

#### Western Washington University Western CEDAR

Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference

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Apr 4th, 3:45 PM - 4:00 PM

## Performance of porous asphalt pavements: stormwater quantity and quality mitigation

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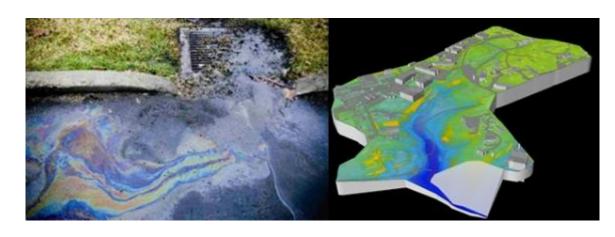
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Jayakaran, Anand; Knappenberger, Thorsten; Stark, John D.; and Hinman, Curtis, "Performance of porous asphalt pavements: stormwater quantity and quality mitigation" (2018). *Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference*. 77.

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# Performance of Porous Asphalt Pavements - Stormwater Quantity & Quality Mitigation



Ani Jayakaran<sup>1</sup>, Thorsten Knappenberger<sup>2</sup>, John Stark<sup>3</sup>

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1) Porous asphalt QUANTITY – ability to attenuate stormwater, and effect of maintenance on infiltration rates

Attenuates peak flows, absorbs a LOT of rainfall

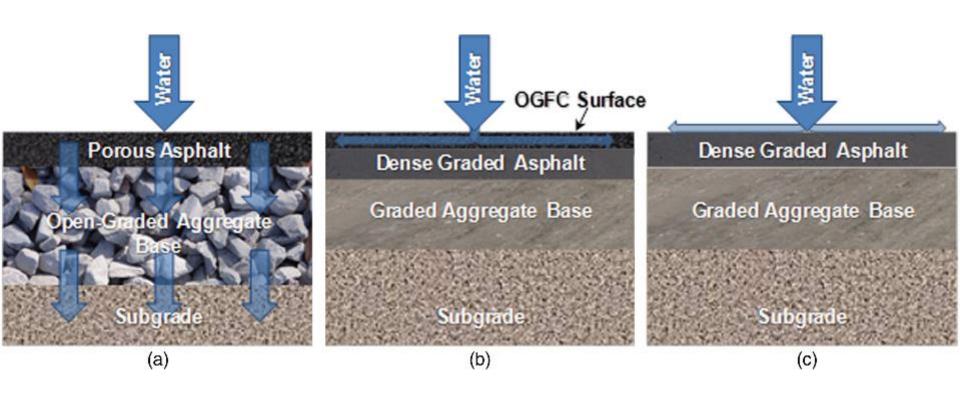
2) Porous asphalt QUALITY – pollutant treatment in general, effect of drain depth

Great for particulate matter!

#### **Permeable Pavements**

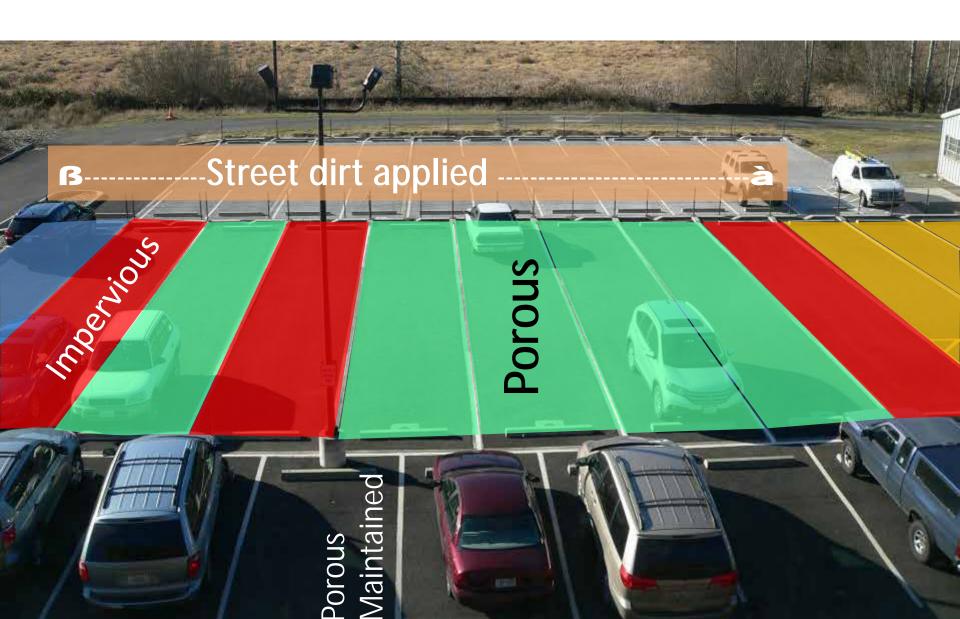


# **Porous Asphalt Study**



Putman, B.J. and Kline, L.C., 2012. Comparison of mix design methods for porous asphalt mixtures. *Journal of Materials in Civil Engineering*, 24(11), pp.1359-1367.

# Porous Asphalt Experiment

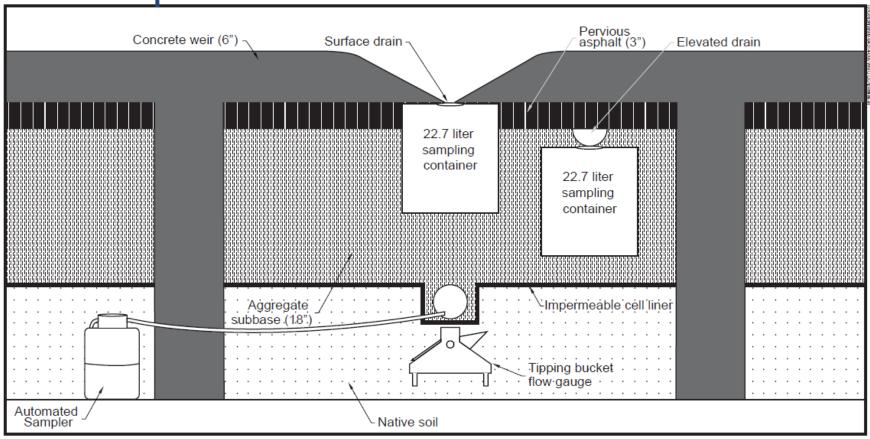


# Porous asphalt outflow

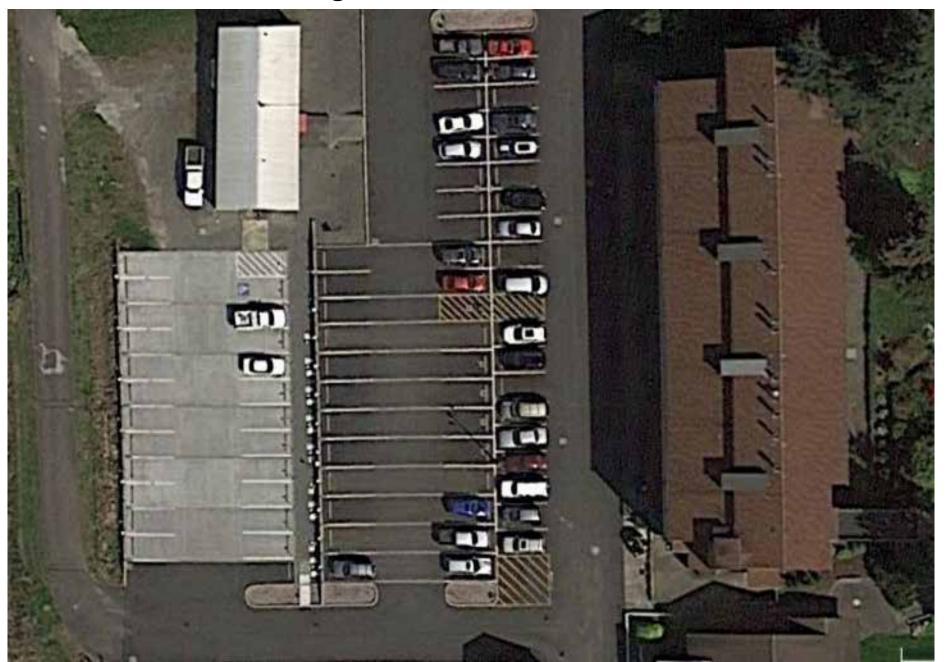


## Porous Asphalt – water quality

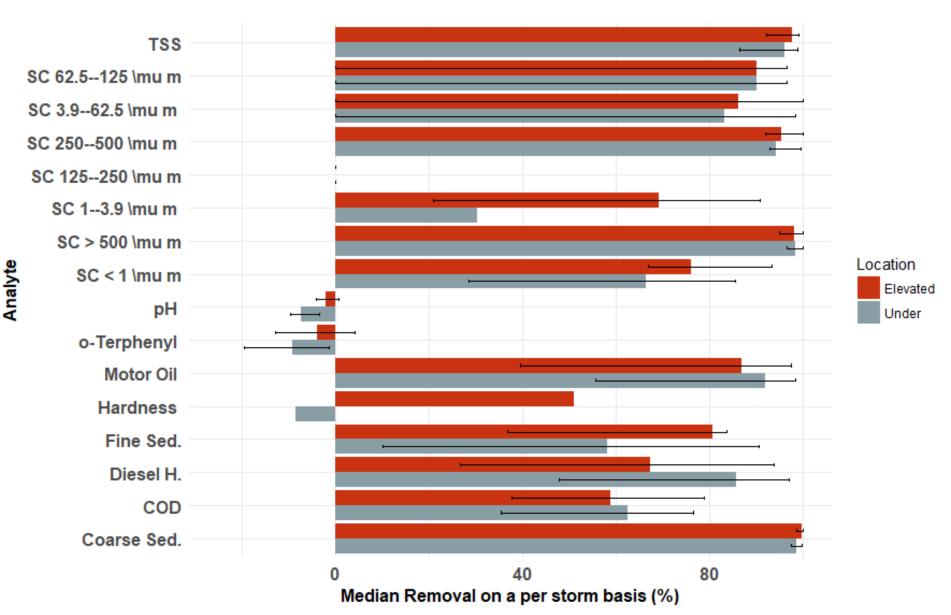
Porous asphalt



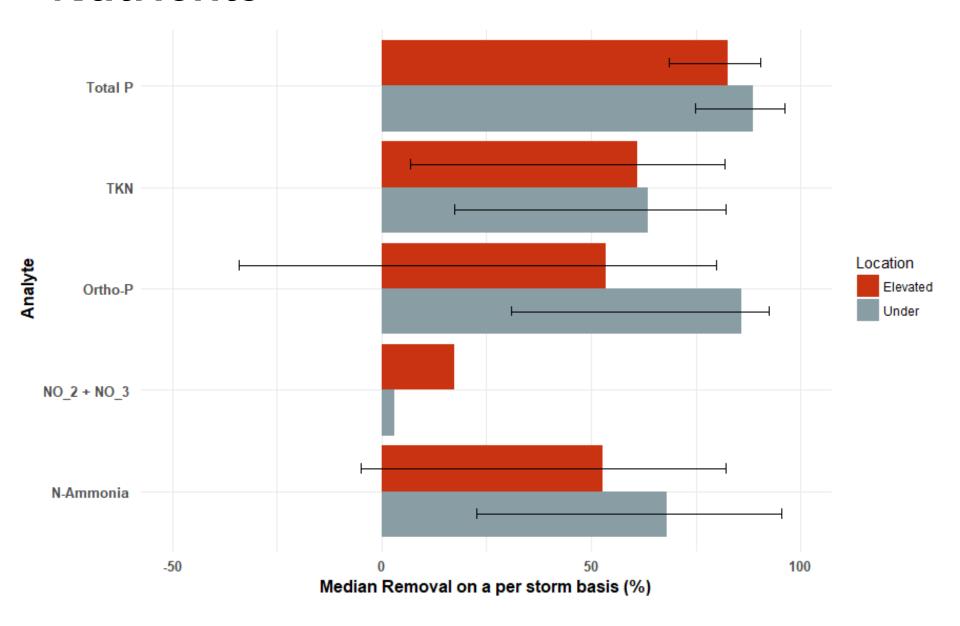
# **Water Quality Results**



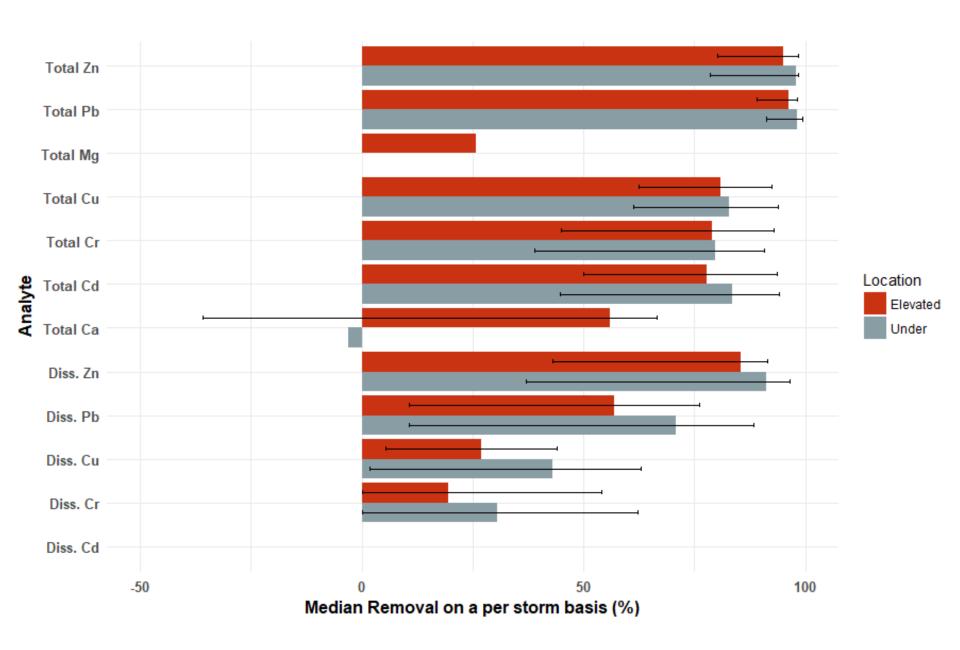
#### Conventionals



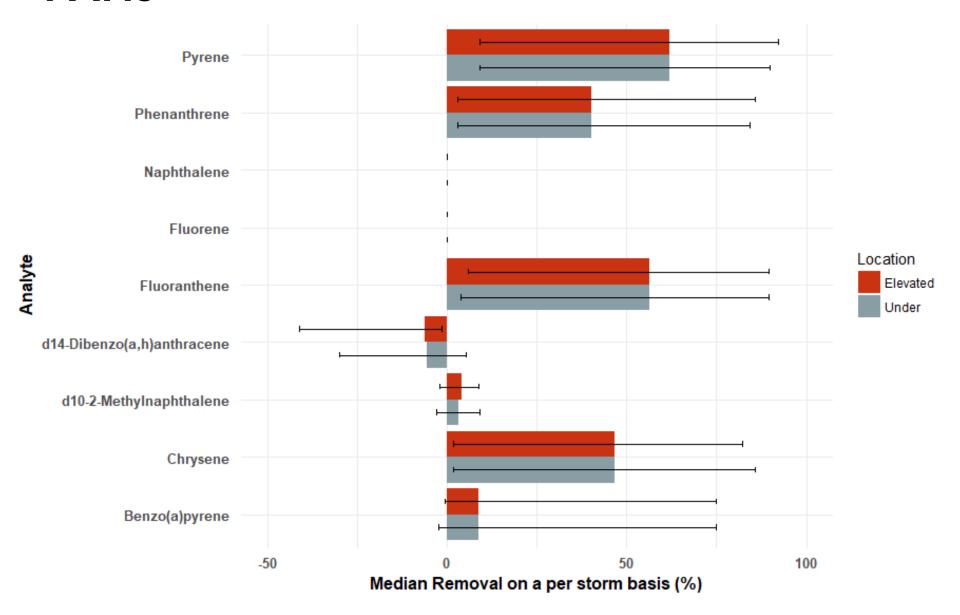
### **Nutrients**

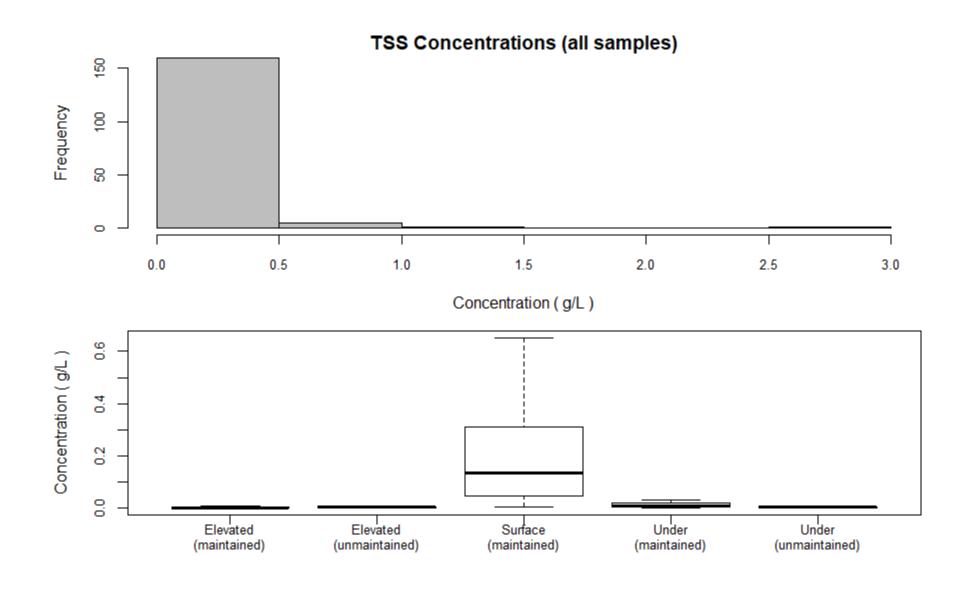


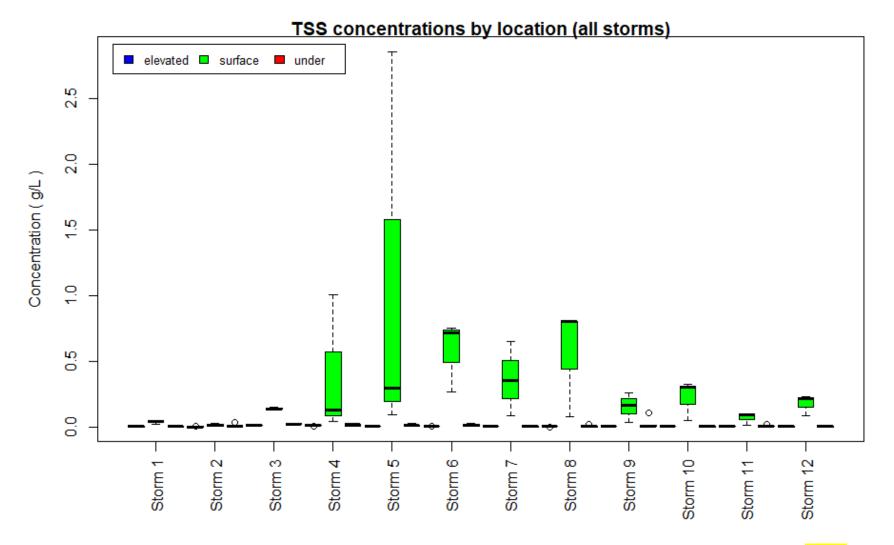
#### Metals



#### **PAHs**

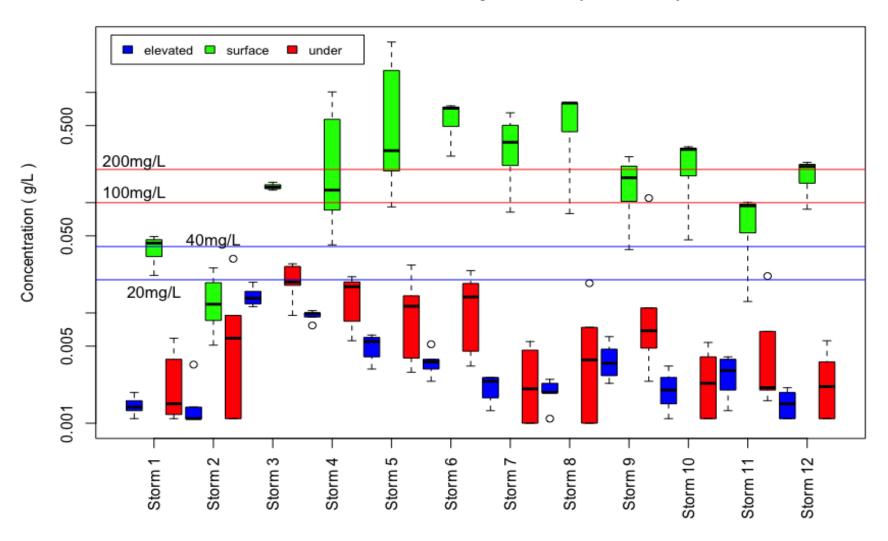




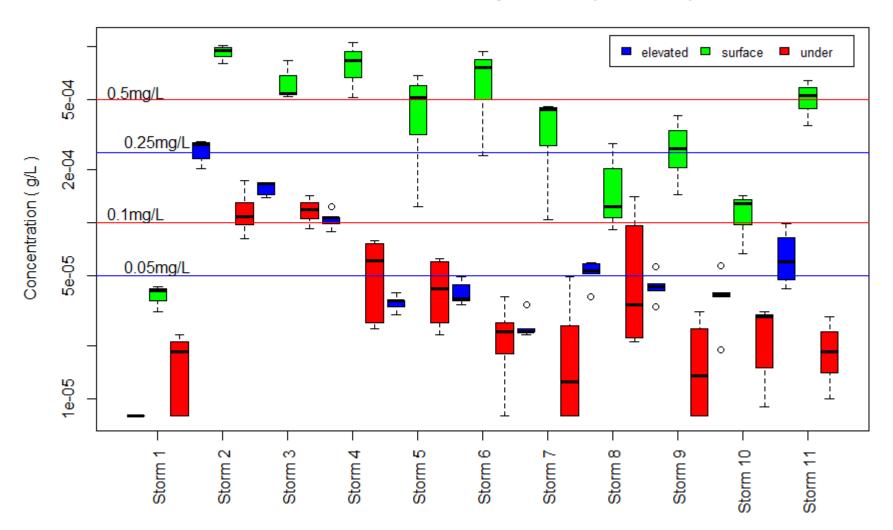


Performance Goal: The Basic Treatment Menu facility choices are intended to achieve 80% removal of total suspended solids for influent concentrations that are greater than 100 mg/l, but less than 200 mg/l. For influent concentrations greater than 200 mg/l, a higher treatment goal may be appropriate. For influent concentrations less than 100 mg/l, the facilities are intended to achieve an effluent goal of 20 mg/l total suspended solids.

#### TSS concentrations by location (all storms)

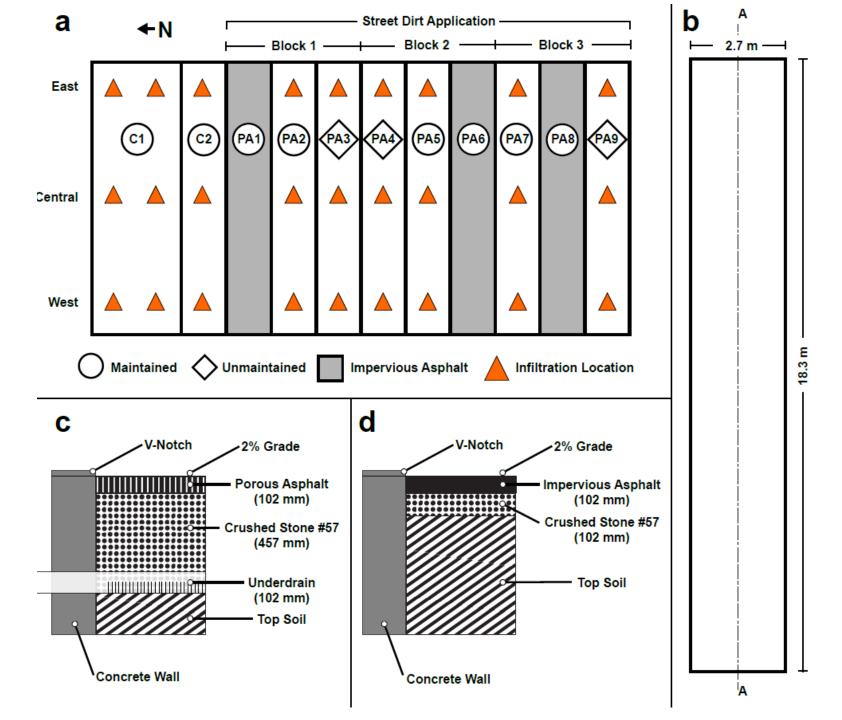


#### Total P concentrations by location (all storms)



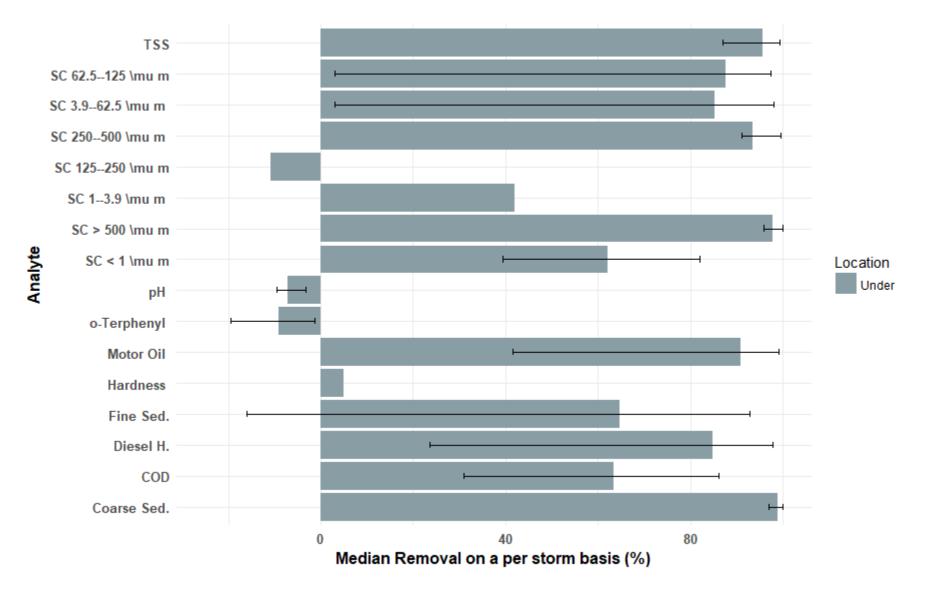
• Phosphorus Treatment: 50 percent removal of TP for influent concentrations ranging from 0.1 to 0.5 mg/L.



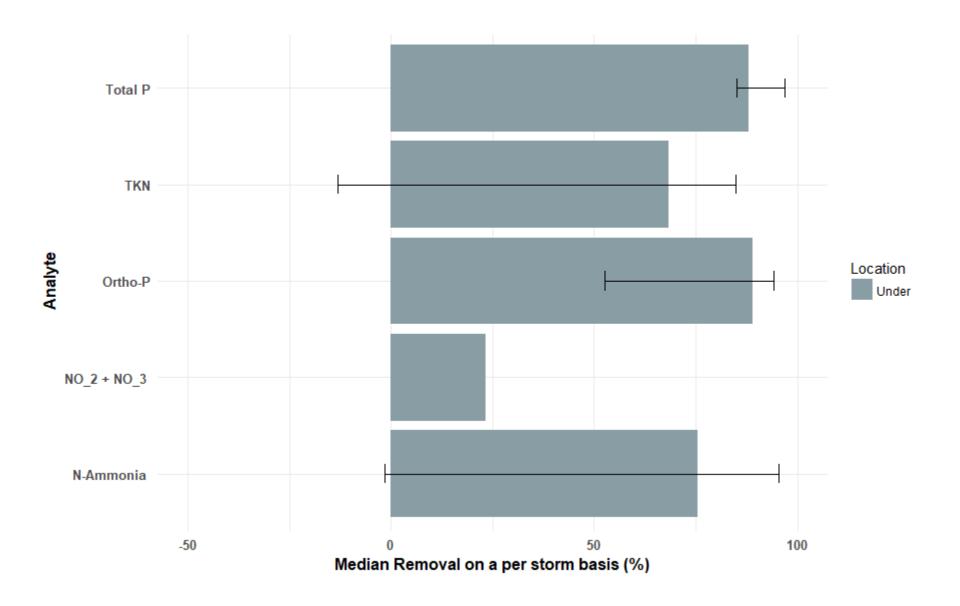


- Basic Treatment: 80 percent removal of TSS for influent concentrations that are greater than 100 milligrams/liter (mg/L), but less than 200 mg/L. For influent concentrations greater than 200 mg/L, a higher treatment goal may be appropriate. For influent concentrations less than 100 mg/L, the facilities are intended to achieve an effluent goal of 20 mg/L TSS.
- Enhanced Treatment: Provide a higher rate of removal of dissolved metals than most basic treatment facilities. The performance goal assumes that the facility is treating stormwater with dissolved copper typically ranging from 0.003 to 0.02 mg/L, and dissolved zinc ranging from 0.02 to 0.3 mg/L. Data collected for an "enhanced" best management practice (BMP) should demonstrate significantly higher removal rates than basic treatment facilities.
- Phosphorus Treatment: 50 percent removal of TP for influent concentrations ranging from 0.1 to 0.5 mg/L.
- Oil Treatment: No ongoing or recurring visible sheen, a daily average total petroleum hydrocarbon concentration no greater than 10 mg/L, and a maximum of 15 mg/L for a discrete (grab) sample.

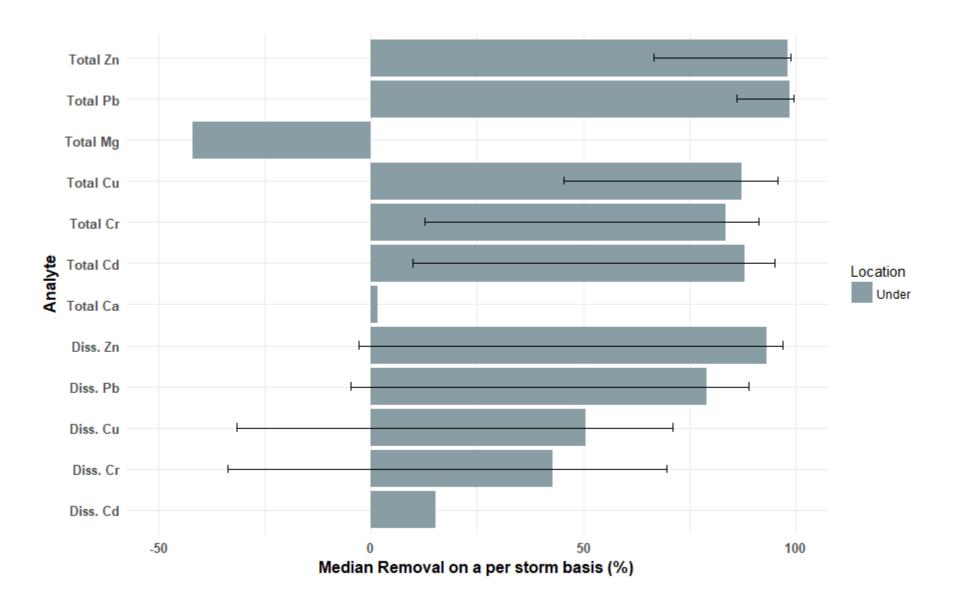
#### **Conventionals Loads**



#### **Nutrient Loads**



#### **Metals Loads**



#### **PAH Loads**

