



ANALYSIS EMAIL FILTERING IN GOVERNMENT NETWORK

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MASTER OF COMPUTER SCIENCE
(INTERNETWORKING TECHNOLOGY)

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**A thesis submitted
in fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Computer Science.
(Internetworking Technology)**

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DECLARATION

I hereby declare that I have read this thesis and in my opinion this thesis is sufficient in terms of scope and quality for the award of Master of Computer Science. (Internetworking Technology)

Signature :

Supervisor Name : Dr. Mohd.Faizal Bin Abdollah

Date :

APPROVAL

I hereby declare that I have read this thesis and in my opinion this thesis is sufficient in term of scope and quality for the award of Master of Computer Science (Internetworking Technology).

Signature :

Supervisor Name :

Date :

DEDICATION

I lovingly dedicate my thesis to my beloved wife Saleha Mohd Hussin and My

Father Hasan Bin Omar who supported me each me step way.

To my precious sons, Rabiatul Adawiyah Mohd Nasran, who give me passion and strength with their smile. You are “ Anugerah Allah yang Terindah”

ABSTRACT

Nowadays, email filtering at all still in testing for suitability. The same thing also with Melaka State Development Corporation. Email plays an important role in this department. Thus, anti-spam to be an important component in improving the security of email security. It can check all incoming and outgoing emails to the server. This paper provides an overview of Email, importance, types and studies the effects of implementing email anti-spam email to drive performance.

ABSTRAK

Pada masa kini, penapisan email di semua masih dalam ujian untuk mendapatkan kesesuaian. Perkara ini sama juga dengan Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Melaka. Email memainkan peranan yang penting dalam jabatan ini. Jadi, anti-spam menjadi merupakan komponen penting dalam meningkatkan keselamatan keselamatan email. Ia boleh memeriksa semua email yang keluar dan masuk ke dalam server. Kertas kerja ini memberi gambaran keseluruhan tentang Email, kepentingannya, jenis email dan mengkaji kesan melaksanakan anti-spam kepada prestasi perjalanan email.

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Development Corporation

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

This study was conducted study to “Analysis Email Filtering Techniques for Melaka State Development Corporation In Government Network”. Malacca State Development Corporation operates in the area of Tower MITC Melaka International Trade Centre where the central administration of the State Government of Melaka in Ayer Keroh, Melaka.

It has 11 sections which have different functions at each other. Main objective of the Melaka State Development Corporation was established Melaka Spur Economic Development in the Field of Industrial Property, Entrepreneurship, Investments and Exploring New Business Opportunities Creative & Innovative Towards the Year 2020.

Malacca State Development Corporation has 11 departments have different tasks to each other. It is divided into two main departments, Department of Technical and Management. In facilitating the management of parts of the communication between each other is very important. Furthermore, the Melaka State Development Corporation of dealing with foreign investors, tenants of the building and the SMI, as well as other government departments.

Effective communication, faster and cheaper is needed in the management of government organizations. There was also a rapid service delivery and regularly is important in the management of government departments. Email is preferred for this communication other than the telephone line. It is because the ability to communicate using email for managing the transmission of information documents, pictures and so more easily. However, with the development of technology seumpana there are also other problems that occur. Among the spam email. I not only can interfere with daily work email users even in the present nie it is able to spread a computer virus and may result in attack by computer hackers to steal information.

1.2 Research Background

E-mail is one of the most popular communications over internet today. However, each day we spent time to delete spam, unsolicited e-mails advertising, offering loans at low interest rates, drugs and others. The spam filters are able to check the majority of the e-mail spam and at the same time, spammers are continuously developing new techniques to send spam messages to more and more people. Using advance of technology mobile devices and other portable electronic devices are now Wi-Fi enabled and internet telephony VoIP (voice over internet protocol) has made communicating across the world easier and inexpensive. Social networks like Facebook are very popular means of connecting with others across the world using the internet.

There are many ways spammers can get to know your e-mail address and send you spam even though you never open any spam mails or click any suspicious links. If you are on any social network and do not set your privacy settings your data is available to anyone which includes your address, e-mail and also your friend lists. And if you have subscribe

with newsgroups your E-mail address can be easily harvested. Dictionary attack is also of one technique to harvest e-mail addresses. So it is easy to find information with less time and effort and spammer have a lots of it. Most of the spammers do the job using bots so even if they get just one user effected by their spam it is worth the effort to send to hundreds of people e-mail. The Population of spam in the world according report from Kapersky 2015 email traffic is refer to figure 1. Population Spam in mail traffic is not the same throughout the year, where in 2015 it was found spam to be identified is high at the beginning of the year. And progressively less until the end of the year.

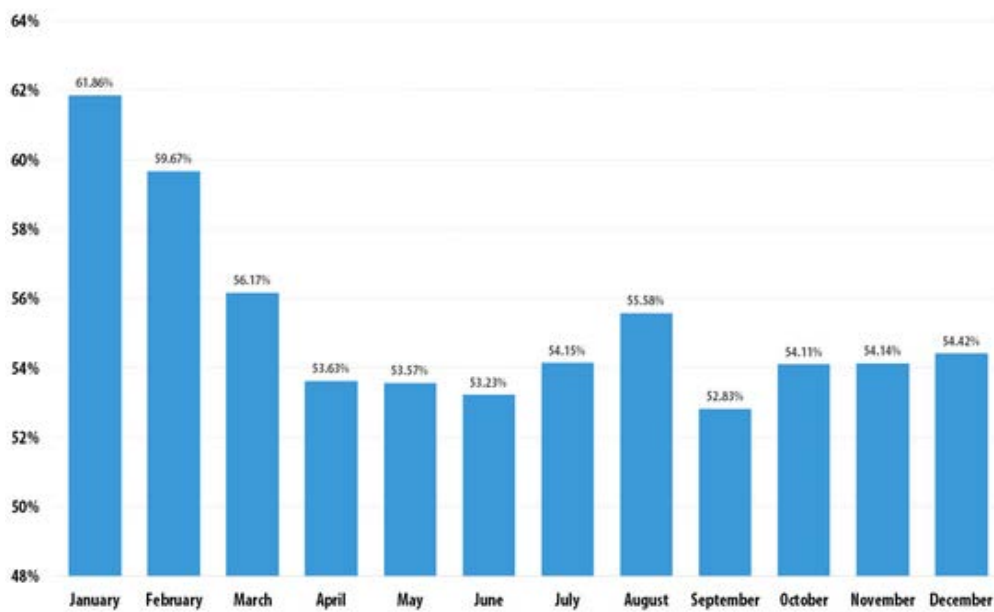


Figure 1: The population of spam in email traffic, 2015

1.3 Research Problem

The exponential growth of spam is become more serious and caused a lot of problem to Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Melaka staffs. With the development of increasingly

sophisticated technology, e-mail is preferred in order to facilitate communication, accelerate work time and also a government department. Nowadays, spammers are more intelligent because they have try to evade their spam email from being detect by anti-spam solution by perform some word obfuscation on the email keyword. This thesis examines different of technique to reduce the number of spam messages coming to user inbox and proposed a spam solutions to Melaka State Development Corporation in managing and overcome spam problem.

1.4 Research Question

Referring to the Research Problem in Section 1.1, three research questions are formed to represent the research problems which are:

- RQ1. What is the best possible Anti-spam Filtering Techniques?
- RQ2. How to analyses the significant parameters for Email Filtering Techniques?

1.5 Research Objective

Based on the research questions formulated in Section 1.2, the research objective has developed as follows:

- RO1. To study anti-spam technique
- RO2. To analysis and compare current anti-spam technique.
- RO3. To propose the best anti-spam technique.

1.6 Research Scope

In order to achieve the Research Objectives, this research will be focus on some issues as stated below:

Simple approach method of measuring accuracy of current anti-spam filtering technique to implement in Melaka State Development Corporation at Government Sector.

1.7 Research Contribution

Based on the research method formulated in Section 1.6, the research contribution has developed as follows:

- RC1. An enhancement prediction the best Anti-Spam Filtering Technique.
- RC2. Approach simple method to prove the outcome on propose the the best anti-spam filtering technique for future use.

1.8 Thesis Organization

This thesis is structured into seven chapters, each focusing on areas related with this research project. A brief outline of each chapter is as follows:

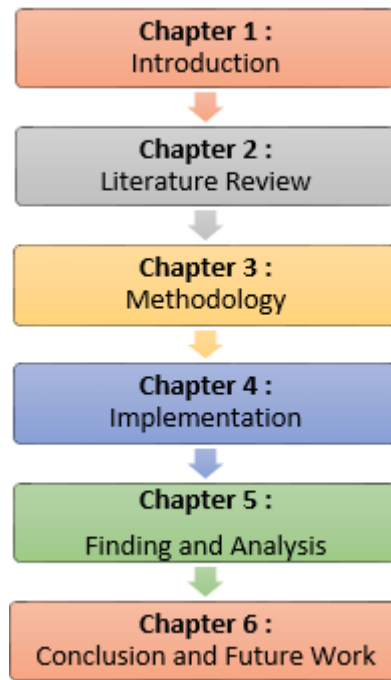


Figure 2: Research Structural Process

Chapter One: Introduction

Introduction describes the problem area of this research in managing huge amount of spam mail alerts which are exhaustive for email administrator due to the false positive alert in anti-spam filtering techniques. Some of the issues related to the anti-spam filtering are briefly discussed. Thereafter, the research question, research aim and research objectives are stated. The operational framework is then designed in line with the research objectives and research significant contributions as stated. This chapter ends with the thesis outline.

Chapter Two: Literature Review

Literature review elaborates the problems described in Chapter One, starting by reviewing the email spam issues. The chapter then reviews the current approach of

antispam filtering in detecting email spam and alert correlation technique for SMTP log and presents analysis and critiques to the current technique in relation to their abilities to detect the email spam. This chapter fulfills the first research objective (RO1) which is to. Some reviews and analysis has also been covered related to alert correlation framework and; evaluation and validation issues.

Chapter Three: Research Methodology

Chapter Three provides discussion on methodology of this research. The research methodology is developed in order to achieve all research objectives. There are four main phases involved in this research methodology which are Phase 1- Analysis, Phase 2-Design and Development, Phase 3-Implementation and Phase 4- Testing and Evaluation.

Chapter Four: Implementation

Chapter Four describes the overview of the general anti-spam filtering techniques. This chapter also describes the preliminary experiment in constructing the spam attack pattern and spam attack model. Consequently, the email spamming patterns are analyzed.

Chapter Five: Evaluation And Testing

This chapter will propose the implementation of anti-spam filtering better based on analysis done in Chapter Two. Anti-spam filtering better for SMTP Log. One scenario would be selected to represent the implementation of the regulations. The

aim of this chapter is to present the capabilities of the regulations in the selection of anti-spam techniques. This exercise should reduce spam e-mail in the inbox of individuals.

Chapter Six : Discussion and Conclusion

This chapter concludes the study of the other chapters in this thesis. This chapter also presents the final conclusions and limitations of this research. Chapter Six ends by identifying some areas for future research in this area.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEWS

2.1 Introduction

In this chapter, the study tries to understand the false positive problem generated by current anti-spam filtering to detect the email spamming, to overcome the problem in detail and to see the previous and current approaches of Email Filtering detection technique. The information gathered can be used to identify the prospect and limitations in reducing false positive alarm generated by Spam attack. Furthermore, it acts as a basis to propose a suitable approach to eliminate or at least minimize such problem. To achieve the above intention, some literature reviews on spam issue, email filtering problem, current approach used in detecting email spam and others related issue are reviews and analyze. Findings from the literature reviews will discover the research gap and then the first and second research question (RQ1, RQ2) formulated in Chapter One and the first and second research objective (RO1, RO2) which are to analyze and classify the existing anti-spam detecting technique and to generate an improved generic taxonomy for email filtering technique respectively are accomplished in this chapter.