Strategizing the Development of Food Markets in the Region by Employing Supply Chain Management: A Product-Territorial and Product-Spatial Approach

Natalia Leonidovna Kuzmina¹, Lyubov Leonidovna Tonysheva^{*2}, Darya Vladimirovna Chumlyakova³ ^{1,2,3}Industrial University of Tyumen, 625000, Tyumen, Volodarskogo St., 38 ²professor kuzmina@vander ru

²professor-kuzmina@yandex.ru

Abstract -This article substantiates the need to strategize food markets' development in the region as components of the region's reproduction cycle of food products by using supply chain management. The authors suggest two approaches in terms of this development in the region. Within the framework of the product-territorial approach, strategies have been defined for the development of markets for individual food products in order to activate internal sources of forming product supply. Within the framework of the product-spatial approach, the need to develop strategic priorities for the development of local food markets to best meet the population's food needs, taking into account inter-municipal socio-economic differentiation, has been justified. The scheme for the strategic supply chain management implementation of the local food markets' development is based on embedding strategic objectives, priorities, and guidelines for their development in the strategies of the socio-economic development in the region and its municipal formations.

Keywords- food market, regional food market, supply chain management, regional economic space, intermunicipal socio-economic differentiation.

1. Introduction

Food markets, as components of the regional reproductive cycle of food products, constitute a system of economic relations between sellers and buyers on the sale and purchase of a high-value economic benefit—food products. On the one hand, the development of regional food production depends on the effectiveness of their functioning, which is especially important given the country's import substitution policy, and on the other hand, meeting the food needs of the people in the region and consequently, their quality of life. Today, a number of problems that impede the development of food markets in the region still remain including the following: inadequate competitiveness of local

International Journal of Supply Chain Management IJSCM, ISSN: 2050-7399 (Online), 2051-3771 (Print) Copyright © ExcelingTech Pub, UK (http://excelingtech.co.uk/) goods, underdeveloped market infrastructure, the spatial imbalance between the level of socioeconomic development of the region's territories and the level of market development, etc. At the same time, the focus in the regions today is on resolving operational problems and current tasks to stimulate demand for local food products, improve trade infrastructure, support small business forms, etc. There is an underestimation of the role of strategic management of the development of food markets, the lack of reasonable strategic priorities and development goals of the markets embedded in the strategic guidelines for the development of the region and its municipal formations, which narrows the planning horizon of local producers and makes it difficult for the population to have unhindered economic and physical access to food products by supply chain management. The above-said confirms the need to substantiate the role of strategizing in achieving the goals of developing food markets in the region, clarifying approaches to strategizing the development of markets, and developing strategies for developing markets within these approaches.

2. Methodological Basis

There has been an increase in the number of strategic developments for the evolution of territorial objects of different levels and different spheres of activity in which the positional presentation of strategizing participants is involved. That necessitates the systematization and methodical alignment of actions that allow the placing of appropriate strategic accents in relation to the area being studied, particularly with regard to the functioning of the region's food markets. This includes the following:

- A strategic analysis of the development of food markets, considering the principles and results that constitute its basis and the degree of compliance of the state of markets with the socioeconomic situation of their localization area;

- A strategic synthesis of external and internal capabilities and limitations of the development of the strategizing object as a whole and an assessment of its positioning, considering the peculiarities of the functioning of local food markets due to the presence of inter municipal socioeconomic differentiation;

- A strategic goal-setting by building a "goal tree" with a reasoned rationale for the development factors and interests of strategic stakeholders and defining appropriate organizational goals for the implementation of actions to develop regional and local food markets;

- Justification of the strategy for the development of food markets in the region in the context of two approaches: product-territorial and product-spatial with the use of the corresponding methodical base;

- Strategic "development" of the program-project filling of the "tree of goals" for the development of food markets, considering their priority in the strategy of the socioeconomic development of the region and its municipal formations;

- Accentuation of actions in the development of the necessary mechanisms for implementing the strategy for the food markets development in the region for interconnecting and coordinating the interaction of all positional participants and existing forces in implementing strategic initiatives.

3. Results

3.1 Approaches to strategizing food markets development in the region

The term "strategizing," introduced into scientific use by the Nobel laureate in the field of economic management studies, O. Williamson, was initially translated as strategic planning [1]. However, meaningfully in English discourse, this term allows for a broader interpretation as "everything related to the process of developing and implementing a strategy." Since the 80s of the 20th century, territorial strategizing has spread in developed countries, by which the local community understood the independent and volitional definition of goals and main directions of sustainable socio-economic development in a dynamic competitive environment with the consolidated participation of key economic entities of the territory [2]. Today, the term "strategizing" is becoming a full-fledged scientific category used in the process of researching complex economic

systems (countries, regions) as the most appropriate tool for solving problems that create conditions for the prospective development of a territory based on strategic goals that can consolidate the efforts of the authorities, business of society. The issues of food market development strategy are raised in the papers by such scientists as [3, 4, 5]. The strategic approach to managing the development of markets is relatively new, although it is sufficiently developed in the writings of various authors regarding the markets of information and telecommunication services, energy, food, industry markets in general, etc. [6] justifies the need to manage local markets as factors of economic growth in the region. "The local market of products with regional utility is an indicator of sustainable economic growth by increasing the potential of domestic demand and strengthening the index of market power of regional producers in the context of openness of the national economy" [6]. In the authors' opinion, this view fits into the framework of the reproduction approach to the study of markets, according to which the regional economic system is a set of economic activities, and it is possible to establish that each type of market belongs to a specific type of economic activity. Indeed, food markets have a high "regional utility" for agrarian, agro-industrial and industrial-agrarian types of regions, which, given the uneven spatial development of regions, the strengthening of intermunicipal socio-economic differentiation, the emergence of external challenges and threats, necessitates ensuring sustainable socio-economic development of the region. Certainly, food markets have a high "regional utility" for agrarian, agroindustrial and industrial-agrarian types of regions, which, given the uneven spatial development of regions, the strengthening of inter-municipal socioeconomic differentiation, the emergence of external challenges and threats, necessitates ensuring sustainable socio-economic development of the region.

At the same time, in the authors' opinion, there are two main approaches to strategizing the development of food markets in the region: *product-territorial* and *product-spatial*. The first one assumes that food markets in the context of various foods (milk, meat, bread, etc.) should have different strategic development priorities, which is primarily due to the different position of local producers' goods in the markets relative to imported ones. The second approach assumes the substantiation of strategic priorities taking into account the uneven spatial development of food markets and its possible inconsistency with the level of socio-economic development of the regions of the region (Table 1).

Table1. Characteristics of a	pproaches to strategizing	food markets develor	pment in the region

	** *	ng food markets development in the region
Approach name	Product-territorial approach	Product-spatial approach
The essence of the	The effective functioning of food	Efficient functioning of food markets should ensure
approach	markets in the region should provide	equal economic and physical access of the population
	incentives for the production of local	of the region to food products, taking into account the
	competitive food products. Market	existing inter-municipal socio-economic differentiation
	development strategy should be aimed	
	at strengthening the position of food	
	products of local producers concerning	
	imported products	
The object of	Regional markets for various food	Local food markets in the region (markets boundaries
development	products (the boundaries of the markets	are blurred: within a municipal formation, its part,
strategizing	coincide geographically with the	several municipal formations)
	boundaries of the region)	
Development	Activation of internal sources of	Complete satisfaction of the needs of the population in
strategizing objective	formation of commodity supply in the	food in the context of inter-municipal socio-economic
	food markets of the region	differentiation
Methodological tools	Practiced:	Practiced:
for development	- Strategic analysis (SWOT analysis);	- Target tree method;
strategizing	- BCG matrix to determine the position	- Statistical tools for assessing the variation of
	of local food products concerning	indicators characterizing the socio-economic
	goods from other regions on the market	development of municipal formations;
	Authorial:	- Methods of graphical visualization of data
	- Criteria for the stage of development	characterizing the spatial and strategic development of
	of the regional food market;	the region and food markets (cartographic, "web"
	- Criteria signs of development forms	diagram)
	of the regional food market	Authorial:
		- Criteria of the phases of the economic activity cycle in
		the region's space [7];
		- Conceptual-logical model of managing the
		development of local food markets in the context of
		inter-municipal socio-economic differentiation [8];
		- Methodology for assessing the balance of the spatial
		development of local food markets in the region, taking
		into account inter-municipal socio-economic
		differentiation [7];
		- Matrix of spatial differentiation and development
		trajectories
		of the local food markets in the region [9];
		- Analytical-hierarchical method of assessing the
		importance of strategic priorities and goals for the
		development of local food markets
3.2 Rationale for	the development strategy	potatoes are now at the stage of maturity (the potential

3.2 Rationale for the development strategy of regional food markets

In order to select strategies for the development of regional food markets within the framework of the product-territorial approach, it is necessary to carry out a strategic analysis of their functioning, including an analysis of the opportunities and threats of development, an assessment of regional consumer demand and its potential, an analysis of regional product offer and its potential, determination of the form and stages of development market, determining the capacity of regional food markets, etc. Analysis of the regional food markets performance in the Tyumen region showed that the markets for eggs, pork and potatoes are now at the stage of maturity (the potential of supply of locally produced goods exceeds the potential demand in the market); the markets for bread and bakery products, beef, poultry meat, lamb, milk and dairy products - at the growth stage (supply potential is lower than the potential demand); fruit and vegetable markets - at the stage of formation (the potential of supply is significantly lower than the potential of demand). Besides, a strategic analysis was carried out for each food market, including the construction of BCG matrices to determine the position of local products relative to products from other regions and a SWOT analysis that identifies the strengths and weaknesses of markets, as well as opportunities and threats to their development. Thus, an analysis of the strategic position of local commodity producers in the regional market for eggs and egg products showed that their products on the BCG matrix occupy the position of "dairy cows", products of enterprises from other regions are located in the "dogs" field and do not pose a direct threat to them (Fig. 1).

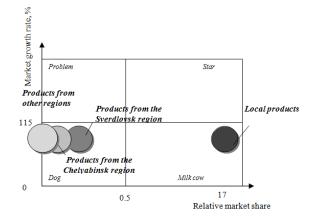


Figure 1. The BCG matrix for the market of eggs and egg products of the Tyumen region

The SWOT-analysis of the functioning of the regional market for eggs and egg products of the Tyumen region yielded the following results (Table 2).

Table 2. The SWOT-anal	lysis results of the function	oning of the regional egg	market in the Tyumen region

Table 2.1 he SwO1-analysis results of the functioning of	T the regional egg market in the Tyunien region	
Strengths (S)	Weaknesses (W)	
- Significant experience of local enterprises in the market;	- Increase in the prime cost of eggs;	
- Production volumes of local products exceeding the needs	- Reducing the profitability of local enterprises;	
of the region;	- Depreciation of cages at the production sites of	
- Poultry performance and safety indicators feed consumption	local enterprises;	
in line with world standards;	- Obsolescence of the production base of the local	
- Non-seasonal nature of production;	poultry industry;	
- Using modern technology by local enterprises;	- Lack of space for further expansion of production	
- Provision of sufficient resource potential for uninterrupted		
supply of products to the market;		
- Active marketing and sales policy of local producers;		
- Customer commitment to local brands		
Opportunities (O)	Threats (T)	
- Growing consumption trend of processed eggs;	- Dumping by competitors and retail chains;	
- High customer loyalty to local products;	- Reduction of product consumption due to market	
- The emergence of an empty market niche due to the	saturation and crisis;	
introduction of a food embargo;	- Fluctuations in the grain market and other	
- Import substitution program;	components of animal feed;	
- Population growth in the region	- Rising prices for imported equipment and	
	technologies, vaccines, and vitamins;	
	- The rapid modernization of large poultry farms	
	from other regions;	
	- Deterioration of the economic situation in the	
	country;	
	- Increased rates of local taxes and taxes of	
	constituent entities of the Russian Federation;	
	- Adverse changes in the monetary policy in the	
	country	
Similarly, a strategic analysis was carried out for other	3.3 Strategic management of the local food	

food markets.

Taking into account the strategic analysis of the functioning of the regional food markets of the Tyumen region, the strategies of their development were determined (Fig. 2).

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The strategic management of the development of local food markets (LFM) in the region within the framework of a spatial approach implies consecutive implementation of a number of stages discussed below.

1) Identification of the spatial potential of the trajectories of the strategic development of LFMs based on assessing the balance of the spatial

development of markets, taking into account intermunicipal socio-economic differentiation. At this stage, the zoning of the polarized economic space of the region is carried out whereby municipal formations were grouped into economic zones (denoted as "new development zone," "growth zone," "core," and "depressive zone"). The typology of municipalities was determined in a similar manner, in terms of the level of development of food retail trade. Based on the identification of compliance (or inconsistencies) of the socio-economic situation of a municipal entity with the level of development of LFMs on its territory, taking into account the effect of negative and positive factors, the emergence of "poles" and growth points in the economic and social sphere of municipal formations, the spatial potential of development of LFMs and trajectories of their strategic development was determined, allowing this potential to be realized [8].

2) Development and selection of strategic directions for the development of LFMs based on identifying and coordinating the interests of stakeholders. The main stakeholders in the development of decision makers include business structures, the population and government bodies, and local governments. At the same time, it is necessary to determine the expectations of the stakeholders and the degree of their influence on the strategic choice, ensuring the relative balance of their interests. The interests of stakeholders should be balanced when building a "tree" of strategic goals for the development of local food markets [9].

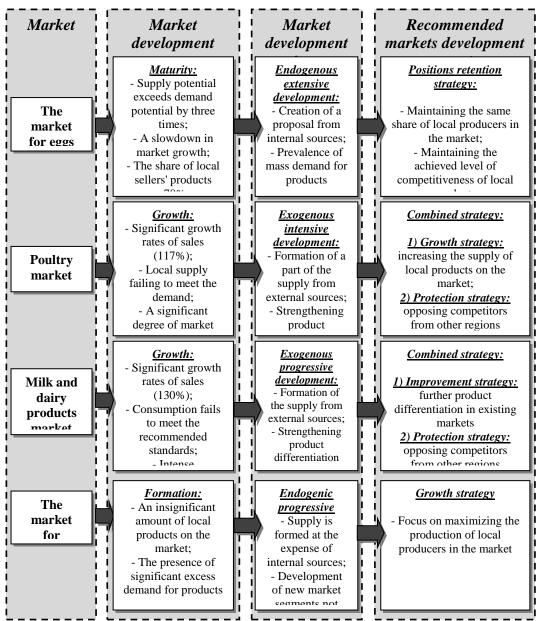


Figure2. Recommended regional development strategies Of the food markets in the Tyumen region

3) Realization of strategic actions for the development of LFMs by embedding strategic goals, priorities, and guidelines for their development in the strategy of socio-economic development of the region and its municipal formations (Fig. 3). The selected strategic goals, priorities, and benchmarks should be incorporated into the strategies for the socio-economic development of the region and its municipal formations. The implementation of strategic actions

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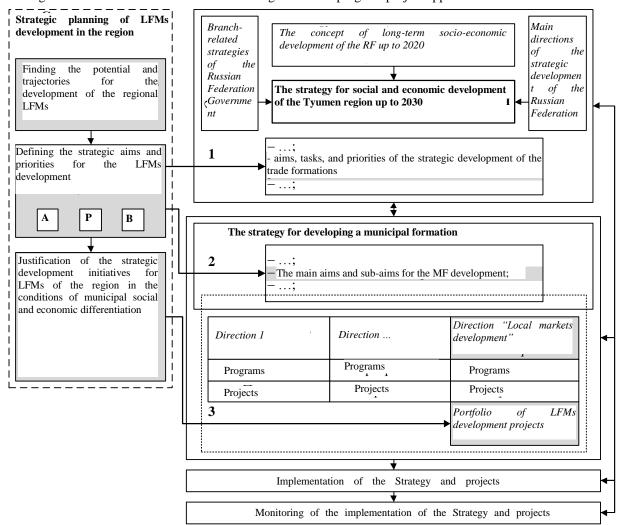




Figure3. Diagram of implementation of the strategic management of the local food markets development of the Tyumen region:

A - authorities; P - population; B - business community; 1 - integration of development goals of LFMs in the strategic goals and objectives of the region; 2 - integration of strategic goals and development priorities of LFMs in the target vector; moreover, main objectives of the development direction of the municipal formation (taking into account the potential and development path of LFMs); 3 - a portfolio of projects for the development of LFMs The implementation of procedures for the strategic management of the LFMs development in the region is intended to ensure the achievement of a spatial balance between the demand and supply of food products.

4. Discussion

The strategic approach to managing the development of markets in practice is relatively new, despite extensive research on the development of information and telecommunication services, energy, food, and industrial markets in general [10, 11, 12, 13]. Moreover, Zinina, Pashina, and Sokolova specifically examined the issues pertaining to food market development strategizing.

The current analysis of the extant findings related to the strategic management of market development did not, however, reveal an unambiguous approach to the definition of the object, objectives, and tools of strategizing. This necessitated a substantiation of the author's approach to strategizing the development of food markets in the region, to enhance domestic sources of commodity supply (local production), as well as to ensure the fullest possible satisfaction of the population's food needs, taking into account intermunicipal socio-economic differentiation [14,15].

5. Conclusion

Food markets are the most important component of the reproduction process in the region, whereby the effectiveness of local food production and the efficiency of the supply chain depend on the effectiveness of their development. In the presence of numerous external and internal threats, it is necessary to focus on the development of long-term goals, priorities, and directions for the development of food markets in the region through the implementation of strategic procedures.

The application of the proposed approaches to strategizing the development of food markets in the region—product-territorial and product-spatial—will allow for achieving the two main goals: activation of internal sources of formation of commodity supply in the food markets of the region, and the most complete satisfaction of the population's need for food products in the context of inter-municipal socio-economic differentiation.

Acknowledgments

The authors' research on the topic "Development of the local food market in transformation of the spatial organization of economic activity" was supported within the framework of the essential part of the state task of educational institutions of higher education that are under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation (task No. 26.6979.2017 / 8.9, 2017-2019).

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