Journal of Sports Medicine and Allied Health Sciences: Official Journal of the Ohio Athletic Trainers Association

Volume 3 Issue 1 *Ohio Athletic Trainers' Association Special Edition*

Article 8

May 2017

Correlation Between Volitional and Functional Balance Control in Healthy Young Athletes

Kerri Grothaus Bowling Green State University, kerrig@bgsu.edu

Andrea Cripps Bowling Green State University, acripps@bgsu.edu

Adam Fullenkamp Bowling Green State University, dullena@bgsu.edu

Matt Laurent Bowling Green State University, laurent@tarleton.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/jsmahs

Part of the Biomechanics Commons, Exercise Science Commons, Motor Control Commons, Other Kinesiology Commons, Rehabilitation and Therapy Commons, Sports Medicine Commons, and the Sports Sciences Commons

Recommended Citation

Grothaus, Kerri; Cripps, Andrea; Fullenkamp, Adam; and Laurent, Matt (2017) "Correlation Between Volitional and Functional Balance Control in Healthy Young Athletes," *Journal of Sports Medicine and Allied Health Sciences: Official Journal of the Ohio Athletic Trainers Association*: Vol. 3 : Iss. 1, Article 8. DOI: 10.25035/jsmahs.03.01.08

Available at: https://scholarworks.bgsu.edu/jsmahs/vol3/iss1/8

This Undergraduate Student Abstract is brought to you for free and open access by the Journals at ScholarWorks@BGSU. It has been accepted for inclusion in Journal of Sports Medicine and Allied Health Sciences: Official Journal of the Ohio Athletic Trainers Association by an authorized editor of ScholarWorks@BGSU.

Grothaus, Cripps, Laurent, Fullenkamp Correlation Volitional and Functional Balance JSMAHS. 2017;3(1). UG Abstract.

Correlation Between Volitional and Functional Balance Control in Healthy Young Atheltes

Kerri Grothaus, ATC, Andrea E. Cripps, PhD, ATC, Matt Laurent, PhD, Adam Fullenkamp, PhD.

Human Movement, Sport, and Leisure Studies; Bowling Green State University.

CONTEXT

Balance testing is an integral component of the evaluation of the concussed athlete. Balance deficits resulting from sensoryintegration problems can be determined with multitude laboratory-based, of а posturography computerized dynamic measures, however current protocols currently utilize only one of these measures of balance. The Stability Evaluation Test (SET) protocol, utilizes the 6 testing conditions of the Balance Error Scoring System (BESS) to provide an objective analysis of the athlete's functional balance control based on the individual's postural sway velocity. The Limits of Stability (LOS) test quantifies impairments in an individual's ability to volitionally displace their center of gravity (COG) to their stability limits without losing balance, however, the LOS is not widely used in concussion protocols. A correlation between the LOS test and SET has not yet been established in a healthy, non-concussed population, therefore it is unknown if the LOS is a clinically relevant measure.

OBJECTIVE

To determine if volitional and functional balance control are correlated.

DESIGN

Prospective cross-sectional design.

SETTING

University research laboratory.

PATIENTS or OTHER PARTICIPANTS

Ninety-eight healthy intercollegiate athletes participated (age 20 ± 1.6 years, height 185.60 \pm 7.16 cm).

INTERVENTIONS

All participants completed the SET and LOS testing protocols on the Natus NeuroCom® VSR Sport System.

MAIN OUTCOME MEASURES

Reaction time (sec), movement velocity (deg/sec), endpoint excursion (%), maximal excursion (%), and directional control (%) on the LOS test; sway velocity (deg/sec) on the SET.

RESULTS

The LOS was not correlated with SET for any of the outcomes (Reaction Time, R = -0.068; Movement Velocity R = 0.035; Endpoint Excursion R= -0.116; Maximal Excursion R= -0.055).

CONCLUSIONS

The lack of significant correlation between LOS and SET may indicate different construct measures. Clinicians should consider incorporating both measures into current concussion protocols.

Journal of Sports Medicine and Allied Health Sciences: Official Journal of the Ohio Athletic Trainers Association, Vol. 3, Iss. 1 [2017], Art. 8

Grothaus, Cripps, Laurent, Fullenkamp Correlation Volitional and Functional Balance JSMAHS. 2017;3(1). UG Abstract.

REFERENCES

- 1. Aubry M, et al. Summary and Agreement Statement of the First Internation Conference on Concussion in Sport, Vienna 2001. Recommendations for the improvement of safety and health of athletes who may suffer concussive injuries. *Sports Med.* Feb 2002; 36(1): 6-10.
- Broglio SP, Collins MW, Williams RM, Mucha A, Kontos A. Current and emerging rehabilitation for concussion: A review of the evidence. *Clin Sports Med*. Apr 2015; 34(2): 213-231.
- 3. Broglio SP, Puetz TW. The effect of sport concussion on neurocognitive function, self-report symptoms and postural control : a meta-analysis. *Sports Med.* 2008;38(1):53-67.
- Broglio, SP, et al. National Athletic Trainers' Association Position Statement: Management of sport concussion. J Athl Train. Mar 2014; 49(2): 245-265.
- McCrory P, Meeuwisse W, Johnston K, Dvorak J, Aubry M, Molloy M, Cantu R. Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport: The 3rd International Conference

on Concussion in Sport Held in Zurich, November 2008. *J Athl Train.* Jul 2009; 44(4): 434-448.

 McCrory P, et al. Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport: The 4th International Conference in Sport, Zurich, November 2012. *J Athl Train.* Jul 2013; 48(4): 554-575.

KEY WORDS: concussion, balance, volitional control