

#### **Research Objective:** To improve the safety of pedestrian or bicyclist users as they navigate urban and rural environments. Introduction/Motivation Methodology Results

- Assaults, theft, and danger from vehicles affect pedestrians while commuting
- For pedestrians in US, third highest cause of injury and highest cause of fatal injury is being struck by a car
- Pedestrians could benefit from being more aware of surroundings while on or near busy streets



Pedestrian Data from pedbikeinfo.org



# **Computer Vision Pedestrian Awareness System**

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- Use Computer Vision to increase the bicyclists
- Consider how a human evaluates scenarios and convert to repeatable software (example below)



Passing By: No Danger



### System Wiring Diagram



System Dataflow Diagram

situational awareness of pedestrians and



**Directly Approaching: Danger** 

Detection distance (day, head-on): • Human: 48 ft. • Car: 50 ft. • Bicyclist: 20 ft. Detection distance (night, head-on): • Human: 10 ft. • Car: 10 ft. • Bicyclist: 10 ft. Product battery life: • Day: 8 hours • Night: 5 hours

## Recommendations

- for IR LEDs
- - scenarios

# Acknowledgements

 Improve power delivery system Use camera sensor with better lowlight performance to eliminate need Make product water proof Implement additional use-case

### **References and**

http://www.pedbikeinfo.org/factsfig ures/facts\_safety.cfm https://github.com/PINTO0309 Special thanks to the UD Vision Lab for all its input and support