Maine State Library **Digital Maine**

All Bureau of Labor Standards Documents

Bureau of Labor Standards

2-1-1991

Maine Construction Wage Rates 1990

Maine Department of Labor

Maine Bureau of Labor Standards

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalmaine.com/bls_docs

Recommended Citation

Maine Department of Labor and Maine Bureau of Labor Standards, "Maine Construction Wage Rates 1990" (1991). All Bureau of Labor Standards Documents. 117.

https://digitalmaine.com/bls_docs/117

This Text is brought to you for free and open access by the Bureau of Labor Standards at Digital Maine. It has been accepted for inclusion in All Bureau of Labor Standards Documents by an authorized administrator of Digital Maine. For more information, please contact statedocs@maine.gov.

TABORE DEPARTMENT OF

BUREAU OF LABOR STANDARDS

Research and Statistics Division

Maine Construction Wage Rates 1990

The Maine Construction Wage Survey is conducted annually under the Prevailing Wage Rate on Construction Projects Law. The major purpose of the survey is to provide hourly wage data for use in setting minimum rates of pay on State-funded construction projects. The 1990 survey initially included 2,315 construction firms, a decrease of 14.6 percent from 1989. Data from 718 respondents was used to produce the 1991 determinations and, subsequently, this publication. There were 1,232 unused reports, and an additional 365 reports that were not returned. Of the unused reports, 1,032 were from companies having fewer than five employees and 120 were from companies no longer operating. The data presented is based on 11,845 workers (24.3 percent fewer than in 1989), or 39.8 percent of the estimated 29,795 employees in the Construction Industry Division in September 1990.

The industry-wide average hourly wage for 1990 was \$10.11, which is 1.1 percent higher than the 1989 average of \$10.00. Likewise, there were increases in the wage rates in two of the major industry groups, and a decrease in the third group within construction. The largest percent change occurred in Highway and Heavy Construction with a 13.0 percent increase. Building Construction had a 5.0 percent decrease. Special Trades Contractors had an increase of 3.0 percent.

AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE RATES BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP, 1986–1990

	AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE				
	<u>1990</u>	1989	1988	1987	1986
Construction Industry	\$10.11	\$10.00	\$9.35	\$8.71	\$8.70
Building Construction Highway & Heavy Construction Special Trades Construction	10.04 9.26 10.62	10.55 8.20 10.32	9.05 8.65 9.90	8.81 7.77 9.09	8.44 7.39 9.49

BLS 629 February 1991

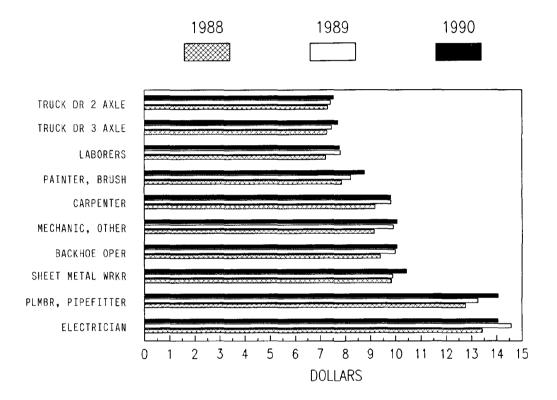
HOURLY WAGE RATES FOR SELECTED CONSTRUCTION TRADES, MAINE, 1991

	Number of		Hourly Wage Rate			
	Workers	Low	Median	<u>High</u>	<u>Average</u>	
Building Construction (SIC 15)						
Backhoe Operator Bulldozer Operator Carpenter Cement Finisher Crane Operator (15 Tons or More) Electrician Ironworker, Reinforcing Ironworker, Structural Laborer, Helper Mason (Including Bricklayers) Mechanic, Other Millwright Painter, Brush Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter Sheet Metal Worker Truck Driver (2-Axle)	36 13 1,574 74 12 63 14 78 701 44 22 46 50 202 35 25	\$ 7.00 8.00 5.00 5.50 8.50 6.24 8.00 6.30 4.25 6.25 6.00 10.00 5.00 6.50 5.50	\$10.00 9.50 9.40 9.00 11.00 14.50 14.55 14.50 7.50 9.47 10.75 15.60 9.18 17.50 7.25 7.25	\$14.00 13.00 20.30 18.00 15.60 20.00 16.00 16.77 14.05 17.10 15.60 17.40 14.00 17.50 13.20 10.15	\$ 9.93 9.69 9.72 9.72 12.26 13.93 12.91 13.23 7.99 11.31 11.40 14.67 9.33 16.32 7.64 7.47	
Highway & Heavy Construction (SIC 16)						
Backhoe Operator Bituminous Raker & Spreader Bulldozer Operator Carpenter Cement Finisher Crane Operator (Less Than 15 Tons) Crane Operator (15 Tons or More) Crusher Plant Operator Driller, Rock Grader/Scraper Operator Ironworker, Structural Laborer, Helper Line Erector Loader Operator, Front-End Mechanic, Other Paver, Bituminous Pipelayer Roller Operator Truck Driver (2-Axle) Truck Driver (3-Axle) Truck Driver (Tractor-Trailer)	150 55 114 244 14 26 55 34 15 23 32 724 64 145 169 49 33 94 176 372 71	6.50 5.57 6.50 6.50 8.50 8.00 6.50 7.50 7.00 6.50 3.85 5.00 6.00 4.00 6.50 5.50 4.00 6.50 5.50 6.00	10.00 7.75 9.50 10.00 11.00 13.50 12.40 8.50 8.00 9.93 10.50 7.00 9.62 9.25 9.95 9.05 11.00 8.75 7.00 7.50 8.35	21.73 12.20 21.59 15.00 14.00 16.50 17.50 12.85 10.00 13.25 15.50 16.00 19.00 15.36 23.95 13.25 16.50 13.25 15.36 12.85	10.54 7.83 10.08 10.25 11.00 13.00 13.23 9.10 8.37 9.98 10.97 7.31 10.37 9.46 10.06 9.24 11.37 8.79 7.35 7.63 8.89	
Special Trades Contractors (SIC 17)						
Asbestos Abatement Worker Backhoe Operator Bituminous Raker & Spreader Boilermaker Bulldozer Operator Carpenter Cement Finisher	165 194 10 170 121 250 54	7.00 6.50 5.00 14.00 6.00 4.50 5.75	10.00 9.50 8.00 19.88 9.00 9.50 9.00	13.50 16.00 11.00 19.88 21.73 16.35 16.25	9.52 9.69 7.98 19.57 9.46 9.86 9.53	

	Number of	Hourly Wage Rate			
	Workers	Low	<u>Median</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Average</u>
Special Trades Contractors (SIC 17) (con't.)				
Crane Operator (Less Than 15 Tons) Crane Operator (15 Tons or More) Crusher Plant Operator Drywall Applicator Drywall Taper & Finisher Electrician Glazier Grader/Scraper Operator Insulation Worker Ironworker, Reinforcing Ironworker, Structural Laborer, Helper Loader Operator, Front End Mason (Including Bricklayer) Mechanic, Refrigeration Mechanic, Other Millwright Oilburner Repairer Painter, Brush Painter, Spray Paperhanger Pipelayer Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter Roller Operator Roofer Sheet Metal Worker Sprinkler Fitter Truck Driver (2-Axle) Truck Driver (3-Axle) Truck Driver (Tractor-Trailer)	12 16 13 109 77 628 11 16 106 29 48 1,114 84 150 37 94 95 58 218 62 28 23 496 17 217 301 44 136 266 37	\$ 6.50 7.50 6.00 5.00 8.00 5.25 8.00 7.00 5.50 8.85 4.25 6.00 9.00 6.00 9.00 6.00 5.50 8.75 7.50 5.50 6.00 6.25 6.00 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.5	\$16.62 10.70 9.50 13.00 13.00 14.00 10.00 9.50 9.75 12.00 17.07 7.50 8.75 13.32 12.50 9.42 16.00 10.42 8.50 8.12 9.50 8.50 12.00 7.25 9.13 10.80 13.25 7.70 7.50 9.00	\$21.73 14.00 13.75 16.50 16.00 21.11 12.25 15.50 14.25 17.07 18.07 19.80 14.00 18.79 20.15 16.50 16.50 16.50 12.00 24.00 12.50 12.00 24.00 17.65 20.78 17.25 13.50 11.75 11.00	\$15.57 10.84 9.76 12.17 12.32 14.02 9.96 10.38 9.55 12.77 15.13 7.90 8.89 12.40 12.66 9.72 15.06 10.82 8.61 8.56 9.50 8.45 13.04 7.32 9.43 10.74 12.71 7.77 7.73 8.83
Trades in More Than One SIC					
Asbestos Abatement Worker Backhoe Operator Bituminous Raker/Spreader Boilermaker Bulldozer Operator Carpenter Cement Finisher Crane Operator (Less Than 15 Tons) Crane Operator (15 Tons or More) Crusher Plant Operator Driller, Rock Drywall Applicator Drywall Taper and Finisher Electrician Glazier Grader/Scraper Operator Insulation Worker Ironworker, Reinforcing	165 380 65 191 248 2,068 142 46 83 47 15 120 80 742 11 39 108 93	7.00 6.50 5.00 11.00 6.00 4.50 5.50 6.50 7.50 6.00 7.50 5.00 8.00 5.25 8.00 7.00 5.00	10.00 9.97 8.00 19.88 9.25 9.50 9.00 13.50 12.00 8.75 8.00 13.00 14.32 10.00 9.93 9.75 13.50	13.50 21.73 12.20 19.88 21.73 20.30 18.00 21.73 17.50 13.75 10.00 16.50 16.00 21.11 12.25 15.50 14.25 17.07	9.52 10.05 7.85 18.91 9.75 9.80 9.77 13.21 12.63 9.28 8.37 11.73 12.18 14.05 9.96 10.15 9.47 13.01

The graph below illustrates the average wage for ten construction trades with the highest concentration of workers. Although all of the trades had increases for 1987 and 1988, the electrician and laborer trades had decreases for 1990. The remaining eight trades were either virtually unchanged or had increases for 1990.

AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE RATES, BY SELECTED TRADES, 1988–1990



MAINE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STANDARDS DIVISION OF RESEARCH AND STATISTICS State House Station 45, Augusta, ME. 04333

DO NOT FORWARD, ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED RETURN POSTAGE GUARANTEED

BULK RATE
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT NO..8..
AUGUSTA, MAINE
04333

	Number of	Hourly Wage Rate			
	Workers	Low	Median	High	Average
Trades in More Than One SIC (con't	t.)				
Ironworker, Structural	158	\$ 6.30	\$14.50	\$18.07	\$13.35
Laborer, Helper	2,539	3.85	7.30	19.80	7.76
Line Erector	91	4.35	9.25	19.00	9.57
Loader Operator, Front End	236	5.50	9.00	15.36	9.22
Mason (Including Bricklayer)	199	6.00	12.50	18.79	12.13
Mechanic, Refrigeration	37	9.00	12.50	20.15	12.66
Mechanic, Other	285	4.00	9.79	23.95	10.05
Millwright	212	8.75	15.50	17.40	14.58
Oilburner Repairer	59	7.50	10.35	16.00	10.79
Painter, Brush	268	5.00	8.50	14.75	8.75
Painter, Spray	70	5.50	8.50	14.50	8.80
Paperhanger	28	8.00	9.50	12.50	9.50
Paver, Bituminous	55	6.00	9.00	13.25	9.21
Pipelayer	56	6.25	9.12	16.50	10.17
Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter	839	6.00	14.50	24.00	14.05
Resilient Floor Layer	16	7.00	8.20	11.50	9.06
Rigger	50	8.50	14.00	15.00	13.12
Roller Operator	111	5.50	8.25	13.25	8.56
Roofer	225	5.50	9.00	17.65	9.35
Sheet Metal Worker	338	4.50	10.50	20.78	10.42
Sprinkler Fitter	44	6.50	13.25	17.25	12.71
Tool Operator, Power Actuated	16	8.00	9.50	21.73	12.40
Truck Driver (2-Axle)	337	4.00	7.50	13.50	7.53
Truck Driver (3-Axle)	645	5.00	7.50	15.36	7.69
Truck Driver (Tractor-Trailer)	113	6.00	8.75	12.85	8.91

NOTES

Average Wage: The average wage is calculated by multiplying individual rates for each occupation by the number of workers paid that rate, adding the results, then dividing by the number of workers in that occupation.

Median Wage: Literally, the middle rate, that is, no more than half the workers in a trade earn less and no more than half the workers earn more than this amount.

Source of September 1990 employment data: Bureau of Employment Security, Division of Economic Analysis and Research, Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment.

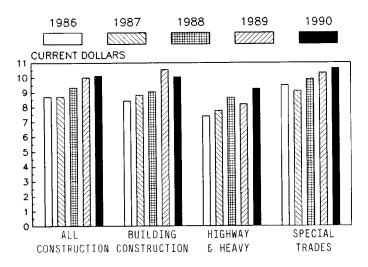
TECHNICAL NOTES

Rates shown in this publication should not be confused with rates issued with any determination under the Minimum Wage Rate on Construction Projects Law. There are two major differences between this data and the determined rates. First, the industry groups differ significantly. For this publication, the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system Major Industry Groups are used. Prevailing wage determinations, on the other hand, cross SIC groups. Second, no rate is set for a trade having fewer than 10 workers statewide, so as not to violate confidentiality restrictions.

Material in this publication is in the public domain and may, with appropriate credit, be reproduced without permission.

The following graph illustrates the data from the table on page one. It demonstrates that the construction industry as a whole has had increased wages each year. Building Construction had a decrease in wages for the year 1990. Highway and Heavy Construction experienced an increase in 1990 wages after experiencing a decrease in 1989. Although workers in Special Trades Contracting had a decrease in 1987, there has been a wage increase for the last three years.

AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE RATES, BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP, 1986–1990



As indicated by the following graph, the current dollar wages have remained steady or increased at a faster rate than the constant dollar, adjusted for inflation by the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Consumer Price Index (CPI-W).

AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE RATES, CURRENT AND CONSTANT (1982–1984 Base), ALL CONSTRUCTION, 1982–1990

