Marshall University Marshall Digital Scholar

Performance Collection All Performances

Summer 9-7-2014

Marshall University Music Department Presents a Faculty Recital, AMERICAN MODERN, Michael Stroeher, trombone, Richard Kravchak, oboe, Henning Vauth, piano

Michael Stroeher Marshall University, stroeher@marshall.edu

Richard Kravchak Marshall University, kravchak@marshall.edu

Henning Vauth Marshall University, vauth@marshall.edu

Follow this and additional works at: http://mds.marshall.edu/music perf



Our Part of the Fine Arts Commons, and the Music Performance Commons

Recommended Citation

Stroeher, Michael; Kravchak, Richard; and Vauth, Henning, "Marshall University Music Department Presents a Faculty Recital, AMERICAN MODERN, Michael Stroeher, trombone, Richard Kravchak, oboe, Henning Vauth, piano" (2014). All Performances. 677. http://mds.marshall.edu/music perf/677

This Recital is brought to you for free and open access by the Performance Collection at Marshall Digital Scholar. It has been accepted for inclusion in All Performances by an authorized administrator of Marshall Digital Scholar. For more information, please contact zhangi@marshall.edu, martj@marshall.edu.



School of Music & Theatre

Program

presents a

Faculty Recital

AMERICAN MODERN

Michael Stroeher, trombone

Richard Kravchak, oboe

Henning Vauth, piano

Sunday, September 7, 2014 Smith Recital Hall 3:00 p.m.

This program is presented by the College of Arts and Media through the Department of Music, with the support of student activity funds. For more information about this or other music events, please call (304) 696-3117, or view our website at www.marshall.edu/cam/music.

Conversations, op. 42

John La Montaine (1920-2013)

1. Encounter: Slowly

2. Dispute: Decisively, not fast, brassy3. Affections: Slowly, flowingly

4. Word Games: Lively

Trio for Oboe, Trombone and Piano

Ronald Roseman

(1933-2000)

1. Intrada: Adagio

2. Canzona "Our Common Roots": Allegro con spirito

3. Quasi Passacaglia: Andante maestoso

Intermission

Arrows of Time

Richard Peaslee (b. 1930)

Up: Jazz feeling
Slow-freely

 $3. \) = 160-164$

Three Preludes

George Gershwin (1898-1937)

arr. Michael Stroeher

1. Allegro ben ritmato e deciso

2. Andante con moto

3. Allegro ben ritmato e deciso

Program Notes

Conversations

John La Montaine received his musical education at the Eastman School of Music and the Julliard School, where he studied composition with, among others, Howard Hanson and Nadia Boulanger. An accomplished pianist, her served as pianist and celestist in the NBC Symphony under Arturo Toscanini from 1950 to 1954. He was awarded the 1959 Pulitzer Prize in Music for his *First Piano Concerto*, which the jury cited for "true originality." In 1961 His overture From *Sea to Shining Sea* was the first work to be commissioned for a presidential inauguration, and was performed by the National Symphony at the inauguration of John F. Kennedy.

Conversations was commissioned by the National Federation of Music Clubs in 1977, and was composed in a way that makes the piece adaptable to a number of instruments, including clarinet, flute, violin, trombone, marimba, and viola. The titles of the individual conversations are fairly self-explanatory; I think of them somewhat as "scenes from a marriage," and the different types of conversations that occur. The style of the piece can be characterized as mid-twentieth century American Contemporary, utilizing an extended tonal language with rhythmic variety and drive.

Trio for Oboe, Trombone and Piano

Ronald Roseman was an active performer on oboe, English horn and shawm in the New York City where he served as acting principal oboist with the New York Philharmonic, principal oboist with the New York Chamber Symphony, Bach Aria Group, and as oboist with the New York Woodwind Quintet. He began composing at an early age, and studied composition with Elliott Carter and Henry Cowell.

The *Trio* was written for the Norfolk Chamber Music Festival and premiered there by Roseman, trombonist John Swallow, and pianist Seymour Lipkin, all colleagues at the Yale School of Music. Although thoroughly modern in his melodic, harmonic, and rhythmic language, Roseman hearkens back to the music of the Renaissance in his use of imitation: the second movement entitled "Canzona" "Our Common Roots" makes use of the typical opening long-short-short canzona rhythm typical of of Gabrieli. The third movement, in the form of a passacaglia (a set of variations over a recurring bass line), has the oboist and trombonist pay in quarter steps, which, because of the acoustical qualities of just intonation (another practice of the Renaissance and Baroque), fits with the pitches in the equal-temperament piano.

There is an interesting personal connection of today's performers to the *Trio*: Richard Kravchak studied chamber music with Ronald Roseman at

the Julliard School, and Michael Stroeher studied trombone with John Swallow at the New England Conservatory.

Arrows of Time

Richard Peaslee has written extensively for Broadway, off-Broadway and the London theatre as well as for various dance companies and the concert hall. His compositions are strongly influenced by his study with jazz composer Bill Russo at the Julliard School, and his compositions for jazz band have been performed by Stan Kenton, Gerry Mulligan and the London Jazz Orchestra. His film and television scores include Time/Life's Wide World of Animals and the Joseph Campbell/Bill Moyers series *The Power of Myth* for which he received an Emmy nomination.

Peaslee states about Arrows of Time, "Having once played trombone in high school and college bands it has always been a favorite instrument of mine. One of my main influences has been Bill Russo's trombone writing for the Stan Kenton Orchestra, spearheaded by Frank Rosolino's spectacular solos." Arrows of Time was written for and premiered by Joseph Alessi, principal trombonist of the New York Philharmonic. "As for the title," Peaslee states, "the term appears in Hawking's A Brief History of Time which I had been reading while writing the piece. Little more can be said in explanation other than I liked it as a title."

Three Preludes

George Gershwin had originally intended to follow in the footsteps of J.S. Bach and Frederic Chopin, and compose 24 preludes for piano, one in each key. He managed to complete seven of them, but the publisher was interested in only three, although two others were rearranged for violin and piano and published as *Short Story*. The *Preludes* make use of many elements of jazz style: the first movement is based on the opening blues motive, with an underlying Latin rhythmic base; the second, Gershwin referred to as a "a sort of blues lullaby" (although I think of it more as a late-night street scene); the third returns to a Latin rhythmic style.

255

If you would like to support the Department of Music through a donation and assist with student scholarships, academic travel for students and ensembles, or general support of the department please contact:

Melanie Griffis, Director of Development

College of Arts and Media SH 161/304-696-2834 griffism@marshall.edu