

*Physics**Physics Research Publications*

*Purdue University**Year 2006*

Measurement of the $t\bar{t}$
production cross section in $p\bar{p}$
collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

A. Abulencia, D. Acosta, J. Adelman, T. Affolder, T. Akimoto, M. G. Albrow, D. Ambrose, S. Amerio, D. Amidei, A. Anastassov, K. Anikeev, A. Annovi, J. Antos, M. Aoki, G. Apollinari, J. F. Arguin, T. Arisawa, A. Artikov, W. Ashmanskas, A. Attal, F. Azfar, P. Azzi-Bacchetta, P. Azzurri, N. Bacchetta, H. Bachacou, W. Badgett, A. Barbaro-Galtieri, V. E. Barnes, B. A. Barnett, S. Baroiant, V. Bartsch, G. Bauer, F. Bedeschi, S. Behari, S. Belforte, G. Bellettini, J. Bellinger, A. Belloni, E. Ben Haim, D. Benjamin, A. Beretvas, J. Beringer, T. Berry, A. Bhatti, M. Binkley, D. Bisello, R. E. Blair, C. Blocker, B. Blumenfeld, A. Bocci, A. Bodek, V. Boisvert, G. Bolla, A. Bolshov, D. Bortoletto, J. Boudreau, A. Boveia, B. Brau, C. Bromberg, E. Brubaker, J. Budagov, H. S. Budd, S. Budd, K. Burkett, G. Busetto, P. Bussey, K. L. Byrum, S. Cabrera, M. Campanelli, M. Campbell, F. Canelli, A. Canepa, D. Carlsmith, R. Carosi, S. Carron, M. Casarsa, A. Castro, P. Catastini, D. Cauz, M. Cavalli-Sforza, A. Cerri, L. Cerrito, S. H. Chang, J. Chapman, Y. C. Chen, M. Chertok, G. Chiarelli, G. Chlachidze, F. Chlebana, I. Cho, K. Cho, D. Chokheli, J. P. Chou, P. H. Chu, S. H. Chuang, K. Chung, W. H. Chung, Y. S. Chung, M. Ciljak, C. I. Ciobanu, M. A. Ciocci, A. Clark, D. Clark, M. Coca, G. Compostella, M. E. Convery, J. Conway, B. Cooper, K. Copic, M. Cordelli, G. Cortiana, F. Cresciolo, A. Cruz, C. C. Almenar, J. Cuevas, R. Culbertson, D. Cyr, S. DaRonco, S. D'Auria, M. D'Onofrio, D. Dagenhart, P. de Barbaro, S. De Cecco, A. Deisher, G. De Lentdecker, M. Dell'Orso, F. D. Paoli, S. Demers, L. Demortier, J. Deng, M. Deninno, D. De Pedis, P. F. Derwent, C. Dionisi, J. R. Dittmann, P. Ditturo, C. Dorr, S. Donati, M. Donega, P. Dong, J. Donini, T. Dorigo, S. Dube, K. Ebina, J. Efron, J. Ehlers, R. Erbacher, D. Errede, S. Errede, R. Eusebi, H. C. Fang, S. Farrington, I. Fedorko, W. T. Fedorko, R. G. Feild, M. Feindt, J. P. Fernandez, R. Field, G. Flanagan, L. R. Flores-Castillo, A. Foland, S. Forrester, G. W. Foster, M. Franklin, J. C. Freeman, I. Furic, M. Gallinaro, J. Galyardt, J. E. Garcia, M. G. Sciveres, A. F. Garfinkel, C. Gay, H. Gerberich, D. Gerdes, S. Giagu, P. Giannetti, A. Gibson, K. Gibson, C. Ginsburg,

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Measurement of the $t\bar{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

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We present a measurement of the top quark pair production cross section in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV using 318 pb^{-1} of data collected with the Collider Detector at Fermilab. We select $t\bar{t}$ decays into the final states $e\nu + \text{jets}$ and $\mu\nu + \text{jets}$, in which at least one b quark from the t -quark decays is identified using a secondary vertex-finding algorithm. Assuming a top quark mass of $178 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, we measure a cross section of $8.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.1}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$. We also report the first observation of $t\bar{t}$ with significance greater than 5σ in the subsample in which both b quarks are identified, corresponding to a cross section of $10.1_{-1.4}^{+1.6}(\text{stat})_{-1.3}^{+2.0}(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$.

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The top quark completes the third quark generation in the standard model (SM). Because of its large mass, nearly 40 times greater than that of the next heaviest quark, the top quark can at present be studied only at the Fermilab Tevatron, a $p\bar{p}$ collider with a center-of-mass energy (\sqrt{s}) of 1.96 TeV. In these collisions, the SM top quark is mostly produced in pairs through $q\bar{q}$ annihilation and gluon fusion with a total theoretical cross section of $6.1_{-0.8}^{+0.6} \text{ pb}$ [1] for a

mass of $178 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ [2]. Previous measurements of the $t\bar{t}$ production cross section ($\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$) performed at the Tevatron [3,4] were consistent with SM expectations but suffered from large uncertainties due to small event samples. With significant enhancements in the integrated luminosity and our sensitivity to t -quark decay products, we are no longer limited by statistical uncertainties, now reaching a precision comparable to that of the theory.

The top quark decays predominantly to a W boson and a bottom quark. We expect the top quark signal significance to be greatest in the lepton + jets channel, in which top quark pairs decay through the chain $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+W^-b\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}'b\bar{b}$. A typical $t\bar{t}$ event in this decay channel will include an electron or muon with large transverse momentum (p_T), four jets corresponding to the four final-state quarks, and an imbalance in the total transverse energy in the event (\cancel{E}_T) from the undetected neutrino [5]. We distinguish $t\bar{t}$ events from background by requiring at least one jet to be identified as a bottom quark (b tagged) using the secondary vertex-finding algorithm (SECVTX) described in Ref. [3]. We have reoptimized the algorithm to enhance the efficiency for b tagging two jets per event; the sample of events with this signature is dominated by $t\bar{t}$ (>90% pure), making it an ideal environment for direct determination of top quark properties. In this Letter, we present a measurement of the $t\bar{t}$ cross section in b -tagged lepton + jets events, and we also report the first observation of $t\bar{t}$ with significance greater than 5σ in doubly b -tagged events.

Results reported here are obtained using 318 pb^{-1} of integrated luminosity collected between March 2002 and August 2004 by the Collider Detector at Fermilab (CDF II). The CDF II detector [6] is a general-purpose particle detector located at one of the two interaction points at the Tevatron Collider. Inside a 1.4 T solenoidal magnetic field, a large open-cell drift chamber, the central outer tracker (COT) [7], and an eight-layer silicon system [8] provide tracking information. The COT covers the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 1.1$ and provides a long lever arm for track curvature measurements. The silicon system provides three-dimensional hit information between radii of 1.3 and 28 cm, with an $r - \phi$ impact parameter resolution of $\sim 40 \mu\text{m}$ (including a $30 \mu\text{m}$ contribution from the beam spot). Outside the solenoid, electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters surround the tracking volume in a projective tower geometry, identifying jets and electrons with $|\eta| < 3.6$. Electron energies are measured in the central electromagnetic calorimeter for $|\eta| < 1.1$ and in the end-plug calorimeters for $1.1 < |\eta| < 3.6$. Beyond the calorimeters, drift chambers provide muon identification in the region $|\eta| < 1.0$.

The data were collected with an inclusive high- p_T lepton trigger that requires an electron (muon) with transverse energy $E_T > 18 \text{ GeV}$ ($p_T > 18 \text{ GeV}/c$). The trigger efficiency, including lepton identification, is $95.9 \pm 1.5\%$ ($87.7 \pm 1.5\%$) for electrons (muons). Following the event selection used in Ref. [3], we require all leptons to be isolated [9] and $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ($p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$) for electrons (muons). We remove events with multiple high- p_T leptons, a cosmic ray muon, a photon conversion electron, or a track that forms the Z mass with the lepton. The position of the primary vertex along the beam is required to be within 60 cm of the nominal interaction position and consistent with the z position of the high- p_T lepton.

After leptons are selected, we require the presence of at least three jets with $|\eta| < 2$ and $E_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ (E_T is corrected as described in Ref. [10]). Jets are clustered with a cone-based algorithm with a cone size $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{\Delta\phi^2 + \Delta\eta^2} = 0.4$.

To account for the expected neutrino, we require large missing transverse energy $\cancel{E}_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$. The invariant mass of the lepton and the neutrino, with the longitudinal neutrino momentum set to zero, is required to exceed $20 \text{ GeV}/c^2$; this rejects $\sim 50\%$ of background events that do not contain a real W boson. Finally, as $t\bar{t}$ events typically have larger total transverse energy than background events, we require that the scalar sum of the \cancel{E}_T and the lepton and total jet transverse energies (H_T) be greater than 200 GeV. This leaves 310 (190) events in the electron (muon) data sample, dominated by W bosons with associated production of light-flavor jets ($W + \text{LF}$). Table I includes the event count before b tagging (pretag) sorted by the number of jets in the event. The one- and two-jet bins have been included as an assumed control sample, although without the H_T requirement.

We improve the $t\bar{t}$ signal significance by requiring at least one jet to be b tagged with the SECVTX algorithm [3]. Because of their long lifetime, b quarks typically decay a measurable distance from the primary interaction point. We reconstruct the decay vertices using a minimum of two or three tracks with an impact parameter significance greater than 3.0 or 2.0, respectively. Contributions from K_S^0 and Λ decays and interactions in the inner detector material are reduced through additional requirements on the invariant mass of the secondary vertex and an upper limit on the track impact parameter $d_0 < 0.15 \text{ cm}$. We measure the two-dimensional displacement of the secondary vertex from the primary interaction point projected along the jet axis (L_{2D}); a jet is b tagged if the vertex has L_{2D} significance larger than 6.0, where the uncertainty on L_{2D} includes contributions from both the primary and secondary vertex fits. The probability of misidentifying a light-flavor jet as a b -quark jet due to detector resolution (mistag rate) is estimated from secondary vertices reconstructed behind the primary vertex with L_{2D} significance less than -6.0 .

The $t\bar{t}$ acceptance is calculated from a combination of data and Monte Carlo simulation. We use the PYTHIA Monte Carlo generator [11] with CTEQ5L parton distribution functions [12] and assume $M_{\text{top}} = 178 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, the world average top quark mass measurement from run I [2]. The CLEO QQ Monte Carlo program [13] models the decays of bottom and charm hadrons. These events are passed through a GEANT [14] simulation of the CDF II detector and subjected to the same selection requirements as the data. The total acceptance, including the branching fraction, is calculated as the product of geometric and kinematic acceptances (including lepton identification) and the trigger efficiency. The efficiency to identify iso-

TABLE I. Summary of event yields and background (Bkgd) expectations sorted by the number of jets in the event. Event totals before b tagging (Pretag) are listed in the first row; all other entries correspond to the sample with at least one b -tagged jet, assuming the measured $t\bar{t}$ cross section of 8.7 pb. The H_T requirement is released for events with fewer than 3 jets.

	$W + 1$ jet	$W + 2$ jets	$W + 3$ jets	$W + 4$ jets	$W + \geq 5$ jets
Pretag	30 283	4676	324	142	34
Dibosons	6.3 ± 0.9	11.8 ± 1.7	1.7 ± 0.3	0.46 ± 0.12	0.15 ± 0.04
t	8.1 ± 2.9	13.2 ± 4.0	1.8 ± 0.5	0.39 ± 0.12	0.08 ± 0.03
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	9.7 ± 1.9	2.5 ± 0.5	0.18 ± 0.04	0.017 ± 0.003	0.008 ± 0.002
$Wb\bar{b}$	114 ± 35	63 ± 19	6.1 ± 1.6	1.4 ± 0.7	0.17 ± 0.09
$Wc\bar{c}$	46 ± 13	30 ± 9	3.8 ± 1.2	1.1 ± 0.4	0.13 ± 0.04
Wc	128 ± 33	34 ± 9	3.0 ± 0.8	0.81 ± 0.21	0.10 ± 0.03
$W + \text{LF}$	261 ± 57	101 ± 22	14.4 ± 3.2	4.4 ± 1.0	0.61 ± 0.13
Non- W	58 ± 12	24 ± 5	2.8 ± 0.7	2.5 ± 0.8	0.20 ± 0.18
Bkgd	632 ± 100	279 ± 43	33.6 ± 5.8	11.1 ± 2.4	1.43 ± 0.59
$t\bar{t}$	3.5 ± 0.4	27.9 ± 3.2	52.9 ± 5.8	56.7 ± 6.1	18.2 ± 2.0
Total	635 ± 100	307 ± 43	86.5 ± 8.2	67.9 ± 6.6	19.6 ± 2.1
Data	722	346	80	71	23

lated high- p_T leptons in the simulation is scaled to the value measured in the $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ data. The acceptance for electron (muon) events before b tagging is $3.8 \pm 0.3\%$ ($2.8 \pm 0.2\%$).

The b -tagging efficiency for the full $t\bar{t}$ event is measured in a $t\bar{t}$ simulation that has been tuned to match the single jet b -tagging efficiency in the data. A multiplicative scale factor ($S_b = 0.927 \pm 0.066$), measured in heavy-flavor-enriched samples of nonisolated, low- E_T leptons, corrects for the per-jet efficiency difference between data and simulation [3]. In $t\bar{t}$ events, we measure a b -tagging efficiency of $48 \pm 4\%$ for b -quark jets with a corresponding mistag rate of $1.2 \pm 0.1\%$; we therefore expect $69 \pm 5\%$ ($23 \pm 3\%$) of these events to have at least one b tag (two b tags).

The systematic uncertainty in the cross section due to the S_b correction is 6%, dominated by the extrapolation from

the charm-contaminated low- E_T sample to more energetic $t\bar{t}$ events. Other leading systematic uncertainties arise from the integrated luminosity measurement (6%) [15], jet energy corrections (5%), lepton isolation (2%), lepton identification (2%), parton distribution functions (2%), choice of Monte Carlo generator (2%), and modeling of initial- and final-state radiation (1%). These systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated for $t\bar{t}$ and are added in quadrature for the signal expectation.

The background to $t\bar{t}$ is mostly due to direct production of a W boson with multiple jets ($W + \text{jets}$). Smaller contributions come from QCD jet production, in which the W signature is faked by jets appearing as electrons or by semileptonic b -hadron decays (non- W), and electroweak processes such as single top quark production, diboson (WW , WZ , and ZZ) production, and Z boson decays to tau pairs. We describe these backgrounds in turn and

TABLE II. Summary of event yields and background (Bkgd) expectations sorted by the number of jets in the event, for events with at least two b -tagged jets, assuming the measured $t\bar{t}$ cross section of 10.1 pb. The H_T requirement is released for events with 2 jets. The $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ background is negligible.

	$W + 2$ jets	$W + 3$ jets	$W + 4$ jets	$W + \geq 5$ jets
Dibosons	0.68 ± 0.12	0.11 ± 0.02	0.041 ± 0.010	0.017 ± 0.005
t	2.2 ± 0.5	0.53 ± 0.15	0.12 ± 0.04	0.026 ± 0.010
$Wb\bar{b}$	11.3 ± 3.6	1.3 ± 0.4	0.21 ± 0.08	0.010 ± 0.004
$Wc\bar{c}$	0.92 ± 0.41	0.22 ± 0.11	0.07 ± 0.04	0.003 ± 0.002
Wc	0.51 ± 0.15	0.05 ± 0.03	0.021 ± 0.012	0.001 ± 0.001
$W + \text{LF}$	2.5 ± 1.3	0.02 ± 0.11	0.00 ± 0.12	0.16 ± 0.23
Non- W	0.59 ± 0.59	0.28 ± 0.28	0.5 ± 0.5	0.35 ± 0.35
Bkgd	18.7 ± 4.3	2.5 ± 1.2	1.0 ± 0.8	0.6 ± 0.5
$t\bar{t}$	7.5 ± 1.3	18.5 ± 3.2	23.7 ± 4.1	7.9 ± 1.4
Total	26.3 ± 4.5	21.0 ± 3.4	24.6 ± 4.2	8.4 ± 1.4
Data	30	23	25	6

TABLE III. Summary of b -tagging information for the algorithms used, where ϵ_b is the b -tagging efficiency for b -quark jets in $t\bar{t}$ events and $\epsilon_b^{t\bar{t}}$ is the per-event efficiency for $t\bar{t}$.

	SECVTX		TSECVTX	JET PROBABILITY
ϵ_b (%)	48 ± 4		40 ± 3	35 ± 3
Mistag rate (%)	1.20 ± 0.07		0.48 ± 0.04	1.22 ± 0.08
b tags per event	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1
$\epsilon_b^{t\bar{t}}$ (%)	69 ± 5	23 ± 3	60 ± 3	54 ± 4
Observed signal/background	2.8	12.2	4.5	4.7

summarize the results in Tables I and II. The total uncertainty accounts for correlations between the individual background sources and the $t\bar{t}$ prediction where appropriate.

We separate the contribution from W + jets into events with and without heavy-flavor jets. For the former, the fractions of W + jets events attributable to $Wb\bar{b}$, $Wc\bar{c}$, and Wc are estimated with ALPGEN and HERWIG Monte Carlo programs [16,17], then scaled by a multiplicative factor of 1.5 ± 0.4 to reproduce the b -tag rates observed in a control sample of inclusive jet data. The expected number of events is estimated by multiplying these fractions by the number of pretag events, after removing the pretag expectations for all other backgrounds and $t\bar{t}$ signal.

We estimate the background contribution from W events with only light-flavor jets by applying the mistag rate, measured in the inclusive jet data set and parametrized in jet E_T , η , ϕ , and the number of tracks and the total jet energy in the event, to the lepton + jets data set. The mistag rate is adjusted higher by $36 \pm 13\%$ to account for heavy-flavor contamination in the jet data and residual contributions from material interactions and K_S^0/Λ decays. Finally, this result is adjusted down by the fraction of the data sample attributed to physics processes with heavy-flavor production.

The expectation for the non- W background is determined using data. Assuming that the isolation of the lepton and the \cancel{E}_T in these events are uncorrelated [3], we ex-

trapolate from the low- \cancel{E}_T and nonisolated regions (which contain fewer real W bosons) to predict the non- W content of the pretag and signal sample.

Finally, we use Monte Carlo calculations to estimate the backgrounds due to single top (PYTHIA and MADEVENT [18]) and dibosons/ $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (PYTHIA), normalizing the expectations to their respective theoretical cross sections [19]. Here the b -tagging efficiency is evaluated analogously to the $t\bar{t}$ signal prediction.

Backgrounds that depend on the assumed $t\bar{t}$ cross section are calculated iteratively. The signal and background contributions to the b -tagged data sample, sorted by jet multiplicity, are summarized in Table I and Fig. 1(a). The total corrected background in the signal region with at least one b tag is 46 ± 9 events, where we observe 174 events. We interpret the excess of events with three or more jets as pure $t\bar{t}$ signal, corresponding to a cross section of $8.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.1}(\text{syst})$ pb.

We observe 54 events with multiple b tags, the first time the event yield is inconsistent with the no-top hypothesis with significance greater than 5σ . After correcting for $t\bar{t}$, we expect 4.1 ± 2.5 background events, a significant improvement in signal purity (Table III). We summarize these results in Table II and Fig. 1(b); the agreement in five-jet events underscores our ability to model initial- and final-state gluon radiation. We measure a cross section of $10.1_{-1.4}^{+1.6}(\text{stat})_{-1.3}^{+2.0}(\text{syst})$ pb in the multiply b -tagged sample, consistent with the result for events with a single b tag.

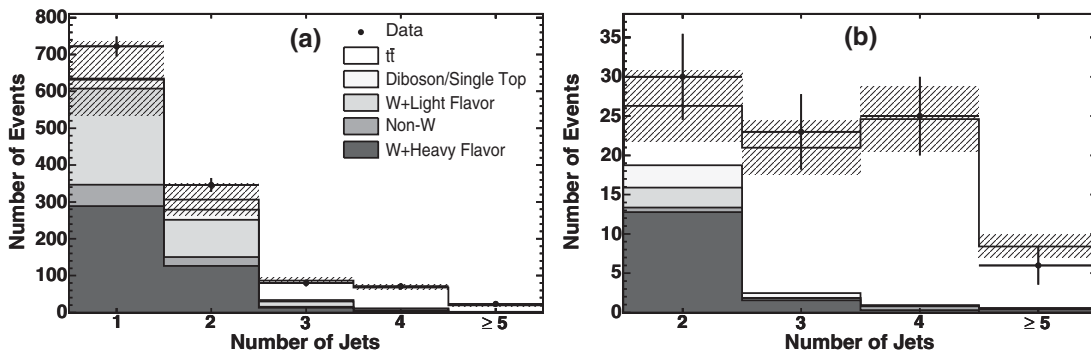


FIG. 1. Summary of background and signal event yields versus number of jets in the event when requiring (a) at least one b -tagged jet and (b) at least two b -tagged jets. The $t\bar{t}$ contribution is normalized to the measured cross section in each sample. The H_T requirement is released for events with fewer than 3 jets. The hashed region shows the uncertainty on the total expectation.

The acceptance and efficiency both have a small dependence on the top quark mass; the cross section measurements change by ± 0.08 pb for each ∓ 1 GeV/ c^2 change in the assumed top quark mass from the initial value of 178 GeV/ c^2 , in the range of 160–190 GeV/ c^2 .

We perform two cross-checks using alternate b -tagging algorithms. Table III compares the b -tagging characteristics of these checks with those of the main analyses. In the first, we repeat the analysis with an update of the original SECVTX algorithm described in Ref. [3] (TSECVTX). We observe 138 events with at least one b tag, over an expected background of 25 ± 5 events. The measured cross section is $8.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.1}(\text{syst})$ pb. In the second cross-check, we use the JET PROBABILITY algorithm [20]. We observe 120 events with at least one b tag compared to a background of 21 ± 3 events, corresponding to $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 8.9 \pm 1.0(\text{stat})_{-1.0}^{+1.1}(\text{syst})$ pb. Both cross-checks are in agreement with the lead result above, albeit with highly correlated uncertainties.

In summary, we have measured a $t\bar{t}$ production cross section of $8.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.1}(\text{syst})$ pb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV using 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data with at least one secondary vertex b tag. The result is consistent with the SM expectation of $6.1_{-0.8}^{+0.6}$ pb for a top quark mass of 178 GeV/ c^2 , which changes by ± 0.2 pb for every ∓ 1 GeV/ c^2 shift in the assumed mass. Additionally, we have studied a large, very pure sample of $t\bar{t}$ events with at least two b tags, which will form the foundation for future high-precision measurements of top quark properties. In this sample, we measure $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 10.1_{-1.4}^{+1.6}(\text{stat})_{-1.3}^{+2.0}(\text{syst})$ pb.

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