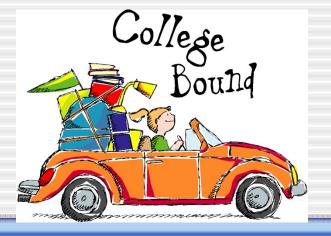
#### Surviving and Thriving: Essential Ingredients for Social Success in College



#### Kate Altman, M.S.

## **The Early Years**

- Diagnosis
- Early intervention
- ABA, DIR-Floortime, Wraparound...
- I.E.P.s
- Social Skills Groups
- Autistic Support
- Individual Therapy
- Support from mom and dad
- Preschool, elementary school, middle school, high school...graduation!



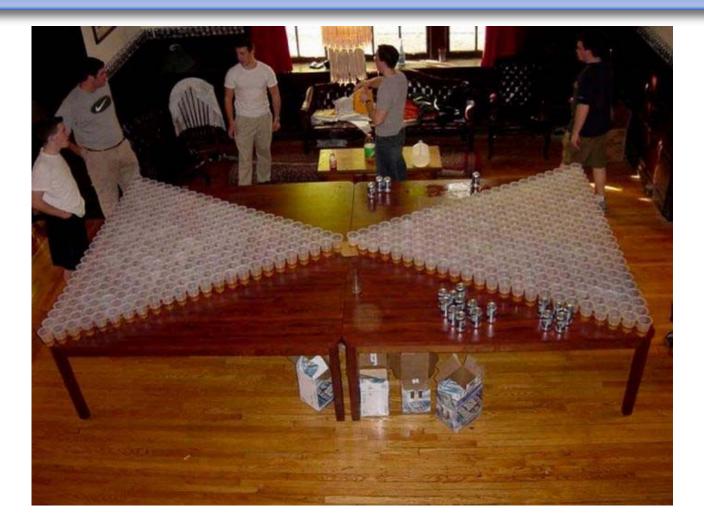


- Research on college students with ASDs is woefully lacking
- Supports for college students with ASDs range from nonexistent to inadequate to brand new, depending on the college

# **Our Study**

- 13 participants—self selected (positive bias?)
- 1-hour long semi-structured interviews
  - Why interviews?
- Range of demographics
  - Ages 18 to 23
  - 6 females & 7 males
  - Small colleges & large universities
  - East coast schools (NY, PA, NJ)
- The question: What is the college social experience like for college students with ASDs?
  - Apply what we learn to creating better supports & interventions

#### Why Social Experiences??



## Why Social Experiences?

- 1 out of 88 diagnosed with ASDs (CDC, 2008)
  - Many with the academic abilities and interest necessary for college success
- Less support in college than during first 18 years
- Student with ASDs tend to drop out for social reasons, NOT academic
- Research on employment and life satisfaction for adults with ASD is grim
  - Usually due to social reasons (interpersonal difficulties, loneliness, etc.)
  - (Jobe & White, 2007; Jennes-Coussens, Magill-Evans & Koning, 2006; Howlin, 2004).

## **Why Social Experiences?**

- Socializing in college is important developmentally
- College can serve as a time to learn and experiment socially in a structured, safe environment



#### What We Learned

- College students with ASDs are diverse with unique sets of strengths and needs
- Understanding the individual is the MOST IMPORTANT step towards appropriate support!



#### **The Good News!**

- 100% of the participants feel accepted at college
  - 55% felt accepted in high school
  - College students are more accepting and mature
  - May be self-selection bias
- 77% made real, satisfying friendships
  - Making friends is easier in college
- 77% said college has boost their self-esteem
  - Most felt less confident or not confident at all before college

- 1.) Making Friends:
  - Why it might be difficult:
    - ASD symptoms will likely impact socialization
      - Reading social cues
      - Talking too much
      - Not knowing when to talk
      - Prosopagnosia
    - Social anxiety in new situations and in large social settings

1.) Making Friends:

Step outside your comfort zone

- BUT socially successful students worked around these challenges
  - Found friends in classes, dorms, and through clubs/activities
- Avoid socializing exclusively online
- Be aware of hyperfocusing on a friendship
  - Ask for feedback: "Am I crowding you?"

# 2.) Join clubs & activities that appeal to your interests

- Colleges offer a variety of organizations, clubs,activities
- Meet like-minded peers!
- Clubs offer structure, reliability, regular social contact



- 3.) Join (or start) an on campus or off campus ASD social/support group
  - Increase support base
  - Communicate with others who have similar
    - perspectives/challenges/strengths etc.
  - Aid one another in self-advocacy

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- 4.) Pick a living situation that suits your needs and social interests
  - -At home (first year or two)
  - -On campus, alone or with roommates
    - o Consider a suite
    - o Communicate with roommates!

- 5.) DATING: It's scary, but you might want to consider it...
  - Majority of participants would like to date at some point, but do not currently
  - There is always a reason to put it off
  - College is a good time to meet people your age who share your interests
  - Proceed with caution and support!



- 6.) Enlist professional help
  -Therapist specializing in ASDs
  -College counseling center
  - Ask about expertise in ASDs



#### 7.) Consider self-disclosure. Carefully

- Those who self-disclosed their ASDs to trusted peers felt doing so elicited support and understanding
- A few had bad experiences when disclosing to peers they didn't know well
- Many do not disclose to avoid judgment
- Recommendation: consider self-disclosing to trusted peers
  - How do you know who is trustworthy?

# Conclusion: Helpful Tidbits

Advice from the participants for prospective college students with ASDs

- Be yourself and try to accept who you are
- Be proactive and step outside your comfort zone
- Go with the flow
- And have fun!

#### **Questions? Feedback?**

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