

Bowling Green State University

ScholarWorks@BGSU

National Center for Family and Marriage Research Family Profiles

Sociology

2017

FP-17-24 Divorce Rate in the U.S. Geographic Variation, 2016

Paul Hemez Bowling Green State University, hemezp@bgsu.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/ncfmr_family_profiles



Part of the Family, Life Course, and Society Commons

Repository Citation

Hemez, Paul, "FP-17-24 Divorce Rate in the U.S. Geographic Variation, 2016" (2017). National Center for Family and Marriage Research Family Profiles. 176.

https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/ncfmr_family_profiles/176

This Report is brought to you for free and open access by the Sociology at ScholarWorks@BGSU. It has been accepted for inclusion in National Center for Family and Marriage Research Family Profiles by an authorized administrator of ScholarWorks@BGSU.

Divorce Rate in the U.S.

Geographic Variation, 2016

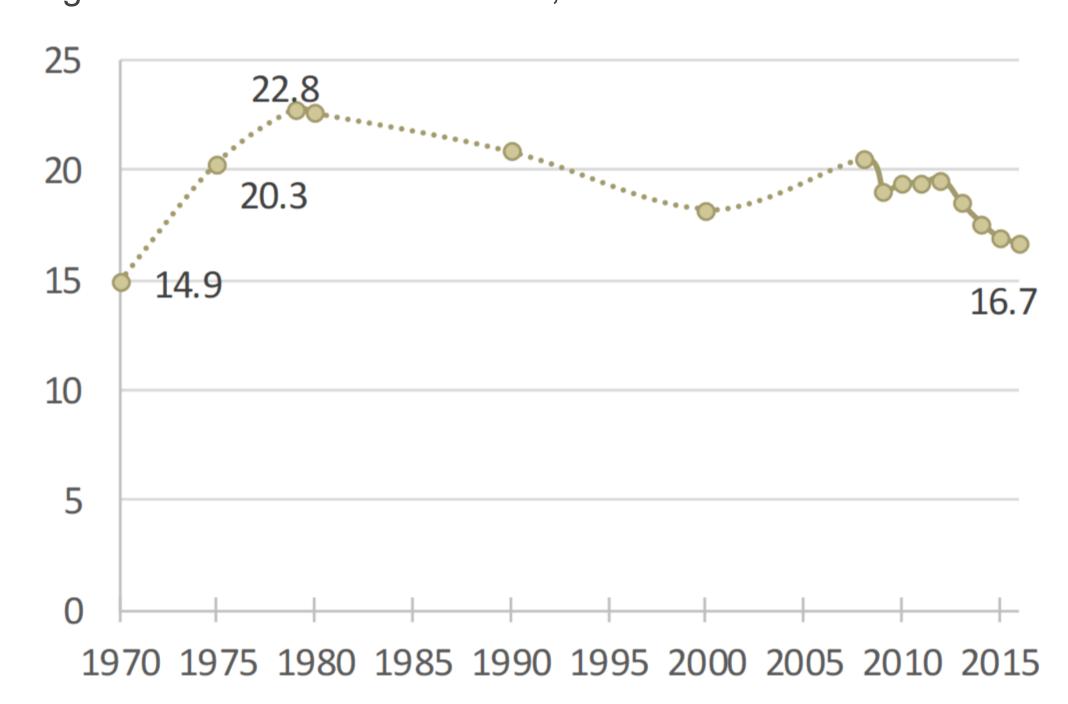


Paul Hemez

The Divorce Rate, 2016 *

- The divorce rate (represented as the number of divorces per 1,000 married women aged 15 and older) continued to decline in 2016, reaching a 40-year low.
- The divorce rate was 16.7 divorces per 1,000 married women in 2016, down from 20.5 in 2008 when the rate was at its highest in recent years.
- Just over one million women (1,098,805) divorced in 2016, a drop of over 210,000 since 2008 when 1.3 million women divorced.
- The divorce rate decreased by 26% from the apex in 1980 (22.6) to 2016.
 - ★ The divorce rate = [(number of women divorced in the past 12 months) / (number of women divorced in the past 12 months + number of currently married women)] * 1,000

Figure 1. Women's Divorce Rate, 1970 - 2016



Sources: 1970-2000, National Center for Health Statistics; 2008-2016, U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 1-yr est.

Five Highest and Lowest Divorce Rates, 2016

- > Wyoming had the highest divorce rate in 2016, with over 26 marriages per 1,000 ending in divorce.
- Massachusetts had the lowest divorce rate, with about 12 marriages per 1,000 ending in divorce.
 - Massachusetts's divorce rate was less than half the rate of Wyoming's.

References:

Clarke, S. C. (1995). Advance report of final divorce statistics, 1989 and 1990. Monthly Vital Statistics Report, Vol. 43, No. 9, Supp. National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/supp/mv43 09s.pdf

National Center for Health Statistics (1974). Summary report final divorce statistics, 1970. Monthly Vital Statistics Report, Vol. 23, No. 2, Supp. 2. U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/supp/mv23_02s2acc.pdf

National Center for Health Statistics (1977). Advance report of final divorce statistics, 1975. Monthly Vital Statistics Report, Vol. 26, No. 2, Supp. 2. U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/supp/mv26_02s2acc.pdf

Women's Highest and Lowest Divorce Rates

1. Wyoming	26.3
2. Arkansas	25.3
3. Louisiana	22.3
4. Oklahoma	20.7
5. Georgia	20.5
U.S.	16.7
47. New York	13.6
48. South Dakota	13.5
49. Minnesota	12.9
50. New Jersey	12.4
51. Massachusetts	12.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 1-yr est. 2016

National Center for Health Statistics (1983). Advance report of final divorce statistics, 1980. Monthly Vital Statistics Report, Vol. 32, No. 3, Supp. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/supp/mv32_03s.pdf

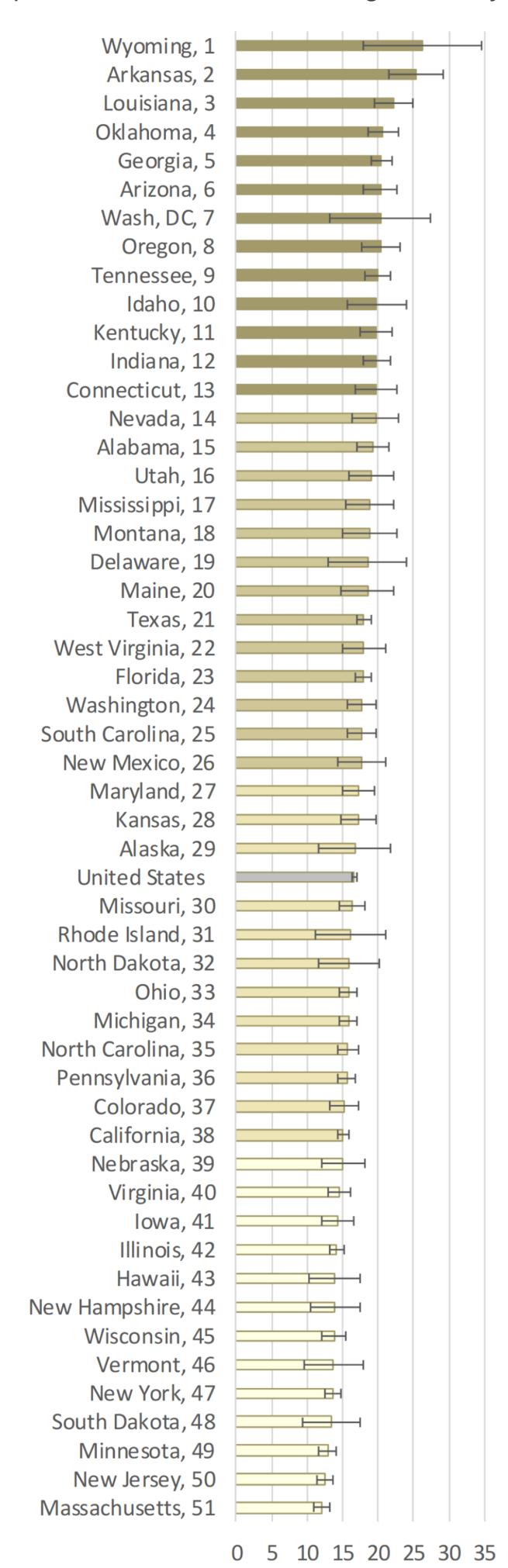
National Center for Health Statistics (2001). Births, marriages, divorces, and deaths: Provisional data for January-December, 2000. National Vital Statistics Reports, Vol. 49, No. 6, Associated Table 3. Department of Health & Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr49/nvsr49 06.pdf

U.S. Census Bureau (2017). American Community Survey, 2016 1-Year Estimates [Table B12001]. Retrieved from https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS 16 1YR B12001&prodType=table

U.S. Census Bureau (2017). American Community Survey, 2016 1-Year Estimates [Table B12503]. Retrieved from https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_16_1YR_B12503&prodType=table

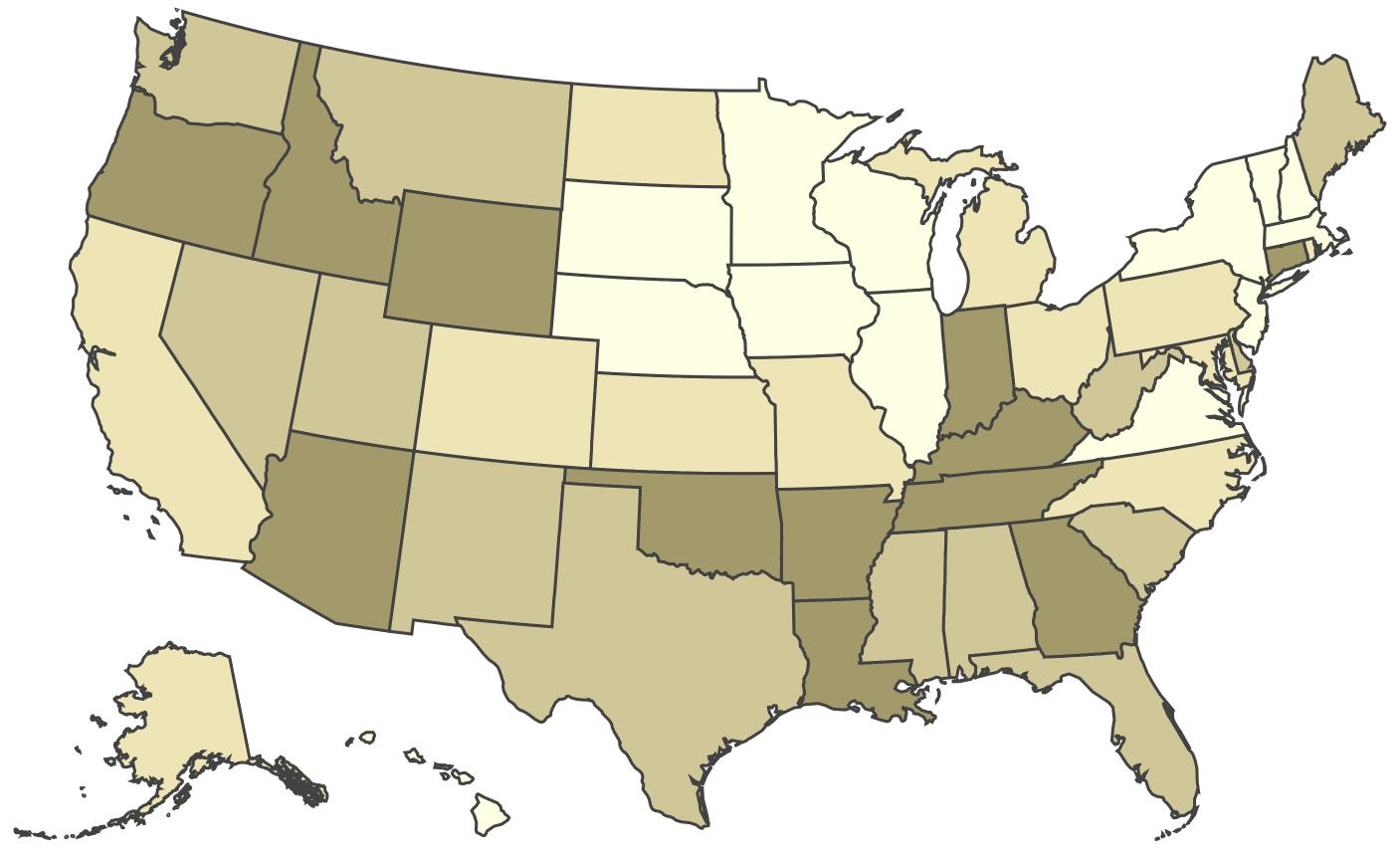
State Rankings and Geographic Variation in Divorce Rates, 2016

Figure 2. State Variation in the Adjusted Divorce Rate per 1,000 Married Women Aged 15+ by Quartile, 2016



- The thirteen states with the highest divorce rates (making up the 1st quartile) had rates of at least 19.75 divorces per 1,000 married women in 2016.
- The thirteen states that experienced the lowest divorce rates (making up the 4th quartile) in 2016 had fewer than 15.05 divorces per 1,000 married women.

Figure 3. Geographic Variation of Women's Divorce Rate Among States, 2016



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 1-yr est. 2016

- > States with the highest divorce rates (in the 1st or 2nd quartiles) were predominately found in the Southern and Western regions of the country.
 - Exceptions include Colorado, California, Maryland, North Carolina, and Virginia, which experienced divorce rates in the 3rd or 4th quartiles.
- States with the lowest divorce rates (in the 3rd or 4th quartiles) were located in the Midwest and Northeast regions of the United States.
 - Exceptions include Indiana, Connecticut, Delaware, and Maine, which were in the first two quartiles of divorce rates.

Suggested Citation:

Hemez, P. (2017). Divorce rate in the U.S.: Geographic variation, 2016. Family Profiles, FP-17-24. Bowling Green, OH: National Center for Family & Marriage Research. https://doi.org/10.25035/ncfmr/fp-17-24.





This project is supported with assistance from Bowling Green State University. From 2007 to 2013, support was also provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation. The opinions and conclusions expressed herein are solely those of the author(s) and should not be construed as representing the opinions or policy of any agency of the state or federal government.

National Center for Family & Marriage Research

Family Profiles: Original reports summarizing and analyzing nationally representative data with the goal to provide the latest analysis of U.S. families. These profiles examine topics related to the NCFMR's core research themes.

http://www.bgsu.edu/ncfmr.html





005 Williams Hall Bowling Green State University Bowling Green, OH 43403



