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Including fine-grained sediment processes within numerical representations of a partially-mixed estuary, the York River, Virginia

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Including Fine-Grained Sediment Processes Within Numerical Representations of Coastal Hydrodynamics WILLIAM a Partially-Mixed Estuary, the York River, Virginia, USA & MARY Danielle R.N. Tarpley, Courtney K. Harris, Carl T. Friedrichs, Kelsey A. Fall VIRGINIA INSTITUTE OF MARINE SCIENCE & Sediment Dynamics 2-D Estuary Conclusions York River Idealized Model Configuration Partially mixed estuary • An idealized 2-dimensional estuarine model can represents the processes that create an ETM. Seasonal secondary turbidity Sediment Specifications maximum (STM) -Suspension of fine grained sediment in the salt front. Settling velocities: ETM near West Point -Sediment trapping in the salt frontal zone. 0.2, 0.8, 2.4 mm s⁻¹ Multidisciplinary Benthic Density: 2650 kg m⁻³ -Higher suspended sediment during the flood tide. Exchange Dynamics (MUDBED) • Frosion rate: 0.03 kg m⁻² s⁻¹ Sediment-induced stratification reduces focus site, since 2006. Critical shear stress for suspended sediment concentrations. erosion: 0.1 Pa Observational data is useful to guide the Open Boundary Conditions processes necessary to incorporate into numerical • Free surface: models. Advection Scheme No Gradient at head Chapman at mouth. 3D: 3rd Order unstream Future Work 2D: 4th Order centered 2D Momentum: Clamped Expand the capabilities difference 3D Momentum: No Gradient of the model to better Tracers: MPData Tracers: Clamped compare with Grid Resolution Motivation observations. 500 m cells along-estuary. Three-dimensional Sediment-induced 40 vertical lavers stratification impacts mixing in the York River, model of York River X Fbb Oct 200 × 3 grid cells estuary (Rinehimer, □ Salinity: 0 – 26 psu even at relatively low 2008; Fig. 10). X Flood T sediment Tides: concentrations. -Incorporates bed 12 hour tidal period consolidation and At the Clay Bank Site in A River discharge: swelling the York River: Seasonal STM with 120 m³ s⁻¹ -Observational data highly erodible bed drives the salinity, Occurs with high river discharge. Results winds and river discharge. Track sediment FTM resuspension - # • Animation 1: Animation –Use Bervllium-7 as a • Typical estuarine ., di. tracer (Fig. 11) circulation ETM at the salt front h ÷. Higher SSC during Aggregation and flood tide. breakup of Sediment trapping flocculated indi MMMM Deposition occurred particles with a seaward of the ETM size class based **Research Questions** Lower bed stress population model Velocities converge Can an idealized two-dimensional estuarine model -FLOCMOD (Verney o Erosion throughout the represent an ETM similar to that seen in the York River et al., 2011) rest of the estuary estuarv? re 13: Cycle of deposition and re-· Will sediment-induced stratification reduce SSC in the water column? References Birchler, J., 2014. Sediment Deposition and Reworking: A Modeling Study Using Isotopically Tagge Sediment Classes. Master's Thesis. College of William & Mary, Cloucester Point, VA. Cartwright, G.M., Friedrichs, C.T., Dickhudt, P.J., Gass, T., Farmer, F.H., 2009. Using the acoustic Dop velocimeter (ADV) in the WIDBED Teal-time observing system. In *OEANS 2009, MTS/EEE Bilos Technology for Our Future: Clobal and Local Challenges (pp. 1–3). 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Model behavior, an application of the cohesive bed component of the community sediment transport mod the lock Niver Estuary, VA, USA. Journal of Marine Science and Engineering, 212), 413-453. Weichtig, C.T., Wight, D.J., Heyworth, D.A., Kim, S.C., 2000. Bottom-Doudnay-have process with fine sediment accumulation in costal seas and bays. Continental Sheff Research, 200 gevgr, VRA, 1935. The immoration and sumpression of multicommunication of the season of the second sec EARLY TO MID EB -4 -4.5 Maximum: Influence of sediment --5 Location: head of the salt front induced stratification: with fine sediment accumulation in c Geyer, W.R., 1993. The importance of su maximum. *Estuaries*, *16(1)*, 113-125. Maggi, F., 2005. Flocculation dynamics of of Technology ottom-boundary-layer processes associat ontinental Shelf Research, 20(7), 807-841 e by stratification on the estuarine turbid o Reduces SSC mass and • Defined by: high suspended concentrations (Fig. 9 & 10) sediment concentrations (SSC) cs of cohesive sedim ent. Doctoral d Similar location of luctocline (Fig. 9) -Sediment trapping Development of a "mud reach" -Easily erodible bed Vertical Resolution -Landward of salt front (Geyer, Compared two vertical 1993; Fig. 5) myroms.org/wiki/index.php?title resolution schemes • Additional processes influence Acknowledgments Both show a reduction ETM sediment concentrations in SSC mass with -Sediment-induced stratification Thanks to Julia Moriarty for assistance with data analysis. -Flocculation and breakup of stratification (Fig. 10) Thank you to Adam Miller and the IT team maintaining the aggregated particles • Differing SSC HPC (Sciclone) and thank you to Eric Walter for the many magnitudes (Fig. 10)

hours spent assisting in switching to the new HPC.