provided by DigitalCommons@Kennesaw State University

Kennesaw State University College of the Arts School of Music



presents

A Senior Recital

Chani Maisonet, soprano

Judy Cole, piano

Saturday, April 27, 2013 8:00 p.m. Dr. Bobbie Bailey & Family Performance Center Morgan Concert Hall One Hundred Thirty-fourth Concert of the 2012-2013 Season

Kennesaw State University School of Music Audrey B. and Jack E. Morgan, Sr. Concert Hall April 27, 2013

I

Tornami a vagheggiar (Marchi) from *Alcina*

George F. Handel (1685-1759)

Grace Kawamura, violin, Justin Brookins, viola, Robert Marshall, cello

Π

Why Do They Shut Me Out of Heaven Heart, We Will Forget Him When They Come Back from Twelve Emily Dickinson Songs Aaron Copland (1900-1990)

III

So anch'io la virtú magica (Donizetti)

Gaetano Donizetti (1797-1848)

Duet: Tornami a dir che m'ami from *Don Pasquale*

Alex Trull, tenor

IV

Chanson Perpétuelle (Cros)

Ernest Chausson (1855-1899)

Grace Kawamura, Jonathan Urizar, violins Justin Brookins, viola, and Robert Marshall, cello

V

An die Musik (Schober)

Heiden-Röslein (Goethe)

Allerseelen (Gilm)

Richard Strauss (1864-1949)

Franz Schubert

(1797 - 1828)

Amor (Weinstein) from Cabaret Songs

VII

Somewhere (Sondheim) from *West Side Story*

Broadway Baby from Follies

Home

from The Wiz

William E. Bolcom (b.1938)

Leonard Bernstein (1918-1990)

Stephen Sondheim (b.1930)

> Charlie Smalls (1943-1987)

This recital is presented in partial fulfillment of requirements for the degree Bachelor of Music in Performance. Ms. Maisonet studies voice with Eileen Moremen.

George Frideric Handel

George Frideric Handel was born in 1685, in a family of no musical background but rose to be one of the greatest composers of the late baroque period. Born in Germany, famous for operas, oratorios, anthems, and organ concertos, Handel made his debut as an opera composer with *Almira*. He produced several operas with the Royal Academy of music before forming the New Royal Academy of Music in 1727. When operas were going through an unpopular phase, he started composing oratorios, including *The Messiah*. In Handel's 1735 opera, *Alcina*, Morgana triumphantly sings an aria about her love for Ruggiero.

Tornami a vagheggiar from Alcina (Librettist: A. Marchi)

Tornami a vagheggiar,	Return to me to languish,
te solo vuol' amar	only you does this faithful heart
quest' anima fedel,	wish to adore,
caro, mio bene, caro!	My dearest love!
Già ti donai il mio cor :	I have already given you my heart:
fido sarà il mio amor;	I will always be faithful, my love;
mai ti sarò crudel,	I will never be cruel to you
cara mia spene.	My dearest love.

Aaron Copland

Aaron Copland is one of the most respected American classical composers of the twentieth century. He was also a composition teacher, writer, and later he became a conductor of his own and other American music. In the 1930s and 1940s, he synthesized jazz, Neo-Classical, and folk elements into his music. Copland composed a variety of works including ballets, orchestral works, chamber music, vocal works, operas, and film scores.

Emily Dickinson lived a quiet life except through poetic expression. She wrote over 1100 poems that were typically about nature. Many composers use her poetry because although very descriptive in text painting, she still keeps it abstract causing the reader to have to think. This set of Copland songs, 12 Dickinson Songs, depict nature, death, life, and eternity.

Why Do They Shut Me Out of Heaven

Why do they shut me out of Heaven? Did I sing too loud? But I can sing a little minor Timid as a bird!

Wouldn't the angels try me Just once more Just see if I troubled them But don't shut the door! Oh, if I were the gentleman In the "white robes" And they were the little hand that knocked Could I forbid?

Heart! We Will Forget Him!

Heart! We will forget him! You and I tonight! You may forget the warmth he gave I will forget the light!

When they Come Back

When they come back if blossoms do, I always feel a doubt If blossoms can be born again When once the art is out.

When they begin, if robins do, I always had a fear I did not tell, it was their last experiment last year. When you have done, pray tell me That I my thoughts may dim. Haste lest while you're lagging, I remember him!

When it is May, if May return, Has nobody a pang That on a face so beautiful We might not look again.

If I am there, One does not know What party one may be Tomorrow, but if I am there I take back all I say!

Gaetano Donizetti

Gaetano Donizetti was best known for his contribution to opera: *L'elisir d'amore, Lucia di Lammermoor,* and *Don Pasquale,* to name a few. Along with Vincenzo Bellini and Gioachino Rossini, he was a leading composer of *bel canto* opera (operas that showcase the "beautiful voice") and *opera buffa* (comic opera). In this aria from *Don Pasquale,* Norina is reading a love story that she thinks is comical because, unlike the story, she knows how to manipulate men. The love duet between Norina and Ernesto appears at the end of Act III as the very last duet they share.

So anche'io la virtú mágica (Librettist: Donizetti)

"Quel guardo,	That glance
il cavaliere in mezzo al cor trafisse,	it pierced the knight's heart,
Piegò i lginocchio e disse:	he bent on his knees and said:
Son vostro cavalier	I am your knight
E tanto era in quel guardo	And in that glance there was
Sapor di paradiso,	such taste of heaven
Che il cavalier Riccardo,	that knight Riccardo,
Tutto d'amor conquiso,	being conquered by love,
Giurò che ad altra mai,	swore he would not think
Non volgeria il pensier."	to any other woman".
Ah, ah!	Ah, Ah!
So anch'io la virtù magica D'un guardo a tempo e loco,	I also know the magic virtue of a glance at the right time in the right place,
So anch'io come si bruciano	I also know how hearts burn
I cori a lento foco,	on the slow fire
D'un breve sorrisetto	of a short smile.
Conosco anch'io l'effetto,	I also know the effect

Di menzognera lagrima, D'un subito languor, Conosco i mille modi Dell'amorose frodi, I vezzi e l'arti facili Per adescare un cor.

Ho testa bizzarra, son pronta vivace, Brillare mi piace scherzar: Se monto in furore Di rado sto al segno, Ma in riso lo sdegno fo presto a cangiar, Ho testa bizzarra, Ma core eccellente, ah!

Tornami a dir che m'ami

Tornami a dir che m'ami, Dimmi che mio/mia tu sei, Quando tuo ben mi chiami, La vita addoppo in me.

La voce tua si cara Rinfranca il core oppresso, Sicuro/sicura a te dappresso, Tremo lontan da te of a deceitful tear, of an instant languor I know the thousand means love-frauds use, the charms and the easy arts used to seduce a heart.

I have an odd mind, I have a ready wit, I like being witty, joking: If I get angry I rarely can remain calm But I can soon change indignation in laugh, I have an odd mind, but an excellent heart, ah!

Say again that you love me, Tell me that you are mine; When you are well, call me The life doubles in me.

Your voice is so dear It refreshes the oppressed heart. As safe as you keep me, I tremble far from you.

Ernest Chausson

Ernest Chausson's work exhibits fluid, elegant melodies and dramatic styles with influences from Massenet, Franck, Wagner, and Brahms. He is primarily noted for his song while his orchestral output was comparatively small. Chamber music is played by a small ensemble with one player to a part, the most common form being the string quartet which began at the end of the 18th century. The music is very intimate in nature and conversational between everyone involved. This heart-wrenching chamber work is by far one of Ernest Chausson's most famous.

Chanson Perpétuelle (Poet: Charles Cros)

Bois frissonnants, ciel étoilé, Mon bien-aimé s'en est allé, Emportant mon cœur désolé!

Vents, que vos plaintives rumeurs, Que vos chants, rossignols charmeurs, Aillent lui dire que je meurs!

Le premier soir qu'il vint ici Mon âme fut à sa merci. De fierté je n'eus plus souci. Trembling trees, starry sky My beloved has gone away Bearing with him my desolate heart.

Winds, let your plaintive noises Let your songs, charming nightingales, Tell him that I die.

The first night he came here, My soul was at his mercy; I no longer cared about my pride. Mes regards étaient pleins d'aveux. Il me prit dans ses bras nerveux Et me baisa près des cheveux.

J'en eus un grand frémissement; Et puis, je ne sais plus comment Il est devenu mon amant.

Je lui disais: Tu m'aimeras Aussi longtemps que tu pourras! Je ne dormais bien qu'en ses bras.

Mais lui, sentant son cœur éteint, S'en est allé l'autre matin, Sans moi, dans un pays lointain.

Puisque je n'ai plus mon ami, Je mourrai dans l'étang, parmi Les fleurs, sous le flot endormi.

Sur le bord arrêtée, au vent Je dirai son nom, en rêvant Que là je l'attendis souvent.

Et comme en un linceul doré, Dans mes cheveux défaits, au gré Du flot je m'abandonnerai.

Les bonheurs passés verseront Leur douce lueur sur mon front; Et les joncs verts m'enlaceront.

Et mon sein croira, frémissant Sous l'enlacement caressant, Subir l'étreinte de l'absent. My glances were full of promise. He took me into his trembling arms And kissed me near the hair.

I felt a great quivering And then, I don't know how He became my lover.

I said to him: "You will love me As long as you are able." I never slept as well as in his arms.

But he, feeling his heart fade, Left the other day Without me, for a foreign land.

Since I no longer have my friend, I will die in this pool, among The flowers under the sleeping current.

Arriving on the shoreline, I will speak his name to the wind, In a dream that I await him there.

And like in a gilded shroud With hair tousled at the wind's whim, I will let myself go.

The happy hours of the past Will glimmer on my face And the green reeds will entrap me.

And my breast, shuddering under the Caress of their entwinement, Will believe it submits to the embrace of the one who left.

Franz Schubert

Franz Schubert was considered one of the greatest melodists of all time, composing over 600 songs creating great change in nineteenth-century German Lieder. Two of the very first German song cycles were his *Die Schöne Müllerin* and *Winterrise*. He created an ideal balance between music and poetry with his Lieder have a large range of characterizations, moods, and styles. Piano accompaniments convey feeling, imagery, atmosphere, and are often associated with various aspects of nature.

An die Musik (Poet: Schober)	To Music
Du holde Kunst, in wieviel grauen Stunden, Wo mich des Lebens wilder Kreis umstrickt,	O, wond'rous art, in countless gray and darkened hours, When life's most bitter taste of loneli- ness was mine.
Hast du mein Herz zu warmer Lieb entzunden,	Your warm love reignited my heart,
Hast mich in eine beßre Welt entrückt!	You've enraptured me in a better world.

Oft hat ein Seufzer, deiner Harf' entflossen, Ein süßer, heiliger Akkord von dir Den Himmel beßrer Zeiten mir erschlossen, Du holde Kunst, ich danke dir dafür!

Heidenröslein (Poet: Goethe)

Sah ein Knab' ein Röslein stehn, Röslein auf der Heiden, War so jung und morgenschön,

Lief er schnell es nah zu sehn, Sah's mit vielen Freuden. Röslein, Röslein, Röslein rot, Röslein auf der Heiden.

Knabe sprach: "Ich breche dich, Röslein auf der Heiden." Röslein sprach: "Ich steche dich, Daß du ewig denkst an mich, Und ich will's nicht leiden." Röslein, Röslein, Röslein rot, Röslein auf der Heiden.

Und der wilde Knabe brach 's Röslein auf der Heiden; Röslein wehrte sich und stach, Half ihm doch kein Weh und Ach, Mußt' es eben leiden. Röslein, Röslein, Röslein rot, Röslein auf der Heiden. So often a sigh from your harp drifted,

A sweet blessed chord from you,

A glimpse of better times from heaven lifted

Oh, sacred art, for that I thank you so!

A boy saw a rose, A rose on the heather, So young and beautiful as the morning, He ran quickly to see it more closely And looked at it with great pleasure. Rose, rose, red rose, Rose on the heath.

The boy said "I'm going to pick you, Rose on the heath." The rose said: "I'll prick you, So that you'll always remember me, And I will not let you." Rose, rose, red rose, Rose on the heath.

And the wild boy picked The rose on the heather; The rose fought back and pricked him, Her complaints did her no good, She had to let it happen. Rose, rose, red rose, Rose on the heath.

Richard Georg Strauss

Richard Georg Strauss was a leading German composer and conductor of the late Romantic and early Modern periods. He is known for his contributions to opera including *Der Rosenkavalier* and *Salome*, over 200 Lieder, an advanced harmonic style, very romantic melodies, and writing "Programmatic music" that usually tells a general story. "All Souls Day" also known as *The Commemoration of All Faithful Departed*, is observed principally in the Catholic Church.

Allerseelen (Herman Von Gilm)	All Souls Day
Stell auf den Tisch die duftenden Reseden, Die Letzten roten Astern trag'herbei, Und lass uns wieder von der Liebe reden,	Place on the table the fragrant mignon- ettes, Bring here the last of red asters, And let us speak of love,
Wie einst im Mai.	As long ago in May.

Gib mir die Hand, dass ich sie heinmlich drucke Und wenn man;s sieht, mir ist es einerlei; Gib mir nur einen deiner sussen Blicke, Wie einst im Mai. Es bluht und duftet heut'auf jedem Grabe, Ein Tag im Jahr ist ja den Toten frei,

Komm an mein Herz dass ich dich wieder habe, Wie einst in Mai. Give me the hand that I may secretly clasp it. And if it is observed by others, I will not mind. Give me one of your sweet glances, As long ago in May. Today each grave is flowering and fragrant, For one day a year are the dead set free. Come to my heart that I again may have you, As long ago in May.

Amor (Arnold Weinstein)

It wasn't the policeman's fault In all the traffic roar, Instead of shouting halt When he saw me he shouted Amor.

Even the ice-cream man, Free ice creams by the score. Instead of shouting Butter Pecan One look at me, He shouted Amor.

All over town it went that way Everybody took off the day. Even philosophers understood How good was the good 'cuz I looked so good! The poor stopped taking less the rich stopped needing more. Instead of shouting no or yes both looking at me shouted Amor. My stay in town was cut short. I was dragged to court. The judge said I disturbed the peace And the jury gave him what for! The judge raised his hand And instead of desist and cease, Judgie came to the stand Took my hand And whispered Amor.

Night was turning into day I walked alone away, Never see that town again. But as I passed the church-house door, Instead of singing Amen The choir was singing Amor.

Leonard Bernstein

Leonard Bernstein was an American composer, conductor, arranger, pianist, renowned for his musical theater contributions such as "West Side Story" and "Candide." Bernstein is best known for many recognizable musical theater songs including "Glitter and Be Gay", "I Feel Pretty", and "Maria." He wrote in many styles such as classical, musical theater, ballet, opera, chamber music, and film. He conducted and directed the New York Philharmonic where he premiered some of his works for about eleven years. Being highly recognized from these premiered works, soon orchestras worldwide sought him out as a guest conductor.

Somewhere from West Side Story (Lyrics: Sondheim)

There's a place for us, Somewhere a place for us. Peace and quiet and open air Wait for us Somewhere.

There's a time for us, Some day a time for us, Time together with time spare, Time to learn, time to care, Some day! Somewhere. We'll find a new way of living, We'll find a way of forgiving Somewhere.

There's a place for us, A time and place for us. Hold my hand and we're halfway there. Hold my hand and I'll take you there Somehow, Some day, Somewhere!

Stephen Sondheim

Stephen Sondheim is an American composer and lyricist known for his contributions to musical theater, including *Follies, A Little Night Music, Sweeney Todd*, and *Company.* He has won eight Tony Awards, eight Grammy Awards, a Pulitzer Prize, and an Academy Award. At the age of twenty-five, he was asked by Leonard Bernstein to write lyrics to *West Side Story*, then went on to write for *Gypsy*. Although Sondheim aspired to write both words and music, his first Broadway assignments called to write either one or the other. It was not until 1971 when he was finally debuted as both composer and lyricist with *Company*.

Broadway Baby (Lyrics: Stephen Sondheim)

I'm just a Broadway Baby. Walking off my tired feet. Pounding Forty-Second Street To be in a show

Broadway Baby, Learning how to sing and dance, Waiting for that one big chance to be in a show.

Gee, I'd like to be on some marquee, All twinkling lights, A spark to pierce the dark From Battery Park to Washington Heights.

Someday, maybe, All my dreams will be repaid. Heck, I'd even play the maid to be in a show.

Hey, Mr. Producer, I'm talking to you, sir; I don't need a lot, Only what I got, Plus a tube of greasepaint and a follow-spot!

I'm a Broadway Baby, Slaving at the five-and-ten, Dreaming of the great day when I'll be in a show.

Broadway Baby, Making rounds all afternoon, Eating at a greasy spoon to have on my dough. At my tiny flat there's just my cat, a bed, and a chair. Still I'll stick it till I'm on a bill all over Times Square.

Someday, maybe, If I stick it long enough, I may get to strut my stuff Working for a nice man Like a Ziegfeld or a Weismann In a great big broadway show!

Charlie Smalls

Charlie Smalls was an African American composer and songwriter most widely known for writing the music and lyrics to the Broadway musical The Wiz for which he won the 1975 Tony Award for Best Score. Smalls attended the Juilliard School at the age of eleven and was considered a musical prodigy.

Home from The Wiz (Lyrics: Charlie Smalls)

When I think of home I think of a place where there's love overflowing	I have had my mind spun around in space And yet I've watched it growing
I wish I was home I wish I was back there with the things I been knowing	If you're listening God Please don't make it hard to know If we should believe in the things that we see Tell us, should we try to stay Should we run away Or would it be better just to let things be?
Wind that makes the tall trees bend into leaning Suddenly the snowflakes that fall have a meaning Sprinklin' the scene, makes it all clean	
Maybe there's a chance for me to go back there Now that I have some direction It would sure be nice to be back home Where there's love and affection And just maybe I can convince time to slow up Giving me enough time in my life to grow up Time be my friend, let me start again	Living here, in this brand new world Might be a fantasy But it taught me to love So it's real, real to me And I've learned That we must look inside our hearts To find a world full of love Like yours, like mine Like home
Suddenly my world has changed it's face	

But I still know where I'm going

Welcome to the Kennesaw State University School of Music

The School of Music at KSU has dedicated, vibrant, and talented faculty and staff that are completely devoted to teaching, performing, scholarship, and serving our community. It is an incredibly exciting place to study, boasting state-of-the-art facilities with opportunities to produce and explore music in a dynamic place that is ahead of the curve for what it means to be a musician in the 21st century. Our students come from the leading musical honor organizations across the region and are poised to lead the cultural offerings and musical education in our area and beyond for years to come.

We welcome you to attend a concert, meet our faculty and staff, and feel the energy and excitement that our students exude. We are fully committed to our purpose as educators, performers, and scholars. We hope that you will find as much enjoyment in our product as we do in producing it. Welcome!

For more information about the School of Music, please visit www.kennesaw.edu/music

Please consider a gift to the Kennesaw State University School of Music. http://community.kennesaw.edu/GiveToMusic

UPCOMING SCHOLARSHIP SERIES

Monday, April 29, 2013 Percussion Ensemble Morgan Hall • 8 pm

For the most current information, please visit http://calendar.kennesaw.edu

