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7th letter from John S. Stokes, Jr., to Jane A. McLaughlin

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August 22, 1981 Queenship of Mary

Ms Jane A. McLaughlin, Parish Historian 25 Nobska Road Box 187 Woods Hole, MA 02543

Dear Ms McLaughlin,

simplify and

Last night I/an article draft, which I hope at some later date to polish up, and also to augment with some additional specificity about the Flowers of Our Lady symbolism so as to move from the broad general interest in the Mary Garden movement back to the topical interest of St. Joseph's Centennial and the Golden Jubilee of Our Lady's Garden . . . for submission to a national Catholic magazine for publication next Spring.

Since this article places much of the material I have been sending you in a thematic context, I have abstracted this portion of the article, and slightly adapted it, under the title of "Why An Angelus Tower and Garden of Our Lady in Woods Hole?", Encloses for your reference as you develop your presentation of the Tower and Garden for your Centennial Book.

While it is in pretty rough form, if you should wish to use any excerpts from it for the book or publicity, you have my permission to do so, with credit. In saying this, I realize that I may not have made it clear that you also have our permission to use any portions of our published articles and leaflets, as we were careful to obtain written permission for re-use from all the magazines involved. Here, of course, credit should be given to both the author and the magazine.

I realize you are moving towards your deadline for the book, and wish you well in this task.

Sincerely.

Stokes Jr.

John S. Stokes Jr.

Copies: Fr. Delzell, Miss Pyne, Mrs. Roberson

WHY AN ANGELUS TOWER AND GARDEN OF OUR LADY IN WOODS HOLE?

John S. Stokes Jr.

We are told that Mrs. Frances Crane Lily established the Angelus Tower and

Garden of Our Lady at St. Joseph's Church in Woods Hole, Massachusetts, in the early religious dedication and dedication and leading of biological science and work, in Woods Hole and throughout the world.

In pondering what Mrs. Lillie's reasons might have been in selecting a tower and garden honoring the Elessed Virgin Mary for this purpose, it is well to reflect to start with that the tower and garden are blest sacramentals... which, like all sacramentals through their form summon and quicken us to religious thought, resolve, prayer and acts; and through their blessing according to the rites of the Church, for us serve, as channels of sacramental grace.

it is
In this/helpful to cite the reaffirmation of the importance of sacramentals made
at the Second Vatican Council (Constitution on the Sacred Liturgy, par. 60 & 61):

"Holy Mother Church has...instituted sacramentals. These are sacred signs which bear a resemblance to the sacraments: they signify effects, particularly of a spiritual kind, which are obtained through the Church's intercession. By them men are disposed to receive the chief effects of the sacraments, and various occasions of life are rendered holy.

"Thus, for well-disposed members of the faithful, the liturgy of the sacraments and sacramentals sanctifies almost every event in their lives; they are given access to the stream of divine grace which flows from the paschal mystery of the passion, death and resurrection of Christ, the fountain from which all sacraments and sacramentals draw their power. There is hardly any proper use of material things which cannot thus be directed toward the sanctification of men and the praise of God."

We first learn

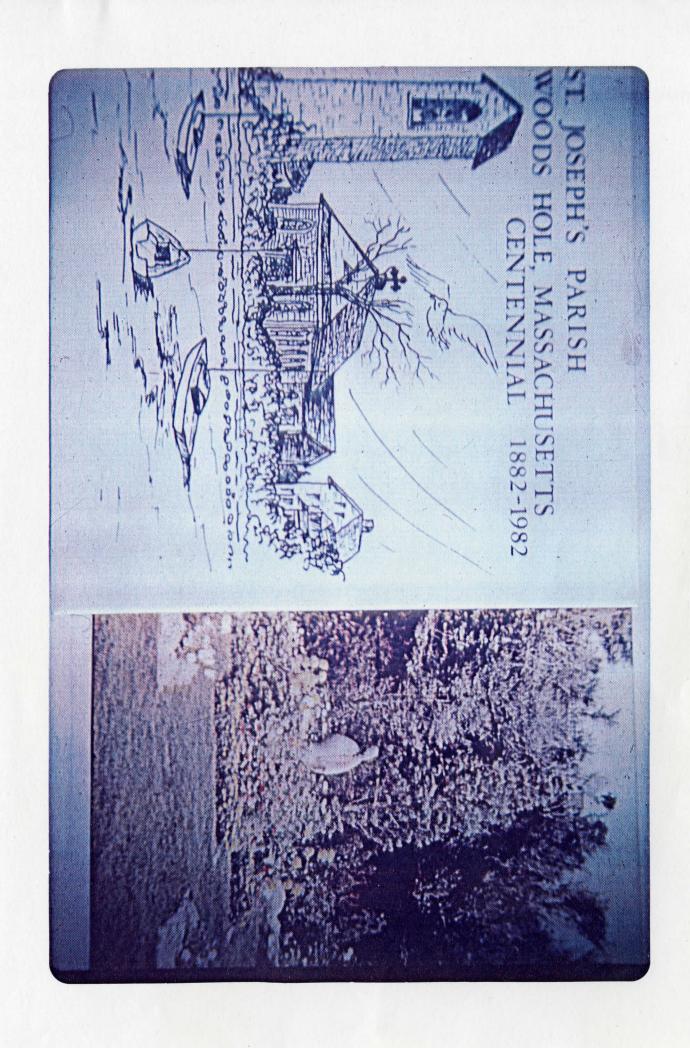
Garden of Our Lady channel religious thought, resolve, prayer, acts and grace towards the sanctification of biological work and towards the maintains ende of salvation, the building of the Peaceable Kingdom, and the renewal of the face of the earth first of through the inscriptions on the Angelus bells, Mendel and Pasteur: "I will teach you of Life and of Life Eternal", and "Thanks be to God".

This is borne out by the press report of the dedication and blessing of the Angelus Tower in 1930, which states that "Following the service in the oratory (in the base of the tower), the procession, followed by many of the crowd, returned to St. Joseph's Church where the bishop (Rt. Rev. James E. Cassidy, Auxiliary Bishop of the Diocese of Fall River) preached a short sermon, linking science with religion, and gave the Benediction of the Elessed Sacrament."

The particular relimines purpose of the tower and garden them serves as the context according to which we are to draw upon the riches of the particular of the library of Catholic classics Mrs. Lillie gave for the tower oratory; of the artistic representation of the Christian joyful mysteries on the bronze oratory door, of the sorrowful mysteries in the stations of the Cross on the oratory walls, and of the glorious mysteries through the symbolical vertical thrust of the tower; of the sculptured figure of Our Lady in the garden; and of the rich religious symbolism of the Flowers of Our Lady planted in the garden.

Further reflection elucidates for us still more specifically the basis for the selection of the Angelus Tower and the Garden and Flowers of Our Lady as the form of this sacramental of biological work. Thus, from the viewpoint of the prescription of biological science and work with life, we see that the Elessed Virgin is that living creature and person who uniquely made possible the opening up to all earthly life, the redemptive action of the supernatural life of God . . . through her fiat were call by acceptance the Angel of the Annunciation to espousal with the Holy for God and, through his action, of the conception and birth of Jesus Christ, the God-man, divine Son of the Father.

In this context, then, the Angelus Pour served recalls for us the fiat of Mary's humility, which enabled her to accept the annunciation of the angel . . . and the Garden and Flowers of Our Lady recall for us her immaculate purity, through which she and responsiveness to Gelin giving was capable of penetration by and attunement to God, whereby she was enabled to give birth to, nurture, educate and cooperate with his and her our live birth to, nurture, educate and cooperate with the Divine Son, Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ, Redeemer of the world and of all life.



Further, the all-encompassing symbolism of the Flowers of Our Lady recalls for us Mary's other excellences, privileges and prerogatives, whereby:

- ... as Mother of Christ, she gives continuing spiritual birth in grace to the ever-increasing membership of his Mystical Body on earth, the Church, and to the souls who form the living stones of the risen Temple of his heavenly body;
- cocyerates it

 . . . as eternal spouse of the Holy Spirit, she perfect his pentacostal spiritual
 action of sanctifying souls and renewing the face of the sarth; and
- erowned in heaven, beholder of the beatific vision of the glorious shining of God's countenance, and Queen of Angels she shares in and shows forth his goodness, mercy, power, providence and other attributes by in the and in Us, mediating, distributing and nurturing them, together with grace and Spirit, for the providential leading of the human family towards the Peaceable Kingdom, through which God's name is to be fully hallowed, on earth as it is in heaven.

Thus perceived, the Angelus Tower and Garden and Flowers of Our Lady form together a magnificent symbol and source of sacramental grace for thought, resolve,
as pivalained by
prayer and acts, directed - in accordance with the inscriptions on the bells - towards
the sanctification and providential ordering of biological science and work, in
accordance with the divine plan for Creation and the world.

Our praying to Mary for her intercession, mediation, distribution and nurturing in the operation of divine grace, Spirit and providence - where others would have us pray directly to God - is not some sort of idolization of Mary or diminishment of God . . . but testimony to our recognition that God has begun to achieve, in any activity Mary, his creative purpose of fully showing forth and sharing his goodness, and attributes, with the human mails whom he created in his image and likeness. "Hail, four of grace, the Lora is with thee."

Having prayed thus to Mary, we then turn directly to God in thanksgiving, praise in and rejoicing that he has thus begun to achieve his creative purpose through Mary

... in confidence that our prayers, both to Mary and so God, thus understood, will be supremely pleasing to God, and that for this reason they will elicit God's special love and Mary's special intercession, such that they, our prayers, will be answered even more bountifully - in outpourings of movements of grace, promptings of Spirit and leadings of providence, towards Salvation, Kingdom and Renewal - than if we had prayed to God alone.

For those of us who, through our work, are in a position to act concretely and in the biological field (or other fields) for Salvation, Kingdom and Renewal, the library of religious classics Mrs. Lillie provided for the tower oratory present the riches of Catholic ascetical and mystical teaching and tradition from we can which to draw to this end. Through them, those of us so resolved, can learn how we beginning with the mortification and purification that come of living by the Ten Commandments; the virtues, precepts and counsels; and the love of God and neighbor that can then act to attune ourselves the such to grace, Spirit and providence of the accordance with such teachers that as:

- Thomas & Kempis' "Movements of Nature and Grace" from the Imitation of Christ
- St. Ignatius of Loyola's (on whose feast, July 315st, the Tower was dedicated and blest) "Spiritual Elections" and "Discernment of Spirits" from the Spiritual Exercises; and
- Fr. J. P. Caussade's Abandonment to Divine Providence.

mediation, distribution and nurturing of the more specific, immediate, movements of grace, promptings of the Spirit, and leadings of providence we need in our personal and work circumstances. Also, whether it is a matter of movements, promptings or leadings, or of basic morality and ethics, we pray always to Mary, Virgin Most Powerful, for in love, the fortitude and strength to do what, we know should be done.

Social

From the viewpoint of the issues of biological power raised in the 1980's by such developments as molecular biology, recombinant DNA, genetic engineering, the mining of top soils and the chemicalisation of horticulture and agriculture, the increasing threat of insect damage to crops due to aggravated ecological imbalance, and the production and stockpiling of means of biological warfare, Mrs. Lillie's act of establishing the Angelus Tower and Garden of Our Lady as a sacramental of biological work in the 1930's seems highly visionary and prophetic.

While there are those who believe that following the logic and determinism of science, technology and marketing wherever they lead will bring us eventually into harmony and peace with the universe, there are others who are increasingly concerned about the ever greater powers that are being released thereby, and who look for harmony and peace in morality and ethics transcending material development. Cardinal Medeiros of Boston, for example, in his remarks to the World Council of Churches Conference on Faith, Science and the Future at M.I.T. in the summer of 1979, addressed himself to both the positive potentials and the dangers of science and technology:

"A Christian faith that ignores or disregards the marvels of scientific technology in agriculture, medecine, and energy is unworthy of the name of religion, and even more unworthy of the mystery of the Incarnation. A technology that ignores or disregards the question of Christian ethics, especially the value it places on man, will quickly reduce the earth to a desert, the person to an automaton, brotherhood to planned collectivization, and introduce death where God wishes life."

However, the application of morality and ethics in concrete, everyday situations have is often not a clear-cut matter, and here is where there will have to be increasing recourse to sacramental means, purification and prayer assumes for making decisions and elections on the basis of grace, Spirit, and providence, as well as morality and ethics, in faith and hope that God and Our Lady will guide us on the way to Salvation, Kingdom and Renewal and to the peace that surpasses understanding.

As we turn, thus, to spiritual resources, it behooves us - especially in this the Centennial year of St. Joseph's and Golden Jubilee of the Garden of Our Lady - to offer a prayer of thanksgiving for the wisdom, spiritual genius and munificence of Mrs. Lillie in bequeathing to us the Woods Hole Tower and Garden.

biocider