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CRIMINOLOGICAL RESEARCH BULLETIN

NEW SERIES, NO. 1

Otto Pollak

The author is Assistant Professor of Sociology at the University of Pennsylvania. His research work in criminology has been focused on the study of the criminality of certain population groups such as the criminality of older people, and, more recently, the criminality of women.

At the present time Dr. Pollak is preparing a bibliography on criminological publications by American authors between 1939 and 1949. Preparations for the publication of that part of the bibliography which relates to the study of the etiology of crime are underway.—EDITOR.

The "Criminological Research Bulletin" presented in the following pages is a revival of an earlier venture which may still be remembered by the readers of the Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology. In 1931, Professor Thorsten Sellin of the University of Pennsylvania, under the auspices of the Bureau of Social Hygiene, started a survey of research projects underway in the field of criminology. The first three of these early Bulletins were mimeographed; the fourth and fifth were printed in pamphlet form: the sixth and seventh appeared in this Journal. and the last two, Nos. 8 and 9, were issued as publications of the Committee on Criminal Statistics of the American Prison Association. Professor Sellin was in charge of issues Nos. 1-3 and Nos. 5-7, Mr. Leonard V. Harrison, then Director of the Bureau of Social Hygiene, edited issue No. 4, and the last two issues were edited by Professor J. P. Shalloo of the University of Pennsvlvania.

Due to the impact of World War II, no Bulletin was published after 1939. In view of the relative normalization in social science research and the passing of ten years since such a survey of current research in criminology has been made available, it was suggested by Dr. Sellin and Dr. Shalloo that this service be revived. It appeared indicated, however, to start a new series rather than to continue the earlier one. Therefore, instead of presenting this survey of current criminological research as "Criminological Research Bulletin No. 10," it is being offered as *Criminological Research Bulletin, New Series, No. 1* and the items contained therein begin with a new enumeration.

Some projects undoubtedly have not been brought to the compiler's attention although efforts have been made to secure as complete a list of current researches as possible. The projects have been grouped under the following headings:

- I. Criminal Statistics
- II. Causation
- III. Police Organization and Administration
- IV. Science of Detection
 - V. Law, Procedure and the Administration of Justice
- VI. Penal Treatment
 - (A) Institutional
 - (B) Probation and Parole
 - (C) Other
 - (D) Effectiveness of Treatment

VII. Miscellaneous

The status of the research projects (whether in progress, completed, or in process of publication) relates to October, 1949.

Appreciation is due to contributors who have answered the questionnaire and to Mr. Marvin Bressler, Instructor in Sociology at the University of Pennsylvania, who assisted in preparing the list of persons to whom the questionnaire was sent.

I. CRIMINAL STATISTICS

1. MCGEE, RICHARD A. (California Department of Corrections, 417-429 State Office Building No. 1, Sacramento, Calif.) *California Prisoners, 1945-1949.* An analysis of admissions during the years 1945-1949, based on all factors recorded on punch cards for every man received under commitment to prison. Factors which are under study are the offense, county of commitment, age, birthplace, intelligence estimate, educational achievement, time in the state before the offense, and recidivism. The analysis of those released from prison also takes into account the type of release, the time spent in prison before release and the sentences set by the Adult Authority. In progress.

2. PETERSON, VIRGIL W. (Chicago Crime Commission, 79 W. Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.). A Statistical View of Crime— Chicago and Cook County, 1948. A statistical presentation and analysis of (1) major offenses in Chicago, (2) the disposition of cases generally and by individual judges in the Criminal Court of Cook County, (3) the administration of the 1942 Amendment to the Indeterminate Sentence Act, and (4) verdicts of murder by Coroner's juries. In progress.

3. RAYMOND, AYRES R. (Department of Corrections, State Office Building, Lansing, Mich.). Corrections Cases on IBM Punch Cards. A study of the development and utilization of cards, individual data sheets, and case registers to permit the punching on IBM cards of county jail inmates, felony court dispositions, prison inmates, parolees, and probationers. In progress.

4. SCHNUR, ALFRED C. (Department of Sociology, University of Mississippi, University, Miss.). Plans for a Mississippi Bureau of Criminal Statistics and Research. A design of plans for a Bureau of Criminal Statistics and Research to collect data on the volume of crime, the characteristics of persons apprehended, and on the populations in institutions or under other correctional programs, and the legal disposition of offenders. It is also intended to evaluate the efficiency and success of all correctional programs. In progress.

5. SELLIN, THORSTEN (Department of Sociology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Penna.). Status and Prospects of Criminal Statistics in the United States. Historical development, present organization, anticipated changes. Completed.

II. CAUSATION

6. BROMBERG, WALTER, M.D. (140 North Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada). *Psychoanalytic Investigation of Psychopathic Criminals*. Analytic investigation of a murderer, based on two years' work on one case. In process of publication.

7. BURROWS, CHARLES N. and CRASILNECK, HAROLD B. (Department of Sociology, Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas). A Comparison of Ethnic Groups Involved in Juvenile Delinquency in San Antonio, Texas. San Antonio has long been noted for its high rate of juvenile delinquency. This study will attempt to show the etiology involved in delinquency in this area, and to answer the question whether the causal factors are predominantly the same for Anglos, Mexicans, and Negroes. In progress.

8. CARR, JESSE L. (University of California, Medical School, Division of Pathology, San Francisco, Calif.). Statistical Study on Suicide in the City and County of San Francisco. Tabulation of age, sex, means of suicide, as much of the social and psychological background as can be obtained, and autopsy findings. In progress. 9. CLARK, JERRY H. (University of California, Santa Barbara, Calif.). The Relationships between Psychiatric Diagnosis and the Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory Scores in an Army Disciplinary Barracks Population. In progress.

10. COHEN, ALBERT K. (Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.). *Delinquency and Social Structure*. Comparison of boys in a delinquent area and boys in a non-delinquent area. In progress.

11. CORSINI, RAYMOND J. (San Quentin Prison, San Quentin, Calif.). *Measurement of Intelligence of Prisoners*. An attempt to evaluate the mental ability of prisoners of various national and cultural origins by a test of the non-language variety which is relatively free of cultural material. In progress.

12. CRESSEY, DONALD R. (Department of Anthropology and Sociology, University of California at Los Angeles, Calif.). Sociological Theory of Violation of Financial Trust. Analysis of careers of prisoners convicted of violation of financial trust, from the point of view of the theory of differential association. In progress.

13. DIGGS, MARY HUFF. (Department of Sociology, Hunter College, New York, N. Y.). A Controlled Analysis of Factors which Contribute to the Establishment and Perpetuation of the Behaviour Pattern of Running Away in Delinquent Girls. A comparison of personality types, family situations and community environment to be found among those girls committed to the Maryland State Training School for Negro girls whose histories have been filled with running away episodes and those girls in that institution who have never used this method of adjustment. In progress.

14. _____ The Use of Ideal Type Methodology in Studies of Juvenile Delinquency. A re-examination of this method of research from all literature available on it; and a scrutiny of all research that has been done, using it as a method of procedure. In progress.

15. DUREA, M. A. and ALBRECHT, H. R. (Psychology Department, The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio). A Comparative Study of the Attitudes of Delinquents and Non-Delinquents toward Stealing and Immorality. The utilization of a projective device (incomplete sentences technique) to investigate the attitudes of delinquent and non-delinquent adolescent populations (male and female, age range of 13-18 years with a mean age of about 15.5 years) toward stealing and sexual activities. Analysis of responses to discover any differences in attitudes regarding motivation toward such behavior. In progress.

16. FOX, VERNON. (State Prison of Southern Michigan, Jackson, Mich.). The Influence of Personality on Social Non-Conformity. Bernreuter Personality Inventories were administered to 1,235 consecutive admissions to the State Prison of Southern Michigan in 1944 and 1945. These successive admissions were tabulated according to the crime they committed and the results of the Bernreuter Personality Inventories. The results indicate that personality structure in some instances may determine the social area in which conformity is most difficult. Completed.

17. *Homosexual Behavior among Teen Age Boys in a Correctional Institution.* A study of eight homosexual boys at the Cassidy Lake Technical School. Discussion of the differentials (1) between the homosexual group and the general population of the institution, and (2) between the active and the passive homosexuals. Completed.

18. GLUECK, SHELDON and GLUECK, ELEANOR T. (Harvard Law School, Kendall House, Cambridge, Mass.). Researches into the Basic Causes of Juvenile Delinquency. A comparison of the incidence of hundreds of factors-biologic, sociologic and biosocial—in 500 persistent male juvenile delinguents and 500 truly non-delinquent boys who have been matched in respect to residence in a delinquency area, ethnic-racial derivation, I.Q., and age. Findings are based on intensive sociologic investigations of home and neighborhood, anthropometry with a view to determining constitutional types, Rorschach tests, Bellevue-Wechsler and Stanford Performance psychologic tests, physical examinations and psychiatric interviews. Vol. I, "Unraveling Juvenile Delinquency," to be published by The Commonwealth Fund of New York in 1950, presents a detailed account of techniques and selection of data, statistical analysis of findings in each major area, an integrative theory, prediction tables forecasting future delinquency of young children, etc. Several subsequent volumes deriving from the same basic raw materials are projected for publication in 1951 and thereafter.

19. HALPERIN, SIDNEY L. (University of Hawaii, Psychological Clinic and Territorial Hospital, Kaneohe, Oahu, T. H.). A Study of the Personality Structure of the Prisoner in Hawaii. A report on the evaluation of psychological profiles based on the routine use of the Rorschach, Bender-Gestalt, and Wechsler-Bellevue scales in the examination of newly admitted prisoners in Hawaii during 1948 and early 1949. The data reveal the presence of psychopathy in a very large number of the population under study and suggest that the diagonstic category of psychopathic personality is hardly tenable since these cases in most instances are far better described in terms of known neurotic mechanisms of behavior. Completed.

20. HARRIS, DALE B. (Institute of Child Welfare, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.). Are Juvenile Play Interests Predictive of Continued Criminal Careers? Data on play interests of 62 junior high school boys on probation from juvenile court and of 62 control cases matched for age, school grade, intelligence, father's occupation and neighborhood of residence were obtained in 1936 and showed certain significant differences in play interests. A follow-up of these cases in 1947-48 indicated that none of the non-delinquents offended at a later date and that only a few of the delinquents continued into adult crime careers. No major differences in interests were noted as reported in 1936 between those delinquents who continued and those who did not continue in crime. Completed.

21. _____ Differences between Rural and Urban Delinquent Boys. All entrants to a state training school for boys constitute the sample studied. Subjects were segregated into rural and urban groups and statistical differences in the following items are being studied: age, reason for commitment, occupation of parents, school grade level, measured educational achievement (Stanford Achievement Test), and intelligence. In progress.

22. HARTMAN, A. A. (Department of Psychology, Boston University Graduate School, Boston, Mass.). A Psychological Study of Criminal Aliases. A psychological study of the factors entering into the choice and use of aliases and the significance of these factors in relation to anti-social behavior. Completed.

23. HAYNER, NORMAN S. (Department of Sociology, University of Washington, Seattle, Wash.). Crime and Mobility (one chapter in a forthcoming book on New Patterns in Old Mexico). A comparison of criminal behavior in the isolated, provincial city of Oaxaca, Mexico, with that in the metropolis, Mexico City. The study includes data showing an almost total lack of criminal culture in the Carcel Pùblica or State Prison of Oaxaca and its much greater development in the Penitenciariá of the Distrito Federal. In progress.

24. KALLMANN, FRANZ., M.D. (Department of Medical Genetics, New York State Psychiatric Institute, Columbia University, New York, N. Y.). Genetic Aspects of Male Homosexuality. Study of male twin pairs with a history of homosexuality in one or both members (twin study method). In progress.

25. KAVRUCK, SAMUEL and GOHEEN, HOWARD W. (Veterans Administration, Washington, D. C.). A Preliminary Report on a New Index of Masculinity-Femininity. By means of a nonverbal "picture interest" test and rankings assigned to four items of anti-social behavior, it has been possible to screen out 60 per cent of all individuals who show a pattern of homosexual behavior and 70 per cent of homosexuals who assume a feminine role in the homosexual act (passive homosexuals). In process of publication.

26. KING, CHARLES E. (Department of Sociology, Bennett College, Greensboro, N. C.). *Community Factors and Juvenile Delinquency*. The project attempts to identify areas of delinquency commitment, to make an analysis of these areas and to compare them with non-delinquent areas. The object is to determine the factors in a community area that are conducive to the commitment of delinquency. In progress.

27. RABIN, ALBERT I. (Department of Psychology, Michigan State College, East Lansing, Mich.). Without Mental Disorder. A survey of 89 individuals referred by the criminal court to a state hospital for observation and discharge to the court with a diagonsis of "Without Mental Disorder." The nature of this group and their offenses in relation to social attitudes is discussed. Completed.

28. RAYMOND, AYRES R. (Department of Corrections, State Office Building, Lansing, Mich.). Statistical Analysis of Sex Offenders Committed to Michigan Prisons in 1946. An analysis of 294 sex offenders showing offenses, median age, previous record, I.Q., marital status and physical disease. Offense comparisons were made between this year and the years 1875, 1935, 1938, 1939, 1940, and 1941. Completed.

29. REINHARDT, JAMES M. and NOBLE, ROBERT A. (Department of Sociology, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.). Study of Situational Interpretations by Criminals. An attempt to study and evaluate the interpretations that penitentiary inmates put upon the critical situations in their own lives. Research technique: personal interviews supplemented by studies of individual life histories. In progress.

30. SCHROEDER, CLARENCE W. (Department of Sociology, Bradley University, Peoria, III.). *Delinquency in Peoria*. An ecological study based on Census Enumeration Districts. Completed.

31. _____ The Delinquency Area Concept. In progress.

32. SCHUESSLER, KARL (Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.) and CRESSEY, DONALD R. (Department of Anthropology and Sociology, University of California at Los Angeles, Calif.). *Personality Characteristics of Criminals*. Summary of all available studies of personal characteristics of delinquents by means of organized tests, in comparison with control group of non-delinquents. In process of publication.

33. SMITH, PHILIP M. (Department of Sociology, Central Michigan College of Education, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.). Organized Religion and Criminal Behavior. This is a project designed to accumulate and analyze data pertaining to the deterrent effects, if any, of church membership upon deviant behavior, especially as applied to prison inmates and parolees. In progress.

34. SMITH, WILLIAM C. (Department of Sociology, Linfield College, McMinnville, Oregon). *Delinquency and the Stepchild*. An analysis of the relationship between being a stepchild and juvenile delinquency based on available statistical data and case records. This is a part of a larger study of the Stepchild. In progress.

35. STEARNS, WARREN A., M.D. (Department of Sociology, Tufts College, Medford, Mass.). No formal title set. A sibling study of the admissions of the Middlesex County House of Correction in West Billerica, Mass. In progress.

36. SUTHERLAND, EDWIN H. (Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.). *Crime and Social Organization*. Summary of theories of crime in relation to social organization and analysis of research problems from this point of view. In progress.

37. TAPPAN, PAUL W. (Department of Sociology, New York University, New York, N. Y.). Divorce and Juvenile Delinquency. An analysis for the Virginia Law Weekly. The relationship between broken home and juvenile delinquency. In progress.

38. TORO-CALDER, JAIME (c/o Department of Sociology and Anthropology, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.). Personal Crimes in Puerto Rico. Research on Puerto Rican personal offenders, covering every seventh inmate in prison for personal crimes (murder: first and second degree, manslaughter, attack to commit murder, attack to commit homicide and mayhem). The sample thus selected was submitted to interview. Life histories were collected from inmates who could write. Statistical material was collected from the Bureau of Prisons, the prison files, and the individual cases studied, to be used in the final written report. M.A. Thesis. In progress.

39. URMSTON, MARY JANE. (c/o Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.). Case History of a Delinquent Woman. Autobiographical description of career by a delinquent woman, with general statement of background and interpretation by author. In progress.

40. WALLIN, PAUL (Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Stanford University, Stanford, Calif.). A Comparison of Various Types of Delinquencies as Reported by Men and Women College Students. Sixty-three men and 67 women who were attending a course in criminology filled out anonymous questionnaires. They were asked to report the frequency with which they had committed 15 specified delinquency violations. A comparison was made of the incidence among the men and women of the various violations. In progress.

41. WATTENBERG, WILLIAM W. (College of Education, Wayne University, Detroit, Mich.) A Study of Factors Associated with Gang Membership among Adolescent Boys. Statistical analysis of some 50 items of information contained in the records of approximately 5,000 boys contacted on complaint by the Detroit Police Department in order to determine: (1) which items are associated with gang membership; (2) which items were more heavily associated with gang membership among seriously delinquent boys than among those with only one police contact; (3) which items noted on first police contact predicted repeating more reliably in gang boys than in those who got in trouble although they did not belong to gangs. In progress.

III. POLICE ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

42. ESSELSTYN, THOMAS C. (Department of Sociology, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.). *Rural Crime and the County Sheriff*. An analysis of rural crime from the standpoint of action taken on it by one county official. A study of variations in such action within and between counties. In progress.

43. GOLDMAN, NATHAN. (Western Psychiatric Institute, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Penna.). (Tentative title.) The Differential Selection, by Police, of Juvenile Offenders for Court Appearance. A study of how the police in various communities select juvenile offenders for court referral, and release others without official action. Research technique: analysis of police records and interviews with police. In progress.

44. KNOLES, FRED A. (Bureau of Statistics of the California Department of Justice, Sacramento, Calif.). Study of Police Reports at San Jose. An analytical study of every report made in the San Jose Police Department over a period of time in order to determine the actual activities of a police department, the amount of time devoted to criminal cases, the amount devoted to other matters, the nature of the latter, and results of police work in criminal cases. Has also the purpose to investigate whether a method can be designed to determine the characteristics of the persons who commit the bulk of criminal offenses. In progress.

45. MILLER, ROBERT W. (Syracuse University College of Law, Syracuse, N. Y.). *Police Methods and the Due Process Clause*. This study is limited to the confession and illegal search and seizure cases. In progress.

46. NOLAN, JAMES B. (Juvenile Aid Bureau, New York City Police Department, New York, N. Y.). Crime Prevention by Police Departments throughout the United States. The survey will determine the extent of crime prevention programs by police departments. In progress.

47. PURSUIT, DAN G. (Delinquency Control Institute, School of Public Administration, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif.). Standards for Police Juvenile Work. Design of suggested standards for police juvenile work including organization of a juvenile division, selection of personnel, qualifications of personnel, functions of juvenile division, and relationships with other agencies. In progress.

48. SMITH, BRUCE. (Institute of Public Administration, 684 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.). Administrative Survey of Connecticut State Police. A study of backgrounds, organization, policies, and operation of the state police force with special emphasis on relations with other governmental agencies, state and local, and the setting of the state police within the organization of the state government. Completed.

IV. SCIENCE OF DETECTION

49. CARR, JESSE L., M.D. (University of California Medical School, Division of Pathology, San Francisco, Calif.). Study on the Influences of Alcoholism and Strychnin Poisoning. In cases of acute alcoholism, either accidental or intentional injection of strychnin results in an extraordinary antagonism which amounts to an essential neutralization. Study of the quantitation of the amounts of the two drugs is in process. 50. DAVIS, WILLIAM J. (National Automobile Theft Bureau, 175 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.). *Automobile Fires*. Analysis of difficulties encountered in total destruction by fire—legitimately—of modern all steel automobile. Study being made to determine probabilities of fraud fires of total losses reported. Completed.

51. DUTRA, FRANK R., M.D. (Kettering Laboratory of Applied Physiology, University of Cincinnati Medical School, Cincinnati, Ohio). Investigation into Methods, Substances and Effects in Criminal Abortions. In Progress.

52. HINE, C. H., M.D. (School of Public Health, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.). *Medicolegal Aspects of Alcoholism*, *Part I.* A study of preservatives, refrigeration and duration of time before analysis on a series of prepared blood samples containing a known quantity of alcohol. In every instance alteration of the alcohol content of the specimen commenced within 72 hours. Over a period of 90 days the majority of specimens had fallen to approximately one-half of their original value. Completed.

53. KAYE, SIDNEY. (Department of Legal Medicine and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia, Richmond, Va.). Determination of Metal Poisonings in Human Tissues. In process of publication.

54. ______ Studies on Alcohol. In progress. 55. KIRK, PAUL L. (Division of Biochemistry and Bureau of Criminology, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.). Application of Microchemical Techniques to the Study of Physical Evidence. A study of microchemical techniques and statistical evaluation of various types of evidence. Hairs, fibers, glass, soil and other items have constituted a part of this general research activity. Special attention is given to the application of the density gradient tube to identification. In progress.

56. KIEWAN, WILLIAM E. (Scientific Laboratory, New York State Police, Albany, N. Y.). *Research on 1080, Antu and other Insecticides*. Research in the identification of new insecticides and rodenticides which leave no known traces after they have been ingested by animals or humans. In progress.

57. KUBIS, JOSEPH F. (Fordham University, New York, N. Y.) and ROUKE, FABIAN L. (College of the City of New York, New York, N. Y.). Studies in the Detection of Deception. Five papers are planned concerning (1) theoretical and practical considerations in the use of the psychogalvanic response as an index of deception; (2) results of the method in an experimental test situation with delinquent and non-delinquent adolescent subjects; (3) statistical analysis of the various aspects of the PGR concerning their validity as indices of deception; (4) results of the method with non-experimental cases examined for the police or other agencies, and (5) results of the method with psychotics and other abnormal subjects. In progress.

58. MARCUSE, F. L. (Department of Psychology, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.). *Psychophysiological Characteristics of the "Error" Group Found in Studying Deception with the Keeler Polygraph*. An investigation of the psychological and physiological concomitants of the "error" group found in lie detection procedures. The "error" group is defined as that group of individuals who are incorrectly diagnosed on the basis of physiological indices obtained from a Keeler Polygraph operated by an experienced individual. This group consists of approximately 10 per cent of all cases (Inbau). In progress.

59. MOORE, ELON H. (Department of Sociology, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon). *Experiments in Testimonial Accuracy*. Classroom experiments using students as subjects for testing both immediate and delayed recall on such items as time intervals, appearance, action, conversation, conflict situations, etc. In progress.

60. ROCHE, GEORGE W. (Minnesota State Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, St. Paul, Minn.). Ultraviolet Spectrophotometric Procedure for Routine Toxicological Analyses. Determination of ultraviolet absorption curves for common alkaloidal and nonalkaloidal organic synthetic compounds. Use of appropriate extraction process and qualitative and quantitative determination from tissues. In progress.

61. TURNER, RALPH F. (Department of Police Administration, Michigan State College, East Lansing, Mich.). The Comparability and Reliability of Chemical Tests for Intoxication. The purpose of this project is to submit approximately twelve chemical tests for the determination of alcohol in blood, breath, and urine to a critical survey in which the relative accuracy of each is examined. In progress.

V. LAW, PROCEDURE, AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

62. BLINN, KEITH W. (University of North Dakota School of Law, Grand Forks, N. D.). *First Degree Murder—A Workable Test.* A review of the development of the degrees of murder with particular reference to North Dakota and analysis of the judicial approach to the legislative standard. In process of publication.

63. CALDWELL, ROBERT G. (Department of Sociology, State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa). Study of Life Termers in Iowa. Analysis of the criminal laws of Iowa that prescribe life imprisonment; study of prison records of life termers and of material regarding these men in the files of the State Parole Board as a basis for the establishment of more adequate programs of rehabilitation. In progress.

64. CURRAN, JOHN W. (DePaul University College of Law, Chicago, Ill.). *Criminal Attempts.* This study is intended to present a delineation of criminal and non-criminal attempts. Solicitation as a substantive crime is considered in this connection. The project is partly based on earlier papers on these topics published by the author. In progress.

65. DESSION, GEORGE H. (Yale Law School, New Haven, Conn.) et al. *Mental Disease*. A study of the appropriate legal criteria in the various type situations where the existence of psychiatric deviation is a relevant issue for adjudication. The objective is to prepare draft legislation embodying the findings. In progress.

66. FRANKLIN, MITCHELL (Tulane Law School, New Orleans, La.). Report on Nuernberg Charter and Opinion of the Nuernberg Tribunal (prepared at invitation of the Secretariat of the United Nations). The report is a technical study of legal meaning of the Nuernberg Charter and of the Opinion of the Nuernberg Tribunal, relating to major war criminals of the European Axis States; based on French, Soviet, American, English and other legal materials; essence of report concerns rivalry between text of Nuernberg Charter and Opinion of the Nuernberg Tribunal. Completed.

67. HAZARD, JOHN N. (Columbia University Law School, New York, N. Y.). The Soviet Court and Social Engineering. An analysis of the part played by the Soviet court in directing society towards the political goals set by policy making bodies. In progress.

68. HOWELL, ROGER (University of Maryland School of Law, Baltimore, Md.). Uniform Rules of Criminal Procedure. Project is under the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. It was originally intended to frame a uniform code of criminal procedure, based primarily upon the American Law Institute code as affected by the Federal rules of criminal procedure and rules and regulations in different states. The scope of the project was changed to drawing uniform rules rather than a uniform code. In progress. 69. KEEDY, EDWIN R. (University of Pennsylvania Law School, Philadelphia, Penna.). Function of the Jury in Criminal Cases. A study of the function of the jury in criminal cases, with special reference to the practice under statutes providing that the jury shall determine whether the punishment shall be death or life imprisonment in cases where the defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree. In progress.

70. KILLIAN, FREDERICK W. (Department of Sociology, Clark University, Worcester, Mass.). *Policy Trends Concerning Jurisdiction over Children in the United States*. A study of social values as expressed in legal policy with reference to offenses committed by children, neglect, and dependency situations before and after adoption of the Juvenile Court Laws. Analysis of unrecognized values, lack of adequate operational indices and organizing principles in Juvenile Court Laws. A trial-formulation of policy design for jurisdiction over children. J.S.D. Thesis. In progress.

71. LUDWIG, FREDERICK J. (College of Law, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.). Youth and the Law. A handbook on laws relating to the processing and treatment of immature offenders. The approach is historical, comparative (with emphasis on New York rules), expository as well as critical. The text is appropriate for use by social workers, prosecutors, police and attorneys concerned with the treatment of juvenile delinquents. In process of publication.

72. LUNDEN, WALTER A. (Iowa State College, Ames, Iowa.). Urban and Rural Justice in Iowa. A study of rates of criminal cases and severity of penalty in terms of population from farm areas to urban, based on 8,450 criminal cases in Iowa, 1943-1945. In process of publication.

73. MERICA, EWART LYTTON (University of San Francisco Law School, San Francisco, Calif.). Criminal Law: 1948-1949. Part of Survey of California Law, 1948-49, published by School of Law, University of Santa Clara, Santa Clara, Calif. In process of publication.

74. MORELAND, ROY (College of Law, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky.). *Principles of the Law of Homicide* (book). Study of historical development of law of homicide; an attempt to state and rationalize the common law of same; modern statutory regulation; ending with suggested statute. In progress.

75. NATIONAL PROBATION AND PAROLE ASSOCIATION (1790 Broadway, New York, N. Y.). (Reported by Charles L. Chute, Sol Rubin and Sherwood Norman) Standards in Juvenile Detention.

A study of detention home building design and construction; the use made of detention facilities and personnel and program are the three main divisions of the study. Preliminary reports have been published: Detention for the Juvenile Court, a Discussion of Principles and Practices, National Probation Association, 1946; and The Design and Construction of Detention Homes for the Juvenile Court, National Probation and Parole Association, 1947. The study is nationwide in scope and will eventually be published in book form. In the meantime sections of the report will be released as they are completed.

76. OLGLESBY, DWAYNE. (c/o The Graduate School, University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kans.). Growth of Professionalization of Personnel in Law Enforcement Agencies, federal, state, local. An effort to determine to what extent personnel in law enforcement agencies have developed a sense of professionalism. Criteria of professionalization are derived from an analysis of the law, medicine and other occupations which are recognized as professions. Research technique: personal interviews and correspondence with personnel in law enforcement agencies. In progress.

77. PLOSCOWE, MORRIS (New York City Magistrates Courts, New York, N. Y.). Sex and the Law. A critical analysis of legal provisions concerning marriage, annulment, divorce, sex crime, prostitution and criminal obscenity. In progress.

78. QUARLES, JAMES C. (Walter F. George School of Law, Mercer University, Macon, Ga.). Some Statutory Construction Problems and Approaches in Criminal Law. An investigation and examination of those rules of construction of criminal statutes which are peculiar to that field and others which are applied in a different manner because the statutes pertain to criminal law. This project is designed to be a part of a Vanderbilt Law Review symposium on statutory construction. In progress.

79. RAYMOND, AYRES R.¹ (Department of Corrections, State Office Building, Lansing, Mich.). Comparative Study of Background of Capital Punishment in Michigan. A brief survey of capital punishment in Michigan from territorial days to its abolition in 1846, with a chronological appraisal of subsequent

^{1.} Mr. Raymond reports also the following studies which were prepared in the Michigan Department of Corrections for administrative use, may be of interest and are available in mimeograph form: (a) An Analysis of 1,500 Pre-Sentence Investigation Reports, Bureau of Probation, Michigan Department of Corrections, 1945; (b) Digest of Youth Authority and Diagnostic Center Statutes of Six States, 1948; (c) Evaluation of Michigan's Wayward Minor Law, Vernon Fox, 1948; (d) A Report on Wayward Minors and Juvenile Delinquents, State Advisory Council of Corrections, 1948; (e) A Survey of the Michigan Corrections System, 1949.

unsuccessful legislative efforts to re-establish capital punishment in Michigan. Completed, 1948. Mimeographed for use of students.

80. SCHICK, F. B. (Department of Political Science, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah). *Individual Criminal Responsibility in Criminal Law* (book). Development of idea of an international criminal law, a critical analysis of the trials of major war criminals of the European Axis and of legal possibilities for developing individual criminal responsibility in international law. In progress.

81. SELLIN, THORSTEN (Department of Sociology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Penna.). An Analysis of Capital Executions in Continental United States, 1930-1947. Based on the statistics issued by the Bureau of the Census. Completed.

82. SNEDEKER, JAMES (School of Law, University of San Francisco, San Francisco, Calif.). The Law of Military Justice. An analysis of substantive criminal law as applied to U. S. military services, plus specific military and naval law; its view from the constitutional standpoint and need for uniform code. In progress.

83. SUTHERLAND, EDWIN H. (Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.). The Sexual Psychopath Laws. Description and appraisal of laws for special procedure regarding the so-called sexual psychopaths. In progress.

84. TAPPAN, PAUL W. (Department of Sociology, New York University, New York, N. Y.). *Administration of Sex Offender Laws*. An analysis of the operation of the habitual sex offender laws in the several states where such statutes have been adopted. In progress.

85. VIRTUE, MAXINE (Michigan Law School, Ann Arbor, Mich.). *Metropolitan Court Survey* (book). A survey of the trial courts in the Detroit Metropolitan District, with special analysis of those problems which exist by reason of the metropolitan location of the courts. In process of publication.

86. WALLERSTEIN, JAMES S. (Randen Foundation, 254 West 31st Street, New York, N. Y.). The Rights and Disabilities of Convicted Offenders. In progress.

VI. PENAL TREATMENT

A. Institutional

87. ALPER, BENEDICT, S. (United Nations, Lake Success, N. Y.). A Study of the Hawthorne Cedar Knolls School, Haw-

thorne, N. Y. (not under auspices of United Nations). A complete descriptive and analytical report on one of the leading schools in the country for emotionally disturbed children who are delinquent. In progress.

88. CHENAULT, PRICE (New York State Department of Correction, A. E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, N. Y.). *Health, Physical Education and Recreation for Correctional Institutions, New York State Department of Correction.* (Syllabus for teachers and directors of programs.) There has been a need for some time of a manual in the area of health, physical education and recreation which would set forth basic philosophy, objectives, methods and content appropriate for use by those responsible for programs of health instruction, service and supervision, physical education and recreation. Committees of those with long experience in this field have been established to prepare the manual under the direction of the writer. In progress.

89. DESSION, GEORGE H. (Yale Law School, New Haven, Conn.). *Treatment*. A study of current treatment potentials under practically available conditions, broken down into psychiatric categories of offenders. The objective is to prepare draft legislation embodying the findings. In progress.

90. FENTON, NORMAN (Department of Corrections, State of California, Sacramento, Calif.) Handbook on Pre-Release Preparation prepared by the author as Chairman of Committee on Classification and Case Work of American Prison Association, in collaboration with Committee members. In process of publication.

91. FLITTIE, EDWIN G. (Department of Sociology, University of Wyoming, Laramie, Wyo.). *The Wyoming Penitentiary*. An analysis of the Wyoming State Prison. A short description of activities, the physical plant, etc., and proposed change in operation. Completed.

92. GERSTENLAUER, CHARLES (New York State Training School for Boys, State School, Orange County, N. Y.). Group Therapy with Institutionalized Male Juvenile Delinquents. The purpose of the investigation was to examine and evaluate changes in observed behavior and in intellectual, emotional and social adjustment in a group of institutionalized male juvenile delinquents who participated in group therapy for a period of approximately twenty sessions. Ph.D. Thesis. Completed.

93. GILL, HOWARD B. (Department of Sociology, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.). The Development of a Com-

munity Prison (The State Prison Colony, Norfolk, Mass., 1927-1935). This is a study to supplement the report on "The Development of Penological Treatment at Norfolk Prison Colony in Massachusetts" issued by the Bureau of Social Hygiene, New York, 1940. In progress.

94. HOPKIRK, HOWARD W. (Russell Sage Foundation, 505 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.). Institutions Serving Children (Revised edition). In the earlier edition attention was given to the care of delinquent children, disturbed children, and children with mental deficiencies, but there was no critical treatment of institutional care except for children in institutions for dependents. It is proposed to extend the study by such a critical treatment and inclusion of all types of services for children who live away from home; namely, camps, boarding schools, training schools for the blind, deaf, delinquent, and mentally retarded, institutions for the crippled and convalescent, and institutions for dependents. In progress.

95. KILBURN, H. PARLEY (Utah State Industrial School, Ogden, Utah). The Administration of a State Industrial School. An attempt to discover the effect of a change in program upon students committed to an institution. Ph.D. thesis. Completed.

96. MELESKI, ANTHONY P. (State Prison Colony, Norfolk, Mass.). The Role of Religion in a Rehabilitation Program. An attempt to determine the reasons why current religious teaching in penal institutions is not more effective as a treatment aid and a means by which it can become more effective and widespread. In progress.

97. _____ Inmate Self Government as an Aid to Rehabilitation. A study of inmate self-government plans which have been used in a penal setting; determination of reasons why such plans have been abandoned; analysis of the therapeutic value of such plans in the light of the history of the State Prison Colony Inmate Council. In progress.

98. PATTERSON, RALPH M., M.D. (Neuropsychiatric Institute, University Hospital, Ann Arbor, Mich.). Therapeutic Procedures in an Institute for Delinquent Adolescent Girls. A six months' study of group therapy, drama-therapy, and individual therapy was recently completed at the Girls' Training School, Adrian, Michigan.

99. RANEY, HUBERT H. (Federal Reformatory, El Reno, Okla.). Restoration of Good Time. Analysis of records of all inmates who lost good time since the start of 1942, including those who had part or all of it restored. The purpose of this

project is to see whether the restoration of good time acts as a stimulant for improvement. In progress.

100. SCHNUR, ALFRED C. (Department of Sociology, University of Mississippi, University, Miss.). *Penal Administration in Mississippi*. An overall description of the operation of correctional programs and administration in Mississippi. In progress.

101. SKIDMORE, REX A. (Department of Sociology, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah). The Walnut Street Prison— Cradle of Prison Reform in the 18th and 19th Centuries in Philadelphia. This project is a historical study of the Walnut Street Prison from 1775 to 1835 and includes a description of several pioneer developments in the treatment of prisoners. The origin and development of the Pennsylvania system of solitary confinement and other penal innovations are described. Completed.

102. TAPPAN, PAUL W. (Department of Sociology, New York University, New York, N. Y.). The Functions of Effective Institutional Treatment of Immature Offenders. An analysis of the role of intramural treatment methods in handling juvenile and adolescent offenders. In progress.

103. TATTON, DONALD F. (2526 Kenwood St., Salt Lake City, Utah). A Survey of the Attitudes, Feelings, and Opinions of Parents toward Care of Juvenile Delinquents at the Utah State Industrial School in Ogden, Utah. Questionnaires are presented to the members of the parent and teachers associations of Junior High Schools in the Salt Lake City Area to discover what their thinking is concerning the Utah State Industrial School. In progress.

104. WILSON, JOSEPH G., M.D. (560 Rutherford Ave., Trenton, N. J.). Are Prisons Necessary? (book). Evaluative study of imprisonment. Special attention is paid to effects on female prisoners. General conclusions are that in our present cultural set up prisons seem to be necessary but have no reformative influence on the prisoner. In process of publication.

B. Probation and Parole

105. ALLEN, ROBERT M. (Department of Psychology, University of Miami, Miami (University Branch), Fla.). Cumulative Effects of Various Field Factors in Success and Failure on Parole. This project stems from a larger study made on 200 parolees from Elmira Reformatory. There are many facets of the problem of success and failure on parole which do not loom dramatic per se but the cumulative effects of these factors in the individual case may add up to freedom or return to prison. The study in its present stage is considering the following factors for detailed analysis: I.Q., psychological classification, psychiatric classification, parole period, duration of employment on parole, number of jobs held, per cent of parole employment and number of arrests. In progress.

106. CALDWELL, MORRIS G. (Department of Sociology, University of Alabama, University, Ala.). A Study of the Probation and Postprobation Behavior of Federal Offenders in the State of Alabama. A statistical study of the probation behavior of 1,862 closed cases of adult Federal offenders processed by the United States District Court, Birmingham, Alabama, and supervised by the Federal Department of Probation of the Northern District of Alabama for the five and one-half year period July 1, 1937—December 31, 1942; also a follow-up study of the postprobation behavior of a selected sample of the foregoing cases. (Follow-up study to January 30, 1949.) In progress.

107. <u>A Study of the Parole and Postparole</u> Behavior of Alabama Adult Offenders. A study of the parole and postparole behavior of 2,520 adult Alabama offenders discharged from parole by the Board of Pardons and Paroles, October 1, 1939—September 30, 1947. In progress.

108. CAVANAGH, JOHN R., M.C., U.S.N. (U. S. Naval Dispensary, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.), et al. *Profile of a Probation Violator*. The purpose of this study was to establish some criteria for the identification of the potential military offender. For this purpose a comparative study was made of 259 characteristics of 142 probation violators, 206 university students of comparable age, and 205 duty personnel assigned to serve in U. S. Naval Disciplinary Barracks, on the basis of which a profile of the potential military offender was formulated. In process of publication.

109. CLARK, ROBERT E. (Department of Sociology, Pennsylvania State College, State College, Pa.). Is a Rural Environment the Best Place to Send Parolees? Parole data for 9,444 parolees from Illinois prisons in the time period 1927-1938 were used. Cases were sorted by size of community from which they came, and then by size of community to which they were paroled. It is found that the violation rates were lowest when they were returned to a community of the same size as the one they had left. In progress.

110. COCHRANE, NELSON N. (Massachusetts Department of Correction, Room 125, State House, Boston, Mass.). A 1947 Check on Three Sets of Criminological Predictions Made in 1935. This study is a check on the outcome of 56 cases in which there was divergence in the estimates of future successful adjustment as represented by the prognosis of the author prepared for the Board of Parole, the action of the latter, and scoring according to the Glueck prediction table. Completed.

111. COULTER, CHARLES W. (Department of Sociology, University of New Hampshire, Durham, N. H.). New Hampshire's Probationers Ten Years After. This is a study of adults and children who were put on probation by the various courts in New Hampshire. It attempts to discover the percentage and degree of adjustment made and to estimate the significance of the probation service in bringing it about. Research technique: Case studies by interview. In progress.

112. FARROW, RICHARD G. (Pennsylvania Board of Parole, Box 66, Harrisburg, Pa.). Survey of Use of Monthly Parole Reports in Parole Supervision. A survey of the practice of field personnel of the Pensylvania Board of Parole and of the administrators in other states in order to ascertain whether the use of monthly reports as part of the supervisory process is favored; examination of reports in use for purposes of designing a new form. In progress.

113. GIARDINI, G. I. (Pennsylvania Board of Parole, Harrisburg, Pa.). Attitude of Offenders (Parolees) on the Question of Use of Arms by Parole Officers. A survey of practice in the different states as to use of arms by parole officers. Attitudes of parolees will be studied by questionnaire method. In progress.

114. GILLIN, JOHN L. (University of Wisconsin, Sterling Hall, Madison, Wisc.). Factors Associated with the Outcome of Offenders on Probation, Parole and Executive Clemency in Wisconsin. Tests of various methods of predicting behavior of released offenders. In process of publication.

115. HAKEEM, MICHAEL (Department of Sociology, The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio). Comparative Accuracy and Basis of Parole Outcome Predictions Made by Criminologists and Laymen. Determination of basis and accuracy of prediction of parole outcome made by two criminologists and two laymen on 200 cases of parolees when material available to them is limited to brief summaries of social, criminal, and other data. In progress.

116. MASTER, J. M. (207 U. S. Courthouse, New York, N. Y.). Federal Probation: A Genetic and Evaluative Analysis. This study deals with the historical background, the statutory expressions and the administration of the Federal Probation System. It will also present an analysis of its assets and limitations with recommendations for improvement. In progress.

117. MCENTIRE, DAVIS (School of Social Welfare, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.). A Sample Study of 100 Parole Violators and 100 Parole Successes. A study of recidivists committed for property crimes who were paroled since January 1, 1946, who were under fifty years at the time of parole, and were actually under supervision in the State of California. Data on each subject are collected in three schedules—one filled out from available records, the second based on an interview by a case worker, and the third prepared by the supervising parole officer. The successful group were defined as those who had been at least eighteen months on parole and who were due for discharge during the months of September, 1949, through February, 1950. In progress.

118. MURPHY, JOSEPH P. (Essex County Probation Department, 104 Hall of Records, Newark, N. J.). Study of 1,000 Former Probationers Eleven Years after Their Release on Probation by the Court. The first 1,000 probationers consecutively placed on probation in 1937 were studied to determine the extent and character of adjustment made since their release on probation. The study consisted of: (1) study of previous records and history prior to release on probation; (2) study of probation experience; (3) location of probationers in 1948, and evaluation of their status and progress since their discharge from supervision. Completed.

119. NATIONAL PROBATION AND PAROLE ASSOCIATION (1790 Broadway, New York, N. Y.). (Reported by Charles L. Chute.) Adult Parole Administration. A research study of adult parole departments in all the states of the Union; information obtained by an extended questionnaire sent to all state parole authorities, subsequent correspondence, and a detailed analysis of parole laws. A manual is being prepared, summarizing the findings, containing many tables, analyzing the laws and practices of the various state departments. Sol Rubin is in charge of the project. In process of publication.

120. ______ (Reported by Francis Hiller and Milton Rector). Probation Department of the Municipal Court of Cleveland, Ohio. Evaluation of personnel, organization and methods of work, with recommendations of developing and improving the probation service of a court for misdemeanor offenders. The reporters are in charge of the project. In process of publication. 121. ______ (Reported by Sol Rubin and Sherwood Norman). Juvenile Parole Systems of the United States. This study is an analysis of the laws and procedures governing juvenile parole systems in all the United States jurisdictions. Elizabeth Betz is in charge of the project. In progress.

122. OHLIN, LLOYD E. (Illinois State Penitentiary, Stateville Branch, Joliet, Ill.). The Validation and Control of Parole Predictions. The study represents the utilization of twenty years consecutive parole cases (totaling 17,000) to provide adequate validation for prediction tables. Efforts are being made to develop techniques permitting the routine readjustment of parole prediction instruments to changes in parole conditions. A second major interest is to test a series of different alternative methods for maximizing the predictive efficiency of any particular instrument. In progress.

123. RAYMOND, AYRES R. (Department of Corrections, State Office Building, Lansing, Mich.). Functional Study of Parole Staff Positions. A functional survey of all staff positions in the Division of Parole of the Michigan Corrections Department. Completed in 1948. Unpublished.

124. SCHNUR, ALFRED C. (Department of Sociology, University of Mississippi, University, Miss.). The Validity of Parole Selection in Wisconsin. A study of the association between factors considered by the Wisconsin Parole Board in selecting men for release and the post-release behavior of 1,762 parolees for the first two years after release. Each factor considered was tested for association with post-release behavior while the other factors were held constant. This made possible critical comment on the validity of parole prediction studies that had concerned themselves simply with the association of factors and behavior with no factors held constant. Completed.

125. SOLOMON, JOSEPH C., M.D. (University of California Medical School, San Francisco, California—Mount Zion Hospital). Study of Successes and Failures in Probation Work. Study group composed of interested individuals connected with Probation Department, San Mateo County, together with members of the faculty of San Mateo Junior College in an attempt to delineate sociological factors and remedial work involving juvenile delinquency in San Mateo County. In progress.

C. Other

126. CONN, JACOB H., M.D. (Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore, Md.). Brief Psychotherapy of the Sex Offender. For the past ten years sex offenders have been referred by the Supreme Bench of Baltimore to a private practicing psychiatrist. Twenty-three such offenders have been treated and followed after treatment. Nineteen patients have been returned to the community as law abiding, emotionally well adjusted citizens. A half-hour psychiatric interview once a week over a period of six months to one year seems sufficient to help this type of offender. In process of publication.

127. KESSELMAN, SAMUEL R., M.D. (New Jersey State Reformatory, Bordentown, N. J.). Hypno-analysis, a Form of Psychotherapy. (Film and recording.) A moving picture was taken of three offenders in the hypnotic trance state. At the same time a recording was taken of their verbalizations. The subjects are a sex offender, a pyrophile, and a check forger. The action revolves about the pyrophile who relives the scene of each of his fires along with dramatic sequences in his past; the other two are used intermittently to fill in and demonstrate certain techniques, viz., age regression, revivification, automatic writing, dream formation. An attempt is made to synchronize the film with the recording. The sequence on the pyrophile demonstrates the motivation behind the fires by pointing out the mechanisms of ambivalence, identification and displaced hostility. In progress.

128. LUKAS, EDWIN J. (Society for the Prevention of Crime, 122 East 22nd Street, New York, N. Y.). *Private School Handling of Behavior Problems*. This is an effort to survey the techniques used by private schools to discover, diagnose and advise or offer the use of treatment facilities in connection with young people manifesting behavior problems. In progress.

129. MUHL, ANITA M., M.D. (571 Sea Lane, La Jolla, Calif.). Signs of Unreliability in Handwriting Especially as Found in Criminals and Delinquents. A study of the manifestation of unreliability in handwriting as an index of behavior tendencies and its importance for diagnosis, prognosis of the effectiveness of therapy and prevention. First report published in Medical Woman's Journal, May, 1948. Second report in progress.

130. PFEFFER, A. Z., M.D. (Department of Psychiatry, New York University School of Medicine, New York, N. Y.). Group Psychotherapy with Alcoholics. (Preliminary findings reported in Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol.) Six alcoholics (neurotic) who had previously gained no help from other forms of treatment are treated with group psychotherapy. In progress.

131. TOPPING, C. W. (Department of Economics, Political Science, and Sociology, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B. C.). A Treatment Program for the Province of British *Columbia.* Design of a treatment program suggesting a Youth Conservation Authority with a Commissioner of Corrections, an Observation Center, and a Parole Board as agents and agencies. Completed.

D. The Effectiveness of Treatment

132. BUREAU OF PRISONS (Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.). (Reported by James V. Bennett and Frank Loveland.) Post-Release Study of Former Federal Prisoners. The study covers about 2,700 Federal prisoners released from Federal Institutions during August and November, 1943, and January and March, 1944. Schedules covering the social characteristics, criminological background, institutional behavior, type of release, etc., of these former prisoners have been filled out in the institutions. On the basis of the most recent fingerprint reports which have been furnished for this project by the F.B.I., the former prisoners' pre-release characteristics will be related to their post-release criminal records. In progress.

133. DUMPSON, JAMES R. (Welfare Council of New York City, 44 East 23rd Street, New York, N. Y.) Central Harlem Street Clubs Project. A three-year demonstration project to end September, 1950, set up to define techniques and methods for working with anti-social street gangs in an urban community. The project has a dual focus, service and research. The research arm of the project is concerned with two principal questions: (1) Is the Area Project effective, and (2) Why is the Project effective or ineffective? The answers to these questions are being sought through a statistical and qualitative analysis of the detailed process records of five professional staff members. In progress.

134. FOX, VERNON (State Prison of Southern Michigan, Jackson, Mich.). The Efficacy of Minimum Security Penology. The 144 men who had served at the Cassidy Lake Technical School, a minimum security institution, between July 1, 1945, and July 1, 1947, were studied. Using IBM machinery, each of these men was individually matched for ten factors with men who had served in maximum security institutions between July 1, 1945, and July 1, 1947. The records of all men on parole were evaluated. The proportion of men returned as parole violators and with new sentences among the maximum security group was significantly higher than that among the minimum security group. In process of publication.

135. HINE, C. H., M.D. (School of Public Health, University of California, Berkeley, Calif.). *Medicolegal Aspects of Alcohol*-

ism. Part II. The effect of Antabuse on mental acuity and physiological status is being determined in a series of chronic alcoholics undergoing treatment with this new drug. In progress.

136. LINDNER, ROBERT M. (Haarlem Lodge, Catonsville, Md.). Ten Years after Treatment. A follow-up study after ten years of cases of criminosis treated by the author using the technique of hypnoanalysis. In progress.

137. PENNINGTON, L. A. (Veterans Administration NP Hospital, Danville, Ill.). Level of Aspiration Studies: The Psychopath and the Psychoneurotic. By means of the Rotter Aspiration Level Board the performances of psychopathic personalities (so diagnosed on the basis of psychodynamics and not on the basis of superficial description) and of various nosologically differentiated psychoneurotics are collected before and after the administration of psychotherapy. All of the psychopaths and many of the neurotic subjects exhibit in their histories antisocial behavior. Analysis of the data is being constructed on 23 variables. In progress.

138. POWERS, EDWIN (Cambridge-Somerville Youth Study, 5 Lee Street, Cambridge, Mass.). Can Delinquency be Prevented? A report on the Cambridge-Somerville Youth Study, a research project in delinquency prevention. The Study was first organized in 1935 and 1936 and the treatment program was instituted in 1937, 1938, and 1939 and came to an official close on December 31, 1945. A more complete description of the research done appeared in an article entitled, "An Experiment in the Prevention of Delinquency: The Cambridge-Somerville Youth Study" in the January, 1949, issue of The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. In process of publication.

139. REINHARDT, JAMES M. (Department of Sociology, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.). Attempt to Evaluate Therapeutic Measures as Applied to Criminals. Evaluation of preventive and control influences upon lives of criminals in the light of physical and personal factors as revealed in psychological and psychiatric reports, and in personal interviews. In progress.

140. TULCHIN, SIMON'H. (30 East 60th Street, New York, N. Y.). A Study of a Group of Delinquent Negro Children Before and After Admission to a Special School. This is a study of a group of delinquent Negro children who are being tested by a battery of psychological tests before admission to a special school and who are retested upon discharge. Their stay in the institution varies between about 18 months and three years. In progress.

141. WITMEB, HELEN L. (Department of Social Welfare, University of California at Los Angeles, Calif.). *Effectiveness* and Value of Services Given by the Cambridge-Somerville Youth Study, Cambridge, Mass. An analysis of results as judged by a comparison of the terminal social adjustment of the "treated" and the "control" boys (255 in each series); also an attempt to assess the value of the agency's services in individual cases—the aim here being to determine the differential characteristics of the boys who were aided. Completed.

142. YOUNG, PAULINE V. (Los Angeles and Box 692, Modesto, Calif.). Disorganization and Reorganization of Cultural Hybrids of a Homogeneous Sectarian Group. Comparative study of socio-cultural changes involved in the reorganization processes of cultural hybrids who at one time were wards of the juvenile court charged with felonies. The study covers a period of 25 years by the same researcher in contact with the same family groups who are members of the same religious sect who still live within the same community, maintain close social ties and constitute a highly homogeneous cultural group. In progress.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS

143. BARKER, GORDON H. (University of Colorado, Boulder, Colo.). Social Disorganization in Boulder, Colorado. A study of social disorganization in Boulder, Colorado, including such topics as juvenile delinquency, crime, insanity, divorce, and desertion. The study includes an attempt to establish correlations between delinquency and the type of housing and the number of organizations to which the parents of the juvenile delinquents belong. In progress.

144. CALLAGHAN, MARGARET (Department of Sociology, St. Joseph College, West Hartford, Conn.). Tentative title) *The* New York Prison Association. Critical evaluation of the work of the New York Prison Association from its organization in 1844 to date. In progress.

145. EBAUGH, FRANKLIN G., M.D. (University of Colorado School of Medicine, University of Colorado Medical Center, and Colorado Psychopathic Hospital, 4200 E. 9th Avenue, Denver, Colo.). *Title not yet determined*. A comparison of findings of first year resident, advanced resident, and senior staff man on cases sent for observation as to sanity; observation also of disparities in histories given to these three men. Rorschach studies on all such cases. In progress. 146. GAULT, ROBERT H. (Editor, Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology, Northwestern University, Chicago, Ill.). A Survey and Analysis of Researches by Specialists within Recent Years into the Basic Causes and Prevention of Waywardness and Juvenile Delinquency from Infancy through Adolescence. The study covers treatment also, but only as applied outside of such institutions as correctional schools. The fields involved are the bio-social sciences and their applications in clinical psychology, child welfare, health, recreation, family and community relations, guidance, character development, training and education. In progress.

147. KRUGER, F. K. (Department of Sociology, Valparaiso University, Valparaiso, Ind.). A Survey of Crime and Vice Conditions in Gary, Indiana. A field study of the quantity of crime and juvenile delinquency in Gary (statistics); relationship of crime to races and nationalities of the population; crime areas; study of other causative factors of crime and juvenile delinquency; the police; the municipal.courts; the juvenile court; probation and parole; means and agencies of crime prevention. In progress.

148. POLLAK, OTTO. (Department of Sociology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.). The Criminality of Women. A study of the extent of female crime, the personal characteristics of women offenders, and of the constitutional and social factors operating in the causation of female crime. In process of publication.

149. SCHUESSLER, KARL. (Department of Sociology, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.) and CRESSEY, DONALD R. (Department of Anthropology and Sociology, University of California at Los Angeles, Calif.). *Personality Characteristics of Criminals*. Summary of all available studies of personal characteristics of delinquents by means of organized tests, in comparison with control group of non-delinquents. In process of publication.

150. SMITH, PHILIP M. (Department of Sociology, Central Michigan College of Education, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.). The Role of the Church in the Prevention of Delinquency. A survey of the activities of various religious bodies specifically intended to prevent juvenile delinquency and crime, with emphasis on their contribution to the programs of other community agencies as one phase of an over-all plan. In progress.