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**Restimulation Candidate Selection using
Virtual Intelligence**

By
Khalid Mohamad

A thesis
Submitted to the faculty of the
College of Engineering and Mineral Resources
West Virginia University
In partial fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of
Master of Science in Petroleum and Natural Gas Engineering

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Morgantown, West Virginia

2000

Due to the importance of well deliverability maintenance, a committee of specialists from Dominion East Ohio and other service companies meets every year to select the wells to be included in the deliverability maintenance plan. The application tool not only help in selecting the wells for deliverability maintenance plan but goes beyond that by designing the most optimum frac recipe.

The purpose of this study is to develop an engineering tool that will help petroleum engineers making a better decision for selecting well candidate and design well restimulation. The project focuses on a gas storage field and use data such as well location, stimulation time and recipe and deliverability statistics.

This tool reduces the time engineers spend designing optimum treatment schedules by proposing a solution based on virtual intelligence. Neural networks, genetic algorithms and a fuzzy support system are integrated into a software application to achieve the required goals.

The software application is a user-friendly application compiled in a Visual Basic programming language linked to and access database.

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I would like to take this opportunity to express my deepest gratitude for my parents for their patience and support during the duration of my study abroad, I am grateful to all what they did for me.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Introduction

“Gas storage in depleted reservoirs is a well-known complex technique that takes advantage of the naturally occurring storage media, and of the knowledge accumulated over their exploitation period¹.” This takes place when the market demand falls below the supply. Storage and production operation both are affected by the reservoir deliverability.

Over the years the problem of decreasing deliverability in gas storage wells has seen on one hand the cost of tremendous efforts by the engineers, and on the other hand, the cost of economic resources. The decrease of deliverability is caused by many factors; the most significant ones being bacteria and well damage. To maintain and improve the well deliverability many appropriate methods, such as fracturing, chemical treatments, and coil tubing, have been developed.

The main objective of this study is to develop a Virtual Intelligence System that provides support for engineers in their decision making when selecting candidates for stimulation treatment.

Data availability and structure were the main motivations on deciding to use Virtual Intelligence Systems. The field data from a gas storage field have been provided by Dominion East Ohio. It consists of well completion information, well deliverability history, and treatment recipes. Numerical simulators usually require comprehensive data; for example, the accurate determination of reservoir parameters such as permeability and porosity is mandatory in using a numerical simulator. The method developed in this study is a valuable tool and can be used when a lack of engineering data is encountered.

1.2 Background

Today, the idea of using Virtual Intelligence Systems in solving engineering problems is not something new. A broad spectrum of Petroleum Engineering Problems is currently solved by neural network based applications, such as reservoir characterization, well testing, and permeability predicting from well log data. There are also numerous applications that are widely used in the industry that utilize virtual intelligence. There have been numerous published papers and research work examining the application of the Virtual Intelligence Systems in the petroleum industry. This study will explore the role of Virtual Intelligence Systems in assisting the engineer in the process of selecting a candidate well for stimulation.

Well stimulation or fracturing treatment is one of the methods that has been used widely by Dominion East Ohio to improve the deliverability of the Clinton Sand. Every year a committee of specialists selects the wells to be included in the deliverability maintenance plan. The collection of all associated data for the fracturing program had started in 1967. The data for this project were collected from the actual files in the DEO location at North Canton, Ohio. The data were carefully reviewed, revised, and affirmed before their storage in a relational database. This database provides a straightforward and quick access to wells data and treatment jobs.

1.3 Well Testing

Each well in the field is tested annually with a two-point test during the storage injection season¹. The company uses a two point pseudo-modified isochronal testing procedure to obtain a pseudo back –pressure performance curve.

The test is a pseudo-modified isochronal test for the following reasons:

1. The test is performed during injection rather than withdrawal seasons.
2. The time that the well is shut-in is not equal to the injection time as in a true modified isochronal test.

The equation used for backpressure analysis is:

$$Q = C*(P_f^2 - P_s^2)^n$$

Where:

Q=production rate, MSCF/D

P_f = static bottom hole pressure, psia

P_s = flowing bottom hole pressure, psia

n = slope of the back pressure curve

C= performance coefficient

The data needed to solve this equation is obtained by performing the pseudo-modified isochronal test.

The field procedure to perform the test is as follows:

1. Shut the well in one day in advance of the test.
2. Record the shut in well pressure and well temperature before starting the test.
3. Open the well for 30 minutes, record the flowing pressure, differential pressure, and flow temperature at the end of the test.

4. Shut the well in for 60 minutes; Record the static pressure and temperature.
5. Open the well for 30 minutes: record flow pressure, differential pressure, and flow temperature at the end of the test.

Plotting the log of the pressure squared versus the log of the flow rate for the test points will yield several points that can be plotted for the best line curve fit. The slope and intercept will be found using the linear least square method. Q_{100} , which is the equivalent flow rate at a common ΔP^2 of 100,000, is then calculated using the corresponding C and n values. This procedure does not provide information such as permeability, skin, drainage radius, or fracture length. However, it has historical significance and it gives some relative indication of well performance.

1.4 Project Approach

As mentioned earlier, one of the system's purposes is to assist engineers in selecting candidate wells for treatment. Access to data is critical at this point, namely, the engineer should be able to consider numerous different aspects prior to making a decision. This will be accomplished with much more ease if the data is organized into a database. Wisely querying the database facilitates the process of reaching a decision for the engineer. Since this project relies heavily on the organization of the data, the first stage of this research was to reconstruct the database.

Once the decision is made as to which wells should be treated, post-treatment deliverability can be estimated for these wells. The next step was to design and train artificial neural networks. This implies that for each separate neural network, there is the process of selecting appropriate inputs, finding the right network architecture, training algorithm, and choosing training parameters. In order to accomplish this task several neural networks were used. Input for these neural networks is obtained by querying the database, thus this step heavily relies on both the database and the Virtual Intelligence.

The next step is the application of the system. Genetic algorithms combine "pieces" of treatment recipes always selecting the best-fitted "individuals." Specialized neural networks are used as a fitness function.

Finally, a decision support system based on the theory of Fuzzy Logic is applied to generate the best-ranked well list for stimulation.

2. Artificial Intelligence

2.1 Artificial Neural Networks

Artificial neural networks are mathematical systems processed through processing units. These processing units are mathematical formulas known as transfer functions. The transfer functions are linked through a large number of adjustable weights that come from other connected neurons.

“The function of artificial neural network is to mimic the learning process of the human brain⁴”. In other words, it processes information in a similar way the human brain does. It does this by imitating the parallel architecture of the human brain by providing a large number of highly interconnected units to imitate the human neuron.

The neural network gathers its knowledge by detecting the patterns and relationships that exist in the data. Using this powerful methodology, it is possible to introduce a solution to a particular problem if the set of inputs and outputs of data exist, regardless if the relationship between them is unknown. Thus, the employment of neural network in forecasting and predicting can save substantial time and human resources. The advantages of using a neural net can be summarized as follows:

- It can deal with non-linearity in the data,
- Only a set of input and output data are required to start analyzing the system,
- It can handle noise in data,
- It can handle a large number of parameters.

The main building units of the neural net are the neurons. These neurons are located in three main blocks as shown in figure 2.1. The first block consists of one layer containing the input neurons, or input data. The middle block might consist of more than

one layer called hidden layers as shown in the figure. Each hidden layer might consist of a certain number of neurons. Hidden layers are connected to the input layer and the output layer with adjustable weights. Finally the third block is the output layer, which consists of a certain number of neurons representing the output parameters.

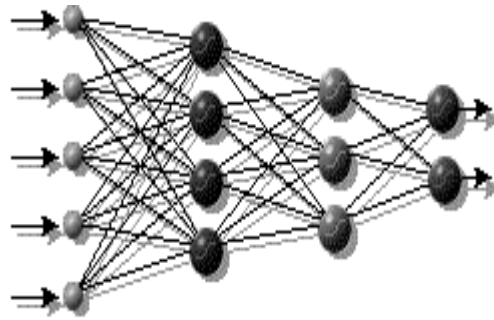


Figure 2.1: Typical back propagation network.

Training of neural network involves three stages: the feed-forward of the input training pattern, the calculation of the associated error, and the adjustment of the weights.

In the first stage after dividing the data into input and output data, the input layer that consists of a certain number of neurons equal to the number of input data, passes one block of data to the following layer. As mentioned before the two layers are connected to each other through a number of adjustable weights that help to control the flow of data. This step is called feed-forward dynamics. The net input at each neuron is determined by the sum of the weight multiplied by the received input as shown in Equation, 1

$$Y_i = \sum w_{ji} * Input_i \quad (1)$$

The processing unit, transfer function, is then applied according to Equation, 2

$$F(Y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(Y_i + bias)}} \quad (2)$$

The output of this sigmoid function is a continuous real value between 0 and 1.

Figure 2.2 shows graphical representation of an activation function³.

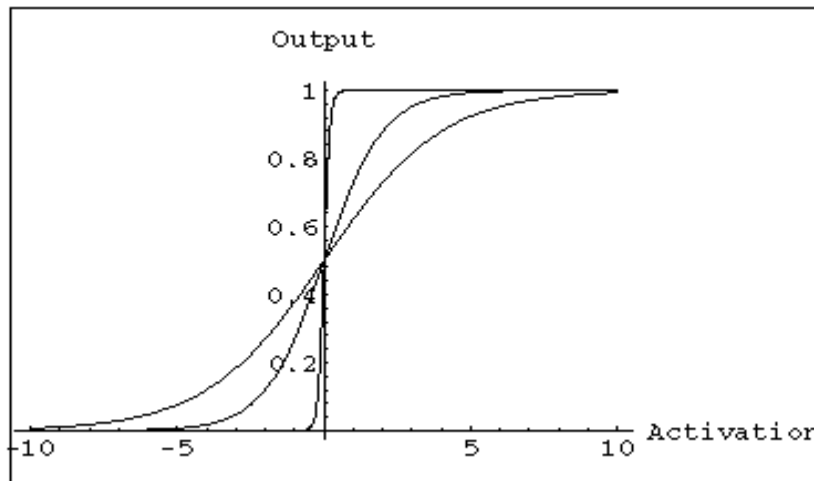


Figure 2.2: Transfer functions for back propagation network.

In the second stage, each computed output is compared with the real output and the error is then calculated.

Finally, after the error is calculated the weights are adjusted base on the error calculated and the activation of the hidden layer.

2.2 Genetic Algorithms

Genetic Algorithms are powerful search algorithms based on the mechanism of natural evolution. By mimicking this process, genetic algorithms are able to "evolve" solutions to real world problems, if they have been suitably encoded. Genetic algorithms are global search and optimization routines that mimic the Darwin Evolution theory. Genetic algorithms achieve their objective by operating on a population of strings that are evolved over time. These genetic strings are decoded to form a particular parameter set that represents a solution to the problem. They combine primary genetic operations of reproduction such as selection, cross over, and mutation. These operators are very simple, involving nothing more complex than random number generation, string copying, and partial string exchanging; "yet the resulting search performance is wide-ranging and impressive."⁶

Genetic Algorithm can be used to find a solution in considerably less time than their conventional counter parts. The idea of Genetic Algorithms is to simulate the way nature uses evolution. It uses the concept of survival of the fittest. The good solutions reproduce to form new and hopefully superior solutions in the population, while the bad solutions are removed.

The Genetic Algorithm lets us obtain solutions to problems that do not have a precisely defined solving method; or if they do, following the exact solving method would take substantially more time.

Genetic Algorithms begin with a population of binary individuals. “The individual, commonly referred to as a chromosome or string, is a computer compatible representation of a function or problem⁹.” Each individual in the population is evaluated and its fitness is measured. Only the high fitness individuals are to be considered for the next generation. The previously mentioned operators produce the next generation of the population. The primary operators involved in the genetic algorithm process are:

Selection

Selection is the process of choosing individuals from the genetic population, which have the high fitness values. Typical selection methods include roulette and tournament.

Cross over

Recombination forms new individuals by generating copies of high-fitness individuals. A recombination technique, commonly known as crossover, creates new individuals by taking sub strings from two individuals to form an offspring.

Mutation

Mutation is the flipping of the binary bit value from 0 to 1, and doing so in an opposite manner.

Pseudo Code of The Genetic Algorithm process⁵

GA Algorithm

// Start with initiate time

t = 0;

// Initialize a usually random population of individuals

Initpopulation P (t);

// Evaluate fitness of all initial individuals of population

Evaluate P (t);

//test for termination criterion (time, fitness, etc)

While not done do

//increase the time counter

$t = t + 1$

//select a sub-population for offspring production

$P' = \text{select-parents } P(t);$

// Select the “genes” of selected parents

Recombine $P(t);$

//perturb the mated population stochastically

Mutate $P(t);$

//evaluate its new fitness

Evaluate $P(t);$

2. 3 Fuzzy Logic and Fuzzy Expert System

“Fuzzy logic is a powerful problem solving methodology¹⁰” based on fuzzy set theory. It provides a simple way of representing reality and defines vague information by resembling human decision-making. Unlike the traditional logic set, where we have the classification of true or false, fuzzy logic is based on conventional logic that has been extended to handle the concept of partial false and partial truth between "completely true" and "completely false." A fuzzy value is a continuous value ranging from zero to one. What this means is that a statement in Fuzzy Logic is either true by various degrees or false by various degrees starting from zero to one. Fuzzy set theory gives mathematical backgrounds and foundations for the description and handling of human knowledge.

The basic definition of a classical set is a collection of elements. Elements can either belong to the set, meaning completely inside the set, or not belong to the set, meaning completely outside the set. Fuzzy Sets, which are elements that may only partially belong to the set, or belong to the set in different degrees, are called grades of membership. To make an approximate comparison, these memberships are described in a Fuzzy number. A Fuzzy number consists of a number and word that provides a linguistic description, which later helps in setting the rules and explaining the decision making process.

Fuzzy Expert Systems are the most commonly used tools of Fuzzy Logic. Just like Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Expert Systems are also based on fuzzy set theory. Fuzzy Expert Systems are systems designed to review a collection of fuzzy membership functions and rules to reach a specific decision or conclusion. This conclusion should be close if not the same as the conclusion reached by a team of experts.

Fuzzy Expert Systems are considered to be unique intelligent tools because they have the ability to explain the reasoning behind the decision made. They use knowledge and linguistic rules defined by experts in the problem field. They are used in several wide-ranging fields like Linear and Nonlinear Control, Pattern Recognition, and Financial Systems.

Fuzzy Expert Systems consist of three main processes: Fuzzification, Inference Engine, and Defuzzification. The Fuzzification process “is a mapping from the observed input to the fuzzy sets defined in the corresponding universe of discourse¹¹.” In this process the input is translated from its crisp or a numerical value to a fuzzy output with linguistic term and a corresponding grade of membership.

The Inference Process is “ the decision making logic, which determines fuzzy outputs corresponding to a fuzzified inputs, with respect to fuzzy rules. The designer must specify which rules, implication, and aggregation operators are used.” Whenever the inputs are not clear and reflect belief rather than proof, Inference takes place employing inference steps similar to those a human brain might take. The Fuzzy inference engine is built using rules based on linguistic statements.

As a result of the Fuzzification and inference processes, several rules will be fired to generate a symbolic result or an output fuzzy subset. The process of converting this output fuzzy subset to a crisp number is known as defuzzification Process. In other words, defuzzification is the calculation of a crisp numerical value as linguistic output based on the symbolic results.

3.0 Relational Database

Train accurate artificial neural network requires lots of data and requires these data to be organized and updateable. Therefore, for a fast and an efficient retrieval for data, a fine structured relational database was needed. This database took in consideration the continuous flow of data, especially frac recipe data and deliverability maintenance data, and the use of these data in the application. Other useful feature that database can provide is the retrieving of specific information.

3.1 Development of Database

The data inside the database were divided into several tables connecting to each other by structure query language, SQL, provided by the jet engine comes with Access database. Each table contains related information different than other tables. For instance information regarding a well completion and location are stored in one table, while frac recipe is stored in other table. Some table in the database cannot be browse by the user they conations other useful information used by the application. For example, default Rules and user Rules are stored in the database.

4. Data Analysis

4.1 Clinton Reservoir Characteristics

This study is based on real data provided by Dominion East Ohio, for an underground storage reservoir located in northeast Ohio. The reservoir under investigation is a tight gas formation called Clinton Sandstone. It is tight gas sand with low permeability. ‘Sand occurs in lenses and is discontinuous from one well to another making generalizing of well properties from core data difficult.’”

Table 4.1: Clinton Reservoir Characteristics

Reservoir Type	Tight Gas Sand
Reservoir description	Heterogeneous-lenses
Average Depth	4000 ft
Average Pressure	1500 psi
Primary Porosity	Naturally Fractured
Average Porosity	6%
Average Permeability	0.1 mD
Spacing	20 – 40 acres

4.2 Data Statistics

The data includes information for 804 wells. There are a total of 1589-frac job records with frac job recipes. Some wells were fraced more than once and sometimes up to four times as shown in the figure below. Two-point flow test are also included in the database. The two-point flow test was performed in a regular basis in this reservoir.

4.2.1 Records that can be used in Analysis

Many records were lost due to the lack of isochronal test values. Most of the lost records occur before the year of 1967. The main reason is that the recording of the isochronal test data started at 1967. On several occasions records of the Prior to Frac Deliverability readings were missing, and only Post Frac Deliverability readings were available, on the other hand Post Frac Deliverability was not recorded for some of the recent jobs.

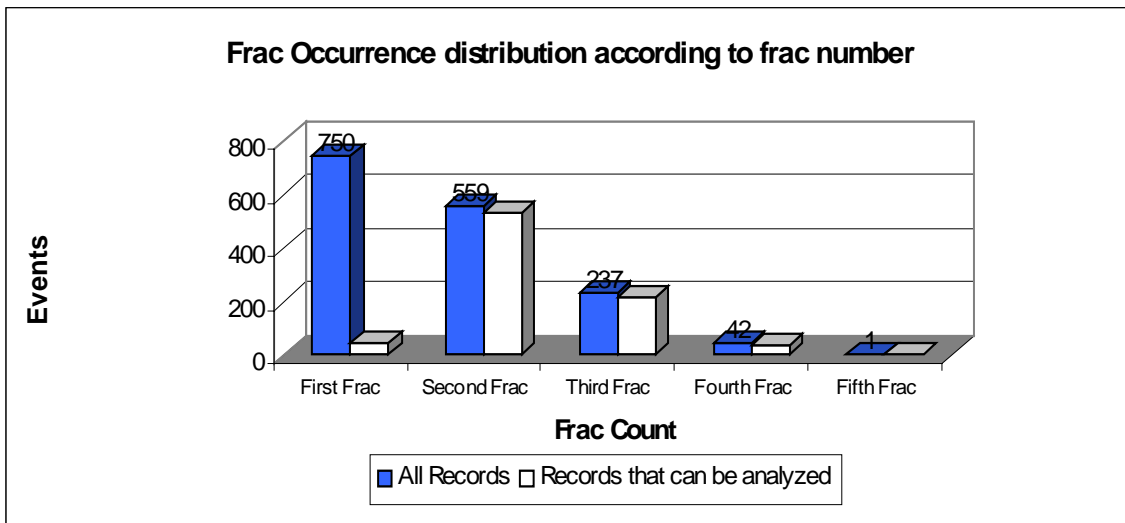


Figure 4.1: Frac Occurrence distribution according to frac number.

As shown in the figure the percentage lost for the first frac was almost 95%, while it was only 5.4% and 8.9 % for the second and the third frac respectively.

4.2.2 Statistical Analysis

After excluding all the records that were not useful for analysis, a detailed statistical analysis was performed on the data. The following is some of the most important statistics.

4.2.2.1 Statistics on Service Companies:

The Service Company is considered one of the important parameters. It reflects the role of the quality control on the frac job performed.

The figure below shows that Halliburton, HA, performed most of the frac jobs, followed by Dowel Schlumberger, DS.

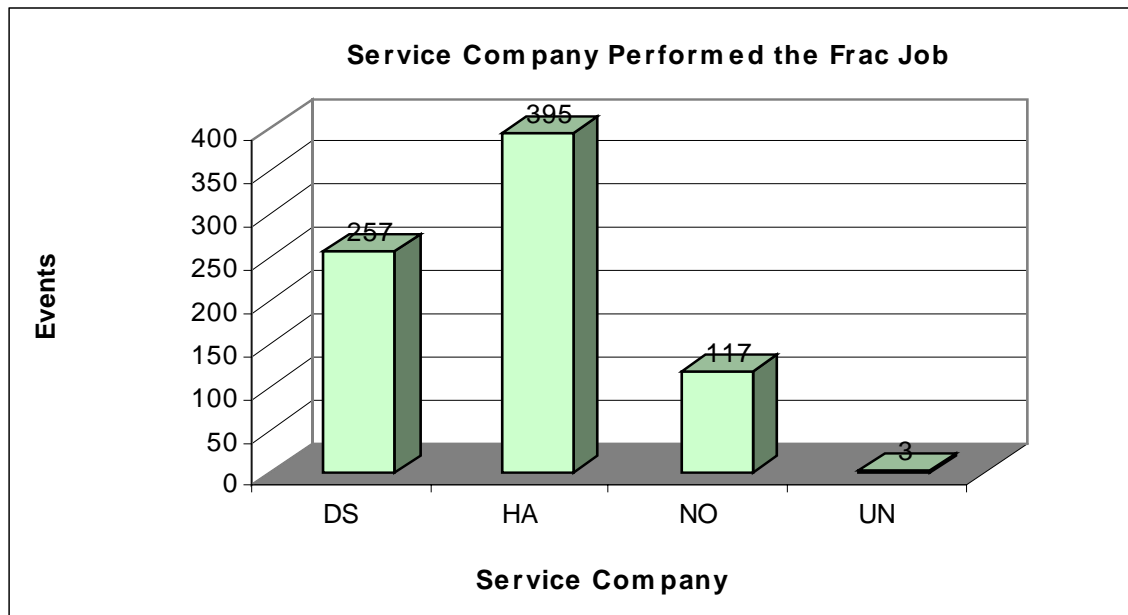


Figure 4.2: Service Company Performed the Frac Job

Some companies were among the data excluded from the database as was mentioned in the previous section.

4.2.2.2 Statistics on Frac Fluid:

For frac jobs that have been performed before 1967, water was the frac fluid that has been used most commonly, after excluding those records; figure 4.3 shows that most of the fracs were performed using gel as the frac fluid.

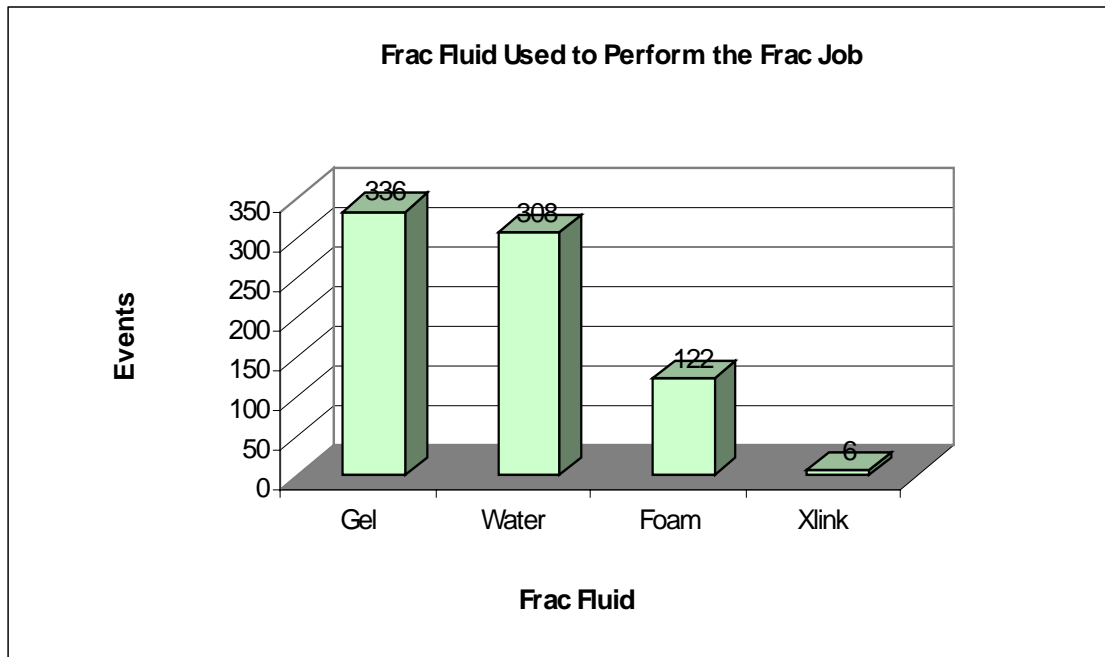


Figure 4.3: Frac fluid used to perform the frac job.

Next we explored the distribution of the use of different frac fluids with time. This is to identify if a pattern exists.

A. Distribution of Frac Fluid Over the Years:

In late sixties and early seventies, water used to be considered the primary frac fluid. Figure 4.4 shows the decrease in the use of water as frac fluid and the increase in the use of gel as frac fluid. The use of foam does not significantly change even though there was a period in the late 80's when its use was dropped remarkably. It

starts to increase again to less than its normal use in the 90's. Recent years show the use of cross-link as a new type of frac fluid. It is not included in the figure below because the number of fracs using cross-link as a frac fluid is relatively small comparing to other fracs using other frac fluids.

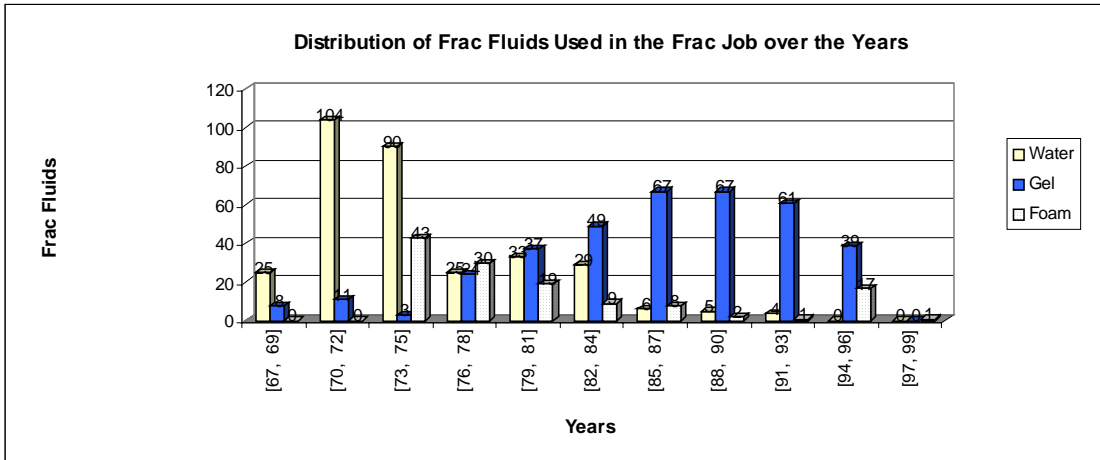


Figure 4.4: Distribution of frac fluids used in the frac job over the years.

B. Service Company and Frac Fluid:

When water has been used as a frac fluid, figure 4.5 shows that Dowel Schlumberger was the company that used water most frequently. They performed 61% of their frac jobs using water as frac fluid. While Halliburton performed only 35% of their frac job using water. On the other hand, Halliburton used Gel as frac fluid more frequently than any other company. Using the information provided in the previous section, it can be seen that Halliburton performed 81 frac jobs in the years after 1990, while Dowel Schlumberger did not perform any. This gives a good indication why the use of gel increased in the recent years while the use of water dropped.

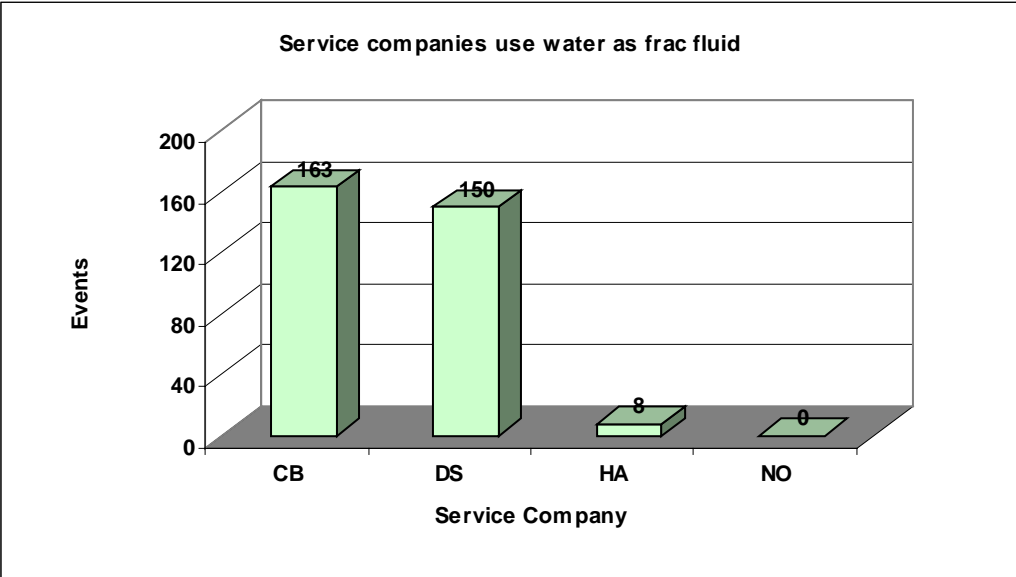


Figure 4.5: Service companies use water as frac fluid.

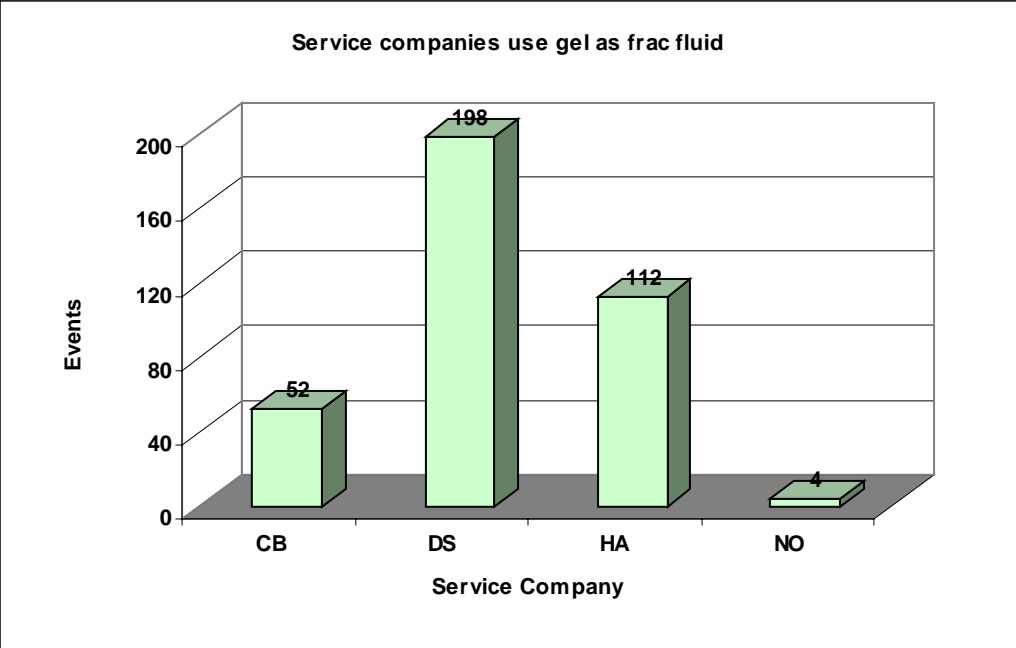


Figure 4.6: Service companies use gel as frac fluid.

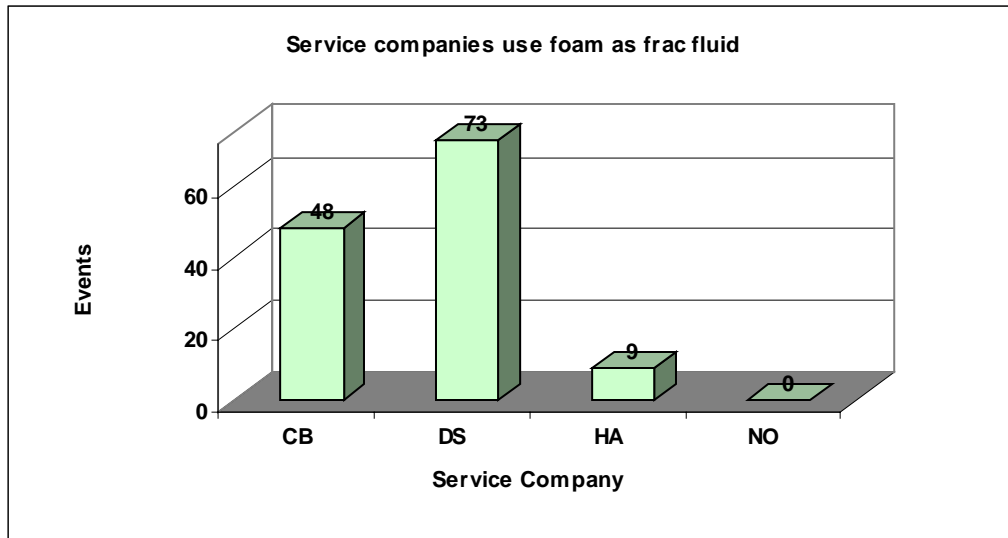


Figure 4.7: Service Companies use foam as frac fluid.

4.2.2.3 Distribution of Frac Fluid Volume and Fluid Pumping Rate:

Analyzing water, gel and foam as the frac fluids yield the following:

A. Water:

The minimum fluid volume used for water was 5 barrels, while the maximum volume was 1917 barrels. The average volume used was 693 barrels. The following figure shows the distribution of the used volume over equally divided intervals.

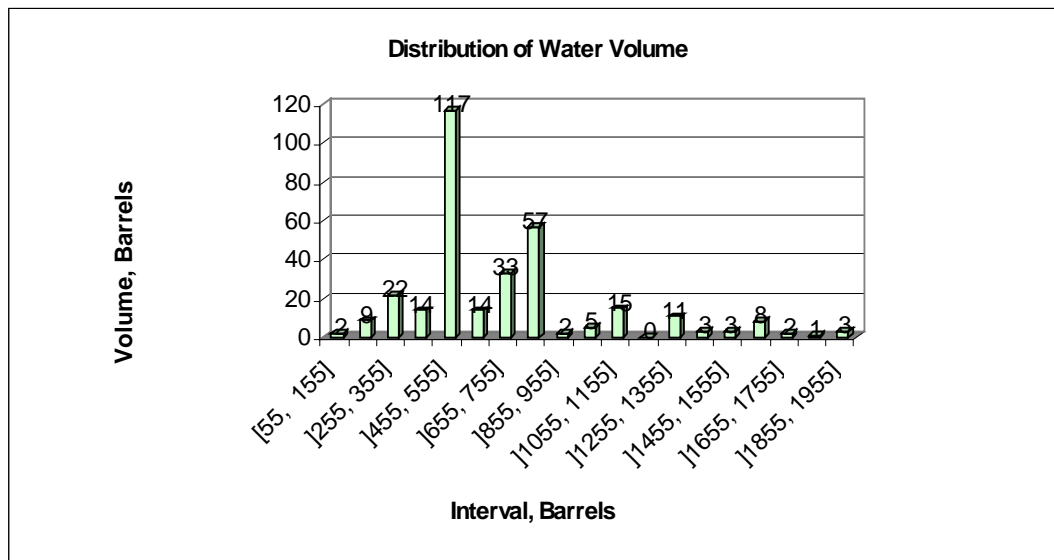


Figure 4.8: Distribution of water volume.

The minimum-pumping rate used in a water based frac job was 3.75 BPM, the maximum 70 BPM and the average 30.5 BPM.

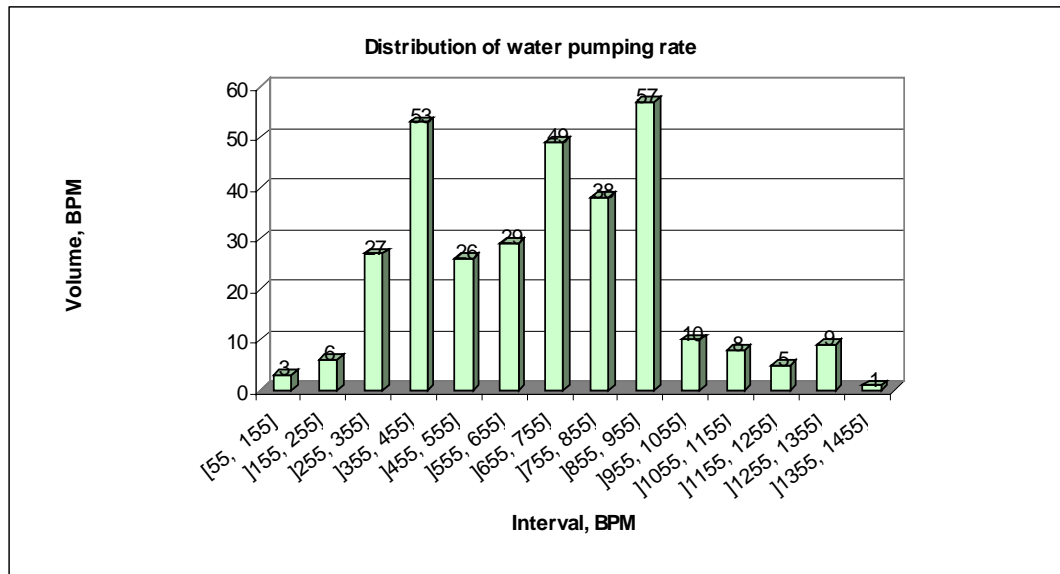


Figure 4.9: Distribution of water pumping rate.

B. Gel:

The minimum fluid volume used was 218 barrels, the maximum was 622 barrels, and the average was 544 barrels. Between the range of 515 to 565 , the gel reaches its highest volume.

For the pumping rate, the minimum value was 3.5 BMP and the maximum Value was 71 BMP. These two values are almost equal to the water minimum and maximum values, but the average was 15.8 BMP, which is half of the water Pumping rate average.

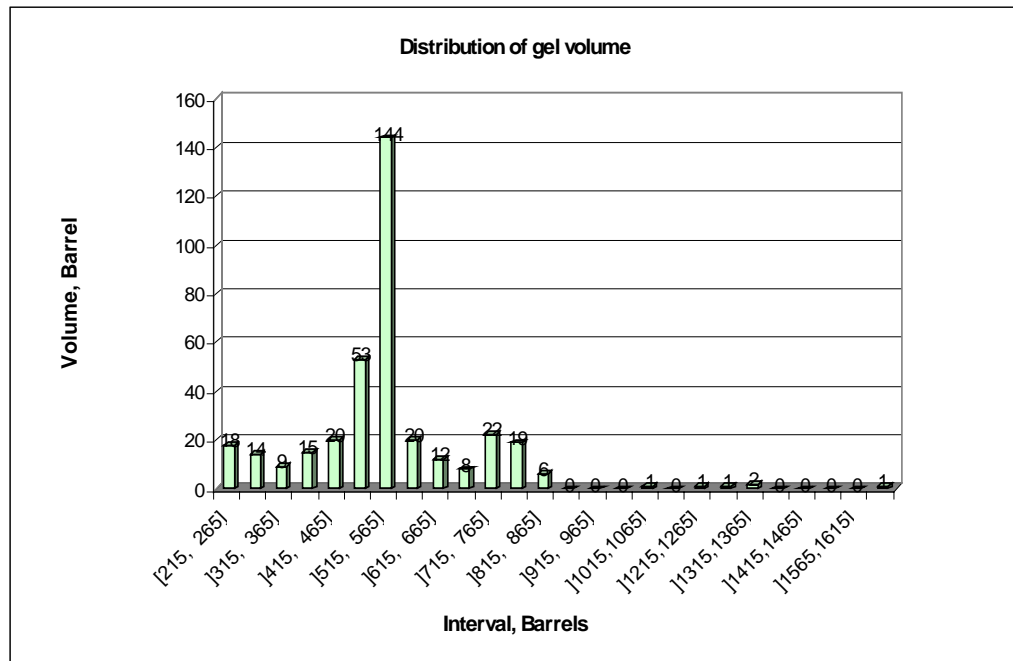


Figure 4.10: Distribution of gel volume.

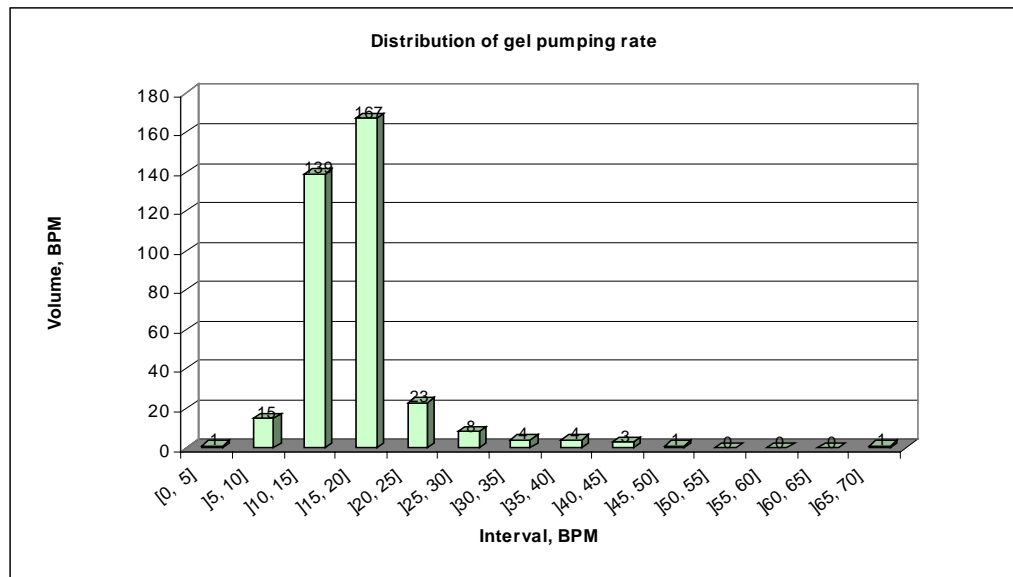


Figure 4.11: Distribution of gel pumping rate.

C. Foam:

The minimum fluid volume used for foam was 25 barrels, the maximum was 624 barrels and the average was 262 barrels. Figure 4.12 shows the distribution of the used volume.

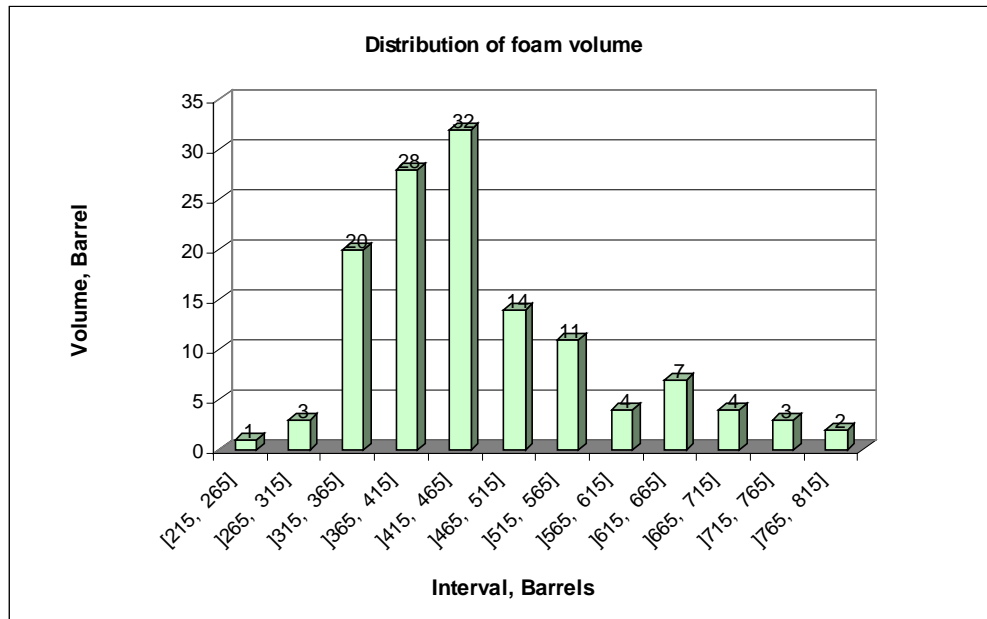


Figure 4.12: Distribution of foam volume

For the pumping rate, the minimum value was 2.4 BMP and the maximum value was 31 BMP. These two values are almost equal to the water minimum and maximum values, but the average was 14.56 BMP, which is half of the water pumping rate average.

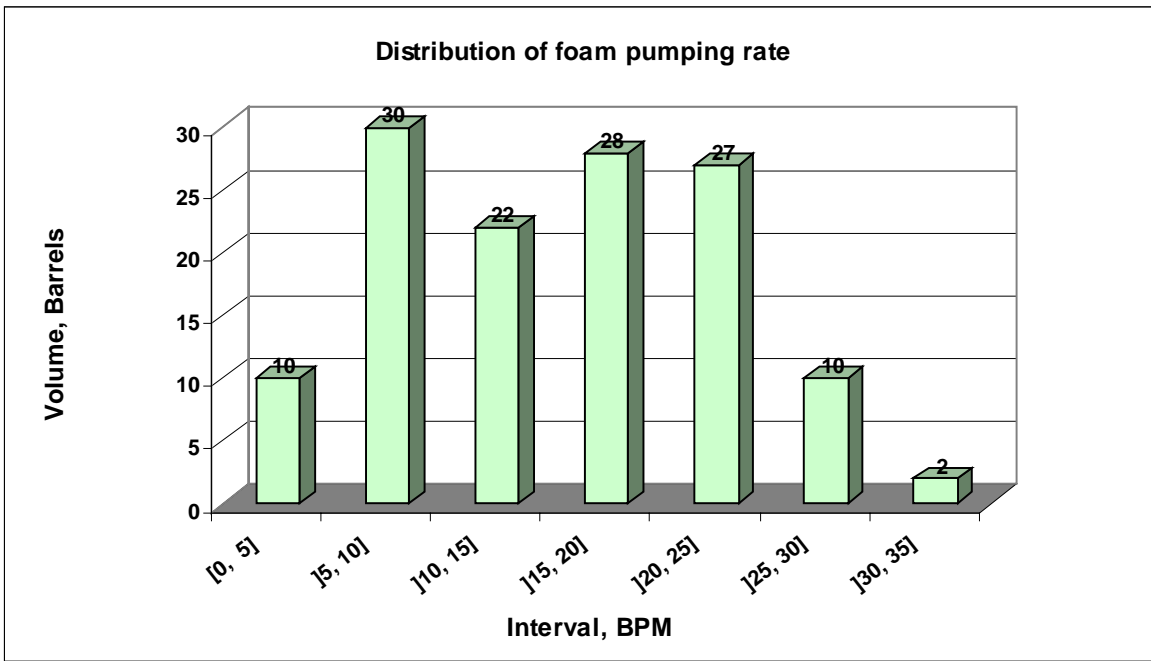


Figure 4.13: Distribution of foam pumping rate.

4.2.2.4 Distribution of Sand Volume:

The minimum sand volume used was 13 sacks, while the maximum volume was 670 sacks. The average volume used was 168 sacks. The following figure shows the distribution of the used sand volume over equally divided intervals.

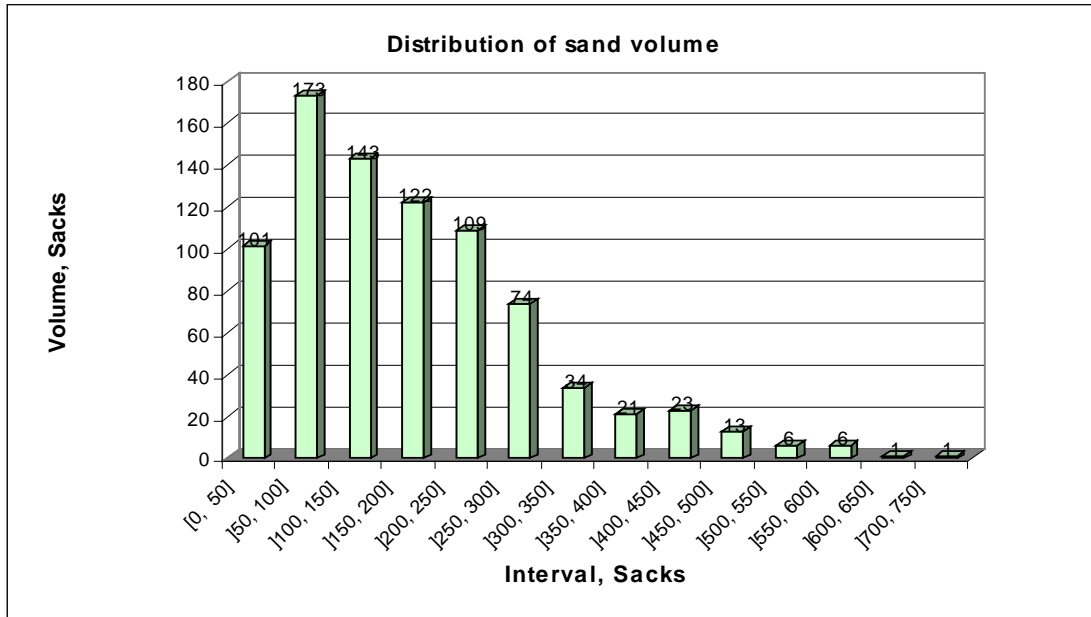


Figure 4.14: Distribution of sand volume.

5. Artificial Neural Network

In order to apply conventional modeling technique for optimization of fracture design great amount of data is required. For instance data like rock deformation, vertical in-situ stress distribution, permeability and porosity distribution, hydrocarbon saturation and pore pressure distribution, and many other data. Obtaining these data is very expensive and cost lots of time. Therefore applying a traditional method is extremely difficult due to the lack of data. For that reason using Artificial Neural Network is the best choice for such problems. Artificial Neural Network does not only mimic human brain in thinking it also investigates the hidden relation between parameters that engineers would argue their importance in conventional modeling and analysis process.

5.1 Preparing Data for Training

As previously mentioned the data for this application was divided into four categories according to the performed frac number. The first category contains all the wells that have been fraced at least once, while the second category contains all the wells that have been fraced at least twice and the third category contains all the wells that have been fraced at least three times.

Table 5.1, Shows the data categories based on frac number.

FRAC CATEGORY	NUMBER OF RECORDS
All Data	779
1 st Frac	37
2 nd Frac	526
3 rd Frac	216

The trained Artificial Neural Networks based on these categorized sets of data are called specialized ANN. Therefore, a well that has been fraced three times will show up in first, second and third frac categories.

On the other hand all data are organized together, in one database file, to form the last category that is called the All Data category. The trained ANN base on All Data category is called the general ANN. The frac number is used as an input parameter in the training process, only for the All Data category.

As shown in following table, Table 6.1, there are a total of 779 records involved in the training procedure.

5.1.1 Selecting Input and Output Parameters:

The first step in the training process is the selection of inputs and the desired outputs parameters. The selection criteria were based on the well information, frac date and recipe information and isochronal test data. The table below shows the suggested input parameters chosen for this training process. “Post Frac Deliverability” was considered as the only output in the training process. “Post Frac Deliverability” is the peak value after the well clean up. It was carefully selected from the provided deliverability data.

Table 5.2, Input and output parameters for both specialized and general neural network

CATEGORY	PARAMETER NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Location	Well No	Input	Well Number
	X Coordinate	Input	Well x axis coordinate
	Y Coordinate	Input	Well y axis coordinate
	Elevation	Input	Well Head Elevation

Frac Time	Frac Date	Input	Frac Date (Numerical input)
	Years Before This Frac	Input	Years since last fraced performed
	Number of months before frac	Input	Number of months Deliverability was taken before this frac
Frac Recipe	Frac Fluid	Input	Frac fluid used
	Viscosity	Input	Viscosity of the frac fluid
	Fluid Volume	Input	Volume used in the frac job
	N2 Rate	Input	Nitrogen rate
	N2 Volume SCF	Input	Nitrogen Volume SCF
	Sand Volume	Input	Sand Volume (Sacks)
	Sand Concentration	Input	Sand Concentration
	Sand Mesh	Input	Sand mesh (Numerical input)
	Acid Volume	Input	Acid Volume
	Average Rate	Input	Frac fluid injection rate
Service Company	Input	Company performed the job	
Production Statistics	Q min	Input	Minimum deliverability before this frac
	Q max	Input	Maximum deliverability before this frac
	Q Average	Input	Average deliverability before this frac
	Q100 Before This Frac	Input	Deliverability before this frac

Input parameters can be divided into four categories, location category, frac time category, frac recipe category and production statistics category as shown in Table 6.2. The first category includes the unique well information such as the well number, well

location coordinates, and well elevation. This category gives each well a unique identity, and distinguishes it from other wells. Because there was no change in the frac number, frac number was not used as an input parameter in the 1st Frac, 2nd Frac and the 3rd Frac categories.

The third category includes the well frac job date, which in the Visual Basic Application will be the recent date, the number of years since last frac, and the number of months since last isochronal test where the last deliverability was recorded. For the first frac category the number of years before the frac was excluded since it is the first frac performed, but when it was recombined with other categories in the All Data category it was recorded as zero.

Since the objective of the training process is to determine the well performance after stimulation, input should include, besides the well information, the frac job recipe. The frac job recipe includes all parameters used to frac the pay zone such as fluid type, fluid volume and viscosity, sand volume and concentration, sand mesh, acid volume and average rate.

The last category contains the deliverability history. There were four input parameters in this category. Minimum deliverability, maximum deliverability, average deliverability, and finally the last deliverability recorded before the frac is performed. These statistics could change for the same well after each frac. For instance, as shown in figure 1, a well has a maximum deliverability of 1147 (MCF/D), and a minimum deliverability of 315 (MCF/D), after the first frac is performed as in Figure 1. These two values were used in the analysis of the second frac. After the second frac, the well deliverability reaches a new minimum value of 146 (MCF/D), although it maintains its

maximum. Therefore in the analysis of the third frac the maximum value stays as 1147 (MCF/D), while the minimum value is 146 (MCF/D). Average and last deliverability recorded changes in the analysis for each new frac.

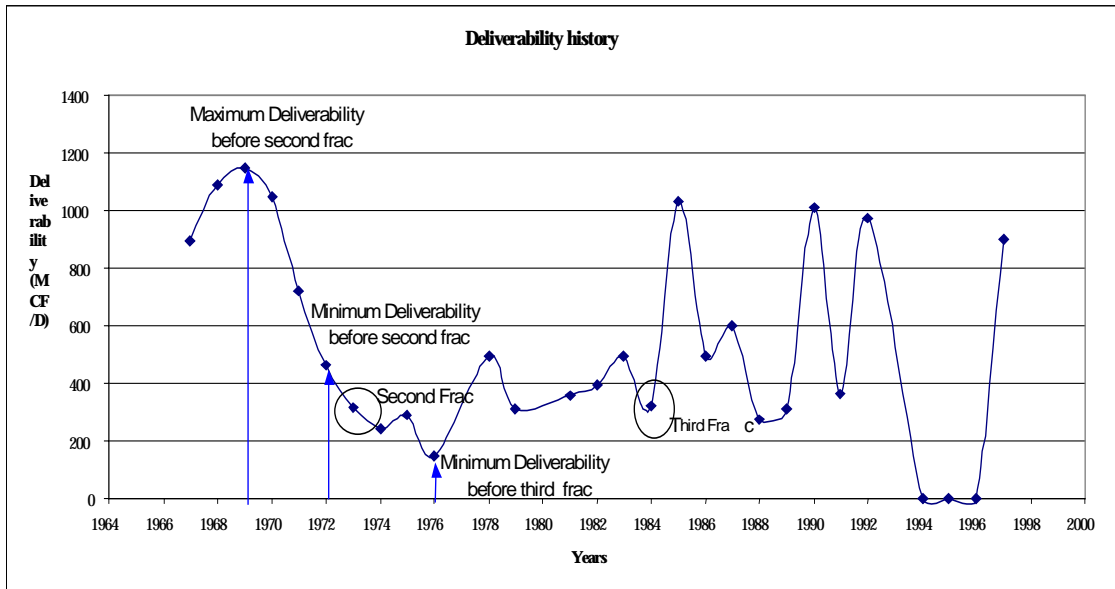


Figure 5.1: Shows the deliverability history and the change in the minimum and maximum value

5.2 Neural Networks:

“Since Artificial Neural Network, ANN, can learn, theoretically they can be trained to predict well response to certain stimulation³.” Thus, a representative data that covers all the possibilities must be provided to the system in order to produce a well-trained ANN.

5.2.1 Selecting the Best Neural Net Structure:

Several neural net designs were tested. The most effective design was a network consisting of five layers. One input layer, one output layer, and three hidden layers. The input layer is fully connected to each hidden layer. The number of neurons in each hidden layer, the learning rate, and the momentum are subject to design and modification during the training process. Table 5.3 shows these modifications for each trained net of the specialized and general ANN.

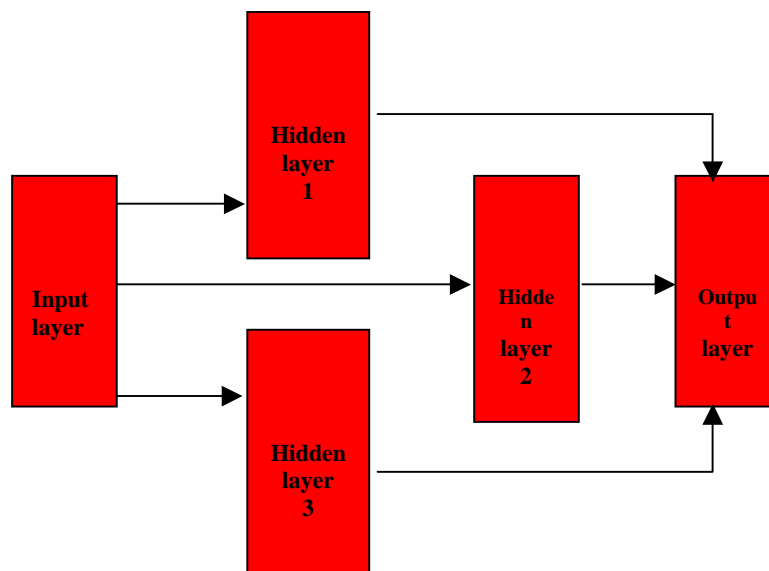


Figure 5.2: Artificial Neural Network structure used in the training process.

Table 5.3: Neural network training parameters

NET TYPE	NEURAL NETWORK TRAINING INFORMATION					
	Number of Inputs	Number of Outputs	Hidden layers Number	Number of Neurons in Hidden layers	Learning Rate	Momentum
1 st Frac	21	1	3	13	0.1	0.2
2 nd Frac	20	1	3	13	0.1	0.62
3 rd Frac	16	1	3	13	0.1	0.74
All Frac	15	1	3	13	0.04	0.1

5.2.2 Training Process:

All input parameters are used in the training process, but can be manipulated accordingly to achieve desired results. For example, after all the input parameters are used in the training process, the training process is then repeated, this time systematically removing and replacing various parameters individually. This way, the effect of different parameters upon the training process can be observed. The correlation coefficient for training and testing sets decreased when removing some inputs parameter, and decreased when moving other parameters.

After reaching the highest correlation coefficient for both training and testing patterns, some other modification steps were applied. First, all the training is carried out using the whole set of data. After the out-layers are identified, the training process is then repeated, this time removing the out-layers' records for each related parameter from the training set.

During the training process a detailed and meticulous process was followed to identify and remove noise from the data set. This process also included the identification of unique data records that had a training value. This identification is done by plotting the actual deliverability versus the network deliverability and investigates the points with the highest error. It was assured that these records were used in the training patterns. Therefore all the data patterns were reexamined after random selection of training and testing sets to ensure that no unique data pattern had been removed from the training data set. This process helps in training the network for all different possibilities. The following figure presents some of these data records.

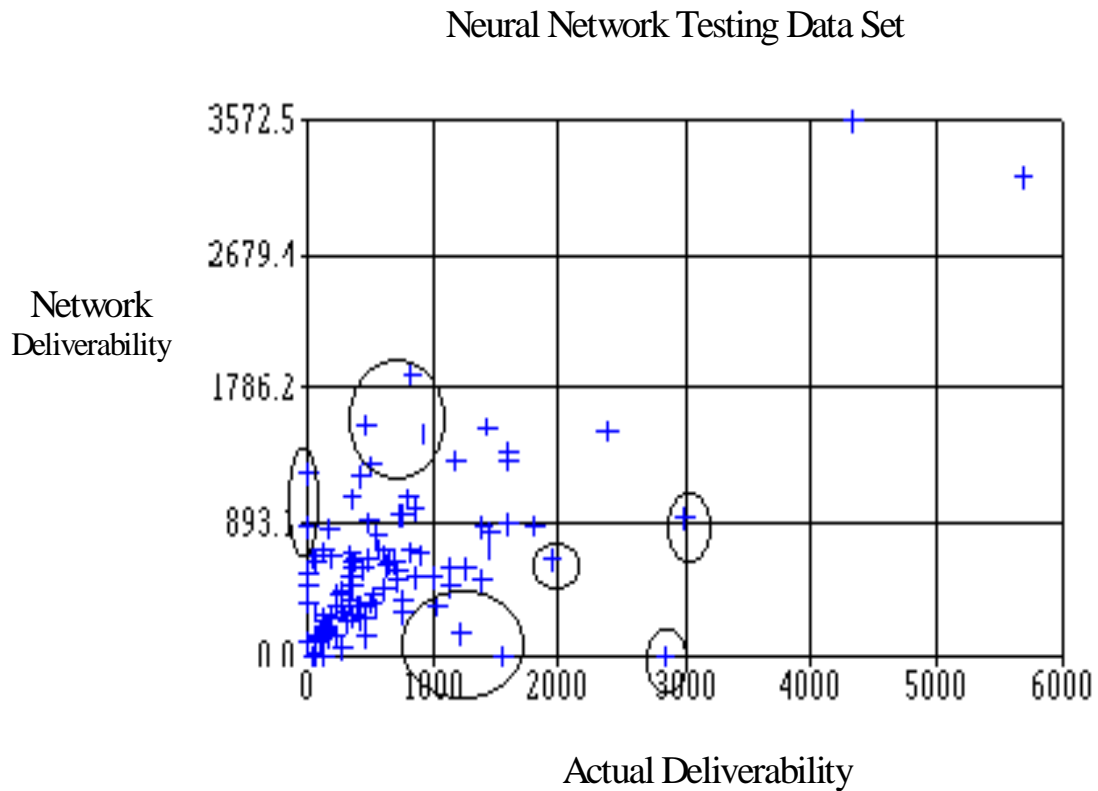


Figure 5.3: Neural network analysis for testing pattern identifies unique data records that had a training value.

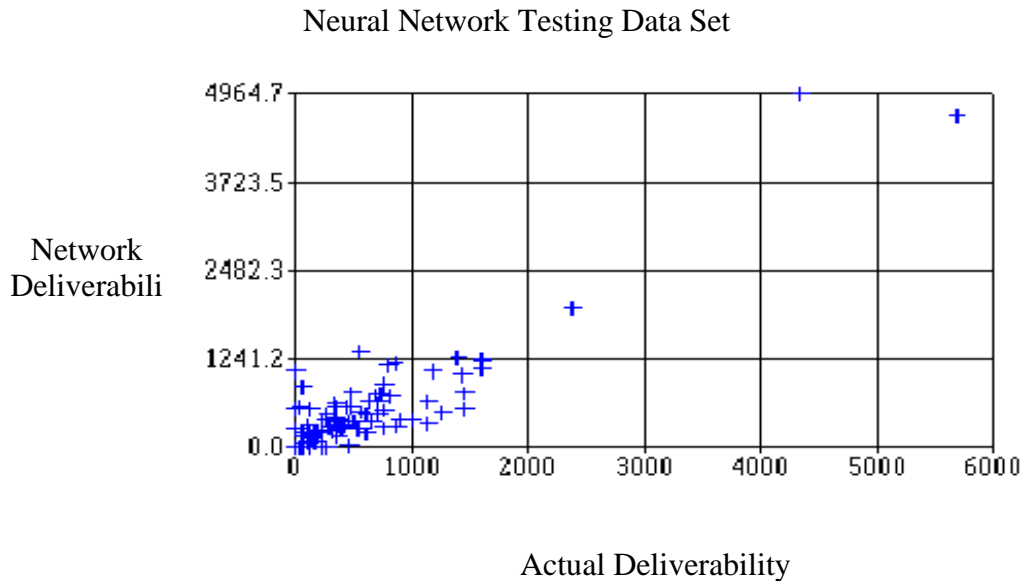


Figure 5.4: Neural network analysis for testing pattern after all unique data records with training value removed to the training pattern

The pervious mentioned records were not moved into the training pattern at once. Instead they were removed from the testing pattern to the training pattern one by one. The following figure shows the increase in the correlation coefficient of the second frac-testing pattern every time a record with training value is removed into the training pattern.

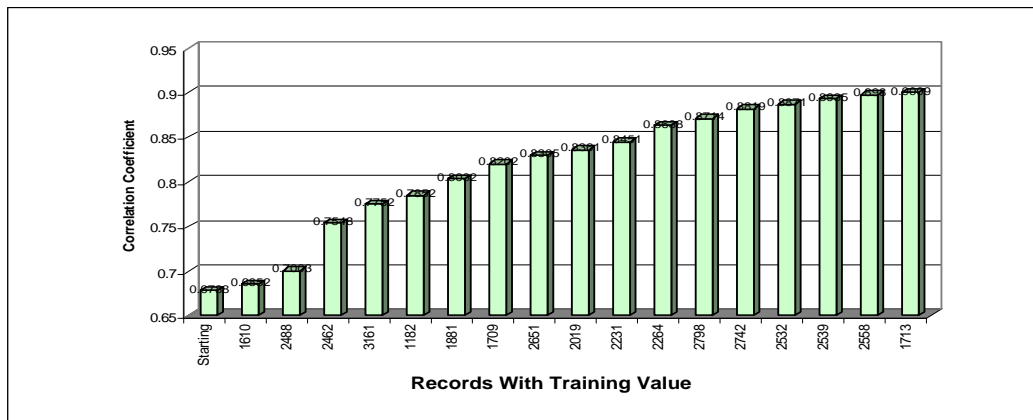


Figure 5.5: Correlation coefficient for second frac testing pattern.

Not all the removed records were replaced in the training pattern. Some of these records do not have any training value. These records were considered as noise and were excluded from the training process.

The table below presents the final results accomplished after the training process is finished

Table 5.4: Final results of the four data categories.

NETWORK PROCESSING	FIRST CATEGORY		SECOND CATEGORY		THIRD CATEGORY		FOURTH CATEGORY	
	Training	Testing	Training	Testing	Training	Testing	Training	Testing
Patterns processed:	26	10	414	94	171	40	611	144
R squared:	0.916	0.83	0.867	0.728	0.831	0.808	0.8151	0.789
r squared:	0.9179	0.833	0.882	0.734	0.8319	0.840	0.8199	0.7952
Correlation coefficient r:	0.959	0.913	0.939	0.856	0.912	0.916	0.9055	0.891

The following figures show the final training process results.

First Frac:

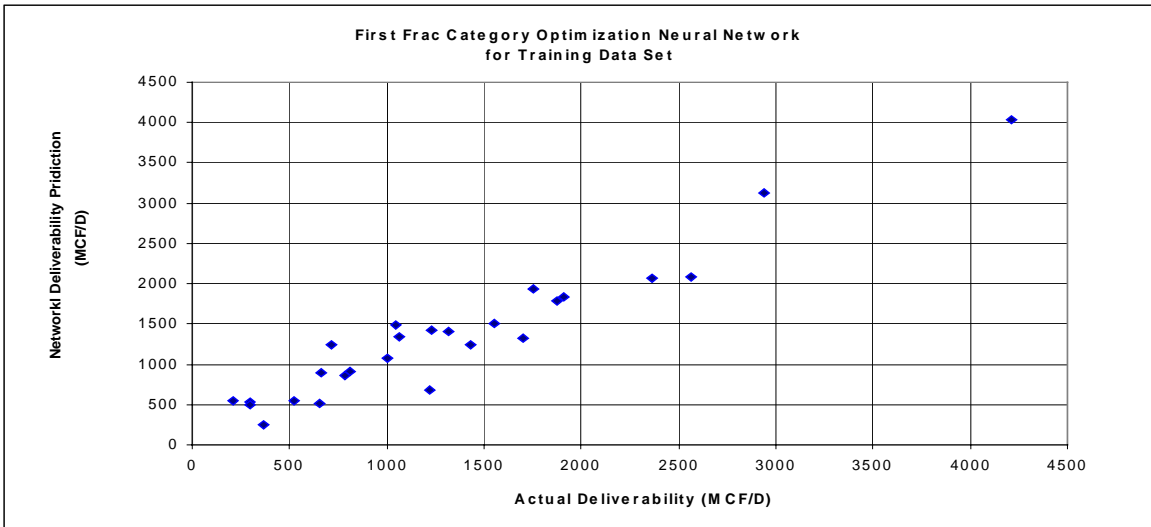


Figure 5.6: Deliverability training network for first frac with accuracy of 95.5%.

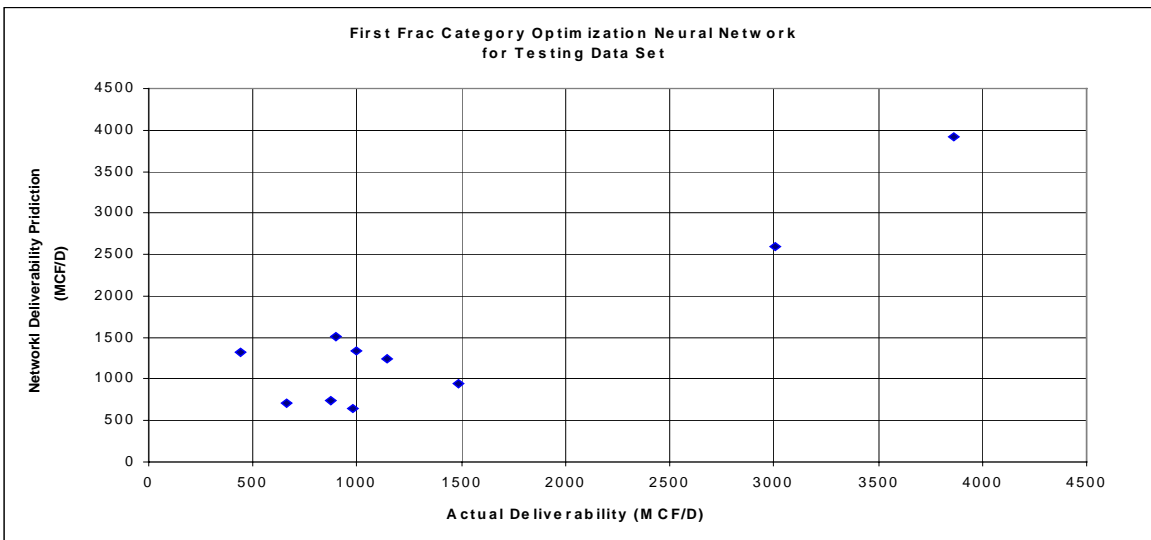


Figure 5.7: Deliverability testing network for first frac with accuracy of 91.3%.

Second Frac

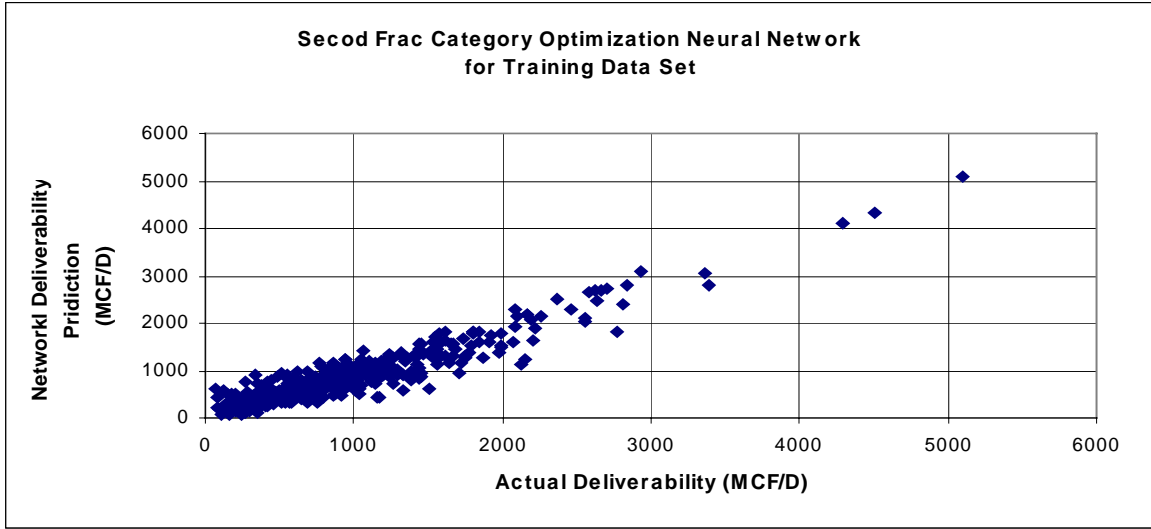


Figure 5.8: Deliverability training network for second frac with accuracy of 90.8%.

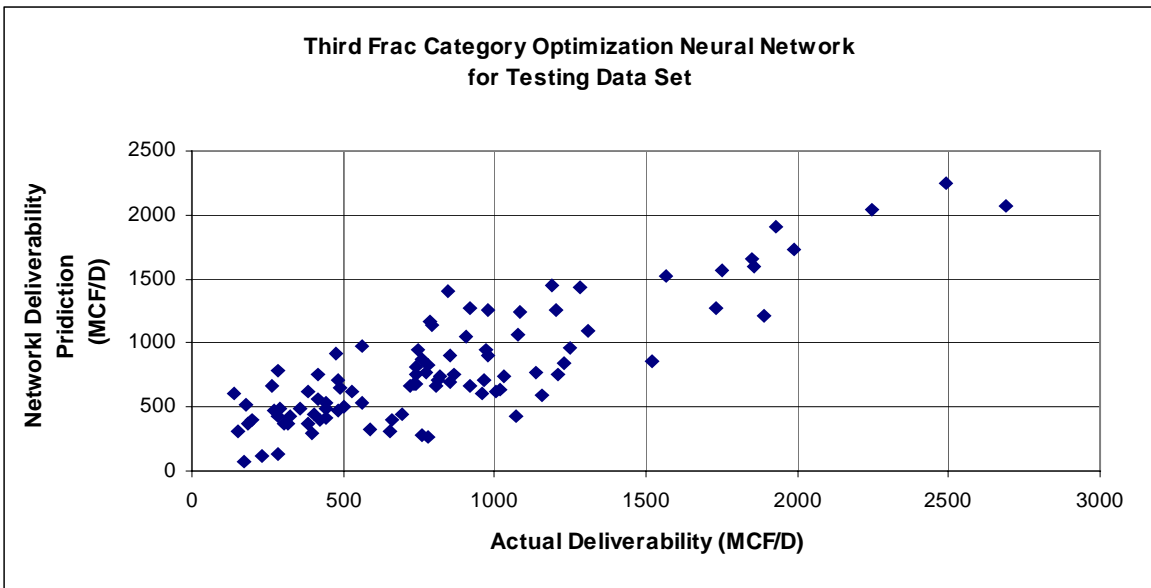


Figure 5.9: Deliverability testing network for second frac with accuracy of 90.3%.

Third Frac

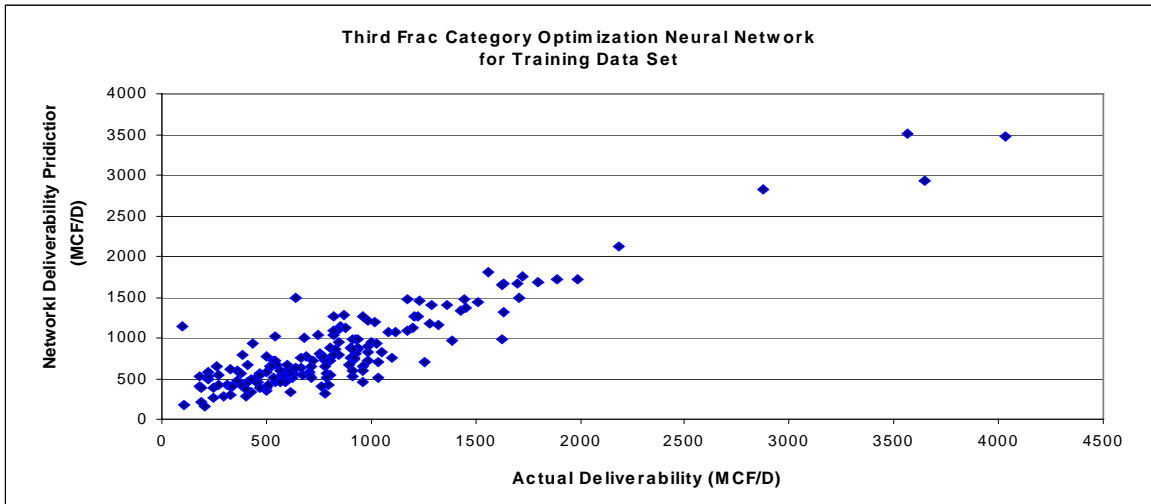


Figure 5.10: Deliverability training network for third frac with accuracy of 91.2%.

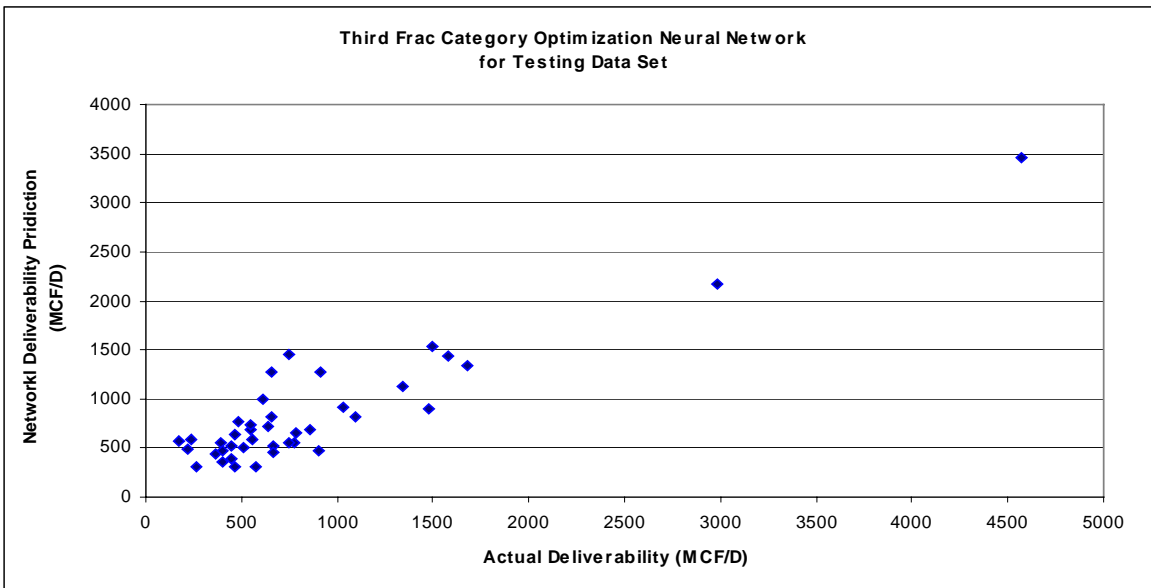


Figure 5.11: Deliverability testing network for third frac with accuracy of 91.6%.

All Frac

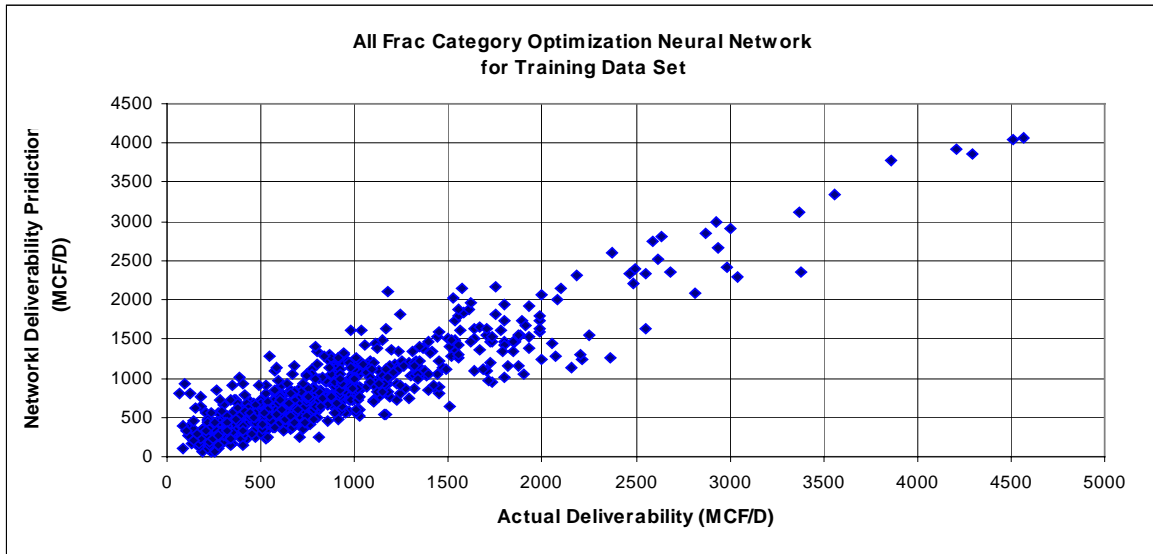


Figure 5.12: Deliverability training network for all frac with accuracy of 90.5%.

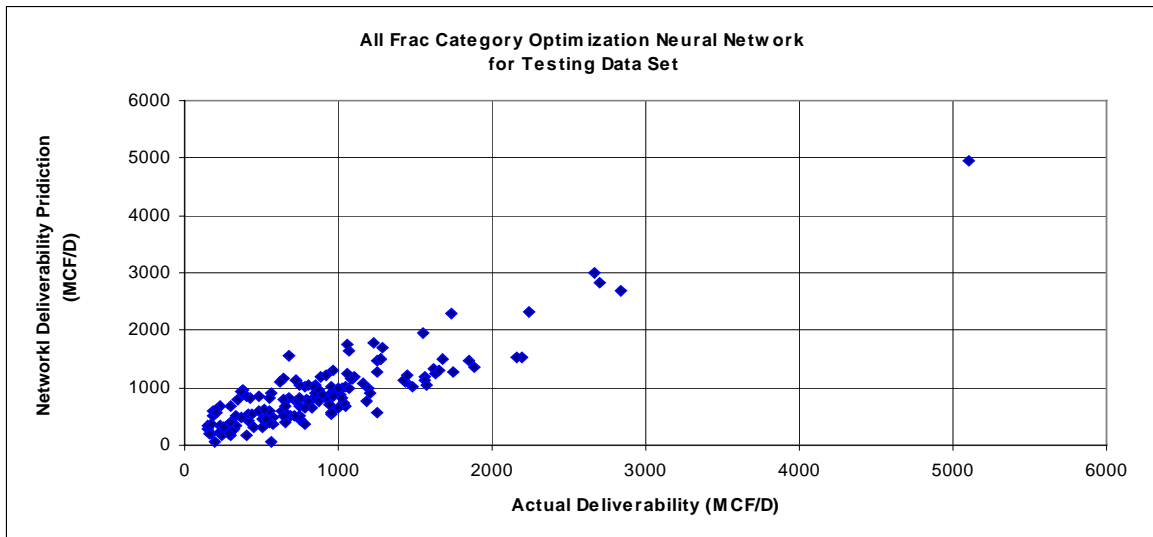


Figure 5.13: Deliverability testing network for all frac with accuracy of 89.1%.

6. Genetic Algorithms

Using conventional method for solving problem with discontinuity in the existing data and have a large number of input parameters involve in the solution, is very time consuming if not impossible. Therefore genetic algorithms are practical tool in solving such complex problems. They can cover large search spaces in a short amount of time without requiring an exact mathematical model of the problem. As mentioned previously the idea of Genetic Algorithms is to simulate the way nature uses evolution. The surviving chromosomes are used to generate the next generation of chromosomes. The good chromosomes are used to form new and hopefully better solutions in the next population, while the bad solutions are discarded. This process is repeated until no improvement in the Fitness value is observed.

Genetic Algorithm starts by generating many random solutions to the problem. These randomly created solutions are known as initial population. This population can be either a digital population or an analog population. The digitized population consists of a binary string, a series of zeroes and ones, while the analog population consists of a series of real numbers. Each of these numbers is located inside of a bit. The figure below shows examples of both kinds of strings.

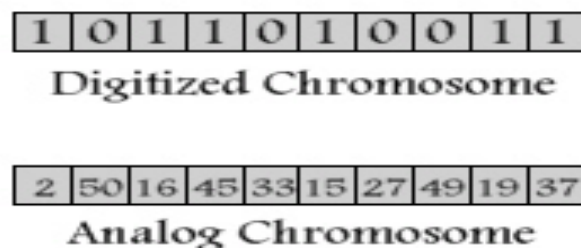


Figure 6.1: A digitized and analog chromosome

6.1 Developing the Genetic Algorithms

6.2 Analogs and Digital Initialization

The first step in developing a Genetic Algorithm is to calculate the chromosome length. In this application the length of the chromosome was calculated according to the chromosome type selected.

In the digitized chromosome type, the chromosome length depends on the total lengths of all the genes. The genes' length depends on the minimum and maximum values of the optimized parameter. The gene length can be measured according to the following equation:

$$L_{\text{gene}} = \text{round} \{ \text{Log}_2 [(\text{Max} - \text{Min}) * 10^m + 1] \}$$

Where:

L = Gene Length (Number of bits)

Min = Maximum value of the parameter

Max = Minimum value of the parameter

m = number of decimal digits

Table 6.1: Frac recipe optimization encoding.

INPUT PARAMETER	NUMBER OF BITS			
	First Frac	Second Frac	Third Frac	All Frac
Frac Fluid	2	2	2	2
Fluid Volume	11	11	10	11
N2 Rate	9	12	11	12
N2 Volume SCF	18	19	19	19
Sand Volume	9	9	9	9
Sand Concentration	4	4	4	4
Sand Mesh	2	3	2	3
Acid Volume	10	12	12	12
Average Rate	6	6	5	6
Service Company	2	2	2	2
Total Length	71	79	78	80

The total chromosome length is the sum of all the genes' lengths calculated.

In the analog chromosome type the length of the chromosome is equal to the number of the parameters used in the optimization. The reason is that each gene in the analog chromosome consists of only one bit. This bit value depends on the minimum and maximum values of the parameter to be optimized. Each bit value is randomly initialized and its value located between the minimum and maximum. Figure 6.1 shows an analog chromosome.

6.3 Fitness

After the chromosome is evaluated, a value is achieved. This value is known as the fitness value. The fitness value is a numerical value, which is proportional to the ability of the individual represented by that chromosome.

6.4 Chromosome Selection

Chromosome selection is very important as it is used to select both parents for the new chromosomes and to choose the chromosomes that survive and help to develop the next generation. During this phase of the genetic search, individuals are selected from the population to produce offspring chromosomes, which will make up the next generation. These parents are selected randomly from the population, using their fitness value, which favors the most fit individuals. Good individuals will probably be selected several times in a generation while weak ones may not be selected at all. In This project two types of selections are used:

6.4.1 Classical Selection Method, (Roulette-wheel selection).

The Classical Selection Method⁵ of the new population is based on a probability distribution with respect to fitness evaluation. For this process a so-called “roulette wheel” is used. The process employs the following steps:

1. Calculate the fitness value $eval(v_j)$ for each chromosome v_j ($j=1 \dots pop_size$)
2. Find the total population fitness

$$F = \sum_{j=1}^{Pop_size} eval(v_j)$$

3. Calculate the probability of a selection p_j for each chromosome v_j ($j=1 \dots pop_size$)

$$P_j = \frac{eval(v_j)}{F}$$

4. Calculate the cumulative probability q_j for each chromosome v_j ($j=1 \dots pop_size$)

$$F = \sum_{k=1}^j (P_k)$$

The selection process is based on spinning the roulette wheel pop_size times; each time a single chromosome is selected for the new population. Specifically, this is how it works:

- Generate a random number r from the range $[0 \dots 1]$
- If $r < q_1$ then select the first chromosome (v_1) otherwise select the j -th chromosome v_j ($2 \leq j \leq pop_size$) such that $q_{j-1} < r < q_j$.

Obviously, some of the chromosomes will be selected more than once. This is due to the probability distribution, the best chromosomes get more copies, the average stay even, and the worst die off.

6.4.2 CVOR Selection Method

Considering the case of a population of 100 chromosomes, each chromosome has the same chance to be selected to generate the new population. Some of them will obviously be selected more than once. The CVOR selection methodology assigns a better probability to breed and generate to the offspring of the best chromosomes in the population. This can be done by selecting only the best x chromosomes in the population and using them to create the new population.

Basically each case is represented by a linear function with a characteristic slope. The smaller the number of the chromosomes selected the higher the values of the slope. Likewise, if more chromosomes are selected to generate a new population, the probability to breed for the strongest ones is lower.

Lets take the case of 25 chromosomes. Each of the four strongest chromosomes has the probability to breed with another four following. In this way eight new chromosomes are generated. The next six strongest chromosomes have a probability to breed of three. The process continues until the last chromosome in the population is allowed to breed.

6.5 Crossover

The crossover operator is very important in a genetic algorithm. It allows portions in chromosomes to be combined with portions of other chromosomes. The selected chromosomes are the parent chromosomes while the new generated chromosomes are the offspring. The mechanics of the crossover is to choose a corresponding point or points along the parent chromosomes at random. The parents used are swapped at each crossover point to produce two new full-length chromosomes. These two offspring inherit genes from each parent. Crossover is not necessarily applied to all pairs of individuals selected for mating when a choice is made. It depends on a probability specified by the user, this is typically between 0.5 and 1.0. If crossover is not applied, the offspring are simply duplications of the parents. There are three types of crossovers used in this project:

6.5.1 Classic Crossover

Classical crossover consists of generating a random number between one and the total number of bits in the chromosome that will determine where two the chromosomes will exchange parts.

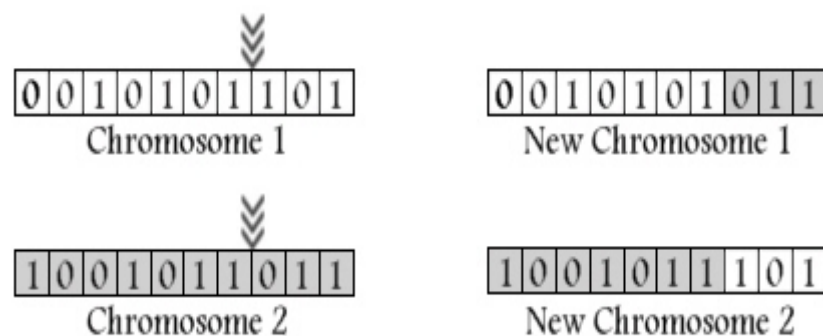


Figure 6.2: Digitize classical crossover mechanism.

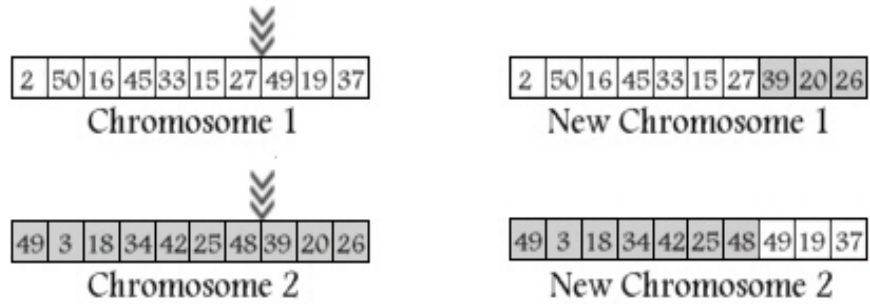


Figure 6.3: Analog classical crossover mechanism

6.5.2 Double Crossover

Double crossover consists of generating two random numbers, between one and total number of bits in the chromosome that will determine where the chromosomes are broken in to three parts and the middle part is exchanged.

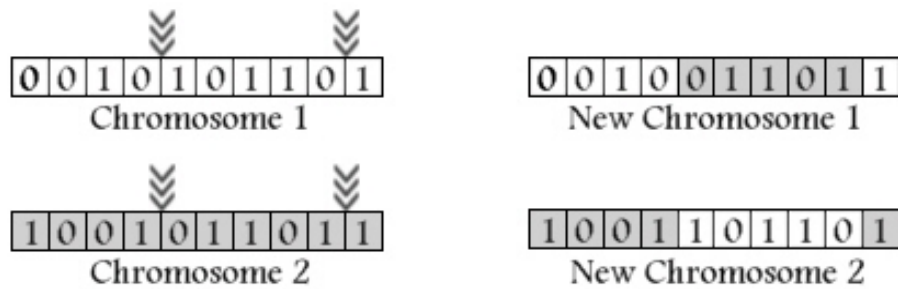


Figure 6.4. Digitized double crossover mechanism.

6.5.3 Uniform Crossover

Uniform crossover consists of generating an indefinite number of random numbers, between one and total number of bits in the chromosome that will represent the bits exchanged between the two chromosomes.

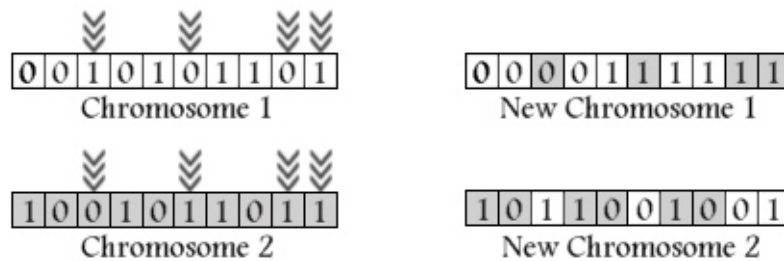


Figure 6.5: Digitize uniform crossover mechanism.

The analog part is not different but instead of swapping zeros and one we swap a total parameter.

6.7 Mutation Process

Mutation is another major operator that is used in genetic algorithms. It is implemented by randomly selecting a bit in the chromosome and altering its value of that bit from one to zero or zero to one in digitize chromosome, and populate a new value between parameter rang in the analog chromosome. This process will randomly change the encoded bit information for the newly created individual population. “Typically, mutation is performed with a small frequency of occurrence.”

Mutation probability is represented by a number between zero and one. The default probability of mutation used in the project was 0.25.

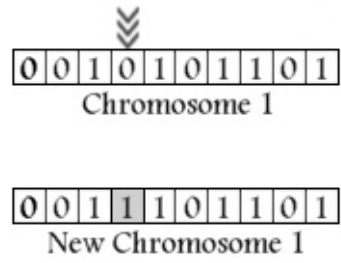


Figure 6.6: Digitize mutation mechanism.

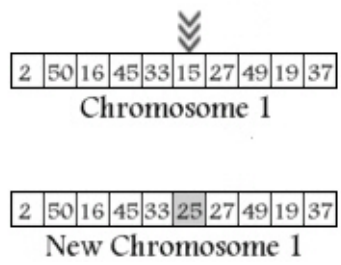


Figure 6.7: Analog mutation mechanism.

7. Fuzzy Expert System

Fuzzy Expert System is a system that applies the technical knowledge of an expert to solve a particular problem. “The Fuzzy Expert System uses a collection of fuzzy membership functions and rules, instead of Boolean Logic, to reason about data”¹¹. The rules in a Fuzzy Expert System are in a linguistic form. They consist of a condition part and a conclusion part. The condition describes to what degree the rule applies, while the conclusion assigns a membership function to each of one or more output variables. The set of rules in a Fuzzy Expert System is known as the rule base or knowledge base. The Figure below shows how the Fuzzy Expert System works.

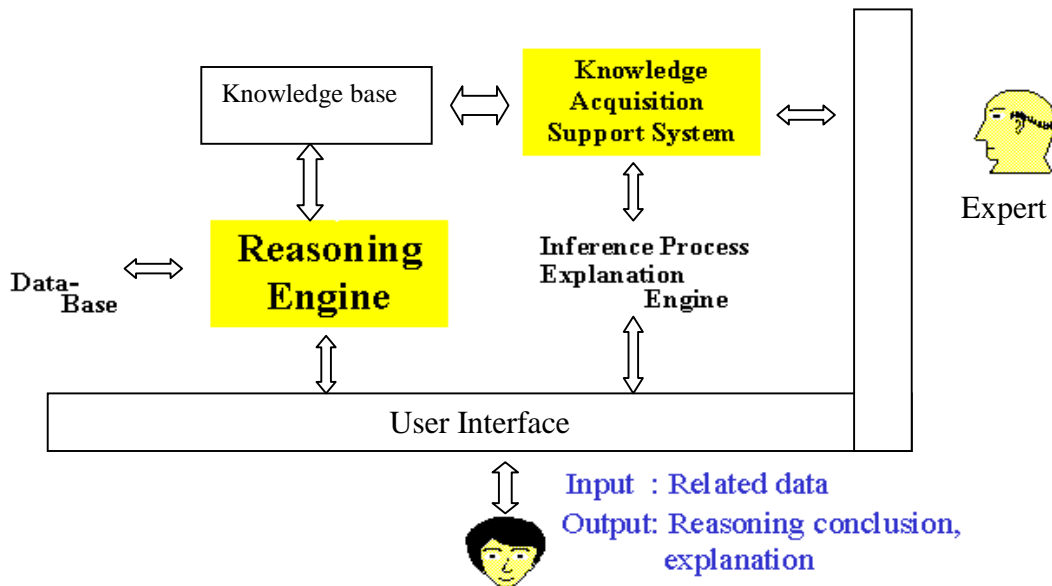


Figure 7.1: Shows the Fuzzy Expert System Steps

Before explaining the main process of the Fuzzy Expert System it is useful to know some of the common terms used in this process.

7.1 Universe of Discourse

Universe of Discourse is the total problem space. It can be divided into as many parts as desired. These parts, known as fuzzy sets, are shown in the figure below. In designing the Universe of Discourse, the consideration of all input possibility is taken. Therefore the Universe of Discourse usually starts from the minimum value and ends at the maximum value of the data set.

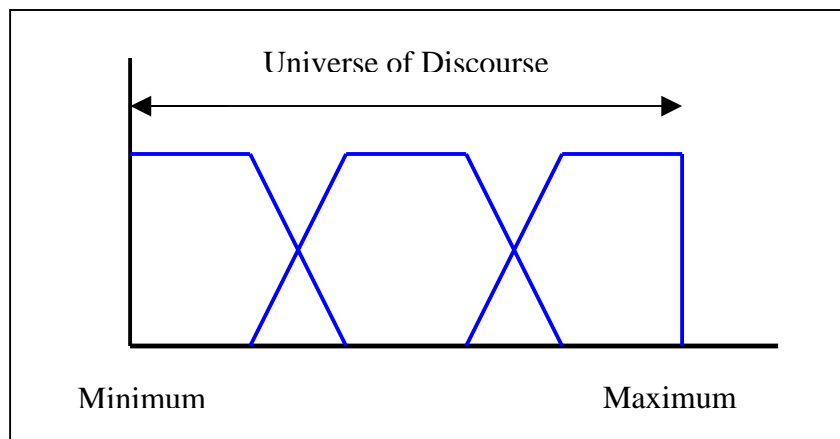


Figure 7.2: Universe of Discourse divided into three Fuzzy Sets

7.2 Fuzzy Set

A classical Set is basically defined as a collection of elements. In Fuzzy Sets, elements might partially belong to the set, or belong to the same set but in different degrees that are called grades of membership. To make an approximate comparison, these memberships are described in fuzzy numbers. A fuzzy number consists of a number and a linguistic description which later helps in setting the rules and explaining the decision making process.

7.2.1 Fuzzy Sets Initialization

Fuzzy sets can be initialized in two main ways:

- a) **Intuition initialization:** Applying human experience in choosing the domain of the fuzzy set and its characteristics involving the linguistic variable.
- b) **Inductive reasoning initialization:** is an automatic generation of membership functions.

7.2.2 Fuzzy Sets Presentation

Fuzzy Sets can be presented in many different ways. The most common representations are:

- a) **Linear Representation:** Where the sets' true value grows until the sets' reach the point where the true and false values are equal. Then a decline begins where the degree of truth decreases and the degree of false increases.
- b) **S-Curve (Sigmoid, Logistic):** The same idea is still applied as a linear representation but the curve shape is different.
- c) **Plateau (Trapezoid):** In the Plateau, the range of where the true value equals

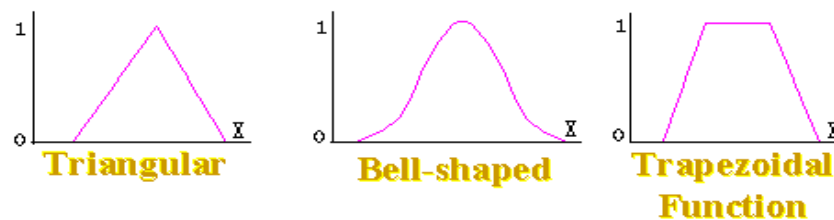


Figure 7.3: Shows the most common Sets shape

7.3 Fuzzy Sets Operator

An element is a member of a fuzzy set if it falls within the domain of the set. On the other hand due to the way the sets' overlap an element can be a member of two fuzzy sets. For that, operators like, **and**, and **or** are needed to explain the element grades of membership. The operators can be explained as following:

7.3.1 Conjunctive system of rules operator

The logical operator **and** operates the intersection in Fuzzy sets. The **and** operator is supported by taking the minimum of the truth membership.

The degree of membership of an element in the intersection of two fuzzy sets is the minimum, or the smaller value of its degree of membership individually in the two sets forming the intersection. For example if a well has 0.8 degree of membership in the set of candidates to be fractured, and 0.5 degree of membership in the set of likely to be a candidate. Then the well belongs to the set of likely to be a candidate.

$$\text{Min } \{0.5, 0.8\} = 0.5$$

7.3.2 Disjunctive system of rules operator

The logical operator **or** operates the union in Fuzzy sets. The **or** operator is supported by taking the maximum of the truth membership.

$$\text{Max } \{0.5, 0.8\} = 0.8$$

7.4 Rules

The rules in a Fuzzy Expert System are usually in a linguistic form similar to the following:

IF the Average Stimulation Deliverability is LOW & the Year / Frac Ratio is HIGH & the Post Stimulation Deliverability is AVERAGE then the well is likely a candidate.

Where “Average Stimulation Deliverability”, “Year Frac / Ratio” and “Post Stimulation Deliverability” are input variables, and likely a candidate is an output. *LOW*, *AVERAGE* and *HIGH* are the linguistic parts of the membership function defined on the inputs variable. The condition describes to what degree the rule applies, while the conclusion assigns a membership function to each of one or more output variables. The set of rules in a Fuzzy Expert System is known as the rule base or knowledge base.

7.5 Fuzzification Process

Fuzzification process is a mapping from the observed input to the fuzzy sets defined in the corresponding universe of discourse. In this process the input is translated from its crisp or a numerical value to a fuzzy output with linguistic term and a corresponding grade of membership.

Fuzzification is labeling the crisp value of a numerical input with a linguistic term and determining the corresponding grade of membership. Under Fuzzification, the membership functions defined on the input variables are applied to their actual values, to determine the degree of truth for each rule premise.

7.6 Inference Process

Inference Process is the decision-making logic, which determines fuzzy outputs corresponding to fuzzified inputs, with respect to the fuzzy rules. Fuzzy inference engine is built using rules based on linguistic statements. The expert must specify which rules

and which Fuzzy Sets Operators are used. When ever the input is not crystal clear and reflects belief rather than proof Inference take place employing inference steps similar to that of a human brain way of thinking. In the inference process, the truth-value for the premise of each rule is computed, and applied to the conclusion part of each rule. This results in one fuzzy subset to be assigned to each output variable for each rule.

7.7 Defuzzification Process

As a result of fuzzification and inference process several rules will be fired to generate a symbolic results or output fuzzy subset. The process of converting this output fuzzy subset to a crisp number is known as Defuzzification process. On other word Defuzzification is the calculation of a crisp numerical value as the controller output based on the symbolic results.

There are many ways to convert non-fuzzy output to crisp. The most used methods are Center of Area, centroid, Mean of Maximum.” Centroid method is the most used methods. In centroid method, the crisp value of the output variable is computed by finding the value of the center of gravity of the membership function for the fuzzy value. In the Mean of Maximum method, one of the variable values at which the fuzzy subset has its maximum truth-value is chosen as the crisp value for the output variable.

$$c_i = \frac{\sum_k^m \mu_{ik} * (x_i) * y_k}{\sum_k^m \mu_{ik} * (x_i)}$$

Where:

μ_{ik} = Fuzzy membership function

x_{ik} = Input variable

7.8 Implementation

After using the genetic algorithm coupled with the neural net to generate a list of candidates, an expert opinion is important to consider which of the selected candidates can be more valuable than the others. Therefore the use of Fuzzy Expert Decision becomes important in this stage of the solution.

7.8.1 Input Selection

In order to implement the Fuzzy Expert System in the current project, defining the input parameters was the first step. Consequently, for the present problem three inputs were selected. They are:

1. Average Stimulation Deliverability (MSCF/D). In order to compare between the deliverability of two wells, one must compare between their average deliverability histories.
2. Year - Frac Number Ratio. Well deliverability is affected by two input parameters, which are “Years since last frac” and “Frac Number”. In the case of the first parameter one must notice that: if number of “Years since last frac” increases the well will be much better candidate for fracturing. The second input parameter represents the number of times the well has been fraced until current analysis.
3. Post Stimulation Deliverability (MSCF/D). This represents the deliverability of the well generated by the genetic algorithm optimization.

To set the Universe of Discourse for each input parameter, range of the parameter for the entire set of data is scanned and only the lowest and the highest values are selected. This range is the total problem space also known as the Universe of Discourse.

Table 7.1: Shows the range of each input parameter for Fuzzy Expert System according to the frac number.

FRAC NO	INPUT PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
First Frac	Average Deliverability	36	2796
	Year Frac Ratio	0	33
	Post Frac Deliverability	205	4209
Second Frac	Average Deliverability	41	4256
	Year Frac Ratio	1	19
	Post Frac Deliverability	70	5105
Third Frac	Average Deliverability	94	2197
	Year Frac Ratio	0.33	10
	Post Frac Deliverability	97	4570
All Frac	Average Deliverability	36	4256
	Year Frac Ratio	0	33
	Post Frac Deliverability	70	5105

7.8.2 Fuzzy Set Initialization

The Universe of Discourse in the application is divided into three sets. These sets are defined by trapezoidal shape with height of 1.0. These sets can be initialized automatically or as user input or combination of both.

In the automatic initialization, the division of the range into different number of sets was performed by dividing the entire Universe of Discourse by the desired number of sets. The range of each set can be calculated using the following mathematical model:

$$\text{Set Range} = \frac{\text{Universe of Discourse}}{N}$$

Where:

N = desired number of sets

Then each set is divided into three equal intervals using the following relation:

$$Interval = \frac{Max - Min}{(2 * N) - 1}$$

Where the Max and the Min values are the highest and the lowest values of each individual parameter.

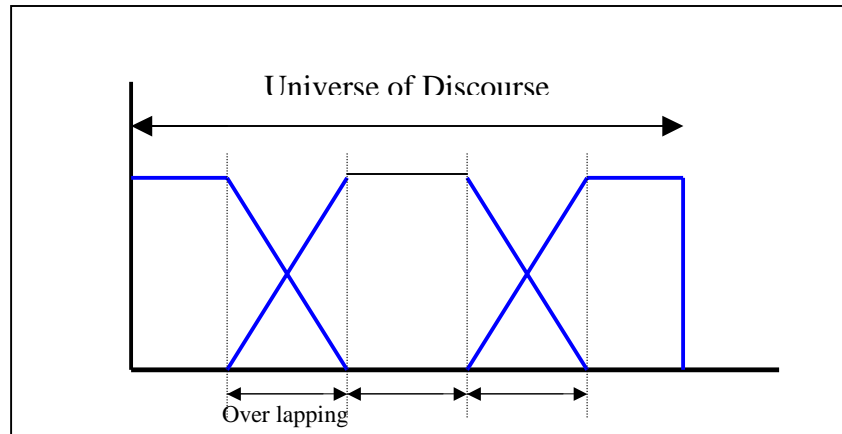


Figure 7.4: Shows how each set is divided into three equal intervals and the sets over overlapping

Each set starts from the end of the second interval of the previous set. The overlapping between all the sets is equal to 30%. Notice that the first and the last sets are divided into only two intervals. The reason for that was the first set should always start with truth-value of one while the last set always end with false value of one.

Each of these subsets was labeled differently from the other subsets in the Universe of Discourse. This labeling system was used later in constructing the Rule System. In the default case the subsets were named as follows:

- Low Subset - first set starting from the minimum value until 1/3 of the entire range.
- Average Subset – is the middle set, and
- High Subset – last set starting from 2/3 the range until the maximum value.

7.8.3 Defining the Rules and Aggregation Process

Rules are the heart of the Expert Decision System. They play an important role in the decision-making logic. They also provide a descriptive presentation of the problem output. Rules are based on linguistic statements that can be constructed as a function of human experts. An example of the rules construction is given below.:

- *IF the Average Stimulation Deliverability is LOW with a value of 0.6 & the Year Frac Ratio is HIGH with a value of 0.4 & the Post Stimulation Deliverability is Average with a value of 0.8 then the well is likely a candidate by value of 0.4*

In the same way, the **Or** operator takes the "control" of the process when more than one rule provide the same linguistic output but with different fuzzified value.

Lets consider the next example: assuming that three rules are fired, and they all provide the same linguistic output "likely candidate" but with different fuzzified value {0.4, 0.6, 0.2} then the rule is likely candidate with fuzzified value of 0.6 degree.

The outputs of this step consist of two parts, symbolic part and numerical part. Also they form fuzzy subset output.

7.8.4 Degree of Confidence

The process of converting the fuzzy output to a crisp value is known as Defuzzification process. The crisp resulting from the de-fuzzification process is called the degree of confidence.

The fuzzy output is converted to a crisp value using the average weight method. For example for three fuzzy outputs of 0.25 candidate, 0.7 likely candidate and 0.157 not candidate the degree of confidence is 53%.

Fuzzy system, provide a rich and meaningful addition to standard logic. The application generated using Fuzzy Expert System helps in mimic the human reasoning. Since we are using Fuzzy Expert System the accuracy of a solution we reach depends on our confidence on the system of rules that was established.

8. Conclusion

The study shows that virtual intelligence can be used successfully and efficiently to select candidate wells for refracturing in a Gas Storage Field. An application tool based on virtual intelligence technique was successfully developed. The Tool developed can now help engineers not only to identify well need to be fraced, but also in designing frac design in less time and resources. The integrated virtual intelligence technique includes four components, Databases component, artificial neural network component, genetic algorithm, fuzzy decision support component.

The Databases provides a detail look at the available data. This database will assist engineers to structure the available data in a way that is easy to be update. The database provides the needed data and work as storage facility for the other three components of the application.

An artificial neural network component that provides a neural model of the simulation process and the formation respond in the Clinton sand.

A genetic algorithm that use the neural model, the second component, as a fitness function to identify the best frac design that result in highest possible post-frac deliverability.

Finally, a fuzzy decision support component that combine the data driven portion of the analysis, the second and the third component, and integrated with the engineering expertise and knowledge related to the Clinton sand to assist engineer in making the final decision in identifying refracturing candidates for each year.

The design of the application is flexible and updateable. New modification on the application front end, interface, code, or backend, can be easily modified. All neural networks can be retrained and replaced in the application.

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APPENDIX –Visual Basic Code

Splash Form

Option Explicit

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
```

```
    Me.Left = (Screen.Width - Width) / 2
```

```
    Me.Top = (Screen.Height - Height) / 2
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub SSPanel1_Click(Index As Integer)
```

```
    If Index = 0 Then
```

```
        FrmEog_Frac_info.Show
```

```
    ElseIf Index = 1 Then
```

```
        frmNeural_GA.Show
```

```
    ElseIf Index = 2 Then
```

```
        frmFuzzy.Show
```

```
    End If
```

```
    Me.Hide
```

```
End Sub
```

Start Module

```
Global Inputs%, Outputs%           ' the number of inputs and outputs of the  
network
```

```
    Global Netnumber%               ' the number assigned to this net
```

```
    Global Netisopen%              ' makes sure nets are only opened once
```

```
    Global Frac_ID()               As String
```

```
    Public DatReturen              As DataType
```

```
    Public DataFor                 As DataUse
```

```
    Public Getting_Datafor         As GettingDatafor
```

```
    Public Data_Existance         As DataExistance
```

```
    Public GA_Type                 As GAType
```

```
    Public Chromosome_SelectionType As Chromosome_Selection
```

```
    Public Cross_OverType         As CrossOverType
```

```
    Public SubSet_Type            As SubSetType
```

```
    Public Diffazification_Type   As DiffazificationType
```

```
    ' Function prototypes for the NSHELL2.DLL
```

```
    Declare Function OpenNet% Lib "Ns2-32.dll" (ByVal Path$, Netnumber%, Inputs%,  
Outputs%)
```

```

Declare Function FireNet% Lib "Ns2-32.dll" (Netnumber%, Inputs_array#,
Outputs_array#)
Declare Function CloseNet% Lib "Ns2-32.dll" (Netnumber%)

```

```

Sub Main()
    frmSplash.Show
    frmSplash.Refresh
End Sub

```

Well & Frac Information Form

```

Option Explicit
'References ADO 2.5
'ADO Objects Used
Private sConnection      As ADODB.Connection
Private sRecordset      As ADODB.Recordset
Private sCommand        As ADODB.Command
Private sParameter      As ADODB.Parameter
Private strSQL          As String
Dim myData()           As Variant
Private AddNewFlag      As Boolean

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Form_Load()

```

```

    'Form location
    Me.Left = (Screen.Width - Me.Width) / 2
    Me.Top = (Screen.Height - Me.Height) / 2
    'Start Tab
    Me.SSTab_FracDesign.Tab = 0
    Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4560
    Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = False
    Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 4000

```

```

    'Opening the database
    Call Open_Database

```

```

    With ADO_Well_Info
        'stating that the form was just open
        AddNewFlag = True
        'Sorting data from database
        .Recordset.Sort = "WELL_NO ASC"
    End With

```

```

AddNewFlag = False

Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Open_Database()

'Setting up the connection String to the MDB File
Set sConnection = New ADODB.Connection
'Open the connection to the DB
With sConnection
    'Telling ADO to use Jolt
    .Provider = "Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0"
    .ConnectionString = App.Path & "\EOGDB.mdb"
    .CursorLocation = adUseClient
    .Open
End With

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Open_RecordSet(mySQL)

'Setting up the Recordset
Set sRecordset = New Recordset

With sRecordset
    .Source = mySQL
    .ActiveConnection = sConnection
    .LockType = adLockOptimistic
    .CursorType = adOpenKeyset
    .Open
End With

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub DG_Well_No_RowColChange(LastRow As Variant, ByVal LastCol As
Integer)

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

Dim i As Integer
'If the form was just open exit this procedure
If AddNewFlag = True Then Exit Sub

```

Call Deliverability

```
'Getting the frac job information
'Preparing SQL string to get frac information
strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE [WELL No]=''" &
txt_Well_No.Text & """"
strSQL = strSQL + " ORDER BY [FRAC No]"

Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)
'Counting the records #
Me.txt_No_of_Frac.Text = sRecordset.RecordCount

'condition if there is no record available
If sRecordset.EOF = True And sRecordset.BOF = True Then
    MsgBox ("There is no Frac Recipe Available For Well " & txt_Well_No.Text)
    'Empty all text box
    For i = Me.txt_Add_Frac.LBound To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
        Me.txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = ""
    Next
    Exit Sub
Else
    'Looping through all the text boxes
    For i = Me.txt_Add_Frac.LBound To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
        'if the value is Null then keep the text box empty
        If IsNull(sRecordset.Fields(i)) Then
            Me.txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = ""
        ElseIf sRecordset.Fields(i) <> "" Then
            txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = sRecordset.Fields(i)
        End If
    Next
End If

Me.cmd_AddFracRecipe.Caption = "Add New Frac Recipe"
Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Deliverability()

    'This Code gets all deliverability data store them inside grid
    ' and then draw the graph
```

```

'Writing the SQL for each well excluding and value = zero
' and ordering them according to the year
strSQL = "SELECT YEAR, Q100 FROM tbl_Q100 WHERE [Well No]=" &
txt_Well_No.Text & " And [Q100] <> 0"
strSQL = strSQL + " ORDER BY [YEAR]"
'Open record set
Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)

'if there was no Deliverability values then alert
If sRecordset.RecordCount = 0 Then
    MsgBox ("There is no Deliverability History For Well " & txt_Well_No.Text)
End If

'Preparing the grid
With Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability
    .ColWidth(0) = 520
    .ColWidth(1) = 530
    'Attaching the record set to the flex grid
    Set Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.DataSource = sRecordset.DataSource
    Me.MSChart1.RowCount = Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Rows
    Me.MSChart1.RowLabelCount = Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Rows
    Me.MSChart1.ColumnCount = Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Cols
    Set Me.MSChart1.DataSource = sRecordset.DataSource

    Call Scaling_MS_Curves

End With

End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Add_Well_Click()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    If Me.cmd_Add_Well.Caption = "Add New Well" Then
        Me.cmd_Add_Well.Caption = "Submit New Well"
        AddNewFlag = True
        With ADO_Well_Info
            .Recordset.AddNew
        End With
        AddNewFlag = False
        Exit Sub
    Else
        Me.cmd_Add_Well.Caption = "Add New Well"
        Exit Sub
    End If
End Sub

```



```

End If

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmdUpdate_Click()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    With ADO_Well_Info
        .Recordset.Update
    End With

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Delete_Well_Click()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE [WELL No]= " &
txt_Well_No.Text & ""
    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)

    If sRecordset.RecordCount > 0 Then
        MsgBox (" This Well have " & sRecordset.RecordCount & " Frac Recipe, Delete
All Frac Recipes First ")
    Else
        With ADO_Well_Info
            .Recordset.Delete
        End With
    End If

Exit Sub

```

```
Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub Scaling_MS_Curves()
```

```
    'Scaling the MS chart
```

```
    With MSChart1.Plot.Axis(VtChAxisIdX)
        .AxisTitle.Text = "Years"
        .AxisScale.Type = VtChScaleTypeLinear
        .AxisGrid.MinorPen.Style = VtPenStyleDashed
        .CategoryScale.Auto = True
    End With
```

```
    With MSChart1.Plot.Axis(VtChAxisIdY)
        .AxisTitle.Text = "Deliverability (MSCF/D)"
        .AxisScale.Type = VtChScaleTypeLinear
        .AxisGrid.MinorPen.Style = VtPenStyleSolid
        .CategoryScale.Auto = True
        .ValueScale.MajorDivision = 15
    End With
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub cmdMove_Click(Index As Integer)
```

```
    Dim i As Integer
    Dim X As Integer
    Dim FracNo As String
    Dim Msg, Style, Title, Help, Ctxt, Response, MyString
```

```
    X = sRecordset.RecordCount
    'Checking if there is no recordset
    If sRecordset.EOF = True And sRecordset.BOF = True Then
        MsgBox ("There is no Frac Recipe Available For Well " & txt_Well_No.Text)
    Else
        With sRecordset
            'Moving to the first record
            If Index = 0 Then
                .MoveFirst
            ElseIf Index = 1 Then
```

```

'Moving Back
If .AbsolutePosition = adPosBOF Then
    .MoveFirst
    GoTo FastExit
Else
    .MovePrevious
End If
ElseIf Index = 2 Then
'Moving to next record
If .AbsolutePosition = adPosEOF Then
    .MoveLast
    GoTo FastExit
Else
    .MoveNext
End If
ElseIf Index = 3 Then
'Moving to the last record
.MoveLast
End If
End With

```

```

If sRecordset.EOF = True Or sRecordset.BOF = True Then
    Msg = "No more Record !! "
    Style = vbCritical
    Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style)
    GoTo FastExit
End If

```

```

For i = Me.txt_Add_Frac.LBound To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
    If IsNull(sRecordset.Fields(i)) Then
        Me.txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = ""
    Else
        txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = sRecordset.Fields(i)
    End If
Next i

```

```

FastExit:
    End If

```

```

End Sub

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

```

Private Sub cmd_addNEw_Deliverability_Click()

```

```

    Dim i                As Integer
    Dim year            As Integer

```

Dim Q100

As Integer

If Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Add New " Then

```
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Submit"  
Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 3100  
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Visible = True  
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Top = 3700  
Me.txt_Add_Year.Visible = True  
Me.txt_Add_Year.Top = 3700  
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4080  
Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = True  
Me.cmd_Cancel.Top = 4560
```

ElseIf Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Submit" Then

```
If Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = "" Or Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = "" Then  
MsgBox ("Data is missing in one or more fields"), vbCritical  
Exit Sub  
End If
```

```
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Add New "  
Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 4000  
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4560  
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Visible = False  
Me.txt_Add_Year.Visible = False  
Q100 = Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text  
year = Me.txt_Add_Year.Text  
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = ""  
Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = ""  
Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = False
```

Call Add_Deliverability_Record(year, Q100)

Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)

ElseIf Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Delete" Then

```
If Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = "" Or Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = "" Then  
MsgBox ("Data is missing in one or more fields"), vbCritical  
Exit Sub  
End If
```

```
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Add New "  
Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 4000  
Call Add_Deliverability_Record(Me.txt_Add_Year.Text, 0)
```

```

Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4560
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Visible = False
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = ""
Me.txt_Add_Year.Visible = False
Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = ""
Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = False
Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)
End If

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability_DbIClick()

```

```

Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Delete"
Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 3100
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Visible = True
Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Top = 3700
Me.txt_Add_Year.Visible = True
Me.txt_Add_Year.Top = 3700
Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4080
Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = True
Me.cmd_Cancel.Top = 4560

```

```

With MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability
    Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = .TextMatrix(.Row, 0)
    Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = .TextMatrix(.Row, 1)
End With

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Add_Deliverability_Record(year, Q100)

```

```

Dim myData(2) As Double
Dim i As Integer

```

```

'If there is a deliverability value needed to be added then
If Q100 <> 0 Then
    'Preparing SQL String
    strSQL = "SELECT [WeLL No], YEAR, Q100 FROM tbl_Q100 WHERE [WeLL
No]='" & txt_Well_No.Text & "' And [Q100] <> 0"
    strSQL = strSQL + " ORDER BY [YEAR]"
    'Open Recordset
    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)

```

```

'Move cursor to the last record in the record set
If sRecordset.EOF <> True Or sRecordset.BOF <> True Then
    sRecordset.MoveLast
End If
'Start adding
sRecordset.AddNew
sRecordset.Fields(0).Value = txt_Well_No.Text
sRecordset.Fields(1).Value = year
sRecordset.Fields(2).Value = Q100
sRecordset.Update
sRecordset.Close

Else
    strSQL = "SELECT [WeLL No], YEAR, Q100 FROM tbl_Q100 WHERE [WeLL
No]='" & txt_Well_No.Text & "'"
    strSQL = strSQL + " And [YEAR] = " & year
    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)
    i = sRecordset.RecordCount
    sRecordset.Delete adAffectCurrent

End If

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Cancel_Click()

```

```

    Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Caption = "Add New "
    Me.MSHFlexGrid_Deliverability.Height = 4000
    Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Visible = False
    Me.txt_Add_Deliverability.Text = ""
    Me.txt_Add_Year.Visible = False
    Me.txt_Add_Year.Text = ""
    Me.cmd_addNEw_Deliverability.Top = 4560
    Me.cmd_Cancel.Visible = False
    Me.cmd_Cancel.Top = 4560

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_AddFracRecipe_Click()

```

```

'Description
    'This code allows user to add new frac Jobe to n existing well
'Algorithm
    'if click on add then

```

```

'disable user to change the frac#
'move the cursor to end of the recordset
'Claculate some entry for the first 4 boxes
'Clean up all text box
Else
'msgbox
'Checking for an empty box
'Reading all the inputs and store them inside an MyData Array
'Sending the array to the add new procedure to be added

'end if
'exit

```

```

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

```

```

Dim i As Integer

```

```

If Me.cmd_AddFracRecipe.Caption = "Add New Frac Recipe" Then
    Me.txt_No_of_Frac.Enabled = False
    If sRecordset.EOF = False Then
        sRecordset.MoveLast
    End If

```

```

'Prepare Data to be entered inside the empty boxes
Me.cmd_AddFracRecipe.Caption = "Submit New Frac Recipe"
txt_Add_Frac(0).Text = Me.txt_Well_No.Text
txt_Add_Frac(3).Text = CInt((CDBl(Date) - CDBl(sRecordset.Fields(1))) / 365)
txt_Add_Frac(1).Text = Date
txt_Add_Frac(2).Text = 1 + txt_No_of_Frac.Text

```

```

For i = 4 To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
    txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = ""
Next i

```

```

ElseIf Me.cmd_AddFracRecipe.Caption = "Submit New Frac Recipe" Then

```

```

Dim Msg, Style, Title, Response, MyString
Msg = "Would You Like to Add New Frac Recipe ? "
Style = vbYesNo ' Define buttons.
Title = "Adding New Frac Recipe"
Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style, Title)

```

```

If Response = vbYes Then

```

```

    ReDim myData(Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound)

```

```

For i = Me.txt_Add_Frac.LBound To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
    If Me.txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = "" Then
        MsgBox ("Data is missing in one or more fields"), vbCritical
        Exit Sub
    End If
    myData(i) = txt_Add_Frac(i).Text
Next i

Call AddFracRecipr(myData, "New")

Me.cmd_AddFracRecipe.Caption = "Add New Frac Recipe"
Me.txt_No_of_Frac.Enabled = True

ElseIf Response = vbNo Then
    Exit Sub
End If
End If

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_UpdateRecipe_Click()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    Dim i As Integer
    ReDim myData(Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound)

    Dim Msg, Style, Title, Response, MyString
    Msg = "Would you like to save you changes ? "
    Style = vbYesNo ' Define buttons.
    Title = "Updating Current Frac Recipe"
    Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style, Title)

    If Response = vbYes Then
        For i = Me.txt_Add_Frac.LBound To Me.txt_Add_Frac.UBound
            If Me.txt_Add_Frac(i).Text = "" Then
                MsgBox ("Data is missing in one or more fields"), vbCritical
            End If
            myData(i) = txt_Add_Frac(i).Text
        Next i
        Call AddFracRecipr(myData, "Update")
    End If

```



```

ElseIf Response = no Then
    Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)
End If

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub AddFracRecipr(myData, Operation)

'Discription
    'this code addnew frac recipe or update one
'Algorithm
    'if new then
        'check the curser place and move to the last record
        'Add new record to the database
        'write a SQL string to update the frac order used for GA
    'else if update
        'Write SQL string to pull out the record needed to be updated
        'updae
        'close
    'end

Dim SaveData                As New cOpen_Database
Dim mySQL                    As String
Dim i                        As Integer

If Operation = "New" Then
    If sRecordset.EOF <> True Or sRecordset.BOF <> True Then
        If sRecordset.EOF = False Then
            sRecordset.MoveLast
        End If
    End If
    sRecordset.AddNew
    For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)
        sRecordset.Fields(i).Value = myData(i)
    Next i
    sRecordset.Update

    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Wells_Frac_Count WHERE [WELL No]= " &
txt_Well_No.Text
    i = Trim(txt_Add_Frac(2).Text)
    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)

```

```

        sRecordset.Update
        sRecordset.Fields(4).Value = i
        sRecordset.MoveLast
        sRecordset.Close

    ElseIf Operation = "Update" Then

        strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE [WELL No]= " &
txt_Well_No.Text & ""
        strSQL = strSQL + " And [FRAC No] = " & Str(Trim(txt_Add_Frac(2).Text))

        Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)
        For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)
            sRecordset.Update sRecordset.Fields(i).Name, myData(i)
        Next i

    End If

    Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)

End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_DeletsFracRecipe_Click()

'Discription
'Deleting a frac job
'algorithm

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

Dim i As Integer
Dim FracNo As String

If txt_Add_Frac(2).Text = "" Then MsgBox "Specify frac recipe you want to delete":
Exit Sub
FracNo = Str(Trim(txt_Add_Frac(2).Text))

Dim Msg, Style, Title, Response, MyString
Msg = "Would you like to Delete this frac recipe ? "
Style = vbYesNo ' Define buttons.
Title = "Delete Current Frac Recipe"
Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style, Title)

If Response = vbYes Then

```

```

    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE [WELL No]= " &
txt_Well_No.Text & ""
    strSQL = strSQL + " And [FRAC No] = " & FracNo

    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)

    i = sRecordset.RecordCount
    If i = 0 Then MsgBox "No record was found": Exit Sub
    sRecordset.Delete adAffectCurrent

    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Wells_Frac_Count WHERE [WELL No]= " &
txt_Well_No.Text
    i = FracNo - 1
    Call Open_RecordSet(strSQL)
    sRecordset.Update
    sRecordset.Fields(4).Value = i
    sRecordset.MoveLast
    sRecordset.Close

    Call DG_Well_No_RowColChange(1, 1)

    ElseIf Response = vbNo Then
        Exit Sub
    End If

    Exit Sub
Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Fuzzy_Click()
    frmFuzzy.Show
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_View_Click()
    frmNeural_GA.Show
End Sub
Private Sub cmdClear_Click()
    Me.txt_Memo.Text = ""
End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmdExit_Click()

    sRecordset.Close

```

```

sConnection.Close
FrmEog_Frac_info.Hide
Unload FrmEog_Frac_info

End

End Sub

Private Sub cmd_Exit_Application_Click()
sRecordset.Close
sConnection.Close
Unload FrmEog_Frac_info
End
End Sub

```

Neural and Genetic Algorithm Form

Option Explicit

```

Dim NeuralNet_Info As New cOpen_Database 'information
about All NNW
Dim WellData As New cInputs 'all Well Data
Dim InputsFieldsTitle As Variant 'Names of the Inputs
Dim InputsFields() As String
Dim Title() As Integer
Dim MyFiledS
Dim myWells() As Integer
Dim ChangeableInputs()
Dim FireNet As New CNet_Fire

```

```

Dim FinalInputData()           As Double
Dim BatchOutput                As Double
.....
Dim Minimum()                 As Double
Dim Maximum()                 As Double
Dim MyChromosome               As New GA_Class
Dim Generation_SinceMax       As Integer
Dim NetOutput()               As Double
Dim StopFlag                   As Boolean
Dim X, X1, Y, Y1

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Form_Load()

```

```

    'This Code Saves the content of the table tbl_Neural_Net_Info
    'tbl_Neural_Net_Info contents all information about the neural networks
    'inside NeuralNet_Info
    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

```

```

    Dim i As Integer
    Dim j As Integer

```

```

    'Form location when loaded
    Me.Left = (Screen.Width - Width) / 2
    Me.Top = (Screen.Height - Height) / 2
    Me.SSTab_Optimization.Tab = 0

```

```

    Call optNet_Processing_Click(0)
    Call opt_OptimizationType_Click(0)

```

```

    'open the database
    NeuralNet_Info.OpenDatabase
    'Sending string to the class to open Neural Network table
    NeuralNet_Info.mySQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Neural_Net_Info"
    NeuralNet_Info.MyFlag = True
    'Fields Array of Neural network table
    MyFiledS = Array("Frac #", "Record Exist", "Fraced", "FracID", "def_Files", "Input",

```

```

    -
        "Output", "changeable Input")
    NeuralNet_Info.FieldArray = MyFiledS
    'Open Record Set and store the contents of neural network info table inside DataArray
    array

```

```

DatReturnen = dtdataArray
'Get the record set
NeuralNet_Info.OpenRecordSet
NeuralNet_Info.CloseDatabase

'Filling the combo boxes with frac IDs
For j = cmbo_FracID.LBound To cmbo_FracID.UBound
  With cmbo_FracID(j)
    .Clear
    'This combo for well list
    For i = LBound(NeuralNet_Info.DataArray) To
UBound(NeuralNet_Info.DataArray)
      'Checking if the Neural network is exist for this Frac
      If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 1) = True Then
        If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 2) <> "All Frac" Then
          .AddItem NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 2)
        End If
      End If
    Next i
    .ListIndex = 0
  End With
Next j

'This Variable store all the Inputs Parameters Titels
'Check table tbl_InputsType from the data base
InputsFields = Input_Fields()
'Spicing the items that going to appear in the combo box
Me.txt_InputParameters(0).Visible = False
Me.lbl_InputParameters(0).Visible = False
Me.Cmbo_Inputs.Visible = False
opt_Net_Selection(2).Value = True
Me.txt_StoppingCriteria.Enabled = False
Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
  MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function Input_Fields()

  'This Function open the data base and get all the inputs field titles
  'for all the network and store them inside a variable name InputsFields

  Dim InputFields          As New cOpen_Database

```

```

InputFields.OpenDatabase
InputFields.mySQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_InputsType"
MyFiled = Array("Field_Name", "Type", "First Frac", "Second Frac", "Third Frac", _
               "Fourth Frac", "Fifth Frac", "Sixth Frac", "All Frac")
InputFields.FieldArray = MyFiled
DatReturn = dtdataArray
'Getting all details from the table
InputFields.OpenRecordSet
'Store the content inside Input_Fields variable
Input_Fields = InputFields.DataArray
'store the Fields name of the Input type table
InputFieldsTitle = InputFields.FieldArray

InputFields.CloseDatabase
Set InputFields = Nothing

```

End Function

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_Net_Selection_Click(Index As Integer)

```

```

    'This code fill the txt_FracID with the Frac ID from the data base
    If opt_Net_Selection(0).Value = True Or opt_Net_Selection(2).Value = True Then
        'Checking if the Neural network is exist for this Frac
        If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(0).ListIndex + 1, 1) = True Then
            'Excluding Never and All Frac
            If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(0).ListIndex + 1, 3) <> "All Frac"
Then
                Me.txt_FracID.Text = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(0).ListIndex +
1, 3)
            End If
        Else
            Me.txt_FracID.Text = "All Frac"
        End If

    ElseIf Me.opt_Net_Selection(1).Value = True Then
        Me.txt_FracID.Text = "All Frac"

    End If

```

```

    Me.txt_GAFracID.Text = Me.txt_FracID.Text

```

```

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_Batch_Net_Selection_Click(Index As Integer)

```

```

'This code fill the txt_Batch_FracID with the Frac ID from the data base
If opt_Batch_Net_Selection(0).Value = True Or opt_Batch_Net_Selection(2).Value =
True Then
    'Checking if the Neural network is exist for this Frac
    If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(1).ListIndex + 1, 1) = True Then
        'Excluding Never and All Frac
        If NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(1).ListIndex + 1, 3) <> "All Frac"
Then
            Me.txt_Batch_FracID.Text =
NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(cmbo_FracID(1).ListIndex + 1, 3)
            End If
        Else
            Me.txt_Batch_FracID.Text = "All Frac"
        End If
        Me.opt_Net_Selection(0).Value = True
    ElseIf opt_Batch_Net_Selection(1).Value = True Then
        Me.txt_Batch_FracID.Text = "All Frac"
        Me.opt_Net_Selection(1).Value = True
    End If

```

End Sub

```
Private Sub opt_StoppingCriteria_Click(Index As Integer)
```

```

    If opt_StoppingCriteria(0).Value = True Then
        Me.txt_StoppingCriteria.Enabled = False
        Me.txt_StoppingCriteria.Text = 15
    ElseIf opt_StoppingCriteria(1).Value = True Then
        Me.txt_StoppingCriteria.Enabled = True
        Me.txt_StoppingCriteria.Text = ""
    End If

```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub optNet_Processing_Click(Index As Integer)
```

```

'This code hides and show some controles
'According to net type selection

```

```
Dim i As Integer
```

```

'Form Controls Condition
If Me.optNet_Processing(0).Value = True Then
    'if single firing then hide the grid and bring the text boxes

```



```

Me.framMsflxgrid.Visible = False
Me.Frame_InputsParameters.Visible = True
Me.Lst_Wells(0).Enabled = True
Me.cmd_Rank.Visible = False
Getting_Datafor = SingleOptimization

```

```

If (txt_InputParameters.UBound) <> 0 Then
    'Clear all inputs from the text boxes
    For i = 0 To txt_InputParameters.UBound
        txt_InputParameters(i).Text = ""
    Next i
End If

```

```

ElseIf Me.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then
    'if Batch process was selected then show the flex grid
    Me.framMsflxgrid.Visible = True
    Me.Frame_InputsParameters.Visible = False
    Me.Lst_Wells(0).Enabled = False
    Me.cmd_Rank.Visible = True
    Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization

```

```

With MSFlex_FiredQ
    .Clear
    .TextMatrix(0, 0) = "Well No"
    .TextMatrix(0, 1) = "Pre_Stim"
    .ColWidth(2) = 1000
    .TextMatrix(0, 2) = "Deliverability"
End With
End If

```

```

Call FirstTab_TxtBoxes

```

```

End Sub

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmbo_FracID_Click(Index As Integer)

```

```

    'This code fill the list box with all wells that have been fraced
    'with same number that was selected from the combo box

```

```

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

```

```

Dim Well                As Variant
Dim i                   As Integer

```

```

If Index = 0 Then
    opt_Net_Selection_Click (0)
    Call FirstTab_TxtBoxes
ElseIf Index = 1 Then
    opt_Batch_Net_Selection_Click (0)
    txt_GAFracID.Text = txt_Batch_FracID.Text
    Me.lst_Selected_BatchWell.Clear
End If

'Filling the List with Wells
With Lst_Wells(Index)
    .Clear
    Well = Wells(Index)
    ReDim myWells(UBound(Well)) As Integer

    If UBound(Well) = 0 Then
        MsgBox ("There is no wells existed for this frac")
        Exit Sub
    Else
        For i = LBound(Well) To UBound(Well)
            .AddItem Well(i, 0)
            'This array stores the wells for later use in Batch processing
            myWells(i) = Well(i, 0)
        Next i
        .ListIndex = 0
        lbl_Counter.Caption = .ListCount & " Wells"
    End If

End With
'Write some information
Frame_InputsParameters.Caption = (LTrim(Me.txt_FracID.Text)) & " Input
Parameters"
lbl_Count(0).Caption = Lst_Wells(1).ListCount & " Wells"
lbl_Count(1).Caption = lst_Selected_BatchWell.ListCount & " Wells"

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function Wells(Index)

    Dim WellList                As New cOpen_Database

```

```

'Store SQL and Field Array in the property of the open Data Class
'then open the database and return only data array contains wells
WellList.mySQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Wells_Frac_Count WHERE [Frac No]= "
& cmbo_FracID(Index).ListIndex
WellList.FieldArray = Array("Well No")
DatReturnen = dtdataArray
WellList.OpenDatabase
WellList.OpenRecordSet
WellList.CloseDatabase
Wells = WellList.DataArray
Set WellList = Nothing

```

End Function

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub Lst_Wells_DblClick(Index As Integer)
```

```

'The following Sub select the well needed to be tested for frac
'it brings the data from last frac job as the default input parameters
'for the next frac
On Error GoTo Proc_Err

```

```
Dim i As Integer
```

```
Data_Existance = Yes
```

```
DataFor = ViewData
```

```
Select Case Index
```

```
Case 0
```

```
Call FirstTab_TxtBoxes
```

```
'Getting all the data for the specific well
```

```
Call Well_Data(CInt(Me.Lst_Wells(0).Text), False)
```

```
If Data_Existance = no Then Exit Sub
```

```
Call InputFrameDesign
```

```
Case 1
```

```
Call SSPan_Move_Click(0)
```

```
End Select
```

```
Exit Sub
```

```
Proc_Err:
```

```
MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Function Well_Data(Well As Integer, optimization As Boolean)
```

```

Dim FracOrder                As Integer

'Getting all well fixed information store them inside cInput Class
WellData.Well_No = Well

If Me.opt_OptimizationType(0).Value = True Then
    cmbo_FracID(1).ListIndex = cmbo_FracID(0).ListIndex
End If
FracOrder = LTrim(CInt(Me.cmbo_FracID(1).ListIndex + 1))
WellData.FracNo = FracOrder

'Call the class Function
WellData.GetWellData Well, FracOrder, optimization

    If Data_Existance = no Then
        Set WellData = Nothing
        Exit Function
    End If

If optimization = False Then
    'Write into
    txt_WellNo(0).Text = Lst_Wells(0).Text
    txt_WellNo(1).Text = Lst_Wells(0).Text

    Me.txt_Pre_StimulationDeliverability.Text = WellData.Q100_Before_This_Frac
    Me.lbl_No_Months_Since_ThisQ.Caption =
Format(WellData.No_of_Months_Before_Frac, "##,##0") & " Months"
    Me.lbl_YearsBefore.Caption = WellData.YearsBefore_This_Frac & " Years"
End If

Me.txt_GA_Pre_Stimulation.Text = WellData.Q100_Before_This_Frac

End Function
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub FirstTab_TxtBoxes()

'Clearing all text boxes
txt_WellNo(0).Text = ""
Me.txt_Pre_StimulationDeliverability.Text = ""
Me.lbl_No_Months_Since_ThisQ.Caption = ""
Me.lbl_YearsBefore.Caption = ""
Me.txt_Post_StimulationDeliverability.Text = ""
Me.txt_Deliverability_Increase.Text = ""

End Sub

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Function Get_FieldsName(InputsNumber)
```

'This Sub gets all the input parameters Titles names and store them inside Title array
'variable and also stores the paramteres inside ChangeableInputs array
'then is loads them in the lable and text controles in the form
'Remember that all the input paramteres fields name are stored in "tbl_InputsType" in
the DB

```
Dim i As Integer  
Dim k As Integer  
Dim iRow As Integer  
Dim myData  
ReDim Title(InputsNumber)  
ReDim ChangeableInputs(InputsNumber)
```

```
myData = WellData.Well_Input_Data
```

```
k = 0
```

```
"navigate throught the table column titels
```

```
For i = 2 To UBound(InputsFieldsTitle)
```

```
    'Cheking which frac we are looking for
```

```
    'remember that InputsFieldsTitle() are data from the database
```

```
    If Me.txt_FracID.Text = InputsFieldsTitle(i) Then
```

```
        'Navigate through the inputs type to see which is fixed and
```

```
        'which is a variable
```

```
        For iRow = LBound(InputsFields) To UBound(InputsFields)
```

```
            'if the input is a varibale we check if its used in this frac
```

```
            If InputsFields(iRow, 1) = "Variable" Then
```

```
                If InputsFields(iRow, i) = True Then
```

```
                    Title(k) = InputsFields(iRow, 0)
```

```
                    ChangeableInputs(k) = myData(iRow)
```

```
                    k = k + 1
```

```
                End If
```

```
            End If
```

```
        Next iRow
```

```
    End If
```

```
Next i
```

```
End Function
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub InputFrameDesign()
```

```

Dim i                      As Integer
Dim InputsNumber          As Integer
Dim myTop                 As Integer

```

'These few lines are needed to determine the number of text boxes and ' labels needed in designing the input form '

```

For i = 1 To UBound(NeuralNet_Info.DataArray)
    If Me.txt_FracID.Text = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 3) Then
        InputsNumber = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 7)
    End If
Next i

```

```

Call Get_FieldsName(InputsNumber)

```

```

For i = txt_InputParameters.LBound To txt_InputParameters.UBound
    txt_InputParameters(i).Text = "": lbl_InputParameters(i).Caption = ""
Next i

```

```

If (txt_InputParameters.UBound) <> 0 Then
    For i = 1 To txt_InputParameters.UBound
        Unload txt_InputParameters(i)
        Unload lbl_InputParameters(i)
    Next i
End If

```

```

Me.Frame_InputsParameters.Height = ((txt_InputParameters(0).Top) * InputsNumber)
+ (55 * InputsNumber * 1.5) + 60

```

```

If (txt_InputParameters.UBound) = 0 Then
    txt_InputParameters(0).Visible = True
    txt_InputParameters(0).Text = ChangeableInputs(0)
    lbl_InputParameters(0).Visible = True
    lbl_InputParameters(0).Caption = Title(0)

```

```

For i = 1 To InputsNumber
    Load txt_InputParameters(i)
    myTop = txt_InputParameters(i - 1).Top + txt_InputParameters(i).Height + 60
    txt_InputParameters(i).Top = myTop
    txt_InputParameters(i).Visible = True
    txt_InputParameters(i).Text = ChangeableInputs(i)
    Load lbl_InputParameters(i)
    lbl_InputParameters(i).Top = myTop
    lbl_InputParameters(i).Visible = True
    lbl_InputParameters(i).Caption = Title(i)
Next i
End If

```

```

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_NetFire_Click()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    Dim i As Integer

    SSPanel2.Visible = True

    For i = Me.txt_InputParameters.LBound To Me.txt_InputParameters.UBound
        If Me.txt_InputParameters(i).Text = "" Then
            MsgBox (" Missing Parameters !"), vbCritical
            Exit Sub
        End If
    Next i

    'Network Processing, Single
    If Me.optNet_Processing(0).Value = True Then
        If txt_WellNo(0).Text = "" Then
            MsgBox (" Select a well !"), vbCritical
            Exit Sub
        End If
        'Go to single Firing function
        Call SingleFiring_NetSelection

    ElseIf Me.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then
        'Network Processing Batch
        Call BatchFiring
    End If

    SSPanel2.Visible = False

    Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

    SSPanel2.Visible = False

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub SingleFiring_NetSelection()

```

'This Code determine the wich net type to be fired
'accordingly it goes and select the network for the
'selection then get the data and fire the network

```
Dim i                As Integer
Dim Output           As Double
Dim Output1          As Double
Dim Pre_Stimulation As Double
Dim Average_Output   As Double
```

```
Pre_Stimulation = Me.txt_Pre_StimulationDeliverability
```

'Net type Selection if its speicalized or General

```
If opt_Net_Selection(0).Value = True Or opt_Net_Selection(1).Value = True Then
    'go to SingleFiring sending the frac ID to the function
    Call SingleFiring(LTrim(Me.txt_FracID.Text))
    Output = (FireNet.Net_OutPut - Pre_Stimulation)
    If Output < 0 Then Output = 0
```

```
ElseIf opt_Net_Selection(2).Value = True Then
```

```
    For i = 1 To 2
```

```
        If i = 1 Then
```

```
            Call SingleFiring(LTrim(Me.txt_FracID.Text))
```

```
            Output = (FireNet.Net_OutPut - Pre_Stimulation)
```

```
            If Output < 0 Then Output = 0
```

```
        Else
```

```
            Call SingleFiring("All Frac")
```

```
            Output1 = (FireNet.Net_OutPut - Pre_Stimulation)
```

```
            If Output1 < 0 Then Output1 = 0
```

```
        End If
```

```
    Next i
```

```
    Average_Output = (Output + Output1) / 2
```

```
    Output = Average_Output
```

```
End If
```

```
If Me.optNet_Processing(0).Value = True Then
```

```
    txt_Post_StimulationDeliverability.Text = Format(Output, "#####0.00")
```



```

        txt_Deliverability_Increase.Text =
Format(txt_Post_StimulationDeliverability.Text - Me.txt_Pre_StimulationDeliverability,
"#####0.00")
    If txt_Deliverability_Increase.Text < 0 Then txt_Deliverability_Increase.Text =
0#

```

```

ElseIf Me.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then
    BatchOutput = Output
End If

```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub BatchFiring()
```

```

    Dim j                As Integer
    Dim i                As Integer
    Dim MyWell          As Integer
    Dim BatchWells_Data As New cOpen_Database

```

```

Me.MSFlex_FiredQ.Visible = True
Me.Frame_InputsParameters.Visible = False
Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization

```

```
With MSFlex_FiredQ
```

```

    .Clear
    .Rows = Me.Lst_Wells(0).ListCount + 3
    .ColWidth(0) = 820
    .TextMatrix(0, 0) = "Well No"
    .ColWidth(1) = 820
    .TextMatrix(0, 1) = "Pre_Stim"
    .ColWidth(2) = 1000
    .TextMatrix(0, 2) = "PFD"

```

```
For i = 0 To Me.Lst_Wells(0).ListCount - 1
```

```

    DoEvents
    'Scrolling through the list box to select Wells

```

```

    Lst_Wells(0).ListIndex = i
    Lst_Wells_DblClick (0)
    .TextMatrix(i + 1, 0) = Lst_Wells(0).Text
    .TextMatrix(i + 1, 1) = WellData.Q100_Before_This_Frac

```

```

    If Data_Existance = no Then
        MSFlex_FiredQ.TextMatrix(i + 1, 2) = "Missing Data"
    Else

```

```

        'selecting and Firing the net
        SingleFiring_NetSelection

        If (BatchOutput - WellData.Q100_Before_This_Frac) > 0 Then
            .TextMatrix(i + 1, 2) = Format(BatchOutput, "#####0.0")
        Else
            .TextMatrix(i + 1, 2) = 0
        End If

    End If

    SSPanel2.FloodPercent = (i / Lst_Wells(0).ListCount) * 100
Next i
End With

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub SingleFiring(FracID)

    'This code get the input data from the input class
    '

    Dim i                               As Integer
    Dim InputsArray

    'Getting input parameters
    InputsArray = AllInputs(FracID)
    'Selecting the net
    NetSelection (FracID)

    ReDim FinalInputData(FireNet.InputNo) As Double

    For i = LBound(FinalInputData) To UBound(FinalInputData) - 1
        'storing all the data inside final input after
        'switching them to double format
        FinalInputData(i) = Cdbl(InputsArray(i))
    Next

    FireNet.InputArray = FinalInputData()
    FireNet.Fire_The_Net

    Erase InputsArray
    Erase FinalInputData

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

Public Function AllInputs(FracID)

```
'This code gets the original data from the input class
'then switch the data with user inputs data
Dim i As Integer
Dim iRow As Integer
Dim iCol As Integer
Dim nInput As Integer
Dim k As Integer
Dim myData
'Getting the well original data
myData = WellData.Well_Input_Data
k = 0: nInput = 0
'Checking input from input type table from the data base
For i = 2 To UBound(InputsFieldsTitle)
    'Checking the frac ID
    If FracID = InputsFieldsTitle(i) Then
        iCol = i
        'Checking which input is used for this frac
        For iRow = LBound(InputsFields) To UBound(InputsFields)
            'if the input is a varibale we check if its used in this frac
            If InputsFields(iRow, i) = True Then
                nInput = nInput + 1
                If InputsFields(iRow, 1) = "Variable" Then
                    myData(iRow) = Me.txt_InputParameters(k).Text
                    k = k + 1
                End If
            End If
        Next iRow
    End If
Next i
'Getting data after switching all text to numerical
DataFor = FireData
AllInputs = Inputs_array(WellData.Changed_Well_Data(myData), iCol, nInput)
```

End Function

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

Public Function Inputs_array(myData, iCol, nInput)

```
Dim iRow As Integer
ReDim iinputs(nInput)
Dim k As Integer
k = 0
For iRow = LBound(InputsFields) To UBound(InputsFields)
    If InputsFields(iRow, iCol) = True Then
```

```

        iinputs(k) = CDBl(myData(iRow))
        k = k + 1
    End If
Next iRow
Inputs_array = iinputs
Erase iinputs

End Function
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_GA_Click()

    Dim Msg, Style, Title, Response, MyString

    Msg = "Would you like to Delete Previous jobs ?"
    Style = vbYesNo ' Define buttons.
    Title = "Delete Previous jobs "

    If Me.txt_Output(0).Text <> "" Then Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style, Title)

    If Response = vbYes Then
        cdm_DeletAll_Click
    End If

    'Preparing All controls
    Me.SSPanel2.FloodPercent = 0
    Me.SSPanel2.Visible = True
    StopFlag = False
    Set WellData = Nothing
    .....,
    Setup_Pic_To_Draw

    'Finding all Minimum and maximum values
    Call nParameters_Min_Max(Trim(Me.txt_GAFracID.Text))
    .....,

    'Checking which optimization is processed
    If opt_OptimizationType(0).Value = True Then

        Getting_Datafor = SingleOptimization
        Call StartSingleProcessing

    ElseIf opt_OptimizationType(1).Value = True Then

        Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization
        Call StartBatch

```

End If

Me.SSPanel2.Visible = False

End Sub

'@@

Public Sub nParameters_Min_Max(FracID)

'This code open a dat base and get all the min max information for
'the input parameteres and store them inside GA class properties

Dim j As Integer

Dim ParameteMinMax As New cOpen_Database

Dim myData

ParameteMinMax.OpenDatabase

'Go to the Database and get the min max table this table conatainse all min max
information

ParameteMinMax.mySQL = " Select * FROM tbl_Min_Max WHERE FracID = " &
FracID & ""

Select Case FracID

Case "First Frac"

'Input for first frac

ParameteMinMax.FieldArray = Array("Frac Fluid", "Fluid Volume", "N2 Rate",
"N2 Volume SCF", "Sand Volume", _
"Sand Concentration", "Sand Mesh", "Acid Volume", "Average Rate",
"Service Company")

Case "Second Frac"

'Input for second frac

ParameteMinMax.FieldArray = Array("Frac Fluid", "Fluid Volume", "N2 Rate",
"N2 Volume SCF", "Sand Volume", _
"Sand Concentration", "Sand Mesh", "Acid Volume", "Average Rate",
"Service Company")

Case "Third Frac"

'Input for third frac

ParameteMinMax.FieldArray = Array("Frac Fluid", "Fluid Volume", "N2 Rate",
"N2 Volume SCF", "Sand Volume", _
"Sand Concentration", "Sand Mesh", "Acid Volume", "Average Rate",
"Service Company")

Case "Fourth Frac"

Case "Fifth Frac"

Case "All Frac"

ParameteMinMax.FieldArray = Array("Frac Fluid", "Fluid Volume", "N2 Rate",
"N2 Volume SCF", "Sand Volume", _

```

        "Sand Concentration", "Sand Mesh", "Acid Volume", "Average Rate",
"Service Company")
    End Select

```

```

DatReturn = dtdataArray
ParameteMinMax.OpenRecordSet
myData = ParameteMinMax.DataArray
ParameteMinMax.CloseDatabase
'Establish 2 arrayes
ReDim Minimum(UBound(myData, 2))
ReDim Maximum(UBound(myData, 2))

```

```

For j = LBound(myData, 2) To UBound(myData, 2)
    Minimum(j) = myData(LBound(myData), j)
    Maximum(j) = myData(UBound(myData), j)
Next j

```

```

MyChromosome.MinimumInputs_Array = Minimum
MyChromosome.MaximumInputs_Array = Maximum

```

```

End Sub

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub StartSingleProcessing()

```

```

    Dim i As Integer

```

```

    'Checking if there is a selected well
    If (Me.txt_WellNo(1).Text) = "" Then
        MsgBox (" Select a well !"), vbCritical
        Exit Sub
    End If

```

```

    txt_maximumOutput.Text = ""
    txt_Generation.Text = ""
    txt_GenerationSinceMax.Text = ""

```

```

    framResults.Visible = True
    'Getting all well fixed information
    Call Well_Data(Me.txt_WellNo(1).Text, True)
    If Data_Existance = no Then Exit Sub

```

```

    Call SelectedOptions

```

```

    SaveFinal_Solution MyChromosome.Best_Chromosome,
LTrim(Me.txt_GAFracID.Text)

```

```
If Me.opt_OptimizationType(0).Value = True Then Me.SSTab_Optimization.Tab = 2
```

```
Set WellData = Nothing
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub StartBatch()
```

```
Dim i As Integer
```

```
With lst_Selected_BatchWell
```

```
For i = 0 To .ListCount - 1
```

```
SSPanel2.FloodPercent = 0
```

```
fram_BatchProcceing.Visible = True
```

```
.ListIndex = i
```

```
Me.txt_WellNo(1).Text = .Text
```

```
Call StartSingleProcessing
```

```
Next
```

```
Me.SSTab_Optimization.Tab = 2
```

```
End With
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub SelectedOptions()
```

```
'Chromosome Selection type option
```

```
If Opt_Chromosome_Selection(0).Value = True Then
```

```
Chromosome_SelectionType = Classical_Selection
```

```
ElseIf Opt_Chromosome_Selection(1).Value = True Then
```

```
Chromosome_SelectionType = CVOR_Selection
```

```
End If
```

```
.....
```

```
'Cross Over Selection
```

```
If opt_CrossOver(0).Value = True Then
```

```
Cross_OverType = Classic_CrossOver
```

```
ElseIf opt_CrossOver(1).Value = True Then
```

```
Cross_OverType = Double_CrossOver
```

```
ElseIf opt_CrossOver(2).Value = True Then
```

Cross_OverType = Uniform_CrossOver

End If

.....

'Gene coding selection

If opt_Gene_Coding(0).Value = True Then

GA_Type = Digital_GA

Call Digital_Process

ElseIf opt_Gene_Coding(1).Value = True Then

GA_Type = Analog_GA

Call Analog_Process

End If

End Sub

'@@

Public Sub GA_NetSelection()

'Select which Net to fire

If Me.opt_Batch_Net_Selection(0).Value = True Or

Me.opt_Batch_Net_Selection(1).Value = True Then

NetSelection (LTrim(Me.txt_GAFracID.Text))

ElseIf Me.opt_Batch_Net_Selection(2).Value = True Then

NetSelection (LTrim(Me.txt_GAFracID.Text))

End If

End Sub

'@@

Public Sub Digital_Process()

Dim Generation As Integer

Dim TotalGeneration As Integer

'Finding the chromosome length

MyChromosome.Obtaine_ChromosomeLength

'Initializing Population

MyChromosome.Initialize_Population

TotalGeneration = Trim(Val(frmAdvance.txt_Generation.Text))

Generation_SinceMax = 0


```

StopFlag = False

'Start Generations loop
For Generation = 0 To TotalGeneration - 1

    If StopFlag = True Then Exit Sub

    DoEvents
    'Start decoding the population by sending the population and population size and
    'Chromosome_Parameters_Borders to the Decode_Population
    MyChromosome.Decode_Population MyChromosome.MyPopulation,
    MyChromosome.Chromosome_Parameters_Borders, _
        MyChromosome.PopulationSize

    Call GA_NetFiring(MyChromosome.PopulationSize,
    MyChromosome.Decoded_Population)

    txt_Generation.Text = Val(Generation + 1)
    Generation_SinceMax = Generation_SinceMax + 1
    txt_GenerationSinceMax.Text = Generation_SinceMax
    If txt_GenerationSinceMax.Text = MyChromosome.Stopping_Criteria Then Exit
Sub
    .....
    MyChromosome.Chromosome_Output = NetOutput
    MyChromosome.Select_Best_Chromosome (MyChromosome.MyPopulation)
    MyChromosome.CrossOver (MyChromosome.Selected_Chromosome)
    MyChromosome.Mutate_Chromosome (MyChromosome.CrossOver_Chromosome)
    MyChromosome.MyPopulation = MyChromosome.Mutated_Chromosome
    .....

    Call Draw(Generation + 1, MyChromosome.TotalFitness)
    SSPanel2.FloodPercent = ((Generation) / TotalGeneration) * 100
    .....

    Next Generation

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Analog_Process()

    Dim Generation                As Integer
    Dim TotalGeneration            As Integer

    GA_Type = Analog_GA
    'Sending the minimum and maximum input borders
    MyChromosome.Analog_Initialize_Population _
        MyChromosome.MinimumInputs_Array,
    MyChromosome.MaximumInputs_Array

```

```

TotalGeneration = LTrim(Val(frmAdvance.txt_Generation.Text))

For Generation = 0 To TotalGeneration - 1

    If StopFlag = True Then Exit Sub

    DoEvents
    'Since the Chromosome population in this case is already decoded
    MyChromosome.Decoded_Population = MyChromosome.MyPopulation

    Call GA_NetFiring(MyChromosome.PopulationSize,
MyChromosome.Decoded_Population)

    txt_Generation.Text = Val(Generation + 1)
    Generation_SinceMax = Generation_SinceMax + 1
    txt_GenerationSinceMax.Text = Generation_SinceMax
    If txt_GenerationSinceMax.Text = MyChromosome.Stopping_Criteria Then Exit
Sub
    .....

    MyChromosome.Chromosome_Output = NetOutput()
    MyChromosome.Select_Best_Chromosome (MyChromosome.Decoded_Population)
    MyChromosome.CrossOver (MyChromosome.Selected_Chromosome)
    MyChromosome.Mutate_Chromosome (MyChromosome.CrossOver_Chromosome)
    MyChromosome.MyPopulation = MyChromosome.Mutated_Chromosome

    .....

    Call Draw(Generation + 1, MyChromosome.TotalFitness)
    SSPanel2.FloodPercent = ((Generation + 1) / TotalGeneration) * 100
    .....

    Next Generation

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub GA_NetFiring(PopulationSize, DecodedPopulation)

    Dim i As Integer, j As Integer, sRow      As Integer
    Dim FracID                               As String
    Dim DeltaOutput                           As Double
    Dim maximumOutput                         As Double
    Dim FinalInputData
    ReDim NetOutput(UBound(DecodedPopulation)) As Double
    ReDim Best_Cromosome(0, UBound(DecodedPopulation, 2)) As Integer

    FracID = Trim(Me.txt_GAFracID.Text)
    'Select which Net to fire
    maximumOutput = 0

```

```

'sending the Decoded parameters to the input class
WellData.Well_GA_Input_Data = DecodedPopulation

For sRow = 0 To PopulationSize - 1
    'Storing decoded parameters in the class
    DataFor = FireData
    WellData.GA_Input_Selection FracID, sRow

    'Select only data for the specific frac
    For i = 2 To UBound(InputsFieldsTitle)
        'Checking the frac ID
        If FracID = InputsFieldsTitle(i) Then
            GA_NetSelection
            FinalInputData = Inputs_array(WellData.Well_Input_Data, i,
FireNet.InputNo)
        End If
    Next
    .....
```

```

    ReDim InputsArray(UBound(FinalInputData)) As Double
    For i = LBound(FinalInputData) To UBound(FinalInputData) - 1
        InputsArray(i) = CDbI(FinalInputData(i))
    Next i

    FireNet.InputArray = InputsArray()
    FireNet.Fire_The_Net
    NetOutput(sRow) = FireNet.Net_OutPut
    DeltaOutput = NetOutput(sRow) - WellData.Q100_Before_This_Frac
    Me.txt_GA_Pre_Stimulation
    .....
```

```

    'Selecting the max in each generation
    If NetOutput(sRow) > maximumOutput Then
        Call BestChromosome(InputsArray, DeltaOutput)
    End If
Next sRow

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function BestChromosome(myData, maximumOutput)

    'Compearing the max from each generation to the previous generation max
    If maximumOutput > Val(Me.txt_maximumOutput.Text) Then

        Me.txt_maximumOutput = Format((maximumOutput), "####0.00")

        Generation_SinceMax = 0

```

```

    MyChromosome.Best_Chromosome = myData
    MyChromosome.Best_Net_Output = maximumOutput
End If

```

```
End Function
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub SaveFinal_Solution(myData, FracID)
```

```
    Dim DataInput                As New cOpen_Database
```

```
    ReDim InPutData(UBound(InputsFields) + 1) As Variant
```

```
    Dim i, k, iRow, iCol          As Integer
```

```
    Dim mySQL                     As String
```

```
    For i = 2 To UBound(InputsFieldsTitle)
```

```
        'Checking the frac ID
```

```
        If FracID = InputsFieldsTitle(i) Then
```

```
            k = 0
```

```
            For iRow = LBound(InPutData) To UBound(InPutData) - 1
```

```
                If InputsFields(iRow, 0) = "Frac No" Then InPutData(iRow) =
WellData.FracNo
```

```
                If InputsFields(iRow, i) = True Then
```

```
                    InPutData(iRow) = CDBl(myData(k))
```

```
                    k = k + 1
```

```
                ElseIf InputsFields(iRow, i) <> True And InputsFields(iRow, 0) <> "Frac No"
```

```
Then
```

```
                    InPutData(iRow) = 0
```

```
                End If
```

```
            Next iRow
```

```
        End If
```

```
    Next i
```

```
WellData.FinalInputData (InPutData)
```

```
DataFor = ViewData
```

```
WellData.Well_Data
```

```
InPutData = WellData.Well_Input_Data
```

```
ReDim Preserve InPutData(UBound(InputsFields) + 1) As Variant
```

```
InPutData(UBound(InPutData)) = MyChromosome.Best_Net_Output
```

```
mySQL = "select * from tbl_FracRecipe_Output"
```

```

DataInput.InputRecords = InPutData()
DataInput.InPutData DataInput.InputRecords, mySQL, "GA"

Cmd_Refresh_Click

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_OptimizationType_Click(Index As Integer)

If Me.opt_OptimizationType(0).Value = True Then
    fram_BatchProcceing.Visible = False
    Me.framResults.Visible = True
ElseIf Me.opt_OptimizationType(1).Value = True Then
    fram_BatchProcceing.Visible = True
    Me.framResults.Visible = False
    Me.txt_WellNo(1).Text = ""
    Me.txt_GA_Pre_Stimulation.Text = ""

End If

End Sub

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub NetSelection(MyNet As String)

Dim i                As Integer
Dim InputsNumber    As Integer
'Looking for the Frac ID in the array same like the one selected
'in the combo box
For i = 1 To UBound(NeuralNet_Info.DataArray)
    If MyNet = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 3) Then
        'The associated neural network now assigned to Netname need to be fired
        FireNet.NetName = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 4)
        FireNet.InputNo = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 5)
        FireNet.OutputNo = NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 6)
        InputsNumber = LTrim(NeuralNet_Info.DataArray(i, 7))
    End If
Next i

End Sub

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub lst_Selected_BatchWell_DblClick()
    Call SSPan_Move_Click(2)
End Sub

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub SSPan_Move_Click(Index As Integer)
```

```

    If Index = 0 Then
        'move one item from left to right
        If Lst_Wells(1).ListIndex >= 0 Then
            lst_Selected_BatchWell.AddItem Lst_Wells(1).Text
            Lst_Wells(1).RemoveItem Lst_Wells(1).ListIndex
        End If
    ElseIf Index = 1 Then
        'move All item from left to right
        Do While Lst_Wells(1).ListCount
            lst_Selected_BatchWell.AddItem Lst_Wells(1).List(0)
            Lst_Wells(1).RemoveItem 0
        Loop
    ElseIf Index = 2 Then
        'move one item from right to left
        If lst_Selected_BatchWell.ListIndex >= 0 Then
            Lst_Wells(1).AddItem lst_Selected_BatchWell.Text
            lst_Selected_BatchWell.RemoveItem lst_Selected_BatchWell.ListIndex
        End If
    ElseIf Index = 3 Then
        'Move All item from right to left
        Do While lst_Selected_BatchWell.ListCount
            Lst_Wells(1).AddItem lst_Selected_BatchWell.List(0)
            lst_Selected_BatchWell.RemoveItem 0
        Loop
    End If

    lbl_Count(0).Caption = Lst_Wells(1).ListCount & " Wells"
    lbl_Count(1).Caption = lst_Selected_BatchWell.ListCount & " Wells"

End Sub
```

```

Private Sub txt_InputParameters_MouseMove(Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift
As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    ' If Me.lbl_InputParameters(Index).Caption = "Frac Fluid" Then
    '     'Me.txt_InputParameters(Index).Visible = False
    '     'With Cmbo_Inputs
    '         '.Top = txt_InputParameters(Index).Top
    '         '.Visible = True
    '         '.AddItem "Water"
    '         '.AddItem "Gel"

```

```

'      '.AddItem "Foam"
'      '.ListIndex = 0
'      'End With
'      'ElseIf Me.lbl_InputParameters(Index).Caption = "Frac Fluid" Then
'
'      'ElseIf Me.lbl_InputParameters(Index).Caption = "Frac Fluid" Then
'
'      'End If
'
'End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
'Private Sub txt_InputParameters_MouseDown(Index As Integer, Button As Integer,
Shift As Integer, _
'           X As Single, Y As Single)
'
'
'End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
'Private Sub txt_InputParameters_MouseUp(Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift
As Integer, _
'           X As Single, Y As Single)
'
'      'If Me.lbl_InputParameters(Index).Caption = "Frac Fluid" Then
'      '    txt_InputParameters(Index).Visible = True
'      '    txt_InputParameters(Index).Text = Me.Cmbo_Inputs.Text
'      'End If
'      '    Cmbo_Inputs.Visible = False
'
'
'End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmdChemStop_Click()
    StopFlag = True
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_ViewData_Click(Index As Integer)
    FrmEog_Frac_info.Show
End Sub
'Private Sub cmdPatchInterrupt_Click()
'    'This code stop the patch processing and by clicking againe
'    'it will restart it
'    Dim BatchFlag          As Boolean
'
'
'    If cmdPatchInterrupt.Caption = "Interrupt" Then
'        cmdPatchInterrupt.Caption = "Continue"
'        BatchFlag = True

```

```

'
'   While BatchFlag = True
'       DoEvents
'       Wend
'
'   ElseIf cmdPatchInterrupt.Caption = "Continue" Then
'
'       cmdPatchInterrupt.Caption = "Interrupt"
'       BatchFlag = False
'
'   End If
'
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub MSFlex_FiredQ_Click()
'once clicking on the cell the well information
'pumps to the user

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmdSort_Click()
'MSFlex_FiredQ.Sort = 1
End Sub

Public Sub Copy_Frac_ID()

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Setup_Pic_To_Draw()

'   Me.MSFG_GA_Results.Visible = False
'   Me.Pic_GA.Visible = True
'   Me.Pic_GA.Cls
'   Me.Pic_GA.Scale (0, 1)-(20, 0)
'   Me.Pic_GA.DrawStyle = 0
'   Me.Pic_GA.DrawWidth = 2

'   X = 0:   Y = 0
'   Call Draw(X, Y)

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Draw(X1, Y1)

'   X1 = X1 / 5
'   Y1 = Y1 / 350000

```


Me.Pic_GA.Line (X, Y)-(X1, Y1), RGB(0, 255, 0)

X = X1

Y = Y1

End Sub

'@@

Private Sub cmd_WellInfo_Click()

 FrmEog_Frac_info.Show

 Me.Hide

End Sub

'@@

Private Sub cmd_Delete_Click()

 On Error GoTo Proc_Err

 With Adodc1

 .Recordset.Delete

 .Recordset.MoveFirst

 End With

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:

 MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub

'@@

Private Sub cmd_DeletAll_Click()

 Dim i As Integer

 MsgBox ("Are you sure that you like to delete all Frac Recipes"), vbYesNo

 With Dgrid_WellNo

 With Adodc1.Recordset

 If .RecordCount > 0 Then

 For i = 0 To .RecordCount - 1

 cmd_Delete_Click

 Next

End If
End With

End With

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Cmd_Refresh_Click()

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

With Adodc1
.Refresh
End With

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Sort_Click()

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

With Adodc1

If Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Deliverabilitiy" Then
.Recordset.Sort = "Q100 DESC"
Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Frac No"

ElseIf Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Frac No" Then
.Recordset.Sort = "[Frac No] ASC"
Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Well No"

ElseIf Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Well No" Then
.Recordset.Sort = "[Well No] ASC"
Me.cmd_Sort.Caption = "Sort by Deliverabilitiy"

End If

End With

Exit Sub

```

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Rank_Click()

    With Me.MSFlex_FiredQ
        .Col = 2
        .Sort = 4
    End With

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmdAdvanced_Click()
    frmAdvance.Show
End Sub
Private Sub cmd_Exit_Click()
    frmNeural_GA.Hide
    Unload frmNeural_GA
End
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Fuzzy_Click()
    frmFuzzy.Show
    Me.Hide
End Sub

```

Fuzzy Expert System Form

Option Explicit

Dim OptionIndex	As Integer
Dim Data	As Variant
Dim Percent	As Double
Dim Domain()	As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
Dim FuzzRules	As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
Dim OutputValues	As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
Dim OutputDomain	As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
Dim UserInput()	As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
Dim Field()	As String
Dim Names()	As String
Dim Output()	As Double

```

Dim FireRule()           As Boolean
Dim User_Input()        As Double
Dim Counter             As Integer
Dim strSQL              As String
Dim myFieldArray
Dim myInput
Dim FuzzyBatchFlag      As Boolean
Dim User_InputFlag()    As Boolean
Dim FireFlag            As Boolean
Dim WellList()          As Double
Dim BatchResults()      As Double
Dim RulesFiredFlag      As Boolean

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
```

```
On Error GoTo Proc_Err
```

```
Dim myData
```

```

ReDim Domain(2) As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
ReDim UserInput(2) As New c_Fuzzy_Logic
ReDim User_InputFlag(2) As Boolean
'Form Location
Me.Left = (Screen.Width - Width) / 2
Me.Top = (Screen.Height - Height) / 2
Me.SSTab1.Tab = 0
Me.SSFuzzyPanal.Visible = False
FireFlag = False

```

```

Call Filling_all_cmbos
'Getting data from database
Data = Get_Data_From_DB()

```

```

opt_Domain_Click (0)
opt_Fuzzy_Type_Click (0)
Opt_Difuzz_Click (0)
MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid.Visible = False
FuzzyBatchFlag = False
Call Output_Domain
Call Rules
RulesFiredFlag = False
cmd_Submit_Click

```

```
Exit Sub
```

```

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmbo_FracID_Click()

    'This code fill the list box with all wells that have been fraced
    'with same number that was selected from the combo box

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    Dim Well                As Variant
    Dim FracNo              As Integer
    Dim i                   As Integer

    Me.txt_FracID.Text = Me.cmbo_FracID.Text

    'Filling the List with Wells
    FracNo = cmbo_FracID.ListIndex + 1
    DatReturn = dtdataArray
    'Select all wells that have been fraced once
    strSQL = "SELECT [Well No] FROM tbl_FracRecipe_Output WHERE [Frac No]= "
& FracNo
    myFieldArray = Array("Well No")

    With lst_Wells
        .Clear
        Well = GetData(strSQL, myFieldArray)

    If Data_Existence = no Then
        If cmbo_FracID.ListIndex = cmbo_FracID.ListCount - 1 Then
            Exit Sub
        End If
        cmbo_FracID.ListIndex = cmbo_FracID.ListIndex + 1
        Exit Sub
    End If

    ReDim myWells(UBound(Well)) As Integer

    If UBound(Well) = 0 Then
        MsgBox ("There is no wells existed for this frac")
        Exit Sub
    Else

```

```

        For i = LBound(Well) To UBound(Well)
            .AddItem Well(i, 0)
        Next i
        .ListIndex = 0
    End If
End With

Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub lst_Wells_Click()

    'The following Sub select the well needed to be tested for frac
    'it brings the data from table

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    Dim FracNo                As Integer
    Dim WellNo                As Integer
    Dim i                    As Integer

    FracNo = cmbo_FracID.ListIndex + 1
    WellNo = Val(lst_Wells.Text)

    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_FracRecipe_Output WHERE [Frac No]= " & FracNo
    strSQL = strSQL + "And [Well No]= " & WellNo
    myFieldArray = Array("Well No", "QAverage", "Years Before This Frac", "Q100")

    myInput = GetData(strSQL, myFieldArray)

    If Data_Existance = no Then Exit Sub

    For i = LBound(myInput, 2) + 1 To UBound(myInput, 2)
        If i = 2 Then
            Me.txt_Input(i - 1).Text = Format(myInput(0, i) / FracNo, "#0.00")
        Else
            Me.txt_Input(i - 1).Text = myInput(0, i)
        End If
    Next i

Exit Sub

```

```
Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Function Get_Data_From_DB()
```

```
'This code gets all the needed data for constructing the
'Fuzzy support system and store them in side an array
```

```
Dim Fieldrange                As New cOpen_Database
Dim myFields
```

```
'Sending string to the class to open Neural Network table
strSQL = "Select * from tbl_Fuzzy"
'Fields Array of Neural network table
myFieldArray = Array("Field Name", "Frac ID", "Minimum", "Maximum")
Get_Data_From_DB = GetData(strSQL, myFieldArray)
```

```
End Function
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Function GetData(mySQL, MyArray)
```

```
Dim myData                    As New cOpen_Database
```

```
'Store SQL and Field Array in the property of the open Data Class
'then open the database and return only data array
```

```
myData.mySQL = mySQL
myData.FieldArray = MyArray
DatReturnen = dtDataArray
myData.OpenDatabase
myData.OpenRecordSet
myData.CCloseDatabse
'Checking for data Existance
```

```
If myData.DataExistance = False Then
    Data_Existance = no
    MsgBox ("There is no Data for " & Me.txt_FracID.Text), vbCritical
    GetData = 0
Else
    Data_Existance = Yes
    GetData = myData.DataArray
End If
```

```

Set myData = Nothing

End Function
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub InitializeAll_Domains()

'This sub initialise all the Fuzzy sets by sending all the needed
'information to the Fuzzy class and

Dim i                               As Integer
Dim Domain_Range                    As Double
Dim FracID                           As Integer

For i = LBound(Domain) To UBound(Domain)
    Call Domain_Info(i, Data)
    'Specify how many set are there
    Domain(i).Domain_SubSet = Val(Me.txt_SubsetNumber.Text)
    'Storing the # of sets inside the subclass
    Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Subsets = Domain(i).Domain_SubSet
    'Domain Name
    Domain(i).Doamin_Name = Field(i)
    'Domain Range
    Domain_Range = Domain(i).Domain_Range
    'Subset range in each Domain
    Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Subset_Range = Domain_Range /
Domain(i).Domain_SubSet
    'Interval size.....this interval is the equal distances inside the Subset
    Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Interval = Domain_Range / ((2 *
Domain(i).Domain_SubSet) - 1)
    'Initializing Process sending the minimum and percent value to the function
    Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Initializing_Subset_Points
Domain(i).Domain_Minimum, Percent
    Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.InitializingSlop Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points
Next i

'cmd_Submit_Click

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Submit_Click()

On Error GoTo Proc_Err

Call InitializeAll_Domains

```



```

cmd_Input_Click

Exit Sub
Proc_Err:
MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

Private Sub Opt_Difuzz_Click(Index As Integer)
Diffazification_Type = Index
End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_Domain_Click(Index As Integer)

OptionIndex = Index

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_Fuzzy_Type_Click(Index As Integer)

If the Fuzzy type is Normal or Core
If Me.opt_Fuzzy_Type(0).Value = True Then
SubSet_Type = Normal_SubSet
Percent = 0
ElseIf Me.opt_Fuzzy_Type(1).Value = True Then
SubSet_Type = Core_SubSet
Percent = 0.5
End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function Domain_Info(Index, myData)

'This code gets the min and max values from a table in the database
'then store this values inside the class properties

Dim i As Integer
ReDim Names(2) As String

For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)

```

```
If myData(i, 0) = Field(Index) And myData(i, 1) = Me.cmbo_FracID.Text Then
```

```
    Domain(Index).Domain_Minimum = myData(i, 2)  
    Domain(Index).Domain_Maximum = myData(i, 3)
```

```
End If  
Next i
```

```
End Function
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Public Sub Output_Domain()
```

```
    'Preparing the output Domain
```

```
    Dim Domain_Range           As Double  
    Dim i                       As Integer
```

```
    Call opt_Fuzzy_Type_Click(0)
```

```
    'Specify how many set are there
```

```
    OutputDomain.Domain_SubSet = Val(Me.txt_SubsetNumber.Text)
```

```
    'Storing the # of sets inside the subclass
```

```
    OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Subsets = OutputDomain.Domain_SubSet
```

```
    OutputDomain.Doamin_Name = "OutPut Domain or think of new name"
```

```
    'Domain Range
```

```
    Domain_Range = OutputDomain.Domain_OutPutMax -
```

```
OutputDomain.Domain_OutputMin
```

```
    'Subset range in each Domain
```

```
    OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Subset_Range = Domain_Range /
```

```
OutputDomain.Domain_SubSet
```

```
    'Interval size.....this interval is the equal distances inside the Subset
```

```
    OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Interval = Domain_Range / ((2 *
```

```
OutputDomain.Domain_SubSet) - 1)
```

```
    'Initializing Process
```

```
    OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Initializing_Subset_Points
```

```
OutputDomain.Domain_Minimum, Percent
```

```
    OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.InitializingSlop
```

```
OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points
```

```
    Call Fuzzy_Set_Draw(1, OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points, 0)
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub Cell_Arranging(arr, i)
```

```
'We always have 5 column first one for the Fz_sets name
```

```
'and 4 for the input of each Fz_sets
```

```
Dim iRow As Integer
```

```
Dim iCol As Integer
```

```
With Me.MSF_Fuzzy_Points
```

```
.Clear
```

```
.Rows = UBound(arr) + 2
```

```
.Cols = UBound(arr, 2) + 2
```

```
.ColWidth(0) = 1200
```

```
For iRow = LBound(arr) To UBound(arr)
```

```
.TextMatrix(iRow + 1, 0) = " Fuzzy Set(" & iRow & ")"
```

```
For iCol = LBound(arr, 2) To UBound(arr, 2)
```

```
.ColWidth(iCol + 1) = 850
```

```
.TextMatrix(0, iCol + 1) = " Q_" & iCol
```

```
.TextMatrix(iRow + 1, iCol + 1) = Format(arr(iRow, iCol), "##.0")
```

```
Next iCol
```

```
Next iRow
```

```
End With
```

```
Call Fuzzy_Set_Draw(0, arr, i)
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub Fuzzy_Set_Draw(Pic, arr, i)
```

```
Dim FuzzySet As Integer
```

```
Dim Point As Integer
```

```
Dim X As Double
```

```
Dim Y As Integer
```

```
Dim Y1
```

```
Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).Cls
```

```
Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).Scale (arr(LBound(arr), LBound(arr, 2)), (1.5))-
((arr(UBound(arr), UBound(arr, 2))), 0)
```

```
Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).DrawWidth = 1
'Starting point is the first point in the array
X = arr(LBound(arr), LBound(arr, 2))
Y1 = Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Y_Values_NormalSet
```

```
For FuzzySet = LBound(arr) To UBound(arr)
  For Point = LBound(arr, 2) To UBound(arr, 2)
    'if we start from the first point in the array
    If FuzzySet = LBound(arr) And Point = LBound(arr, 2) Then Y = Y1(Point)
    'Sending the values to drawing Sub
    Call Draw(Pic, X, Y, arr(FuzzySet, Point), Y1(Point), 1, 0, i + 1)
    'Swaping the points
    X = arr(FuzzySet, Point)
    Y = Y1(Point)
  Next Point
Next FuzzySet
```

```
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Draw(Pic, X, Y, X1, Y1, Draw_Width, Style, Color)
```

```
  Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).DrawWidth = Draw_Width
  Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).DrawStyle = Style
  Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(Pic).Line (X, Y)-(X1, Y1), QBColor(Color)
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub MSF_Fuzzy_Points_DblClick()
  MSF_Fuzzy_Points.Text = ""
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub MSF_Fuzzy_Points_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
```

```
  Dim Msg, Title, Help, Ctxt, Response, MyString
  Dim i As Integer
```

```
  With MSF_Fuzzy_Points
    .Text = .Text + Chr$(KeyAscii)
    If KeyAscii = 8 Or KeyAscii = 8 Or KeyAscii = 8 Then
      .Text = ""
      Exit Sub
    End If
```

```
  If .Text = "" Then
```

```

    Msg = " Missing Cell Value, Please Enter A Value "
    Response = MsgBox(Msg, 0)
    Exit Sub
End If

End With

For i = opt_Domain.LBound To opt_Domain.UBound
    If opt_Domain(i).Value = True Then User_InputFlag(i) = True
Next i

Me.opt_InputType(1).Value = True
Me.cmd_Input.Caption = "Submit User Input"

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Input_Click()

    'Get all the Default points for the Domain subset

    Dim i                As Integer
    Dim iRow             As Integer
    Dim iCol             As Integer
    Dim myData

    FireFlag = False

    If Me.opt_InputType(0).Value = True Then

        'Searching for the active domain
        For i = opt_Domain.LBound To opt_Domain.UBound
            If opt_Domain(i).Value = True Then
                'Send the Values to the grid system
                Call Cell_Arranging(Domain(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points, i)
                Me.lbl_DomainName.Caption = Me.opt_Domain(i).Caption
            End If
        Next i

    ElseIf Me.opt_InputType(1).Value = True Then

        If Me.cmd_Input.Caption = "Submit User Input" Then
            'Getting all the value from the table and save then inside User_input array
            With MSF_Fuzzy_Points
                ReDim User_Input(.Rows - 2, .Cols - 2)
            End With
        End If
    End If
End Sub

```

```

For iRow = LBound(User_Input) To UBound(User_Input)
  For iCol = LBound(User_Input, 2) To UBound(User_Input, 2)
    If .TextMatrix(iRow + 1, iCol + 1) = "" Then
      MsgBox (" Missing Cell Value, Please Enter a Value "), vbCritical
      Exit Sub
    End If
    User_Input(iRow, iCol) = Val(.TextMatrix(iRow + 1, iCol + 1))
  Next iCol
Next iRow

End With
End If

'Save inside the class and activate only the selected Domain
For i = opt_Domain.LBound To opt_Domain.UBound

  If opt_Domain(i).Value = True Then

    If User_InputFlag(i) = True Then
      'Save in class
      UserInput(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points = User_Input
      'Activate
      Call Cell_Arranging(UserInput(i).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points, i)
    ElseIf User_InputFlag(i) = False Then

      MsgBox ("There is no user inputs for " & opt_Domain(i).Caption & " !"),
vbCritical
      Exit Sub

    End If
  End If

Next i

End If

End Sub
"@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub opt_InputType_Click(Index As Integer)
  If Me.opt_InputType(0).Value = True Then
    Me.cmd_Input.Caption = "Get Default Input"
  ElseIf Me.opt_InputType(1).Value = True Then
    Me.cmd_Input.Caption = "Get User Input"
  End If
End Sub
"@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

```

Private Sub cmdBatch_Fuzzy_Click()

    Dim i As Integer

    If Me.Opt_Rule_States(1).Value = True Then
        MsgBox ("Select Rule System") & vbCritical
        Exit Sub
    End If

    Me.SSFuzzyPanal.Visible = True
    Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(1).Visible = False
    FireFlag = False
    FuzzyBatchFlag = True

    With MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid
        .Visible = True
        .Rows = Me.lst_Wells.ListCount + 1
        .Cols = 5
        .ColWidth(0) = 900: .ColWidth(1) = 1100: .ColWidth(2) = 1100: .ColWidth(3) =
1100: .ColWidth(3) = 1100
        .TextMatrix(0, 0) = "Well #"

        .TextMatrix(0, 1) = "Not Cand."
        .TextMatrix(0, 2) = "Likely Cand."
        .TextMatrix(0, 3) = "Cand."
        .TextMatrix(0, 4) = "Conf."

    End With

    With Me.lst_Wells

        For i = 0 To .ListCount - 1
            'Move Down the list
            .ListIndex = i
            Me.MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid.TextMatrix(i + 1, 0) = .Text
            cmd_MakeDecision_Click
            With Me.MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid
                .TextMatrix(i + 1, 1) = Me.txt_Output(0).Text
                .TextMatrix(i + 1, 2) = Me.txt_Output(1).Text
                .TextMatrix(i + 1, 3) = Me.txt_Output(2).Text
                .TextMatrix(i + 1, 4) = Me.txt_Diffuzzification
            End With
            Me.SSFuzzyPanal.FloodPercent = (i / (.ListCount - 1)) * 100
        Next

    End With

```

```
FuzzyBatchFlag = False
Me.SSFuzzyPanal.Visible = False
RulesFiredFlag = True
```

```
End Sub
```

```
"@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@"
```

```
Private Sub cmd_MakeDecision_Click()
```

```
'serching for the location of the input
```

```
On Error GoTo Proc_Err
```

```
Dim InputNo           As Integer
Dim iInput            As Double
Dim myData
ReDim Output(UBound(Domain), Domain(0).Domain_SubSet - 1) As Double
ReDim FireRule(UBound(Domain), Domain(0).Domain_SubSet - 1) As Boolean
```

```
Me.SSFuzzyPanal.Visible = True
```

```
If FuzzyBatchFlag = False Then
    Me.Pic_FuzzyDraw(1).Visible = True
    MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid.Visible = False
End If
FireFlag = True
```

```
If Me.Opt_Rule_States(1).Value = True Then
    If FuzzyBatchFlag = False Then
        MsgBox ("Select Rule System") & vbCritical
        Exit Sub
    End If
End If
```

```
'looping through the input text boxes
```

```
For InputNo = txt_Input.LBound To txt_Input.UBound
    'Get the the value of the doamin
    myData = Domain(InputNo).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points
    'Getting the input
    iInput = Val(txt_Input(InputNo).Text)
```

```
'Cheking if the input inside the range or not
```

```
If iInput < myData(LBound(myData), LBound(myData, 2)) Then
    iInput = myData(LBound(myData), LBound(myData, 2))
ElseIf iInput > myData(UBound(myData), UBound(myData, 2)) Then
```



```

        iInput = myData(UBound(myData), UBound(myData, 2)) - 0.5
    End If

    'Find each input location
    Call Input_Location(InputNo, iInput, myData)

    Me.SSFuzzyPanal.FloodPercent = (InputNo / txt_Input.UBound) * 100
Next InputNo

Call Fired_Rules

Set OutputValues = Nothing
Me.SSFuzzyPanal.Visible = False
RulesFiredFlag = True
Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Input_Location(InputNo, iInput, myData)

    'Find the location of each input and in wich subset its located
    'it checkes the universe by checking each subset alone
    'InpuNo determine the universe

    Dim i As Integer
    Dim mySlop
    Dim Y_Values

    mySlop = Domain(InputNo).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Slops
    Y_Values = Domain(InputNo).c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Y_Values_NormalSet

    'Serching each subset in each Universe
    For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)

        FireRule(InputNo, i) = False
        Output(InputNo, i) = Empty

        'which Subset in Universe the input is located in
        If iInput >= myData(i, LBound(myData, 2)) And iInput <= myData(i,
UBound(myData, 2)) Then
            Call Q_Value(InputNo, iInput, myData, i, mySlop, Y_Values)
        End If
    
```

```

Next i

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Q_Value(InputNo, iInput, myData, i, mySlop, Y_Values)

'This code test in which part the Input is located by knowing
'Then it calculate the Y value from the slop Equation

Dim Interval                As Integer

'Serching each set in each Universe
For Interval = LBound(myData, 2) To UBound(myData, 2) - 1
  'which Interval in subdet the input is located
  If iInput >= myData(i, Interval) And iInput <= myData(i, Interval + 1) Then

    If iInput = myData(i, Interval) Then iInput = myData(i, Interval) + 0.00001
    If iInput = myData(i, Interval + 1) Then iInput = myData(i, Interval) - 0.00001

    'Calculating Q_value by using  $Y = m(X-X1) + Y1$ 
    Output(InputNo, i) = (mySlop(i, Interval) * (iInput - myData(i, Interval + 1))) _
      + Y_Values(Interval + 1)
    FireRule(InputNo, i) = True
  End If
Next Interval

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Fired_Rules()

'Loop through all the rules and only activate if the rule was fired

Dim i, j                    As Integer
Dim k, Counter1            As Integer
ReDim FiredRule(0) As Integer

Counter = 0
Counter1 = 0
'loop through the Univrse
For i = LBound(Output, 2) To UBound(Output, 2)
  For j = LBound(Output, 2) To UBound(Output, 2)
    For k = LBound(Output, 2) To UBound(Output, 2)

      'Checking all the sets

```

```

    If FireRule(0, i) = True And FireRule(1, j) = True And FireRule(2, k) = True
Then
    ReDim Preserve FiredRule(Counter1) As Integer

    FiredRule(Counter1) = Counter
    Counter1 = Counter1 + 1
    OutputValues.RuleCase = MSFRules.TextMatrix(Counter, 8)
    'OutputValues.RuleCase = MSFRules.TextMatrix(Counter - 1, 9)
    OutputValues.AggregatedValue = Aggregation(Output(0, i), Output(1, j),
Output(2, k))
    OutputValues.Aggregate

    End If
    'Count all the rules
    Counter = Counter + 1
Next k
Next j
Next i

'Sending the output domain and slop
OutputValues.ComputeDiffuzification OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points _
    , OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.Slops

'Store all the Fired Rules inside a class property
FuzzRules.FiredRules = RememberFiredRule(FiredRule)

Me.txt_Output(0).Text = Format(OutputValues.NotCandidate, "##,##0.00")
Me.txt_Output(1).Text = Format(OutputValues.LikelyCandidate, "##,##0.00")
Me.txt_Output(2).Text = Format(OutputValues.Candidate, "##,##0.00")
Me.txt_Diffuzzification.Text = Format(OutputValues.Diffuzzification, "##,##0.00")

DrawingOutputSets

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function Aggregation(Output1, Output2, Output3)

'Check what type of aggregation is selected

If Me.Opt_Aggregation(0).Value = True Then

    If Output1 <= Output2 And Output1 <= Output3 Then
        Aggregation = Output1
    ElseIf Output2 <= Output1 And Output2 <= Output3 Then

```

```

    Aggregation = Output2
    ElseIf Output3 <= Output1 And Output3 <= Output2 Then
        Aggregation = Output3
    End If

```

```

ElseIf Me.Opt_Aggregation(1).Value = True Then
    Aggregation = Output1 * Output2 * Output3

```

```

End If

```

```

End Function

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

```

Public Sub DrawingOutputSets()

```

```

    Dim i As Integer
    Dim j As Integer
    Dim X, Y, Y1
    Dim myPoints
    Dim mySlops

```

```

    Call Output_Domain
    myPoints = OutputDomain.c_Fuzzy_SubSet.X_Points

```

```

    mySlops = 5
    For i = LBound(myPoints) To UBound(myPoints)

```

```

        For j = LBound(myPoints, 2) To UBound(myPoints, 2)

```

```

            If j = LBound(myPoints, 2) Or j = UBound(myPoints, 2) Then
                Y1 = 0
            ElseIf j = 1 And i = LBound(myPoints) Then
                Y1 = Val(txt_Output(i).Text)
            ElseIf j = 1 And i <> LBound(myPoints) Then
                myPoints(i, j) = myPoints(i, j - 1) + (Val(txt_Output(i).Text) / mySlops)
                Y1 = Val(txt_Output(i).Text)
            ElseIf j = 2 And i <> UBound(myPoints) Then
                myPoints(i, j) = myPoints(i, j + 1) + (Val(txt_Output(i).Text) / -mySlops)
                Y1 = Val(txt_Output(i).Text)
            End If

```

```

            Call Draw(1, X, Y, myPoints(i, j), Y1, 4, 2, 2)
            X = myPoints(i, j)
            Y = Y1

```

```

        Next j
    Next i

```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Private Sub cmd_Retrieve_Rules_Click()
```

```
Dim i, j, k  
Dim myRules
```

```
If Me.Opt_Rule_States(0).Value = True Then myRules = FuzzRules.Default_Rules  
If Me.Opt_Rule_States(1).Value = True Then myRules = FuzzRules.FiredRules  
If Me.Opt_Rule_States(2).Value = True Then myRules = FuzzRules.User_Rules
```

```
With MSFRules
```

```
For i = LBound(myRules) To UBound(myRules)  
For j = LBound(myRules, 2) To UBound(myRules, 2)  
If Me.Opt_Rule_States(1).Value = False Then  
If j = 0 Then .TextMatrix(i + 1, j) = "Rules (" & myRules(i, j) & ")"  
If j <> 0 Then .TextMatrix(i + 1, j) = myRules(i, j)  
Else  
.TextMatrix(i + 1, j) = myRules(i, j)  
  
End If  
Next j  
Next i  
End With
```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Public Function RememberFiredRule(FiredRules) As Variant
```

```
Dim i, j
```

```
With MSFRules
```

```
ReDim myRule_s(UBound(FiredRules), 9) As String
```

```
For i = LBound(FiredRules) To UBound(FiredRules)  
For j = 0 To .Cols - 1  
'Copying the fired rule to the array  
myRule_s(i, j) = .TextMatrix(FiredRules(i) + 1, j)  
Next j  
Next i
```

End With

RememberFiredRule = myRule_s

End Function

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Private Sub cmd_Fired_Rules_Click()
```

```
    If FireFlag = False Then Exit Sub  
    Me.SSTab1.Tab = 1  
    Me.Opt_Rule_States(1).Value = True  
    FillRulesGrid_Header  
    cmd_Retrive_Rules_Click
```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Public Sub Rules()
```

```
    'Writing the rules into the grid rules after importing them from  
    ' FuzzRules.GetRules Property of the Fuzzy Class
```

```
    Dim i, j  
    Dim myData
```

```
    'Getting the data from the class  
    myData = FuzzRules.GetRules
```

```
    cmd_Retrive_Rules_Click
```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Private Sub MSFRules_DbIclick()
```

```
    With MSFRules  
        If .Col = 8 Then  
            .Text = Me.cmbo_Rules_Changing.Text  
        ElseIf .Col = 9 Then  
            .Text = Me.cmbo_True_Degree.Text  
        End If  
    End With
```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@  
Private Sub cmd_SaveChages_Click()
```

```

Dim SaveRules           As New cOpen_Database
Dim mySQL               As String
Dim sConnection         As ADODB.Connection
Dim sRecordset          As ADODB.Recordset

```

```

Dim i                   As Integer
Dim j                   As Integer

```

```

Dim Msg, Style, Title, Response, MyString

```

```

Msg = "Would You Like to Save Your Changes ? "
Style = vbYesNo ' Define buttons.
Title = "Save New Rules"
Response = MsgBox(Msg, Style, Title)

```

```

mySQL = "select * from tbl_FuzzyRules"
'open File and save rules use dialog box to save the rules
If Response = vbYes Then
    With MSFRules
        ReDim NewUserRules(.Rows - 2, 0 To 1)
        For i = 0 To .Rows - 2
            For j = LBound(NewUserRules, 2) To UBound(NewUserRules, 2)
                NewUserRules(i, j) = .TextMatrix(i + 1, 8 + j)
            Next j
        Next i
    End With

    FuzzRules.User_Rules = NewUserRules
    SaveRules.InPutData FuzzRules.User_Rules, mySQL, "Fuzzy"
    Rules
Else
    Exit Sub
End If

```

```

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Filling_all_cmbos()

```

```

'Filling all Cmbos and Grid

```

```

ReDim Field(2) As String

```

```

Field(0) = "Average Deliverability"
Field(1) = "Years / Frac Ratio"
Field(2) = "Post Frac Deliverability"

```

```
cmbo_Rules_Changing.ListIndex = 0
cmbo_True_Degree.ListIndex = 0
```

```
With Me.cmbo_FracID
    .ListIndex = 0
    Me.txt_FracID.Text = Me.cmbo_FracID.Text
End With
```

```
Call FillRulesGrid_Header
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub FillRulesGrid_Header()
```

```
    With MSFRules
        .Clear
        .Rows = 28
        .Cols = 10
        MSFRules.AllowUserResizing = flexResizeBoth
        .ColWidth(0) = 900: .TextMatrix(0, 0) = " Rule # ":
        .ColWidth(1) = 300: .TextMatrix(0, 1) = " "
        .ColWidth(2) = 1700: .TextMatrix(0, 2) = "Average Deliverability"
        .ColWidth(3) = 450: .TextMatrix(0, 3) = " "
        .ColWidth(4) = 1350: .TextMatrix(0, 4) = "Year / Frac Ratio"
        .ColWidth(5) = 450: .TextMatrix(0, 5) = " "
        .ColWidth(6) = 1450: .TextMatrix(0, 6) = " Incremental PDF "
        .ColWidth(7) = 600: .TextMatrix(0, 7) = " "
        .ColWidth(8) = 1400: .TextMatrix(0, 8) = " Status "
        .ColWidth(9) = 1600: .TextMatrix(0, 9) = " Truth Qualification "
    End With
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_WellInformation_Click()
    FrmEog_Frac_info.Show
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Exit_Click()
    Me.Hide
    Unload frmFuzzy
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_systemOptimization_Click()
```



```

frmNeural_GA.Show
Me.Hide
Unload frmFuzzy
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_Rank_Click()

    If Me.MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid.Visible = True Then
        With Me.MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid
            .Col = 4
            .Sort = 4
        End With
    End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Opt_Rule_States_Click(Index As Integer)
    If Index = 1 Then
        If RulesFiredFlag = False Then
            MsgBox ("No rules were fired yet !")
            Opt_Rule_States(0).Value = True
            Exit Sub
        End If
    End If
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub cmd_PrintToFile_Click()

    Dim i           As Integer
    Dim j           As Integer
    Dim iFile       As New File

    With Me.MSFlex_FuzzyBatchGrid
        ReDim BatchResults(.Rows - 1, .Cols - 1)
        For i = 1 To .Rows - 1
            For j = 0 To .Cols - 1
                BatchResults(i - 1, j) = .TextMatrix(i, j)
            Next j
        Next i
    End With

    iFile.FileExtention = ".txt"
    iFile.FileName = "Ristimulation list"
    iFile.DataToSave = BatchResults()
    iFile.FileOutput

```

```

End Sub
Private Sub cmd_ExitApplication_Click()
    Unload frmFuzzy
End
End Sub

```

Open Database Class

```

Option Explicit
'References ADO 2.5
'ADO Objects Used
Private sConnection           As ADODB.Connection
Private sRecordset           As ADODB.Recordset
Private strSQL                As String
Private mvarMySQL             As String
Dim arr()                    As Variant
Private mvarFieldArray        As Variant
Private mvarDataArray()      As Variant
Private mvarFieldsName        As Variant
Private mvarRecordsCount     As Integer
Private mvarMyFlag            As Boolean
Dim MyArray()                As Variant
Dim myFieldsName()           As Variant
Private mvarSingleOutput      As Variant
Private mvarDataExistance     As Boolean
Private mvarInputRecords     As Variant

```

```

Public Enum DataType
    dtUniqueValue = 1
    dtMultiValues = 2
    dtDataArray = 3
    dtFiledName = 4
End Enum

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```

Public Property Let MyFlag(ByVal vData As Boolean)
    mvarMyFlag = vData
End Property
Public Property Get MyFlag() As Boolean
    MyFlag = mvarMyFlag
End Property

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```

Public Property Let mySQL(ByVal vData As String)
    'Store the Sql string
    mvarMySQL = vData
End Property
Public Property Get mySQL() As String

```

```

    mySQL = mvarMySQL
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
@@
Public Property Let FieldArray(arr As Variant)
    'Store the fields from the needed database in array
    mvarFieldArray = arr
End Property
Public Property Get FieldArray() As Variant
    FieldArray = mvarFieldArray
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub OpenDatabase()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    'Setting up the connection String to the MDB File
    Set sConnection = New ADODB.Connection
    'Set sRecordset = New Recordset
    'Open the connection to the DB
    With sConnection
        .Provider = "Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0"
        .ConnectionString = App.Path + "\Eogdb.mdb"
        .CursorLocation = adUseClient
        .Open
    End With

    Exit Sub

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
@@
Public Sub CCloseDatabase()
    With sConnection
        .Close
    End With
End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub OpenRecordSet()

    On Error GoTo Proc_Err
    'Open the record set

```

```

Set sRecordset = New Recordset
sRecordset.Source = mySQL
sRecordset.ActiveConnection = sConnection
sRecordset.LockType = adLockOptimistic
sRecordset.CursorType = adOpenKeyset
sRecordset.Open

Me.RecordsCount = sRecordset.RecordCount

If sRecordset.RecordCount = 0 Then
    Me.DataExistance = False
    Exit Sub
Else
    Me.DataExistance = True
End If

If DatReturn = DataType.dtUniqueValue Then
    'Getting the unique value
    Me.SingleOutput = sRecordset.Fields(0)
ElseIf DatReturn = DataType.dtMultiValues Then
    'Getting multie values
    Get_MyMultiValues
ElseIf DatReturn = DataType.dtDataArray Then
    'Convert my recordset to an array
    Get_MyArray
ElseIf DatReturn = DataType.dtFiledsName Then
    'Getting the fields name
    Get_MyFields
End If
'Closing the connection
Set sRecordset = Nothing
Exit Sub
Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Get_MyMultiValues()
    Dim i           As Integer
    Dim j           As Integer

    ReDim MyArray(sRecordset.Fields.Count - 1)
    For i = 0 To sRecordset.Fields.Count - 1
        If Not IsNull(sRecordset.Fields(i)) Then
            MyArray(i) = sRecordset.Fields(i)
        End If
    Next i
End Sub

```

```

        Else
            Me.DataExistance = False
            Exit Sub
        End If
    Next i

    Me.DataArray = MyArray()
    Erase MyArray()
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Get_MyArray()

    Dim values                As Variant
    Dim i                    As Integer
    Dim j                    As Integer

    'Store the recordset indise a variant Array
    'remember that each record is a field when using this method
    'to store the data inside an array
    values = sRecordset.GetRows(, , FieldArray)
    ReDim MyArray(UBound(values, 2), UBound(values))
    'Transpose the data array
    For j = LBound(values, 2) To UBound(values, 2) 'Columns
        For i = LBound(values) To UBound(values) 'Rows
            If Not IsNull(values(i, j)) Then
                MyArray(j, i) = values(i, j)
            Else
                Me.DataExistance = False
                Exit Sub
            End If
        Next i
    Next j

    Me.DataArray = MyArray()

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Get_MyFields()

    Dim i                    As Integer
    Dim j                    As Integer
    ReDim myFieldsName(sRecordset.Fields.Count - 1) As Variant
    For i = 0 To sRecordset.Fields.Count - 1
        myFieldsName(i) = sRecordset.Fields(i).Name
    Next

```

```

Me.FieldsName = myFieldsName()

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub InPutData(Inputs As Variant, mySQL As String, Store As String)

    Dim sConnection          As ADODB.Connection
    Dim sRecordset          As ADODB.Recordset
    Dim i                   As Integer
    Dim j                   As Integer

    'Setting up the connection String to the MDB File
    Set sConnection = New ADODB.Connection
    'Open the connection to the DB
    With sConnection
        .Provider = "Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0"
        .ConnectionString = App.Path + "\Eogdb.mdb"
        .CursorLocation = adUseClient
        .Open
    End With

    Set sRecordset = New Recordset

    With sRecordset
        .Source = mySQL
        .ActiveConnection = sConnection
        .LockType = adLockOptimistic
        .CursorType = adOpenKeyset
        .Open
    End With

    .....,.....

    If Store = "Fuzzy" Then
        sRecordset.Update
        For i = LBound(Inputs) To UBound(Inputs)
            sRecordset.Fields(9).Value = Inputs(i, 0)
            sRecordset.Fields(11).Value = Inputs(i, 1)
            sRecordset.MoveNext
        Next i
        sRecordset.Close
    .....,.....

    ElseIf Store = "GA" Then
        If sRecordset.EOF <> True Or sRecordset.BOF <> True Then
            sRecordset.MoveLast
        End If

```

```

sRecordset.AddNew
For i = LBound(Inputs) To UBound(Inputs)
    sRecordset.Fields(i).Value = Inputs(i)
Next i
sRecordset.Update
.....
ElseIf Store = "Update_FracNo" Then
sRecordset.Update
sRecordset.Fields(4).Value = Inputs
sRecordset.MoveLast
sRecordset.Close
.....

End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let InputRecords(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarInputRecords = vData
End Property
Public Property Get InputRecords() As Variant
    InputRecords = mvarInputRecords
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let SingleOutput(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarSingleOutput = vData
End Property
Public Property Get SingleOutput() As Variant
    SingleOutput = mvarSingleOutput
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let RecordsCount(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarRecordsCount = vData
End Property
Public Property Get RecordsCount() As Integer
    RecordsCount = mvarRecordsCount
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let FieldsName(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarFieldsName = vData
End Property
Public Property Get FieldsName() As Variant
    FieldsName = mvarFieldsName
End Property

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let dataArray(arr As Variant)
    mvardataArray() = arr
End Property
Public Property Get dataArray() As Variant
    dataArray = mvardataArray
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let DataExistence(ByVal vData As Boolean)
    mvarDataExistence = vData
End Property
Public Property Get DataExistence() As Boolean
    DataExistence = mvarDataExistence
End Property
```


Open Net Class

Option Explicit

```
'local variable(s) to hold property value(s)
Private mvarNet As String
Private mvarInputArray As Variant
Private mvarNet_OutPut As Double
Dim Input_Array() As Double
Dim ii As Integer
Private mvarInputNo As Integer
Private mvarOutputNo As Integer
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let OutputNo(ByVal vData As Integer)
    '# output of the Neural Network
    mvarOutputNo = vData
End Property
Public Property Get OutputNo() As Integer
    '# output of the Neural Network
    OutputNo = mvarOutputNo
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let InputNo(ByVal vData As Integer)
    '# input of the Neural Network
    mvarInputNo = vData
End Property
Public Property Get InputNo() As Integer
    '# input of the Neural Network
    InputNo = mvarInputNo
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let NetName(ByVal vData As String)

    mvarNet = vData
End Property
Public Property Get NetName() As String

    NetName = mvarNet
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let InputArray(arr)

    mvarInputArray = arr
End Property
Public Property Get InputArray()
```

```

    InputArray = mvarInputArray
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Fire_The_Net()

    'First Frac inptus & outputs declaration
    Dim Frac_Input As Integer
    Dim Frac_Output As Integer
    Dim Output
    Dim NNW_Name As String

    NNW_Name = NetName

    'Opening the NNW only once and assigning the NNW inputs
    'and outputs # to other variables
    If Not Netisopen Then
        ii = OpenNet(NNW_Name, Netnumber, Inputs, Outputs)

        If ii > 0 Then
            MsgBox "Error returned from OpenNet: " + Str$(ii), 16, "Error"
            CloseNet (Netnumber)
            Exit Sub
        End If

        Netisopen = True
        'Inputs assigned by the NNW
        Frac_Input = Inputs
        'Outputs assigned by the NNW
        Frac_Output = Outputs
    End If

    If Frac_Input <> (Me.InputNo) Or Frac_Output <> (Me.OutputNo) Then
        MsgBox "Number of inputs or outputs in selected .DEF file is incorrect. Inputs
should be 21 and outputs should be 1", 16, "Error"
        CloseNet (Netnumber)
        Netisopen = False
        Exit Sub
    End If

    Input_Array = InputArray

    'After collecting the input inside InputArray
    'start fire the net using these inputs
    ii = FireNet(Netnumber, Input_Array(0), Output)
    If ii > 0 Then

```

```

    MsgBox "Error returned from FireNet: " + Str$(ii), 16, "Error"
    Exit Sub
End If

Me.Net_OutPut = Output
'Closing the NeuralNetwork
CloseNet (Netnumber)
Netisopen = False

End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Net_OutPut(ByVal vData As Double)

    mvarNet_OutPut = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Net_OutPut() As Double

    Net_OutPut = mvarNet_OutPut
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

Genetic Algorithm Input Class

Option Explicit

```

Dim AllWell_Data           As New cOpen_Database
Dim strSQL                 As String
.....

Private mvarWell_No        As Integer
Private mvarX_Coor         As Double
Private mvarY_Coor         As Double
Private mvarElevation      As Integer
.....

Private mvarQ_Min          As Integer
Private mvarQ_Max          As Integer
Private mvarQ_Average      As Integer
.....

Private mvarNo_of_Months_Before_Frac As Double
Private mvarQ100_Before_This_Frac    As Integer

```

```

.....
Private mvarFrac_Dtae                As Variant
Private mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac    As Integer
Private mvarFrac_Fluid               As Variant
Private mvarViscosity                 As Variant
Private mvarFluid_Volume              As Variant
Private mvarN2_Rate                   As Double
Private mvarN2_Volume                 As Double
Private mvarSand_Volume               As Variant
Private mvarSand_Concentration        As Variant
Private mvarSand_Mesh                 As Variant
Private mvarAcid_Volume               As Integer
Private mvarAverage_Rate              As Double
Private mvarService_Company           As Variant
.....

Private mvarOriginal_Input_Data       As Variant
Private mvarWell_Input_Data()         As Variant
Private mvarLastFrac_Date              As Variant
Private mvarFracNo                     As Variant
Private mvarFracID                     As Variant
Private mvarWell_GA_Input_Data()      As Variant
Dim m_Well_Data()                     As Variant
Dim Final_WellData()                  As Variant

Public Enum OptimizationType
    GA_Optimization = 1
    Fuzzy_Optimization = 2
End Enum

Public Enum GettingDatafor
    SingleOptimization = 1
    BatchOptimization = 2
End Enum

Public Enum DataExistance
    Yes = 1
    no = 2
End Enum

Public Enum DataUse
    ViewData = 1
    FireData = 2
End Enum
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
@
Public Property Let Well_No(ByVal vData As Variant)

```

```

    mvarWell_No = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Well_No() As Variant
    Well_No = mvarWell_No
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let FracNo(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarFracNo = vData
End Property
Public Property Get FracNo() As Variant
    FracNo = mvarFracNo
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function GetWellData(Well As Integer, FracNo As Integer, optimization As
Boolean) As Double

'Getting all well fixed information store them inside class properties
On Error GoTo Proc_Err

    AllWell_Data.OpenDatabase
'Getting Well location information
    Call Well_Location(Well)
    If Data_Existance = no Then GoTo FastExit
'Getting well Deliverability statistics
    Well_Deliverability_Statistics (Well)
    If Data_Existance = no Then GoTo FastExit
'Getting well Deliverability History
    Call WellDelevirability_History(Well)
    If Data_Existance = no Then GoTo FastExit

    Well_Frac_Recipe (Well)

'Store all the data inside one Properties
    Call Well_Data

FastExit:
    AllWell_Data.CCloseDatabse

    Set AllWell_Data = Nothing

Exit Function

Proc_Err:
    MsgBox "Error Number " & Err.Number & vbNewLine & Err.Description

```

```

End Function
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Well_Location(Well As Integer)

    'This code gets the well locations and store them inside location properties

    DatReturnen = dtMultiValues
    AllWell_Data.mySQL = "SELECT [X_COOR], [Y_COOR], [ELEVATION] FROM
tbl_Wells_Info WHERE [WELL_No]= " & Well
    AllWell_Data.OpenRecordSet

    If AllWell_Data.DataExistance = False Then
        Data_Existance = no
        If Getting_Datafor = SingleOptimization Then
            If frmNeural_GA.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then Exit Sub
            'If not batch processig then give rise Rerror and exit
            MsgBox ("Location Information for Well " & Me.Well_No & " is Missing "),
vbCritical
            Exit Sub
        ElseIf Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization Then

            End If
        Else
            Data_Existance = Yes
            'start storing inside properties
            Me.X_Coor = AllWell_Data.DataArray(0)
            Me.Y_Coor = AllWell_Data.DataArray(1)
            Me.Elevation = AllWell_Data.DataArray(2)

            End If

        End Sub

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let X_Coor(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarX_Coor = vData
End Property
Public Property Get X_Coor() As Double
    X_Coor = mvarX_Coor
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Y_Coor(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarY_Coor = vData

```

```

End Property
Public Property Get Y_Coor() As Double
    Y_Coor = mvarY_Coor
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Elevation(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarElevation = CInt(vData)
End Property
Public Property Get Elevation() As Integer
    Elevation = mvarElevation
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Well_Deliverability_Statistics(Well As Integer)

    'This code prepara the SQL to open the database and
    'get Q100 statistics

    Dim strSQL                As String

    DatReturnen = dtMultiValues
    strSQL = " WHERE [Well No]=" & Well & " And [Q100] <> 0"
    AllWell_Data.mySQL = "SELECT MIN([Q100]), MAX([Q100]), AVG([Q100])
FROM tbl_Q100" + strSQL
    AllWell_Data.OpenRecordSet

    If AllWell_Data.DataExistance = False Then
        'if it was single optimization the give MsgBox
        If Getting_Datafor = SingleOptimization Then
            Data_Existance = no
            If frmNeural_GA.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then Exit Sub
            MsgBox ("Deliverability Information for Well " & Me.Well_No & " is Missing
"), vbCritical
            Exit Sub
        'if it was Batch optimization then skip and go to
        'the next well
        ElseIf Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization Then

            End If
        Else
            Data_Existance = Yes
            Me.Q_Min = AllWell_Data.DataArray(0)
            Me.Q_Max = AllWell_Data.DataArray(1)
            Me.Q_Average = CInt(AllWell_Data.DataArray(2))
            Data_Existance = Yes
        End If
    End Sub

```

```

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Q_Min(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarQ_Min = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Q_Min() As Integer
    Q_Min = mvarQ_Min
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Q_Max(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarQ_Max = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Q_Max() As Integer
    Q_Max = mvarQ_Max
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Q_Average(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarQ_Average = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Q_Average() As Integer
    Q_Average = mvarQ_Average
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub WellDelevirability_History(Well As Integer)

    'This code prepaer the SQL to open the database and
    'get Q100 history from there we get the last Q100 before
    'Frac and date with # on months

    Dim iData

    DatReturen = dtdataArray
    strSQL = "SELECT * FROM tbl_Q100 WHERE [WeLL No]=''" & Well & "' And
[Q100] <> 0"
    'Order the output by years
    AllWell_Data.mySQL = strSQL + " ORDER BY [YEAR]"
    AllWell_Data.FieldArray = Array("YEAR", "Q100")
    AllWell_Data.OpenRecordSet

    'if it was single optimization the give MsgBox
    If AllWell_Data.DataExistance = False Then
        Data_Existance = no
        If Getting_Datafor = SingleOptimization Then
            If frmNeural_GA.optNet_Processing(1).Value = True Then Exit Sub

```



```

        MsgBox ("Deliverability Information for Well " & Me.Well_No & " is Missing "),
vbCritical
        Exit Sub
        'if it was Batch optimization then skip and go to
        'the next well
        ElseIf Getting_Datafor = BatchOptimization Then

        End If
    Else
        Data_Existance = Yes
        iData = AllWell_Data.DataArray
        Me.No_of_Months_Before_Frac = iData(UBound(iData), LBound(iData, 1)) 'Last
row first column
        Me.Q100_Before_This_Frac = iData(UBound(iData), UBound(iData, 2)) 'Last
row second column
        End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let No_of_Months_Before_Frac(ByVal vData As Double)
    'Number of months Since Q100 was recorded
    'First it gets the last year the test was conducted then converted to months
    'by taking the difference between now and the last year the test was conducted
    'divid it by 12

    Dim MyYear_now          As Double
    Dim Q_Year              As Double

    Q_Year = vData

    MyYear_now = Format((year(Date) + (Month(Date) / 12)), "##,##0.00")
    mvarNo_of_Months_Before_Frac = (MyYear_now - Q_Year) * 12

End Property
Public Property Get No_of_Months_Before_Frac() As Double
    No_of_Months_Before_Frac = mvarNo_of_Months_Before_Frac
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Q100_Before_This_Frac(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarQ100_Before_This_Frac = vData
End Property

Public Property Get Q100_Before_This_Frac() As Integer
    Q100_Before_This_Frac = mvarQ100_Before_This_Frac
End Property

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Well_Frac_Recipe(Well As Integer)
```

```
'This code Prepare the SQL to get the frac Recipe information from the
'Database and store them inside the Class
```

```
Dim myData
Dim j As Integer
Dim X As String
```

```
DatReturn = dtdataArray
```

```
AllWell_Data.mySQL = " Select * FROM tbl_Min_Max WHERE FracID = " &
frmNeural_GA.txt_FracID.Text & ""
```

```
AllWell_Data.FieldArray = Array("Frac Fluid", "Fluid Volume", "N2 Rate", "N2
Volume SCF", "Sand Volume", _
"Sand Concentration", "Sand Mesh", "Acid Volume", "Average Rate", "Service
Company")
```

```
AllWell_Data.OpenRecordSet
myData = AllWell_Data.DataArray
'Establish 2 arrayes
ReDim Minimum(UBound(myData, 2))
ReDim Maximum(UBound(myData, 2))
```

```
For j = LBound(myData, 2) To UBound(myData, 2)
Minimum(j) = myData(LBound(myData), j)
Maximum(j) = myData(UBound(myData), j)
Next j
```

```
myData = Analog_Initialize_Frac(Minimum, Maximum)
```

```
Me.Frac_Fluid = myData(0)
Me.Fluid_Volume = myData(1)
Me.N2_Rate = myData(2)
Me.N2_Volume = myData(3)
Me.Sand_Volume = myData(4)
Me.Sand_Concentration = myData(5)
Me.Sand_Mesh = myData(6)
Me.Acid_Volume = myData(7)
Me.Average_Rate = myData(8)
Me.Service_Company = myData(9)
```

```
DatReturn = dtUniqueValue
X = Str(Me.FracNo - 1)
```

```

If X > 0 Then
    'AllWell_Data.mySQL = "SELECT [Frac Date] FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE
[WeLL No]=" & Well & "" and [FRAC NO]=" & X

    strSQL = "SELECT [Frac Date] FROM tbl_Fracrecipe WHERE [WELL No]=" &
& Well & "" And ([FRAC No]) = " & Me.FracNo - 1
    'strSQL = strSQL + " And ([FRAC No]) = " & Me.FracNo - 1

    AllWell_Data.FieldArray = Array("FRAC No", "Frac Date")
    AllWell_Data.mySQL = strSQL

    AllWell_Data.OpenRecordSet

    Me.LastFrac_Date = AllWell_Data.SingleOutput
Else
    Me.LastFrac_Date = 0
End If

```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Function Analog_Initialize_Frac(Min, Max)
```

```
'This Function Generate a Random Population Size using the
'Properties of Population Size and Minimum maximum input borders
```

```
Dim j As Integer
ReDim m_population(UBound(Min))
Randomize
For j = 0 To UBound(Max)
    m_population(j) = Int(Min(j) + Rnd * Max(j))
Next j
```

```
'store the population in MyPopulation properties
Analog_Initialize_Frac = m_population()
```

End Function

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Let LastFrac_Date(ByVal vData As Variant)
```

```
mvarLastFrac_Date = vData
```

End Property

```
Public Property Get LastFrac_Date() As Variant
```

```
LastFrac_Date = mvarLastFrac_Date
```

End Property

'@@'

Public Property Let Frac_Fluid(ByVal vData As Variant)

 mvarFrac_Fluid = vData

End Property

Public Property Get Frac_Fluid() As Variant

 If DataFor = ViewData Then

 If mvarFrac_Fluid = 1 Then

 mvarFrac_Fluid = "Gel"

 'Me.Viscosity = 45

 ElseIf mvarFrac_Fluid = 2 Then: mvarFrac_Fluid = "Water"

 ElseIf mvarFrac_Fluid = 3 Then: mvarFrac_Fluid = "Foam"

 ElseIf mvarFrac_Fluid = 4 Then: mvarFrac_Fluid = "Foam"

 End If

 ElseIf DataFor = FireData Then

 mvarFrac_Fluid = UCase(mvarFrac_Fluid)

 If mvarFrac_Fluid = "GEL" Or mvarFrac_Fluid = "Gel" Then

 mvarFrac_Fluid = 1

 ElseIf mvarFrac_Fluid = "WATER" Or mvarFrac_Fluid = "Water" Then:

mvarFrac_Fluid = 2

 ElseIf mvarFrac_Fluid = "FOAM" Or mvarFrac_Fluid = "Foam" Then:

mvarFrac_Fluid = 3

 Else

 'mvarFrac_Fluid = 2

 End If

 End If

 Frac_Fluid = mvarFrac_Fluid

End Property

'@@'

Public Property Let Viscosity(ByVal vData As Variant)

 mvarViscosity = vData

End Property

Public Property Get Viscosity() As Variant

 Viscosity = mvarViscosity

End Property

'@@'

Public Property Let Fluid_Volume(ByVal vData As Variant)

 mvarFluid_Volume = vData

End Property

Public Property Get Fluid_Volume() As Variant

 Fluid_Volume = mvarFluid_Volume

End Property

'@@'

Public Property Let N2_Rate(ByVal vData As Double)

```

    mvarN2_Rate = vData
End Property
Public Property Get N2_Rate() As Double
    N2_Rate = mvarN2_Rate
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let N2_Volume(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarN2_Volume = vData
End Property
Public Property Get N2_Volume() As Double
    N2_Volume = mvarN2_Volume
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Sand_Volume(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarSand_Volume = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Sand_Volume() As Integer
    Sand_Volume = mvarSand_Volume
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Sand_Concentration(ByVal vData As Variant)
    If Me.Sand_Volume = 0 Then vData = 0
        mvarSand_Concentration = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Sand_Concentration() As Variant
    Sand_Concentration = mvarSand_Concentration
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Sand_Mesh(ByVal vData As Variant)
    If Me.Sand_Volume = 0 Then vData = 0
        mvarSand_Mesh = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Sand_Mesh() As Variant

    If DataFor = ViewData Then
        If mvarSand_Mesh = 0 Then
            mvarSand_Mesh = "0"
        ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = 1 Then: mvarSand_Mesh = "10/20"
        ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = 2 Then: mvarSand_Mesh = "16/30"
        ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = 3 Then: mvarSand_Mesh = "20/40"
        ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = 4 Then: mvarSand_Mesh = "80 up"
        ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh >= 5 Then: mvarSand_Mesh = "80/100"
        End If
    ElseIf DataFor = FireData Then
        If mvarSand_Mesh = "0" Then
            mvarSand_Mesh = 0
        End If
    End If
End Property

```

```

    ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = "10/20" Then:    mvarSand_Mesh = 1
    ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = "16/30" Then:    mvarSand_Mesh = 2
    ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = "20/40" Then:    mvarSand_Mesh = 3
    ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = "80 up" Then:    mvarSand_Mesh = 4
    ElseIf mvarSand_Mesh = "80/100" Then:   mvarSand_Mesh = 5
    End If
End If
    Sand_Mesh = mvarSand_Mesh
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Acid_Volume(ByVal vData As Integer)
    mvarAcid_Volume = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Acid_Volume() As Integer
    Acid_Volume = mvarAcid_Volume
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Average_Rate(ByVal vData As Long)

    If Me.Fluid_Volume = 0 Then vData = 0
    mvarAverage_Rate = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Average_Rate() As Long
    Average_Rate = mvarAverage_Rate
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Service_Company(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarService_Company = vData
End Property

Public Property Get Service_Company() As Variant

    If DataFor = ViewData Then
        If mvarService_Company = 1 Then
            mvarService_Company = "DS"
        ElseIf mvarService_Company = 2 Then:    mvarService_Company = "HA"
        ElseIf mvarService_Company = 3 Then:    mvarService_Company = "NO"
        ElseIf mvarService_Company = 4 Then:    mvarService_Company = "UN"
        Else
            'mvarService_Company = "DS"
        End If
    ElseIf DataFor = FireData Then
        mvarService_Company = UCase(mvarService_Company)
        If mvarService_Company = "DS" Then
            mvarService_Company = 1
        End If
    End If
End Property

```

```

ElseIf mvarService_Company = "HA" Then: mvarService_Company = 2
ElseIf mvarService_Company = "NO" Then: mvarService_Company = 3
ElseIf mvarService_Company = "UN" Then: mvarService_Company = 4
Else
    'mvarService_Company = 1
End If

End If
Service_Company = mvarService_Company
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Get Frac_Dtae() As Variant

'This cade provide the recent day if its for view
If DataFor = ViewData Then
    ' View in day format
    Frac_Dtae = Date
ElseIf DataFor = FireData Then
    'Provide as number for NN processing
    Frac_Dtae = CDbI(Date)
End If

End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let YearsBefore_This_Frac(ByVal vData As Integer)

If Me.FracNo > 0 Then
    vData = CInt((CDbl(Date) - Me.LastFrac_Date) / 365)
    mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac = vData
Else
    mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac = 0
End If

End Property
Public Property Get YearsBefore_This_Frac() As Integer

If Me.FracNo > 1 Then
    mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac = CInt((CDbl(Date) - CDbl(Me.LastFrac_Date)) / 365)
Else
    mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac = 0
End If

YearsBefore_This_Frac = mvarYearsBefore_This_Frac

End Property

```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@'
```

```
Public Sub Well_Data()
```

'This code stores all the parameters without considering frac order inside one Array then ...

'The array later stored these values inside 2 of the class properties Original_Input_Data

'store the original values Well_Input_Data the one takes the changes from text boxes

```
Dim m_Well_Data(22)
```

```
m_Well_Data(0) = Me.Well_No  
m_Well_Data(1) = Me.X_Coor  
m_Well_Data(2) = Me.Y_Coor  
m_Well_Data(3) = Me.Elevation  
'm_Well_Data(4) = Me.Frac_Dtae  
m_Well_Data(5) = Me.FracNo  
m_Well_Data(6) = Me.YearsBefore_This_Frac  
m_Well_Data(7) = Me.Q_Min  
m_Well_Data(8) = Me.Q_Max  
m_Well_Data(9) = Me.Q_Average  
m_Well_Data(10) = Me.No_of_Months_Before_Frac  
m_Well_Data(11) = Me.Q100_Before_This_Frac  
.....
```

```
If DataFor = ViewData Then
```

```
    m_Well_Data(4) = Me.Frac_Dtae  
    m_Well_Data(12) = Me.Frac_Fluid  
    m_Well_Data(13) = Me.Viscosity  
    m_Well_Data(14) = Me.Fluid_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(15) = Me.N2_Rate  
    m_Well_Data(16) = Me.N2_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(17) = Me.Sand_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(18) = Me.Sand_Concentration  
    m_Well_Data(19) = Me.Sand_Mesh  
    m_Well_Data(20) = Me.Acid_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(21) = Me.Average_Rate  
    m_Well_Data(22) = Me.Service_Company
```

```
ElseIf DataFor = FireData Then
```

```
    m_Well_Data(4) = Me.Frac_Dtae  
    m_Well_Data(12) = Me.Frac_Fluid  
    m_Well_Data(13) = Me.Viscosity  
    m_Well_Data(14) = Me.Fluid_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(15) = Me.N2_Rate  
    m_Well_Data(16) = Me.N2_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(17) = Me.Sand_Volume  
    m_Well_Data(18) = Me.Sand_Concentration
```



```

        m_Well_Data(19) = Me.Sand_Mesh
        m_Well_Data(20) = Me.Acid_Volume
        m_Well_Data(21) = Me.Average_Rate
        m_Well_Data(22) = Me.Service_Company
    End If
    .....
```

```

    Me.Original_Input_Data = m_Well_Data
    'Store all the data inside class property Well_Input_Data
    Me.Well_Input_Data = m_Well_Data

    Erase m_Well_Data

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Well_Input_Data(ByVal vData As Variant)
    'This property contains all well data
    mvarWell_Input_Data = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Well_Input_Data() As Variant
    Well_Input_Data = mvarWell_Input_Data
End Property

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Original_Input_Data(ByVal vData As Variant)
    mvarOriginal_Input_Data = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Original_Input_Data() As Variant
    Original_Input_Data = mvarOriginal_Input_Data
End Property

```

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function Changed_Well_Data(vData)

```

```

    'This code store all the values that has been changed from
    'the text box
    Dim m_Well_Data
    m_Well_Data = vData

```

```

    Me.Frac_Fluid = m_Well_Data(12)
    Me.Viscosity = m_Well_Data(13)
    Me.Fluid_Volume = m_Well_Data(14)
    Me.N2_Rate = m_Well_Data(15)
    Me.N2_Volume = m_Well_Data(16)
    Me.Sand_Volume = m_Well_Data(17)
    Me.Sand_Concentration = m_Well_Data(18)
    Me.Sand_Mesh = m_Well_Data(19)

```

```
Me.Acid_Volume = m_Well_Data(20)
Me.Average_Rate = m_Well_Data(21)
Me.Service_Company = m_Well_Data(22)
```

```
Call Me.Well_Data
Changed_Well_Data = Me.Well_Input_Data
```

```
End Function
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Let Well_GA_Input_Data(vData As Variant)
```

```
    mvarWell_GA_Input_Data() = vData
```

```
End Property
```

```
Public Property Get Well_GA_Input_Data() As Variant
```

```
    Well_GA_Input_Data = mvarWell_GA_Input_Data
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
@
```

```
Public Sub GA_Input_Selection(FracID As String, sRow)
```

```
'This code attach all the decoded input parameters to
' the class input properties
```

```
Dim m_Well_Data()
```

```
m_Well_Data = Me.Well_GA_Input_Data
```

```
Select Case FracID
```

```
    Case "First Frac"
```

```
        'Restore the new values
```

```
        Me.Frac_Fluid = m_Well_Data(sRow, 0)
```

```
            Call Viscosity_Selection(m_Well_Data(sRow, 0))
```

```
        Me.Fluid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 1)
```

```
        Me.N2_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 2)
```

```
        Me.N2_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 3)
```

```
        Me.Sand_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 4)
```

```
        Me.Sand_Concentration = m_Well_Data(sRow, 5)
```

```
        Me.Sand_Mesh = m_Well_Data(sRow, 6)
```

```
        Me.Acid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 7)
```

```
        Me.Average_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 8)
```

```
        Me.Service_Company = m_Well_Data(sRow, 9)
```

```
    Case "Second Frac"
```

```
        'Restore the new values
```

```
        Me.Frac_Fluid = m_Well_Data(sRow, 0)
```

```
            Call Viscosity_Selection(m_Well_Data(sRow, 0))
```

```
        Me.Fluid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 1)
```

```
Me.N2_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 2)
Me.N2_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 3)
Me.Sand_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 4)
Me.Sand_Concentration = m_Well_Data(sRow, 5)
Me.Sand_Mesh = m_Well_Data(sRow, 6)
Me.Acid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 7)
Me.Average_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 8)
Me.Service_Company = m_Well_Data(sRow, 9)
```

Case "Third Frac"

```
'Restore the new values
Me.Frac_Fluid = m_Well_Data(sRow, 0)
  Call Viscosity_Selection(m_Well_Data(sRow, 0))
Me.Fluid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 1)
Me.N2_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 2)
Me.N2_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 3)
Me.Sand_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 4)
Me.Sand_Concentration = m_Well_Data(sRow, 5)
Me.Sand_Mesh = m_Well_Data(sRow, 6)
Me.Acid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 7)
Me.Average_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 8)
Me.Service_Company = m_Well_Data(sRow, 9)
```

Case "All Frac"

```
'Restore the new values
Me.Frac_Fluid = m_Well_Data(sRow, 0)
  Call Viscosity_Selection(m_Well_Data(sRow, 0))
Me.Fluid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 1)
Me.N2_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 2)
Me.N2_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 3)
Me.Sand_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 4)
Me.Sand_Concentration = m_Well_Data(sRow, 5)
Me.Sand_Mesh = m_Well_Data(sRow, 6)
Me.Acid_Volume = m_Well_Data(sRow, 7)
Me.Average_Rate = m_Well_Data(sRow, 8)
Me.Service_Company = m_Well_Data(sRow, 9)
```

End Select

```
DataFor = FireData
Me.Well_Data
```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub Viscosity_Selection(Value)
```

```

If Value = 1 Then
    Me.Viscosity = 15
ElseIf Value = 2 Then
    Me.Viscosity = 1
ElseIf Value = 3 Then
    Me.Viscosity = 45
    ' Me.Viscosity = 139.7
End If

```

End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub FinalInputData(InPutData As Variant)
```

'This code stores all the parameters without considering frac order inside one Array then ...

'The array later stored these values inside 2 of the class properties Original_Input_Data
'store the original values Well_Input_Data the one takes the changes from text boxes

```
Dim m_Well_Data(22)
```

```

Me.Well_No = InPutData(0)
Me.X_Coor = InPutData(1)
Me.Y_Coor = InPutData(2)
Me.Elevation = InPutData(3)
' Me.Frac_Dtae = InPutData(4)
Me.FracNo = InPutData(5)
Me.YearsBefore_This_Frac = InPutData(6)
Me.Q_Min = InPutData(7)
Me.Q_Max = InPutData(8)
Me.Q_Average = InPutData(9)
'Me.No_of_Months_Before_Frac = InPutData(10)
Me.Q100_Before_This_Frac = InPutData(11)

```

```
.....
```

```

Me.Frac_Fluid = InPutData(12)
    Call Viscosity_Selection(Me.Frac_Fluid)
    Me.Viscosity = Me.Viscosity
Me.Fluid_Volume = InPutData(14)
Me.N2_Rate = InPutData(15)
Me.N2_Volume = InPutData(16)
Me.Sand_Volume = InPutData(17)
Me.Sand_Concentration = InPutData(18)
Me.Sand_Mesh = InPutData(19)
Me.Acid_Volume = InPutData(20)
Me.Average_Rate = InPutData(21)

```

```
Me.Service_Company = InPutData(22)  
.....
```

```
Me.Well_Input_Data = m_Well_Data
```

```
End Sub
```

Fuzzy Class

Option Explicit

```
Private mvarDoamin_Name           As String
Private mvarDomain_Color          As String
Private mvarDomain_Range          As Double
Private mvarDomain_SubSet         As Integer
Private mvarc_Fuzzy_SubSet        As c_Fuzzy_SubSet
Private mvarDomain_Minimum        As Double
Private mvarDomain_Maximum        As Double
Private mvarDomain_OutputMin      As Integer
Private mvarDomain_OutPutMax      As Integer
Private mvarRuleCase              As String
Private mvarDefault_Rules         As Variant
Private mvarUser_Rules            As Variant
Private mvarAggregatedValue       As Double
Private mvarDiffuzzification      As Double
Private mvarLikelyCandidate       As Double
Private mvarCandidate             As Double
Private mvarNotCandidate          As Double
Private mvarFiredRules            As Variant
```

```
Enum DiffazificationType
    AverageWeight = 0
    Centroid = 1
End Enum
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Private Sub Class_Initialize()
    'create the mc_Fuzzy_SubSet object when the c_Fuzzy_Logic class is created
    Set mvarc_Fuzzy_SubSet = New c_Fuzzy_SubSet
End Sub
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Get c_Fuzzy_SubSet() As c_Fuzzy_SubSet
    Set c_Fuzzy_SubSet = mvarc_Fuzzy_SubSet
End Property
```

```
Public Property Set c_Fuzzy_SubSet(vData As c_Fuzzy_SubSet)
    Set mvarc_Fuzzy_SubSet = vData
End Property
```

```
Public Property Let Doamin_Name(ByVal vData As String)
    'This property stores domain name
    mvarDoamin_Name = vData
End Property
```

```

Public Property Get Doamin_Name() As String
    Doamin_Name = mvarDoamin_Name
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Domain_SubSet(ByVal vData As Integer)
    'Stores the number of Subset in the domain
    mvarDomain_SubSet = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Domain_SubSet() As Integer
    Domain_SubSet = mvarDomain_SubSet
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Domain_Maximum(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarDomain_Maximum = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Domain_Maximum() As Double
    Domain_Maximum = mvarDomain_Maximum
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Domain_Minimum(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarDomain_Minimum = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Domain_Minimum() As Double
    Domain_Minimum = mvarDomain_Minimum
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Get Domain_Range() As Double
    Domain_Range = Me.Domain_Maximum - Me.Domain_Minimum
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Get Domain_OutPutMax() As Integer
    mvarDomain_OutPutMax = 1
    Domain_OutPutMax = mvarDomain_OutPutMax
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

Public Property Get Domain_OutputMin() As Integer
    mvarDomain_OutputMin = 0
    Domain_OutputMin = mvarDomain_OutputMin
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Function GetRules() As Variant

    'opening the data base and get the Rules from the table

```

```

Dim Fuzz_Rules                                As New cOpen_Database

Fuzz_Rules.OpenDatabase
DatReturnen = dtDataArray
Fuzz_Rules.mySQL = "Select * From tbl_FuzzyRules"
'Get all the table structure
Fuzz_Rules.FieldArray = Array("RulesNo", "Condition", "InputOne", "Condition1",
"InputTwo", _
    "Condition2", "InputThree", "Condition3")

    Fuzz_Rules.OpenRecordSet
    GetRules = Fuzz_Rules.DataArray
'Get the Defaults rules
'Fuzz_Rules.FieldArray = Array("Default Rules", "Default True")

Fuzz_Rules.FieldArray = Array("RulesNo", "Condition", "InputOne", "Condition1",
"InputTwo", _
    "Condition2", "InputThree", "Condition3", "Default Rules", "Default
True")

    Fuzz_Rules.OpenRecordSet
    Me.Default_Rules = Fuzz_Rules.DataArray
'Get user rules
' Fuzz_Rules.FieldArray = Array("User Rules", "User True")

Fuzz_Rules.FieldArray = Array("RulesNo", "Condition", "InputOne", "Condition1",
"InputTwo", _
    "Condition2", "InputThree", "Condition3", "User Rules", "User True")

    Fuzz_Rules.OpenRecordSet
    Me.User_Rules = Fuzz_Rules.DataArray

Fuzz_Rules.CCloseDatabse

End Function
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let User_Rules(arr As Variant)
    mvarUser_Rules = arr
End Property
Public Property Get User_Rules() As Variant
    User_Rules = mvarUser_Rules
End Property

```



```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Default_Rules(arr As Variant)
    mvarDefault_Rules = arr
End Property
Public Property Get Default_Rules() As Variant
    Default_Rules = mvarDefault_Rules
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let FiredRules(arr As Variant)
    mvarFiredRules = arr
End Property
Public Property Get FiredRules() As Variant
    FiredRules = mvarFiredRules
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let AggregatedValue(ByVal vData As Double)
    mvarAggregatedValue = vData
End Property
Public Property Get AggregatedValue() As Double
    AggregatedValue = mvarAggregatedValue
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let RuleCase(ByVal vData As String)
    mvarRuleCase = vData
End Property
Public Property Get RuleCase() As String
    RuleCase = mvarRuleCase
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

Public Sub Aggregate()

    If Me.RuleCase = "Not Candidate" Then
        Me.NotCandidate = Me.AggregatedValue
    ElseIf Me.RuleCase = "Likely Candidate" Then
        Me.LikelyCandidate = Me.AggregatedValue
    ElseIf Me.RuleCase = "Candidate" Then
        Me.Candidate = Me.AggregatedValue
    End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let NotCandidate(ByVal vData As Double)

    If Me.NotCandidate >= vData Then
        mvarNotCandidate = Me.NotCandidate

```

```
Else
    mvarNotCandidate = vData
End If
```

End Property

```
Public Property Get NotCandidate() As Double
```

```
    NotCandidate = mvarNotCandidate
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Let LikelyCandidate(ByVal vData As Double)
```

```
    If Me.LikelyCandidate >= vData Then
```

```
        mvarLikelyCandidate = Me.LikelyCandidate
```

```
    Else
```

```
        mvarLikelyCandidate = vData
```

```
    End If
```

End Property

```
Public Property Get LikelyCandidate() As Double
```

```
    LikelyCandidate = mvarLikelyCandidate
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Let Candidate(ByVal vData As Double)
```

```
    If Me.Candidate >= vData Then
```

```
        mvarCandidate = Me.Candidate
```

```
    Else
```

```
        mvarCandidate = vData
```

```
    End If
```

End Property

```
Public Property Get Candidate() As Double
```

```
    Candidate = mvarCandidate
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub ComputeDiffuzifcation(myData, mySlop)
```

```
    Dim i As Integer
```

```
    Dim Results(2) As Double
```

```
    Dim Mid As Double
```

```
    Dim AreaSum As Double
```

```

Dim ResultsSum      As Double

AreaSum = 0
ResultsSum = 0
Results(0) = Me.NotCandidate
Results(1) = Me.LikelyCandidate
Results(2) = Me.Candidate

If Diffuzzification_Type = AverageWeight Then
    'looping through the subsets
    For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)

        AreaSum = Degree_confidence(i, Results(i), myData, mySlop) + AreaSum
        ResultsSum = Results(i) + ResultsSum

    Next

    If ResultsSum = 0 Then
        Diffuzzification = 0
        Exit Sub
    End If

    Diffuzzification = AreaSum / ResultsSum

ElseIf Diffuzzification_Type = Centroid Then

    For i = LBound(myData) To UBound(myData)

        AreaSum = (Degree_confidence(i, Results(i), myData, mySlop) * Results(i)) +
AreaSum
        ResultsSum = Results(i) + ResultsSum

    Next

    If ResultsSum = 0 Then
        Diffuzzification = 0
        Exit Sub
    End If

    Diffuzzification = (AreaSum / ResultsSum) / AreaSum

End If

End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Diffuzzification(ByVal vData As Double)

```

```

    mvarDiffuzzification = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Diffuzzification() As Double
    Diffuzzification = mvarDiffuzzification
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Sub Class_Terminate()
    Set mvarc_Fuzzy_SubSet = Nothing
End Sub
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Private Function Degree_confidence(i, My_Y, myData, mySlop)

```

```

    Dim myPoint                As Integer
    Dim Interval                As Integer
    Dim TotalArea              As Double
    Dim Area(2) As Double

```

```

    If Diffazification_Type = AverageWeight Then

```

```

        Area(i) = My_Y * ((myData(i, LBound(myData, 2)) + myData(i,
UBound(myData, 2))) / 2)

```

```

        TotalArea = Area(i)

```

```

    ElseIf Diffazification_Type = Centroid Then

```

```

        For Interval = 1 To UBound(myData, 2)

```

```

            If mySlop(i, Interval - 1) = 0 Then

```

```

                Area(Interval - 1) = My_Y * (myData(i, Interval) - myData(i, Interval - 1))

```

```

            Else

```

```

                If mySlop(i, Interval - 1) > 0 Then

```

```

                    'the set left side

```

```

                    myData(i, Interval - 1) = -(My_Y) / mySlop(i, Interval - 1) + myData(i,

```

```

Interval)

```

```

                    Area(Interval - 1) = 0.5 * My_Y * (myData(i, Interval) - myData(i, Interval -

```

```

1))

```

```

                ElseIf mySlop(i, Interval - 1) < 0 Then

```

```

                    'the set right side

```

```

                    myData(i, Interval - 1) = (My_Y) / mySlop(i, Interval - 1) + myData(i,

```

```

Interval)

```

```

                    Area(Interval - 1) = 0.5 * My_Y * (myData(i, Interval) - myData(i, Interval -

```

```

1))

```

```

                End If

```

```
End If
TotalArea = TotalArea + Area(Interval - 1)
Next Interval
```

```
End If
```

```
Degree_confidence = TotalArea
```

```
End Function
```

Fuzzy Set Initialization Class

Option Explicit

```
Private mvarSubsets As Integer
Private mvarSubset_Range As Double

Private mvarX_Points As Variant
Private mvarInterval As Double
Private mvarShape As String
Private mvarSlops As Variant
Private mvarState As String
Private mvarOutPut_Value As Double
Private mvarUser_X_Points As Double
Private mvarY_Values_NormalSet As Variant
Private mvarY_Values_CoreSet As Variant
Private mvarY_values As Variant

Dim Y(3) As Integer
Public Enum SubSetType
    Normal_SubSet = 1
    Core_SubSet = 2
    User_Input_SubSet = 3
    OutputSubSet = 4
End Enum
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Subsets(ByVal vData As Integer)
' Stores the number of sunset inside the Domain
    mvarSubsets = vData
End Property

Public Property Get Subsets() As Integer
    Subsets = mvarSubsets
End Property

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Property Let Subset_Range(ByVal vData As Double)
'Stores the range of each set
    mvarSubset_Range = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Subset_Range() As Double
    Subset_Range = mvarSubset_Range
End Property
```

```

Public Property Let Interval(ByVal vData As Double)
    'Stores the inside equale interval of subset
    'Its used in overlab
    mvarInterval = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Interval() As Double
    Interval = mvarInterval
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

```

Public Property Let Shape(ByVal vData As String)
    'The Subset Shape ... Normal / Core
    mvarShape = vData
End Property
Public Property Get Shape() As String
    Shape = mvarShape
End Property
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

```

```

Public Sub Initializing_Subset_Pionts(Min, Percent)

    'Initializing Subset pionts .... With uniform steps(Interval)
    'The Array always include 4 columns refer to the 4 Q_values that construct the Subset
    'While the Rows are variable refer to the # of Subset

```

```

    Dim X As Double
    Dim FuzzySet As Integer
    Dim Point As Integer
    ReDim m_Subset_Pionts(Me.Subsets - 1, 3) As Double

```

```

    'First Point always = to the minimum point in the domain
    X = Min
    'First loob loob through the Subsets number
    For FuzzySet = LBound(m_Subset_Pionts) To UBound(m_Subset_Pionts)
        'second loob..loobs through the points construct the subset
        For Point = LBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2) To UBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2)
            'Initializing subset by subset each set consists of 4 point
            m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point) = X
            'Set the first two points in the first subset equal
            If FuzzySet = LBound(m_Subset_Pionts) Then
                If Point = LBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2) Then m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet,
Point) = X
                    If Point = LBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2) + 1 Then
                        m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point) = m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point - 1)
                        X = X - Interval
                    End If
                'For other than the first subset

```

```

ElseIf FuzzySet > LBound(m_Subset_Pionts) Then
  If Point <= LBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2) + 1 Then
    m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point) = m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet - 1, Point +
2)
    X = X - Me.Interval
  Else
    m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point) = X
  End If
End If

'Set the last two points in the last subset equal
If FuzzySet = UBound(m_Subset_Pionts) And Point =
UBound(m_Subset_Pionts, 2) Then
  m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point) = m_Subset_Pionts(FuzzySet, Point - 1)
End If
X = X + Me.Interval
Next Point
Next FuzzySet

```

```

If SubSet_Type = Normal_SubSet Then
  Me.X_Points = m_Subset_Pionts()
ElseIf SubSet_Type = Core_SubSet Then
  Call CoreShape(m_Subset_Pionts(), Percent)
End If

```

End Sub

```

'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
Public Sub CoreShape(arr, Percent)

```

```

  Dim FuzzySet As Integer
  Dim Point As Integer
  Dim Location As Double

```

```

  For FuzzySet = LBound(arr) To UBound(arr)
    For Point = UBound(arr, 2) To UBound(arr, 2)

```

```

      Location = (arr(FuzzySet, LBound(arr, 2)) + arr(FuzzySet, Point)) * Percent
      arr(FuzzySet, Point - 2) = Location
      arr(FuzzySet, Point - 1) = arr(FuzzySet, Point - 2)

```

```

    Next Point
  Next FuzzySet

```

```

  Me.X_Points = arr

```


End Sub

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Let X_Points(arr As Variant)
```

```
    mvarX_Points = arr
```

```
End Property
```

```
Public Property Get X_Points() As Variant
```

```
    X_Points = mvarX_Points
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Property Get Y_Values_NormalSet() As Variant
```

```
    Y(0) = 0: Y(1) = 1: Y(2) = 1: Y(3) = 0
```

```
    Y_Values_NormalSet = Y()
```

```
End Property
```

```
'@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
```

```
Public Sub InitializingSlop(arr)
```

```
    'code to calculate different slops in each Fz set
```

```
    Dim FuzzySet           As Integer
```

```
    Dim Point              As Integer
```

```
    Dim vData
```

```
    Dim Y
```

```
    vData = arr
```

```
    Y = Y_Values_NormalSet
```

```
    ReDim m_Slop(Me.Subsets - 1, UBound(vData, 2) - 1) As Double
```

```
    For FuzzySet = LBound(vData) To UBound(vData)
```

```
        'Starting from the second point
```

```
        For Point = (LBound(vData, 2) + 1) To UBound(vData, 2)
```

```
            If Y(Point) = Y(Point - 1) Then
```

```
                m_Slop(FuzzySet, Point - 1) = 0
```

```
            'this Condition is when two X values are equal
```

```
            ElseIf vData(FuzzySet, Point) = vData(FuzzySet, Point - 1) Then
```

```
                m_Slop(FuzzySet, Point - 1) = 0
```

```
            Else
```

```
                'slop in the left of the Fz set always > 0 (increasing)
```

```
                'slop in the right of the Fz set always < 0 (decreasing)
```

```
                m_Slop(FuzzySet, Point - 1) = (Y(Point) - Y(Point - 1)) / _  
                    (vData(FuzzySet, Point) - vData(FuzzySet, Point - 1))
```

```
            End If
```

```
        Next Point
```

Next FuzzySet

Me.Slops = m_Slop()

End Sub

'@@

Public Property Let Slops(arr As Variant)

 mvarSlops = arr

End Property

Public Property Get Slops() As Variant

 Slops = mvarSlops

End Property

'@@

Public Property Let OutPut_Value(ByVal vData As Double)

 mvarOutPut_Value = vData

End Property

Public Property Get OutPut_Value() As Double

 OutPut_Value = mvarOutPut_Value

End Property