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### Simulating Magnetospheres with Numerical Relativity: The GiRaFFE code

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# 227<sup>th</sup> Meeting – American Astronomical Society – Kissimmee, FL – Jan. 4-8, 2016 **Simulating Magnetospheres with Numerical Relativity:** the GiRaFFE code

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# Background

✓ Numerical Relativity is successful in the simulation of black holes and gravitational waves. In recent years, teams have tackled the problem of the interaction of gravitational and electromagnetic waves.

## Motivaton

 $\checkmark$  Where there are plasmas, the simulations  $\checkmark$  We are creating the first open-source, often have trouble reproducing nature. Neutron stars, black hole accretion disks, astrophysical jets, are extreme environments both gravitationally and electromagnetically.

# Objective

dynamical spacetime general relativity force-free electrodynamics code: GiRaFFE ✓ The code and afferent tests will be released to the numerical relativity community.









### Formalism

- ✓ The force-free regime is the limit of ideal MHD when the magnetic fields dominate
- ✓ Force-free constraints  $E \cdot B = o$  and  $E^2 < B^2$
- ✓ Force-Free Electrodynamics (FFE) is a limit of ideal MHD with negligible plasma inertia.
- ✓ FFE applies to highly-conducting tenuous plasma, not to electrovacuum environment.
- Electrovacuum solutions satisfying the force-free conditions, are force-free as well.
- ✓ Force-free conditions  $\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{B} = o$  and  $E^2 < B^2$
- ✓ Replace **E** with Poynting vector  $S_{\mu} = -n_{\nu}T^{EM}_{\mu\nu}$ ✓ In **S-B** formulation  $S_i B^i = o$  and  $S^2 < B^4$



## **Numerical Recipe**

- ✓ The "conservative" evolved variables:  $(B^i, S_i)$
- $\checkmark$  The "primitive" recovered variables: ( $B^i, v_i$ )
- 1. Ignore the matter by removing from the GRMHD code the perfect fluid stress tensor 2. Add algorithm for the primitives recovery.  $\checkmark S_i B^i = o$  is enforced algebraically after each evolution timestep:  $S_i \rightarrow S_i - (S_i B^j) B^i / B^2$
- ✓  $S^2 < B^4$  is enforced in the same time by:  $\tilde{S}_i \rightarrow \tilde{S}_i \min(1, f), f = factor(B^4, S^{-2})$
- ✓ Current sheets break down  $S^2 < B^4 (E^2 < B^2)$
- ✓ The velocity normal to the current sheet is set to zero within 4 points around equator.

t=0

0

0.5

Alfven wave

1.5

- Exact initial solutions for the pair  $(A_i, v^i)$  $\checkmark$
- ✓ The 1D tests assume Minkowski spacetime
  - 1. Fast wave
  - 2. 2. Alfven wave
  - 3. Degenerate Alfven wave
  - 4. Three waves
  - 5. FFE breakdown
- ✓ The 3D tests assume Kerr-Schild spacetime
  - 1. Split monopole
  - 2. Exact Wald electrovacuum
  - 3. Magnetospheric Wald
  - 4. Force-free aligned rotator
  - 5. Exact null<sup>+</sup> solutions





1.4

1.3

1.2

1.1

-1.5

t=2

-0.5

1.2

В



# Conclusions

✓ We developed a new code for the numerical simulation of neutron and black hole magnetospheres, using the FFE formalism. ✓ We tested the performance of the new code named GiRaFFE, in 1D and 3D test suits. ✓ We will study magnetospheres, focusing on jets by the Blandford -Znajek mechanism.

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