# The effect various de-icers have on grass health compared to their efficiency at melting ice



Dylan Walker Fort Richmond Collegiate

# Purpose

 To find out the best de-icer weighing in its impact on the environment and its efficiency at melting ice.



# Hypothesis

 Inorganic de-icers will be the most efficient at melting ice but will have the greatest impact on grass health. Organic de-icers vice-versa.



Sodium chloride (inorganic)



Urea (organic)



# Materials









## Method (efficiency experiment)

- Mass 25mL of each de-icer in graduated cylinder.
- Pour 25mL of de-icer into tub of ice and then set a timer for 10 minutes.
- Once timer rings, pour contents of tub into separate beaker.
- Mass beaker to find what mass of liquid is water and not de-icer (how much melted)

Mass tub of ice to calculate difference in order to support above

measurement.



## Method (effect on grass experiment)

 Place six 2 by 5 pocket trays of grass into different plastic containers containing de-icer. (one tray of grass placed in water as control)

 Place grass in Conviron grass chamber and over the course of 14 days, every 2 to 3 days take a picture of the same three select

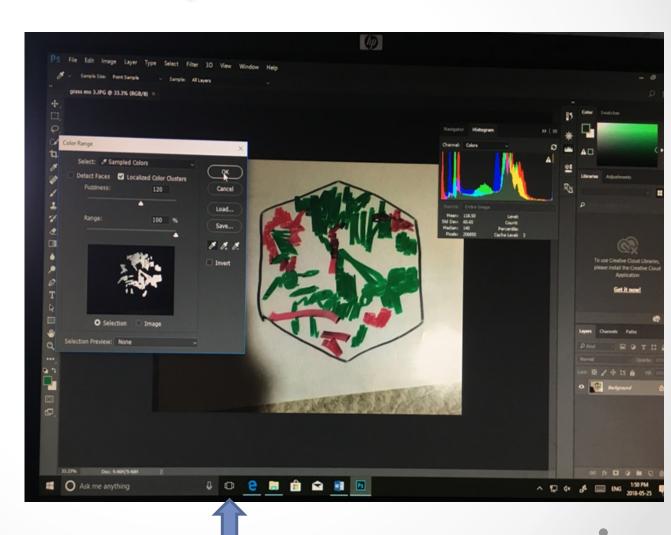
pockets of grass for each container.





 Highlight alive and dead grass in each photo with markers and then use Photoshop to calculate percentage of green (alive) grass in each photo.





Day 5



Day 7





## Observations

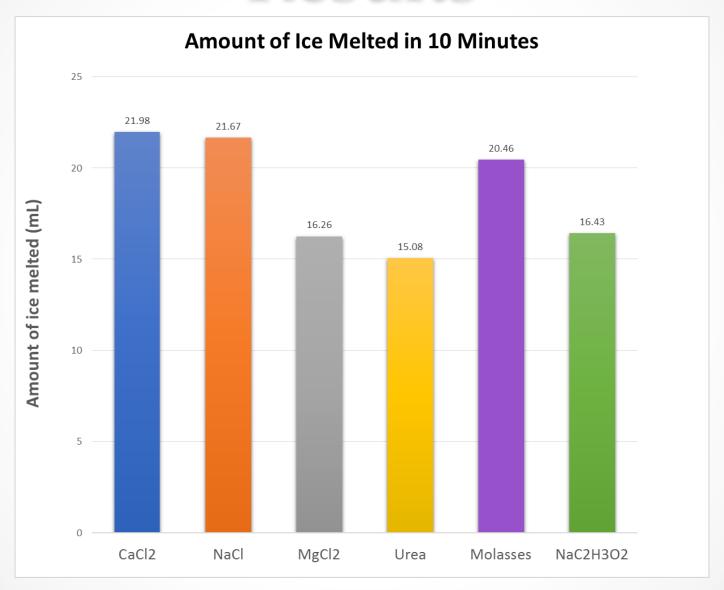


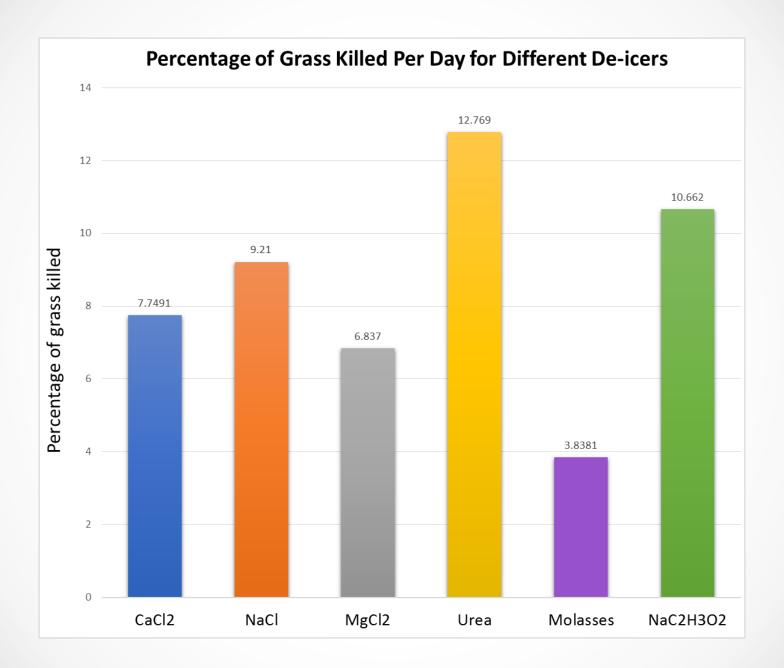
Control

- Grass placed in molasses darker green and more rigid and stiffer than control grass placed in water (left)
- Development of white fungi or mold on the soil and grass placed in de-icer. Most present on grass placed in NaCl (below)

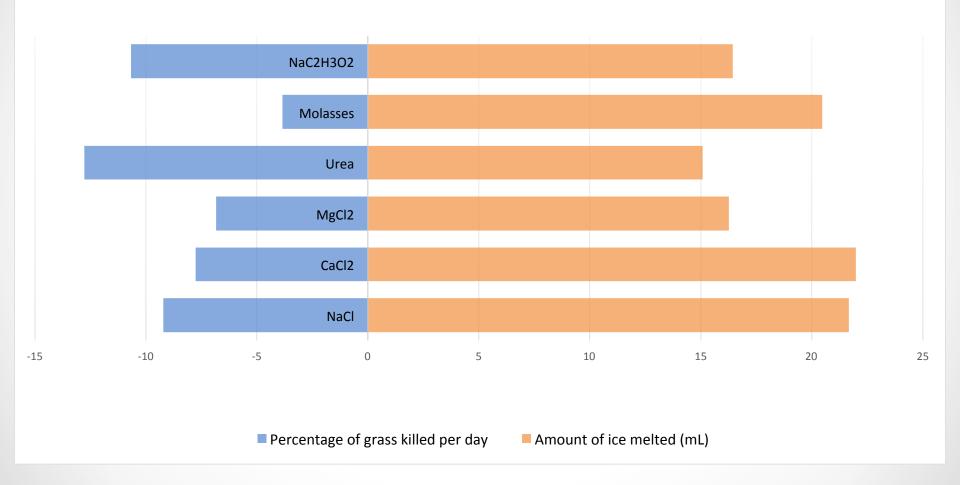


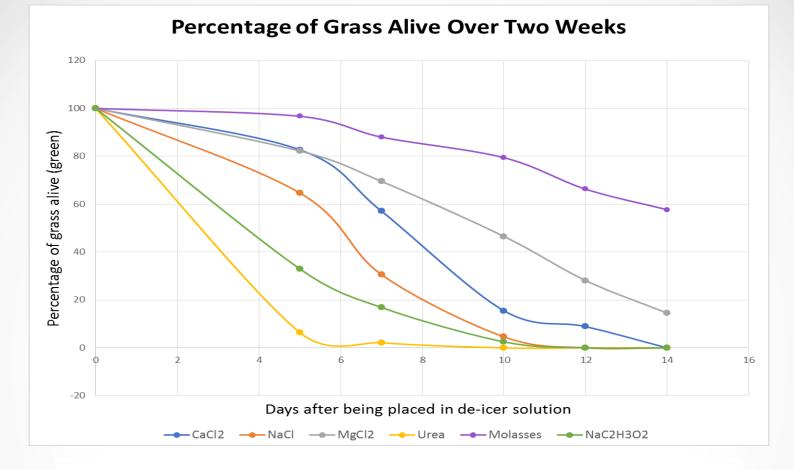
## Results





#### Comparison for De-icers Impact on Grass and Efficiency at Melting Ice





#### De-icer's impact on grass health experiment results

Days after grass is placed in de-icer solution	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	NaCl	MgCl <sub>2</sub>	Urea	Molasses	NaC₂H₃O₂
0	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
5	82.71%	64.68%	81.12%	6.41%	96.69%	32.98%
7	57.1%	30.58%	69.53%	2.13%	88.01%	16.87%
10	15.51%	4.62%	46.55%	0%	79.42%	2.52%
12	8.89%	0%	28.13%	0%	66.28%	0%
14	0%	0%	14.53%	0%	57.7%	0%

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage represents the percentage of grass that is green (alive) in the pots

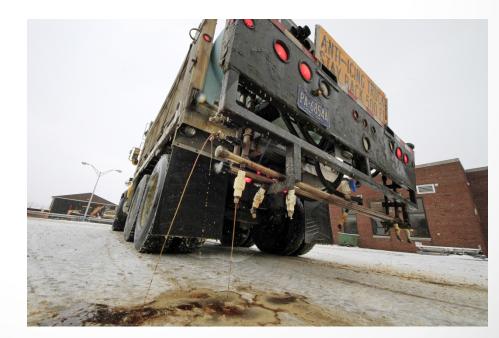
## Conclusion

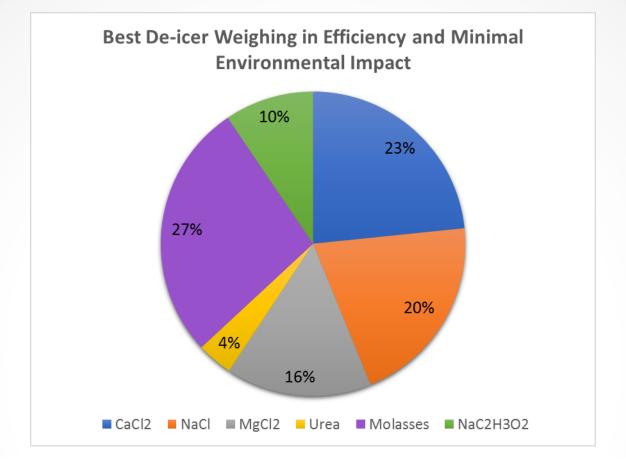
 Inorganic de-icers as a collective are the most effective at melting ice and have the least impact on the environment. The results were very close and staggered however.

 Molasses is the best overall de-icer to use when weighing in its efficiency at melting ice and minimal environmental

impact.







#### Final formula to calculate best overall de-icer

De-icers	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	NaCl	MgCl <sub>2</sub>	Urea	Molasses	NaC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
% of grass killed per	-7.75	-9.21	-6.84	-12.77	-3.84	-10.66
day						
Amount of ice	21.98	21.67	16.26	15.08	20.46	16.43
melted in 10						
minutes (mL)						
Overall rating (sum	14.23	12.46	9.42	2.31	16.7	5.77
of above two						
values)						

<sup>\*</sup>Higher overall rating indicates a better de-icer

### Sources of error

 The rate from which each de-icer was absorbed into the soil was different between the de-icers

 The amount of grass and soil that was put into each pocket wasn't exactly the same

The lighting of the photos taken and the clarity of the photos as well as the clarity of the markers when highlighting the grass

could've differed



# Applications & Implications

- De-icers are globally used
- Extensions to this project could include:
- Testing these de-icers corrosion on concrete
- Testing their level of water toxicity
- Testing experimental deicers like molasses (Ex: pickle brine)
- Testing different combinations of de-icers on tests above



#### A new product for the De-icer market

Holz RIVA presents a newly developed, research-based and tested, high-performance de-icing mixture.

Composition of the *de-icer* mixture: sodium chloride, molasses, urea, additional corrosion inhibitor.

