 5101 CACCCAGAAA CGCTGGTGAA AGTAAAAGAT GCTGAAGATC AGTTGGGTGC ACGAGTGGGT
 5161 TACATCGAAC TGGATCTCAA CAGCGGTAAG ATCCTTGAGA GTTTTCGCCC CGAAGAACGT
 5221 TCTCCAATGA TGAGCACTTT TAAAGTCTG CTATGTGGCG CCGTATTATC CCGTGTGAC
 5281 GCCGGGCAAG AGCAACTCGG TCGCCGCATA CACTATTCTC AGAATGACTT GGTGAGTAC
 5341 TCACCAGTCA CAGAAAAGCA TCTTACGGAT GGCATGACAG TAAGAGAATT ATGCAGTGCT
 5401 GCCATAACCA TGAGTGATAA CACTGCGGCC AACTTACTTC TGACAACGAT CCGAGGACCG
 5461 AAGGAGCTAA CCGCTTTTTT GCACAACATG GGGGATCATG TAACTCGCCT TGATCGTTGG
 5521 GAACCGGAGC TGAATGAAG CATACCAAAC GACGAGCGTG ACACCACGAT GCCTGTAGCA
 5581 ATGGCAACAA CGTTGCGCAA ACTATTAAC TGGCAACTAC TTACTCTAGC TTCCCGGCAA
 5641 CAATTAATAG ACTGGATGGA GGCGGATAAA GTTGCAGGAC CACTTCTGCG CTCGGCCCTT
 5701 CCGGCTGGCT GGTTTATTGC TGATAAATCT GGAGCCGGTG AGCGTGGGTG TCGCGGTATC
 5761 ATTGCAGCAC TGGGGCCAGA TGGTAAGCCC TCCCGTATCG TAGTTATCTA CACGACGGGG
 5821 AGTCAGGCAA CTATGGATGA ACGAAATAGA CAGATCGCTG AGATAGGTGC CTCACTGATT
 5881 AAGCATTTGGT AACTGTGAGA CCAAGTTTAC TCATATATAC TTTAGATTGA TTTTACCCGG
 5941 TTGATAATCA GAAAAGCCCC AAAAAACAGGA AGATTGTATA AGCAAATAT TAAATTTGTA
 6001 ACGTTAATAT TTTGTTAAAA TTCGCTTAA ATTTTGTTA AATCAGCTCA TTTTTTAAAC
 6061 AATAGGCCGA AATCGGCAAA ATCCCTTATA AATCAAAAGA ATAGACCGAG ATAGGGTTGA
 6121 GTGTTGTTCC AGTTTGGAAC AAGAGTCCAC TATTAAGAA CGTGGACTCC AACGTCAAAG
 6181 GCGGAAAAC CGTCTATCAG GCGGATGGCC CACTACGTGA ACCATCACCC AAATCAAGTT
 6241 TTTTGGGGTC GAGGTGCCGT AAAGCACTAA ATCGGAACCC TAAAGGGAGC CCCCATTATA
 6301 GAGCTTGACG GGGAAAGCCG GCGAACGTGG CGAGAAAGGA AGGGAAGAAA GCGAAGGAG
 6361 CGGCGCTAG GCGCTGGCA AGTGTAGCGG TCACGCTGCG CGTAACCACC ACACCCGCCG
 6421 CGCTTAATGC GCCGCTACAG GGCGGTAAA AGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCT TTTTGATAAT
 6481 CTCATGACCA AAATCCCTTA ACGTGAGTTT TCGTTCCTACT GAGCGTCAGA CCCCCTAGAA
 6541 AAGATCAAAG GATCTTCTTG AGATCCTTTT TTTCTGCGCG TAATCTGCTG CTTGCAACA
 6601 AAAAAACAC CGCTACCAGC GGTGGTTTGT TTGCCGGATC AAGAGCTACC AACTCTTTTT
 6661 CCGAAGGTAA CTGGCTTACG CAGAGCGCAG ATACCAAATA CTGTCCTTCT AGTGTAGCCG
 6721 TAGTTAGGCC ACCACTTCAA GAACTCTGTA GCACCCGCTA CATACCTCGC TCTGCTAATC
 6781 CTGTTACCAG TGGCTGTGTC CAGTGGCGAT AAGTCTGTG TTTACCGGGT GGACTCAAGA
 6841 CGATGTTTAC CGGATAAGGC GCAGCGGTG GGTGAAACGG GGGGTTCTGT CACACAGCCC
 6901 AGCTTGGAGC GAACGACCTA CACCGAAGT AGATACCTAC AGCGTGAGCT ATGAGAAAGC
 6961 GCCACGCTTC CCGAAGGGAG AAAGGCGGAC AGGTATCCGG TAAGCGGCAG GGTGGAACA
 7021 GGAGAGCCGA CGAGGGAGCT TCAGGGGGA AACGCCTGGT ATCTTTATAG TCCTGTGGG
 7081 TTTGCCACC TCTGACTTGA GCGTCGATTT TTGTGATGCT CGTCAGGGGG GCGGAGCCTA
 7141 TGGAAAACG CCAGCAACGC GGCCTTTTTA CGGTTCCCTG CCTTTTGCTG GCCTTTTGCT

FIG. 6 (cont.)

7201 CACATGTTCT TTCCTGCGTT ATCCCCTGAT TCTGTGGATA ACCGTATTAC CGCCTTIGAG
7261 TGAGCTGATA CCGCTCGCCG CAGCCGAACG ACCGAGCGCA GCGAGTCAGT GAGCGAGGAA
7321 GCGGAAGAGC GCCTGATGCG GTATTTTCTC CTTACGCATC TGTGCGGTAT TTCACACCGC
7381 ATATATGGTG CACTCTCAGT ACAATCTGCT CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAAGC CAGTATACAC
7441 TCCGCTATCG CTACGTGACT GGGTCATGGC TGCGCCCCGA CACCCGCCAA CACCCGCTGA
7501 CGCGCCCTGA CGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCAGC ATCCGCTTAC AGACAAGCTG TGACCGTCTC
7561 CGGGAGCTGC ATGTGTCAGA GGTTTTCACC GTCATCACCG AAACGCGCGA GGCAGCTGCC
7621 GTAAAGCTCA TCAGCGTGGT CGTGCAGCGA TTCACAGATG TCTGCCTGTT CATCCGCGTC
7681 CAGCTCGTTG AGTTTCTCCA GAAGCGTTAA TGTCTGGCTT CTGATAAAGC GGGCCATGTT
7741 AAGGGCGGTT TTTTCCTGTT TGGTCACTGA TGCCCTCCGTG TAAGGGGGAT TTCTGTTCAT
7801 GGGGGTAATG ATACCGATGA AACGAGAGAG GATGCTCACG ATACGGGTTA CTGATGATGA
7861 ACATGCCCGG TTA CTGGAAC GTTGTGAGGG TAAACA ACTG GCGGTATGGA TGCGGCGGGA
7921 CCAGAGAAAA ATCACTCAGG GTCAATGCCA GCGCTTCGTT AATACAGATG TAGGTGTTCC
7981 ACAGGGTAGC CAGCAGCATC CTGCGATGCA GATCCGGAAC ATAATGGTGC AGGGCGCTGA
8041 CTTCCGCGTT FCCAGACTTT ACGAAACACG GAAACCGAAG ACCATTCATG TTGTTGCTCA
8101 GGTCCGACAC GTTTTGCAGC AGCAGTCGCT TCACGTTCCG TCGCGTATCG GTGATTCATT
8161 CTGCTAACCA GTAAGGCAAC CCCGCCAGCC TAGCCGGGTC CTCAACGACA GGAGCACGAT
8221 CATGCCACC CGTGGCCAGG ACCCAACGCT GCCCGAAATT

FIG. 6 (cont.)

1 CCGACACCAT CGAATGGTGC AAAACCTTTC GCGGTATGGC ATGATAGCGC CCGGAAGAGA
 61 GTCAATTCAG GGTGGTGAAT GTGAAACCAG TAACGTTATA CGATGTCGCA GAGTATGCCG
 121 GTGTCTCTTA TCAGACCGTT TCCCGCGTGG TGAACCAGGC CAGCCACGTT TCTGCGAAAA
 181 CCGCGGAAAA AGTGAAGCG GCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTA CATTCCCAAC CGCGTGGCAC
 241 AACAACTGGC GGGCAAACAG TCGTTGCTGA TTGGCGTTGC CACCTCCAGT CTGGCCCTGC
 301 ACGCGCCGTC GCAAATTTGTC GCGGCGATTA AATCTCGCGC CGATCAACTG GGTGCCAGCG
 361 TGGTGGTGTG GATGGTAGAA CGAAGCGGCG TCGAAGCCTG TAAAGCGGCG GTGCACAATC
 421 TTCTCGCGCA ACGGCTCAGT GGGCTGATCA TTAACATATCC GCTGGATGAC CAGGATGCCA
 481 TTGCTGTGGA AGCTGCCTGC ACTAATGTTT CCGCGTTAAT TCTTGATGTC TCTGACCAGA
 541 CACCCATCAA CAGTATTAT TTTCCCATG AAGACGGTAC GCGACTGGGC GTGGAGCATC
 601 TGGTGCATTA GGGTACCAG CAAATCGCGC TGTAGCGGG CCCATTAAGT TCTGTCTCGG
 661 CCGTCTGCG TCTGGCTGGC TGGCATAAAT ATCTCACTCG CAATCAAAT CAGCCGATAG
 721 CCGAACGGGA AGGCGACTGG AGTGCCATGT CCGGTTTTCA ACAAACCATG CAAATGCTGA
 781 ATGAGGGCAT CGTTCACCT GCGATGCTGG TTGCCAACGA TCAGATGGCG CTGGGCGCAA
 841 TCGCGCCCAT TACCGAGTCC GGGCTGCGCG TTGGTGC GGA TATCTCGGTA GTGGGATACG
 901 ACGATACCGA AGACAGCTCA TGTATATATCC CGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAA CAGGATTTTC
 961 GCCTGCTGGG GCAAACCAGC GTGGACCGCT TGCTGCAACT CTCTCAGGGC CAGGCGGTGA
 1021 AGGGCAATCA GCTGTTGCCC GTCTCACTGG TGAAAAGAAA AACCACCCTG GCGCCCAATA
 1081 CGAAACCAGC CTCTCCCGCG GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT
 1141 CCCGACTGGA AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TAAGTTAGCT CACTCATTAG
 1201 GCACAATCTT CATGTTTGAC AGCTTATCAT CGACTGCACG GTGCACCAAT GCTTCTGGCG
 1261 TCAGGCAGCC ATCGGAAGCT GTGGTATGGC TGTGCAGGTC GTAAATCACT GCATAATTCG
 1321 TGTGCTCAA GCGCACTCC CGTTCTGGAT AATGTTTTTT GCGCCGACAT CATAACGGTT
 1381 CTGGCAAATA TTCTGAAATG AGCTGTTGAC AATTAATCAT CCGCTCGTAT AATGTGTGGA
 1441 ATTGTGAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGGA AACAGCCAGT CCGTTTAGGT GTTTTCACGA
 1501 GCACCTCAC AACAAGGACC ATAGCATATG AAAATCGAAG AAGGTAACCT GGTAACTGCG
 1561 ATTAACGGCG ATAAAGGCTA TAACGGTCTC GCTGAAGTCG GTAAGAAAT CGAGAAAGAT
 1621 ACCGGAATTA AAGTACCCGT TGAGCATCCG GATAAACTGG AAGAGAAAT CCCACAGGTT
 1681 GCGCAACTG GCGATGGCCC TGACATTATC TTCTGGGCAC ACGACCGCTT TGGTGGCTAC
 1741 GCTCAATCTG GCCTGTTGGC TGAATCAC CCGGACAAAG CGTTCAGGA CAAGCTGTAT
 1801 CCGTTTACCT GGGATGCCGT ACGTTACAAC GGCAGCTGA TTGCTTACCC GATCGCTGTT
 1861 GAAGCGTTAT CGCTGATTTA TAACAAAGAT CTGCTGCCGA ACCCGCCAAA AACCTGGGAA
 1921 GAGATCCCGG CGCTGGATAA AGAATGAAA GCGAAAGGTA AGAGCGCGCT GATGTTCAAC
 1981 TGTCAAGAAC CGTACTTCAC CTGGCCGCTG ATTGCTGCTG ACGGGGGTTA TGCGTTCAAG
 2041 ATGAAAACG GCAAGTACGA CATTAAAGAC GTGGGCGTGG ATAACGCTGG CCGGAAAGCG
 2101 GGTCTGACCT TCCTGGTTGA CCTGATTA AAACAAACACA TGAATGCAGA CACCGATTAC
 2161 TCCATCGCAG AAGTGCCTT TAATAAAGGC GAAACAGCGA TGACCATCAA CGGCCCGTGG
 2221 GCATGGTCCA ACATCGACAC CAGCAAAGTG AATTAATGGTG TAACGGTACT CCGCACCTTC
 2281 AAGGGTCAAC CATCCAACC GTTCTGTTGGC GTGCTGAGCG CAGGTATTAA CGCCGCCAGT
 2341 CCGAACAAG AGCTGGCAAA AGAGTTCCTC GAAAACATATC TGCTGACTGA TGAAGGTCTG
 2401 GAAGCGGTTA ATAAAGACAA ACCGCTGGGT GCCGTAGCGC TGAAGTCTTA CGAGGAAGAG
 2461 TTGGCGAAAG ATCCACGTAT TGCCGCCACT ATGGAAAACG CCCAGAAAAG TGAAATCATG
 2521 CCGAACATCC CGCAGATGTC CGCTTCTGCG TATGCCGTGC GTACTGCGGT GATCAACGCG
 2581 GCCAGCGGTC GTCAGACTGT CGATGCCGCC CTGGCCGCCG CGCAGACTGC CGCCGCCGCC
 2641 GCCATGGAGA CAAGGCAAAAT GGCAGTGGAA CAAACCACTG GTGCGGTAC CAACCAAACG
 2701 GAAACAAGCT GGCACAGCAT AGACTGGGCC AAAGCCAACC GTGAGGTAAG GAGGCTGCAA
 2761 GTGCGTATCG CAAAGGCTGT GAAGGAAGGA CGCTGGGGCA AAGTGAAGC TTTGCAATGG
 2821 CTCTGACCC ACTCGTTCTA CGGCAAAGCC CTCGCGGTGA AACGGGTAAC TGACAACTCG
 2881 GGCAGCAAAA CACCTGGTGT GGACGGGATA ACCTGGTCCA CACAAGAGCA GAAAGCCCAA
 2941 GCCATAAAGT CCCTCAGGAG AAGAGGCTAT AAACCCCAAC CCCTGAGGCG GGTATACATC
 3001 CCGAAAGCAA ACGGCAACA GCGCCCGCTA GGAATCCCGA CAATGAAGGA CAGGGCAATG
 3061 CAGGCACTAT ATGCCCTAGC CCTAGAACCA GTCGCGGAAA CCACAGCAGA CCGGAACTCC
 3121 TATGGGTTCC GCGGAGGACG ATGCATAGCC GATGCAGCGA CGCAGTGTCA CATCAGCTA
 3181 CCAGAAACAG ACCGTGCACA ATACGTTCTC GACGCCGATA TTGCTGGGTG CTTTGACAAC
 3241 ATCAGCCATG AGTGGCTACT AGCTAACATT CCACTAGACA AAAGAATTCT ACGGAAATGG
 3301 CTTAAATCTG GGTGTTGCTG GAAGCAGCAA CTCTTCCCA TCCATGCTGG AACACCTCAG
 3361 GGAGGGGTAA TCTCCCGGAT CTTTGCCAAC ATGACACTGG ATGGGATGGA AGAATGTTA
 3421 AACAAAGTTT CCAGGGCGCA CAAGTCAAA CTCATCCGAT ATGCCGACGA CTTCGTCGTA
 3481 ACCGGTGAAA CGAAGGAAGT GCTCTATATT GCCGGTGGCG TAATACAAGC ATTCCTCAAG

FIG. 7

3541 GAAAGGGGCC TTACCCTATC AAAGGAAAAG ACGAAGATCG TACACATTGA AGAAGGGTTT
3601 GACTTTCTCG GATGGAACAT TCGCAAATAT GATGGGAAAC TGCTCATCAA ACCTGCGAAG
3661 AAGAACGTTA AAGCGTTCCT CAAGAAAATC CGAGACACCT TAAGAGAACT TAGGACAGCA
3721 CCCAGGAGA TTGTGATAGA CACACTCAAC CCAATCATCA GAGGTGGAC TAACTATCAC
3781 AAAAATCAGG CATCCAAAGA AACCTTCGTC GGAGTGGACC ACCTCATATG GCAAAAATTA
3841 TGGCGATGGG CAAGGCGCCG ACACCCAAGC AAATCTGTCC GATGGGTGAA GAGTAAGTAC
3901 TTCAATCCAA TCGGGAACAG AAAATGGATG TTCGGAATAT GGACGAAAAGA CAAAACCGGA
3961 GACCCGTGGG CCAAGCATT T AATCAAAGCC TCGGAAATCC GAATCCAACG TCGCGGTAAA
4021 ATCAAGGCAG ACGCCAACCC GTTTCTCCCA GAATGGGCAG AATACTTTGA GCAGCGCAAG
4081 AAATCAAAG AGGCCCTGCG CCAATACCGG CGCACCCGTC GGAATTTGTG GAAGAAACAA
4141 GCGGCATCT GTCCAGTATG TGGGGGAGAA ATTGAGCAAG ACATGCTCAC CGAAATCCAC
4201 CACATACTGC CCAAACACAA GGTGTTACT GACGACCTGG ACAATCTTGT CCTAATCCAC
4261 ACTAACTGCC ACAACAGGT GCACAACCGA GATGGTCAGC ACAGCCGTT CCTCTTGAAA
4321 GAGGGGCTTT GACTGCAGGC AAGCTTGGCA CTGGCCGTCG TTTTACAACG TCGTGACTGG
4381 GAAAACCC TGCGTTACCCA ACTTAATCGC CTTGCAGCAC ATCCCCCTTT CGCCAGCTGG
4441 CGTAATAGCG AAGAGGCCG CACCGATCGC CCTTCCCAAC AGTTGCGCAG CTTGAATGGC
4501 GAATGGCAGC TTGGCTGTTT TGGCGATGA GATAAGATT TCAGCCTGAT ACAGATTAAA
4561 TCAGAACGCA GAAGCGGTCT GATAAAACAG AATTTGCCTG GCGGCAGTAG CGCGGTGGTC
4621 CCACCTGACC CCATGCCGAA CTCAGAAGTG AAACGCCGTA GCGCCGATGG TAGTGTGGGG
4681 TCTCCCCATG CGAGAGTAGG GAAC TGCCAG GCATCAAATA AAACGAAAGG CTCAGTCGAA
4741 AGACTGGGCC TTTCTGTTTA TCTGTTGTTT GTCGTTGAAAC GCTCTCTGA GTAGGACAAA
4801 TCCGCCGGGA GCGGATTTGA ACGTTGCGAA GCAACGGCCC GGAGGGTGGC GGGCAGGACG
4861 CCCGCCATAA ACTGCGAGGC ATCAAATTAA GCAGAAGGCC ATCCTGACGG ATGGCCCTTT
4921 TGCGTTTCTA CAAACTCTTT TTGTTTATTT TTCTAAATAC ATTCAAATAT GTATCCGCTC
4981 ATGAGACAAT AACCTGATA AATGCTTCAA TAATATGAA AAAGGAAGAG TATGAGTATT
5041 CAACATTTCC GTGTGCCCC TATTCCCTTT TTTGCGGCAT TTTGCCTTCC TGTTTTTGCT
5101 CACCCAGAAA CGCTGGTGAA AGTAAAAGAT GCTGAAGATC AGTTGGGTGC ACCAGTGGGT
5161 TACATCGAAC TGGATCTCAA CAGCGTAAAG ATCCTTGAGA GTTTTCGCCC CGAAGAACGT
5221 TCTCCAATGA TGAGCACTTT TAAAGTTCTG CTATGTGGCG CCGTATFATC CCGTGTGAC
5281 GCCGGCAAG AGCAACTCGG TCGCCGCATA CACTATFCTC AGAATGACTT GGTGAGTAC
5341 TCACCAGTCA CAGAAAAGCA TCTTACGGAT GGCATGACAG TAAGAGAATT ATGCAGTGCT
5401 GCCATAACCA TGAGTGATAA CACTGCGGCC AACTTACTTC TGACAACGAT CGGAGGACCG
5461 AAGGAGCTAA CCGCTTTTTT GCACAACATG GGGGATCATG TAACTCGCCT TGATCGTTGG
5521 GAACCCGAGC TGAATGAAGC CATACCAAC GACGAGCGTG ACACCAGAT CCCTGTAGCA
5581 ATGGCAACAA CGTTGCGCAA ACTATTAAC TACTACTAGC TTTCCCGCAA
5641 CAATTAATAG ACTGGATGGA GCGGATAAAA GTTGCAGGAC CACTTCTGCG CTCGGCCCTT
5701 CCGGCTGGCT GGTTTATTTG TGATAAATCT GGAGCCGGTG AGCGTGGGTC TCGCGGTATC
5761 ATTGCAGCAC TGGGGCCAGA TGGTAAGCCC FCCCGTATCG TAGTTATCTA CACGACGGGG
5821 AGTCAGGCAA CTATGGATGA ACGAAATAGA CAGATCGCTG AGATAGGTGC CTCACGATT
5881 AAGCATTTGGT AACTGTGAGA CCAAGTTTAC TCATATATAC TTTAGATTGA TTTACCCCGG
5941 TTGATAATCA GAAAAGCCCC AAAAACAGGA AGATTGTATA AGCAAATATT TAAATTGTAA
6001 ACGTTAATAT TTTGTTAAAA TFCGCGTTAA ATTTTTGTTA AATCAGCTCA TTTTTTAAAC
6061 AATAGGCCGA AATCGGCAAA ATCCCTTATA AATCAAAGA ATAGACCGAG ATAGGGTTGA
6121 GTGTTGTTC AGTTTGAAC AAGAGTCCAC TATTAAGAA CGTGGACTCC AACGTCAAAG
6181 GCGGAAAAAC CGTCTATCAG GCGGATGGCC CACTACGTGA ACCATCACCC AAATCAAGTT
6241 TTTTGGGGTC GAGGTGCGGT AAAGCACTAA ATCGGAACCC TAAAGGGAGC CCCCATTATA
6301 GAGCTTGACG GGGAAAGCCG GCGAACGTGG CGAGAAAGGA AGGGAAGAAA GCGAAAGGAG
6361 CGGGCGCTAG GCGCTGGCA AGTGTAGCGG TCACGCTGCG CGTAACCACC ACACCCGCG
6421 CGCTTAATGC GCCGCTACAG GCGCGTAAA AGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCT TTTTGATAAT
6481 CTCATGACCA AAATCCCTTA ACGTGAGTTT TCGTTCCACT GAGCGTCAGA CCCCCTAGAA
6541 AAGATCAAAG GATCTTCTTG AGATCCTTTT TTTCTGCGCG TAATCTGCTG CTTGCAAACA
6601 AAAAACCCAC CGCTACCAGC GGTGGTTTGT TTGCCGGATC AAGAGCTACC AACTCTTTTT
6661 CCGAAGGTAA CTGGCTTACG CAGAGCGCAG ATACCAAATA CTGTCTTCT AGTGTAGCCG
6721 TAGTTAGGCC ACCACTTCAA GAACCTCTGTA GCACCGCCTA CATACTCGC TCTGCTAATC
6781 CTGTTACCAG TGGCTGCTGC CAGTGGCGAT AAGTCGTGTC TTACCGGTT GGACTCAAGA
6841 CGATAGTTAC CGGATAAGGC GCGACGGTCC GGCTGAACGG GGGGTTCTGT CACACAGCCC
6901 AGCTTGGAGC GAACGACCTA CACCGAAGT AGATACCTAC AGCGTGAGCT ATGAGAAAGC
6961 GCCACGTTTC CCGAAGGGAG AAAGCGGAC AGGTATCCGG TAAGCGGCAG GTTCGGAACA
7021 GGAGAGCGCA CGAGGGAGCT TCCAGGGGGA AACGCCTGGT ATCTTTATAG TCTGTGCGGG
7081 TTTGCGCCAC TCTGACTTGA GCGTCGATTT TTGTGATGCT CGTCAGGGGG GCGGAGCCTA
7141 TGGAAAAACG CCAGCAACGC GGCCTTTTTA CGGTTCCCTGG CCTTTGCTG GCCTTTGCT

FIG. 7 (cont.)

7201 CACATGTTCT TTCCTGCGTT ATCCCTGAT TCTGTGGATA ACCGTATTAC CGCCTTTGAG
7261 TGAGCTGATA CCGCTCGCCG CAGCCGAACG ACCGAGCGCA GCGAGTCAGT GAGCGAGGAA
7321 GCGGAAGAGC GCCTGATGCG GTATTTTCTC CTTACGCATC TGTGCCGTAT TTCACACCGC
7381 ATATATGGTG CACTCTCAGT ACAATCTGCT CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAAGC CAGTATACAC
7441 TCCGCTATCG CTACGTGACT GGGTCATGGC TGCGCCCCGA CACCCGCCAA CACCCGCTGA
7501 CGCGCCCTGA CGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCGGC ATCCGCTTAC AGACAAGCTG TGACCGTCTC
7561 CGGGAGCTGC ATGTGTCAGA GGTTFPCACC GTCATCACCG AAACGCGCGA GGCAGCTGCG
7621 GTAAAGCTCA TCAGCGTGGT CGTGCAGCGA TTCACAGATG TCTGCCTGTT CATCCGCGTC
7681 CAGCTCGTTG AGTTTCTCCA GAAGCGTTAA TGTCTGGCTT CTGATAAAGC GGGCCATGTT
7741 AAGGGCGGTT TTTTCCTGTT TGGTCACTGA TGCCCTCCGTG TAAGGGGGAT TTCTGTTCAT
7801 GGGGGTAATG ATACCGATGA AACGAGAGAG GATGCTCACG ATACGGGTTA CTGATGATGA
7861 ACATGCCCGG TTACTGGAAC GTTGTGAGGG TAAACAACCTG GCGGTATGGA TGCGGCGGGA
7921 CCAGAGAAAA ATCACTCAGG GTCATGCCA GCGCTTCGTT AATACAGATG TAGGTGTTCC
7981 ACAGGGTAGC CAGCAGCATC CTGCGATGCA GATCCGGAAC ATAATGGTGC AGGGCGCTGA
8041 CTTCCGCGTT TCCAGACTTT ACGAAACACG GAAACCGAAG ACCATTCATG TTGTTGCTCA
8101 GGTCCGAGAC GTTTTGCAGC AGCAGTCGCT TCACGTTGCG TCGCGTATCG GTGATTCATT
8161 CTGCTAACCA GTAAGGCAAC CCCGCCAGCC TAGCCGGGTC CTCAACGACA GGAGCACGAT
8221 CATGCGCACC CGTGCCAGG ACCCAACGCT GCCCGAAAT

FIG. 7 (cont.)

1 CCGACACCAT CGAATGGTGC AAAACCTTTC GCGGTATGGC ATGATAGCGC CCGGAAGAGA
61 GTCAATTCAG GGTGGTGAAT GTGAAACCAG TAACGTTATA CGATGTCGCA GAGTATGCCG
121 GTGTCTCTTA TCAGACCGTT TCCCGCGTGG TGAACCAGGC CAGCCACGTT TCTGCGAAAA
181 CGCGGGAAAA AGTGAAGCGG GCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTA CATTCCCAAC CGCGTGGCAC
241 AACAACTGGC GGGCAAACAG TCGTTGCTGA TTGGCGTTGC CACCTCCAGT CTGGCCCTGC
301 ACGCGCCGTC GCAAATTGTC GCGGCGATTA AATCTCGCGC CGATCAACTG GGTGCCAGCG
361 TGGTGGTGTG GATGGTAGAA CGAAGCGGCG TCGAAGCCTG TAAAGCGGCG GTGCACAATC
421 TTCTCGCGCA ACGGTCAGT GGGCTGATCA TTAACATACC GCTGGATGAC CAGGATGCCA
481 TTGCTGTGGA AGCTGCCTGC ACTAATGTTT CCGCGTTATT TCTTGATGTC TCTGACCAGA
541 CACCCATCAA CAGTATTATT TTCTCCCATG AAGACGGTAC GCGACTGGGC GTGGAGCATC
601 TGGTGCATT GGGTCACCAG CAAATCGCGC TGTTAGCGGG CCCATTAAGT TCTGTCTCGG
661 CGCGTCTGCG TCTGGCTGGC TGGCATAAAT ATCTCACTCG CAATCAAATT CAGCCGATAG
721 CGGAACGGGA AGGCGACTGG AGTGCCATGT CCGGTTTTC ACAAACCATG CAAATGCTGA
781 ATGAGGGCAT CGTTCACCT GCGATGCTGG TTGCCAACGA TCAGATGGCG CTGGGCGCAA
841 TGCGGCCAT TACCGAGTCC GGGCTGCGCG TTGGTGC GGA TATCTCGGTA GTGGGATACG
901 ACGATACCGA AGACAGCTCA TGTATATATCC CGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAA CAGGATTTTC
961 GCCTGCTGGG GCAAACCAGC GTGGACCGCT TGCTGCAACT CTCTCAGGGC CAGGCGGTGA
1021 AGGGCAATCA GCTGTGCCCC GTCTCACTGG TGAAGAGAAA AACCACCCTG GCGCCCAATA
1081 CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT
1141 CCCGACTGGA AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TAAGTTAGCT CACTCATTAG
1201 GCACAATTCT CATGTTGAC AGCTTATCAT CGACTGCACG GTGCACCAAT GCTTCTGGCG
1261 TCAGGCAGCC ATCGGAAGCT GTGGTATGGC TGTGCAGGTC GTAATCACT GCATAATTCG
1321 TGTGCTCAA GCGCGACTCC CGTTCGGAT AATGTTTTTT CCGCCGACAT CATAACGGTT
1381 CTGGCAAATA TTCTGAAATG AGCTGTTGAC AATTAATCAT CCGCTCGTAT AATGTGTGGA
1441 ATGTGAGCGG GATAACAATT TCACACAGGA AACAGCCAGT CCGTTTAGGT GTTTTACCGA
1501 GCACTTCACC AACAAGGACC ATAGCATATG AAAATCGAAG AAGGTAACT GGTAACTCTGG
1561 ATTAACGGCG ATAAAGGCTA TAACGCTCTC GCTGAAGTCG GTAAGAAATT CGAGAAAGAT
1621 ACCGGAATTA AAGTACCCTG TGAGCATCCG GATAAAGTGG AAGAGAAATT CCCACAGGTT
1681 GCGGCAACTG GCGATGGCCC TGACATATC TTCTGGGCAC ACGCCGCTT TAAGTGTAC
1741 GCTCAATCTG GCCTGTTGGC TGAAATCACC CCGGACAAAG CGTTCAGGA CAGGCTGTAT
1801 CCGTTTACCT GGGATGCCGT ACGTTACAAC GGCAAGCTGA TTGCTTACCC GATCGCTGTT
1861 GAAGCGTTAT CGCTGATTTA TAACAAAGAT CTGCTGCCGA ACCCGCCAAA AACCTGGGAA
1921 GAGATCCCGG CGCTGGATAA AGAAGTAAA GCGAAAGGTA AGAGCGCGCT GATGTTCAAC
1981 CTGCAAGAAC CGTACTTCAC CTGGCCGCTG ATTGCTGCTG ACGGGGGTTA TGCGTTCAAG
2041 TATGAAAACG GCAAGTACGA CATTAAAGAC GTGGGCGTGG ATAACGCTGG CGCGAAAGCG
2101 GGTCTGACCT TCCTGTTTGA CCTGATTTAA AACAAACACA TGAATGCAGA CACCGATTAC
2161 TCCATCGCAG AAGCTGCCTT TAATAAAGGC GAAACAGCGA TGACCATCAA CCGCCCGTGG
2221 GCATGGTCCA ACATCGACAC CAGCAAAGTG AATTATGGTG TAACGGTACT GCCGACCTTC
2281 AAGGGTCAAC CATCCAAACC GTTCGTTGGC GTGCTGAGCG CAGGTATTAA CCGCCGCGAGT
2341 CCGAACAAAG AGCTGGCAA AGAGTTCCTC GAAAACATATC TGCTGACTGA TGAAGTCTG
2401 GAAGCGGTTA ATAAAGACAA ACCGCTGGGT GCCGTAGCGC TGAAGTCTTA CGAGGAAGAG
2461 TTGGCGAAAG ATCCACGTAT TGCCGCCACT ATGGAAGACG CCCAGAAAGG TGAATCATG
2521 CCGAACATCC CGCAGATGTC CGCTTCTGG TATGCCGTGC GFACTGCGGT GATCAACGCC
2581 GCCAGCGGTC GTCAGACTGT CGATGCCGCC CTGGCCGCCG CGCAGACTGC CGCCGCCGCC
2641 GCCATGGAGA CAAGGCAAT GGCAGTGGAA CAAACCACTG GTGCGGTAC CAACCAAACG
2701 GAAACAAGCT GGCACAGCAT AGACTGGGCC AAAGCCAACC GTGAGGTTAA GAGGCTGCAA
2761 GTGCGTATCC CAAAGGCTGT GAAGGAAGGA CGCTGGGCA AAGTGAAGC TTTGCAATGG
2821 CTCTGACCC ACTCGTCTA CCGCAAAGCC CTCGCCGTGA AACGGGTAAC TGACAACCTC
2881 GGCAGCAAAA CACCTGGTGT GGACGGGATA ACCTGGTCCA CACAAGAGCA GAAAGCCCAA
2941 GCCATAAAGT CCCTCAGGAG AAGAGGCTAC AAACCCCAAC CCCTGAGGCG GGTATACATC
3001 CCGAAAGCAA GCGGCAAGCA GCGCCCGCTA GGAATCCCGA CAACGAAGGA CAGGGCAATG
3061 CAGGCATTAT ATGCCCTAGC TCTAGAACCT GTCGCGGAAA CCACAGCGGA TCGGAATCA
3121 TACGGGTTCC GTCAAGGACG GTGCACGGCA GATGCTGCCG GGCAGTGTCT CACTGTGCTA
3181 GGCCGATCTG ACTGTGCAA ATATATCCTT GATGCTGACA TCACCGGATG CTTTGACAAC
3241 ATTAGCCACG AATGGCTACT AGACAACATC CCGCTGGACA AAGAGTCTCT GCGGAAGTGG
3301 CTTAAATCTG GGTTCGTCTG GAAACAGCAA CTCTCCCAA CCCATGCTGG GACACCTCAG
3361 GGAGGGGTAA TCTCCCAAT GCTGGCCAAT ATGACCCTAG ATGGGATGGA AGAATGCTG
3421 AAGAAACACC TCAGAAAAA AAAAGTCAAC CTCATACGAT ATGCAGACGA CTTTGTCTGTA
3481 ACTGGTGAAT CAAAGGAAAC CTTGAAAAG GTTACAACCTG TAATCCAAGA ATTCCTCAAG

FIG. 8

3541 GAAAGGGGCC TTACCTATC AGAAGAAAAG ACAAAGGTCG TTCATATCGA AGAAGGATTT
 3601 GACTTTCCTTG GATGGAACAT TCGCAAATAT GGTGAGAAGC TTCTCATCAA ACCTGCGAAG
 3661 AAGAACATCA AGCGCTPCCA CAAGAAAATC CGAGACGCAC TGAAGGAAC TGAAGGAAC
 3721 ACCCAGGAAG CTGTGATAGA CACACTCAAC CCAATATCA AAGGCITGGC TAACTATCAC
 3781 AGAAACCAGG TTTCCAAAG AATCTTCAAC AGAGCGGATG ACAATATCTG GCATAAATTA
 3841 TGGCGATGGG CAAAACGTCG GCACCCAAAC AAACCAGCCC GATGGACAAA GAACAAATAC
 3901 TTCATCAAAA TCGGGAATAG GCACTGGGTG TTTGGCACAT GGAAAAAGGA CAAAGAGGGA
 3961 AGGTACGGT CCAGATACCT AATTAAGCC GGAGATACT GAATCCAACG TCATGTCAAA
 4021 ATCAAGGCAG ACGCCAATCC GTTCTCCCA GAGTGGGCAG AATACTTTGA GGAACGCAAG
 4081 AAACCTCAAAG AAGCCCCTGC TCAATATCGG CGCATCCGCC GAGAACTATG GAAGAACAG
 4141 GGTGTATCT GTCCAGTATG CGGGGGTGAA ATTGAGCAAG ACATGCTCAC TGAATCCAC
 4201 CACATATTGC CCAAACACAA GGGTGGTTCT GACGACCTGG ATAATCTTGT CTTAATCCAC
 4261 GCCAACTGTC ACAAACAGGT GCACAGCCGA GACGGTCAGC ACAGCCGGTT CCTCTTGAAA
 4321 GAGGGGCTTT GACTGCAGG AAGCTTGGCA CTGGCCGTCG TTTTACAACG TCGTGACTGG
 4381 GAAAACCCTG GCGTTACCCA ACTTAATCGC CTTGCAGCAC ATCCCCCTTT CGCAGCTGG
 4441 CGTAATAGCG AAGAGGCCCG CACCGATCGC CTTCCCAAC AGTTGCGCAG CCTGAATGGC
 4501 GAATGGCAGC TTGGCTGTTT TGGCGATGA GATAAGATTT TCAGCCTGAT ACAGATFAAA
 4561 TCAGAACGCA GAAGCGGTCT GATAAAACAG AATTTGCCTG GCGGCAGTAG CGCGTGGTC
 4621 CCACCTGACC CCATGCCGAA CTCAGAAGTG AAACGCCGTA GCGCCGATGG TAGTGTGGGG
 4681 TCTCCCATG CGAGAGTAGG GAACTGCCAG GCATCAAATA AAACGAAAGG CTCAGTCGAA
 4741 AGACTGGGCC TTTGCTTTTA TCTGTGTTT GTGCGTGAAC GCTCTCTGA GTAGACAAA
 4801 FCCGCCGGGA GCGGATTTGA ACGTTGCGAA GCAACGCCCC GGAGGGTGGC GGGCAGGACG
 4861 CCCGCCATAA ACTGCCAGC ATCAAATTA GCAGAAGGCC ATCCTGACGG ATGGCCTTTT
 4921 TFCGTTTCTA CAAACTCTTT TTGTTTATTT TCTAAATAC ATTCAAATAT GTATCCGCTC
 4981 ATGAGACAAT AACCTGATA AATGCTTCAA TAATATTGAA AAAGGAAGAG TATGAGTATT
 5041 CAACATTTCC GTGTGCGCCT TATTCCCTTT TTGCGGCAT TTTGCCTTCC TGTTTTTGCT
 5101 CACCCAGAAA CGCTGGTGAA AGTAAAAGAT GCTGAAGATC AGTTGGGTGC ACGAGTGGGT
 5161 FACATCGAAC TGGATCTCAA CAGCGGTAAG ATCCTTGAGA GTTTTCGCC CGAAGAACGT
 5221 TCTCCAATGA TGAGCACTTT TAAAGTCTG CTATGTGGCG CCGTATTATC CCGTGTGAC
 5281 GCGGGCAAG AGCAACTCGG TCGCCGATA CACTATPCTC AGAATGACTT GGTGAGTAC
 5341 TCACCAGTCA CAGAAAAGCA TCTTACCGAT GGCATGACAG TAAGAGAAAT ATGCAGTGT
 5401 GCCATAACCA TGAGTGATA CACTGCGGCC AACTTACTTC TGACAACGAT CGGAGCACCG
 5461 AAGGAGCTAA CCGCTTTTTT GCACAACATG GGGGATCATG TAACTCGCCT TGATCGTTGG
 5521 GAACCGGAGC TGAATGAAGC CATACCAAAC GACGAGCGTG ACACCACGAT GCCTGTAGCA
 5581 ATGGCAACAA CGTTGCGCAA ACTATTAACT GGCGAACTAC TTACTIONT AGCCTCGCAA
 5641 CAATTAATAG ACTGGATGGA GCGGATAAA GTTGCAGGAC CACTTCTGCG CTCGGCCCTT
 5701 CCGGCTGGCT GGTTTATTCG TGATAAATCT GGAGCCGGTG AGCGTGGGTG CTCGGGTATC
 5761 ATTGACAGC TGGGGCCAGA TGGTAAGCCC TCCCGTATCG TAGTTATCTA CACGACGGGG
 5821 AGTCAGGCAA CTATGGATGA ACGAAATAGA CAGATCGCTG AGATAGGTGC CTCACTGATT
 5881 AAGCATTGGT AACTGTGAGA CCAAGTTTAC TCATATATAC TTTAGATTGA TTTACCCCGG
 5941 TTGATAATCA GAAAAGCCCC AAAAACAGGA AGATTGTATA AGCAAATATT TAAATGTAA
 6001 ACGTTAATAT TTTGTTAAAA TTCGCGTTAA ATTTTGTGTA AATCAGCTCA TTTTTAACC
 6061 AATAGGCCGA AATCGGCAAA ATCCCTTATA AATCAAAAGA ATAGACCGAG ATAGGGTTGA
 6121 GTGTTGTTCC AGTTTGGAAC AAGAGTCCAC TATTAAAGAA CGTGGACTCC AACGTCAAAG
 6181 GCGGAAAAAC CGTCTATCAG GCGGATGGCC CACTACGTGA ACCATCACCC AAATCAAGTT
 6241 TTTTGGGGTC GAGGTGCCGT AAAGCACTAA ATCGGAACCC TAAAGGGAGC CCCCATTATA
 6301 GAGCTTGACG GGGAAAAGCC GCGAACGTGG CGAGAAAGGA AGGGAAGAAA GCGAAAGGAG
 6361 CCGGCGCTAG GCGCTGGCA AGTGTAGCGG TCACGCTGCG CGTAACCACC ACACCCGCCG
 6421 CGTTAATGTC GCGCTACAG GCGCGTAAA AGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCT TTTTGATAAT
 6481 CTCATGACCA AATCCCTTA ACGTGAGTTT TCGTTCCACT GAGCGTCAGA CCCCCTAGAA
 6541 AAGATCAAAG GATCTTCTTG AGATCCTTTT TTTCTGCGCG TAATCTGCTG CTTGCAACA
 6601 AAAAAACCAC CGCTACCAGC GGTGGTTTGT TTGCCGGATC AAGAGCTACC AACCTTTTTT
 6661 CCGAAGGTAA CTGGCTTCCAG CAGAGCGCAG ATACCAAATA CTGTCCTTCT AGTGTAGCCG
 6721 TAGTTAGGCC ACCACTTCAA GAACTCTGTA GCACCGCCTA CATACTCCG TCTGCTAATC
 6781 CTGTTACCAG TGGCTGCTGC CAGTGGCGAT AAGTCGTGTC TTACCGGGTT GGACTCAAGA
 6841 CGATAGTTAC CGGATAAGGC GCAGCGGTGCG GGCTGAACCG GGGGTTCTGT CACACAGCCC
 6901 AGCTTGGAGC GAACGACCTA CACCGAAGCT AGATACCTAC AGCGTGAGCT ATGAGAAAGC
 6961 GCCACGCTTC CCGAAGGGAG AAAGGCGGAC AGGTATCCGG TAAGCGGCAG GGTGCGAACA
 7021 GGAGAGCGCA CGAGGGAGCT TCCAGGGGGA AACGCTGGT ATCTTTATAG TCCGTGTCGGG
 7081 TTTCCGCCACC TCTGACTTGA GCGTCCGATT TTGTGATGCT CGTCAGGGGG GCGGAGCCTA
 7141 TGGAAAAACG CAGCAACGCG GGCCTTTTTA CGGTTCTGCG CTTTGTGCTG GCCTTTTGCT

FIG. 8 (cont.)

7201 CACATGTTCT TFCCTGCGTT ATCCCCTGAT TCTGTGGATA ACCGTATTAC CGCCTTTGAG
7261 TGAGCTGATA CCGCTCGCCG CAGCCGAACG ACCGAGCGCA GCGAGTCAGT GAGCGAGGAA
7321 GCGGAAGAGC GCCTGATGCG GTATTTTCTC CTTACGCATC TGTGCGGTAT TTCACACCGC
7381 ATATATGGTG CACTCTCAGT ACAATCTGCT CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAAGC CAGTATACAC
7441 TCCGCTATCG CTACGTGACT GGGTCATGGC TCGGCCCGA CACCCGCCAA CACCCGCTGA
7501 CGCGCCCTGA CGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCGGC ATCCGCTTAC AGACAAGCTG TGACCGTCTC
7561 CGGGAGCTGC ATGTGTCAGA GGTTTTCACC GTCATCACCG AAACGCGCGA GGCAGCTGCC
7621 GTAAAGCTCA TCAGCGTGGT CGTGCAGCGA TTCACAGATG TCTGCCTGTT CATCCCGCTC
7681 CAGCTCGTTG AGTTTCTCCA GAAGCGTTAA TGTCTGGCTT CTGATAAAGC GGGCCATGTT
7741 AAGGGCGGTT TTTTCTGTT TGGTCACTGA TGCTCCGTG TAAGGGGAT TTTCTGTTTAT
7801 GGGGGTAATG ATACCGATGA AACGAGAGAG GATGCTCACG ATACGGGTTA CTGATGATGA
7861 ACATGCCCGG TTA CTGGAAC GTTGTGAGGG TAAACAAC TG CCGGTATGGA TCGGCGGGGA
7921 CCAGAGAAAA ATCACTCAGG GTCAATGCCA GCGCTTCTG AATACAGATG TAGGTGTTCC
7981 ACAGGGTAGC CAGCAGCATC CTGCGATGCA GATCCGGAAC ATAATGGTGC AGGGCGCTGA
8041 CTTCGCGGTT TCCAGACTTT ACGAAACACG GAAACCGAAG ACCATTCTATG TTGTTGCTCA
8101 GGTGCGCAGC GTTTTGCAGC AGCAGTCGCT TCACGTTTCGC TCGCGTATCG GTGATTTCATT
8161 CTGCTAACCA GTAAGGCAAC CCGCCAGCC TAGCCGGGTC CTCAACGACA GGAGCACGAT
8221 CATGCGCACC CGTGGCCAGG ACCCAACGCT GCCCGAAATT

FIG. 8 (cont.)

1 CCGACACCAT CGAATGGTGC AAAACCTTTC GCGGTATGGC ATGATAGCGC CCGGAAGAGA
 61 GTCAAATCAG GGTGGTGAAT GTGAAACCAG TAACGTTATA CGATGTCGCA GAGTATGCCG
 121 GTGTCTCTTA TCAGACCGTT TCCCGCGTGG TGAACCAGGC CAGCCACGTT TCTGCGAAAA
 181 CGCGGGAAAA AGTGGAAAGCG GCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTA CATTCCCAAC CGCGTGGCAC
 241 AACAACTGGC GGGCAAACAG TCGTTGCTGA TTGGCGTTGC CACCTCCAGT CTGGCCCTGC
 301 ACGCGCCGTC GCAAATTGTC GCGGCGATTA AATCTCGCGC CGATCAACTG GGTGCCACGG
 361 TGGTGGTGTG GATGGTAGAA CGAAGCGGCG TCGAAGCCTG TAAAGCGGCG GTGCAACAATC
 421 TTCTCGCGCA ACGCGTCAGT GGGCTGATCA TTAACATATC GCTGGATGAC CAGGATGCCA
 481 TTGCTGTGGA AGCTGCCTGC ACTAATGTTT CCGCGTTATT TCTTGATGTC TCTGACCAGA
 541 CACCCATCAA CAGTATTATT TTCTCCCATG AAGACGGTAC GCGACTGGGC GTGGAGCATC
 601 TGGTCGCATT GGGTCACCAG CAAATCGCGC TGTTAGCGGG CCCATTAAGT TCTGTCTCGG
 661 CGCGTCTGCG TCTGGCTGGC TGGCATAAAT ATCTCACTCG CAATCAAATT CAGCCGATAG
 721 CGGAACGGGA AGGCGACTGG AGTGCCATGT CCGGTTTTCA ACAAACCATG CAAATGCTGA
 781 ATGAGGGCAT CGTTCCTACT GCGATGCTGG TTGCCAACGA TCAGATGGCG CTGGGCGCAA
 841 TGCGCGCCAT TACCGAGTCC GGGCTGCGCG TTGGTGCGGA TATCTCGGTA GTGGGATACG
 901 ACGATACCGA AGACAGCTCA TGTATATPCC CGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAA CAGGATTTTC
 961 GCCTGCTGGG GCAAACCAGC GTGGACCGCT TGCTGCAACT CTCTCAGGGC CAGGCGGTGA
 1021 AGGGCAATCA GCTGTGCCCC GTCTCACTGG TGAAGAAGAA AACCACCCTG GCGCCCAATA
 1081 CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGCGCG ATTCAATAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT
 1141 CCCGACTGGA AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TAAGTTAGCT CACTCATTAG
 1201 GCACAATTCT CATGTTTGAC AGCTTATCAT CGACTGCACG GTGCACCAAT GCTTCTGGCG
 1261 TCAGGCAGCC ATCGGAAGCT GTGGTATGGC TGTGCAGGTC GTAAATCACT GCATAATTCG
 1321 TGTCGCTCAA GCGCCTACTC CGTTCCTGGT AATGTTTTTT GCGCCGACAT CATAACGGTT
 1381 CTGGCAAATA TTCTGAAATG AGCTGTTGAC AATTAATCAT GCGCTCGTAT AATGTGTGGA
 1441 ATTTGTAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGGA AACAGCCAGT CCGTTTAGGT GTTTTCACGA
 1501 GCACCTCACC AACAAAGACC ATAGCATATG AAAATCGAAG AAGGTAAACT GGTAATCTGG
 1561 ATTAACGGCG ATAAAGGCTA TAACGGTCTC GCTGAAGTCG GTAAGAAAT CGAGAAAGAT
 1621 ACCGGAATTA AAGTCAACCG TGAGCATCCG GATAAACTGG AAGAGAAAT CCCACAGGTT
 1681 GCGGCAACTG GCGATGGCCC TGACATATC TTCTGGGCAC ACGACCGCTT TGGTGGCTAC
 1741 GCTCAATCTG GCCTGTTGGC TGAAATCACC CCGGACAAAG CGTTCAGGA CAAGCTGTAT
 1801 CCGTTTACCT GGGATGCGGT ACGTTACAAC GGCAAGCTGA TTGCTTACCC GATCGCTGTT
 1861 GAAGCGTTAT CGCTGATTTA TAACAAAGAT CTGCTGCCGA ACCCGCCAAA AACCTGGGAA
 1921 GAGATCCCGG CGCTGGATAA AGAAGTGAAG GCGAAAGGTA AGAGCGCGCT GATGTTCAAC
 1981 CTGCAAGAAC CGTACTTCAC CTGGCCGCTG ATTGCTGCTG ACGGGGGTTA TGCCTCAAG
 2041 TATGAAAACG GCAAAGTACG CATTAAAGAC GTGGGCGTGG ATAACGCTGG CGCGAAAGCG
 2101 GGTCTGACCT TCCTGGTTGA CCTGATTTAA AACAAACACA TGAATGCAGA CACCGATTAC
 2161 TCCATCGCAG AAGCTGCCTT TAATAAAGGC GAAACAGCGA TGACCATCAA CGGCCGTGG
 2221 GCATGGTCCA ACATCGACAC CAGCAAAGTG AATTATGGTG TAACGGTACT GCCGACCTTC
 2281 AAGGTGATAA CATCCAAACC GTTCGTTGGC GTGCTGAGCG CAGGTATTAA CGCCGCCAGT
 2341 CCGAACAAAG AGCTGGCAA AGAGTTCCTC GAAAACATAT TGCTGACTGA TGAAGTCTG
 2401 GAAGCGGTTA ATAAAGACAA ACCGCTGGGT GCCGTAGCGC TGAAGTCTTA CGAGGAAGAG
 2461 TTGGCGAAAG ATCCACGTAT TGCCCGCACT ATGGAAAACG CCCAGAAAGG TGAATCATG
 2521 CCGAACATCC CGCAGATGTC CGCTTCTGCG TATGCGGTGC GTACTGCGGT GATCAACGCC
 2581 GCCAGCGGTC GTCAGACTGT CGATGCCGCC CTGGCCGCCG CGCAGACTGC CGCCCGGCC
 2641 GCCATGAAGG TAAACAAACT TGTGTAATAA AGCGAACAGG ACTTGAGAAA CTGCTGGAT
 2701 CTTCTTTATC AAGAAGCTAA AAAGGAAAAA CATTTTTACG GCATGCTTGA GTTGCTTCAA
 2761 AATGATGTTG TCATTTTAGA AGCTATTCGC AATATTAATA GCAATAAAGG TAGCAAAACG
 2821 GCGGGGATTG ATCAGAAAAAT AGTAGATGAT TATTTGCTTA TGCCAACGGA AAAGGTTTTT
 2881 GGGATGATAA AAGCCAAACT CAATGACTAT AAGCCTATAC CAGTGAGAAG GTGCAACAAG
 2941 CCCAAAGGAA ATGCCAAAAG CTCAAAAAGA AAAGGCAATA GTCCGAATGA GGAAGGGGAA
 3001 ACGAGGCCCT TAGGAATATC GCGAGTGACG GATAGAATCA TCCAAGAGAT GCTACGGATA
 3061 GTGCTCGAGC CGATTTTCGA AGCCCAATTC TATCCGCACA GTTATGGGTT CAGACCGTAT
 3121 CGCTCCACCG AACATGCCTT AGCCTGGATG CTGAAAATCA TCAACGGAAG CAAACTGTAT
 3181 TGGGTTGTAA AAGGTGACAT TGAAAGTTAT TTTGATCACA TCAATCATAA GAAGCTTCTG
 3241 AACATCATGT GGAATATGGG CGTTAGGGAT AAACGGGTAC TATGCATCGT TAAGAAAATG
 3301 CTGAAGGCGG GGCAGTGAT ACAAGGTAAT TTCTATCCAA CCGCTAAGGG GATTCTCTAG
 3361 GGAGGAATTA TTAGCCCCTT GTTGGCTAAT GTATATCTCA ACAGCTTTGA CTGGATGGTT
 3421 GGCCAAGAAT ATGAGTATCA CCCTAATAAC GCAAACATATC GGGAAAAGAA AAACGCATTA
 3481 GCGGCGTTAA GGAACAAGGG ACATCATCCC GTCTTTTACA TTCGTTATGC TGATGATGG

FIG. 9

3541 GTTATTCTTA CGGATACGAA AGAATATGCG GAAAAAATAA GGGAGCAATG TAAGCAGTAT
3601 TTAGCCTGTG AGTTGCACTT AACTCTATCG GATGAGAAAA CGTTCATTGC AGATATCCGC
3661 GAACAACGGG TTAAGTTTCT AGGCTTTTGT ATTGAGGCAG GAAAGCGGCG TTTTCATAAA
3721 AAAGGATTTC CCGCTAGAAT GATTCCCGAT ATGGAAAAAG TCAATGCCAA GGTCAAAGAA
3781 ATTAAGCGCG ATATTGATG GTTAAGAACG AGAAAATCGG AATTAGAGAA AGCCCTTGAT
3841 ATTGAAAACA TTAACACCAA AATTATAGGA TTAGCCAATC ATCTAAAAAT AGGCATTTCC
3901 AAGTACATTA TGGGCAAAGT AGATCGCGTC ATTGAAGAGA CAGCCTACCG CACCTGGGTT
3961 AAAATGTATG GGAAAGAAAA AGCGGCGCAA TATAAAAGGC CTGTGTCAGA GTTTCACAA
4021 CGGATTGACA GACATAAAGG CTATCAAATG AACATTTTTT CTGTGTCAC AGAGGATGGC
4081 ATAAGAGTAG GGATTACCCA TGCAAAAATA ACGCCTATAC AGTATGCAAC AGTATTCAAA
4141 CAAGAAATGA CCCCATACAC TGCAGACGGC AGAAAAATGT ATGAAGAAAA GCATAGAAAA
4201 ATACGATTGC CGGATAAAAT GAGTCTGTTC GATCACGATT CGATATTCAT CTACATTTTA
4261 TCTGAGCATA ATGATGGGAA ATATAATCTT GAATATTTCT TAAATAGGGT GAATGTATTT
4321 CACAGAGATA AAGGAAAATG CAAAATATGT GCCGTATACT TAAGTCCCGG TAACTTCCAC
4381 TGCCATCATA TTGACCCGAG TAAACCTTTA AGTGAGATCA ATAAGACCGT TAATCTAAT
4441 AGCTTATGCA ACCAATGCCA TAGGCTTGTC CATAGCAACC AAGAACC GCC GTTTACAGAA
4501 CGAAAAATGT TTGACAAACT AACGAAAAT AGGAAACAAGC TGAANAATA AGGATCCTCT
4561 AGCTGCAGGC AAGCTTGGA CTGGCCGTCG TTTTACAACG TCGTGACTGG GAAAACCTCT
4621 GCGTTACCCA ACTTAATCGC CTTGCAGCAC ATCCCCCTTT CGCCAGCTGG CGTAATAGCG
4681 AAGAGGCCCG CACCGATCGC CCTTCCCAAC AGTTGCGCAG CCTGAATGGC GAATGGCAGC
4741 TTGGCTGTTT TGGCGGATGA GATAAGATTT TCAGCCTGAT ACAGATTTAA TCAGAACGCA
4801 GAAGCGGTCT GATAAAACAG AATTTGCCTG GCGGCAGTAG CGCGGTGGTC CCACCTGACC
4861 CCATGCCGAA CTCAGAAGTG AACGCGGTA GCGCCGATGG TAGTGTGGGG TCTCCCCATG
4921 CGAGAGTAGG GAACTGCCAG GCATCAAATA AAACGAAAAG CTGAGTCGAA AGACTGGGCC
4981 TTTCTGTTTA TCTGTTGTTT GTCGGTGAAC GCTCTCCTGA GTAGGACAAA TCCGCCGGGA
5041 GCGGATTTGA ACGTTGCGAA GCAACGGCCC GGAGGGTGCC GGGCAGGACG CCCGCCATAA
5101 ACTGCCAGGC ATCAAATTA GCAGAAGGCC ATCCTGACGG ATGGCCTTTT TCGGTTTCTA
5161 CAAACTCTTT TTGTTTATTT TTCTAAATAC ATTCAAATAT GTATCCGCTC ATGAGACAA
5221 AACCTTGATA AATGCTTCAA TAATATTGAA AAAGGAAGAG TATGAGTAT CAACATTTCC
5281 GTGTGCCCTT TATTCCTTT TTTGCGGCAT TTTGCTTCC TGTTTTGTCT CACCAGAAA
5341 CGTGGTGAA AGTAAAAGAT GCTGAAGATC AGTTGGGTGC ACGAGTGGGT TACATCGAAC
5401 TGGATCTCAA CAGCGGTAAG ATCCTTGAGA GTTTTCGCC CGAAGAACGT TCTCCAATGA
5461 TGAGCACTTT TAAAGTTCTG CTATGTGGCG CGGTATTATC CCGTGTGAC GCCGGCAAG
5521 AGCAACTCGG TCGCCGATA CACTATTCTC AGAATGACTT GGTGAGTAC TCACCAGTCA
5581 CAGAAAAGCA TCTTACGGAT GGCATGACAG TAAGAGAATT ATGCAAGTCT GCCATAACCA
5641 TGAGTGATAA CACTGCGGCC AACTTACTTC TGACAACGAT CCGAGGACCG AAGGAGCTAA
5701 CCGCTTTTTT GCACAACATG GGGGATCATG TAACTCGCCT TGATCGTTGG GAACCGGAGC
5761 TGAATGAAGC CATACCAAAC GACGAGCGTG ACACCCAGAT GCCTGTAGCA ATGGCAACAA
5821 CGTTGCGCAA ACTATTAACT GCGGAACACT TTACTCTAGC TTCCCGCAA CAATTAATAG
5881 ACTGGATGGA GCGGATAAAA GTTGACAGGAC CACTTCTGCG CTCGGCCCTT CCGGCTGGCT
5941 GGTATTATTC TGATAAATCT GGAGCCGGTG AGCGTGGGTC TCGCGGTATC ATTGCAGCAC
6001 TGGGGCCAGA TGGTAAGCCC TCCGATATCG TAGTTATCTA CACGACGGGG AGTCAGGCAA
6061 CTATGGATGA ACGAAATAGA CAGATCGCTG AGATAGGTGC CTCACTGATT AAGCATTTGG
6121 AACTGTGAGA CCAAGTTTAC TCATATATAC TTTAGATTGA TTTACCCCGG TTGATAATCA
6181 GAAAAGCCCC AAAAACAGGA AGATTGTATA AGCAAATAT TAAATGTAA ACGTTAATAT
6241 TTTGTTAAAA TTCGCGTTAA ATTTTGTGTA AATCAGCTCA TTTTAAACC AATAGGCCGA
6301 AATCGGCAAA ATCCCTTATA AATCAAAAGA ATAGACCGAG ATAGGGTTGA GTGTTGTTCC
6361 AGTTTGGAAC AAGAGTCCAC TATTAAAGAA CGTGGACTCC AACGTCAAAG GCGGAAAAAC
6421 CGTCTATCAG GGCGATGGCC CACTACGTGA ACCATCACCC AAATCAAGTT TTTTGGGGTC
6481 GAGGTGCCGT AAAGCACTAA ATCGGAACCC TAAAGGGAGC CCCCGATTTA GAGCTTGAC
6541 GGGAAAGCCG GCGAACGTGG CGAGAAAGGA AGGGAAGAAA GCGAAAGGAG CGGGCGCTAG
6601 GCGCTGGCA AGTGTAGCGG TCACGCTGCG CGTAACCACC ACACCCGCGG CGCTTAATGC
6661 GCCGTACAG GCGCGTAAA AGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCT TTTTGATAAT CTCATGACCA
6721 AAATCCCTTA ACGTGAGTTT TCGTTCCTACT GAGCGTCAGA CCCCGTAGAA AAGATCAAAG
6781 GATCTTCTTG AGATCCTTTT TTTCTGCGCG TAATCTGCTG CTTGCAAACA AAAAAACCAC
6841 CGCTACCAGC GGTGTTTGT TTGCCGATC AAGAGCTACC AACTCTTTTT CCGAAGGTAA
6901 CTGGCTTCAG CAGAGCGCAG ATACCAAATA CTGTCTTCT AGTGTAGCCG TAGTTAGGCC
6961 ACCACTTCAA GAACTCTGTA GCACCGCCTA CATACTCGC TCTGTAAATC CTGTTACCAG
7021 TGGCTGCTGC CAGTGGCGAT AAGTCTGTGC TTACCGGTT GGAATCAAGA CGATAGTTAC
7081 CGGATAAGGC GCAGCGGTCG GGCTGAACCG GGGGTTCTGT CACACAGCCC AGCTTGGAGC
7141 GAACGACCTA CACCGAAGTC AGATACCTAC AGCGTGAGCT ATGAGAAAAG GCCACGTTTC

FIG. 9 (cont.)

7201 CCGAAGGGAG AAAGGCGGAC AGGTATCCGG TAAGCGGCAG GGTCCGGAACA GGAGAGCGCA
7261 CGAGGGAGCT TCCAGGGGGA AACGCCTGGT ATCTTTATAG TCCTGTCGGG TTTCGCCACC
7321 TCTGACTTGA GCGTCGATTT TTGTGATGCT CGTCAGGGGG GCGGAGCCTA TGGAAAAACG
7381 CCAGCAACGC GGCCTTTTTA CGGTTCCCTGG CCTTTTGCTG GCCTTTTGCT CACATGTTCT
7441 TTCCTGCGTT ATCCCCTGAT TCTGTGGATA ACCGTATTAC CGCCTTGAG TGAGCTGATA
7501 CCGCTCGCCG CAGCCGAACG ACCGAGCGCA GCGAGTCAGT GAGCGAGGAA GCGGAAGAGC
7561 GCCTGATGCG GTATTTTCTC CTTACGCATC TGTGCGGTAT TTCACACCGC ATATAATGGTG
7621 CACTCTCAGT ACAATCTGCT CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAAGC CAGTATACAC TCCGCTATCG
7681 CTACGTGACT GGGTCATGGC TCGGCCCGA CACCCGCCAA CACCCGCTGA CGCGCCCTGA
7741 CGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCGGC ATCCGCTTAC AGACAAGCTG TGACCGTCTC CGGGAGCTGC
7801 ATGTGTCAGA GGTTTTCACC GTCATCACCG AAACGCGCGA GGCAGCTGCG GTAAGCTCA
7861 TCAGCGTGGT CGTGCAGCGA TTCACAGATG TCTGCCTGTT CATCCGCGTC CAGCTCGTTG
7921 AGTTTCTCCA GAAGCGTTAA TGTCTGGCTT CTGATAAAGC GGGCCATGTT AAGGGCGGTT
7981 TTTTCCTGTT TGGTCACTGA TGCTCCGTG TAAGGGGGAT TTCTGTTCAT GGGGGTAATG
8041 ATACCGATGA AACGAGAGAG GATGCTCACG ATACGGGTTA CTGATGATGA ACATGCCCGG
8101 TTACTGGAAC GTTGTGAGGG TAAACAAC TGCGGTATGGA TGCGGCGGGA CCAGAGAAAA
8161 ATCACTCAGG GTCAATGCCA GCGCTTCGTT AATACAGATG TAGGTGTTCC ACAGGGTAGC
8221 CAGCAGCATC CTGCGATGCA GATCCGGAAC ATAATGGTGC AGGGCGCTGA CTTCCGCGTT
8281 FCCAGACTTT ACGAAACACG GAAACCGAAG ACCATTCTATG TTGTTGCTCA GGTCGCAGAC
8341 GTTTTGCAGC AGCAGTCGCT TCACGTTGCG TCGCGTATCG GTGATTCATT CTGCTAACCA
8401 GTAAGGCAAC CCCGCCAGCC TAGCCGGGTC CTCAACGACA GGAGCACGAT CATGCGCACC
8461 CGTGGCCAGG ACCCAACGCT GCCCGAAATT

FIG. 9 (cont.)

1 CCGACACCAT CGAATGGTGC AAAACCTTTC GCGGTATGGC ATGATAGCGC CCGGAAGAGA
61 GTCAATTCAG GGTGGTGAAT GTGAAACCAG TAACGTTATA CGATGTGCGA GAGTATGCCG
121 GTGTCTCTTA TCAGACCGTT TCCCGCGTGG TGAACCAGGC CAGCCACGTT TCTGCGAAAA
181 CCGGGGAAAA AGTGGAAAGCG GCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTA CATTCCCAAC CCGGTGGCAC
241 AACAACCTGGC GGGCAAACAG TCGTTGCTGA TTGGCGTTGC CACCTCCAGT CTGGCCCTGC
301 ACGCGCCGTC GCAAATTTGC GCGGCGATA AATCTCGCGC CGATCAACTG GGTGGCAGCG
361 TGGTGGTGTG GATGGTAGAA CGAAGCGGCG TCGAAGCCTG TAAAGCGGCG GTGCACAATC
421 TTCTCGCGCA ACGCGTCAGT GGGCTGATCA TTAACCTATCC GCTGGATGAC CAGGATGCCA
481 TTGCTGTGGA AGCTGCCTGC ACTAATGTTC CCGCGTTTAT TCTTGATGTC TCTGACCAGA
541 CACCCATCAA CAGTATTATT TTCTCCCATG AAGACGGTAC GCGACTGGGC GTGGAGCATC
601 ACGATACCGA GGTTCACCAG CAAATCGCGC TGTAGCGGG CCCATTAAGT TCTGTCTCGG
661 CCGCTCTGCG TCTGGCTGGC TGGCATAAAT ATCTCACTCG CAATCAAATT CAGCCGATAG
721 CCGAACGGGA AGGCGACTGG AGTGCCATGT CCGGTTTTCA ACAAACCATG CAAATGCTGA
781 ATGAGGGCAT CGTTCCTACT GCGATGCTGG TTGCCAACGA TCAGATGGCG CTGGGCGCAA
841 TGCGCGCCAT TACCGAGTCC GGGCTGCGCG TTGGTGGCGA TATCTCGGTA GTGGGATACG
901 ACGATACCGA AGACAGCTCA TGTATATATCC CGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAAA CAGGATTTTC
961 GCCTGCTGGG GCAAACCAGC GTGGACCGCT TGCTGCAACT CTCTCAGGGC CAGGCGGTGA
1021 AGGGCAATCA GCTGTTGCC GTCTCACTGG TGAAGAGAAA AACCACCCTG GCGCCCAATA
1081 CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT
1141 CCGGACTGGA AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TAAGTTAGCT CACTCAATAG
1201 GCACAATTCT CATGTTTGAC AGCTTATCAT CACTGCACG GTGCACCAAT GCTTCTGGCG
1261 TCAGGCAGCC ATCGGAAGCT GTGGTATGGC TGTGAGGTC GTAAATCACT GCATAATTCG
1321 TGTGCTCAA GCGCCTACTC CGTCTGGAT AATGTTTTTT GCGCCGACAT CATAACGGTT
1381 CTGGCAAATA TTCTGAAATG AGCTGTTGAC AATTAATCAT CCGCTCGTAT AATGTGTGGA
1441 ATTGTGAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGGA AACAGCCAGT CCGTTTAGGT GTTTTCACGA
1501 GCACTTCACC AACAAGGACC ATAGCATATG AAAATCGAAG AAGGTAACCT GGTAARTCTGG
1561 ATTAACGGCG ATAAAGGCTA TAACGGTCTC GCTGAAAGTC GTAAGAAATT CGAGAAAGAT
1621 ACCGGAATTA AAGTCACCGT TGAGCATCCG GATAAACTGG AAGAGAAATT CCCACAGGTT
1681 GCGGCAACTG GCGATGGCC TGACATTATC TTCTGGGCAC ACGACCCGTT TGGTGGCTAC
1741 GCTCAATCTG GCCTGTTGGC TGAATCACC CCGGACAAAG CGTTCCAGGA CAAGCTGTAT
1801 CCGTTTACCT GGGATGCCGT ACGTTACAAC GGCAAGCTGA TTGCTTACCC GATCGCTGTT
1861 GAAGCGTTAT CGCTGATTTA TAACAAGAT CTGCTGCCGA ACCCGCCAAA AACCTGGGAA
1921 GAGATCCCGG CGCTGGATAA AGAACTGAAA GCGAAAGGTA AGAGCGCGCT GATGTTCAAC
1981 CTGCAAGAAC CGTACTTCAC CTGCGCGCTG ATTGCTGCTG ACGGGGGTTA TGCCTTCAAG
2041 TATGAAAACG GCAAGTACGA CATTAAGAC GTGGGCGTGG ATAACGCTGG CCGGAAAGCG
2101 GGTCTGACCT TCCTGGTTGA CCTGATTAAA AACAACACA TGAATGCAGA CACCGATTAC
2161 TCCATCGCAG AAGTGCCTT TAATAAAGGC GAAACAGCGA TGACCATCAA CCGCCCGTGG
2221 GCATGGTCCA ACATCGACAC CAGCAAAGTG AATTATGGTG TAACGGTACT GCCGACCTTC
2281 AAGGGTCAAC CATCCAAACC GTTCGTTGGC GTGCTGAGCG CAGGTATTAA CGCCGCCAGT
2341 CCGAACAAAG AGCTGGCAA AGAGTTCCCT GAAACTATC TGCTGACTGA TGAAGTCTG
2401 GAAGCGGTTA ATAAAGACAA ACCGCTGGGT GCCGTAGCGC TGAAGTCTTA CGAGGAAGAG
2461 TTGGCGAAAG ATCCACGTAT TGCCGCCACT ATGGAAAACG CCCAGAAAGG TGAATCATG
2521 CCGAACATCC CGCAGATGTC CGCTTCTGG TATGCCGTGC GACTGCGGT GATCAACGCC
2581 GCCAGCGGTC GTCAGACTGT CGATGCCGCC CTGGCCGCCG CGCAGACTGC CGCCGCCGCC
2641 GCCATGGCTT TGTGGAACG CATCTTAGCG AGAGACAACC TCATCACGGC GCTCAAACGG
2701 GTCGAAGCCA ACCAAGEAGC ACCGGGAATC GACGGAGTAT CAACCGATCA ACTCCGTGAT
2761 TACATCCGCG CTCACTGGAG CACGATCCAC GCCCAACTCT TGGCGGGAAC CTACCGGCCG
2821 GCGCCTGTCC GCAGGGTCGA AATCCCGAAA CCGGGCGGCG GCACACGGCA CCTAGGCATT
2881 CCCACCGTGG TGGACCGGCT GATCCAACAA GCCATTTCTT AAGAACTCAC ACCCATTTTC
2941 GATCCAGACT TCTCTCTTTC CAGCTFCGGA TTCCGTCCCG GCCGCAACGC CCACGATGCC
3001 GTGCGGCAAG CGCAAGGCTA CATCCAGGAA GGGTATCGGT ACGTGGTCTGA CATGGACCTG
3061 GAAAAGTTCT TTGATCGGGT CAACCATGAC ATCTTGATGA GTCGGGTGGC CCGAAAAGTC
3121 AAGGATAAAC GCGTCTGAA ACTGATCCGT GCCTACCTGC AAGCCGGCGT TATGATCGAA
3181 GGGGTGAAGG TGCAGACGGA GGAAGGGACG CCGCAAGGCG GCCCCCTCAG CCCCTGCTG
3241 CCGAACATCC TTCTCGACGA TTTAGACAAG GAATTTGAGA AGCGAGGATT GAAATTTCTG
3301 CATTACGCAG ATGACTGCAA CATCTATGTG AAAAGTCTGC GGGCAGGACA ACGGGTGAAA
3361 CGAAGCATCC AACGTTCTT GGAGAAAACG CTCAAATCA AAGTAAACGA GGAGAAAAGT
3421 CCGGTGGACC GCCCGTGGAA ACGGGCTTTT CTGGGGTTTA GCTTCACACC GGAACGAAAA
3481 GCGCAATCC GGCTCGCCCC AAGGTCGATT CAACGCTGTA AACAGCGGAT TCGACAGCTG

FIG. 10

3541 ACCAACCCTAA ACTGGAGCAT ATCGATGCCA GAACGAATTC ATCGCGTCAA TCAATACGTC
 3601 ATGGGATGGA TCGGGTATTT TCGGCTCGTC GAAACCCCGT CTGTCCTTCA GACCATCGAA
 3661 GGATGGATTC GGAGGAGGCT TCGACTCTGT CAATGGCTTC AATGGAAACG GGTGAGAACC
 3721 AGAATCCGTG AGTTAAGAGC GCTGGGGCTG AAAGAGACAG CCGTGATGGA GATCGCCAAT
 3781 ACCCGAAAAG GAGCTTGGCG AACACGAAA ACGCCGCAAC TCCACCAGGC CCTGGGCAAG
 3841 ACCTACTGGA CCGCTCAAGG GCTCAAGAGT TTGACGCAAC GATATTTTCA ACTCCGTCAA
 3901 GGTTGACTGC AGGCAAGCTT GGCCTGGCC GTCGTTTTAC AACGTGCTGA CTGGGAAAAC
 3961 CCTGGCGTTA CCCAACTTAA TCGCCTTGCA GCACATCCCC CTTTCGCCAG CTGGCGTAAT
 4021 AGCGAAGAGG CCCGCACCGA TCGCCCTTCC CAACAGTTGC GCAGCCTGAA TGGCGAATGG
 4081 CAGCTTGGCT GTTTTGGCGG ATGAGATAAG ATTTTCAGCC TGATACAGAT TAAATCAGAA
 4141 CGAGAAGCG GTCTGATAAA ACAGAATTTG CCTGGCGGCA GTAGCGCGGT GGTCCCACCT
 4201 GACCCCATGC CGAACTCAGA AGTAAAACGC CGTAGCGCCG ATGGTAGTGT GGGGTCTCCC
 4261 CATCGGAGAG TAGGGAAC TG CAGGCATCA AATAAAACGA AAGGCTCAGT CGAAAGACTG
 4321 GGCCTTTCGT TTTATCTGTT GTTTGTCTGGT GAACGCTCTC CTGAGTAGGA CAAATCCGCC
 4381 GGGAGCGGAT TTGAACGTTG CGAAGCAACG GCCCGGAGGG TGGCGGGCAG GACGCCCGCC
 4441 ATAAACTGCC AGGCATCAAA TTAAGCAGAA GGCCATCCTG ACGGATGGCC TTTTTGCGTT
 4501 TCTACAAACT CTTTTTGTTC ATTTTCTTAA ATACATTCAA ATATGTATCC GCTCATGAGA
 4561 CAATAACCCCT GATAAATGCT TCAATAATAT TGAAAAAGGA AGAGTATGAG TATTCAACAT
 4621 TTCCGTGTGC CCTTATTCC CTTTTTGGCG GCATTTTGCC TTCTTGTTCG TGCTCACCCA
 4681 GAAACGCTGG TGAAAGTAAA AGATGCTGAA GATCAGTTGG GTGCACGAGT GGGTTACATC
 4741 GAACTGGATC TCAACAGCGG TAAGATCCTT GAGAGTTTTT GCCCGAAGA ACGTTCTCCA
 4801 ATGATGAGCA CTTTTAAAGT TCTGCTATGT GCGCGGTAT TATCCCGTGT TGACGCCGGG
 4861 CAAGAGCAAC TCGGTCGCGG CATACTACTAT TCTCAGAATG ACTTGGTTGA GTACTCACCA
 4921 GTCACAGAAA AGCATCTTAC GGTATGGCATG ACAGTAAGAG AATTATGCAG TGCTGCCATA
 4981 ACCATGAGTG ATAACACTGC GGCCAACTTA CTTCTGACAA CGATCGGAGG ACCGAAGGAG
 5041 CTAACCGCTT TTTTGCACAA CATGGGGGAT CATGTAACCT GCCTTGATCG TTGGGAACCG
 5101 GAGCTGAATG AAGCCATACC AAACGACGAG CGTGACACCA CGATGCCTGT AGCAATGGCA
 5161 ACAACGTTGC GCAAACCTATT AACTGGCGAA CTACTTACTC TAGCTTCCCG GCAACAATTA
 5221 ATAGACTGGA TGGAGGCGGA TAAAGTTGCA GGACCACTTC TCGCTCGGC CCTTCCGGCT
 5281 GGCTGGTTTA TTGCTGATAA ATCTGGAGCC GGTGAGCGTG GGTCTCGCGG TATCATTGCA
 5341 GCATGGGGG CAGATGGTAA GCCCTCCCGT ATCCTAGTTA TCTACACGAC GGGGAGTCAG
 5401 GCAACTATGG ATGAACGAAA TAGACAGATC GCTGAGATAG GTGCCTCACT GATTAAGCAT
 5461 TGGTAACTGT CAGACCAAGT TTACTCATAT ATACTTTAGA TTGATTTACC CCGGTTGATA
 5521 ATCAGAAAAG CCCCAAAAC AGGAAGATTG TATAAGCAA TATTTAAAT GTAAACGTTA
 5581 ATATTTTGT AAAATTCGCG TTAATTTTT GTTAAATCAG CTCATTTTTT AACCAATAGG
 5641 CCGAATTCGG CAAAATCCCT TATAAATCAA AAGAATAGAC CGAGATAGGG TTGAGTGTG
 5701 TTCCAGTTTG GAACAAGAGT CCACTATTAA AGAACGTGGA CTCCAACGTC AAAGGGCGAA
 5761 AAACCGTCTA TCAGGGCGAT GGCCCACTAC GTGAACCATC ACCCAAATCA AGTTTTTTGG
 5821 GGTGAGGTTG CCGTAAAGCA CTAATTCGGA ACCCTAAAGG GAGCCCCCGA TTTAGAGCTT
 5881 GACGGGGAAA GCCCGGGAAC GTGGCGAGAA AGGAAGGGAA GAAAGCGAAA GGAGCGGGCG
 5941 CTAGGGCGCT GGCAAGTGTA GCGGTCACGC TGGCGTAAAC CACCACACC GCCCGCTTA
 6001 ATGCGCCGCT ACAGGGCGCG TAAAAGGATC TAGGTGAAGA TCCTTTTTGA TAATCTCATG
 6061 AACAAAATCC CTTAACGTGA GTTTTCGTTT CACTGAGCGT CAGACCCCGT AGAAAAGATC
 6121 AAAGGATCTT CTTGAGATCC TTTTTTCTG CCGCTAATCT GCTGCTTGCA AACAAAAAA
 6181 CCACCGCTAC CAGCGGTGTT TTGTTTGGCG GATCAAGAGC TACCAACTCT TTTTCCGAAG
 6241 GTAACCTGGCT TCAGCAGAGC GCAGATACCA AATACTGTCC TTCTAGTGTA GCCGTAGTTA
 6301 GGCCACCACT TCAAGAACTC TGTAGCACCG CTTACATACC TCGCTCTGCT AATCCTGTTA
 6361 CCAGTGGCTG CTGCCAGTGG CGATAAGTCC TGTCTTACCG GGTGGACTC AAGACGATAG
 6421 TTACCGGATA AGGCGCAGCG GTCGGGCTGA ACGGGGGGTT CGTGACACACA GCCCAGCTTG
 6481 GAGCGAACGA CCTACACCGA ACTGAGATAC CTACAGCGTG AGCTATGAGA AAGCGCCACG
 6541 CTTCCCGAAG GGAGAAAGGC GGACAGGTAT CCGGTAAGCG GCAGGGTCGG AACAGGAGAG
 6601 CGCACGAGGG AGCTTCCAGG GGGAAAACGCC TGGTATCTTT ATAGTCTCTG CCGGTTTCGC
 6661 CACCTCTGAC TTGAGCGTGC ATTTTTGTGA TGCTCGTCAG GGGGGCGGAG CCTATGGAAA
 6721 AACGCCAGCA ACGCGCCTT TTTACGGTTC CTGGCCTTTT GCTGGCCTTT TGCTCACATG
 6781 TTCTTCTCTG CGTTATCCCC TGATTCGTG GATAACCGTA TTACCCTCTT TGAGTGAAGT
 6841 GATACCGCTC GCCGCAAGCC AACGACCGAG CGCAGCGAGT CAGTGAAGCA GGAAGCGGAA
 6901 GAGCGCTTGA TCGGGTATTT TCTCCTTACG CATCTGTGCG GTATTTTACA CCGCATATAT
 6961 GGTGCACTCT CAGTACAATC TGCTCTGATG CCGCATAGTT AAGCCAGTAT AACTCCGCT
 7021 ATCGCTACGT GACTGGGTCA TGGCTGCGCC CCGACACCCG CCAACACCCG CTGACGCGCC
 7081 CTGACGGGCT TGTCTGCTCC CGGCATCCGC TTACAGACAA GCTGTGACCG TCTCCGGGAG
 7141 CTGCATGTGT CAGAGGTTTT CACCTCATC ACCGAAACGC GCGAGGCAGC TGCGGTAAG

FIG. 10 (cont.)

7201 CTCATCAGCG TGGTCGTGCA GCGATTCACA GATGTCTGCC TGTTCATCCG CGTCCAGCTC
7261 GTTGAGTTTC TCCAGAAGCG TTAATGTCTG GCTTCTGATA AAGCGGGCCA TGTTAAGGGC
7321 GGTTTTTTCC TGTTTGGTCA CTGATGCCTC CGTGTAAGGG GGATTTCTGT TCATGGGGGT
7381 AATGATACCG ATGAAACGAG AGAGGATGCT CACGATACGG GTTACTGATG ATGAACATGC
7441 CCGGTTACTG GAACGTTGTG AGGGTAAACA ACTGGCGGTA TGGATGCGGC GGGACCAGAG
7501 AAAAATCACT CAGGGTCAAT GCCAGCGCTT CGTTAATACA GATGTAGGTG TTCCACAGGG
7561 TAGCCAGCAG CATCCTGCGA TGCAGATCCG GAACATAATG GTGCAGGGCG CTGACTTCCG
7621 CGTTTCCAGA CTTTACGAAA CACGGAAACC GAAGACCATT CATGTTGTTG CTCAGGTCCG
7681 AGACGTTTIG CAGCAGCAGT CGCTTACGT TCGCTCGCGT ATCGGTGATT CATCTGCTA
7741 ACCAGTAAGG CAACCCCGCC AGCCTAGCCG GGTCCCTCAAC GACAGGAGCA CGATCATGCG
7801 CACCCGTGGC CAGGACCCAA CGCTGCCCGA AATT

FIG. 10 (cont.)

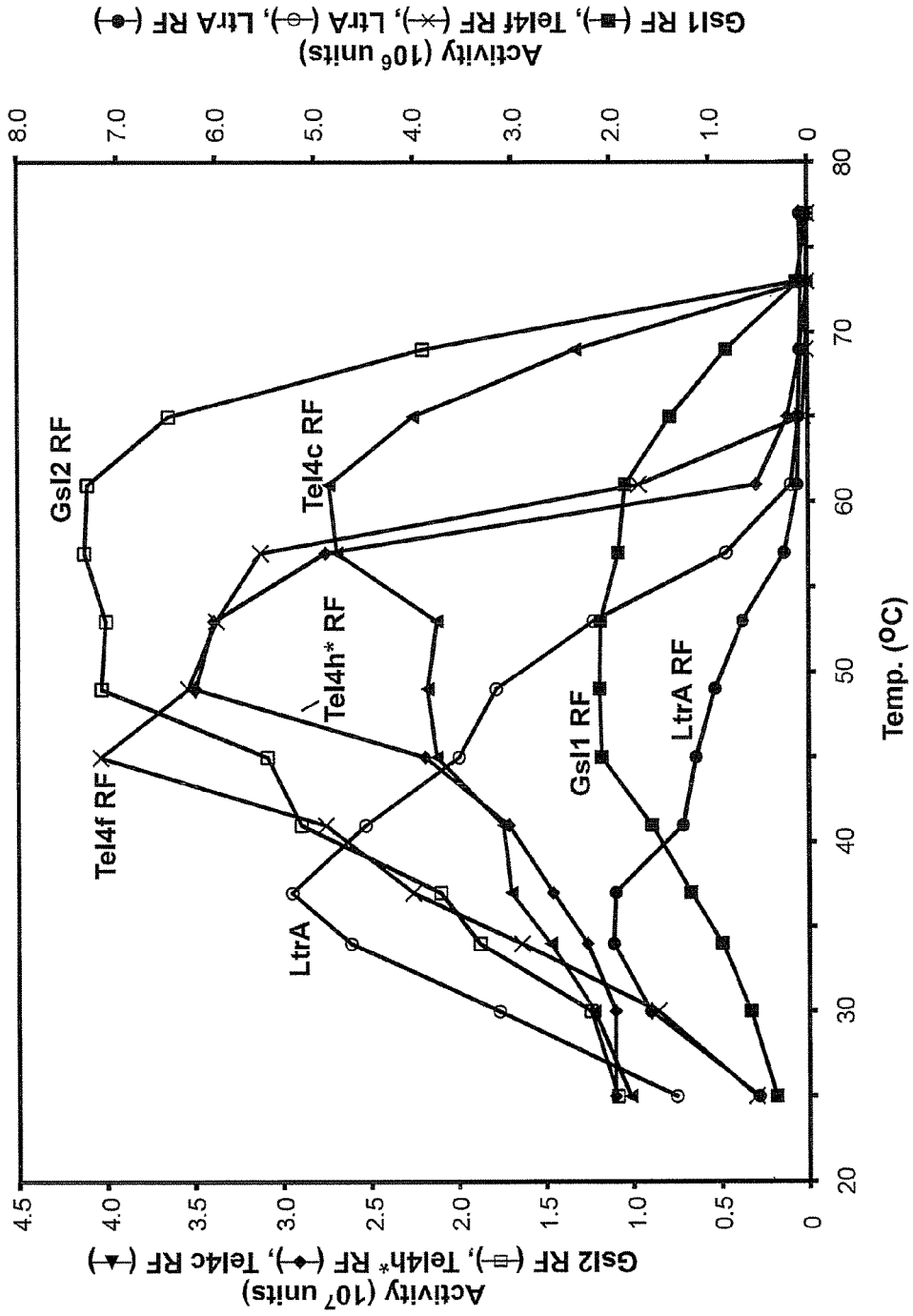


FIG. 11

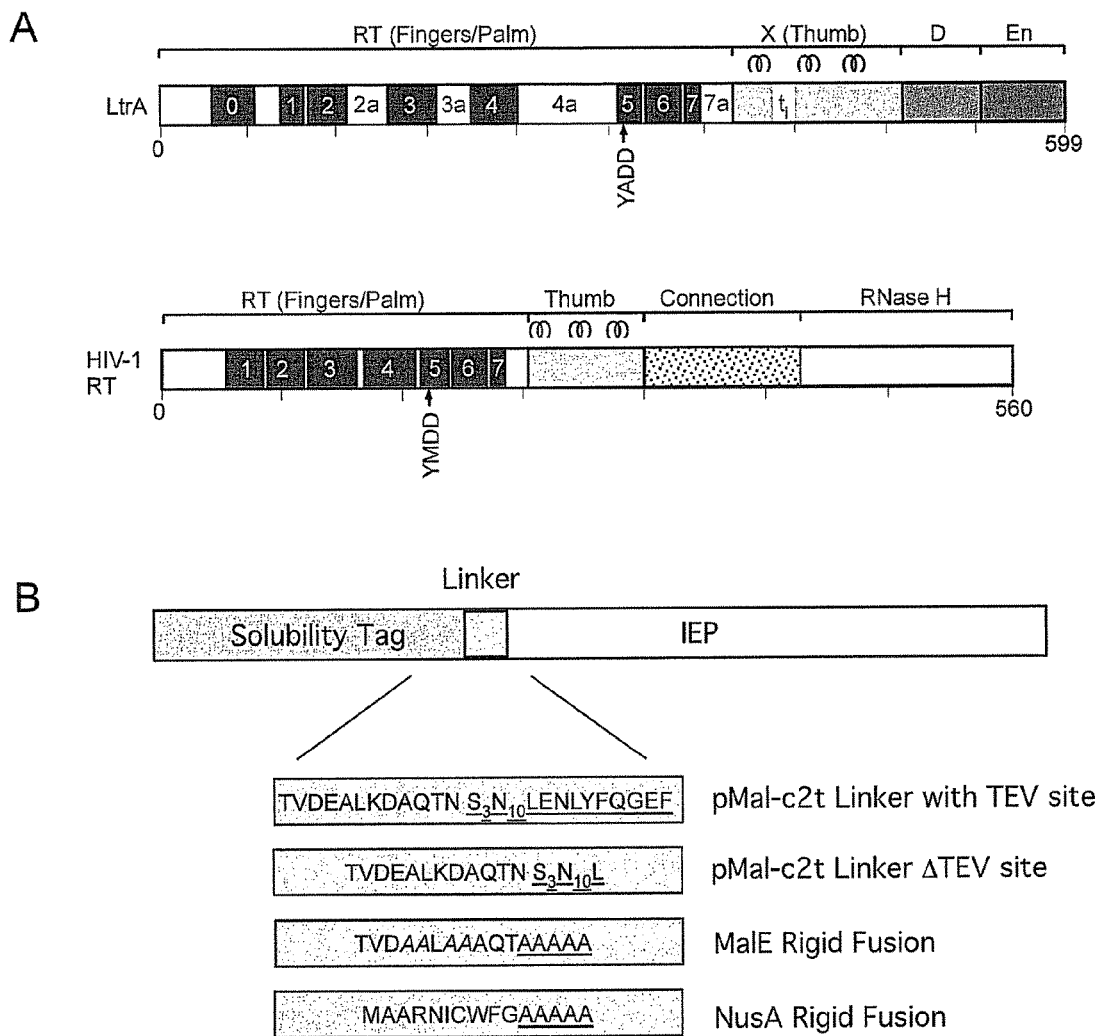


FIG. 12

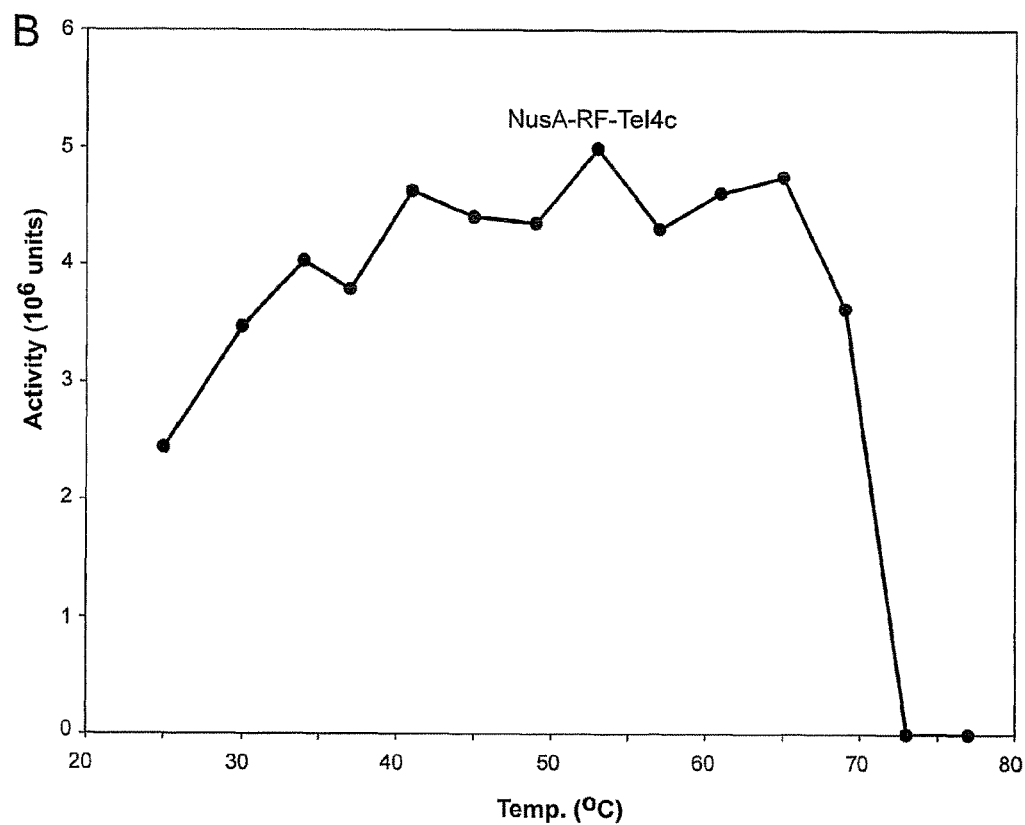
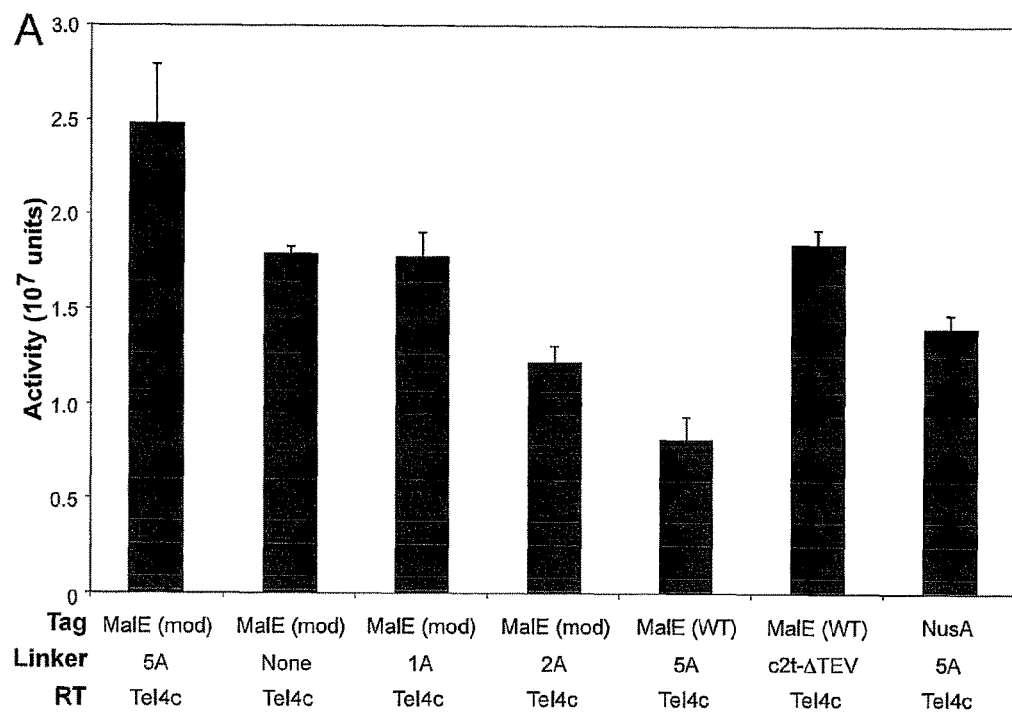


FIG. 13

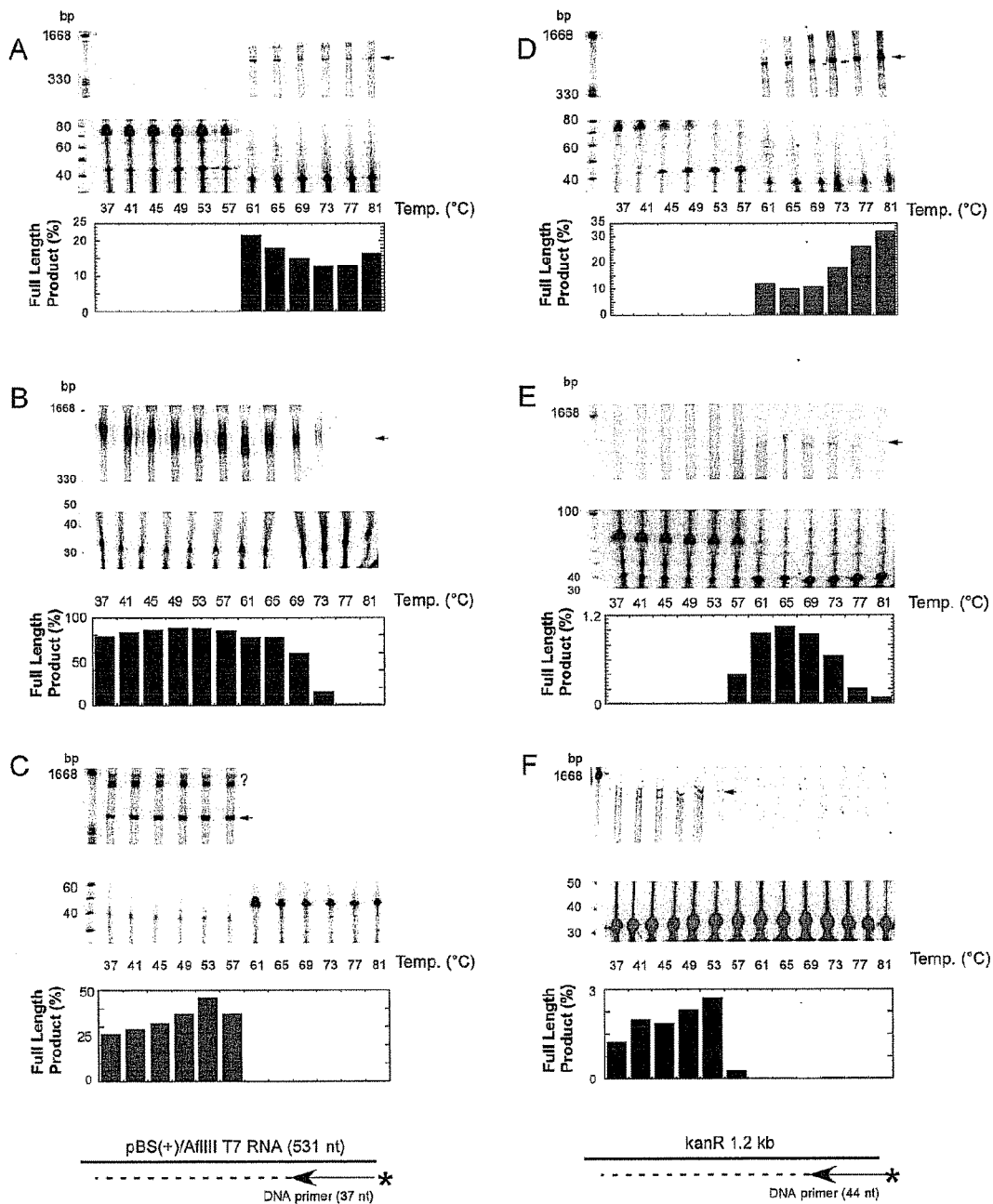


FIG. 14

SEQ ID NO: 21

5'GAATACAAGCTTGGGCGTGTCTCAAAATCTCTGATGTTACATTGCACAAGATAA
AAATATATCATCATGAACAATAAACTGTCTGCTTACATAAACAGTAATACAAG
GGGTGTTATGAGCCATATTCAACGGGAAACGTCTTGCTCGAGGCCGCGATTAAAT
TCCAACATGGATGCTGATTTATATGGGTATAAATGGGCTCGCGATAATGTCGGGC
AATCAGGTGCGACAATCTATCGATTGTATGGGAAGCCCGATGCGCCAGAGTTGTT
TCTGAAACATGGCAAAGGTAGCGTTGCCAATGATGTTACAGATGAGATGGTCAG
ACTAAACTGGCTGACGGAATTTATGCCTCTTCCGACCATCAAGCATTATCCGT
ACTCCTGATGATGCATGGTTACTCACCCTGCGATCCCCGGGAAAACAGCATTCC
AGGTATTAGAAGAATATCCTGAGTCAGGTGAAAATATTGTTGATGCGCTGGCAGT
GTTCTGCGCCGTTGCATTTCGATTCTGTTTGTAAATTGTCCTTTAACAGCGATC
GCGTATTTTCGCTCGCTCAGGCGCAATCACGAATGAATAACGTTTGGTTGATGC
GAGTGATTTTATGACGAGCGTAATGGCTGGCCTGTTGAACAAGTCTGGAAAGA
AATGCATAAGCTTTTGCATTCTCACCGGATTCAGTCGTCACTCATGGTGATTTCT
CACTTGATAACCTTATTTTACGAGGGGAAATTAATAGGTTGTATTGATGTTGG
ACGAGTCGGAATCGCAGACCGATACCAGGATCTTGCCATCCTATGGAAGTGCCTC
GGTGAGTTTTCTCCTTCATTACAGAAACGGCTTTTTCAAAAATATGGTATTGATA
ATCCTGATATGAATAAATTGCAGTTTCATTTGATGCTCGATGAGTTTTTCTAATCA
GAATTGGTTAATTGGTTGTAACACTGGCAGAGCATTACGCTGACTTGACGGGACG
GCGGCTTTGTTGAATAAATCGAACTTTTGTGAGTTGAAGGATCAGATCACGCAT
CTTCCCAGAACGCAGACCGTTCCGTGGCAAAGCAAAGTTCAAAATCACCAAC
TGGTCCACCTACAACAAAGCTCTCATCAACCGTGGCGACTCTAGAGGATCCCCGG
GCGAGCTCCCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAACCGAATT-3'

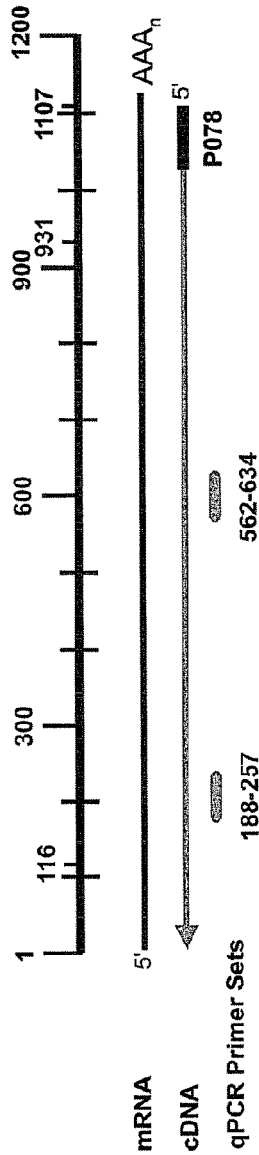
FIG. 15

SEQ ID NO: 38

MNKEILAVVEAVSNEKALPREKIFEALESALATATKKKYEQIDVRVQIDRKSGDFD
TFRRWLVDVDTQPTKEITLEAARYEDESINLGDYVEDQIESVTFDRITQTAKQVIV
QKVREAERAMVVDQFREHEGEIITGVVKKVNRDNISLDLGNNAEAVILREDMLPRE
NFRPGDRVRGVLVSVRPEARQAQLFVTRSKPEMLIELFRIEVPEIGEEVIEIKAAARDP
GSRAKIAVKTNDKRIDPVGACVGMARGARVQAVSTELGGERIDIVLWDDNPAQFVIN
AMAPADVASIVVDEDKHTMDIAVEAGNLAQAIGRNGQNVRLASQLSGWELNVMTV
DDLQAKHQAEAHAAIDTFTKYLDIDEDFATVLEEGFSTLEELAYVPMKELLEIEGL
DEPTVEALRERAKNALATIAQAQEESLGDNKPADDLLNLEGVDRDLAFKLAARGVC
TLEDLAEQGIDDLADIEGLTDEKAGALIMAARNICWFG

FIG. 18

kanR RNA Coding Region nt 116 - 931



qPCR Amplification Plots, $\Delta RN_{(Log)}$ vs Cycle

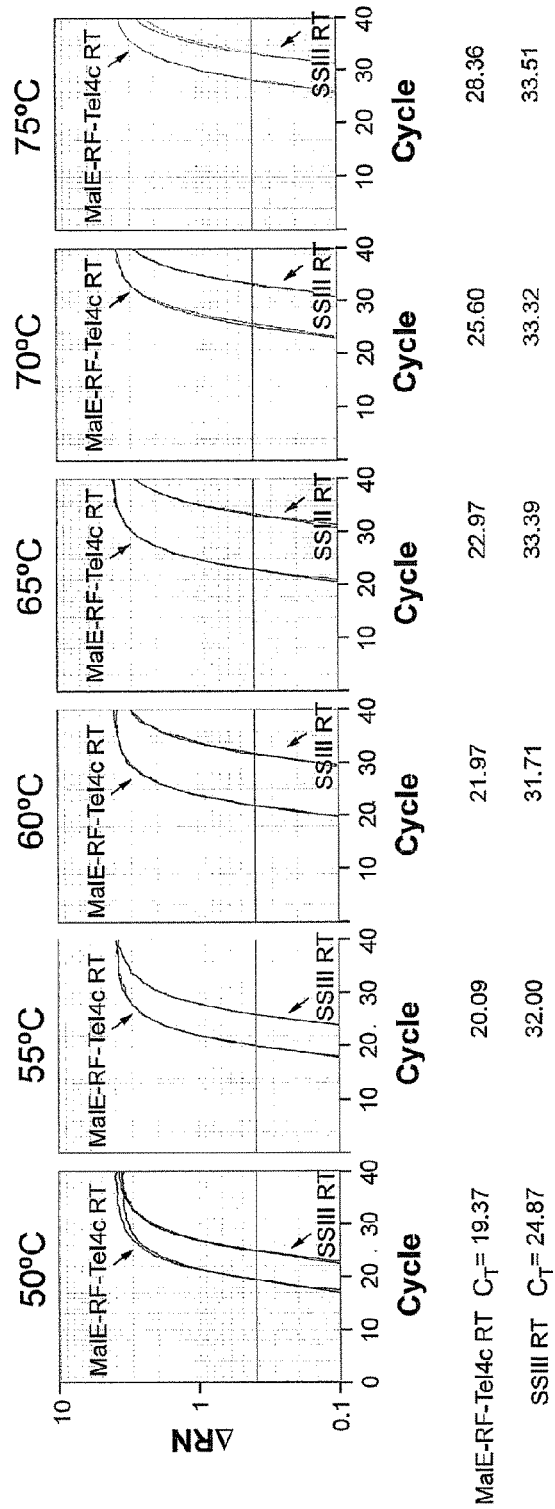
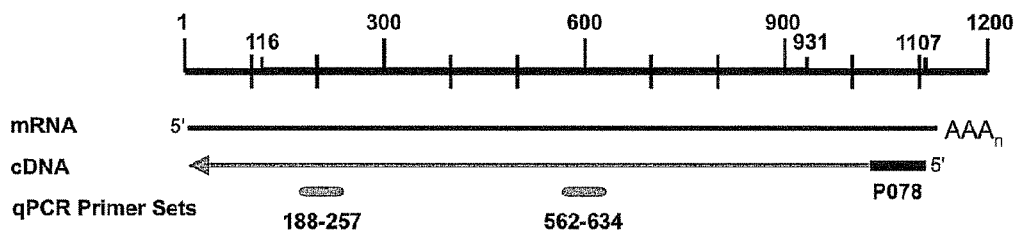


FIG. 16

kanR RNA Coding Region nt 116 - 931



qPCR Amplification Plots, $\Delta RN_{(Log)}$ vs Cycle

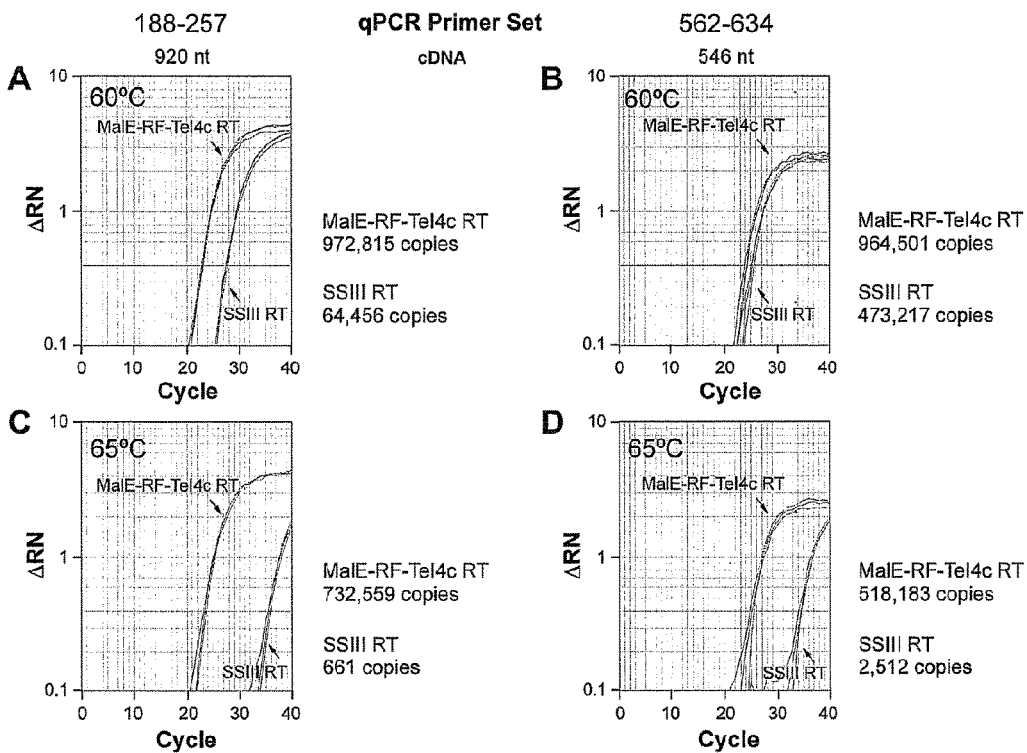


FIG. 17

STABILIZED REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE FUSION PROTEINS

CONTINUING APPLICATION DATA

This application is a divisional of Ser. No. 13/254,223, filed Sep. 1, 2011, which is a 371 of PCT/US10/26165, filed Mar. 4, 2010, which claims the benefit of 61/157,332, filed Mar. 4, 2009, which is incorporated by reference herein.

GOVERNMENT FUNDING

This invention was made with government support under grant no. R01 GM037949 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The government has certain rights in the invention.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction, abbreviated as RT-PCR, is a well known technique for amplifying RNA. In RT-PCR, an RNA strand is reverse transcribed into complementary DNA (cDNA), which is then amplified using DNA polymerase in the polymerase chain reaction. In the first step of this process, cDNA is made from an RNA template using deoxyribonucleotide phosphates and reverse transcriptase together with a DNA primer.

Synthesis of cDNA from the RNA template can be hindered by RNA secondary and tertiary structures, which consist of helices and various other kinds of kinks in the RNA strand. RNA secondary and tertiary structure can be decreased by carrying out the reaction at a higher temperature (e.g., above 50° C.) or by adding denaturing additives. However, the addition of denaturing additives is undesirable because it often reduces reverse transcriptase activity. Higher temperatures also provide the advantage of increasing the specificity of DNA synthesis by decreasing non-specific primer binding. Unfortunately, only a limited number of reverse transcriptases capable of operating at high temperature are currently available, and these exhibit relatively low fidelity DNA polymerization. For example, commercially available Avian Myeloblastosis Virus reverse transcriptase includes RNase H activity and can function at 37° C., but has a fidelity of only about 1.7×10^{-4} . RNase H activity competes with the DNA polymerase activity and the primer binding site and, therefore, cDNA yield is lower. Accordingly, there is a need for reverse transcriptase enzymes that are able to carry out reverse transcription at higher temperatures, including those that have high fidelity and processivity. Such enzymes are beneficial because higher temperatures decrease obstructing RNA secondary and tertiary structure and increase the specificity of reverse transcription by allowing the use of longer and more specific primers.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, the invention provides a stabilized reverse transcriptase (RT) fusion protein that includes a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein. In one embodiment of the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein, the thermostable reverse transcriptase is a bacterial reverse transcriptase. In a further embodiment, the bacterial reverse transcriptase is a group II intron-derived reverse transcriptase. Examples of thermostable bacterial reverse transcriptases include *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* reverse transcriptase and *Geobacillus stearothermo-*

philus reverse transcriptase. In another embodiment, the thermostable reverse transcriptase exhibits high fidelity cDNA synthesis. In yet another embodiment, the thermostable reverse transcriptase includes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, or SEQ ID NO: 5.

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein includes a stabilizer protein that, when linked to the reverse transcriptase, enhances the shelf life and/or the thermal stability and/or the solubility of the thermostable reverse transcriptase. In certain embodiments, the stabilizer protein is an affinity protein or a solubility-enhancing protein (e.g., a maltose binding protein or N-utilization substance A protein). In additional embodiments, the stabilizer protein is modified by replacing certain charged amino acids with uncharged amino acids.

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can also include a linker peptide that connects the thermostable reverse transcriptase to the stabilizer protein. In some embodiments, this linker peptide is a non-cleavable linker, while in other embodiments it is a non-cleavable rigid linker. In some embodiments, the linker peptide consists of 1 to 20 amino acids, while in other embodiments the linker peptide consists of 1 to 5 or 3 to 5 amino acids. For example, a rigid non-cleavable linker peptide can include 5 alanine amino acids.

In additional embodiments, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein has an amino acid sequence that includes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10. In some embodiments, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein is a high fidelity reverse transcriptase capable of carrying out reverse transcription with an error frequency of 2.0×10^{-5} or less at a temperature from about 45° to about 65° C. In further embodiments, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein is capable of carrying out substantial levels of reverse transcription at temperatures up to about 81° C.

Another aspect of the invention provides a method for preparing a cDNA from an RNA molecule that includes the steps of: (a) adding a primer nucleotide sequence to an RNA molecule and (b) incubating the RNA molecule in the presence of one or more modified or unmodified deoxy or dideoxyribonucleoside triphosphates and a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein under conditions sufficient to synthesize a cDNA molecule complementary to all or a portion of the RNA molecule. In particular embodiments, the thermostable reverse transcriptase is connected to the stabilizer protein by a linker peptide (e.g., a non-cleavable or rigid non-cleavable linker peptide). Preferably, the reverse transcription is performed within a temperature range where RNA includes a substantially decreased amount of obstructing stable secondary or tertiary structure. Embodiments of this method include ones in which the thermostable reverse transcriptase is a group II intron-derived reverse transcriptase. In further embodiments of the method, the thermostable reverse transcriptase includes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, or SEQ ID NO: 5, a non-cleavable linker consists of 1 to 20 amino acids, and the stabilizer

protein is an affinity protein or a solubility-enhancing protein. In yet further embodiments of the method, the reverse transcription is performed with an error frequency of 2.0×10^{-5} or less at a temperature from about 450 to about 65° C.

Another aspect of the invention provides a DNA expression vector for producing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes a nucleic acid that encodes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10.

Another aspect of the invention provides a method of producing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes the steps of: (a) culturing a host cell that includes a DNA expression vector for producing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes a nucleic acid that encodes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10; (b) expressing the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein encoded by the DNA expression vector, and (c) isolating the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein from the host cell.

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can facilitate cDNA synthesis at higher temperature, and/or with higher processivity, and/or allow the use of longer, more stable, primers that increase the specificity (i.e., fidelity) of reverse transcription. The stabilized RT fusion protein of the invention can therefore be useful for a number of applications, such as research applications.

It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

FIG. 1 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of a reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* bound to a maltose binding protein by a rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 6). Amino acid residues 1-367 represent the modified maltose binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 11); amino acid residues 368-372 represent the rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 12); and amino acid residues 373-935 represent the Tel4c ORF (SEQ ID NO: 1).

FIG. 2 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of a reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* bound to a maltose binding protein by a rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 7). Amino acid residues 1-367 represent the maltose binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 11); amino acid residues 368-372 represent the rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 12); and amino acid residues 373-935 represent the Tel4f ORF (SEQ ID NO: 2).

FIG. 3 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of a reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* bound to a maltose binding protein by a rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 8). Amino acid residues 1-367 represent the maltose binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 11); amino acid residues 368-372 represent the rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 12); and amino acid residues 373-935 represent the Tel4h* ORF (SEQ ID NO: 3).

FIG. 4 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of a reverse transcriptase from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* bound to a maltose binding protein by a rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 9). Amino acid residues 1-367 represent the maltose binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 11); amino acid residues 368-372 represent the rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 12); and amino acid

residues 373-1008 represent the *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* Gs11 ORF (SEQ ID NO: 4).

FIG. 5 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of a reverse transcriptase from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* bound to a maltose binding protein by a rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 10). Amino acid residues 1-367 represent the maltose binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 11); amino acid residues 368-372 represent the rigid linker (SEQ ID NO: 12); and amino acid residues 373-792 represent the *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* Gs12 ORF (SEQ ID NO: 5).

FIG. 6 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the MalE-Tel4c open reading frame (ORF) rigid fusion of reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* in the pMAL expression construct (SEQ ID NO: 13).

FIG. 7 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the MalE-Tel4f ORF rigid fusion of a reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* in the pMAL expression construct (SEQ ID NO: 14).

FIG. 8 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the MalE-Tel4h* ORF rigid fusion of a reverse transcriptase from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* in the pMAL expression construct (SEQ ID NO: 15).

FIG. 9 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the MalE-Gs11 ORF rigid fusion of a reverse transcriptase from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* in the pMAL expression construct (SEQ ID NO: 16).

FIG. 10 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the MalE-Gs12 ORF rigid fusion of a reverse transcriptase from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* in the pMAL expression construct (SEQ ID NO: 17).

FIG. 11 provides a graph showing the poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ assay of reverse transcriptase (RT) activity at different temperatures. The enzymes assayed were MalE-RF-Gs11, MalE-RF-Gs12, MalE-RF-Tel4c, MalE-RF-Tel4f, MalE-RF-Tel4h*, LtrA, and MalE-RF-LtrA. Reactions were done by incubating the RT (50 nM for Tel4c and 100 nM for all other RTs) with 100 nM poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ and 5 μl [α -³²P]-dTTP (3,000 Ci/mmol) in 75 mM KCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, and 1 mM DTT. After preincubating the RT with poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ in the reaction medium for 1 min at the indicated temperature, the reaction was initiated by adding [α -³²P]-dTTP, incubated for times verified to be within the linear range (90 sec for Tel4c RT and 5 min for all other RTs), and stopped by adding EDTA to a final concentration of 250 mM. The polymerization of [α -³²P]-dTTP into high-molecular weight material was quantified by spotting the reaction products onto Whatman DE81 chromatography paper (GE Health care Biosciences Corp), washing with 0.3 M NaCl and 0.03 M sodium citrate, and scanning with a PhosphorImager to quantify radioactivity bound to the filter, as described in Materials and Methods. The plot shows radioactivity bound to the filter (PhosphorImager units) as a function of reaction temperature.

FIG. 12 shows schematic representations of Group II intron RTs and fusion proteins. Section 12(A) provides comparison of group II intron-encoded and retroviral RTs. Group II intron RTs exemplified by the LtrA protein encoded by the L1.LtrB intron generally contains four major domains: RT, with conserved sequence blocks RT-1-7; X/thumb; DNA binding (D), and DNA endonuclease (En). The RT and thumb domains of group II intron RTs are homologous to those of retroviral RTs exemplified by HIV-1 RT, but are larger due to an N-terminal extension and insertions upstream (RT-0) and between the conserved RT sequence blocks (e.g., RT-2a, 3a, 4a, and 7a and thumb domain insertion ti in LtrA; Blocker et al., RNA 11, 14-28, 2005).

The positions of three α -helices characteristic of the thumb domains of retroviral RTs are shown for both LtrA and HIV-RT. The group II intron RTs used in this work all contain the En domain, except for the GsI2 RT, which lacks the En domain. Section 12(B) shows group II intron RT fusion proteins. Group II intron RTs (IEPs) were expressed with fused N-terminal MalE or NusA solubility tags. Initial constructs contained the MalE solubility tag in expression vector pMalE-c2t fused to the N-terminus of the RT via a flexible linker with a TEV protease cleavage site (underlined). These are shown as TVDEALKDAQTNS₃N₁₀LENLYFQGEF (SEQ ID NO: 19) and TVDEALKDAQTNS₃N₁₀L (SEQ ID NO: 44). A variant of these initial constructs tested in FIG. 11 contained the pMalE-c2t linker with the TEV protease cleavage site deleted. Improved constructs used modified MalE or NusA tags fused to the N-terminus of the RT via a rigid linker containing 5 alanine residues (underlined). These are shown as TVDAAALAAAQTAAAAA (SEQ ID NO: 20) and MAARNICWFGAAAAA (SEQ ID NO: 46) The modified MalE tag has charged amino acid residues changed to alanines (*italics*), and the modified NusA tag is missing the two C-terminal amino acid residues.

FIG. 13 provides graphs showing the RT activity of derivatives of MalE-RF-Tel4c RT with different rigid fusion linker or solubility tag sequences. Panel 13(A) provides a bar graph showing RT activity at 60° C. Reaction with MalE-RF-Tel4c RT (left bar) or variants containing different tag or linker sequences (right bars) were done as in FIG. 11 using 50 nM protein and 100 nM poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ and incubating for 90 sec. Values are the mean for three determinations with error bars indicating the standard deviation. Panel 13(B) provides a graph showing the temperature profile of RT activity for NusA-RF-Tel4c RT. RT activity was assayed as in FIG. 11 using 50 nM protein and 100 nM poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ and incubating for 2 min at the indicated temperature. The y-axis shows radioactivity bound to the filter (PhosphorImager units) for each protein (panel A) or for NusA-RF-Tel4c RT as a function of reaction temperature (panel B).

FIG. 14 provides graphs and autoradiograms that provide a comparison of cDNA synthesis by MalE-RF-Tel4c, MalE-RF-GsI2, and SuperScript III RT activity at different temperatures. In panels (A-C), the substrate was a 531-nt RNA transcribed from AflIII-digested pBS KS(+) with an annealed 5'-labeled 37-nt primer, and in panels (D-F), the substrate was a 1.2-kb kanR RNA with an annealed 5'-labeled 44-nt DNA primer. Reactions were done by incubating 100 nM of annealed template/primer with 200 nM enzyme in 100 mM KCl, 20 mM Tris HCl pH 7.5, 10 mM MgCl₂ and 10 mM DTT for MalE-RF-Tel4c RT (panels A and D) and MalE-RF-GsI2 RT (panels B and E) and in the manufacturer's buffer for SuperScript III RT (panels C and F). Reactions were initiated by adding dNTPs to a final concentration of 1.25 mM, incubated for 30 min at the indicated temperature, and terminated by adding 0.1% SDS/250 mM EDTA (final concentrations) followed by phenol-CIA extraction. The products were analyzed by electrophoresis in a denaturing 6% polyacrylamide gel, which was dried and quantified with a PhosphorImager. In each panel, the top and bottom autoradiograms show portions of the gel containing the full-length product (arrow) and unextended or partially extended primer, respectively, and the bar graphs show the percentage of primer that was extended to full-length cDNA based on PhosphorImager quantitation. "?" indicates unidentified bands not used in quantitation of full-length product. A 5'-labeled 10-bp ladder (Invitrogen™) was used

as size markers. Schematics of two template primer substrates are shown at the bottom of the figure.

FIG. 15 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence of the 1.2-kb kanR RNA template (SEQ ID NO: 21).

FIG. 16 provides semi-log plots obtained from qRT-PCR to compare amounts of cDNA synthesis at different temperatures by MalE-RF-Tel4c RT and SuperScript III RT. cDNA was synthesized with MalE-RF-Tel4c RT or SuperScript III RT (SSIII RT) using the 1.2-kb kanR RNA with annealed primer P078 (T_m=80° C.) and detected with primer/probe sets at nt 188-257 and nt 562-634 (the data for detection with primer set nt 188-257 are shown in the figure; the data obtained with the primer set nt 562-634 are shown in FIG. 17). The qPCR amplification curves show a semi-log plot of fluorescence (ARN) versus cycle number. For each sample, duplicate wells were analyzed and are depicted in each amplification plot. The cycle threshold (C_T) values (the cycle at which the fluorescence crosses the threshold 0.4) for each cDNA synthesis reaction by MalE-RF-Tel4c or SuperScript III RT are indicated below the curves. Lower C_T values indicate a larger number of cDNAs synthesized

FIG. 17 provides semi-log plots obtained from qRT-PCR to compare processivity of cDNA synthesis by MalE-RF-Tel4c RT and SuperScript III RT. cDNA was synthesized with MalE-RF-Tel4c or SuperScript III RT using the 1.2-kb kanR RNA with annealed primer P078 (T_m=80° C.) and detected with primer/probe sets at nt 188-257 and nt 562-634. cDNA samples were obtained at 60° C. (A, B) and 65° C. (C, D). For each sample, triplicates were analyzed and are depicted in each amplification plot. Average copy numbers are derived from a standard curve of quantitated and diluted pET9 plasmid. Detection of similar numbers of cDNA copies with the two primer sets, as seen for MalE-RF-Tel4c RT, shows that most cDNAs extend to near the end of the RNA template, indicative of high processivity. A lower number of cDNA copies detected with the primer set near the 5' end (nt 188-257) compared to the primer set closer to the 3' end (nt 562-634), as seen for SuperScript III RT, indicates that the RT falls off or is in some other way impeded from reaching the 5' end of the RNA template.

FIG. 18 is a listing of the amino acid sequence of the NusA solubility-enhancing protein (SEQ ID NO: 38).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. The terminology used in the description of the invention herein is for describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. All publications, patent applications, patents, and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Definitions

As used in the description of the invention and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. In addition, the recitations of numerical ranges by endpoints include all numbers subsumed within that range (e.g., 1 to 5 includes 1, 1.5, 2, 2.75, 3, 3.80, 4, 5, etc.).

As used herein, "polypeptide" refers to a polymer of amino acids and does not imply a specific length of a

polymer of amino acids. Thus, for example, the terms peptide, oligopeptide, protein, antibody, and enzyme are included within the definition of polypeptide. This term also includes polypeptides with post-expression modification, such as glycosylation (e.g., the addition of a saccharide), acetylation, phosphorylation, and the like.

An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide, as used herein, means a polypeptide or polynucleotide that has been either removed from its natural environment, produced using recombinant techniques, or chemically or enzymatically synthesized. Preferably, a polypeptide or polynucleotide of this invention is purified, i.e., essentially free from any other polypeptide or polynucleotide and associated cellular products or other impurities.

"Amino acid" is used herein to refer to a chemical compound with the general formula: $\text{NH}_2\text{—CRH—COOH}$, where R, the side chain, is H or an organic group. Where R is organic, R can vary and is either polar or nonpolar (i.e., hydrophobic). The following abbreviations are used throughout the application: A=Ala=Alanine, T=Thr=Threonine, V=Val=Valine, C=Cys=Cysteine, L=Leu=Leucine, Y=Tyr=Tyrosine, I=Ile=Isoleucine, N=Asn=Asparagine, P=Pro=Proline, Q=Gln=Glutamine, F=Phe=Phenylalanine, D=Asp=Aspartic Acid, W=Trp=Tryptophan, E=Glu=Glutamic Acid, M=Met=Methionine, K=Lys=Lysine, G=Gly=Glycine, R=Arg=Arginine, S=Ser=Serine, H=His=Histidine. Unless otherwise indicated, the term "amino acid" as used herein also includes amino acid derivatives that nonetheless retain the general formula.

A nucleotide consists of a phosphate group linked by a phosphoester bond to a pentose (ribose in RNA, and deoxyribose in DNA) that is linked in turn to an organic base. The monomeric units of a nucleic acid are nucleotides. Naturally occurring DNA and RNA each contain four different nucleotides: nucleotides having adenine, guanine, cytosine and thymine bases are found in naturally occurring DNA, and nucleotides having adenine, guanine, cytosine and uracil bases found in naturally occurring RNA. The bases adenine, guanine, cytosine, thymine, and uracil often are abbreviated A, G, C, T and U, respectively.

Nucleotides include free mono-, di- and triphosphate forms (i.e., where the phosphate group has one, two or three phosphate moieties, respectively). Thus, nucleotides include ribonucleoside triphosphates (e.g., ATP, UTP, CTG and GTP) and deoxyribonucleoside triphosphates (e.g., dATP, dCTP, dTTP, dGTP and dTTP), and derivatives thereof. Nucleotides also include dideoxynucleoside triphosphates (ddNTPs, including ddATP, ddCTP, ddGTP, ddTTP and ddTTP), and derivatives thereof.

"Substantially similar" means that a given nucleic acid or amino acid sequence shares at least 85%, more preferably at least 90%, and even more preferably at least 95% identity with a reference sequence. Furthermore, only sequences describing or encoding proteins in which only conservative substitutions are made in the conserved regions are substantially similar overall. Preferable, substantially similar sequences also retain the distinctive activity of the polypeptide. Substitutions typically seen as conservative substitutions are the replacements, one for another, among the aliphatic amino acids Ala, Val, Leu and Ile; interchange of the hydroxyl residues Ser and Thr, exchange of the acidic residues Asp and Glu, substitution between the amide residues Asn and Gln, exchange of the basic residues Lys and Arg and replacements among the aromatic residues Phe, Tyr.

A "promoter," as used herein, refers to a sequence in DNA that mediates the initiation of transcription by an RNA

polymerase. Transcriptional promoters may comprise one or more of a number of different sequence elements as follows: 1) sequence elements present at the site of transcription initiation; 2) sequence elements present upstream of the transcription initiation site and, 3) sequence elements downstream of the transcription initiation site. The individual sequence elements function as sites on the DNA, where RNA polymerases and transcription factors that facilitate positioning of RNA polymerases on the DNA bind.

As used herein, the term "polymerase chain reaction" ("PCR") refers to a method for increasing the concentration of a segment of a target sequence in a mixture of genomic DNA without cloning or purification. See for example Bartlett et al., *Methods Mol. Biol.* 226:3-6 (2003), which provides an overview of PCR and its development. This process for amplifying the target sequence typically consists of introducing a large excess of two oligonucleotide primers to the DNA mixture containing the desired target sequence, followed by a precise sequence of thermal cycling in the presence of a DNA polymerase. The two primers are complementary to their respective strands of the double stranded target sequence. To effect amplification, the mixture is denatured and the primers then annealed to their complementary sequences within the target molecule. Following annealing, the primers are extended with a polymerase so as to form a new pair of complementary strands. The steps of denaturation, primer annealing and polymerase extension can be repeated many times to obtain a high concentration of an amplified segment of the desired target sequence. Unless otherwise noted, PCR, as used herein, also includes variants of PCR such as allele-specific PCR, asymmetric PCR, hot-start PCR, ligation-mediated PCR, multiplex-PCR, reverse transcription PCR, or any of the other PCR variants known to those skilled in the art.

As used in this specification, whether in a transitional phrase or in the body of the claim, the terms "comprise(s)" and "comprising" are to be interpreted as having an open-ended meaning. That is, the terms are to be interpreted synonymously with the phrases "having at least" or "including at least". When used in the context of a process, the term "comprising" means that the process includes at least the recited steps, but may include additional steps. When used in the context of a compound or composition, the term "comprising" means that the compound or composition includes at least the recited features or components, but may also include additional features or components.

A "fusion protein," as used herein, refers to a protein having at least two heterologous polypeptides covalently linked in which one polypeptide comes from one protein sequence or domain and the other polypeptide comes from a second protein sequence or domain.

Stabilized Reverse Transcriptase Fusion Protein

The invention provides a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein. In many embodiments, the thermostable reverse transcriptase is connected to the stabilizer protein via a linker peptide. However, the thermostable reverse transcriptase and the stabilizer protein can also be directly fused to one another. The polypeptides that comprise the fusion protein are preferably linked N-terminus to C-terminus. However, the reverse transcriptase and the stabilizer protein can be connected together in either order. For example, the two peptide sequences can be connected from the C-terminus to N-terminus or N-terminus to the C-terminus. In some embodiments, a linker peptide is included between the connecting C-terminus and N-terminus of the reverse transcriptase and stabilizer protein.

Attaching a stabilizer protein to the thermostable reverse transcriptase can provide one or more advantages. A stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can have one or more of the following advantages: (a) increased stability at elevated temperatures; (b) higher processivity, (c) increased solubility, and/or (d) higher fidelity. In some embodiments, a reverse transcriptase of the invention may have a plurality of the properties listed above. For example, a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein may have increased thermostability and increased fidelity. The advantages may sometimes derive from one another. For example, by providing increased solubility, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can provide a product able to provide increased fidelity of transcription as a result of solubilizing a previously insoluble high fidelity thermostable reverse transcriptase. The use of a stabilizer protein in the fusion protein can also provide other advantages such as increased protein expression and improved protein folding. Inclusion of a linker peptide between the stabilizer protein and the thermostable reverse transcriptase can further enhance these advantages.

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein includes a thermostable reverse transcriptase and a stabilizer protein, as described herein. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can also include a linker peptide. For example, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can have an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10, shown in FIGS. 1-5, respectively. Alternately, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can have an amino acid sequence that is substantially similar to one or more of the sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10. A stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein amino acid sequence that is "substantially similar" to the fusion proteins provided by sequences 6-10 will share at least 85% identity, more preferably 90% identity and even more preferably 95% identity, and will include only conservative amino acid substitutions in conserved regions.

Thermostable Reverse Transcriptases

The present invention provides a reverse transcriptase fusion protein that includes a thermostable reverse transcriptase. The term "reverse transcriptases" (i.e., RNA-directed DNA polymerases) refers to a group of enzymes having reverse transcriptase activity (i.e., that catalyze synthesis of DNA from an RNA template). In general, such enzymes include, but are not limited to, retroviral reverse transcriptase, retrotransposon reverse transcriptase, and bacterial reverse transcriptases such as group II intron-derived reverse transcriptase, and mutants, variants or derivatives thereof. Examples of bacterial reverse transcriptase include *Lactococcus lactis* reverse transcriptase, *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* reverse transcriptase, or *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* reverse transcriptase. Further bacterial reverse transcriptases are described by Simon et al., *Nucleic Acids Research*, 36, p. 7219-29 (2008), and Kojima and Kanehisa, *Molecular Biology and Evolution*, 25, p. 1395-04 (2008) which describe many classes of reverse transcriptases (i.e., retrons, group II introns, and diversity-generating retroelements among others). Reverse transcriptase has been used primarily to transcribe RNA into cDNA, which can then be cloned into a vector for further manipulation or used in various amplification methods such as polymerase chain reaction, nucleic acid sequence-based amplification (NASBA), transcription mediated amplification (TMA), self-sustained sequence replication (3SR), diverse primer

extension reactions, 5'RACE, detection of chemical modifications or other techniques that require synthesis of DNA using an RNA template.

The term "thermostable" refers to the ability of an enzyme or protein (e.g., reverse transcriptase) to be resistant to inactivation by heat. Typically such enzymes are obtained from a thermophilic organism (i.e., a thermophile) that has evolved to grow in a high temperature environment. Thermophiles, as used herein, are organisms with an optimum growth temperature of 45° C. or more, and a typical maximum growth temperature of 70° C. or more. In general, a thermostable enzyme is more resistant to heat inactivation than a typical enzyme, such as one from a mesophilic organism. Thus, the nucleic acid synthesis activity of a thermostable reverse transcriptase may be decreased by heat treatment to some extent, but not as much as would occur for a reverse transcriptase from a mesophilic organism. "Thermostable" also refers to an enzyme which is active at temperatures greater than 38° C., preferably between about 38-100° C., and more preferably between about 40-81° C. A particularly preferred temperature range is from about 45° C. to about 65° C.

In some embodiments, a thermostable reverse transcriptase retains at least 50% (e.g., at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 80%, at least 90%, or at least 95%) of its nucleic acid synthetic activity after being heated in a nucleic acid synthesis mixture at 90° C. for 30 seconds. In contrast, typical reverse transcriptases will not work at elevated temperatures, and lose most of their nucleic acid synthetic activity after such heat treatment. Thermostable reverse transcriptases typically also have a higher optimum nucleic acid polymerization temperature.

Some reverse transcriptases are thermostable and therefore remain substantially active at temperatures commonly used in PCR-based nucleic acid synthesis. This provides the advantage of being able to carry out both reverse transcription and DNA amplification in a single reaction environment. Such temperatures vary depending upon reaction parameters, including pH, template and primer nucleotide composition, primer length, and salt concentration. Thermostable reverse transcriptases include *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* (Te) RT, *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* (Gs) RT, modified forms of these RTs, and engineered variants of Avian myoblastosis virus (AMV) RT, Moloney murine leukemia virus (M-MLV) RT, and Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) RT. A reverse transcriptase obtained from an organism living in an elevated temperature environment (i.e., greater than 37° C.) can be expected to be stable at the living temperature of the organism, and to a reasonable degree above.

A class of reverse transcriptases that is particularly suitable for use in stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins are group II intron-derived reverse transcriptases. A wide variety of group II intron-derived reverse transcriptases are known. See for example the Zimmerly Lab Website for Mobile Group II Introns that describes 105 full length group II intron-derived reverse transcriptases. The use of this website is described by Dai et al., *Nucleic Acids Research*, 31, p. 424-26 (2003).

In certain embodiments the thermostable reverse transcriptase is one that was encoded by a group II intron. Group II intron RTs typically consist of four conserved domains: RT, which contains seven conserved sequence blocks (RT1-7) characteristic of the fingers and palm regions of retroviral RTs; X, a region required for RNA splicing activity corresponding at least in part to the thumb domain of retroviral RTs; D, a DNA-binding domain involved in DNA target site

recognition; and En, a DNA endonuclease domain that cleaves the DNA target site to generate the primer for reverse transcription (FIG. 12A; Blocker et al., RNA 11, 14-28, 2005). The En domain is missing in some group II intron RTs, which instead use nascent strands at DNA replication forks to prime reverse transcription (Zhong et al., EMBO J. 22, 4555-4565, 2003). The RT and X/thumb domains of group II intron RTs are larger than those of retroviral RTs due to an N-terminal extension, an additional N-terminal conserved sequence block (RT-0), and insertions between the conserved sequence blocks in the RT and X/thumb domain, some of which are shared with non-LTR-retrotransposon RTs. It has been suggested that the larger-sized RT and thumb domains of group II intron and related RTs enable tighter binding of template RNAs leading to higher processivity and fidelity during reverse transcription. Unlike retroviral RTs, group II intron RTs lack an RNase H domain and typically have very low DNA-dependent DNA polymerase activity (Smith et al., Genes and Development 19, 2477-2487, 2005).

Group II introns encode a class of RNAs known for their self-splicing reaction. Under certain in vitro conditions, group II intron-encoded RNAs can excise themselves from precursor mRNAs and ligate together their flanking exons, without the aid of a protein. The splicing reaction mechanism is similar to the splicing of nuclear pre-mRNA introns. A number of group II introns also encode reverse transcriptase (RT) open reading frames (ORF) and are active mobile elements. The ORF is typically found in domain DIV of the group II intron encoded RNA. The group II intron RT assists RNA splicing by stabilizing the catalytically active RNA structure and then remains bound to the excised intron RNA in a ribonucleoprotein (RNP) that promotes intron mobility by a process termed "retrohoming." Retrohoming occurs by a mechanism in which the excised intron RNA in the RNPs inserts directly into a DNA target site and is reverse transcribed by the RT. During retrohoming, in which the group II intron facilitates targeting of the intron to appropriate DNA sequences, the group II intron RT must produce an accurate cDNA copy of the intron RNA, which is typically 2-2.5 kb long and folds into highly stable and compact secondary and tertiary structures. Thus, group II intron RTs must have high processivity and fidelity in order to carry out their biological function. Group II intron-derived RTs also lack RNase H activity, which can be beneficial because RNase H specifically degrades the RNA of RNA:DNA hybrids, which allows any RNA to be copied only once and can lead to reduced yields of full length cDNA.

Based on the group II intron-derived reverse transcriptases so far evaluated, these RTs typically exhibit relatively high fidelity and high processivity. The fidelity of reverse transcription refers to the reliability of nucleotide incorporation during reverse transcription of RNA to DNA, with higher fidelity describing nucleotide copying with a low number of errors (e.g., misincorporations). Higher specificity can be provided by using longer and more specific primers, which requires the ability to carry out reverse transcription at higher temperatures. For example, a group II intron reverse transcriptase can provide reverse transcription with an error frequency of 2.0×10^{-5} or less, wherein the error frequency represents the proportion of nucleotide copying errors that occur relative to the number of nucleotide copying events that occur without error. Other examples of high fidelity transcription include error frequencies of 1×10^{-4} , 7.5×10^{-5} , 5×10^{-5} , 2.5×10^{-5} , 1×10^{-5} , and 5×10^{-6} . For further description of the high fidelity of group

II intron-derived RTs, see Conlan et al., Nucleic Acids Research. 33, p. 5262-70 (2005).

Examples of suitable group II-derived intron reverse transcriptases include the reverse transcriptases set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, and SEQ ID NO: 5, which are obtained from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* (Tel4c, f, and h*) and *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* (GsI1 and GsI2). These sequences are shown in FIGS. 1-5. The invention also encompasses group II intron derived reverse transcriptases that are substantially similar to those set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, and SEQ ID NO: 5. A reverse transcriptase that is "substantially similar" to the reverse transcriptases provided by sequences 1-5 will share at least 85% identity, more preferably 90% identity and even more preferably 95% identity, and will include only conservative amino acid substitutions in conserved regions. The thermostability of a number of group II intron-derived RTs is shown in FIG. 11, which demonstrates that stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins including the reverse transcriptases as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, and SEQ ID NO: 5 have higher thermostability than mesophilic L1.LtrB reverse transcriptase, whether or not it is part of a fusion protein, when evaluated as shown in FIG. 11. The mesophilic L1.LtrB showed a temperature optimum of about 35° C. either alone or as part of a fusion protein.

As noted herein, modified forms of thermostable group II intron-derived RTs can also be used. For example, SEQ ID NO: 3, the Tel4h* RT, does not represent a native form of reverse transcriptase, but rather is a derivative in which the active site was modified from the amino acid sequence YAGD to the amino acid sequence YADD, to more closely resemble the active site of other active group II intron-derived RTs.

The amount by which a given amino acid sequence is "substantially similar" to a reference sequence can be determined for example, by comparing sequence information using sequence analysis software such as the Blastp program, version 2.2.10, of the BLAST 2 search algorithm, as described by Tatusova et al. (FEMS Microbiology Letters, 174, p. 247-50 (1999)), and available on the world wide web at the National Center for Biotechnology Information website, under BLAST in the Molecular Database section. Preferably, the default values for all BLAST 2 search parameters are used, including matrix=BLOSUM62; open gap penalty=11, extension gap penalty=1, gap x_dropoff=50, expect=10, wordsize=3, and optionally, filter on. In the comparison of two amino acid sequences using the BLAST search algorithm, structural similarity is referred to as "similarity" and identity is referred to as "identity."

Amino acid identity is defined in the context of a comparison between a candidate polypeptides and a reference amino acid sequence, and is determined by aligning the residues of the two amino acid sequences (i.e., a candidate amino acid sequence and the reference amino acid sequence) to optimize the number of identical amino acids along the lengths of their sequences; gaps in either or both sequences are permitted in making the alignment in order to optimize the number of identical amino acids, although the amino acids in each sequence must nonetheless remain in their proper order.

Information is available to support a structure-function correlation for group II intron-derived reverse transcriptases. See for example Simon et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 36, p. 7219-29 (2008), which classifies and aligns the RT domains of bacterial reverse transcriptases, and Xiong et al.,

EMBO J., 9, p. 3353-62 (1990), which provides an alignment of 82 RT sequences showing seven conserved domains and 42 conserved positions. See also Blocker et al, RNA, 11, p. 14-28 (2005), which provides a three-dimensional model of *Lactococcus lactis* L1.LtrB intron RT (the LtrA protein), describes the proteolytic cleavage sites and conserved regions, and provides a sequence alignment analysis of LtrA relative to HIV-1 RT. Accordingly, a variety of stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins that are substantially similar to those set forth in SEQ ID NO. 6-10 can readily be obtained by modification of amino acids outside of the conserved regions, and only conservative modification of amino acids within the known conserved regions.

In one embodiment, the present invention provides a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein having a reverse transcriptase activity that has a half-life of greater than that of the corresponding unbound reverse transcriptase at an elevated temperature, i.e., greater than 37° C. In some embodiments, the half-life of a reverse transcriptase of the present invention may be 5 minutes or greater and preferably 10 minutes or greater at 50° C. In some embodiments, the reverse transcriptases of the invention may have a half-life (e.g., at 50° C.) equal to or greater than about 25 minutes, preferably equal to or greater than about 50 minutes, more preferably equal to or greater than about 100 minutes, and most preferably, equal to or greater than about 200 minutes. Stabilizer Proteins

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein of the present invention also includes a stabilizer protein. A stabilizer protein, as defined herein, is a protein forming part of the fusion protein that functions to increase the overall stability of the fusion protein. Stability includes the ability of the protein to retain its conformation and activity. In addition, the stabilizer protein preferably enhances the solubility of the fusion protein, as further described herein with regard to solubility-enhancing proteins. This can be particularly helpful with regard to group II intron RTs, which have been found to be poorly expressed and insoluble in the absence of the intron RNA to which they are ordinarily tightly bound in RNPs. (Vellore et al. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 70, 7140-7147, 2004; Ng et al., Gene 393, 137-144, 2007) Effective stabilizer proteins include those that include an independent folding domain and/or do not fold into long-lived misfolded intermediates that can influence the propensity of proteins to aggregate. Proteins that will provide an independent folding domain are described by Janin et al., Progress in Biophysics and Molecular Biology, 42, p. 21-78 (1983), and proteins that do not fold into long-lived misfolded intermediates are described by Idicula et al., Protein Science, 14, p. 582-592 (2005). For example, the stabilizer protein can be a protein that includes 50 or more amino acids. In other embodiments, the stabilizer protein can be a larger protein including 100 or more amino acids. As exemplified by the maltose binding protein and NusA proteins provided herein, the stabilizer proteins can also have a size from about 250 amino acids to about 400 amino acids. The stabilizer protein can also be a thermostable protein.

The stabilizer protein can also be or include an affinity protein. The term affinity protein, as used herein, refers to a protein for which there is a readily available ligand that exhibits a high binding constant (i.e., "affinity") for the protein. Affinity proteins are often used in the role of an affinity tag. Affinity proteins, as is known to those skilled in the art, can be provided in fusion proteins to facilitate the purification of the protein connected or fused to the affinity protein by techniques such as affinity purification, in which

a tag binds to a ligand within an affinity column. Suitable affinity proteins are known in the art. See for example Waugh, D., Trends in Biotechnology, 23, p. 316-320 (2005), which describes a number of suitable affinity proteins, including glutathione S-transferase, maltose-binding protein, FLAG-tag peptide, biotin acceptor peptide, streptavidin-binding peptide, and calmodulin-binding peptide. For the preparation and use of fusion proteins that include an affinity protein, see for example U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,643,758, 5,654,176, and 7,001,745.

The stabilizer protein can also be a solubility-enhancing protein. Recombinantly-expressed fusion proteins can exhibit low solubility in their host cells and/or in subsequent method applications, which can be ameliorated through inclusion of a solubility-enhancing protein in the fusion protein that substantially increases the solubility of the fusion protein in aqueous environments. Some solubility-enhancing proteins used are also affinity proteins, and can therefore be described as solubility-enhancing affinity proteins. Examples of solubility-enhancing proteins include sugar binding proteins such as arabinose binding protein, chitin binding protein, cellulose binding protein, and maltose binding protein. Other examples of solubility-enhancing proteins include the NusA and Dsb solubility tags provided by Novagen®, and the solubility enhancing tag (SET) provided by Invitrogen™. Harrison has demonstrated the very high solubility provided by the NusA solubility tag, while the solubility enhancement of Dsb is described by Collins-Racie. See Harrison, R. G., in Novations, 11, p. 4-7 (2000), and Collins-Racie et al., Biotechnology, 13, p. 982-87 (1995).

In some embodiments, stabilizer proteins such as solubility-enhancing proteins or affinity proteins can be modified to improve their performance. Modification can include providing one or more substitutions, additions or deletions of amino acids within the protein sequence of the stabilizer protein as compared to the normal, wild-type sequence of the protein. For example, a stabilizer protein such as an affinity protein or a solubility-enhancing protein can be modified by replacing the charged amino acids with uncharged amino acids in certain regions of the protein. Charged amino acids include amino acids with positively or negatively charged side chains. Examples of amino acids with positively charged side chains include arginine, histidine, lysine, and the like. Examples of amino acids with negatively charged side chains include aspartic acid and glutamic acid, and the like. Uncharged amino acids include, but are not limited to, alanine, serine, threonine, glutamine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, phenylalanine, and tyrosine. For example, a maltose binding protein can be modified by replacing one or more of the charged amino acids with alanine.

Examples of suitable affinity proteins include the maltose binding protein amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 11, shown in FIGS. 1-5, and sequences substantially similar to SEQ ID NO: 11. Note that while modification of the affinity protein is not necessary, the maltose binding protein set forth in SEQ ID NO: 11 was modified to replace three charged amino acids with alanine near the C-terminus. Another suitable protein, in this case a solubilizing protein, is the N-utilization substance A (NusA) protein, which has the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 38, shown in FIG. 18. In additional embodiments of the invention, fusion proteins described herein that include the maltose binding proteins can have the maltose binding protein replaced with N-utilization substance A proteins.

Linker Peptides

In some embodiments, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein also includes a linker peptide positioned between the stabilizer protein and the thermostable reverse transcriptase. Preferably, the linker peptide is a non-cleavable linker peptide. By "positioned between," it is meant that the linker peptide is connected by a chemical linkage (e.g., an amide linkage) to the N or C terminal of each of the stabilizer protein and the reverse transcriptase, as described in regard to fusion proteins herein. For example, the linker peptide can be connected through an amide linkage to the C terminal region of the stabilizer protein and the N terminal region of the thermostable reverse transcriptase. By non-cleavable, it is meant that the linker peptide is not readily susceptible to cleavage by a protease.

In additional embodiments, the linker peptide is a rigid linker peptide; i.e., a relatively non-flexible peptide linker. Rigid linker peptides are not required to completely lack flexibility, but rather are significantly less flexible than flexible linker peptides such as glycine-rich peptide linkers. Rigid linker peptides, as a result of their relative lack of flexibility, decrease the movement of the two protein domains attached together by the rigid linker peptide, which in the present case are the stabilizer protein and the thermostable reverse transcriptase. Linker peptides that provide ordered chains such as alpha helical structure can provide rigid linker peptides. For example, Arginine, Leucine, Glutamate, Glutamine, and Methionine all show a relatively high propensity for helical linker formation. However, a non-helical linker including many proline residues can exhibit significant rigidity as well. Examples of rigid linkers include polylysine and poly-DL-alaninepolylysine. Further description of rigid peptide linkers is provided by Wriggers et al., *Biopolymers*, 80, p. 736-46 (2005). In addition, rigid linker peptides are described at the linker database described by George et al., *Protein Engineering*, 15, p. 871-79 (2003). Preferably, the rigid linker peptide is also a non-cleavable linker peptide; i.e., a non-cleavable, rigid linker peptide.

Relatively short polypeptides are preferred for use as linker peptides. For example, linker peptides can include from 1 to 20 amino acids. Linker peptides can also include from 1 to 15, from 1 to 10, from 1 to 5, or from 3 to 5 amino acids. Examples of specific sequences that can be used as linker peptides include dipeptides, tripeptides, tetrapeptides, and pentapeptides formed of alanine amino acids. One suitable rigid linker peptide is AAAAA (SEQ ID NO: 12), while another suitable rigid linker peptide is AADEF (SEQ ID NO: 18). Use of a linker peptide (e.g., a rigid linker peptide) in a fusion protein can provide one or more advantages. For example, while not intending to be bound by theory, it is believed that use of a rigid linker peptide can stabilize the fusion protein by decreasing the amount of movement of the two halves of the fusion protein relative to one another. While very short (i.e., 1 or 2 amino acid) linkers can be used, it is preferable to use linkers that include from 3 to 5 amino acids.

The linker peptide can be either cleavable or non-cleavable by a protease. Affinity proteins are often associated to another protein in a fusion protein using a cleavable peptide so that the affinity protein can be removed. However, in the present invention the stabilizer protein (e.g., an affinity protein) remains bound to the reverse transcriptase, for the reasons described herein. Accordingly, it is generally preferable that the linker peptide be non-cleavable. However, cleavable linkers can be used in some embodiments. For example, cleavable linkers, including rigid cleavable linker peptides, that are susceptible to protease cleavage can be

used if it is desirable to remove the stabilizer protein during a subsequent step and exposure to the cleaving protease is avoided during use of the fusion protein.

Use of Stabilized Reverse Transcriptase Fusion Proteins

The invention also provides a method for preparing a cDNA from an RNA (e.g., mRNA, rRNA, tRNA, and miRNA), which is required for other methods such as the reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR). As used herein, the term "RT-PCR" refers to the replication and amplification of RNA sequences. In this method, reverse transcription is coupled to PCR, e.g., as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,322,770. In RT-PCR, the RNA template is converted to cDNA due to the reverse transcriptase activity of an enzyme, and then amplified using the polymerizing activity of the same or a different enzyme.

In the practice of the invention, cDNA molecules may be produced by mixing one or more nucleic acid molecules (e.g., RNA) obtained from cells, tissues, or organs using methods that are well known in the art, with the composition of the invention, under conditions favoring the reverse transcription of the nucleic acid molecule by the action of the enzymes of the compositions to form a cDNA molecule (single-stranded or double-stranded). Thus, the method of the invention comprises (a) mixing one or more nucleic acid templates (preferably one or more RNA or mRNA templates, such as a population of mRNA molecules) with stabilized RT fusion protein of the invention and (b) incubating the mixture under conditions sufficient to permit cDNA synthesis of all or a portion of the one or more nucleic acid templates.

In one aspect, the method includes the steps of (a) adding a primer to an RNA molecule and (b) incubating the RNA molecule in the presence of one or more deoxy or dideoxy-ribonucleoside triphosphates and a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein comprising a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein under conditions sufficient to synthesize a cDNA molecule complementary to all or a portion of the RNA molecule. Adding the primer to an RNA molecule may include hybridizing the primer to the RNA molecule. In some embodiments, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can also include a linker peptide connecting the stabilizer protein to the thermostable reverse transcriptase. Preferably, the reverse transcription is performed within a temperature range where the RNA includes a substantially decreased amount of obstructing stable secondary or tertiary structure. This can be a temperature from about 45° C. to about 81° C., with a more preferred temperature range being from about 45° C. to about 65° C. This can also be described as a temperature range in which the RNA does not form a significant amount of stable secondary or tertiary structure. Due to the high fidelity and other advantages of group II intron-derived RTs, their use may be preferred. For example, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can include a group II intron-derived reverse transcriptase with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, or SEQ ID NO: 5, a non-cleavable linker consisting of 1 to 20 amino acids, and the stabilizer protein comprises a solubility-enhancing or affinity protein. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can also include a linker peptide between the stabilizer peptide and the reverse transcriptase, which can have a length from 1-20 amino acids, can be a non-cleavable linker, or can be rigid linker. Embodiments of the method can perform reverse transcription with an error

frequency of 2.0×10^{-5} or less. Particularly at a temperature from about 45° C. to about 65° C.

The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins can also be used in other applications. For example, stabilized RT fusion proteins can be used for the cloning of differentially expressed 5' ends of mRNAs; a process referred to as rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE) and variations thereof such as RNA ligase mediated RACE (RLM-RACE). Stabilized RT fusion proteins can also be used for the mapping of chemical footprints in RNA, differential display RT-PCR, which allows for the analysis of gene expression among cell populations, and in-situ PCR for medical diagnosis.

Preparation of Stabilized Reverse Transcriptase Fusion Proteins

An expression vector containing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein-encoding nucleic acid molecule may be used for high-level expression of stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein in a recombinant host cell. Expression vectors may include, but are not limited to, cloning vectors, modified cloning vectors, specifically designed plasmids or viruses. A variety of expression vectors may be used to express recombinant stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion sequences in appropriate cell types. For example, bacterial vectors, mammalian vectors, fungal vectors, and insect vectors may be used for expression in bacteria, mammalian cells, fungal cells, and insect cells, respectively.

Stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins can be prepared by obtaining a nucleotide sequence capable of expressing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein and then expressing that nucleotide sequence in a host cell. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins expressed by the host cell can then be purified using a variety of techniques known to those skilled in the art, depending in part on the nature of the host cell.

Nucleotide sequences capable of expressing stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins of the invention can be prepared using a variety of methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, the nucleotide sequences can be prepared using recombinant plasmids in which various linkers, reverse transcriptases, and stabilizer proteins are combined, as described in Example 1 herein.

The present invention also relates to host cells transformed or transfected with vectors comprising a nucleic acid molecule capable of expressing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein. Recombinant host cells may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic, including but not limited to, bacteria such as *E. coli*, fungal cells such as yeast, mammalian cells including, but not limited to, cell lines of bovine, porcine, monkey and rodent origin; and insect cells including but not limited to *Drosophila* and silkworm derived cell lines. Such recombinant host cells can be cultured under suitable conditions to produce a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein or a biologically equivalent form. As defined herein, the term "host cell" is not intended to include a host cell in the body of a transgenic human being, human fetus, or human embryo.

As noted above, an expression vector containing DNA encoding a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein may be used for expression of stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein in a recombinant host cell. Therefore, another aspect of this invention is a process for expressing a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein in a recombinant host cell, comprising: (a) introducing a vector comprising a nucleic acid comprising a sequence of nucleotides that encodes a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion

protein into a suitable host cell, wherein the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein comprises a thermostable reverse transcriptase connected to a stabilizer protein directly or via a linker and (b) culturing the host cell under conditions which allow expression of the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can be varied to include any of the features described herein, such as the inclusion of a linker peptide connecting the thermostable reverse transcriptase and the stabilizer protein.

Following expression of a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein in a host cell, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein may be recovered to provide purified stable reverse transcriptase fusion protein. Several protein purification procedures are available and suitable for use. For instance, see Example 2 provided herein. Recombinant protein may be purified from cell lysates and extracts by various combinations of, or individual application of salt fractionation, ion exchange chromatography, size exclusion chromatography, hydroxylapatite adsorption chromatography and hydrophobic interaction chromatography. The use of affinity tags in some embodiments of the invention can facilitate purification of the protein. For example, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein can be separated from other cellular proteins by use of an immunoaffinity column made with monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies specific for the reverse transcriptase or stabilizer protein portion of the fusion protein. Heating can be used to separate the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein from host proteins, which are not stable at elevated temperatures and will therefore precipitate.

The nucleic acids capable of expressing a stabilized RT fusion protein may be assembled into an expression cassette which comprises sequences designed to provide for efficient expression of the fusion protein in a host cell. The cassette preferably contains a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein-encoding open reading frame, with related transcriptional and translations control sequences operatively linked to it, such as a promoter, and termination sequences. For example, the open reading frame can include a nucleic acid that encodes a polypeptide with an amino acid sequence identity that is substantially similar to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10, as shown in FIGS. 1-5, respectively. In a preferred embodiment, the promoter is a T7 or a tac promoter for expression in *E. coli*, although those skilled in the art will recognize that any of a number of other known promoters may be used. *E. coli* also has rho independent and dependent terminators and can use T7 polymerase for rapid DNA replication. In eukaryotic cells, inclusion of a polyadenylation site will be helpful for the correct processing of mRNA.

The open reading frame can also include polynucleotide sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, and SEQ ID NO: 17, as shown in FIGS. 6-10, respectively. Alternately, the open reading frame can include polynucleotide sequences that are substantially similar to those set forth in SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, and SEQ ID NO: 17. In this particular context, the term "substantially similar" refers to variants in the nucleotide sequence in which codons that encode the same amino acid can be used interchangeably such that the nucleotide sequence will still result in the translation of an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 6-10. The stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein open reading frame polynucleotide preferably has at least about 80% identity, at least

about 90% identity, at least about 95% identity, or at least about 98% identity to a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, and SEQ ID NO: 17.

Nucleotide identity is defined in the context of a comparison between a candidate stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein open reading frame and a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, and SEQ ID NO: 17, and is determined by aligning the residues of the two polynucleotides to optimize the number of identical nucleotides along the lengths of their sequences; gaps in either or both sequences are permitted in making the alignment in order to optimize the number of shared nucleotides, although the nucleotides in each sequence must nonetheless remain in their proper order. Preferably, two nucleotide sequences are compared using the Blastn program of the BLAST 2 search algorithm, as described by Tatusova, et al. (FEMS Microbiology Letters, 174, p. 247-50 (1999)), and available on the world wide web at the National Center for Biotechnology Information website, under BLAST in the Molecular Database section. Preferably, the default values for all BLAST 2 search parameters are used, including reward for match=1, penalty for mismatch=-2, open gap penalty=5, extension gap penalty=2, gap×dropoff=50, expect=10, wordsize=11, and optionally, filter on. In the comparison of two nucleotide sequences using the BLAST search algorithm, nucleotide identity is referred to as “identities.”

With regard to protein preparation from nucleotide sequences, it is noted that a “triplet” codon of four possible nucleotide bases can exist in over 60 variant forms. Because these codons provide the message for only 20 different amino acids (as well as transcription initiation and termination), some amino acids can be coded for by more than one codon, a phenomenon known as codon redundancy. Accordingly, the nucleotide sequences used to prepare the particular amino acid sequences of stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins can vary considerably, depending on the particular codons used. For reasons not completely understood, alternative codons are not uniformly present in the endogenous DNA of differing types of cells, and there exists a natural hierarchy or “preference” for certain codons in certain types of cells. Accordingly, in some embodiments the choice of codons used to express a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein may be optimized through use of particular codons to result in higher levels of expression.

In accordance with this invention, the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein expression cassette is inserted into a vector. The vector is preferably a plasmid or adenoviral vector, although linear DNA linked to a promoter, or other vectors, such as adeno-associated virus or a modified vaccinia virus, retroviral or lentiviral vector may also be used. In particular, the use of *E. coli* plasmid vectors is preferred.

A detailed description of the work conducted by the inventors to develop and evaluate stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion proteins is provided below.

Expression and Purification of Group H Intron RTs as MalE Fusion Proteins

The expression and solubility of poorly behaved proteins can sometimes be improved by fusion of highly soluble proteins, like maltose-binding protein (MalE) or N utilization substance A (NusA) (Nallamsetty et al., Protein Expression and Purification 45, 175-182, 2005). The MalE tag additionally permits facile purification of the protein via amylose-affinity chromatography. The inventors therefore

tested whether group II intron RTs could be expressed and purified as MalE fusions. Initially, a MalE tag was fused to the N-terminus of the RT via a TEV protease-cleavable linker in the expression vector pMal-c2t (FIG. 12B). The MalE-RT fusion proteins for several of the *T. elongatus* group II intron RTs expressed well in *E. coli* and could be purified by a procedure that involves polyethyleneimine (PEI)-precipitation to remove nucleic acids, followed by amylose-affinity and heparin-Sepharose chromatography. Further, the uncleaved MalE-RT fusion proteins assayed soon after purification had high thermostable RT activity. However, the yields of these proteins were <0.2 mg/l for the *Thermosynechococcus* proteins. Additionally, when the MalE tag was removed by cleavage with TEV protease, the RTs immediately formed an insoluble precipitate, while if the tag was left uncleaved, the MalE-RT fusion proteins progressively lost RT activity and were degraded within days, even when stored on ice or flash frozen in 50% glycerol. The latter findings were surprising because proteins that fold properly in the presence of a solubility tag tend to remain soluble after cleavage of the tag (Nallamsetty et al., Protein Expression and Purification 45, 175-182, 2005). The group II intron RTs, which were active with but not without the attached MalE tag, appear to be an exception. The finding that the stabilizer protein must remain attached to the thermostable reverse transcriptase suggests that it plays an active role in keeping the thermostable reverse transcriptase soluble and active.

To overcome these difficulties, the inventors tested whether the group II intron RTs could be stabilized in active form by attaching the MalE tag to the protein via a non-cleavable rigid linker. Such MalE-rigid fusions typically have a linker region of 3 to 5 alanine residues combined with changes at the C-terminus of the MalE tag to replace charged amino acid residues with alanines (Smyth et al., Genes and Development 19, 2477-2487, 2003). These rigid fusion linkers reduce conformational heterogeneity, enabling crystallization of proteins with attached linkers for structure determination (Smyth et al., *ibid*). For the MalE-RF-RT fusions tested here, the MalE/linker region of pMal-c2t TVDEALKDAQTNS₃N₁₀LENLYFQGEF (SEQ ID NO: 19) was modified to TVDAAALAAAQTAAAAA (SEQ ID NO: 20) and called a MalE-RF (rigid fusion) tag (FIG. 12B).

To rapidly assess whether the MalE-RF tag affects the activity of group H intron RTs, the inventors tested whether the MalE-RF-RTs could support retrohoming *in vivo*. For initial tests, the RTs chosen were the LtrA protein encoded by the *L. lactis* L1.LtrB intron, and Tel4h* RT, an activated derivative of the RT encoded by the thermostable *T. elongatus* Tel4h intron. In retrohoming assays at 37° C., the MalE-RF-LtrA protein supported retrohoming at an efficiency of 20% compared to 86% for native LtrA, while in retrohoming assays at 48° C., the MalE-RF-Tel4h* protein supported retrohoming at an efficiency of 87% compared to 100% for the unfused Tel4h* protein; see Table 1. Thus remarkably both MalE-RF-RTs retain the ability to support retrohoming with high albeit somewhat reduced efficiencies despite the presence of the attached maltose-binding protein rigid linker sequence. These findings imply that the proteins retain substantial levels of all activities required for retrohoming, including RT, RNA splicing, and DNA endonuclease activity. This mobility assay provides a convenient screen for active group II intron RTs.

TABLE 1

Retrohoming efficiencies for different RTs	
RT	Efficiency
Tel4h* (48° C.)	100%
MalE-RF-Tel4h* (48° C.)	87%
LtrA (37° C.)	86%
MalE-RF-LtrA (37° C.)	20%

Retrohoming assays were done in *E. coli* HMS174(DE3) as described previously for the I.L.L.trB intron (LtrA protein) (Guo et al. Science 289, 452-457, 2000, Karberg et al. Nature Biotech. 19, 1162-1167, 2001) and Tel4h*. The Cap^R intron-donor plasmids use a T7lac promoter to express a ΔORF intron (I-ΔORF) with short flanking 5' and 3' exons (E1 and E2, respectively) and a T7 promoter in DIV, followed by the RT ORF downstream of E2. The Amp^R recipient plasmids contain a target site for the intron (ligated E1-E2 sequences) cloned upstream of a promoterless tet^R gene. Intron expression was induced with IPTG (0.1 mM for LtrA and MalE-RF-LtrA and 0.5 mM for Tel4h* and MalE-RF-Tel4h*) for 1 h at the indicated temperature. Retrohoming of the intron carrying the T7 promoter into the target site activates the expression of the tet^R gene, enabling selection for Tet^R+Amp^R colonies. Retrohoming efficiencies were calculated as the ratio of (Amp^R+Tet^R)/Amp^R colonies.

Encouraged by these findings, the inventors constructed plasmids in which several group II intron RTs were expressed with a MalE tag fused to the N-terminus of the protein via a rigid linker in the vector pMal-c2t. The RTs tested included several *T. elongatus* group II intron RTs, whose ability to support retrohoming had been tested previously using the above plasmid assay and two *G. stearothermophilus* group II intron RTs related to group II intron RTs that had previously been difficult to purify with high yield and activity (Vellore et al., Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 70, 7140-7147, 2004; Ng et al., Gene 393, 137-144, 2007). In some constructs, the inventors added an additional C-terminal His6-tag to enrich for full-length protein in the purification. The MalE-RF-RT fusion proteins were expressed in *E. coli* and purified by a procedure that involves PEI-precipitation of nucleic acids followed by amylose-affinity and heparin-Sepharose chromatography. An additional Ni column chromatography step was included for constructs with a C-terminal His6 tag. The proteins were dialyzed against the purification buffer with 50% glycerol, flash frozen, and stored at -80° C. The final protein preparations were >95% pure with yields of 0.5-2.2 mg/ml and their RT activity was undiminished after storage for at least six months.

RT Assays

To assess their thermostability, the inventors first assayed the RT activity of fusions MalE-RF-Tel4c, Tel4h*, and Tel4f from *Thermosynechococcus elongatus* and MalE-RF-GsI1 and GsI2 from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* at temperatures between 25 and 77° C. These initial assays were done by using poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ as the template-primer substrate and quantifying polymerization of ³²P-dTTP into high molecular weight material. The relatively long 42-nt dT primer was used so that it would remain annealed to the poly(rA) template at higher temperatures (calculated T_m=69° C.). The LtrA protein with and without an N-terminal MalE-RF tag was assayed in parallel as a mesophilic RT control (FIG. 11). Whereas the LtrA protein had a temperature optimum of ~35° C. with or without the MalE rigid fusion tag, the other five MalE-RF-RT's had higher

temperature optima ranging from 45-61° C. The two most active and thermostable RTs, MalE-RF-GsI2 and MalE-RF-Tel4c had temperature optima of 61° C. and retained substantial activity at 70° C. (where the assay may be limited by the stability of the primer-template base pairing). Of the two RTs, MalE-RF-Tel4c had the highest activity and was assayed at lower protein concentrations (50 nM) and for shorter times (90 sec) than the other RTs (100 nM, 5 min) in order to remain within the linear range. Tests with the MalE-RF-Tel4c protein showed that inclusion of maltose (10 μM to 1 mM), which can affect the conformation of the MalE tag, had little if any effect on RT activity.

Effect of Changing the Tag and Linker on RT Activity

To determine optimal properties of the tag and linker, the inventors constructed variants of the MalE-RF-Tel4c RT. The MalE-RT-Tel4c RT (left bar) and variant proteins (right bars) were purified and assayed for RT activity with poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ as described above (FIG. 13A). MalE-RT-Tel4c has a modified MalE tag (MalE (mod)) with 3 charged amino acid residues changed to alanines and a linker of 5 alanine residues linked to the N-terminus of the RT. Variants in which the 5 alanine-residue linker was removed or shortened to 1 or 2 alanine residues had substantial but reduced RT activity, as did a variant in which the modified MalE tag was replaced with wild-type MalE (MalE (WT)) (FIG. 13A). A variant of Tel4c with the MalE (WT) tag followed by the pMal-c2t linker deleted for the TEV protease cleavage site also had substantial but reduced RT activity (FIG. 13A). A variant in which the wild-type MalE tag was attached to the C-terminus of the Tel4c RT did not express well in *E. coli*, presumably reflecting that the nascent Tel4c RT cannot fold properly without prior expression of the MalE tag. Finally, a variant with an N-terminal rigid fusion to NusA (N utilization substance protein) instead of MalE had substantial thermostable RT activity (FIGS. 13A and B).

Temperature Profile for cDNA Synthesis

FIG. 14 shows assays of cDNA synthesis at different temperatures using in vitro transcribed RNA templates with DNA primers annealed to their 3' ends comparing two of the thermostable group II intron RTs (MalE-RF-Tel4c and MalE-RF-GsI2) with a commercially available RT, SuperScript III (Invitrogen™), which has been reported to be active at 55° C. (Potter et al. Focus (Invitrogen Newsletter) 25.1, 19-24, 2003). One template was a 531-nt in vitro transcript synthesized from AflIII-digested pBS KS(+) with a ³²P-labeled 37-nt DNA primer annealed (FIG. 14A-C) and the other was a 1.2-kb kanR RNA (SEQ ID NO: 21; shown in FIG. 15) with a ³²P-labeled 44-nt DNA primer (FIG. 14D-E). The reaction was incubated for 30 min at the indicated temperature, and the products were analyzed by electrophoresis in a denaturing 6% polyacrylamide gel. In each panel, the top and bottom autoradiograms show portions of the gel containing the full-length product and unextended or partially extended primers, respectively, and the bar graphs show the percentage of primer that was extended to full-length cDNA.

With the 531-nt RNA template, the MalE-RF-Tel4c RT had a temperature optimum for full-length cDNA synthesis of 61-81° C. The MalE-RF-GsI2 RT synthesized full-length cDNA at temperatures between 37 and 69° C., whereas SuperScript III RT had no activity at temperatures higher than 57° C. (FIG. 14A-C). With the 1.2-kb RNA template, the MalE-RF-Tel4c and MalE-RF-GsI2 RT had temperature optima of 61-81° C. and 61-69° C., respectively, while SuperScript III RT again had no activity at temperatures higher than 57° C. (FIG. 14D-E).

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Analysis of cDNA Synthesis by qRT-PCR

In addition to gel analysis, the inventors used qRT-PCR to compare the amounts of cDNAs synthesized by the MalE-RF-Tel4c and SuperScript III RTs using the 1.2-kb RNA template. The inventors first compared the amounts of full-length cDNA produced at temperatures between 50 and 75° C. (FIG. 16). The cDNAs for qPCR were synthesized in reactions containing 5×10^8 copies of kanR RNA as a template, 200 nM MalE-RT-Tel4c or 200 U of SuperScript III RT for 30 min at six different temperatures. Reactions with SuperScript III were done according to the manufacturer's specifications. The reaction mix containing all components except for dNTPs was preincubated at the desired temperatures for 2 min and started by adding the dNTPs. After 30 min, the reactions were terminated by quickly freezing on dry ice. A 5- μ l portion of each cDNA synthesis was used in qPCR reactions containing TaqMan® Gene Expression mix and two forward, reverse, and dual-labeled primer probe mixes located at nt 188-257 and 562-634 of the kanamycin RNA. With the primer set closest to the 5' end of the RNA (nt 188-257), the cycle threshold (C_T) values were significantly lower for the MalE-RF-Tel4c RT than for SuperScript III RT at all temperatures tested (FIG. 16), indicating that MalE-RF-Tel4c had synthesized larger amounts of cDNAs extending to near the 5' end of the RNA template. Notably, the difference in amounts of cDNAs synthesized was most pronounced at temperatures between 55 and 65° C., where the activity of SuperScript III falls off rapidly.

To compare the processivity of cDNA synthesis by MalE-RF-Tel4c and SuperScript III RTs, the same cDNA samples obtained at 60 and 65° C. were analyzed with two different amplicon primer/probe sets: 188-257, which detects cDNAs that are 920-nt long, and 562-634, which detects cDNAs that are 546 nt long (FIG. 17). In this case, cycle threshold results for cDNA samples were plotted against a standard curve obtained with Novagen® double-stranded DNA plasmid vector pET9a to determine copy numbers equivalents. With the 188-257 amplicon primer/probe set, 972,815 copies were detected with the MalE-RF-4c Tel4c RT versus 64,456 copies with SuperScript RT at 60° C. (~15 fold difference), and that ratio increased to 732,559 versus 661 at 65° C. (~1100 fold difference). Further, at both temperatures, the MalE-RF-Tel4c RT shows little difference in the copy numbers of cDNAs detected by the two primer sets, showing that the MalE-RF-Tel4c RT synthesizes mostly full-length cDNAs, indicative of high processivity. By contrast, SuperScript III RT showed lower numbers of longer cDNAs detected by the 188-257 primer set than the 562-634 primer set at both temperatures, indicating that this RT falls off or is otherwise impeded before reaching the 5' end of the RNA, resulting in synthesis of shorter cDNAs.

Fidelity of Nucleotide Incorporation by Tel4c and Tel4h* RTs

The inherent fidelity of the Tel4h* and Tel4c RTs (i.e., the native group II intron RT, not a stabilized RT fusion protein) was assessed initially by sequencing introns that had undergone retrohoming in *E. coli* plasmid assays (Table 2). The maximum error frequencies for the Tel4h* RNA promoting retrohoming of a Tel4h*- Δ ORF intron RNA at 37 and 48° C. were 1.6×10^{-5} and 4.1×10^{-6} , respectively. The Tel4c RT is encoded by the outer intron of a "twintron", a configuration in which one group II intron (Tel3c) has inserted into another (Tel4c), and can efficiently mobilize both introns. The maximum error frequencies for the Tel4c RT promoting retrohoming of Tel3c or Tel4c at 48° C. were 1.1×10^{-5} and 2.2×10^{-5} . These error frequencies are comparable to that estimated previously for the Ll.LtrB intron RT (LtrA) pro-

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moting retrohoming of the Ll.LtrB intron, $\sim 10^{-5}$ at 37° C. (Conlan et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 33, 5262-5270, 2005).

TABLE 2

Fidelity of group II intron RTs as measured by frequency of nucleotide misincorporation during retrohoming				
RT	Tel4h*	Tel4h*	Tel4c	Tel4c
Intron Temp. (° C.)	Tel4h*- Δ ORF 37	Tel4h*- Δ ORF 48	Tel3c- Δ ORF 48	Tel4c- Δ ORF 48
Nts sequenced	244,253	244,980	265,858	537,354
Mutations	4	1	3	12
Error Frequency	1.6×10^{-5}	4.1×10^{-6}	1.1×10^{-5}	2.2×10^{-5}

Retrohoming was done in *E. coli* HMS174(DE3) with donor plasmids expressing the indicated intron and RT and recipient plasmids containing the intron target site (ligated E1-E2) sequences cloned upstream of a promoterless tet^R gene. After selection of Tet^R colonies, introns that had integrated into the target site in recipient plasmid were amplified by colony PCR using the primers Rsense (5'-ACAAATAGGGGTTCGCGCAC; SEQ ID NO: 22) and Te680rc (5'-GTTGGTGACCGCACCAGT; SEQ ID NO: 23) and Te420f (5'-AACGCGGTAAGCCCGTA; SEQ ID NO: 24) and Rev2pBRR (5'-AATGGACGATATCCCGCA; SEQ ID NO: 25) for the 5'- and 3'-integration junctions, respectively. The PCR fragments were then sequenced. Table 2 indicates the induction temperature for retrohoming, the total number of intron nucleotides sequenced, the number of mutations (errors), and the error frequency.

The following examples of methods for preparing and characterizing stabilized RT fusion proteins are included for purposes of illustration and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

EXAMPLES

Example 1: Recombinant Plasmids

pMalE-Tel4c, pMalE-Tel4f, pMalE-Tel4h* contain the RT ORF of the indicated mobile group II intron with a fused N-terminal MalE tag cloned behind the tac promoter in the expression vector pMal-c2t. The latter is a derivative of pMal-c2x (New England Biolabs, Ipswich Mass.) in which the factor Xa protease-cleavage site between MalE and the expressed protein was replaced by a TEV protease-cleavage site (Kristelly et al., Acta Crystallogr D Biol Crystallogr. 59, 1859-1862, 2003). The Tel4h* RT is a derivative of the native Tel4h RT with the YAGD motif in RT-5 changed to YADD. Recombinant plasmids containing group II introns from *T. elongatus* strain BP1 cloned in pET11 (Tel4f), pUC19 (Tel4c), or pACD2X (Tel4h*) were described previously. pMalE-RT plasmids were derived from these initial constructs by PCR amplifying the RT ORF with primers that append restriction sites, and then cloning the PCR products into the corresponding sites of pMal-c2t (Tel4c RT, EcoRI and PstI sites; Tel4f RT, BamHI site; Tel4h* RT, BamHI and PstI sites). Recombinant plasmids denoted pMalE-RF-protein (e.g., pMalE-RF-Tel4c) were derived from the corresponding pMalE-RT plasmids by replacing the TEV-protease cleavable linker (TVDEALKDAQTNS₃N₁₀LENLYFQG; SEQ ID NO: 19) with a rigid linker (TVDAALAAAQTA AAAA; SEQ ID NO: 20) by the QuikChange PCR procedure using the

Accuprime polymerase (Invitrogen, Makarova et al., Bio-Techniques 29, 970-972, 2000).

Derivatives of pMalE-RF-Tel4c with different linkers were constructed by PCR mutagenesis using the QuikChange procedure. The MalE tag was fused to the C-terminus of the Tel4c ORF in pMal-c2L by amplifying the MalE segment of pMal-c2t with primers that introduce a 5' EcoRI site and a 3' PstI site, and the Tel4c ORF of pMalE-Tel4c with gene specific primers that introduce a 5' NdeI site and a 3' EcoRI site, respectively, and cloning the fragments into pMal-c2t digested with NdeI and PstI.

pNusA-RF-Tel4c-His, which expresses the Tel4c RT with an N-terminal NusA tag fused to the protein via a rigid linker and a C-terminal His6 tag, was constructed by PCR amplifying the Tel4c RT ORF from pMAL-Tel4c with primers that append SacII and KpnI sites and cloning the resulting PCR product between the corresponding sites of pET-50b(+) (Novagen). PCR mutagenesis was then used to replace the last two charged residues (D and E) of NusA, the existing linker, and one of the two N-terminal His6 tags (NICWF-GDEATSGSGH₆; SEQ ID NO: 26) with a rigid linker sequence (NICWFGAAAAA; SEQ ID NO: 27). The second N-terminal His6 tag was removed by PCR mutagenesis and a His6 tag was fused to the C-terminus of Tel4c RT by QuikChange PCR.

pMalE-GsI1 and pMalE-GsI2 were constructed by PCR amplifying the RT ORFs from *G. stearothermophilus* strain 10 genomic DNA (obtained from Greg Davis (Sigma-Aldrich)) by PCR with primers that amplify the introns and appended BamHI and XbaI sites (GsI1) or BamHI sites (GsI2) and then cloning the PCR products between the corresponding sites of pMal-c2t. GsI1 is a subgroup IIB2 intron that is inserted in the *G. stearothermophilus* recA gene and is related to the previously described RT-encoding group 11 introns in the recA genes of *Geobacillus kaustophilus* (Chee et al., Gene 363, 211-220, 2005) and *Bacillus caldolyticus* (Ng et al., Gene 393, 137-144, 2007). The cloned GsI1 RT ORF was verified to correspond to the genomic sequence (CP001794). GsI2 is a group IIC intron found in multiple copies in the *G. stearothermophilus* genome. The cloned GsI2 RT ORF corresponds to the genomic sequence of one of six full-length copies of GsI2 in the *G. stearothermophilus* genome (CP001794) and has three amino acid sequence changes from the RT ORF cloned by Vellore et al. (Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 70, 7140-7147, 2004). The corresponding pMalE-RF-RT constructs were derived from the pMalE-RT constructs by QuikChange PCR, as described above.

pMalE-LtrA was constructed by PCR amplifying the LtrA ORF of pImp-2 (Saldanha et al., Biochemistry 38, 9069-9083, 1999) using primers that append BamHI and HindIII sites and then cloning the PCR product between the corresponding sites of pMal-c2t, and pMalE-RF-LtrA was derived from pMalE-LtrA by QuikChange PCR, as described above.

Example 2: Protein Purification

For expression of pMalE-RT or pMalE-RF-RT constructs, *E. coli* Rosetta 2/pRARE (Novagen, EMD Biosciences, Gibbstown N.J.) or ScarabXpress/pRARE T7lac (Scarabgenomics, Madison Wis.) were transformed with the expression plasmid and grown at 37° C. in TB or LB medium to mid-log phase (O.D.₆₀₀=0.8). Expression was induced either by adding isopropyl β-D-1-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG; 1 mM final) to mid-log phase cells (pMalE-RF-Tel4c, Tel4f, Tel4h*, GsI1, and GsI2) or by growing cells in auto-

induction medium (LB containing 0.2% lactose, 0.05% glucose, 0.5% glycerol, 24 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄, 50 mM KH₂PO₄, 50 mM Na₂HPO₄) (pMalE-LtrA and pMalE-RF-LtrA). In either case, induction was for ~24 h at 18-25° C., after which cells were pelleted by centrifugation, resuspended in buffer A (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 0.5 M KCl or NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol (DTT)), and frozen at -80° C.

For purification of MalE-RF-Tel4c, Tel4f, Tel4h* and their derivatives, the cell suspension was thawed, treated with lysozyme (1 mg/ml; Sigma) for 15 min on ice, freeze-thawed three times on dry ice, sonicated (Branson 450 Sonifier, Branson Ultrasonics, Danbury Conn.) three or four 10 sec bursts or one 30 sec burst on ice at an amplitude of 60%, with 10 sec between bursts, and centrifuged for 30 min at 18,500×g at 4° C. Nucleic acids were precipitated by adding polyethyleneimine (PEI) to a final concentration of 0.1% and centrifuging for 15 min at 15,000×g at 4° C. in a J16.25 rotor in an Avanti J-E centrifuge (Beckman Coulter, Brea Calif.). The resulting supernatant was applied to an amylose column (10-ml column volume; Amylose High-Flow (New England Biolabs), equilibrated in buffer A), which was washed with five column volumes each of buffer A containing 0.5 M, 1.5 M, or 0.5 M KCl, and then eluted with buffer A containing 10 mM maltose. Protein fractions were pooled and purified further via a heparin-Sepharose column (3 tandem 1-ml columns; GE Healthcare Biosciences Corp.) which had been pre-equilibrated in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 containing KCl (100 mM for MalE-RF-4c, 4f, 4h*, MalE-LtrA and MalE-RF-LtrA; 50 mM for MalE-RF-GsI1 or GsI2), 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 10% glycerol. The proteins were applied to the column in the same buffer and eluted with a 40-column volume gradient from the loading concentration to 2 M KCl. The proteins eluted at ~800 mM KCl. The peak fractions were pooled and dialyzed against 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 0.5 M KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, and 50% glycerol for storage. The frozen proteins showed no decrease in RT activity for at least six months.

The MalE-RF-GsI1 protein, which has an N-terminal MalE tag and a C-terminal His6-tag, was purified similarly, except that nucleic acids were precipitated with 0.2% PEI, and the protein eluted from the amylose column was purified further on a nickel column prior to the final heparin-Sepharose column. The nickel column (5 ml HisTrap™ HP Nickel Sepharose; GE Healthcare Biosciences, Piscataway N.J.) equilibrated with binding buffer (500 mM KCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 40 mM imidazole, and 10% glycerol) was loaded with pooled protein fractions from the amylose column, washed with 10 column volumes of binding buffer, eluted with five column volumes of elution buffer (500 mM KCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 400 mM imidazole and 10% glycerol), and the supernatant loaded directly onto the heparin-Sepharose column. The peak fractions from the heparin-Sepharose column were pooled, dialyzed against 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 0.5 M KCl, 50% glycerol, and stored as described above.

For the NusA fusions, *E. coli* ScarabXpress/pRARE T7lac cells were induced with 0.5 mM IPTG for 48 h at 18° C. and resuspended in nickel buffer A (20 mM Tris pH 7.5, 500 mM KCl, 30 mM imidazole, 10% glycerol). After disrupting the cells as described above, nucleic acids were precipitated from the lysate by adding a final concentration of 0.2% polyethyleneimine, followed by centrifugation at 10,000×g for 15 min. The supernatant was applied to a 5-ml nickel-Sepharose column pre-equilibrated with nickel buffer A, and then eluted with nickel buffer A containing 500 mM imida-

zole. The protein fractions were pooled and loaded directly onto two connected 1-ml heparin-Sepharose columns that had been pre-equilibrated in 20 mM Tris pH 7.5, 100 mM KCl, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM EDTA, and 20% glycerol. The protein was eluted with a 20-column volume gradient of 0.1 to 1.5 M KCl, and peak fractions were pooled, dialyzed against 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 0.5 M KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 50% glycerol, and stored as described above.

Example 3: Reverse Transcriptase Assays

RT activity at different temperatures was assayed by quantifying incorporation of ^{32}P -dTTP using poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ as the template-primer. The RT (50 nM MalE-RF-TeI4c RT or 100 nM of all other RTs) was pre-incubated with 100 nM poly(rA)/oligo(dT)₄₂ in 1×RT buffer (75 mM KCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, and 1 mM DTT) at different temperatures (ranging from 25-77° C.), and reactions were initiated by adding 5 μCi [α - ^{32}P]-dTTP (3,000 Ci/mmol; Perkin Elmer, Waltham Mass.). The reactions were incubated for Limes within the linear range and stopped by adding EDTA to a final concentration of 250 mM. Reaction products were spotted onto Whatman DE81 chromatography paper (10×7.5-cm sheets; GE Healthcare), washed 3 times in 0.3 M NaCl and 0.03 M sodium citrate, and scanned with a PhosphorImager (Typhoon Trio Variable Mode Imager; GE Healthcare) to quantify bound radioactivity.

Other RT assays used RNA templates with annealed DNA oligonucleotide primers. The RNA template was either a 531-nt in vitro transcript synthesized from pBluescript KS (+) digested with AflIII transcribed using T7 Megascript kits (Ambion, Applied Biosystems, Austin, Tex.) or a 1.2-kb kanR RNA purchased from Promega (Promega, Madison Wis.). In vitro transcription was done according to the manufacturer's instructions for 4 h at 37° C. After digesting the DNA template with Turbo DNase I (5 min, 37° C.), RNAs were extracted with phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1; phenol-CIA) and purified by two cycles of gel filtration through Sephadex G-50 (Sigma, St Louis, Mo.) spin columns. The RNA concentration was determined by using a Nanodrop (Thermo Scientific, Wilmington, Del.). RNAs were stored in Milli-Q-grade H₂O and stored at -20° C.

DNA oligonucleotide primers complementary to the 3' ends of the RNAs were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, Iowa; AflIII primer: 5'-CCGCTTIGAGTGAGCTGATAC-CGCTCGCCGAGCCG; SEQ ID NO: 28; P078 Kanamycin Rev 5'-GGTGGACCAGTTGGTGATITGAACITITIGCTTGCCACGGAAC; SEQ ID NO: 29). Primer concentrations were determined by A₂₆₀. The primers were 5' ^{32}P -labeled with T4 polynucleotide kinase (New England Biolabs) according to the manufacturer's instructions, and free nucleotides were removed by gel filtration through a Sephadex G-25 column. The primers were mixed with the template at a molar ratio of 1.0:1.1 and annealed by heating to 82° C. for 2 min and then cooling to room temperature in a GeneAmp 9700 PCR cyclor with the ramp setting of 10%.

For gel analysis of cDNA synthesis, 100 nM of annealed template/primer was incubated with 200 nM enzyme in 100 mM KCl, 20 mM Tris HCl pH 7.5, 10 mM MgCl₂ and 1 mM DTT for MalE-RF-TeI4c RT and in 10 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris HCl pH 7.5, 10 mM MgCl₂ and 1 mM DTT for MalE-RF-Gsl2 RT. Reactions were initiated by adding dNTPs and MgCl₂ to final concentrations of 1.25 mM and 10 mM, respectively, incubated for 30 min at the indicated temperature, and terminated by adding 0.1% SDS/250 mM

EDTA (final concentrations) followed by phenol-CIA extraction. The products were analyzed by electrophoresis in a denaturing 6% polyacrylamide gel, which was dried and quantified with a PhosphorImager. A 5'-labeled 10-bp ladder (Invitrogen™) was used as size markers.

Example 4: Quantitative Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR)

cDNAs for qPCR analysis were generated in 20 μl reactions containing 1×RT buffer (75 mM KCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5), 1 mM DTT, 5×10⁸ copies of kanR RNA, 200 nM MalE-RF-TeI4c RT and 1 mM dNTPs for 30 min at temperatures specified for individual experiments. Parallel reactions with SuperScript III (Invitrogen) were done according to the manufacturers specifications. Reactions were incubated at the different temperatures for 2 min and started by adding dNTPs. After incubating for 30 min, the reactions were quickly frozen on dry ice to stop the reactions. 5 μl of cDNA reaction were used for the qPCR.

qPCR analysis was done in 96-well plates with optical caps with each well containing 25 μl of reaction mix consisting of 12.5 μl of 2× TaqMan® Gene Expression Master Mix (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, Calif.), 7.5 μl of forward, reverse, and dual-labeled probe mix (oligonucleotides purchased individually from Integrated DNA Technologies, Coralville, Iowa), and 5 μl cDNA template. The mixture was incubated in the 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems), using the 9600 emulation mode protocol (50° C. for 2 min, 95° C. for 10 min, then cycled for a total of 45 cycles at 95° C. for 15 sec and 60° C. for 60 sec). Data were collected and analyzed using the Applied Biosystems Sequence Detection System Software, Versions 2.2 or 2.3.

The Novagen® double-stranded DNA plasmid vector pET9a (EMD Chemicals) was used to quantitate kanR cDNA levels. The pET9a vector contains the kanR coding sequence (bases 3523-4335) and has 100% sequence homology at each primer/probe binding site with the Promega 1.2-kb kanR RNA. Purified and quantitated pET9a DNA vector was initially diluted to 1×10⁹ copies/μl stock aliquots and stored at -20° C. For each run, fresh stocks were thawed and then serially diluted to generate a quantitative standard curve used in qPCR. Cycle threshold results for cDNA samples were then plotted against the standard curve to determine copy numbers equivalents.

Primers used were:

P078 Kanamycin RT-1107R
 SEQ ID NO: 29
 5' -GGTGGACCAGTTGGTGATTTGAACITTTGCTTGCCA
 CGGAAC-3';
 (T_m = 80° C.)
 primer sets nt 188-257:
 Forward- P029 kan-188F: SEQ ID NO: 30
 5' -GGGTATAAATGGGCTCGCG-3';
 Reverse- P030 kan-257R: SEQ ID NO: 31
 5' -CGGGCTTCCCATACAATCG-3';
 Taqman Probe- P031 kan-213T: SEQ ID NO: 32
 5' (6-carboxyfluorescein(6FAM)) -TCGGGCAATC
 AGGTGCGACAATC-3';

-continued
(Iowa Black FQ; a dark non-fluorescent quencher);

Amplicon 70 bp: SEQ ID NO: 33 5
 5'GGGTATAAATGGGCTCGGATAATGTCGGGCAATCAGGT
 GCGACAATCTATCGATTGTATGGGAGCCCG-3';

Primer Set (nt 562-634):
 Forward- P001 kan-562R: SEQ ID NO: 34 10
 5'-CGCTCAGGCGCAATCAC-3';

Reverse- P002 kan-634R: SEQ ID NO: 35
 5'-CCAGCCATTACGCTCGTCAT-3';

Taqman Probe- P003 kan-581T: SEQ ID NO: 36 15
 5' (6-FAM) -ATGAATAACGGTTTGGTTGATGCGAGT
 GA-3' - (TAMRA);

Amplicon 73 bp SEQ ID NO: 37 20
 5'CGCTCAGGCGCAATCACGAATGAATAACGGTTTGGTTGA
 TGCAGTGATTTTGTATGACGAGCGTAATGGCTGG-3';

Example 5: Retrohoming Assays

Retrohoming assays were done in *E. coli* HMS174(DE3) (Novagen™) grown on LB medium, with antibiotics added at the following concentrations: ampicillin, 100 µg/ml;

chloramphenicol, 25 µg/ml; tetracycline, 25 µg/ml. The intron-donor plasmids, derivatives of pACD2X (San Filippo et al., Journal of Molecular Biology, 324, 933-951, 2002), carry a cap^R marker and use a T7lac promoter to express a ΔORF intron (I-ΔORF) with short flanking 5' and 3' exons (E1 and E2, respectively) and a T7 promoter in DIV, followed by the RT ORF downstream of E2. The recipient plasmids, derivatives of pBRR-tet (Guo et al., Science 289, 452-457, 2000; Karberg et al., Nature Biotech. 19, 1162-1167, 2001), carry an amp^R marker and contain a target site for the intron (ligated E1-E2 sequences) cloned upstream of a promoterless tet^R gene. The latter is activated by insertion of the intron carrying the T7 promoter, enabling selection for Tet^R+Amp^R colonies. For the assays, cells were co-transformed with the Cap^R donor and Amp^R recipient plasmids, inoculated into 5 ml of LB medium containing chloramphenicol and ampicillin, and grown with shaking (200 rpm) overnight at 37° C. A small portion (50 µl) of the overnight culture was inoculated into 5 ml of fresh LB medium containing the same antibiotics and grown for 1 h as above. The cells were then induced with IPTG for 1 h under conditions specified in the legend of Table 1 for individual experiments. The cultures were then placed on ice, diluted with ice-cold LB, and plated at different dilutions onto LB agar containing ampicillin or ampicillin+tetracycline. After incubating the plates overnight at 37° C., the mobility efficiency was calculated as the ratio of (Tet^R+Amp^R)/Amp^R colonies.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 1
 <211> LENGTH: 562
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Thermosynechococcus elongatus

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

Met Glu Thr Arg Gln Met Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Thr Gly Ala Val Thr
 1 5 10 15

Asn Gln Thr Glu Thr Ser Trp His Ser Ile Asn Trp Thr Lys Ala Asn
 20 25 30

Arg Glu Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Val Arg Ile Ala Lys Ala Val Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Gly Arg Trp Gly Lys Val Lys Ala Leu Gln Trp Leu Leu Thr His Ser
 50 55 60

Phe Tyr Gly Lys Ala Leu Ala Val Lys Arg Val Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly
 65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Val Asp Gly Ile Thr Trp Ser Thr Gln Glu Gln
 85 90 95

Lys Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Arg Arg Gly Tyr Lys Pro Gln
 100 105 110

Pro Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Ile Pro Lys Ala Asn Gly Lys Gln Arg Pro
 115 120 125

Leu Gly Ile Pro Thr Met Lys Asp Arg Ala Met Gln Ala Leu Tyr Ala
 130 135 140

Leu Ala Leu Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Thr Thr Ala Asp Arg Asn Ser Tyr
 145 150 155 160

Gly Phe Arg Arg Gly Arg Cys Thr Ala Asp Ala Ala Gly Gln Cys Phe
 165 170 175

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Leu Ala Leu Ala Lys Ala Lys Ser Ala Glu His Val Leu Asp Ala Asp
 180 185 190

Ile Ser Gly Cys Phe Asp Asn Ile Ser His Glu Trp Leu Leu Ala Asn
 195 200 205

Thr Pro Leu Asp Lys Gly Ile Leu Arg Lys Trp Leu Lys Ser Gly Phe
 210 215 220

Val Trp Lys Gln Gln Leu Phe Pro Thr His Ala Gly Thr Pro Gln Gly
 225 230 235 240

Gly Val Ile Ser Pro Val Leu Ala Asn Ile Thr Leu Asp Gly Met Glu
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Ala Lys His Leu Arg Gly Gln Lys Val Asn Leu Ile Arg
 260 265 270

Tyr Ala Asp Asp Phe Val Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Glu Glu Thr Leu Glu
 275 280 285

Lys Ala Arg Asn Leu Ile Gln Glu Phe Leu Lys Glu Arg Gly Leu Thr
 290 295 300

Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Thr Lys Ile Val His Ile Glu Glu Gly Phe Asp
 305 310 315 320

Phe Leu Gly Trp Asn Ile Arg Lys Tyr Asn Gly Val Leu Leu Ile Lys
 325 330 335

Pro Ala Lys Lys Asn Val Lys Ala Phe Leu Lys Lys Ile Arg Asp Thr
 340 345 350

Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Thr Gln Glu Ile Val Ile Asp Thr Leu
 355 360 365

Asn Pro Ile Ile Arg Gly Trp Ala Asn Tyr His Lys Gly Gln Val Ser
 370 375 380

Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Arg Val Asp Phe Ala Thr Trp His Lys Leu Trp
 385 390 395 400

Arg Trp Ala Arg Arg Arg His Pro Asn Lys Pro Ala Gln Trp Val Lys
 405 410 415

Asp Lys Tyr Phe Ile Lys Asn Gly Ser Arg Asp Trp Val Phe Gly Met
 420 425 430

Val Met Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Glu Leu Arg Thr Lys Arg Leu Ile Lys
 435 440 445

Thr Ser Asp Thr Arg Ile Gln Arg His Val Lys Ile Lys Ala Asp Ala
 450 455 460

Asn Pro Phe Leu Pro Glu Trp Ala Glu Tyr Phe Glu Lys Arg Lys Lys
 465 470 475 480

Leu Lys Lys Ala Pro Ala Gln Tyr Arg Arg Ile Arg Arg Glu Leu Trp
 485 490 495

Lys Lys Gln Gly Gly Ile Cys Pro Val Cys Gly Gly Glu Ile Glu Gln
 500 505 510

Asp Met Leu Thr Asp Ile His His Ile Leu Pro Lys His Lys Gly Gly
 515 520 525

Ser Asp Asp Leu Asp Asn Leu Val Leu Ile His Ala Asn Cys His Lys
 530 535 540

Gln Val His Ser Arg Asp Gly Gln His Ser Arg Ser Leu Leu Lys Glu
 545 550 555 560

Gly Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 562

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Thermosynechococcus elongatus

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<400> SEQUENCE: 2

Met Glu Thr Arg Gln Met Ala Val Glu Gln Thr Thr Gly Ala Val Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Gln Thr Glu Thr Ser Trp His Ser Ile Asp Trp Ala Lys Ala Asn
 20 25 30
 Arg Glu Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Val Arg Ile Ala Lys Ala Val Lys Glu
 35 40 45
 Gly Arg Trp Gly Lys Val Lys Ala Leu Gln Trp Leu Leu Thr His Ser
 50 55 60
 Phe Tyr Gly Lys Ala Leu Ala Val Lys Arg Val Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Lys Thr Pro Gly Val Asp Gly Ile Thr Trp Ser Thr Gln Glu Gln
 85 90 95
 Lys Ala Gln Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Arg Arg Arg Gly Tyr Lys Pro Gln
 100 105 110
 Pro Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Ile Pro Lys Ala Asn Gly Lys Gln Arg Pro
 115 120 125
 Leu Gly Ile Pro Thr Met Lys Asp Arg Ala Met Gln Ala Leu Tyr Ala
 130 135 140
 Leu Ala Leu Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Thr Thr Ala Asp Arg Asn Ser Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Gly Phe Arg Arg Gly Arg Cys Ile Ala Asp Ala Ala Thr Gln Cys His
 165 170 175
 Ile Thr Leu Ala Lys Thr Asp Arg Ala Gln Tyr Val Leu Asp Ala Asp
 180 185 190
 Ile Ala Gly Cys Phe Asp Asn Ile Ser His Glu Trp Leu Leu Ala Asn
 195 200 205
 Ile Pro Leu Asp Lys Arg Ile Leu Arg Lys Trp Leu Lys Ser Gly Phe
 210 215 220
 Val Trp Lys Gln Gln Leu Phe Pro Ile His Ala Gly Thr Pro Gln Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Val Ile Ser Pro Met Leu Ala Asn Met Thr Leu Asp Gly Met Glu
 245 250 255
 Glu Leu Leu Asn Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala His Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Arg
 260 265 270
 Tyr Ala Asp Asp Phe Val Val Thr Gly Glu Thr Lys Glu Val Leu Tyr
 275 280 285
 Ile Ala Gly Ala Val Ile Gln Ala Phe Leu Lys Glu Arg Gly Leu Thr
 290 295 300
 Leu Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Lys Ile Val His Ile Glu Glu Gly Phe Asp
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Leu Gly Trp Asn Ile Arg Lys Tyr Asp Gly Lys Leu Leu Ile Lys
 325 330 335
 Pro Ala Lys Lys Asn Val Lys Ala Phe Leu Lys Lys Ile Arg Asp Thr
 340 345 350
 Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Pro Gln Glu Ile Val Ile Asp Thr Leu
 355 360 365
 Asn Pro Ile Ile Arg Gly Trp Thr Asn Tyr His Lys Asn Gln Ala Ser
 370 375 380
 Lys Glu Thr Phe Val Gly Val Asp His Leu Ile Trp Gln Lys Leu Trp
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Trp Ala Arg Arg Arg His Pro Ser Lys Ser Val Arg Trp Val Lys

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	405		410		415
Ser	Lys Tyr Phe Ile Gln Ile Gly Asn Arg Lys Trp Met Phe Gly Ile				
	420		425		430
Trp	Thr Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Asp Pro Trp Ala Lys His Leu Ile Lys				
	435		440		445
Ala	Ser Glu Ile Arg Ile Gln Arg Arg Gly Lys Ile Lys Ala Asp Ala				
	450		455		460
Asn	Pro Phe Leu Pro Glu Trp Ala Glu Tyr Phe Glu Gln Arg Lys Lys				
	465		470		475
Leu	Lys Glu Ala Pro Ala Gln Tyr Arg Arg Thr Arg Arg Glu Leu Trp				
	485		490		495
Lys	Lys Gln Gly Gly Ile Cys Pro Val Cys Gly Gly Glu Ile Glu Gln				
	500		505		510
Asp	Met Leu Thr Glu Ile His His Ile Leu Pro Lys His Lys Gly Gly				
	515		520		525
Thr	Asp Asp Leu Asp Asn Leu Val Leu Ile His Thr Asn Cys His Lys				
	530		535		540
Gln	Val His Asn Arg Asp Gly Gln His Ser Arg Phe Leu Leu Lys Glu				
	545		550		555
					560

Gly Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 3
 <211> LENGTH: 562
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Thermosynechococcus elongatus

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

Met	Glu Thr Arg Gln Met Ala Val Glu Gln Thr Thr Gly Ala Val Thr
1	5 10 15
Asn	Gln Thr Glu Thr Ser Trp His Ser Ile Asp Trp Ala Lys Ala Asn
	20 25 30
Arg	Glu Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Val Arg Ile Ala Lys Ala Val Lys Glu
	35 40 45
Gly	Arg Trp Gly Lys Val Lys Ala Leu Gln Trp Leu Leu Thr His Ser
	50 55 60
Phe	Tyr Gly Lys Ala Leu Ala Val Lys Arg Val Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly
	65 70 75 80
Ser	Lys Thr Pro Gly Val Asp Gly Ile Thr Trp Ser Thr Gln Glu Gln
	85 90 95
Lys	Ala Gln Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Arg Arg Arg Gly Tyr Lys Pro Gln
	100 105 110
Pro	Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Ile Pro Lys Ala Ser Gly Lys Gln Arg Pro
	115 120 125
Leu	Gly Ile Pro Thr Thr Lys Asp Arg Ala Met Gln Ala Leu Tyr Ala
	130 135 140
Leu	Ala Leu Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Thr Thr Ala Asp Arg Asn Ser Tyr
	145 150 155 160
Gly	Phe Arg Gln Gly Arg Cys Thr Ala Asp Ala Ala Gly Gln Cys Phe
	165 170 175
Thr	Val Leu Gly Arg Ser Asp Cys Ala Lys Tyr Ile Leu Asp Ala Asp
	180 185 190
Ile	Thr Gly Cys Phe Asp Asn Ile Ser His Glu Trp Leu Leu Asp Asn
	195 200 205
Ile	Pro Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Leu Arg Lys Trp Leu Lys Ser Gly Phe

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210			215			220									
Val	Trp	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Phe	Pro	Thr	His	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gly
225					230					235					240
Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Pro	Met	Leu	Ala	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu	Asp	Gly	Met	Glu
			245						250					255	
Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Lys	His	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln	Lys	Val	Asn	Leu	Ile	Arg
			260					265					270		
Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Phe	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Glu
		275					280						285		
Lys	Val	Thr	Thr	Val	Ile	Gln	Glu	Phe	Leu	Lys	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr
	290					295						300			
Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Lys	Thr	Lys	Val	Val	His	Ile	Glu	Glu	Gly	Phe	Asp
305					310					315					320
Phe	Leu	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ile	Lys
				325					330						335
Pro	Ala	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile	Lys	Ala	Phe	His	Lys	Lys	Ile	Arg	Asp	Ala
			340					345						350	
Leu	Lys	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gln	Glu	Ala	Val	Ile	Asp	Thr	Leu
		355					360						365		
Asn	Pro	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Trp	Ala	Asn	Tyr	His	Arg	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser
	370					375					380				
Lys	Arg	Ile	Phe	Asn	Arg	Ala	Asp	Asp	Asn	Ile	Trp	His	Lys	Leu	Trp
385					390					395					400
Arg	Trp	Ala	Lys	Arg	Arg	His	Pro	Asn	Lys	Pro	Ala	Arg	Trp	Thr	Lys
				405					410						415
Asn	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Lys	Ile	Gly	Asn	Arg	His	Trp	Val	Phe	Gly	Thr
			420					425						430	
Trp	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Leu	Arg	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Lys
		435					440						445		
Ala	Gly	Asp	Thr	Arg	Ile	Gln	Arg	His	Val	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ala	Asp	Ala
	450					455							460		
Asn	Pro	Phe	Leu	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Glu	Arg	Lys	Lys
465					470					475					480
Leu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Ile	Arg	Arg	Glu	Leu	Trp
				485					490						495
Lys	Lys	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ile	Cys	Pro	Val	Cys	Gly	Gly	Glu	Ile	Glu	Gln
			500					505						510	
Asp	Met	Leu	Thr	Glu	Ile	His	His	Ile	Leu	Pro	Lys	His	Lys	Gly	Gly
		515						520					525		
Ser	Asp	Asp	Leu	Asp	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Ile	His	Ala	Asn	Cys	His	Lys
	530					535						540			
Gln	Val	His	Ser	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	His	Ser	Arg	Phe	Leu	Leu	Lys	Glu
545					550					555					560
Gly	Leu														

<210> SEQ ID NO 4
 <211> LENGTH: 635
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Geobacillus stearothermophilus

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

Met Lys Val Asn Lys Leu Val Val Lys Ser Glu Gln Asp Leu Arg Asn
 1 5 10 15

Cys Leu Asp Leu Leu Tyr Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Gly Lys His Phe Tyr

-continued

		20					25					30				
Gly	Met	Leu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Val	Val	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ile	
		35					40					45				
Arg	Asn	Ile	Lys	Ser	Asn	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ile	Asp	Gln	
	50					55					60					
Lys	Ile	Val	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Met	Pro	Thr	Glu	Lys	Val	Phe	Gly	
	65				70					75					80	
Met	Ile	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Pro	Ile	Pro	Val	Arg	Arg	
				85					90					95		
Cys	Asn	Lys	Pro	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ser	Lys	Arg	Lys	Gly	Asn	
			100						105					110		
Ser	Pro	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ala	Val	
		115					120						125			
Thr	Asp	Arg	Ile	Ile	Gln	Glu	Met	Leu	Arg	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Pro	Ile	
	130					135					140					
Phe	Glu	Ala	Gln	Phe	Tyr	Pro	His	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Arg	
	145				150					155					160	
Ser	Thr	Glu	His	Ala	Leu	Ala	Trp	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ser	
				165					170						175	
Lys	Leu	Tyr	Trp	Val	Val	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Asp	His	
			180						185					190		
Ile	Asn	His	Lys	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Ile	Met	Trp	Asn	Met	Gly	Val	Arg	
		195					200						205			
Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Leu	Cys	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Met	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gln	
	210					215					220					
Val	Ile	Gln	Gly	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gln	Gly	
	225				230					235					240	
Gly	Ile	Ile	Ser	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Val	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Phe	Asp	
				245					250						255	
Trp	Met	Val	Gly	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Tyr	His	Pro	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Tyr	
		260							265					270		
Arg	Glu	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Gly	His	His	
		275				280							285			
Pro	Val	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Thr	Asp	
	290					295					300					
Thr	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Lys	Ile	Arg	Glu	Gln	Cys	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Leu	
	305				310					315					320	
Ala	Cys	Glu	Leu	His	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Asp	Glu	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ile	Ala	
				325					330						335	
Asp	Ile	Arg	Glu	Gln	Arg	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Gly	Phe	Cys	Ile	Glu	Ala	
		340							345					350		
Gly	Lys	Arg	Arg	Phe	His	Lys	Lys	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ala	Arg	Met	Ile	Pro	
		355						360						365		
Asp	Met	Glu	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Lys	Val	Lys	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg	Asp	Ile	
	370					375								380		
Arg	Leu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Arg	Lys	Ser	Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ile	
	385				390					395					400	
Glu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gly	Leu	Ala	Asn	His	Leu	Lys	Ile	
				405					410						415	
Gly	Ile	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Met	Gly	Lys	Val	Asp	Arg	Val	Ile	Glu	Glu	
			420						425					430		
Thr	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Trp	Val	Lys	Met	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Lys	Ala	Ala	
		435							440					445		

-continued

Gln Tyr Lys Arg Pro Val Ser Glu Phe His Asn Arg Ile Asp Arg His
 450 455 460
 Lys Gly Tyr Gln Met Lys His Phe Ser Val Val Thr Glu Asp Gly Ile
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Gly Ile Thr His Ala Lys Ile Thr Pro Ile Gln Tyr Ala Thr
 485 490 495
 Val Phe Lys Gln Glu Met Thr Pro Tyr Thr Ala Asp Gly Arg Lys Met
 500 505 510
 Tyr Glu Glu Lys His Arg Lys Ile Arg Leu Pro Asp Lys Met Ser Leu
 515 520 525
 Phe Asp His Asp Ser Ile Phe Ile Tyr Ile Leu Ser Glu His Asn Asp
 530 535 540
 Gly Lys Tyr Asn Leu Glu Tyr Phe Leu Asn Arg Val Asn Val Phe His
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Asp Lys Gly Lys Cys Lys Ile Cys Ala Val Tyr Leu Ser Pro Gly
 565 570 575
 Asn Phe His Cys His His Ile Asp Pro Ser Lys Pro Leu Ser Glu Ile
 580 585 590
 Asn Lys Thr Val Asn Leu Ile Ser Leu Cys Asn Gln Cys His Arg Leu
 595 600 605
 Val His Ser Asn Gln Glu Pro Pro Phe Thr Glu Arg Lys Met Phe Asp
 610 615 620
 Lys Leu Thr Lys Tyr Arg Asn Lys Leu Lys Ile
 625 630 635

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
 <211> LENGTH: 420
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Geobacillus stearothermophilus

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

Met Ala Leu Leu Glu Arg Ile Leu Ala Arg Asp Asn Leu Ile Thr Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Lys Arg Val Glu Ala Asn Gln Gly Ala Pro Gly Ile Asp Gly Val
 20 25 30
 Ser Thr Asp Gln Leu Arg Asp Tyr Ile Arg Ala His Trp Ser Thr Ile
 35 40 45
 His Ala Gln Leu Leu Ala Gly Thr Tyr Arg Pro Ala Pro Val Arg Arg
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Ile Pro Lys Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Arg Gln Leu Gly Ile Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Val Val Asp Arg Leu Ile Gln Gln Ala Ile Leu Gln Glu Leu Thr
 85 90 95
 Pro Ile Phe Asp Pro Asp Phe Ser Ser Ser Ser Phe Gly Phe Arg Pro
 100 105 110
 Gly Arg Asn Ala His Asp Ala Val Arg Gln Ala Gln Gly Tyr Ile Gln
 115 120 125
 Glu Gly Tyr Arg Tyr Val Val Asp Met Asp Leu Glu Lys Phe Phe Asp
 130 135 140
 Arg Val Asn His Asp Ile Leu Met Ser Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Val Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Lys Arg Val Leu Lys Leu Ile Arg Ala Tyr Leu Gln Ala Gly Val
 165 170 175
 Met Ile Glu Gly Val Lys Val Gln Thr Glu Glu Gly Thr Pro Gln Gly

-continued

180	185	190
Gly Pro Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Asp Asp Leu Asp		
195	200	205
Lys Glu Leu Glu Lys Arg Gly Leu Lys Phe Cys Arg Tyr Ala Asp Asp		
210	215	220
Cys Asn Ile Tyr Val Lys Ser Leu Arg Ala Gly Gln Arg Val Lys Gln		
225	230	235
Ser Ile Gln Arg Phe Leu Glu Lys Thr Leu Lys Leu Lys Val Asn Glu		
245	250	255
Glu Lys Ser Ala Val Asp Arg Pro Trp Lys Arg Ala Phe Leu Gly Phe		
260	265	270
Ser Phe Thr Pro Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Ile Arg Leu Ala Pro Arg Ser		
275	280	285
Ile Gln Arg Leu Lys Gln Arg Ile Arg Gln Leu Thr Asn Pro Asn Trp		
290	295	300
Ser Ile Ser Met Pro Glu Arg Ile His Arg Val Asn Gln Tyr Val Met		
305	310	315
Gly Trp Ile Gly Tyr Phe Arg Leu Val Glu Thr Pro Ser Val Leu Gln		
325	330	335
Thr Ile Glu Gly Trp Ile Arg Arg Arg Leu Arg Leu Cys Gln Trp Leu		
340	345	350
Gln Trp Lys Arg Val Arg Thr Arg Ile Arg Glu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly		
355	360	365
Leu Lys Glu Thr Ala Val Met Glu Ile Ala Asn Thr Arg Lys Gly Ala		
370	375	380
Trp Arg Thr Thr Lys Thr Pro Gln Leu His Gln Ala Leu Gly Lys Thr		
385	390	395
Tyr Trp Thr Ala Gln Gly Leu Lys Ser Leu Thr Gln Arg Tyr Phe Glu		
405	410	415
Leu Arg Gln Gly		
420		

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
 <211> LENGTH: 934
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

Met Lys Ile Glu Glu Gly Lys Leu Val Ile Trp Ile Asn Gly Asp Lys		
1	5	10
Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Ala Glu Val Gly Lys Lys Phe Glu Lys Asp Thr		
20	25	30
Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe		
35	40	45
Pro Gln Val Ala Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Phe Trp Ala		
50	55	60
His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile		
65	70	75
Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp		
85	90	95
Ala Val Arg Tyr Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Ala Tyr Pro Ile Ala Val Glu		
100	105	110

-continued

Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Leu Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Lys
115 120 125

Thr Trp Glu Glu Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Gly
130 135 140

Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro
145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Ala Phe Lys Tyr Glu Asn Gly Lys
165 170 175

Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Val Gly Val Asp Asn Ala Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly
180 185 190

Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys His Met Asn Ala Asp
195 200 205

Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala
210 215 220

Met Thr Ile Asn Gly Pro Trp Ala Trp Ser Asn Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys
225 230 235 240

Val Asn Tyr Gly Val Thr Val Leu Pro Thr Phe Lys Gly Gln Pro Ser
245 250 255

Lys Pro Phe Val Gly Val Leu Ser Ala Gly Ile Asn Ala Ala Ser Pro
260 265 270

Asn Lys Glu Leu Ala Lys Glu Phe Leu Glu Asn Tyr Leu Leu Thr Asp
275 280 285

Glu Gly Leu Glu Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Lys Pro Leu Gly Ala Val Ala
290 295 300

Leu Lys Ser Tyr Glu Glu Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Pro Arg Ile Ala Ala
305 310 315 320

Thr Met Glu Asn Ala Gln Lys Gly Glu Ile Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Gln
325 330 335

Met Ser Ala Phe Trp Tyr Ala Val Arg Thr Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Ala
340 345 350

Ser Gly Arg Gln Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala
355 360 365

Ala Ala Ala Ala Met Glu Thr Arg Gln Met Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Thr
370 375 380

Gly Ala Val Thr Asn Gln Thr Glu Thr Ser Trp His Ser Ile Asn Trp
385 390 395 400

Thr Lys Ala Asn Arg Glu Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Val Arg Ile Ala Lys
405 410 415

Ala Val Lys Glu Gly Arg Trp Gly Lys Val Lys Ala Leu Gln Trp Leu
420 425 430

Leu Thr His Ser Phe Tyr Gly Lys Ala Leu Ala Val Lys Arg Val Thr
435 440 445

Asp Asn Ser Gly Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Val Asp Gly Ile Thr Trp Ser
450 455 460

Thr Gln Glu Gln Lys Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Arg Arg Arg Gly
465 470 475 480

Tyr Lys Pro Gln Pro Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Ile Pro Lys Ala Asn Gly
485 490 495

Lys Gln Arg Pro Leu Gly Ile Pro Thr Met Lys Asp Arg Ala Met Gln
500 505 510

Ala Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ala Leu Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Thr Thr Ala Asp
515 520 525

Arg Asn Ser Tyr Gly Phe Arg Arg Gly Arg Cys Thr Ala Asp Ala Ala

-continued

530					535					540					
Gly	Gln	Cys	Phe	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala	Glu	His	Val
545					550					555					560
Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ser	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ser	His	Glu	Trp
				565					570					575	
Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Thr	Pro	Leu	Asp	Lys	Gly	Ile	Leu	Arg	Lys	Trp	Leu
			580					585					590		
Lys	Ser	Gly	Phe	Val	Trp	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Phe	Pro	Thr	His	Ala	Gly
		595					600						605		
Thr	Pro	Gln	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Pro	Val	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ile	Thr	Leu
	610					615							620		
Asp	Gly	Met	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Lys	His	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gln	Lys	Val
625					630					635					640
Asn	Leu	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Phe	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Asp	Glu
				645					650					655	
Glu	Thr	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Phe	Leu	Lys	Glu
			660					665						670	
Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Pro	Glu	Lys	Thr	Lys	Ile	Val	His	Ile	Glu
		675						680						685	
Glu	Gly	Phe	Asp	Phe	Leu	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Val
	690					695							700		
Leu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Pro	Ala	Lys	Lys	Asn	Val	Lys	Ala	Phe	Leu	Lys	Lys
705					710					715					720
Ile	Arg	Asp	Thr	Leu	Arg	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gln	Glu	Ile	Val
				725					730					735	
Ile	Asp	Thr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ile	Ile	Arg	Gly	Trp	Ala	Asn	Tyr	His	Lys
				740					745					750	
Gly	Gln	Val	Ser	Lys	Glu	Thr	Phe	Asn	Arg	Val	Asp	Phe	Ala	Thr	Trp
				755					760					765	
His	Lys	Leu	Trp	Arg	Trp	Ala	Arg	Arg	Arg	His	Pro	Asn	Lys	Pro	Ala
				770					775					780	
Gln	Trp	Val	Lys	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Ser	Arg	Asp	Trp
785					790					795					800
Val	Phe	Gly	Met	Val	Met	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Lys
				805					810					815	
Arg	Leu	Ile	Lys	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Arg	Ile	Gln	Arg	His	Val	Lys	Ile
				820					825					830	
Lys	Ala	Asp	Ala	Asn	Pro	Phe	Leu	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Glu
				835					840					845	
Lys	Arg	Lys	Lys	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Ile	Arg
	850						855							860	
Arg	Glu	Leu	Trp	Lys	Lys	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ile	Cys	Pro	Val	Cys	Gly	Gly
865					870					875					880
Glu	Ile	Glu	Gln	Asp	Met	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ile	His	His	Ile	Leu	Pro	Lys
				885					890					895	
His	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asp	Leu	Asp	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Ile	His	Ala
				900					905					910	
Asn	Cys	His	Lys	Gln	Val	His	Ser	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	His	Ser	Arg	Ser
				915					920					925	
Leu	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gly	Leu										
				930											

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<211> LENGTH: 934
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

Met Lys Ile Glu Glu Gly Lys Leu Val Ile Trp Ile Asn Gly Asp Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Ala Glu Val Gly Lys Lys Phe Glu Lys Asp Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe
 35 40 45
 Pro Gln Val Ala Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Phe Trp Ala
 50 55 60
 His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp
 85 90 95
 Ala Val Arg Tyr Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Ala Tyr Pro Ile Ala Val Glu
 100 105 110
 Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Leu Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Lys
 115 120 125
 Thr Trp Glu Glu Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Gly
 130 135 140
 Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Ala Phe Lys Tyr Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Val Gly Val Asp Asn Ala Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly
 180 185 190
 Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys His Met Asn Ala Asp
 195 200 205
 Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala
 210 215 220
 Met Thr Ile Asn Gly Pro Trp Ala Trp Ser Asn Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Val Asn Tyr Gly Val Thr Val Leu Pro Thr Phe Lys Gly Gln Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Lys Pro Phe Val Gly Val Leu Ser Ala Gly Ile Asn Ala Ala Ser Pro
 260 265 270
 Asn Lys Glu Leu Ala Lys Glu Phe Leu Glu Asn Tyr Leu Leu Thr Asp
 275 280 285
 Glu Gly Leu Glu Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Lys Pro Leu Gly Ala Val Ala
 290 295 300
 Leu Lys Ser Tyr Glu Glu Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Pro Arg Ile Ala Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Met Glu Asn Ala Gln Lys Gly Glu Ile Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Gln
 325 330 335
 Met Ser Ala Phe Trp Tyr Ala Val Arg Thr Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Ala
 340 345 350
 Ser Gly Arg Gln Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala
 355 360 365
 Ala Ala Ala Ala Met Glu Thr Arg Gln Met Ala Val Glu Gln Thr Thr

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370					375					380					
Gly	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Thr	Ser	Trp	His	Ser	Ile	Asp	Trp
385					390					395					400
Ala	Lys	Ala	Asn	Arg	Glu	Val	Lys	Arg	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg	Ile	Ala	Lys
				405					410						415
Ala	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Trp	Leu
			420					425					430		
Leu	Thr	His	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Lys	Arg	Val	Thr
		435					440						445		
Asp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Gly	Val	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr	Trp	Ser
	450					455					460				
Thr	Gln	Glu	Gln	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ser	Leu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Gly
465					470					475					480
Tyr	Lys	Pro	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ala	Asn	Gly
				485					490						495
Lys	Gln	Arg	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ile	Pro	Thr	Met	Lys	Asp	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln
			500						505					510	
Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Pro	Val	Ala	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp
		515					520						525		
Arg	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Arg	Arg	Gly	Arg	Cys	Ile	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala
	530					535					540				
Thr	Gln	Cys	His	Ile	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Asp	Arg	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Val
545					550					555					560
Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ala	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ser	His	Glu	Trp
				565					570						575
Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu	Asp	Lys	Arg	Ile	Leu	Arg	Lys	Trp	Leu
			580					585						590	
Lys	Ser	Gly	Phe	Val	Trp	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Phe	Pro	Ile	His	Ala	Gly
		595					600						605		
Thr	Pro	Gln	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Pro	Met	Leu	Ala	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu
	610					615							620		
Asp	Gly	Met	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Lys	Phe	Pro	Arg	Ala	His	Lys	Val
625					630					635					640
Lys	Leu	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asp	Phe	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	Glu	Thr	Lys
				645					650						655
Glu	Val	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala	Val	Ile	Gln	Ala	Phe	Leu	Lys	Glu
			660					665						670	
Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Lys	Thr	Lys	Ile	Val	His	Ile	Glu
		675					680						685		
Glu	Gly	Phe	Asp	Phe	Leu	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys
	690					695					700				
Leu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Pro	Ala	Lys	Lys	Asn	Val	Lys	Ala	Phe	Leu	Lys	Lys
705					710					715					720
Ile	Arg	Asp	Thr	Leu	Arg	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Pro	Gln	Glu	Ile	Val
				725					730						735
Ile	Asp	Thr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ile	Ile	Arg	Gly	Trp	Thr	Asn	Tyr	His	Lys
			740						745					750	
Asn	Gln	Ala	Ser	Lys	Glu	Thr	Phe	Val	Gly	Val	Asp	His	Leu	Ile	Trp
			755					760						765	
Gln	Lys	Leu	Trp	Arg	Trp	Ala	Arg	Arg	Arg	His	Pro	Ser	Lys	Ser	Val
	770					775									780
Arg	Trp	Val	Lys	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Gln	Ile	Gly	Asn	Arg	Lys	Trp
785					790						795				800

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Met Phe Gly Ile Trp Thr Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Asp Pro Trp Ala Lys
805 810 815

His Leu Ile Lys Ala Ser Glu Ile Arg Ile Gln Arg Arg Gly Lys Ile
820 825 830

Lys Ala Asp Ala Asn Pro Phe Leu Pro Glu Trp Ala Glu Tyr Phe Glu
835 840 845

Gln Arg Lys Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Pro Ala Gln Tyr Arg Arg Thr Arg
850 855 860

Arg Glu Leu Trp Lys Lys Gln Gly Gly Ile Cys Pro Val Cys Gly Gly
865 870 875 880

Glu Ile Glu Gln Asp Met Leu Thr Glu Ile His His Ile Leu Pro Lys
885 890 895

His Lys Gly Gly Thr Asp Asp Leu Asp Asn Leu Val Leu Ile His Thr
900 905 910

Asn Cys His Lys Gln Val His Asn Arg Asp Gly Gln His Ser Arg Phe
915 920 925

Leu Leu Lys Glu Gly Leu
930

<210> SEQ ID NO 8

<211> LENGTH: 934

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

Met Lys Ile Glu Glu Gly Lys Leu Val Ile Trp Ile Asn Gly Asp Lys
1 5 10 15

Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Ala Glu Val Gly Lys Lys Phe Glu Lys Asp Thr
20 25 30

Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe
35 40 45

Pro Gln Val Ala Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Phe Trp Ala
50 55 60

His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp
85 90 95

Ala Val Arg Tyr Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Ala Tyr Pro Ile Ala Val Glu
100 105 110

Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Leu Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Lys
115 120 125

Thr Trp Glu Glu Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Gly
130 135 140

Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro
145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Ala Phe Lys Tyr Glu Asn Gly Lys
165 170 175

Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Val Gly Val Asp Asn Ala Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly
180 185 190

Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys His Met Asn Ala Asp
195 200 205

Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala

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210					215					220					
Met	Thr	Ile	Asn	Gly	Pro	Trp	Ala	Trp	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys
225					230					235					240
Val	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Val	Thr	Val	Leu	Pro	Thr	Phe	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ser
				245					250					255	
Lys	Pro	Phe	Val	Gly	Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ser	Pro
			260					265					270		
Asn	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Thr	Asp
		275					280					285			
Glu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Asp	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ala	Val	Ala
290					295					300					
Leu	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Asp	Pro	Arg	Ile	Ala	Ala
305					310					315					320
Thr	Met	Glu	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys	Gly	Glu	Ile	Met	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Gln
				325					330					335	
Met	Ser	Ala	Phe	Trp	Tyr	Ala	Val	Arg	Thr	Ala	Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala
			340					345					350		
Ser	Gly	Arg	Gln	Thr	Val	Asp	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Ala	
		355					360					365			
Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Met	Glu	Thr	Arg	Gln	Met	Ala	Val	Glu	Gln	Thr	Thr
370					375					380					
Gly	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Thr	Ser	Trp	His	Ser	Ile	Asp	Trp
385					390					395					400
Ala	Lys	Ala	Asn	Arg	Glu	Val	Lys	Arg	Leu	Gln	Val	Arg	Ile	Ala	Lys
			405						410					415	
Ala	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Trp	Leu
			420					425					430		
Leu	Thr	His	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Lys	Arg	Val	Thr
		435					440					445			
Asp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Gly	Val	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr	Trp	Ser
450					455					460					
Thr	Gln	Glu	Gln	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ser	Leu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Gly
465					470					475					480
Tyr	Lys	Pro	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly
				485					490					495	
Lys	Gln	Arg	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ile	Pro	Thr	Lys	Asp	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln	
			500					505				510			
Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Pro	Val	Ala	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp
		515					520					525			
Arg	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Arg	Gln	Gly	Arg	Cys	Thr	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala
530					535					540					
Gly	Gln	Cys	Phe	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Arg	Ser	Asp	Cys	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Ile
545					550					555					560
Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ile	Thr	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ser	His	Glu	Trp
				565					570					575	
Leu	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Val	Leu	Arg	Lys	Trp	Leu
			580					585					590		
Lys	Ser	Gly	Phe	Val	Trp	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Phe	Pro	Thr	His	Ala	Gly
			595				600					605			
Thr	Pro	Gln	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Pro	Met	Leu	Ala	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu
610					615					620					
Asp	Gly	Met	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Lys	His	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln	Lys	Val
625					630					635					640

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Asn Leu Ile Arg Tyr Ala Asp Asp Phe Val Val Thr Gly Glu Ser Lys
      645                               650                               655
Glu Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Thr Thr Val Ile Gln Glu Phe Leu Lys Glu
      660                               665                               670
Arg Gly Leu Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Lys Thr Lys Val Val His Ile Glu
      675                               680                               685
Glu Gly Phe Asp Phe Leu Gly Trp Asn Ile Arg Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys
      690                               695                               700
Leu Leu Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Lys Asn Ile Lys Ala Phe His Lys Lys
      705                               710                               715                               720
Ile Arg Asp Ala Leu Lys Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Thr Gln Glu Ala Val
      725                               730                               735
Ile Asp Thr Leu Asn Pro Ile Ile Lys Gly Trp Ala Asn Tyr His Arg
      740                               745                               750
Asn Gln Val Ser Lys Arg Ile Phe Asn Arg Ala Asp Asp Asn Ile Trp
      755                               760                               765
His Lys Leu Trp Arg Trp Ala Lys Arg Arg His Pro Asn Lys Pro Ala
      770                               775                               780
Arg Trp Thr Lys Asn Lys Tyr Phe Ile Lys Ile Gly Asn Arg His Trp
      785                               790                               795                               800
Val Phe Gly Thr Trp Lys Lys Asp Lys Glu Gly Arg Leu Arg Ser Arg
      805                               810                               815
Tyr Leu Ile Lys Ala Gly Asp Thr Arg Ile Gln Arg His Val Lys Ile
      820                               825                               830
Lys Ala Asp Ala Asn Pro Phe Leu Pro Glu Trp Ala Glu Tyr Phe Glu
      835                               840                               845
Glu Arg Lys Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Pro Ala Gln Tyr Arg Arg Ile Arg
      850                               855                               860
Arg Glu Leu Trp Lys Lys Gln Gly Gly Ile Cys Pro Val Cys Gly Gly
      865                               870                               875                               880
Glu Ile Glu Gln Asp Met Leu Thr Glu Ile His His Ile Leu Pro Lys
      885                               890                               895
His Lys Gly Gly Ser Asp Asp Leu Asp Asn Leu Val Leu Ile His Ala
      900                               905                               910
Asn Cys His Lys Gln Val His Ser Arg Asp Gly Gln His Ser Arg Phe
      915                               920                               925
Leu Leu Lys Glu Gly Leu
      930

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<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 1007
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
      polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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Met Lys Ile Glu Glu Gly Lys Leu Val Ile Trp Ile Asn Gly Asp Lys
 1                               5                               10                               15
Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Ala Glu Val Gly Lys Lys Phe Glu Lys Asp Thr
 20                               25                               30
Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe
 35                               40                               45
Pro Gln Val Ala Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Phe Trp Ala

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50	55	60
His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile 65 70 75 80		
Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp 85 90 95		
Ala Val Arg Tyr Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Ala Tyr Pro Ile Ala Val Glu 100 105 110		
Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Leu Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Lys 115 120 125		
Thr Trp Glu Glu Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Gly 130 135 140		
Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro 145 150 155 160		
Leu Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Ala Phe Lys Tyr Glu Asn Gly Lys 165 170 175		
Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Val Gly Val Asp Asn Ala Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly 180 185 190		
Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys His Met Asn Ala Asp 195 200 205		
Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala 210 215 220		
Met Thr Ile Asn Gly Pro Trp Ala Trp Ser Asn Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys 225 230 235 240		
Val Asn Tyr Gly Val Thr Val Leu Pro Thr Phe Lys Gly Gln Pro Ser 245 250 255		
Lys Pro Phe Val Gly Val Leu Ser Ala Gly Ile Asn Ala Ala Ser Pro 260 265 270		
Asn Lys Glu Leu Ala Lys Glu Phe Leu Glu Asn Tyr Leu Leu Thr Asp 275 280 285		
Glu Gly Leu Glu Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Lys Pro Leu Gly Ala Val Ala 290 295 300		
Leu Lys Ser Tyr Glu Glu Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Pro Arg Ile Ala Ala 305 310 315 320		
Thr Met Glu Asn Ala Gln Lys Gly Glu Ile Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Gln 325 330 335		
Met Ser Ala Phe Trp Tyr Ala Val Arg Thr Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Ala 340 345 350		
Ser Gly Arg Gln Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala 355 360 365		
Ala Ala Ala Ala Met Lys Val Asn Lys Leu Val Val Lys Ser Glu Gln 370 375 380		
Asp Leu Arg Asn Cys Leu Asp Leu Leu Tyr Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Gly 385 390 395 400		
Lys His Phe Tyr Gly Met Leu Glu Leu Leu Gln Asn Asp Val Val Ile 405 410 415		
Leu Glu Ala Ile Arg Asn Ile Lys Ser Asn Lys Gly Ser Lys Thr Ala 420 425 430		
Gly Ile Asp Gln Lys Ile Val Asp Asp Tyr Leu Leu Met Pro Thr Glu 435 440 445		
Lys Val Phe Gly Met Ile Lys Ala Lys Leu Asn Asp Tyr Lys Pro Ile 450 455 460		
Pro Val Arg Arg Cys Asn Lys Pro Lys Gly Asn Ala Lys Ser Ser Lys 465 470 475 480		

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Lys Met Ser Leu Phe Asp His Asp Ser Ile Phe Ile Tyr Ile Leu Ser
 900 905 910

Glu His Asn Asp Gly Lys Tyr Asn Leu Glu Tyr Phe Leu Asn Arg Val
 915 920 925

Asn Val Phe His Arg Asp Lys Gly Lys Cys Lys Ile Cys Ala Val Tyr
 930 935 940

Leu Ser Pro Gly Asn Phe His Cys His His Ile Asp Pro Ser Lys Pro
 945 950 955 960

Leu Ser Glu Ile Asn Lys Thr Val Asn Leu Ile Ser Leu Cys Asn Gln
 965 970 975

Cys His Arg Leu Val His Ser Asn Gln Glu Pro Pro Phe Thr Glu Arg
 980 985 990

Lys Met Phe Asp Lys Leu Thr Lys Tyr Arg Asn Lys Leu Lys Ile
 995 1000 1005

<210> SEQ ID NO 10
 <211> LENGTH: 792
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

Met Lys Ile Glu Glu Gly Lys Leu Val Ile Trp Ile Asn Gly Asp Lys
 1 5 10 15

Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Ala Glu Val Gly Lys Lys Phe Glu Lys Asp Thr
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe
 35 40 45

Pro Gln Val Ala Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Phe Trp Ala
 50 55 60

His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile
 65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp
 85 90 95

Ala Val Arg Tyr Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Ala Tyr Pro Ile Ala Val Glu
 100 105 110

Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Leu Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Lys
 115 120 125

Thr Trp Glu Glu Ile Pro Ala Leu Asp Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Gly
 130 135 140

Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro
 145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Ala Phe Lys Tyr Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175

Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Val Gly Val Asp Asn Ala Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly
 180 185 190

Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys His Met Asn Ala Asp
 195 200 205

Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala
 210 215 220

Met Thr Ile Asn Gly Pro Trp Ala Trp Ser Asn Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys
 225 230 235 240

Val Asn Tyr Gly Val Thr Val Leu Pro Thr Phe Lys Gly Gln Pro Ser
 245 250 255

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Lys Pro Phe Val Gly Val Leu Ser Ala Gly Ile Asn Ala Ala Ser Pro
 260 265 270
 Asn Lys Glu Leu Ala Lys Glu Phe Leu Glu Asn Tyr Leu Leu Thr Asp
 275 280 285
 Glu Gly Leu Glu Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Lys Pro Leu Gly Ala Val Ala
 290 295 300
 Leu Lys Ser Tyr Glu Glu Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Pro Arg Ile Ala Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Met Glu Asn Ala Gln Lys Gly Glu Ile Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Gln
 325 330 335
 Met Ser Ala Phe Trp Tyr Ala Val Arg Thr Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Ala
 340 345 350
 Ser Gly Arg Gln Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala
 355 360 365
 Ala Ala Ala Ala Met Ala Leu Leu Glu Arg Ile Leu Ala Arg Asp Asn
 370 375 380
 Leu Ile Thr Ala Leu Lys Arg Val Glu Ala Asn Gln Gly Ala Pro Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Asp Gly Val Ser Thr Asp Gln Leu Arg Asp Tyr Ile Arg Ala His
 405 410 415
 Trp Ser Thr Ile His Ala Gln Leu Leu Ala Gly Thr Tyr Arg Pro Ala
 420 425 430
 Pro Val Arg Arg Val Glu Ile Pro Lys Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Arg Gln
 435 440 445
 Leu Gly Ile Pro Thr Val Val Asp Arg Leu Ile Gln Gln Ala Ile Leu
 450 455 460
 Gln Glu Leu Thr Pro Ile Phe Asp Pro Asp Phe Ser Ser Ser Ser Phe
 465 470 475 480
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Gly Ile Lys Val Thr Val Glu His Pro Asp Lys Leu Glu Glu Lys Phe
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His Asp Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile
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Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Phe Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Pro Phe Thr Trp Asp
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Lys Ser Ala Leu Met Phe Asn Leu Gln Glu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Trp Pro
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Thr Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Glu Thr Ala
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 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
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<400> SEQUENCE: 18

Ala Ala Ala Glu Phe
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 35
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Thr Val Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Asp Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Asn
1 5 10 15

Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Leu Glu Asn Leu Tyr Phe Gln
20 25 30

Gly Glu Phe
35

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20
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 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic peptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
 1 5 10 15

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
 <211> LENGTH: 1200
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polynucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

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 ccatattcaa cgggaaaagt cttgctcgag gccgcgatta aattccaaca tggatgctga 180
 tttatatggg tataaatggg ctgcgataa gtctgggcaa tcagggtgca caatctatcg 240
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 caatgatggt acagatgaga tggtcagact aaactggctg acggaattta tgccctctcc 360
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<210> SEQ ID NO 22
 <211> LENGTH: 21
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

acaaataggg gttccgcgca c

21

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<210> SEQ ID NO 23
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

 <400> SEQUENCE: 23

 gttggtgacc gcaccagt 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
 <211> LENGTH: 17
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
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 <400> SEQUENCE: 24

 aacgcggtaa gcccgta 17

<210> SEQ ID NO 25
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
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 <400> SEQUENCE: 25

 aatggacgat atcccga 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
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 <400> SEQUENCE: 26

 Asn Ile Cys Trp Phe Gly Asp Glu Ala Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly His His
 1 5 10 15

 His His His His
 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
 <211> LENGTH: 11
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 peptide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 27

 Asn Ile Cys Trp Phe Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
 1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
 <211> LENGTH: 37
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 28
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<210> SEQ ID NO 29
 <211> LENGTH: 44
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 29
 ggtggaccag ttggtgattt tgaacttttg ctttgccacg gaac 44

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
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 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 30
 gggataaat gggctcgcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
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 <212> TYPE: DNA
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 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 31
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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
 <211> LENGTH: 23
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 probe

<400> SEQUENCE: 32
 tcgggcaatc aggtgcgaca atc 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 70
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 33
 gggataaat gggctcgcga taatgtcggg caatcagggtg cgacaatcta tcgattgat 60
 gggaagcccg 70

<210> SEQ ID NO 34
 <211> LENGTH: 17
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
 primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 34
cgctcaggcg caatcac 17

<210> SEQ ID NO 35
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 35
ccagccatta cgctcgtcat 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 36
<211> LENGTH: 29
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
probe

<400> SEQUENCE: 36
atgaataacg gtttggttga tgcgagtga 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 73
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 37
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gcgtaatggc tgg 73

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
<211> LENGTH: 492
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 38
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1 5 10 15
Ala Leu Pro Arg Glu Lys Ile Phe Glu Ala Leu Glu Ser Ala Leu Ala
20 25 30
Thr Ala Thr Lys Lys Lys Tyr Glu Gln Glu Ile Asp Val Arg Val Gln
35 40 45
Ile Asp Arg Lys Ser Gly Asp Phe Asp Thr Phe Arg Arg Trp Leu Val
50 55 60
Val Asp Glu Val Thr Gln Pro Thr Lys Glu Ile Thr Leu Glu Ala Ala
65 70 75 80
Arg Tyr Glu Asp Glu Ser Leu Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Glu Asp Gln
85 90 95
Ile Glu Ser Val Thr Phe Asp Arg Ile Thr Thr Gln Thr Ala Lys Gln
100 105 110
Val Ile Val Gln Lys Val Arg Glu Ala Glu Arg Ala Met Val Val Asp

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115			120			125									
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130						135					140				
Val	Asn	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ser	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ala
145				150						155					160
Val	Ile	Leu	Arg	Glu	Asp	Met	Leu	Pro	Arg	Glu	Asn	Phe	Arg	Pro	Gly
			165						170					175	
Asp	Arg	Val	Arg	Gly	Val	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Val	Arg	Pro	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gly
			180					185						190	
Ala	Gln	Leu	Phe	Val	Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Pro	Glu	Met	Leu	Ile	Glu	Leu
		195						200						205	
Phe	Arg	Ile	Glu	Val	Pro	Glu	Ile	Gly	Glu	Glu	Val	Ile	Glu	Ile	Lys
210						215					220				
Ala	Ala	Ala	Arg	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ile	Ala	Val	Lys	Thr
225					230					235					240
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Ala	Arg	Val	Gln	Ala	Val	Ser	Thr	Glu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Glu	Arg	Ile	Asp
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Ile	Val	Leu	Trp	Asp	Asp	Asn	Pro	Ala	Gln	Phe	Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Met
		275						280						285	
Ala	Pro	Ala	Asp	Val	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Val	Asp	Glu	Asp	Lys	His	Thr
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			340					345						350	
His	Ala	Ala	Ile	Asp	Thr	Phe	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ile	Asp	Glu	Asp
		355						360						365	
Phe	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Val	Glu	Glu	Gly	Phe	Ser	Thr	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu
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385					390					395					400
Pro	Thr	Val	Glu	Ala	Leu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ala	Thr
			405						410					415	
Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gln	Glu	Glu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp	Asn	Lys	Pro	Ala	Asp
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Asp	Leu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Glu	Gly	Val	Asp	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ala	Phe	Lys	Leu
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Ala	Ala	Arg	Gly	Val	Cys	Thr	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Glu	Gln	Gly	Ile
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Asp	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Asp	Glu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ala
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<210> SEQ ID NO 39
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 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic oligonucleotide

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<400> SEQUENCE: 39

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tt

42

<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 4

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic peptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

Tyr Ala Gly Asp

1

<210> SEQ ID NO 41

<211> LENGTH: 4

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic peptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

Tyr Ala Asp Asp

1

<210> SEQ ID NO 42

<211> LENGTH: 6

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic 6xHis tag

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

His His His His His His

1

5

<210> SEQ ID NO 43

<211> LENGTH: 4

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic peptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

Tyr Met Asp Asp

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<210> SEQ ID NO 44

<211> LENGTH: 26

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic peptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

Thr Val Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Asp Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Asn

1

5

10

15

Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Asn Leu

20

25

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<210> SEQ ID NO 45
<211> LENGTH: 16
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
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<400> SEQUENCE: 45

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Thr Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
1             5             10             15

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
      peptide

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<400> SEQUENCE: 46

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Met Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Cys Trp Phe Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
1             5             10             15

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25

What is claimed is:

1. A method of reverse transcription, comprising carrying out reverse transcription of an RNA template using a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein comprising a group-II intron-derived reverse transcriptase connected at its N-terminus by a linker peptide to the C-terminus of a stabilizer protein comprising 50 or more amino acids, wherein the fusion protein exhibits increased solubility and stability in solution.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the reverse transcriptase comprises a polypeptide having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4, or SEQ ID NO: 5.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein comprises an amino acid sequence with at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 10.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the solubility-enhancing stabilizer protein comprises a maltose binding protein or an N-utilization substance A protein.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the solubility-enhancing stabilizer protein does not fold into long-lived misfolded intermediates.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the linker peptide is a non-cleavable linker peptide.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the linker peptide is a rigid linker peptide.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the reverse transcription is carried out with an error frequency of 2.0×10^{-5} or less at a temperature from about 45° to about 65° C.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the solubility-enhancing stabilizer protein includes an independent folding domain.

10. The method of claim 7, wherein the rigid linker peptide consists of 3 to 5 amino acids.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the rigid linker peptide consists of SEQ ID NO: 12 or SEQ ID NO: 18.

12. A method of reverse transcription, comprising carrying out reverse transcription of an RNA template using a stabilized reverse transcriptase fusion protein comprising a group-II intron-derived reverse transcriptase connected at its N-terminus to the C-terminus of a stabilizer protein comprising 50 or more amino acids, wherein the fusion protein exhibits increased solubility and stability in solution.

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