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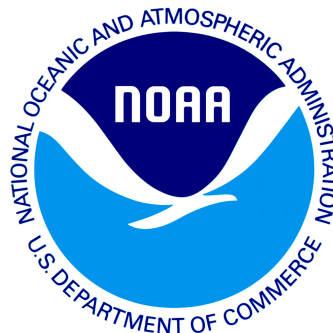
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# Skill Assessment of Multiple Models in Chesapeake Bay

CERF - 2013

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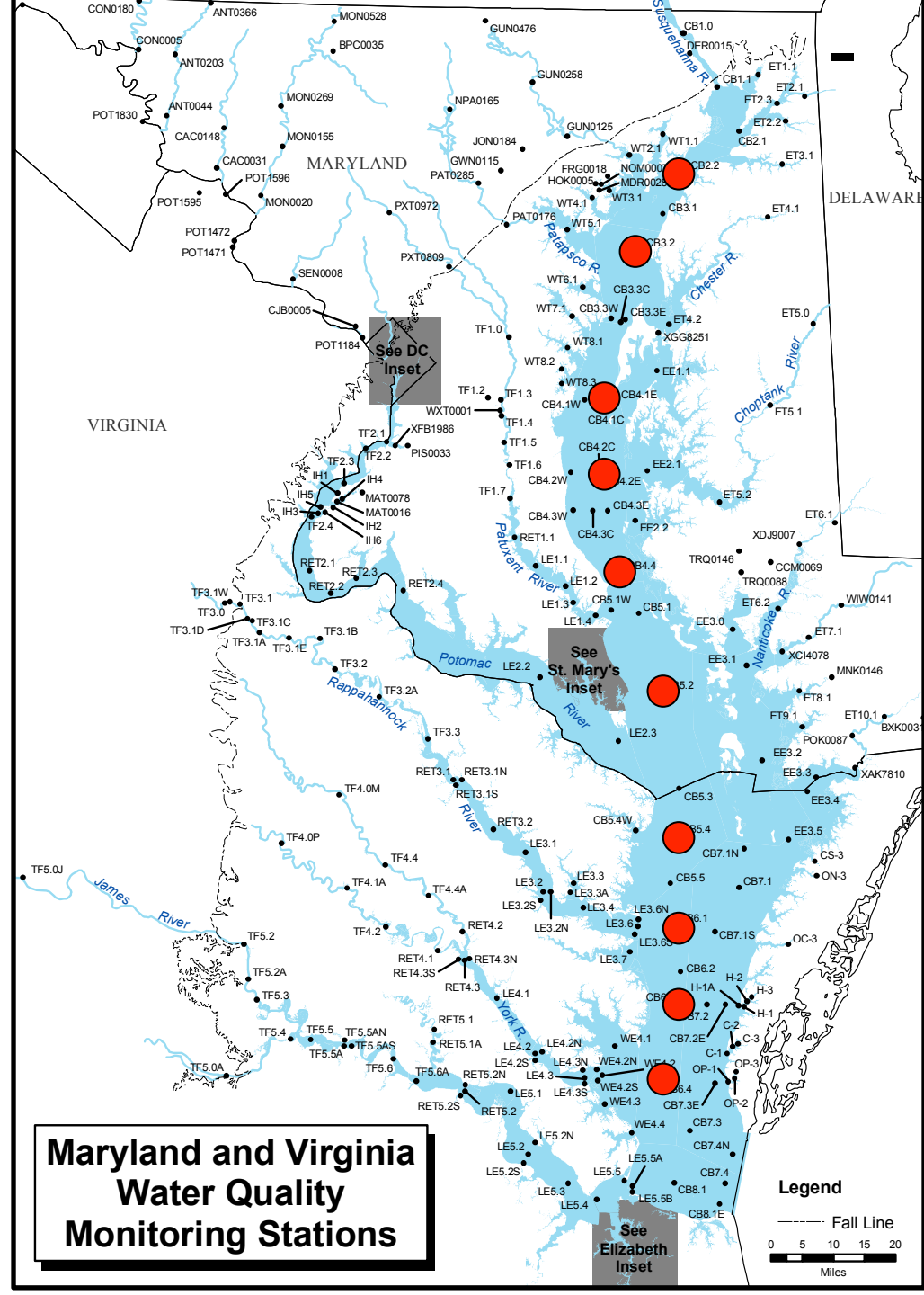
# Project Objective

- Statistically compare output from four Chesapeake Bay (estuarine) models:
  - three ROMS models, varying biological complexity
  - biologically sophisticated CBP regulatory model
- How well do they reproduce the mean and seasonal variability of:
  - temperature, salinity, stratification, dissolved oxygen, chlorophyll-a, and nitrate.

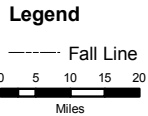
# Models Utilized

	<b>CH3D-ICM (CBP model)</b>	<b>ChesNENA</b>	<b>ChesROMS - BGC</b>	<b>ROMS - RCA</b>
<b>Nutrients Simulated</b>	<b>N, P, Si</b>	<b>C, N</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>N, P, Si</b>
<b>Biogeochemical Sediment Component</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Number of Algal Groups</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Horizontal Resolution</b>	<b>0.25 - 1km<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>~ 1km<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>~ 1km<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>~ 1km<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>Vertical Grid</b>	<b>z: ~ 5ft</b>	<b><math>\sigma</math>: 20 layers</b>	<b><math>\sigma</math>: 20 layers</b>	<b><math>\sigma</math>: 20 layers</b>

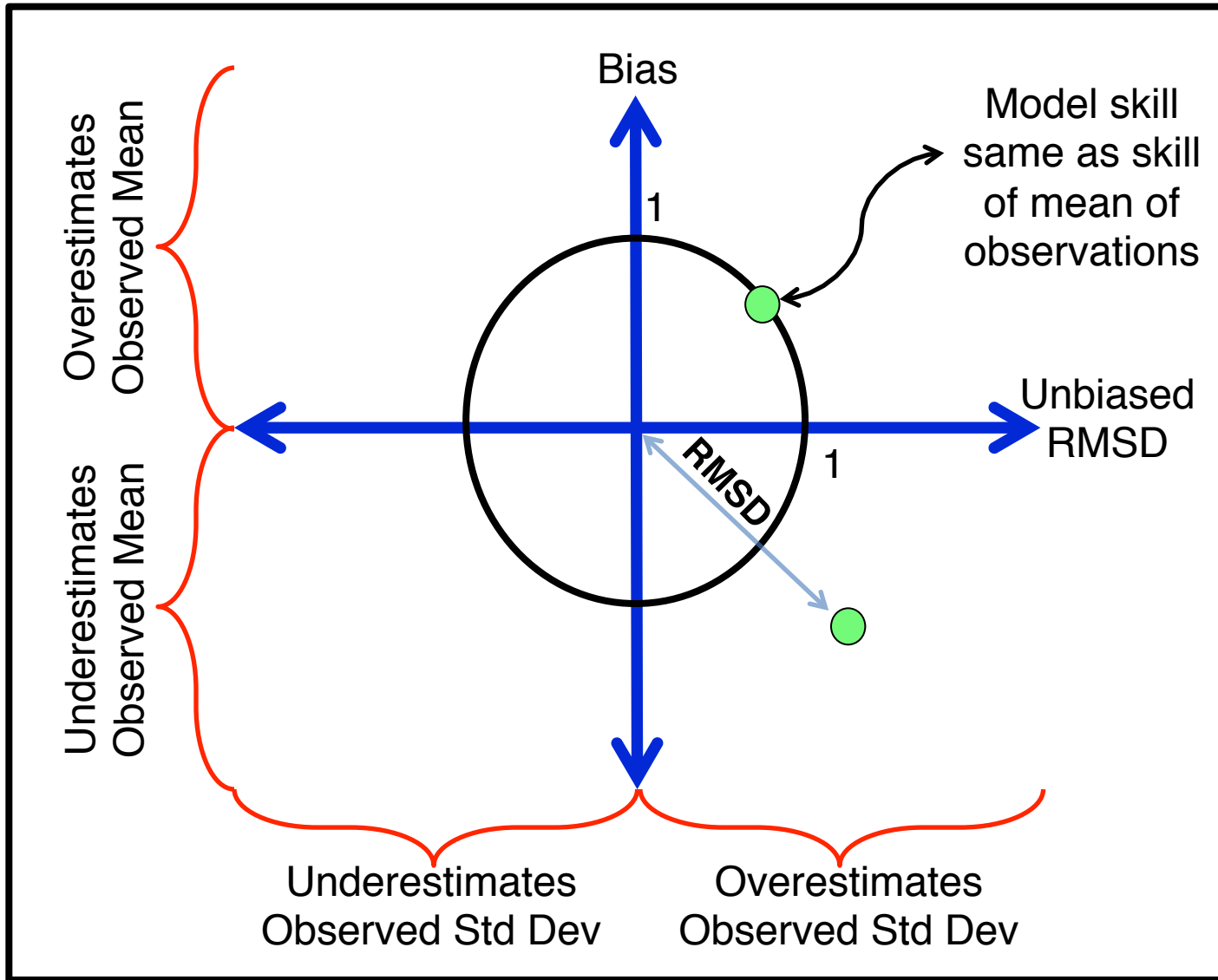
Compare  
simulations at 10  
main stem stations  
for ~16 cruises in  
2004

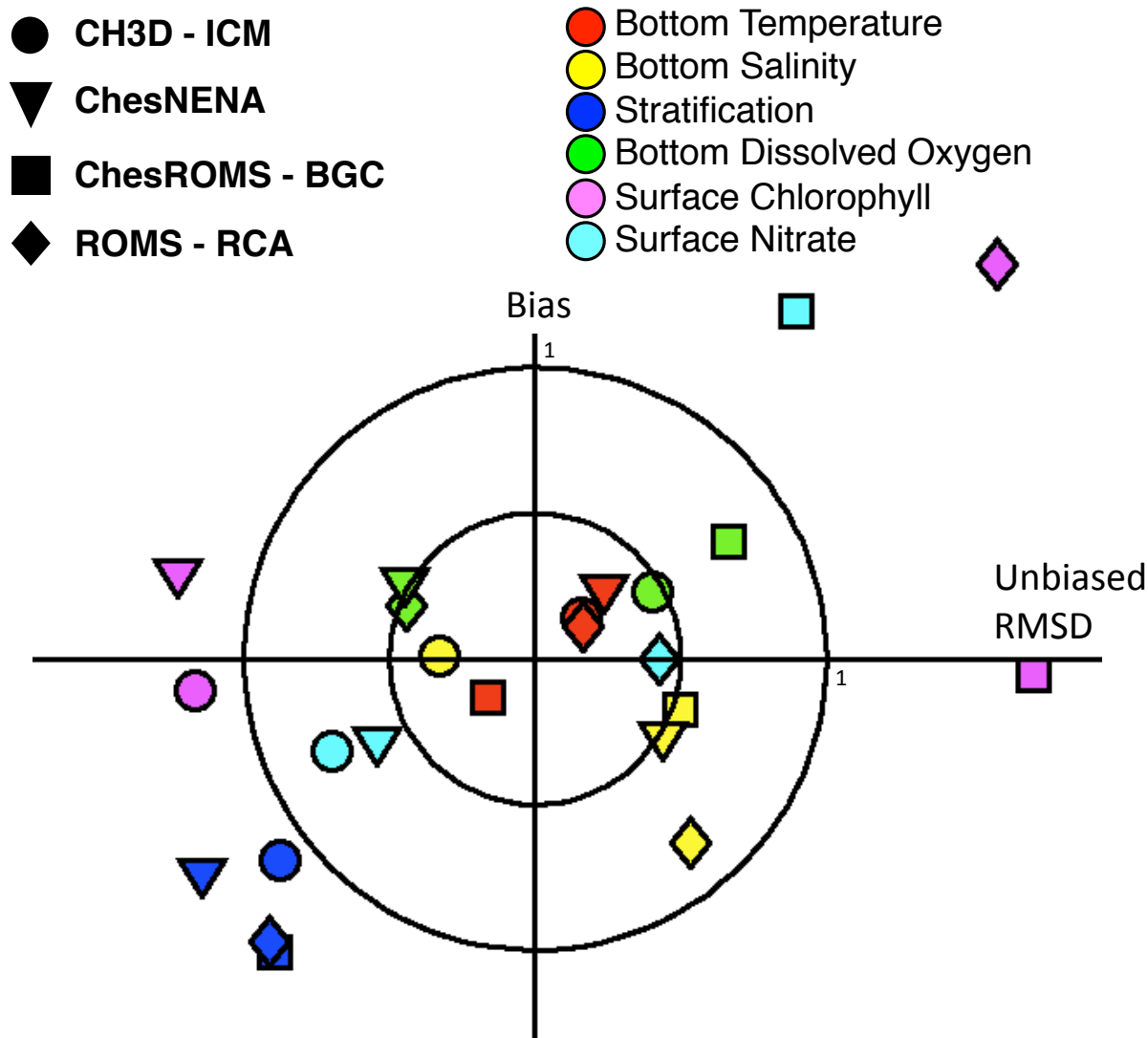


Maryland and Virginia  
Water Quality  
Monitoring Stations



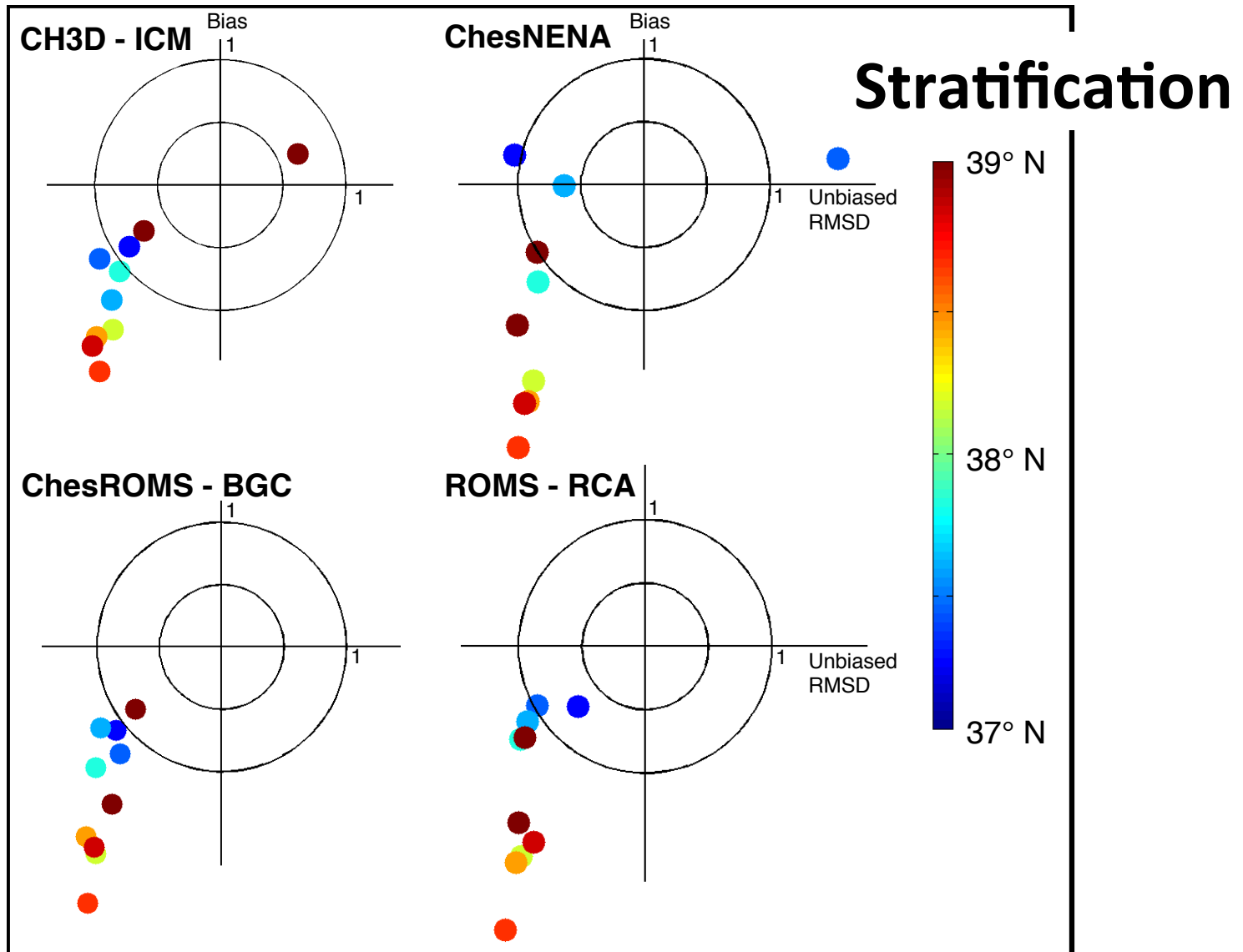
# Model Skill Assessment via Target Diagrams





Overall skill of all four models (temporal+spatial variability):

- are **highest** in terms of **Temperature**
- are **similar** to each other in terms of **T, S, stratification** and **DO**
- are **different** in terms of **chlorophyll** and **nitrate**

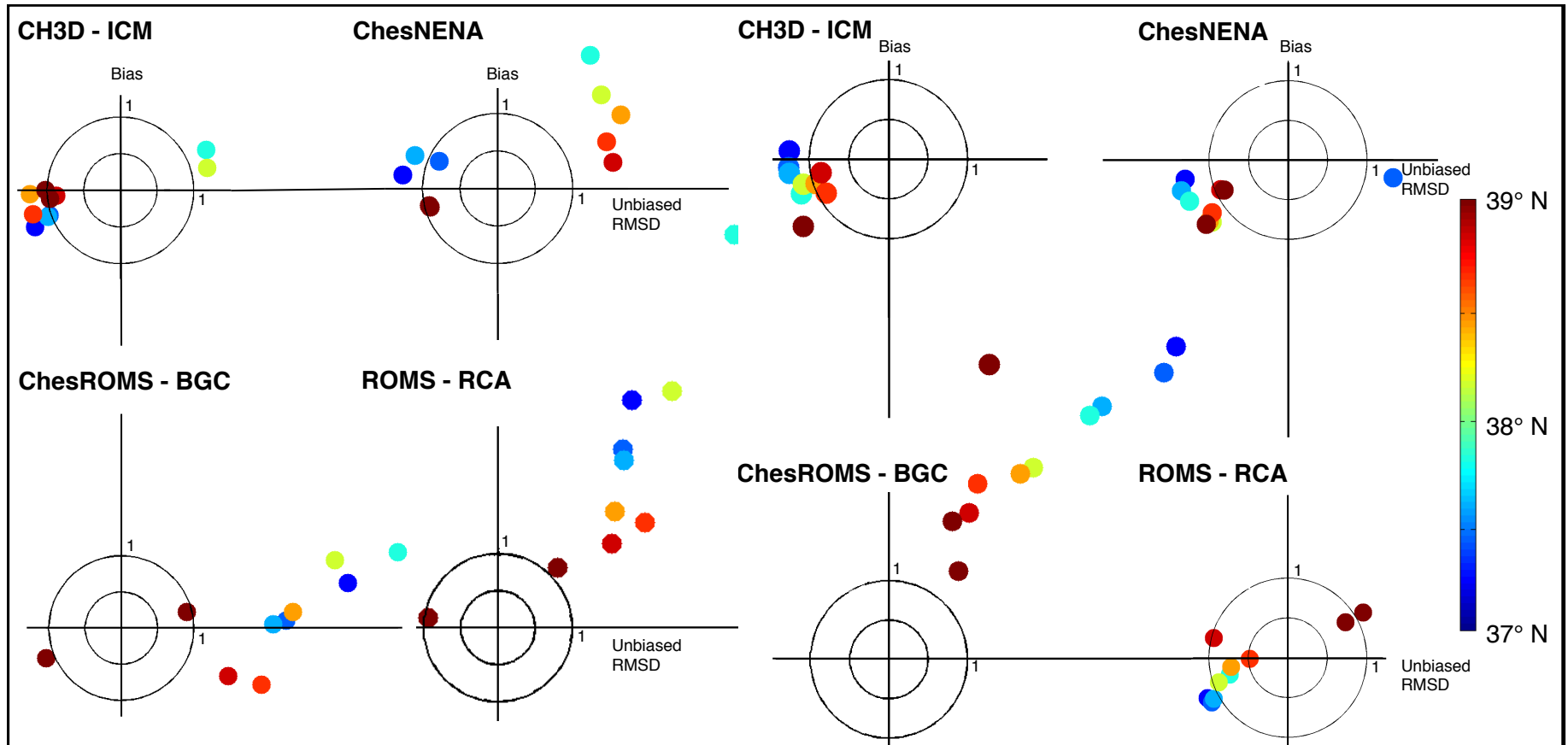


All models consistently underestimate both the mean and seasonal variability of stratification, particularly at the northern stations

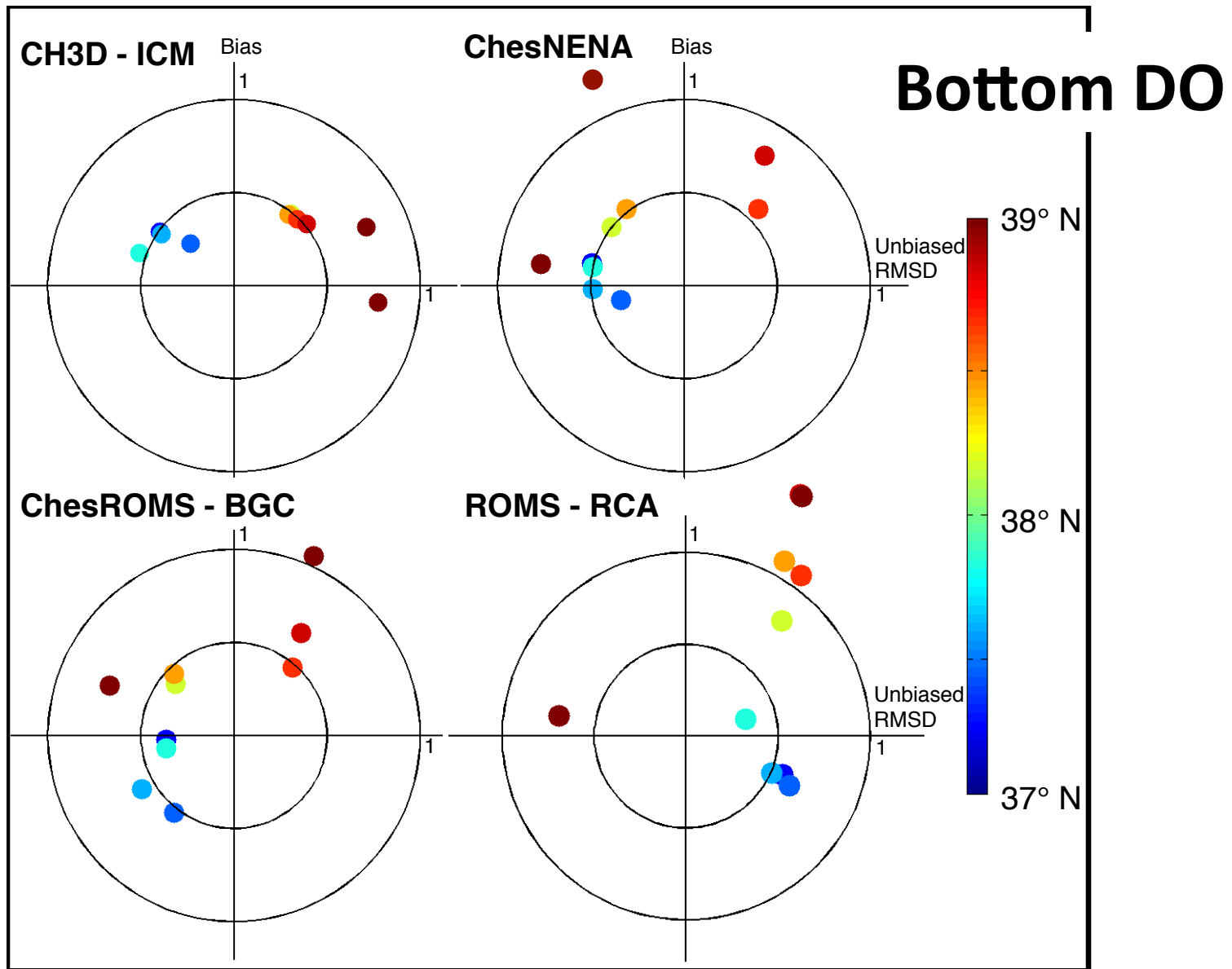


# Chlorophyll

# Nitrate



Skill for surface chlorophyll & nitrate varies significantly between models



Despite underestimation of stratification & varying performance between models for chlorophyll and nitrate, models still reproduce mean and seasonal variability of DO similarly well, particularly at southern stations

# Conclusions & Implications

- Models with lower biological complexity and resolution achieve similar skill scores as CBP model in terms of seasonal variability along the main stem of Chesapeake for T, S, DO and stratification
  - More confidence in CBP model predictions of seasonal variability,
  - Models do not necessarily need to perform well in terms of stratification, chlorophyll, or nitrate in order to reproduce mean and seasonal variation of DO
- All models reproduce bottom DO better than variables that are primary influences on DO (stratification, chlorophyll, nitrate)
  - This is because seasonal DO variability is sensitive to temperature (solubility effect), and the models reproduce temperature very well
  - Modeled DO simulations may be very sensitive to any future increases in Bay temperature

Future Work: Similar analyses for interannual 25 year run