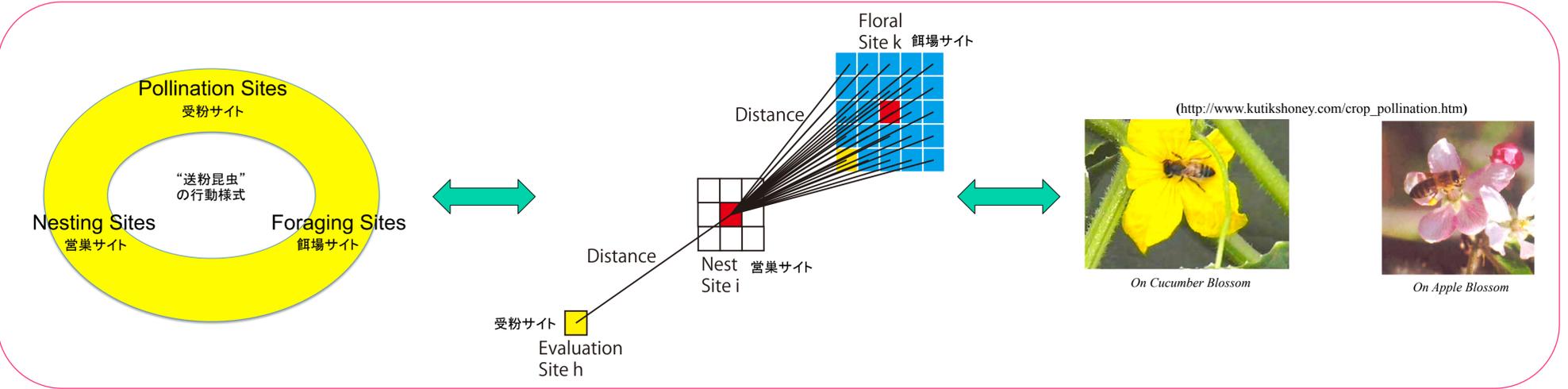


空間的非線形評価を伴う受粉サービスに対する離散最適化

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【受粉サービス】

受粉を必要とする農作物の生産では、ミツバチなど“送粉昆虫”の果たす役割は生態系がもたらす重要な“生態系サービス”の一つである。ミツバチが蜜・花粉を求めて飛び回る際、体毛に花粉が付着し、雌しべの先につくことにより受粉が完了する。また、閉鎖環境のハウスなどにおいても、野生の送粉昆虫による受粉ではないものの、花の開花時期に合わせて花粉交配専用の飼養ミツバチを入手し、ハウス内に巣箱を設置することによりミツバチの飛翔を促し、受粉が完了する。



【研究目的】

本研究では、土地利用の改変に伴う効率的な花粉交配を念頭に蜂場・蜜源の最適配置を探索できる離散最適化システムの構築を目指し、限られた送粉昆虫資源に対し受粉サービスの効率的・効果的な供給を可能にする土地利用管理を探索する。

【受粉スコア(Pollination Score by Landsdorf et al., Ann. Bot., 2009)】

“Since pollinator abundance is limited by both nesting and floral resources, the pollinator score on a parcel is simply **the product of foraging and nesting**. This score represents the location and relative abundance of pollinators available for crop pollination from a parcel.”

$$\text{Habitat Suitability for Nesting} \times \text{Habitat Suitability for Foraging}$$

Habitat suitability for Nesting by a pollinator at k -parcel

$$HN_k = \sum_{j=1}^J N_j p_{jk} = \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_k(j)$$

- j : j -habitat (land use) J : the number of habitats for a parcel
- k : k -parcel
- N_j : Compatibility of j -habitat for a pollinator's nesting
- p_{jk} : Proportion by j -habitat at k -parcel

Habitat suitability for Foraging for a pollinator at k -parcel

$$HF_k = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J F_j p_{jm} \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha)}{\sum_{m=1}^M \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha)} = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J \varphi_m(j) \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha)}{\sum_{m=1}^M \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha)}$$

- D_{mk} : Distance from k -parcel to m -parcel
- F_j : Compatibility of j -habitat for a pollinator
- α : Expected pollinator foraging distance
- M : The number of parcels

Pollination Score induced by a pollinator at k -parcel

$$P_k = HN_k \cdot HF_k$$

Pollination Service at h -parcel by a pollinator

$$PS_h = \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^M P_k \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \right\} / \sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)$$

Decision variables: Land use selection for a parcel

$$x_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the } j\text{-th habitat is selected for the } i\text{-th parcel} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}, \sum_{j=1}^J x_{ij} = 1 \quad \forall i$$

Nonlinearity to linearity by a new variable

$$Y = X \otimes X, \quad y_{M(i-1)+k, J(j-1)+l} = x_{ij} \cdot x_{kl} = x_{kl} \cdot x_{ij} = y_{M(k-1)+i, J(l-1)+j}$$

Pollination Score expressed by decision variables

$$P_k = \sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{l=1}^J \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_l x_{kl} \varphi_j x_{mj} \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha) / \sum_{m=1}^M \exp(-D_{mk} / \alpha)$$

- $\nu_l(l) = \nu_l x_{kl}$: Nesting score for l -habitat at k -parcel
- $\varphi_m(j) = \varphi_j x_{mj}$: Foraging score for j -habitat at m -parcel

Constraints among variables from habitat nest

If $x_{ij} = 0 \Rightarrow x_{ij} X = 0_m$, $\sum_{i=1}^M y_{M(i-1)+k, J(j-1)+l} = 0 \quad (k=1, 2, \dots, M)$

If $x_{ij} = 1 \Rightarrow x_{ij} X = 1_m$, $\sum_{i=1}^M y_{M(i-1)+k, J(j-1)+l} = 1 \quad (k=1, 2, \dots, M)$

Constraints among variables from habitat floral site

If $x_{kl} = 0 \Rightarrow X x_{kl} = 0_M$, $\sum_{j=1}^J y_{M(k-1)+i, J(l-1)+j} = 0 \quad (i=1, 2, \dots, M)$

If $x_{kl} = 1 \Rightarrow X x_{kl} = 1_M$, $\sum_{j=1}^J y_{M(k-1)+i, J(l-1)+j} = 1 \quad (i=1, 2, \dots, M)$

$\sum_{i=1}^M y_{M(i-1)+k, J(j-1)+l} = x_{ij}$ $(i=1, 2, \dots, M, j=1, 2, \dots, J, k=1, 2, \dots, M)$

$\sum_{j=1}^J y_{M(k-1)+i, J(l-1)+j} = x_{kl}$ $(i=1, 2, \dots, M, l=1, 2, \dots, J, k=1, 2, \dots, M)$

【モデリングと結果】

Example

25 parcels

5	21	22	23	24	25
4	16	17	18	19	20
3	11	12	13	14	15
2	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5	

- Forest
- Coffee
- Cane
- Pasture/Grass
- Scrub
- Bare
- Built

1. Maximize pollination service only

$$J = \max \sum_{h=1}^M PS_h = \sum_{h=1}^M \sum_{k=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_l x_{kl} \varphi_j x_{mj} \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) / \sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)$$

subject to

$$Z = Y [I_J \otimes \text{diag}(\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_J)] \{ \text{diag}(\nu_1, \nu_2, \dots, \nu_J) \otimes I_J \}$$

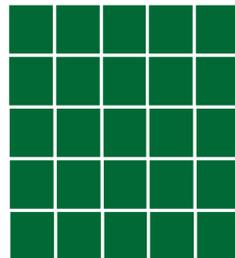
$$x_i X \mathbf{1}_J = x_i \mathbf{1}_M \quad (i=1, 2, \dots, M, j=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$(X x_k) \mathbf{1}_J = x_k \mathbf{1}_M \quad (k=1, 2, \dots, M, l=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$\sum_i x_i = 1 \quad \forall i$$

where

$$a_i^k = \frac{\exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \right) \left(\sum_{l=1}^J \exp(-D_{lk} / \alpha) \right)}$$



2. Maximize pollination service subject to limit for pollination service

$$J = \max \sum_{h=1}^M PS_h = \sum_{h=1}^M \sum_{k=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_l x_{kl} \varphi_j x_{mj} \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) / \sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)$$

subject to

$$\sum_{h=1}^M \sum_{k=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_l x_{kl} \varphi_j x_{mj} \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \leq 5$$

$$Z = Y [I_J \otimes \text{diag}(\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_J)] \{ \text{diag}(\nu_1, \nu_2, \dots, \nu_J) \otimes I_J \}$$

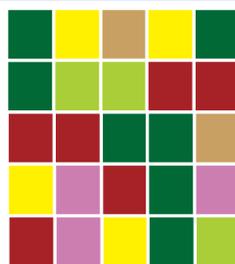
$$x_i X \mathbf{1}_J = x_i \mathbf{1}_M \quad (i=1, 2, \dots, M, j=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$(X x_k) \mathbf{1}_J = x_k \mathbf{1}_M \quad (k=1, 2, \dots, M, l=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$\sum_i x_i = 1 \quad \forall i$$

where

$$a_i^k = \frac{\exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \right) \left(\sum_{l=1}^J \exp(-D_{lk} / \alpha) \right)}$$



3. Maximize benefits from land use subject to limit for pollination service

$$J = \max \sum_{h=1}^M \sum_{k=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J b_j x_{kj}$$

subject to

$$\sum_{h=1}^M \sum_{k=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^J \nu_l x_{kl} \varphi_j x_{mj} \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \leq 5$$

$$Z = Y [I_J \otimes \text{diag}(\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_J)] \{ \text{diag}(\nu_1, \nu_2, \dots, \nu_J) \otimes I_J \}$$

$$x_i X \mathbf{1}_J = x_i \mathbf{1}_M \quad (i=1, 2, \dots, M, j=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$(X x_k) \mathbf{1}_J = x_k \mathbf{1}_M \quad (k=1, 2, \dots, M, l=1, 2, \dots, J)$$

$$\sum_i x_i = 1 \quad \forall i$$

where

$$a_i^k = \frac{\exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha)}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^M \exp(-D_{hk} / \alpha) \right) \left(\sum_{l=1}^J \exp(-D_{lk} / \alpha) \right)}$$

	b_j
1 Forest	0.3
2 Coffee	1
3 Cane	1.2
4 Pasture/grass	0.7
5 Scrub	0.1
6 Bare	0
7 Built	0

