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CITATION ANALYSIS OF DOCTORAL THESES OF ZOOLOGY SUBJECT SUBMITTED TO THREE UNIVERSITIES IN KARNATAKA, INDIA.

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Abstract:-The present paper analysis of the Zoology doctoral theses submitted to three universities in Karnataka. This study covers 6909 citations. The study indentify that journal article resource is (78%) followed Books (11%). Bangalore university zoology researcher cited 2026 highest journal articles. Evolution (147) Genetics (129) is the highest referred journals. Subject wise distribution of citations and journal citations, Ranking of Journal source, journal publication geographical distribution are determined.

Keywords: Zoology Theses, Citation analysis, Subjects, Journal ranking.

1.INTRODUCTION

Citation analysis is one of the techniques of bibliometric. Citation analysis is used for the study of the properties and behaviors of recorded knowledge. It is an important research tool for understanding the subject, which we analyze the structure and direction of the subject Citation analysis involves the where the unit of analysis is a document is being cited as a bibliographic references or a foot note in a citing document. The main function of citations is to establish a relationship between the citing and cited documents. Citation analysis is an accepted method for studying the way scholarly

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Kannappanavar B U (2013) studied citations of 24 doctoral dissertations in Applied Zoology submitted to Kuvempu University since its inception was analyzed to study the information use pattern of research scholars. The application of Bradford's Law of scattering to the literature of botany reveals an exponential trend when plotted on the graph. The study shows that the distribution pattern of citations by type of documentary sources shows that periodicals are highly cited (75.52%). Books are considered as the second major source, which accounts for 17.25%. In other words, periodicals and books together constitute 92.77% while other forms of sources are negligible. Team research prevails in the field of Biotechnology. The study shows that United States occupied top position with 1,679 citations (32.69%) followed by India 1,303 (25.37%) and United Kingdom 842 (16.39%). It is evident from the result of the study that the Journal Mutation Research 212 (5.46%) occupies first in the rank list of journals, followed by the Journal of Bombay Natural History Society 74 (1.90%) and Aquaculture 70 (1.80%), Journal Fish Biology 67 (1.72%) scores the highest number of citations among the most cited periodicals

Amitava Nandi and Amit Kumar Bandyopadhyay (2010) studied the top ranking journals publishing the papers are from India with 440 (61.18%) publications followed by Germany with 55(7.64%) publications, Netherlands with 45(6.25%) publications, USA with 40(5.56%) publications, China with 25(3.47%) publications and UK with 24(3.38%) publications.

3. OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

The researcher has established the following objectives
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a)To analyze the total citation of theses

b)To determine the forms of literature used in Zoology theses

c)To analyze the university wise forms of literature used in Zoology

theses. d)To established the subject wise distribution of citations.

e)To study subject wise distribution of Journal

citations f)To organize the journal ranking

g)To establish the country wise distribution journal citations in Zoology

theses h)To analyze the Bradford's law of scattering.

4.METHODOLOGY AND SAMPLES

The literature cited in Ph.D. theses in the field of Zoology was the base information for the study. In this context of main objective of this study examined the citation pattern of researchers in zoology using the references append of Ph. D. Theses submitted to the prestigious universities in Karnataka that are University of Mysore, Karnatak University, and Bangalore University during the year 2006-2010. Around 6909 citations of 52 theses and an average of 132 citations per thesis are studied. The data was tabulated in terms of subject wise distribution of journals, books and other resources and ranked list of journals are analyzed

5.ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

Analysis of data is the ultimate step of research process. It is inspecting, cleaning, transforming, and modeling data with the goal of discovering useful information and suggesting conclusions. It is the link between raw data and conclusions

5.1Year wise Distribution of Zoology Theses

The attempt was made to analyze the zoology theses in predefined years. The table 1 shows the year wise available these and analyzed theses.

Year	Analysis Theses	Cumulative Theses	Percentage	Cumulative
				percentage
2006	07	07	13.47	13.47
2007	05	12	09.61	23.08
2008	10	22	19.23	42.31
2009	16	38	30.77	73.08
2010	14	52	26.92	100.00
Total	52		100.00	

Table 1- Year wise analyzed theses of Zoology

The Table -1 reveals that the highest theses in 2009 (30.77%), followed 2010 (26.92%) and 2008 (19.23%) respectively.

5.2 University wise Zoology theses Citations

Table 2- University wise zoology theses citations

Serial no	Universities	Theses	Zoology	C.F	Percentage	C.F
1	University of Mysore	22	2468	2468	35.723	35.723
2	Karnatak University	11	1837	4305	26.588	62.311
3	Bangalore University	19	2604	6909	37.689	100.000
	Total	52	6909		100.000	

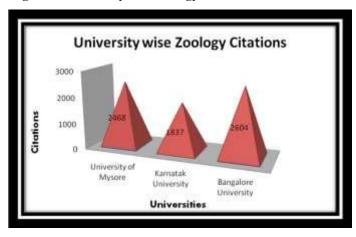


Figure -1 University wise zoology these citation distribution

The Table-2 and figure -1 state that Bangalore University 2604(37.689%) followed University of Mysore 2468 (35.723%) and Karnatak University 1837 (26.588%), It is shows the Bangalore university zoology researcher cited references are very high compare to Karnatak university researcher.

5.3 Bibliographical forms of distribution

The researcher most important resources are books and journals but present days the resources type are distributed different forms that are journals, books, theses reports, manuals, technical reports, e- resources, reference materials, workshops, Notes, reviews, abstracts, and other resource but the prestigious university zoology researcher are used mainly the journals, books, thesis, reports and other fifteen type of documents. The details are explained in table -.3.

S. No.	Forms of Document	Citations	C.F	Percentage	C.F
1	Journals	5397	5397	78.115	78.115
2	Books	751	6148	10.869	88.984
3	Thesis	96	6244	1.389	90.373
4	Reports	78	6322	1.128	91.501
5	E-resources	52	6374	0.754	92.255
6	Reference Materials	82	6456	1.188	93.443
7	Conference proceedings	350	6806	5.067	98.510
8	Others	103	6909	1.490	100.000
	Total	6909		100.000	

Table -3 Bibliographical forms of distribution

Figure -2 Bibliographical forms of distribution

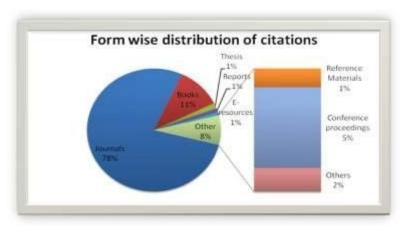


Table -3 and figure -2 state that bibilographic forms of zoology researcher used resources. The zoology researcher are main resource is journal article source (78%) followed Books (11%) Conference Proceedings (5%)

and others resources. It is indicate that zoology researchers very much depend the journal article resources for their, research work.

5.4 University wise and bibliographic form of distributions

Zoology researcher of three universities cited in their theses different forms of resources that are explained in table- 4.

Univers ity	Journ als	B ook s	Con. Pro. Sem i.	Th eses	Rep orts	Re f.	E- resource	Oth er	T ot al	P erce.
UOM	2018	2 53	84	28	16	18	15	36	2468	35.72
KU	1353	2 40	118	26	31	27	16	26	1837	26.59
BU	2026	2 58	148	42	31	37	21	41	2604	37.69
T otal	5397	7 5 1	350	96	78	82	52	103	6909	100
	(78.11%)	(10.86%)	(5.06%)	(1.3.8%)	(1.12%)	(1.18%)	(0.75%)	(1.49%)		1

Table 4 University wise bibliographical forms of distribution

Table -4 reveals that bibliographical forms of University of Mysore (UOM), Karnatak University (KU) and Bangalore University (BU). The three Universities Zoology researcher mainly depend Journal articles (78.11%) followed Books (10.86%), Conference Proceedings (5.06%), Theses (1.38%), Reference document (1.18%). The e-resource (0.75%) and other document (1.49%). The Bangalore university zoology researcher cited Journals 2026 is the highest followed University of Mysore (2018) and Karnatak University (1353).

The table 4 revels that the percentage of reference cited in zoology theses Bangalore University is highest (37.69%) followed Mysore University (35.72%) and Karnatak University (26.59%).

5.5 Subject wise distribution of citations

The researcher of three universities of Karnataka cited different subject resource. Researcher divided according to Dewey decimal classification scheme main class numbers. Table 5 is state the details.

Serial.	DDC Class	Subjects	Citations	CF	Percentage	CF %
No	No.					
1	300-399	Social Science	78	78	1.128	1.128
2	500 -599	Science	5090	5168	73.672	74.800
3	600-699	Applies Science & Medical Science	1741	6909	25.199	100.00
		Total	6909		100.00	

Table -5 DDC classification wise source distributions

The table -5 reveals that zoology researcher cited science documents (73.67%) followed Applied Science and Medical science (25.199), Social science (1.128%). It indicates zoology researcher highly referred source are Science, Applied science & Medical Science (99%) subjects.

5.5.1 Subject wise distribution of citations

The zoology researcher cited source are scattered in all most all subject but zoology is main resource. The details explained in Table-6

Table -6 Subject wise distributions of citations

Sl. No	Subject	Citations	Cumulative	Percentage	CF of %
1	Psychology	26	26	0.376	0.376
2	Environmental Economics	46	72	0.666	1.042
3	Education	6	78	0.087	1.129
4	Science	462	540	6.687	7.816
5	Physics	4	544	0.058	7.874
6	Chemistry	54	598	0.782	8.656
7	Geology	109	707	1.578	10.234
8	Biology	681	1388	9.857	20.091
9	Biochemistry	146	1534	2.113	22.204
10	Genetics	537	2071	7.772	29.976
11	Microbiology	11	2082	0.159	30.135
12	Botany	53	2135	0.767	30.902
13	Zoology	2639	4774	38.197	69.099
14	Ecology	386	5160	5.587	74.686
15	Anthropology	8	5168	0.116	74.802
16	Medical Science	1364	6532	19.742	94.544
17	Ayervedha	4	6536	0.058	94.602
18	Agricultural Science	216	6752	3.126	97.728
19	Sericulture	47	6799	0.680	98.408
20	Food Science	79	6878	1.143	99.551
21	Biotechnology	27	6905	0.391	99.942
22	Sports	4	6909	0.058	100.000
	Total	6909		100.000	

Table -6 reveals that Zoology (38.197%) followed Medical science (19.742%), Biology (9.857%) references are cited in zoology theses. The zoology research work distributed in allied science subjects and interdisciplinary research work is dominated in zoology subject.

5.6 Subject wise journal article citation distribution

The zoology researchers are cited different subject citations. They cited zoology subject citations. This data analyzed according to journal subject based Ulrich periodical directory and Dewy Decimal classification subjects.

Table- 7 Subject wise journal article citation distribution

Sl. No	Subject	Citations	Cumulative	Percentage	Cumulative
					percentage
1	Psychology	20	20	0.371	0.371
2	Environmental Economics	34	54	0.630	1.001
3	Education	4	58	0.074	1.075
4	Science	389	447	7.208	8.283
5	Physics	4	451	0.074	8.357
6	Chemistry	41	492	0.760	9.117
7	Geology	86	578	1.593	10.710
8	Biology	542	1120	10.043	20.753
9	Biochemistry	106	1226	1.964	22.717
10	Genetics	351	1577	6.504	29.221
11	Microbiology	9	1586	0.167	29.388
12	Botany	47	1633	0.871	30.259
13	Zoology	2149	3782	39.818	70.077
14	Ecology	231	4013	4.280	74.357
15	Anthropology	7	4020	0.130	74.487
16	Medical Science	1130	5150	20.938	95.425
17	Ayervedha	2	5152	0.037	95.462
18	Agricultural Science	118	5270	2.186	97.648
19	Sericulture	36	5306	0.667	98.315
20	Food Science	61	5367	1.130	99.445
21	Biotechnology	26	5393	0.482	99.927
22	Sports	4	5397	0.073	100.000
	Total	5397		100.000	

Table – 7 state that the zoology researcher referred Zoology (39.118%) subject journals followed Medical Science (20.938%), Biology (10.043%), science (7.208%), genetics (6.504%), Ecology (4.280%) subject journals but the researcher much more referred Zoology and Medical science subject journals.

5.7 Ranking of Journals

The researcher cited highest is journal article source. According to the cited journals title ranking list below table it is essential a practical tool for librarians and researcher. Such ranked list of journals can be used libraries and research workers to select the journals of greater importance.

Table -8 Ranking of cited journals

Sl.	Journal Title	Rank	Citations	Cumulative	Percentage	Cumulative	Place of
No		king		Citations		percentage	publication
1	Evolution	1	147	147	2.72	2.72	USA
2	Genetics	2	129	276	2.39	5.11	USA
3	Drosophila. Information	3	112	388		7.19	USA
	service				2.08		
4	Indian journal of Experimental Biology	4	104	492	1.93	9.12	India
5	Animal behavior	5	94	586	1.74	10.86	UK
6	Indian Bee journal	6	91	677	1.69	12.55	India
7	Hydrobilogia	7	82	759	1.52	14.07	Netherland
8	Journal of Palynology	8	76	835	1.41	15.48	India
9	Development	8	76	911	1.41	16.89	UK
10	Heredity	9	74	985	1.37	18.26	UK
11	Current Science	10	72	1057	1.33	19.59	India
12		11	67	1124	1.55	20.83	USA
	National Academy of Science				1.24		
13	Zoological Studies	12	61	1185	1.13	21.96	Taiwan
14	Liminologica	13	60	1245	1.11	23.07	Germany
15		14	59	1304	1.11	24.16	India
	Environmental Biology				1.09		
16	Biology of reproduction	14	59	1363	1.09	25.25	USA
17	Cytologia	15	54	1417	1.00	26.25	Japan
18	Genome	16	53	1470	0.98	27.23	Canada
19	Annual Review of	17	52	1522		28.18	USA
	Entomology				0.96		
20	Nature	17	52	1574	0.96	29.15	UK
21	Bee world	18	51	1625	0.94	30.09	UK
22	General & Comparative	18	51	1676		31.03	USA
22	endocrinology	10	40	1725	0.94	21.04	Tu di a
23	Journal of Advanced Zoology	19	49	1725	0.91	31.94	India
24	Pollution Research	20	48	1773	0.89	32.83	India
25	Environment Ecology	21	47	1820	0.89	33.70	USA
26	American midland		46	1866	0.07	34.55	USA
20	Naturalist			1000	0.85	2 1.55	3511
27	Science	23	45	1911	0.83	35.38	USA
28	Chromosoma	23	45	1956	0.83	36.21	Germany
29	Journal of Biological		44	2000		37.03	USA
	Control				0.82		
30	Proceedings of Indian	25	43	2043		37.83	India
	Academy of Science				0.80		

21 7 1 07:1 7:1	2.5	40	2006	0.00	20.62	X 177
31 Journal of Fish Biology	25	43	2086	0.80	38.63	
32 Cell	25	43	2129	0.80	39.43	
33 International Journal of Environmental Science Technology	26	42	2171	0.78		Germany
34 Grana	26	42	2213	0.78		Sweden
35 Apiculture	26	42	2255	0.78		Germany
36 Journal of Insect Physiology	27	41	2296	0.76	42.53	
37 Zoological Science	27	41	2337	0.76		
38 Conservation Biology	27	41	2378	0.76	44.05	
39 Indian Journal of Fisheries	28	40	2418	0.74	44.79	
40 Journal of Ecotoxicology Environ Monitor	28	40	2458	0.74	45.53	India
41 Biologia	29	39	2497	0.72	46.25	UK
42 Biochemistry	29	39	2536	0.72	46.97	USA
43 Ecoscience	30	38	2574	0.70	47.67	Canada
44 Bulletin of Environmental Contamination Toxicology	30	38	2612	0.70	48.37	USA
45 Developmental Biology	31	37	2649	0.69	49.06	USA
46 Mutation research	31	37	2686	0.69	49.75	Netherland
47 Journal of Insect Physiology	31	37	2723	0.69	50.44	UK
48 Apidologia	32	36	2759	0.67	51.11	France
49 Plant cell tissue & Organ Culture	32	36	2795	0.67	51.78	Netherland
50 Journal of Ecology	33	35	2830	0.65	52.43	
51 Endocrinology	34	34	2864	0.63	53.06	
52 Journal of Eco-toxicology & Environmental Monitor	34	34	2898	0.63	53.69	
53 Journal of Genetics	35	33	2931	0.61	54.30	
54 Journal of Herpetology	36	32	2963	0.59		
55 Entomon	36	32	2995	0.59	55.48	
56 Comparative Biochemistry Physiology Part A Molecular	37	31	3026	0.07	56.05	
Integrated Physiology				0.57		
57 Endocrine Review	37	31	3057	0.57	56.62	USA
58 Journal of Morphology	38	30	3087	0.56	57.18	USA
59 Journal of Insect Science	38	30	3117	0.56	57.74	USA
60 Water Research	39	29	3146	0.54	58.28	UK
61 Journal of Experimental Zoology	39	29	3175	0.54	58.82	UK
62 Indian Journal of Agricultural Science	39	29	3204	0.54	59.36	India
63 Sericologia	40	28	3232	0.52	59.88	India
64 Karnataka Journal of Agricultural Science	40	28	3260	0.52	60.40	India
65 Hormone & Behavior	41	27	3287	0.50	60.90	USA
66 Behavior	41	27	3314	0.50		USA
67 International Review of Hydrobiologia	41	27	3341	0.50		USA
68 PLOS one	42	26	3367	0.48		USA
69 Brain Research	42	26	3393	0.48		Netherland
70 Journal of Environmental Biology	42	26	3419	0.48		India
71 Herpetological Journal	42	26	3445	0.48	63.82	
72 Journal of science	43	24	3469	0.44	64.26	
73 Water resource	43	24	3493	0.44		Russia
74 Lancet	43	24	3517	0.44	65.14	
75 Journal of Biological chemistry	44	23	3540	0.44	65.57	
	44	23		0.43	66.00	
76 Contraception	44	23	3563	0.43	00.00	USA

77	Indian journal of Biochemistry & Biophysics	45	22	3585	0.41	66.41	India
78	Experimental Gerontology	45	22	3607		66.82	
79	Bulletin of Environmental toxicology	45	22	3629			
80	Current Biology	46	21	3650			
81	Journal of Bacteriology	46	21	3617		68.01	
82	Hydrobiologia	47	20	3691			Netherland
83	Biology & Fertility of soils	47	20	3711	0.37		Germany
84	Journal of Ethno-pharmacology	48	19	3730			Elsevier
85		48	19	3749			Canada
	Canadian Journal of Zoology	49					
86	Journal of American Mosquito Control Association		18	3767			
87	Quarterly Review of Biology	49	18				
88	Hormones and Behavior	49	18	3803			
89	Geophytology	50	17	3820		70.75	
90	Medical and Veterinary Entomology	50	17	3837			
91	Journal of Agricultural & Food Chemistry	51	16	3853		71.36	
92	Current Opinion in Genetics and Development	51	16	3869			
93	Journal of Clinical Investigation	51	16	3885		71.96	
94	Oecologia	51	16	3901			Germany
95	Nucleic Acids Research	51	16	3917	0.30	72.56	UK
96	The American naturalist	51	16	3933	0.30	72.86	USA
97	American Bee Journal	52	15	3948	0.28	73.14	USA
98	Indian Journal of Sericulture	53	14	3962	0.26	73.40	India
99	Ethnology	53	14	3976	0.26	73.66	Japan
100	Journal of Bombay Natural History Society	53	14	3990	0.26	73.92	India
101	Environment Pollution	53	14	4004	0.26	74.18	Netherland
102	Nature Genetics	54	13	4017	0.24	74.42	UK
103	Journal of Biological control	54	13	4030	0.24	74.66	USA
104	Journal of Biological Chemistry	54	13	4043	0.24	74.90	USA
105	Toxicological Science	54	13	4056	0.24	75.14	UK
106	JAMA	54	13	4069		75.38	USA
107	Planta Medica	54	13	4082	0.24	75.62	Germany
108	Indian Journal of Physiological Pharmacology	54	13	4095	0.24	75.86	India
109	Food chemistry	54	13	4108	0.24	76.10	
110	Japan Journal of genetics	55	12	4120			Japan
111	American Zoology	55	12	4132	0.22		-
112	Journal of Insect Physiology	55	12	4144			
113	Behavioral Ecology	55	12	4156	_		
114	Journal of Aquatic Biology	55	12	4168			
115	Archive of Insects Biochemistry & Physiology	55	12	4180		77.42	
116	Journal of Applied Entomology	55	12	4192			
117	Bioinformatics	55	12	4204	_	77.86	
118	Journal of Ecobiology	55	12	4216		78.08	
119	Journal of Economic entomology	55	12	4228	0.22	78.30	
120	Behavior	55	12	4240		78.52	
120	New England Journal of Medicine	55	12			78.74	
_		55		4252			
122	Ecology		12	4264	0.22	78.96	
123	Apiculture in Tropical Climates	55	12	4276	0.22	79.18	Srilanka

127 Malaria Journal 56 11 4320 0.20 79.98 UK 128 Bulletin of American Museum of Natural History 56 11 4331 0.20 80.18 USA 129 Korean Journal of Genetics 56 11 4332 0.20 80.58 India 130 India Journal of Environmental Ecoplanning 56 11 4335 0.20 80.58 India 131 Toxicology 57 10 4363 0.19 80.77 Ireland 132 Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology 57 10 4373 0.19 80.96 USA 133 Journal of Heredity 57 10 4333 0.19 81.15 UK 134 Journal of Theoretical biology 57 10 4433 0.19 81.33 USA 135 Diabetologia 57 10 4403 0.19 81.53 Germany 136 Journal of Fish Res. Board Canada 57 10 4443 0.19 81.72 Canada 137 Ecology Envir. Cons 57 10 4443 0.19 81.72 Canada 138 Journal of Vector Ecology 58 9 4442 0.17 82.28 USA 139 Journal of Neurobiology 58 9 4445 0.17 82.24 Ushchalad 140 Life Science 58 9 4445 0.17 82.24 Netherland 141 Human Molecular Genetics 58 9 4445 0.17 82.59 USA 142 Genetics and Molecular Research 58 9 4446 0.17 82.59 USA 143 Mechanism of Development 58 9 4450 0.17 82.79 Ushchalad 144 Human Mutation 58 9 4450 0.17 83.27 Germany 146 Southeast Asian Journal of Tropical Med Public Health 58 9 4504 0.17 83.47 Germany 147 Brain Research 58 9 4504 0.17 83.47 Germany 148 Proceedings of Biological Science 59 8 4550 0.15 83.93 Israel 149 Endocrinology Review 59 8 4550 0.15 83.93 Israel 150 Trends in Genetics 59 8 4550 0.15 84.88 USA 151 Developmental Cell 59 8 4550 0.15 84.58 UK 152 Clinical Chemistry 59 8 4550 0.15 84.58 UK 153 Biological and Pharmaceutical Bulletin 59 8 4550 0.15 84.58 UK 154 Fioterapia 60 7 4620 0.13 85.59 UK 155 J	_				П	1	1	
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138 Journal of Vector Ecology	136	Journal of Fish Res. Board Canada		10	4413	0.19	81.72	
139 Journal of Neurobiology		<u> </u>			4423			
140 Life Science	138	Journal of Vector Ecology	58	9	4432	0.17	82.08	Wiley
141 Human Molecular Genetics	139	Journal of Neurobiology	58	9	4441	0.17	82.25	USA
142 Genetics and Molecular Research	140	Life Science	58	9	4450	0.17	82.42	Netherland
143 Mechanism of Development			58	9	4459	0.17	82.59	UK
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146 Southeast Asian Journal of Tropical Med Public Health 58 9 4504 0.17 83.44 Thailand 147 Brain Research 58 9 4513 0.17 83.61 Netherland 148 Proceedings of Biological Science 58 9 4522 0.17 83.78 India 149 Endocrinology Review 59 8 4530 0.15 83.93 Israel 150 Trends in Genetics 59 8 4538 0.15 84.08 UK 151 Developmental Cell 59 8 4564 0.15 84.23 USA 152 Clinical Chemistry 59 8 4554 0.15 84.38 USA 153 Biological and Pharmaceutical Bulletin 59 8 4562 0.15 84.53 Japan 154 Fitoterapia 59 8 4570 0.15 84.53 Japan 154 Fitoterapia 59 8 4578 0.15	144	Human Mutation	58	9	4486	0.17	83.10	Netherland
147 Brain Research 58 9 4513 0.17 83.61 Netherland 148 Proceedings of Biological Science 58 9 4522 0.17 83.78 India 149 Endocrinology Review 59 8 4530 0.15 83.93 Israel 150 Trends in Genetics 59 8 4538 0.15 84.08 UK 151 Developmental Cell 59 8 4546 0.15 84.23 USA 152 Clinical Chemistry 59 8 4554 0.15 84.38 USA 153 Biological and Pharmaceutical Bulletin 59 8 4550 0.15 84.83 USA 153 Biological Society of Medicine 59 8 4570 0.15 84.68 Netherland 155 Journal of Royal Society of Medicine 59 8 4570 0.15 84.83 UK 156 Australian journal of Zoology 60 7 4585	145	Parasitology Research	58	9	4495	0.17	83.27	Germany
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155 Journal of Royal Society of Medicine 59 8 4578 0.15 84.83 UK 156 Australian journal of Zoology 60 7 4585 0.13 84.96 Australia 157 Journal of Mysore University 60 7 4592 0.13 85.09 India 158 Journal of Dairy Science 60 7 4599 0.13 85.22 UK 159 Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice 60 7 4606 0.13 85.35 Ireland 160 Annual New York Academy of Science 60 7 4613 0.13 85.48 USA 161 Journal of Nutrition 60 7 4620 0.13 85.61 USA 162 Marine Biology 60 7 4627 0.13 85.74 Germany 163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640	153	Biological and Pharmaceutical Bulletin	59	8	4562	0.15	84.53	Japan
156 Australian journal of Zoology 60 7 4585 0.13 84.96 Australia 157 Journal of Mysore University 60 7 4592 0.13 85.09 India 158 Journal of Dairy Science 60 7 4599 0.13 85.22 UK 159 Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice 60 7 4606 0.13 85.35 Ireland 160 Annual New York Academy of Science 60 7 4613 0.13 85.48 USA 161 Journal of Nutrition 60 7 4620 0.13 85.61 USA 162 Marine Biology 60 7 4634 0.13 85.74 Germany 163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological	154	Fitoterapia	59	8	4570	0.15	84.68	Netherland
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159 Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice 60 7 4606 0.13 85.35 Ireland 160 Annual New York Academy of Science 60 7 4613 0.13 85.48 USA 161 Journal of Nutrition 60 7 4620 0.13 85.61 USA 162 Marine Biology 60 7 4627 0.13 85.74 Germany 163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.09 Canada 166 Proceedings of Royal Society A 61 6 4652 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological Sciences 61 6 4664 0.11 86.31 UK 168 Proceedings str. Fun. & Bioinformatics 61 6 4664 0.11 86.42 UK 169 Metabolism 61 6 4670 0.11 86.53 Netherland 170 Journal of Lipid Research 61 6 4682 0.11 86.75 Germany	157	Journal of Mysore University	60	7	4592	0.13	85.09	India
160 Annual New York Academy of Science 60 7 4613 0.13 85.48 USA 161 Journal of Nutrition 60 7 4620 0.13 85.61 USA 162 Marine Biology 60 7 4627 0.13 85.74 Germany 163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.09 Canada 166 Proceedings of Royal Society A 61 6 4652 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological Sciences 61 6 4658 0.11 86.31 UK 168 Proceedings str. Fun. & Bioinformatics 61 6 4664 0.11 86.42 UK 169 Metabolism 61 6 4676	158	Journal of Dairy Science	60	7	4599	0.13	85.22	UK
161 Journal of Nutrition 60 7 4620 0.13 85.61 USA 162 Marine Biology 60 7 4627 0.13 85.74 Germany 163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.09 Canada 166 Proceedings of Royal Society A 61 6 4652 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological Sciences 61 6 4658 0.11 86.31 UK 168 Proceedings str. Fun. & Bioinformatics 61 6 4664 0.11 86.42 UK 169 Metabolism 61 6 4670 0.11 86.53 Netherland 170 Journal of Lipid Research 61 6 4676 0.11 86.64 USA 171 Phytomedicine 61 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>60</td><td>7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			60	7				
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163 Annals Dyslexia 60 7 4634 0.13 85.87 USA 164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.09 Canada 166 Proceedings of Royal Society A 61 6 4652 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological Sciences 61 6 4658 0.11 86.31 UK 168 Proceedings str. Fun. & Bioinformatics 61 6 4664 0.11 86.42 UK 169 Metabolism 61 6 4670 0.11 86.53 Netherland 170 Journal of Lipid Research 61 6 4676 0.11 86.64 USA 171 Phytomedicine 61 6 4682 0.11 86.75 Germany	161	Journal of Nutrition	60	7		0.13	85.61	USA
164 Biological Review 61 6 4640 0.11 85.98 UK 165 Proceedings of Genetics Society 61 6 4646 0.11 86.09 Canada 166 Proceedings of Royal Society A 61 6 4652 0.11 86.20 UK 167 Proceedings of Royal Society B Biological Sciences 61 6 4658 0.11 86.31 UK 168 Proceedings str. Fun. & Bioinformatics 61 6 4664 0.11 86.42 UK 169 Metabolism 61 6 4670 0.11 86.53 Netherland 170 Journal of Lipid Research 61 6 4676 0.11 86.64 USA 171 Phytomedicine 61 6 4682 0.11 86.75 Germany					4627	0.13		
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170 Journal of Lipid Research 61 6 4676 0.11 86.64 USA 171 Phytomedicine 61 6 4682 0.11 86.75 Germany			61	6	4664	0.11	86.42	UK
171 Phytomedicine 61 6 4682 0.11 86.75 Germany			61	6	4670	0.11	86.53	
	170		61	6	4676	0.11	86.64	USA
172 Human Reproduction Update 61 6 4688 0.11 85.86 UK		ž		6		0.11	86.75	Germany
	172	Human Reproduction Update	61	6	4688	0.11	85.86	UK

173	Reproductive toxicology	61	6	4694	0.11	86.97	USA
174	Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry	61	6	4700	0.11	87.08	UK
175	23 Journals with 5 Citations	62	115	4815	2.13	89.21	
176	8 Journals with 4 citations	63	32	4847	0.59	89.80	
177	35 journals with 3 citations	64	105	4952	1.95	91.75	
178	86 journals with 2 citations	65	172	5124	3.19	94.94	
179	273 journals with single citations	66	273	5397	5.06	100.00	
	Total 599 journals		5397		100.00		

Table -8 demonstrates that ranking of journals by counting of referred and cited in zoology theses. The 5397 journal articles are cited in zoology theses and scattered599 journal titles. However, the top fifteen journals covered twenty five percentages of citations. The United State of America (USA) published journals Evolution, (147) Genetics (129), and Drosophila Information Services (112) are top referred three journals followed Indian publication journal is Indian Journal of Experimental Biology (109) respectively.

5.8Production of journals in Zoology

The productivity journal articles referred are highest and average is explained in table -9 that are within 0 to 25 % is the average production of journals.

Percentage of ns	No. Of citations	No. of journals covered	Percentage of Journals	Average production of Journals
0 to 25	1363	16	2.67	85.18
26 to 50	1360	31	5.17	43.87
51 to 75	1333	58	9.69	22.98
76 to 100	1341	494	82.47	2.71
Total	5397	599	100	9.01

Table -9 Production of Journal in Zoology

It is observed from table – 9 states to that the first groups of citations are to the first 16 journals of the rank list, thus signifying their high rate of productivity. The average productivity of each journal in the first group (0 to 25 %) it was 85.18 articles, where it has considerably gone down to 2.71 articles in the fourth category (76 to 100 %). This marked easily confirms the decreasing confirms the decreasing productivity.

5.9 Geographical Distributions of Journal article Citation

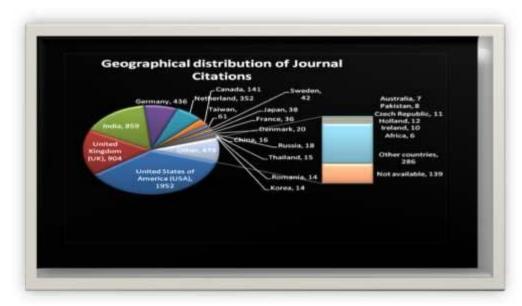
Distributions of Journal are published places scattered geographical places. In this regarding this international periodical directory Ulrich periodical directory through researcher collect the journal publication details and other online resources this details are explained in table -10.

Sl. No	Country	Citations	Cumulative Citations	Percentage	Cumulative percentage
1	United States of America (USA)	1952	1952	36.17	36.17
2	United Kingdom (UK)	904	2856	16.75	52.92
3	India	859	3715	15.92	68.84
4	Germany	436	4151	8.08	76.92
5	Netherland	352	4503	6.52	83.44
6	Canada	141	4644	2.61	86.05
7	Taiwan	61	4705	1.13	87.18
8	Sweden	42	4747	0.78	87.96
6	Japan	38	4785	0.70	88.66
9	France	36	4821	0.67	89.33
10	Denmark	20	4841	0.37	89.70

Table – 10 Geographical Distributions of Journal Citations

11	Russia	18	4859	0.33	90.03
12	China	16	4875	0.30	90.33
13	Thailand	15	4890	0.28	90.61
14	Romania	14	4904	0.26	90.87
15	Korea	14	4918	0.26	91.13
16	Holland	12	4930	0.22	91.35
17	Czech Republic	11	4941	0.20	91.55
18	Ireland	10	4951	0.19	91.74
19	Pakistan	8	4959	0.15	91.89
20	Australia	7	4966	0.13	92.02
21	Africa	6	4972	0.11	92.13
22	Other countries	286	5258	5.30	97.43
23	Not available	139	5397	2.58	100.00
	Total	5397		100.00	

Figure – 3 Geographical distributions of Journal citations



The table 10 and figure 3 states that United States of America (USA) publication (1952) citations followed United kingdom (904), India (859) Germany (436), Netherland (352) respectively.

The researher of zoolgy studied developed countries journal publications but India (859) publication also cited, it means our researh publication also imformative and qulitative.

5.10 India and Foreign countries journal publication distribution

The research of zoology cited journal references are published geographically distributed India and foreign countries Table 11 is explained the details.

Table -11 India and foreign countries journal publication distribution

Serial No	Geographical distribution	Citations	Percentage
1	India	859	15.91
2	Foreign Countries	4538	84.09
	Total	5397	100.00

The table - 11 reveal that India (859) citations 15.91% of total citations foreign countries 84.09 % (4538). It shows that India science journal publications also very informative and qualitative.

5.11Bradford's law of scattering

Bradford's law states that "if scientific periodicals are arranged in order of decreasing productivity of articles on a given subject that may be divided into a nucleus of periodicals more particularly devoted to the subject and several groups of zones containing the same number of articles as the nucleus when the number of periodicals in the nucleus and succeeding zones will be as 1:n:n2" where 'n' is a multiplier.

5.10.1. Implementation of Bradford's law

To observation of the appropriateness of the distribution of journals using the verbal formulation of Bradford's Law, the following explanations were made and the results were presented. The first part deals with the verbal formulation of the theory based on the data consisting of whole journal references arranged by their decreasing frequency of citations, while the second part examines the graphical representations based on the same data.

5.10.2. Verbal formulation

The number of cited journals has been arranged by decreasing number of citations. To test the verbal formulation of Bradford's multiplier factor was arrived at by dividing journals of a zone by its preceding zone. Bradford's multiplier was expressed as the ratio of the number of journals in any group to the number of journals in any immediately presiding group. The basis for choosing the three zones was that the percentage error in distribution of citations, among the three zones should be minimum citations.

The distribution of journals and corresponding number of citations in the three zones along with the value of Bradford's multipliers are shown in table no. 12.

Zones	Number of Journals	Percentage of Journals	Number of Citations
1	25	4.18	1820
2	53	8.84	1787
3	521	86.98	1790
Total	599	100	5397

Table- 12 Bradford Zone scattering of journals citations

In the present table 12 shows data set it was observed that, , 25 journals in nucleus and they are the most productive journals devoted to Zoology sharing 4.18% of total cited journals. The next zone represented by 53 journals (8.84%). The last zone represented 521 journals which share 86.98% of total cited journals. Each zone has approximately one-third of the total citations. Table -12 reveals the same results and hence the journal data fits well with Bradford's law of distribution. Hence the journals distribution as per the Bradford's Law reveals the ratio 25:53:521

According to Bradford's the zones, thus identifies will form an approximately geometric series in the form 1: n: n2: But it was found that the relationship of each zone in the present study is 25:53:521. Bradford's formulated a simple mathematical model to describe reference scattering. Cole statistically explained that "by plotting the cumulative fraction total titles. An approximately linear curve is obtained and the slope of this curve gives a reference scattering which be characteristics of the study".

5.12 Distribution of cited journals by decreasing frequencies of citations

Table -13 distribution of cited journals by decreasing frequencies of citations

	ī		T				
No. of Journals	Cumula tive No.	Log of	No. of	Total	Cumulati ve	Percenta ge of	Percentage of
	of Journals	cumulative	Cita tions	Citations	citations	Cumula tive	Cumulati ve Journals
		Journals				Percenta ge	
1	1	0.00	147	147	147	2.72	0.17
1	2	0.30	129	129	276	5.11	0.33
1	3	0.48	112	112	388	7.19	0.50
1	4	0.60	104	104	492	9.12	0.67
1	5	0.70	94	94	586	10.86	0.83
1	6	0.78	91	91	677	12.54	1.00
1	7	0.85	82	82	759	14.06	1.17
2	9	0.95	76	152	911	16.88	1.50
1	10	1.00	74	74	985	18.25	1.67
1	11	1.04	72	72	1057	19.58	1.84
1	12	1.08	67	67	1124	20.83	2.00
1	13	1.11	61	61	1185	21.96	2.17
1	14	1.15	60	60	1245	23.07	2.34
2	16	1.20	59	118	1363	25.25	2.67
1	17	1.23	54	54	1417	26.26	2.84
1	18	1.26	53	53	1470	27.24	3.01
2	20	1.30	52	104	1574	29.16	3.34
2	22	1.34	51	102	1676	31.05	3.67
1	23	1.36	49	49	1725	31.96	3.84
1	24	1.38	48	48	1773	32.85	4.01
1	25	1.40	47	47	1820	33.72	4.17
1	26	1.41	46	46	1866	34.57	4.34
2	28	1.45	45	90	1956	36.24	4.67
1	29	1.46	44	44	2000	37.06	4.84
3	32	1.51	43	129	2129	39.45	5.34
3	35	1.54	42	126	2255	41.78	5.84
3	38	1.58	41	123	2378	44.06	6.34
2	40	1.60	40	80	2458	45.54	6.68
2	42	1.62	39	78	2536	46.99	7.01
2	44	1.64	38	76	2612	48.40	7.35
3	47	1.67	37	111	2723	50.45	7.85
2	49	1.69	36	72	2795	51.79	8.18
_1	50	1.70	35	35	2830	52.44	8.35
_ 2	52	1.72	34	68	2898	53.70	8.68
_ 1	53	1.72	33	33	2931	54.31	8.85
2	55	1.74	32	64	2995	55.49	9.18
2	57	1.76	31	62	3057	56.64	9.52
2	59	1.77	30	60	3117	57.75	9.85
3	62	1.79	29	87	3204	59.37	10.35
2	64	1.81	28	56	3260 3341	60.40	10.68 11.19
3	67	1.83		81		61.90	
4	71	1.85	26	104	3445	63.83	11.85
3	74	1.87	24	72	3517	65.17	12.35
2	76	1.88	23	46	3563	66.02	12.69
3	79	1.90 1.91		66	3629	67.24	13.19
2	81		21	42	3671	68.02	13.52
2	83	1.92	19	40 38	3711 3749	68.76 69.46	13.86 14.19
3	85 88	1.94	18	54	3803	70.47	14.69
	1	1.95	17	34	3837	71.10	15.03
6	90	1.98	16	96	3933	72.87	16.03
	97	1.99	15	15	3948	73.15	16.19
4	101	2.00	14	56	4004	74.19	16.86
8	101	2.04	13	104	4108	76.12	18.20
14	109	2.09	12	168	4276	79.23	20.53
		2.11	.2				
7	130	2.11	11	77	4353 4423	80.66 81.95	21.70 22.87
11	137	2.14	10 09	70 99	4522	83.79	24.71
	148	2.17					25.88
7	155	2.19	08 07	56 56	4578 4634	84.82 85.86	25.88
8	163	2.21	06		4634	85.86 87.09	
11	174			66			29.05
23	197	2.29	05	115	4815	89.22	32.89
8	205	2.31	04	32 105	4847	89.81	34.22 40.07
35	240				4952	91.75	54.42
86	326	2.51	02	172	5124	94.94	
273	599	2.78	01	273	5397	100.00	100.00
599		1	<u> </u>	1	1		1

The graphical and verbal interpretation of the Bradford's law of scattering has been applied to the literature of zoology. Table - 13 represents journals arranged in decreasing frequency of citations. To testify the applicability of Bradford's law of scattering

5.13 FINDINGS AND RESULT OF THE STUDY

The analysis findings result on the basis of different variables.

1.Bangalore University 2604(37.689%) is highest cited references followed University of Mysore 2468 (35.723%) and Karnatak University 1837 (26.588%).

- 2. Journals constituted the most frequently used form accounting for 5397 (78.54%) citations of the total cited references.
- 3. The Bangalore university zoology researcher cited Journals (2026) is the highest followed University of Mysore (2018) and Karnatak University (1353).
- 4. Zoology researcher highly cited source is Pure Science, Applied science & Medical Science (99%).
- 5.Zoology researcher referred Zoology (39.118%) subject journals followed Medical Science (20.938%), Biology (10.043%), science (7.208%), genetics (6.504%), Ecology (4.280%) subject journals
- 6. The researcher is depending USA (1952) and other developed country journal publications. Indian journal are cited (859).
- 7. The study confirms that the journal use pattern of zoology researchers fits well with the Bradford's Law of scattering.
- 8. The findings of the study have grate implication for the need based collection developed in the field of Zoology.

5.14CONCLUSION

The study covers 52 doctoral theses submitted to the department of zoology in three universities of Karnataka. The Zoology researchers are highest source used journals (74.11%). The study reveals that Indian journals 859 (16.75 %) are cited. Zoology researcher referred Indian journals that are top journal titles. That are 3rd, 6th, 8th and 11th ranked Indian journal titles. The topmost journals are USA and UK published titles. This study will help to Zoology researcher and University librarian for collection development process. Not only the collection development it evaluates the resource usage and help to library budget management. The librarian will identify the core journal for subscription.

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