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Profile of Alumni from the Class of 1992, part one: Three to Four Years in the Workplace

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<u>Profile of Alumni from the Class of 1992</u> Part One: Three to Four Years in the Workplace

Prepared by George Cvetkovich, Gary R. McKinney, Joseph E. Trimble, and Richard Frye

Introduction

A survey of Western Washington University alumni from the class of 1992 (fall quarter, 1991, through summer quarter, 1992) was conducted over the course of two quarters, winter through spring, 1996. The amount of time passed between an alumni's graduation and participation in the survey was a minimum of three years and two

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quarters and a maximum of four years and two quarters. Previous alumni surveys done at Western followed the Higher Education Coordinating Board's standard of one year to eighteen months from graduation. (Results

from these surveys--four have been completed to date--are available through the Office of Survey Research.)

Assessment researchers at Western were familiar enough with alumni survey literature to believe that a more complete analysis of alumni satisfaction should also include findings from alumni further from graduation than a year to eighteen months. This survey of alumni three to four years from graduation was conducted to complement and enrich Western's alumni survey research series.

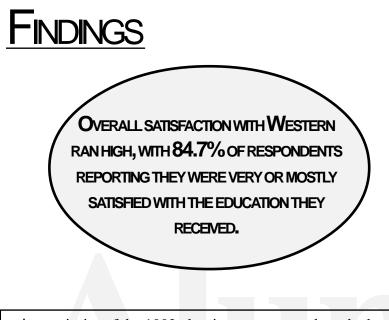
The survey was conducted through the mail and administered by the Office of Survey Research. The first mailing on January 12, 1996, was to the entire

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1992 graduating class of 1,917 students. The first reminder was mailed February 8; the second reminder (including a new survey form) was mailed April 19; and the last reminder was mailed May 10. Ultimately, 843 alumni from the class of 1992 responded to the

survey. The 44.0% participation rate, though respectable, was not as strong as in other alumni survey administrations. The probable causes for this include the longer period since graduation, and slightly more lengthy survey form. Overall, however, the total number of returned questionnaires was satisfactory.



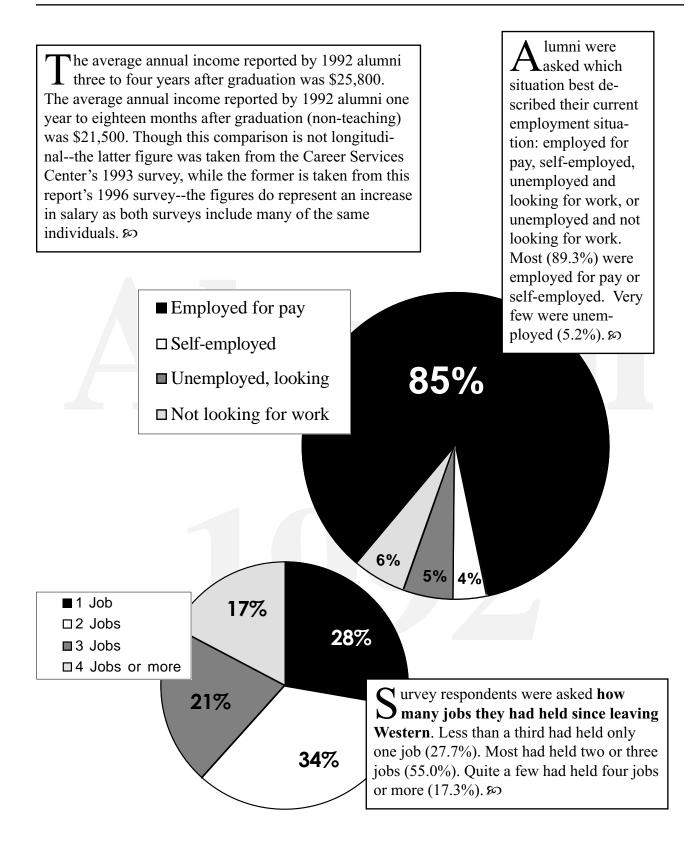


A majority of the 1992 alumi survey respondents had entered Western as freshmen (54.5%). About a third had entered as transfers with Associate of Arts degrees (33.2%), while the remaining respondents had transferred without an AA degree (12.4%). 89

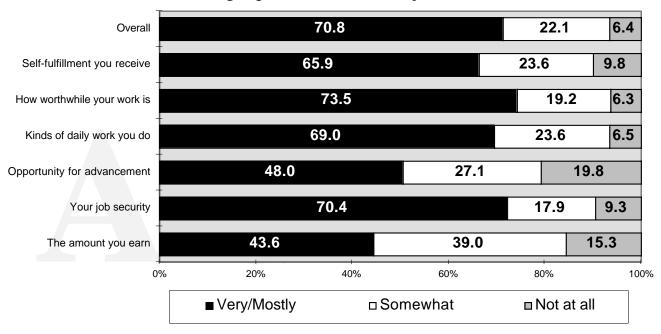
• esides *overall* satisfaction, Sixteen other areas of satisfaction were polled. In all but three areas, a majority of respondents were satisfied with Western's contribution to their growth. Some areas (learning independently, 83.5%; working cooperatively in a group, 81.8%; and defining and solving problems, 77.3%) received high percentages. One response in particular--being ready for a career--received a rather low percentage (47.8%). This finding would appear critical, and may suggest some further investigation. Also, an analysis of satisfaction with being ready for graduate school appears on page six of this report. 80

Table 1: "Please indicate how satisfied you are withWestern's contribution to your growth in each of the
following areas:"

Very/Mostly Satisfied	
83.5	Learning independently
81.8	Working cooperatively in a group
77.3	Defining and solving problems
68.9	Understanding differing philosophies and cultures
67.7	Critically analyzing written information
66.2	Understanding the interaction of society and the environment
64.4	Writing effectively
63.0	Understanding and applying quantitative principles and methods
55.4	Speaking effectively
53.9	Understanding and appreciating the arts
52.9	Understanding and applying scientific principles and methods
51.7	Being able to develop a satisfying meaning for life
50.8	Being able to cope with life changes and stress
49.0	Recognizing your rights, responsibilities, & privileges as a citizen
47.8	Being ready for a career

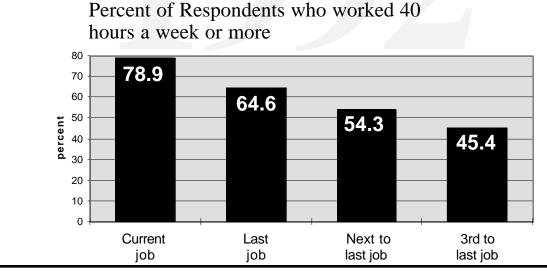


◆ Most 1992 Western alumni were satisfied with their jobs overall (70.8%), as well as were satisfied with how important and worthwhile their jobs were (73.5%). Respondents were far less satisfied with the amount they earned (43.6%), or with their opportunities for advancement (48.0%).

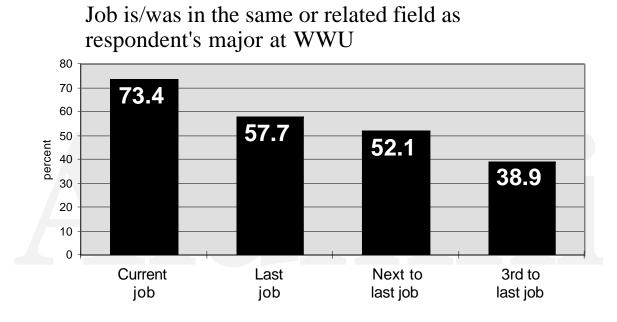


How satisfied are you with each of the following aspects of current/last job

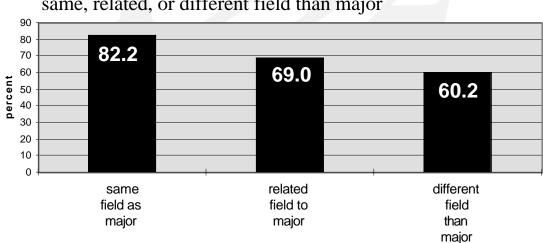
• Findings indicated that as 1992 alumni moved through the workforce, they began with jobs that required them to work less than full time. While over three-quarters of respondents (78.9%) currently worked jobs requiring 40 hour weeks, less than half (45.4%) worked full time at their third to last jobs—in other words, at jobs they held closer to their quarter of graduation from Western.



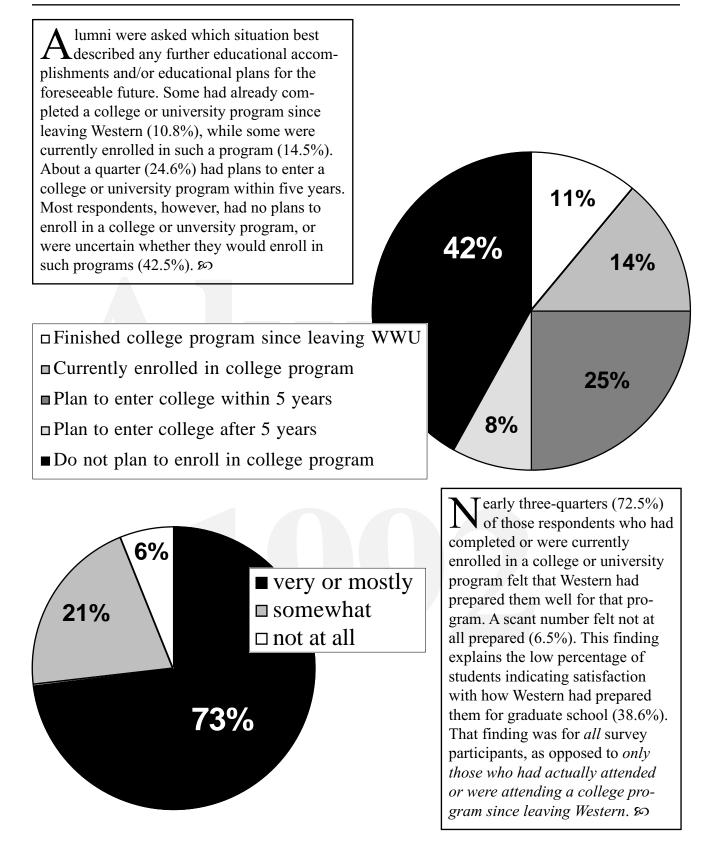
Office of Institutional Assessment and Testing ◆ A trend of interest was noted when 1992 alumni were asked which of their jobs was in the same or related field as their undergraduate major. For the third-to-last job respondents held, 38.9% indicated that it was related to their major. That figure rose to 52.1% for their next-to-last job, then jumped to 73.4% for their current job. Also of interest was the finding that having a job within one's major was unaffected by what that major was, nor was it affected by gender, or Western gpa.



• Findings were quite clear that alumni job satisfaction was affected by the opportunity to work at a job within the same field as their college major. For 1992 graduates working at jobs in the same field as their major, 82.2% indicated they were very or mostly satisfied with their jobs overall. This figure fell to 69.0% for graduates working at jobs in fields related to their majors, and fell further to 60.2% for graduates working at jobs in fields different than their majors.



Overall, very or mostly satisfied with current job by same, related, or different field than major



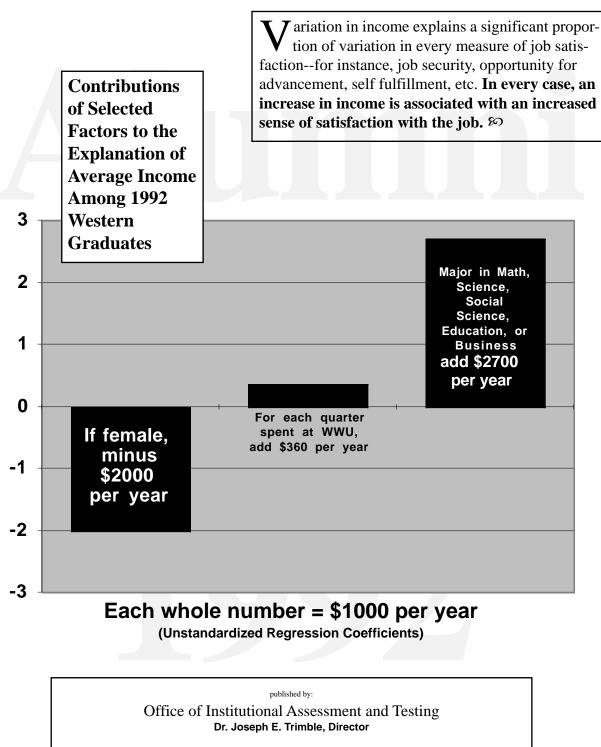
N ative students were earning more than their transfer counterparts-on average \$2500 more per year. This finding was statistically significant, though native/transfer status explained only a very small proportion of the observed income variation. Further investigation of this result suggests that graduates who spent less than two years at Western had incomes, on average, some \$5300 less than graduates who spent more than two years at Western. Again, although this result was significant statistically, it also accounts for only a small proportion of the observed income variation. Nevertheless, it is a puzzling result. It is not associated with differences in gender, hours employed, major, gpa, current employment status, or whether an AA degree had been earned. ∞

MALE GRADUATES WERE EARNING MORE THAN THEIR FEMALE COUNTERPARTS, WITH MEN EARNING ON AVERAGE **\$27,400** A YEAR COMPARED TO **\$24,850** FOR WOMEN. MALE GRADU-ATES ALSO HAD MORE COLLEGE DEBT THAN FEMALES, WITH MEN HAVING ACCUMLATED **\$6,400** OF COLLEGE DEBT COMPARED TO **\$4,700** FOR FEMALES. STUDENTS WHO GRADUATED IN BUSINESS, EDUCA-TION, MATH, SCIENCE, SOCIAL SCIENCE, AND OTHER APPLIED FIELDS HAD AVERAGE INCOMES SOME \$3400 HIGHER THAN STUDENTS IN HUMANITIES, LANGUAGES, ARTS, FAIRHAVEN, AND ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES. HOWEVER, IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THERE WAS A WIDE VARIATION AROUND THESE AVERAGES, SO RESULTS MUST BE VIEWED WITH CONSIDERABLE CAUTION.

These data fits a linear model suggesting that each additional quarter at Western is worth about \$360 per year. This trend holds for alumni who took up to six years to graduate, then falls somewhat. The result was significant, and explains more of the observed variation in income (about 10%) than any other variable. This effect can be explained, in part, by the fact that some majors associated with higher incomes require significantly more time to complete; for instance, math/science majors averaged 12.7 quarters, compared to the overall average of 11.6. On the other end of the scale, low income earners include graduates from Fairhaven (10.2 quarters), and arts (10.6 quarters). Counter to this trend, however, were business majors, who averaged 11.5 quarters, about the same as the overall average, and who were also high earners. \Re

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