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Road Deicing Salts on Groundwater in the Upper Passaic River Basin, New Jersey

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Impact of Road Deicing Salts in the Upper Passaic River Basin, New Jersey: A Geochemical Analysis of Major Ions in Groundwater

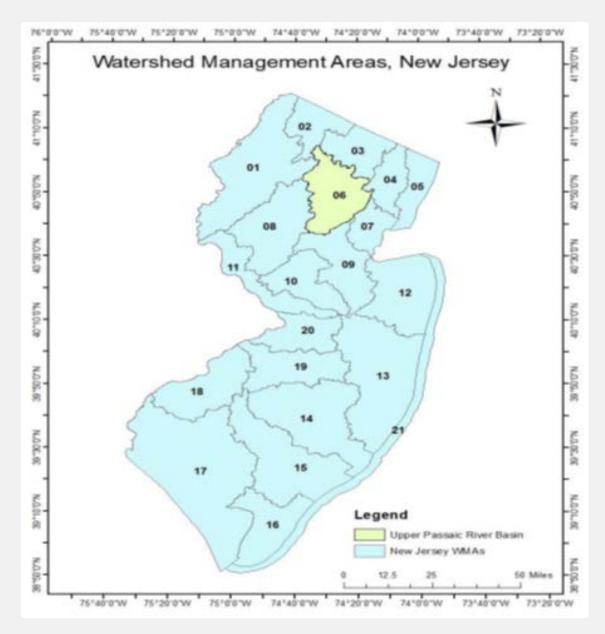
Introduction

Rapid growth in population, road mileage density and urban development over the past 50 years in the Upper Passaic River Basin have led to increases in road salt application rates. This application of NaCl for road deicing has had a significant impact on the groundwater composition over time. Here, we use geo-statistical methods and hydrochemical trends of groundwater samples spanning a period of 1960 – 2010, to determine whether road deicing application has had a significant effect on the groundwater composition of the UPRB. Specifically, we seek to 1) determine correlations in ion to ion relationships using simple linear regression, 2) identify trends in major ionic concentrations over time, specifically Na+, Cl-, Mg2+, Ca2+, and SO42-, and 3) evaluate the hydrochemical composition of groundwater facies in decadal segments.

Results from the analyses will serve to advance our understanding of anthropogenic influences on regional groundwater quality in the UPRB. It can help not only for identifying regions that are prone to anthropogenic contamination, but also in designing better environment management techniques.

Study Area The UPRB, also known as Water Management Area 06, is located in northern New Jersey, between latitudes 40°40" and 41°10" North and longitudes 74°15" and 74°40" West (Figure 1). It covers an area of 361.5 sq. mi. in Morris county, a region of significant population increases, from 261,620 in 1960 to 492,276 in 2010 (U.S. Census Bureau, 2015).

Approximately 3,049 miles of roads spread evenly throughout the area (Figure 2) (New Jersey Geological Survey (NJGS), 2010). Using data from NJDOT and New Jersey Bureau of GIS (NJGIS), an estimate of the amount of road salt used in 2017 in the UPRB is found to be approximately 29,389 tons (NJGIS, 2018; NJDOT, 2018).



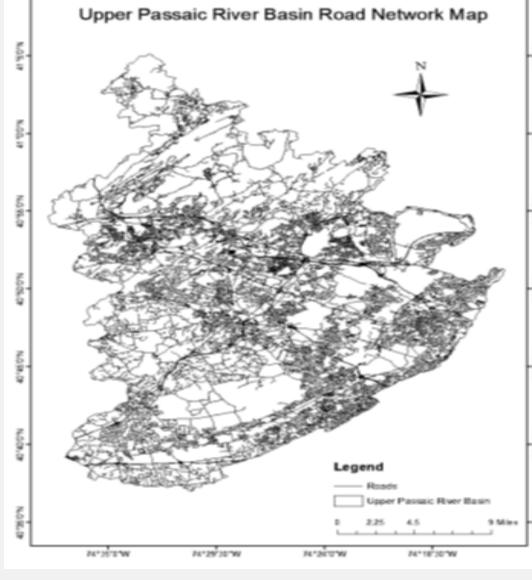


Figure 1: Location of the Upper Passaic River Basin (source: New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, 2009)

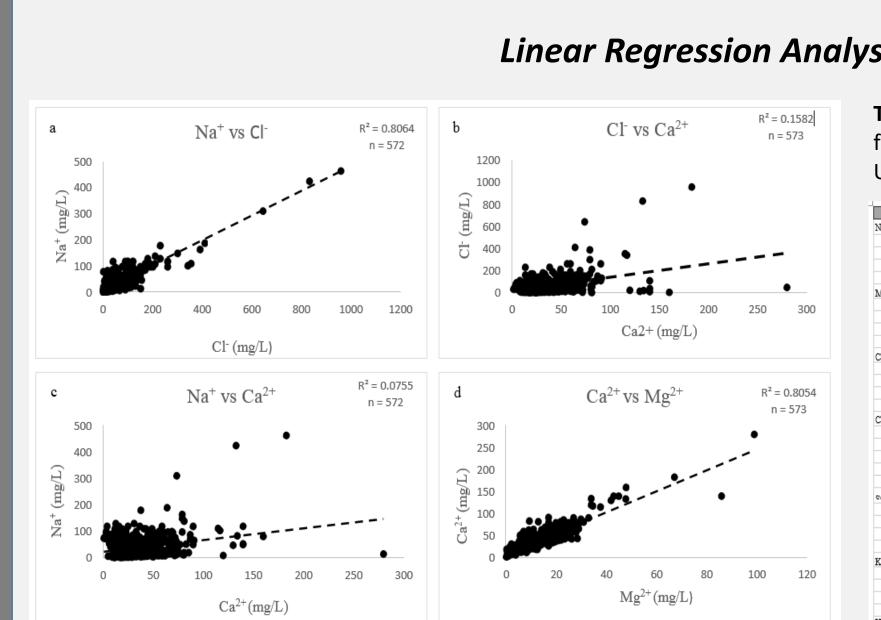
Figure 2: Spatial Distribution of Roads in the Upper Passaic River Basin (source: New Jersey Geographic Information Network, 2017)

Data and Methods

The USGS website is a repository of large amount of water chemistry data. For this study, 573 different measurements from 1960 to 2010 within the UPRB were compiled into a single database and analyzed using Microsoft Excel 2016.

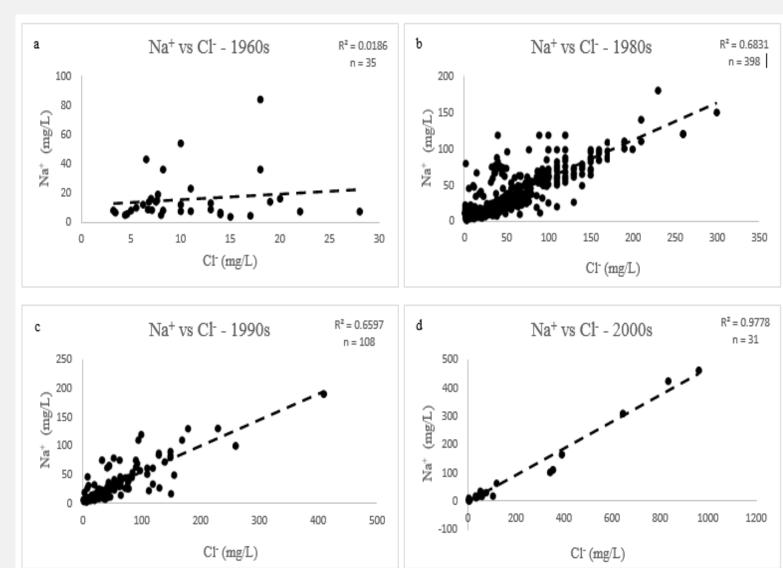
Overall, four levels of analyses were performed. Linear regression approach was initially done on major ions to compare the ion partnerships of Na+ vs. Cl-, Mg2+ vs. Ca2+, Na+ vs. Ca2+, Cl- vs. Ca2+, and Cl- vs. TDS. Following this, decade average statistics were calculated for TDS, Na+, Ca2+, Mg2+, K⁺, Cl-, HCO₃⁻+CO₃²⁻, and SO₄²⁻ to observe how the average concentration over the entirety of the study has varied throughout the study period. Further, ionic composition of the groundwater as a whole was evaluated using the Piper diagram. Finally, a prediction interval analysis was done to ascertain changes in major ions compositions over time.

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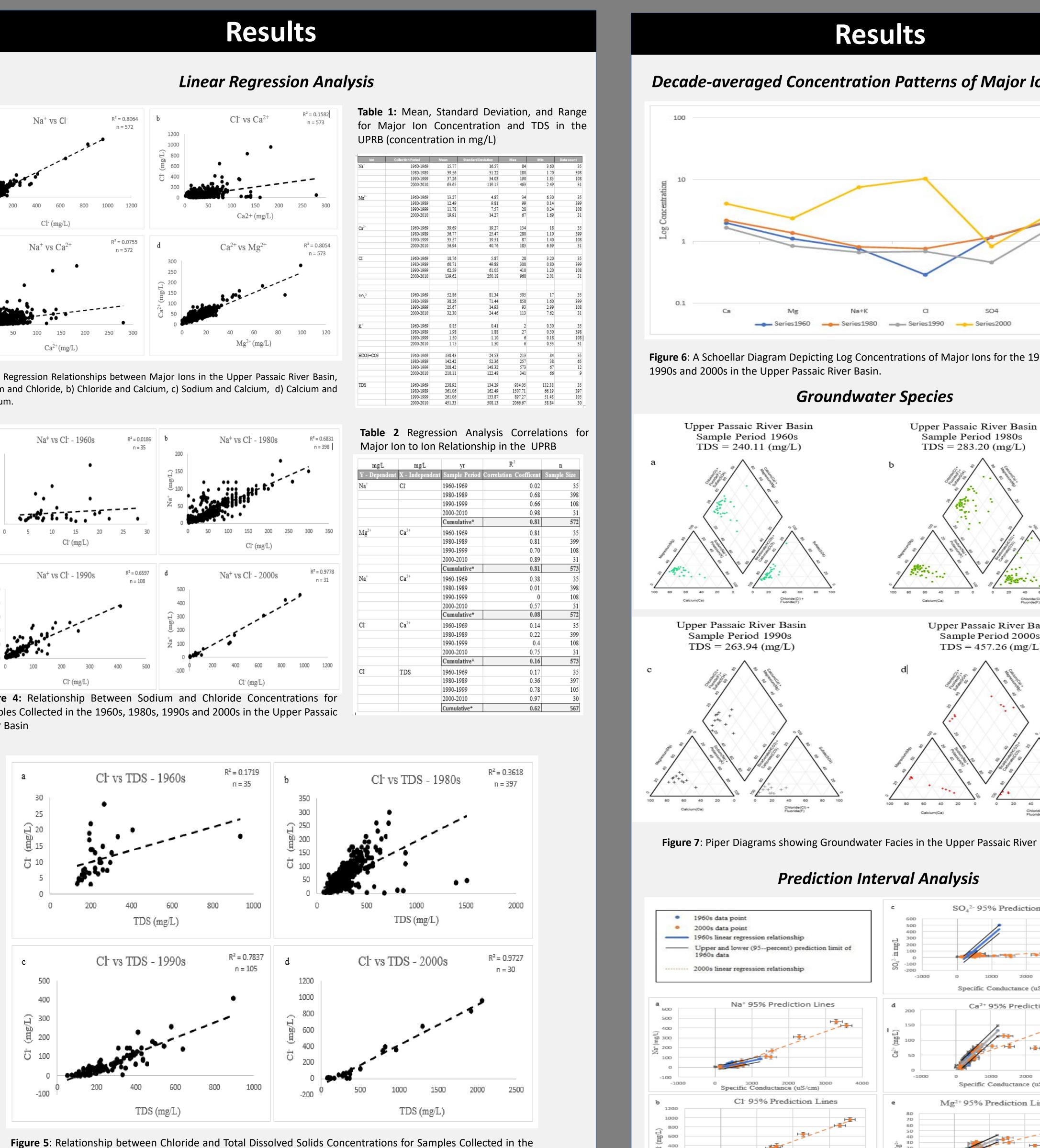
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	TDS	1960-1969	238.92
		1980-1989	

Figure 3: Regression Relationships between Major Ions in the Upper Passaic River Basin, a) Sodium and Chloride, b) Chloride and Calcium, c) Sodium and Calcium, d) Calcium and Magnesium.



mg/L	mg/L	у
Y - Dependent	X - Independent	Sample
Na ⁺	Cl	1960-196
		1980-198
		1990-199
		2000-201
		Cumula
Mg ²⁺	Ca ²⁺	1960-190
		1980-198
		1990-199
		2000-201
		Cumula
Na ⁺	Ca ²⁺	1960-190
		1980-198
		1990-199
		2000-201
		Cumula
Cl	Ca ²⁺	1960-190
		1980-198
		1990-199
		2000-201
		Cumula
Cl	TDS	1960-190
		1980-198
		1990-199
		2000-201
		Cumulat

Figure 4: Relationship Between Sodium and Chloride Concentrations for Samples Collected in the 1960s, 1980s, 1990s and 2000s in the Upper Passaic **River Basin**



1960s, 1980s, 1990s and 2000s in the Upper Passaic River Basin.

Conclusion

Application of NaCl for road deicing has had a significant impact on the groundwater composition over time. Chloride concentration shows increasingly significant contribution to TDS over time and has increased at a rate that would insinuate anthropogenic influence.

High levels of Na⁺ and Cl- appear to be directly related to deicing salt application, while the other ions are following the natural evolution process in the system. The groundwater in the UPRB has evolved over time to consist of a mixture of mixture of Ca(HCO3)2 and NaCl species likely attributable to both deicing salts and the geologic variation in the bedrock of the UPRB.

Figure 8: Relationships between Major Ions and Specific Conductance for 1960s an Sodium, b) Chloride, c) Sulphate, d) Calcium, e) Magnesium.

Specific Conductance (uS/cm)

Table 3: Calculated Mean of Major Ion Concentration for the UPRB (concentrations

pecific Conductan

1214.90%

-38.87%

Constituent	1960s	2000s	Difference	Percer
Sodium (Na)	15.77	63.65	47.88	
Magnesium(Mg)	13.28	19.09	5.81	
Calcium (Ca)	39.57	53.98	14.41	
Chloride (Cl)	10.26	134.87	124.61	
Sulfate (SO4)	50.69	30.98	-19.70	

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r Basin.
3000 4000 uS/cm)
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ent Increase
303.60% 43.71%
36.42%