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STATE of MAINE

Compendium of State Fiscal Information

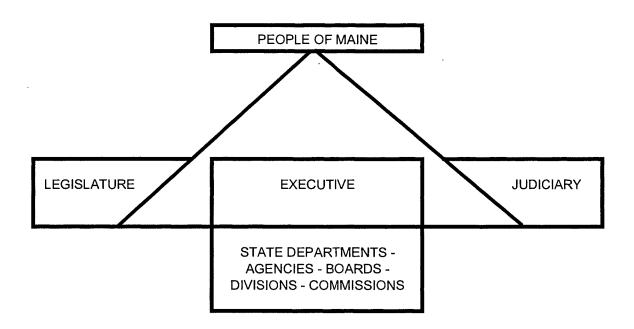
THROUGH FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001

PREPARED BY:

Maine State Legislature Office of Fiscal and Program Review

PUB. #33 September, 2002

STATE OF MAINE



COMPENDIUM OF STATE FISCAL INFORMATION THROUGH FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001

PUB. #33 SEPTEMBER, 2002 Prepared by:
MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE
OFFICE OF
FISCAL AND PROGRAM REVIEW

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SECTION I - INTRODUCTION

The Compendium of State Fiscal Information, updated on an annual basis, provides a summary of the most important fiscal information affecting Maine State Government. It compiles a summary of actual operating revenue and expenditures, descriptions of revenue sources, and summaries of Maine's debt, the Maine Rainy Day Fund and Maine's tax burden. The Office of Fiscal and Program Review hopes you find this information useful. Recent expansions to this report as part of efforts to improve its usefulness may result in some questions for those users who may be using this information for historical purposes. Questions regarding conversions of data or suggestions for improvements to this report should be directed to: Office of Fiscal and Program Review, 5 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0005, Telephone: (207) 287-1635.

Report Layout

This report presents information in 6 different sections. The first section, the *Introduction*, presents an overview of the report and some of the accounting methods used for the data included in this report. The second section, Revenues and Expenditures, provides revenue and expenditure detail of the operating funds of Maine State Government. The third section, Summary of Major Taxes and Revenue Sources, provides brief summaries of the taxes and revenue sources included in the Revenues and Expenditures section. These summaries provide a discussion of the current tax rates, current fees and assessments or the types of revenue items that are included under a particular type of revenue source. Revenue notes are included with each summary that reference the revenue tables in the Revenue and Expenditures section. Most of the summaries will also include a history providing information on when the tax, fee, or assessment was first adopted and the major amendments affecting that tax, fee, or assessment. The next section includes a summary of Maine's Bonded Debt, which includes a summary of debt of the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority. The following section provides a history of the Maine Rainy Day Fund, a reserve fund for the prepayment of outstanding bonds or expenditures for major construction. The final section, State and Local Tax Burdens, provides a history of Maine's taxes per capita and taxes as a percentage of personal income, as well as a comparison of Maine's tax burden with the other New England states and the average for the United States.

Accounting and State Fiscal Year

The information in this report is presented on a budgetary basis, which summarizes all funds as they are recorded on the official accounting system maintained in the Bureau of Accounts and Control within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services. (Note: some minor adjustments have been made by the Office of Fiscal and Program Review to correct for certain data entry errors.) Revenue recognition and the amounts included in this report are based on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The major taxes subject to accrual are the individual income tax, sales and use tax and the telecommunications personal property tax. At the end of fiscal year 1999, fuel taxes and, at the end of fiscal year 2000, several additional taxes were subject to accrual. Revenues from other sources are recognized when received and expenditures are recorded when paid.

The Maine State Government's fiscal year runs from July 1st to June 30th. References to fiscal year throughout this report will use the year in which the fiscal year ends, i.e., fiscal year 2001 refers to the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2001.

Fund Accounting

The normal operations of Maine State Government are recorded and controlled on a fund basis in three major operating funds: General Fund, Highway Fund and Other Special Revenue Funds. The tables in Section II provide a summary of total revenues and expenditures of these three major operating funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of Maine State Government. It receives revenue from general state revenue sources not otherwise accounted for in another fund. The largest sources of revenue are from the Individual Income Tax, Corporate Income Tax and Sales and Use Taxes. These three major taxes account for over 85% of General Fund revenue. The Graph and Tables on pages 8 to 11 provide a summary of revenues and expenditures of the General Fund.

Highway Fund

The Highway Fund is used to account for revenue derived from fees, excise and license taxes relating to the registration, operation, and use of vehicles on public highways and from fuel used for the propulsion of these vehicles, with fuel taxes representing approximately two-thirds of Highway Fund revenue. Pursuant to the Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 19, this revenue must be used for highway related activities. This revenue is expended primarily within the Departments of Transportation, Public Safety and the Secretary of State (Bureau of Motor Vehicles). The Graph and Tables on pages 13 to 16 summarize the revenues and expenditures of the Highway Fund.

Other Special Revenue Funds

Other Special Revenue Funds receive their revenues from segregated or dedicated sources. The funds are expended by category for special purposes. The major source of revenue in Other Special Revenue Funds is derived from the federal government, including federal matching funds and grants. These revenues from the federal government accounted for over three-quarters of Other Special Revenue Funds. The Graph and Tables on pages 17 to 20 summarize the revenues and expenditures grouped under Other Special Revenue Funds.

Other Funds

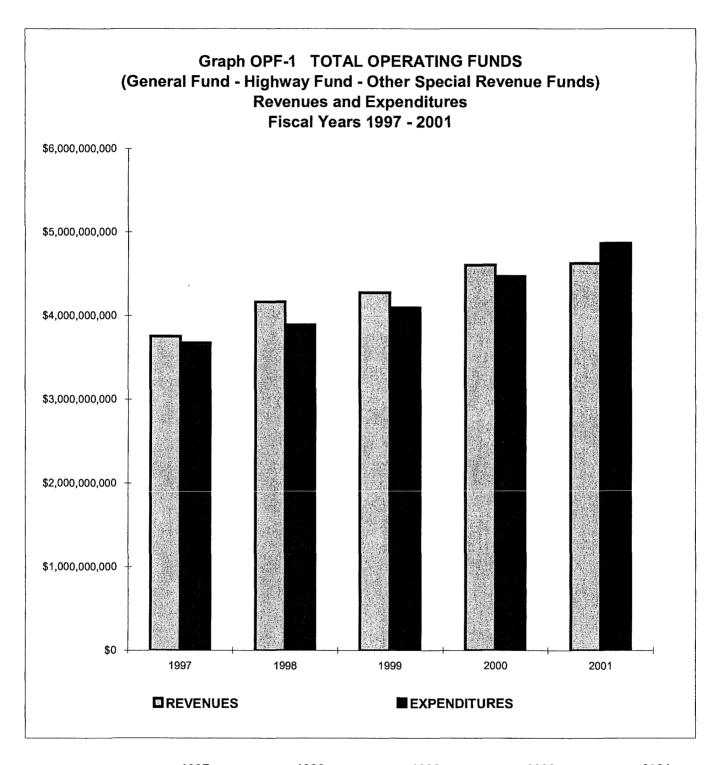
In addition to the three operating funds that are listed above, there are numerous other funds that are used to record specific activities. The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for issuance of general obligation debt and the use of general obligation debt proceeds as well as the revenue collected for the payment of principal and interest on certain revenue bonds. *Capital Project Funds* are used to account for financial resources used to acquire major capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds. *Proprietary funds* are used to account for on-going activities supported by fees for goods or services, with *Enterprise Funds* accounting for activities offering goods and services to the general public and *Internal Services Funds* accounting for the offering of goods and services between state agencies. *Fiduciary funds*, including *Expendable Trust Funds*, *Non-expendable Trust Funds* and *Agency Funds*, are used to account for assets held by the State acting as a trustee or an agent for individuals, organizations or other funds.

Sources

The information contained in this report was compiled from the following sources:

- State Controller's records and reports;
- State Treasury reports;
- the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated;
- various state departments and agencies; and
- the U.S. Department of Commerce.

SECTION II - REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES



	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
REVENUES	\$3,752,126,051	\$4,165,621,749	\$4,276,258,395	\$4,604,954,196	\$4,627,546,831
Annual % Change	4.4%	11.0%	2.7%	7.7%	0.5%
EXPENDITURES	\$3,673,594,104	\$3,889,786,325	\$4,094,632,272	\$4,471,870,209	\$4,868,441,641
Annual % Change	5.1%	5.9%	5.3%	9.2%	8.9%

Table OPF-1 Total Operating Funds - Revenue (General Fund, Highway Fund, & Other Special Revenue Funds) Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

			scal Teals	, 100						
	1997	% of	1998	% of	1999	% of	2000	% of	2001	% of
REVENUE SOURCE	s	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total
Income Taxes	\$870,267,077		\$1,015,356,541	24.37%					\$1,265,980,568	27.36%
Sales and Use Taxes	\$742,207,541	19.78%	\$833,755,672		\$814,321,902	19.04%	\$847,357,615		\$818,060,594	17.68%
Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing	(\$1,534,557)		(\$4,809,415)		\$12,926,674	0.30%	\$24,513	0.00%		
Estate Tax	\$14,770,860	0.39%	\$40,535,598	0.97%	\$12,920,074	0.70%	\$58,803,666	1.28%	1 '	0.66%
							, ,			
Cigarette Tax	\$45,376,740	1.21%	\$71,721,183	1.72%	\$78,358,953	1.83%	\$74,933,325	1.63%		1.61%
Tobacco Products Tax	\$2,671,255	0.07%	\$2,649,058	0.06%	\$2,891,201	0.07%	\$3,409,846	0.07%	l i	0 07%
Cig. & Tobacco Products License Fees	\$19,940	0.00%	\$19,545	0.00%	\$30,825	0.00%	\$46,901	0.00%	1	0.00%
Liquor Taxes	\$32,582,016	0.87%	\$32,816,124	0.79%	\$32,092,283	0.75%	\$36,164,656	0.79%	\$37,156,318	0.80%
Liquor License Fees	\$3,088,049	0.08%	\$2,960,814	0.07%	\$2,904,977	0.07%	\$3,067,067	0.07%	\$3,000,776	0.06%
Insurance Premium Tax	\$39,642,756	1.06%	\$39,153,496	0.94%	\$37,730,425	0.88%	\$42,697,847	0 93%	\$43,576,501	0.94%
Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax	\$2,126,148	0.06%	\$2,109,489	0.05%	\$2,370,159	0.06%	\$2,163,052	0.05%	1	0.05%
Insurance Company Assessment	\$1,050,456	0.03%	\$2,291,135	0.06%	\$98,700	0.00%	\$1,451,539	0.03%	\$376	0.00%
Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers	\$6,730,386	0.18%	\$8,126,555	0.20%	\$6,921,706	0.16%	\$6,741,940	0.15%	\$6,611,636	0.14%
Safety and Education Fund Assessment	\$1,782,403	0.05%	\$1,887,220	0.05%	\$1,928,414	0.05%	\$2,051,670	0.04%	\$1,888,410	0.04%
Insurance License & Other Ins. Fees	\$2,266,736	0.06%	\$4,680,691	0.11%	\$1,586,909	0.04%	\$6,390,422	0.14%	\$3,656,728	0.08%
Banking Industry Fees & Assessments	\$9,736,226	0.26%	\$13,067,405	0.31%	\$12,226,727	0.29%	\$13,388,240	0.29%	\$14,661,358	0.32%
Corporation Fees & Licenses	\$2,647,928	0.07%	\$2,842,889	0.07%	\$3,113,991	0.07%	\$3,128,892	0.07%	\$3,313,312	0.07%
Hospital Assessment	\$138,498,110	3.69%	\$128,805,830	3 09%	\$321,065	0.01%	\$375,555	0.01%	\$2,413,174	0.05%
Hospital License Fees	\$24,279	0.00%	\$282,408	0.01%	\$276,598	0.01%	\$275,106	0.01%	\$273,339	0.01%
Railroad Company Tax	\$491,048	0.01%	\$574,436	0.01%	\$496,701	0.01%	\$515,949	0.01%	\$600,206	0.01%
Telecommunications Personal Prop. Tax	\$28,259,462	0.75%	\$28,910,458	0.69%	\$29,324,167	0.69%	\$15,420,982	0.33%	\$29,326,573	0.63%
Public Utilities Assessments	\$10,558,125	0.28%	\$8,568,767	0.21%	\$9,689,168	0.23%	\$3,908,714	0.08%	\$9,867,956	0.21%
Real Estate Transfer Tax	\$10,981,254	0.29%	\$12,904,437	0.31%	\$15,998,902	0.37%	\$18,636,729	0.40%	\$17,328,461	0.37%
Unorganized Territory Taxes	\$13,929,921	0.37%	\$14,005,251	0.34%	\$13,177,693	0.31%	\$14,905,492	0.32%	1	0.39%
Commercial Forestry Excise Tax	\$2,728,065	0 07%	\$3,325,828	0.08%	\$3,093,662	0.07%	\$3,078,166	0 07%	Į i	0.06%
Gasoline Tax	\$121,251,385	3.23%	\$124,382,013	2.99%	\$136,180,929	3.18%	\$146,122,142	3.17%	1	3.20%
Special Fuel	\$26,675,634	0 71%	\$28,935,477	0.69%	\$33,253,461	0.78%	\$31,563,077	0.69%		0.81%
Aeronautical Gasoline & Jet Fuel Taxes	\$709,073	0.02%	\$779,236	0.02%	\$907,481	0.02%	\$999,110	0.02%		0.02%
Motor Vehicle & Oper. License Fees	\$68,162,235	1 82%	\$69,967,358	1.68%	\$73,863,120	1.73%	\$83,857,701	1.82%	ł	1 85%
Hunting and Fishing Licenses	\$12,699,713	0.34%	\$14,063,498	0.34%	\$14,061,016	0.33%	\$14,402,236	0.31%		0.31%
ATV. Snowmobile & Watercraft Fees	\$3,061,205	0.08%	\$4,443,557		\$5.128.934		\$5.798.198	0.13%	ł	0.14%
	1	0.06%		0.11%	\$2,033,778	0.12%				
Marine Resources Licenses	\$2,350,805		\$2,473,054 \$185,767	0.06%		0.05%	\$2,135,544	0.05%		0.05%
Sardine Tax	\$257,980	0.01%		0.00%	\$90,629	0.00%	\$89,284	0 00%	}	0.00%
Atlantic Salmon License Fees	\$182,476	0.00%	\$263,918	0.01%	\$282,148	0.01%	\$284,355	0.01%		0.01%
Mahogany Quahog Tax	\$44,194	0.00%	\$60,122	0.00%	\$70,605	0.00%	\$76,694	0.00%	1	0.00%
Environmental Protection Fees	\$15,961,139	0.43%	\$21,037,461	0.51%	\$19,414,560	0.45%	\$16,617,837	0.36%	1	0.51%
Recycling Assistance Fee	\$1,558,921	0.04%	\$1,129,261	0.03%	\$1,331,814	0.03%	\$1,199,838	0.03%		0.03%
Professional & Occupational Fees	\$4,092,536	0.11%	\$5,160,187	0.12%	\$4,675,466	0.11%	\$5,792,047	0.13%	1	0.11%
Milk Pool & Other Milk Fees	\$887,095	0.02%	\$917,212	0.02%	\$922,459	0.02%	\$230,646	0.01%		0.01%
Milk Handling & Dairy Stabilization Taxes	\$644,529	0.02%	\$489,091	0.01%	\$75,143	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	í	0.00%
Blueberry Tax ,	\$646,456	0.02%	\$824,616	0.02%	\$685,056	0.02%	\$744,755	0.02%		0.03%
Potato Tax	\$874,490	0.02%	\$751,943	0.02%	\$776,512	0.02%	\$665,941	0.01%	\$672,482	0.01%
Pari-mutuel Revenue	\$4,185,226	0.11%	\$4,005,686	0.10%	\$4,687,137	0.11%	\$4,369,810	0.09%	\$4,697,298	0.10%
Misc. Other Taxes, Fees & Assessments	\$6,624,489	0.18%	\$5,184,834	0.12%	\$5,216,711	0.12%	\$5,906,489	0.13%	\$6,220,397	0.13%
Lottery Revenue	\$42,005,526	1.12%	\$41,846,693	1.00%	\$41,358,353	0.97%	\$39,570,878	0.86%	\$36,839,218	0.80%
From Federal Government	\$1,221,712,470	32.56%	\$1,335,164,933	32.05%	\$1,375,968,485	32.18%	\$1,477,940,260	32.09%	\$1,532,423,451	33.12%
From Local Governments	\$6,647,372	0.18%	\$7,171,123	0 17%	\$10,943,851	0.26%	\$9,590,818	0.21%	\$7,837,235	0.17%
From Private Sources	\$77,705,385	2.07%	\$95,430,291	2.29%	\$107,234,145	2.51%	\$186,747,211	4.06%	\$150,154,312	3.24%
Service Charges - Current Services	\$82,376,502	2.20%	\$82,939,111	1 99%	\$83,621,665	1.96%	\$83,409,311	1.81%	\$100,217,130	2.17%
Contrib. and Trans. from Other Funds	\$8,713,114	0.23%	(\$8,483,132)	-0.20%	\$9,325,230	0.22%	\$16,058,513	0.35%		
State Cost Allocation Program Revenue	\$8,145,380	0 22%	\$6,728,975	0.16%	\$8,312,833	0.19%	\$8,636,012	0.19%		0.15%
Sales & Comp. for Loss of Property	\$2,604,597	0.07%	\$3,250,704	0 08%	\$3,396,580	0.08%	\$3,263,554	0 07%		0.10%
Fines, Forfeits & Penalties	\$28,757,976	0 77%	\$31,120,879	0.75%	\$32,956,646	0 77%	\$34,537,604	0.75%	1	0.88%
Earnings on Investments	\$13,181,812	0.35%	\$16,440,094	0.75%	\$34,382,361	0.80%	\$34,975,249	0.76%		0.74%
Maine Turnpike Authority Reimbursement	\$8,504,116	0.23%	\$2,416,374	0 06%	\$3,570,827	0.00%	\$3,465,260	0.70%		0.06%
			\$4,165,621,749						\$4,627,546,831	100.0%
Total - All Operating Funds Revenue	\$3,752,126,051	100.070	94,102,041,749	100.0%	045,6010,408,3Y5	100.070	94,170,4004,734,170	100.0%	בס,040,031 בט,רק.	100.0%

See Revenue Notes in Section III - Summary of Major Revenue Sources for more detail

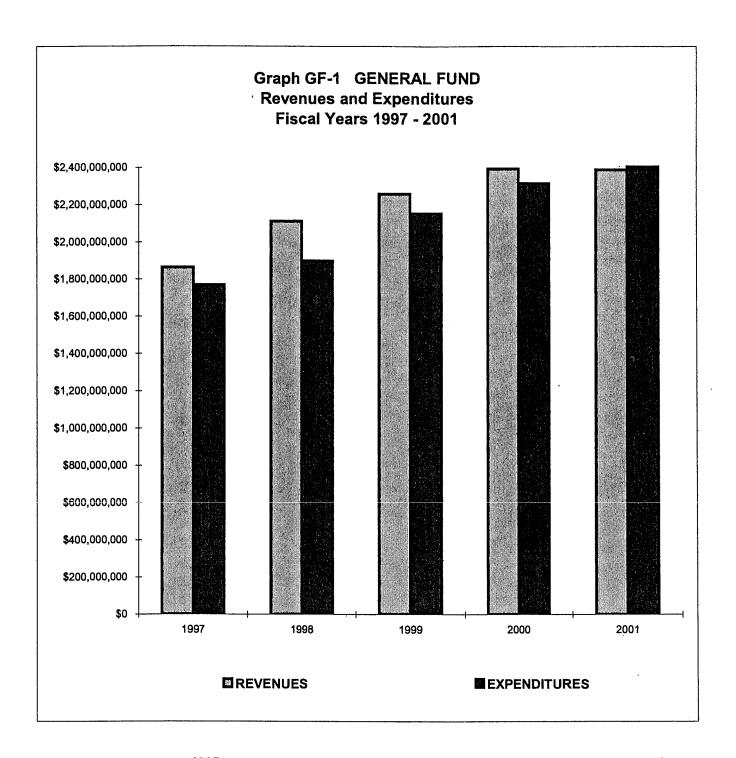
Table OPF-2 Total Operating Funds - Expenditures by Departments & Major Programs Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of		% of		% of		% of		% of Total
Departments/Programs	S	Total	\$	Total	<u> </u>	Total	\$	Total	\$	TOTAL
Administrative and Financial Services Tax Relief & Reimbursement Programs	\$22,844,625	0.62%	\$45,934,639	1.18%	\$98,604,976	2.41%	\$108.663.346	2.43%	\$117,456,550	2 41%
Governmental Facilities Authority Debt	\$0	0.02%	\$0	0.00%	\$98,004,970	0.00%	\$100,005,540	0.00%	\$7,271,249	0.15%
Other DAFS Programs	\$54,012,218	1.47%	\$53,983,382	1.39%	\$62,091,889	1.52%	\$77,176,178	1.73%	\$109,203,529	2 24%
Administrative and Financial Services	\$76,856,843	2.09%	\$99,918,021	2.57%	\$160,696,865	3.92%	\$185,839,524	4.16%	\$233,931,327	4 81%
Agriculture, Food & Rural Resources	\$20,586,543	0.56%	\$17,916,256	0.46%	\$16,293,648	0.40%	\$16,291,811	0.36%	1	041%
Attorney General	\$13,601,359	0.37%	\$14,441,112	0.37%	\$16,638,869	0.41%	\$17,776,640	0.40%	\$20,012,543	041%
Conservation	\$27,295,552	0.74%	\$29,239,365	0.75%	\$30,487,344	0.74%	\$44,549,838	1.00%	\$37,582,307	0 77%
Corrections										
Adult Facilities	\$40,199,302	1.09%	\$43,101,751	1.11%	\$46,609,050	1.14%	\$48,705,894	1.09%	\$54,055,893	1.11%
Juvenile Facilities	\$10,480,996	0.29%	\$12,904,568	0.33%	\$15,058,490	0.37%	\$16,687,184	0.37%	\$19,132,372	0.39%
Other Corrections Programs	\$17,272,512	0.47%	\$19,637,979	0.50%	\$20,514,767	0.50%	\$30,248,710	0.68%	\$27,089,581	0.56%
Corrections	\$67,952,810	1.85%	\$75,644,297	1.94%	\$82,182,307	2.01%	\$95,641,788	2 14%	\$100,277,847	2.06%
Cultural Agencies	\$6,571,465	0.18%	\$6,003,080	0.15%	\$7,043,295	0 17%	\$10,309,106	0.23%	\$8,609,974	0 18%
Def., Veterans and Emer. Mgmt.	\$17,612,095	0.48%	\$38,875,893	1.00%	\$30,287,645	0.74%	\$27,212,881	0.61%	\$31,070,937	0 64% 0.85%
Economic and Community Development	\$23,100,190	0.63%	\$24,028,353	0 62%	\$28,932,554	0.71%	\$52,670,618	1.18%	\$41,186,330	0.6376
Education General Purpose Aid for Local Schools	\$545,910,025	14.86%	\$595,846,013	15.32%	\$591,197,414	14.44%	\$624,751,951	13.97%	\$664,507,485	13.65%
Teacher Retirement	\$135,599,057	3.69%	\$151,539,355	3 90%	\$161,328,194	3.94%	\$153,641,283	3.44%	1	3 34%
Preschool Handicapped	\$11,510,282	0.31%	\$14,198,540	0.37%	\$14,171,303	0.35%	\$16,193,342	0.36%	1	0.37%
School Construction	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$20,000,000	0.49%	\$23,420,315	0.52%	1 ' ' '	0.58%
Other Department of Education Programs	\$108,729,726	2.96%	\$115,328,465	2.96%	\$121,612,103	2.97%	\$141,526,487	3.16%		4.08%
Education	\$801,749,090	21.82%	\$876,912,373	22.54%	\$908,309,014	22.18%	\$959,533,379	21.46%	\$1,071,761,095	22 01%
Higher Educ. Institutions and Programs	\$181,020,085	4.93%	\$184,495,580	4.74%	\$200,494,472	4.90%	\$218,032,669	4.88%	\$256,404,453	5 27%
Environmental Protection	\$35,127,579	0 96%	\$35,363,599	0.91%	\$43,405,292	1.06%	\$41,302,525	0.92%	\$52,317,146	1 07%
Executive Department	\$8,045,651	0.22%	\$7,962,798	0.20%	\$8,656,550	0.21%	\$17,717,566	0.40%	\$10,902,770	0 22%
Human Services										
Medical Care - Payments to Providers	\$689,278,919	18.76%	\$769,550,703	19.78%	\$794,102,138	19 39%	\$858,708,793	19.20%	\$951,555,871	19.55%
Nursing Facilities	\$262,313,966	7.14%	\$241,294,207	6.20%	\$235,794,213	5.76%	\$256,802,716	5.74%	\$248,630,143	5 11%
AFDC/TANF	\$133,720,004	3.64%	\$126,487,740	3.25%	\$132,422,414	3.23%	\$148,952,664	3.33%		2 69%
Child Welfare/Foster Care	\$57,994,583 \$24,215,428	1.58% 0.66%	\$68,070,259 \$8,372,075	1.75% 0.22%	\$68,977,709 \$8,503,650	1.68% 0.21%	\$80,050,169 \$8,944,309	1.79% 0 20%	I	1 85% 0 18%
State Supplement to Federal SSI General Assistance	\$6,179,423	0.00%	\$9,106,931	0.22%	\$5,409,354	0.13%	\$6,011,736	0.13%	· ·	0 09%
Other Human Services Programs	\$233,063,322	6.34%	\$274,387,204	7.05%	\$283,995,765	6.94%	\$308,343,639	6 90%	I .	7.25%
Human Services	\$1,406,765,644	38.29%			\$1,529,205,244		\$1,667,814,026		\$1,787,128,772	36.71%
Inland Fisheries and Wildlife	\$22,183,851	0.60%	\$23,136,249	0.59%	\$23,472,177	0.57%	\$24,356,096	0.54%		0 57%
Judicial Department	\$36,217,223	0.99%	\$38,056,796	0.98%	\$43,372,336	1.06%	\$45,373,510	1.01%		1 03%
Labor									1	
Rehabilitation Services	\$20,524,552	0.56%	\$21,078,023	0.54%	\$20,867,235	0.51%	\$21,471,072	0.48%	\$21,969,013	0.45%
Employment Services Activities	\$21,324,436	0 58%	\$31,281,523	0.80%	\$32,472,056	0.79%	\$33,253,215	0.74%	\$26,311,273	0 54%
Employment Security Services	\$31,431,289	0.86%	\$24,179,235	0.62%	\$19,101,076	0 47%	\$18,822,092	0.42%	\$19,347,892	0 40%
Other Labor Programs	\$4,513,552	0.12%	\$7,074,022	0.18%	\$9,567,161	0.23%	\$9,948,669	0.22%	1	0 21%
Labor	\$77,793,829	2.12%	\$83,612,803	2.15%	\$82,007,528	2.00%	\$83,495,047	1.87%	1	1.59%
Legislature	\$16,581,431	0.45%	\$15,804,726	0.41%	\$16,504,053	0.40%	\$19,321,251	0.43%		0.54%
Marine Resources	\$11,101,324	0.30%	\$10,986,648	0.28%	\$12,035,304	0.29%	\$13,051,565	0.29%	\$13,929,795	0 29%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.	\$50 649 102	1 600/	\$59.272.519	1.50%	\$64.447.003	1.57%	\$71,341,035	1.60%	\$79,949,151	1 64%
Mental Retardation Services Mental Health Services	\$58,648,103 \$46,231,724	1.60% 1.26%	\$58,272,518 \$57,171,979	1.47%	\$64,447,903 \$61,438,712	1.57%	\$61,504,688	1.38%		1 36%
Other MHMRSAS Programs	\$96,967,353	2.64%	\$101,553,127	2.61%	\$94,533,202	2.31%	\$99,001,008	2.21%	\$111,039,660	2 28%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.	\$201,847,180	5.49%	\$216,997,623	5.58%	\$220,419,817	5 38%	\$231,846,732	5.18%		5 28%
Professional & Financial Regulation	\$14,596,970	0.40%	\$14,481,408	0.37%	\$14,841,298	0.36%	\$15,952,233	0.36%	1 ' '	0.35%
Public Safety										
Public Safety - State Police	\$26,865,585	0.73%	\$27,963,402	0.72%	\$29,865,446	0.73%	\$30,626,098	0.68%	\$33,361,458	0 69%
Public Safety - Other Programs	\$18,656,822	0.51%	\$19,747,719	0.51%	\$21,394,860	0.52%	\$22,675,112	0.51%	\$27,558,926	0 57%
Public Safety	\$45,522,407	1.24%	\$47,711,121	1.23%	\$51,260,306	1.25%	\$53,301,210	1.19%	\$60,920,384	1 25%
Secretary of State	\$24,814,960	0.68%	\$25,716,659	0.66%	\$27,564,980	0.67%	\$28,072,485	0.63%	\$27,729,777	0.57%
Transportation										
Highway& Bridge Maintenance/Improv.	\$279,207,902	7.60%	\$254,602,827	6.55%	\$276,088,946	6 74%	\$316,360,609	7.07%		6 77%
Debt Service-Transportation	\$28,500,221	0.78%	\$26,955,196	0.69%	\$29,829,226	0 73%	\$29,332,012	0.66%		0 56%
Other Transportation Programs	\$23,718,942	0.65%	\$22,639,917	0.58%	\$24,282,311	0 59%	\$29,589,119	0.66%	1	0 85%
Transportation	\$331,427,065	9.02%	\$304,197,940	7.82%	\$330,200,484	8.06%	\$375,281,741	8.39%	\$398,112,710	8 18%
Treasurer of State	803 402 242	2 550/	\$75 202 NE/	1 0.407	\$75 AAD DDE	1 9/10/	\$77.401.445	1 720/	\$84.045.242	1.73%
Debt Service-Treasury Municipal Revenue Sharing-Treasury	\$93,693,343 \$77,702,623	2 55% 2.12%	\$75,283,056 \$89,494,820	1.94% 2.30%	\$75,442,825 \$96,177,766	1.84% 2.35%	\$77,491,445 \$107,119,831	1.73% 2.40%	\$84,045,243 \$105,876,925	2 17%
Other Treasury Programs	\$975,273	0.03%	\$1,012,578	0.03%	\$1,006,739	0 02%	\$1,001,238	0.02%		0 10%
Treasurer of State	\$172,371,238	4.69%	\$1,012,378	4.26%	\$1,006,739	4.22%	\$1,001,238	4.15%		4.00%
All Other - State Agencies/Programs	\$32,851,720	0.89%	\$35,224,049	0.91%	\$37,693,562	0.92%	\$41,513,455	0.93%		0.95%
Total - Operating Fund Expenditures	\$3,673,594,104		\$3,889,786,325		\$4,094,632,272	100.0%			\$4,868,441,641	100.0%

Table OPF-3 Total Operating Funds - Expenditures by Expenditure Category (General Fund - Highway Fund - Other Special Revenue Funds) Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001 Expenditures

Expenditures - By Expenditure Category

	1997		1998	, - 1	1999		2000		2001		
		% of	2,70	% of	1,555	% of	2000	% of		% of	
Expenditure Category	\$	Total									
Personal Services											
Salaries and Wages	\$383,678,671	10.4%	\$390,161,992	10.0%	\$408,679,686	10.0%	\$424,462,973	9 5%	\$452,412,448	9.3%	
Retirement Costs	\$89,000,446	2.4%	\$89,505,009	2.3%	\$99,153,904	2.4%	\$90,924,125	2.0%	\$102,948,764	2 1%	
Health Ins. & Other Fringe Ben.	\$76,822,096	2.1%	\$72,276,492	1.9%	\$73,853,048	1.8%	\$79,386,501	1.8%	\$94,694,561	1 9%	
Unemployment Reimbursements	\$1,319,428	0 0%	\$741,688	0.0%	\$703,644	0.0%	\$587,549	0.0%	\$542,073	0.0%	
Personal Services - Subtotal	\$550,820,641	15 0%	\$552,685,181	14.2%	\$582,390,282	14 2%	\$595,361,148	13.3%	\$650,597,846	13 4%	
All Other											
Professional Services	\$98,699,406	2.7%	\$118,561,466	3.0%	\$129,216,592	3 2%	\$124,604,915	2.8%	\$154,025,396	3 2%	
Travel Expenses	\$9,584,766	0 3%	\$10,268,694	0 3%	\$11,064,156	0.3%	\$11,652,928	0.3%	\$12,586,877	0.3%	
Miscellaneous Oper. Expenses	\$123,706,502	3 4%	\$140,829,330	3 6%	\$142,114,738	3.5%	\$136,589,972	3 1%	\$140,139,773	2.9%	
Commodities	\$37,435,830	1 0%	\$41,593,023	1 1%	\$45,405,142	1.1%	\$107,406,114	2.4%	\$122,865,463	2 5%	
Grants, Subsidies and Pensions											
To Other Governments	\$745,727,044	20.3%	\$821,267,214	21 1%	\$828,321,976	20.2%	\$895,145,121	20 0%	\$928,641,770	19.1%	
To Pub. and Priv Orgs	\$392,665,323	10.7%	\$418,636,186	10.8%	\$462,524,972	11 3%	\$551,014,923	12 3%	\$598,682,376	12.3%	
To Individuals	\$1,437,024,332	39 1%	\$1,540,659,280	39 6%	\$1,633,573,905	39.9%	\$1,757,033,935	39.3%	\$1,933,279,757	39.7%	
Debt Service											
Principal	\$87,917,345	2 4%	\$77,675,639	2 0%	\$78,461,543	1.9%	\$82,280,000	1 8%	\$87,670,000	1 8%	
Interest	\$36,524,152	1 0%	\$24,894,302	0 6%	\$27,102,530	0 7%	\$24,777,373	0 6%	\$28,205,588	0 6%	
All Other - Subtotal	\$2,969,284,701	80 8%	\$3,194,385,135	82 1%	\$3,357,785,553	82 0%	\$3,690,505,281	82.5%	\$4,006,097,000	82.3%	
Capital Expenditures	\$143,074,277	3 9%	\$133,376,329	3 4%	\$143,779,901	3.5%	\$175,459,371	3 9%	\$202,659,866	4 2%	
Contrib and Trans to Other Funds	\$10,414,485	0 3%	\$9,339,679	0 2%	\$10,676,536	0 3%	\$10,544,408	0 2%	\$9,086,930	0 2%	
Total Expenditures	\$3,673,594,104	100.0%	\$3,889,786,325	100.0%	\$4,094,632,272	100.0%	\$4,471,870,209	100.0%	\$4,868,441,641	100.0%	



	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
REVENUES	\$1,863,086,301	\$2,111,860,005	\$2,259,718,302	\$2,395,216,806	\$2,390,628,351
Annual % Change	5.5%	13.4%	7.0%	6.0%	-0.2%
EXPENDITURES	\$1,768,652,528	\$1,898,373,018	\$2,153,508,109	\$2,317,138,580	\$2,571,368,893
Annual % Change	5.0%	7.3%	13.4%	7.6%	11.0%

Table GF-1 General Fund Revenue Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
REVENUE SOURCE	s	% of Total	s	% of Total	s	% of Total		% of Total	r	% of Total
Individual Income Tax	\$772,462,258	41.46%	\$907,981,057	42.99%		44.47%	\$1,074,621,614		\$ \$1,167,748,898	48.85%
Corporate Income Taxes	\$97,804,819	5.25%	\$107,375,484	5.08%	\$144,942,751	6.41%	\$150,045,645	6.26%	\$96,102,796	4.02%
Sales and Use Taxes	\$683,411,675	36.68%	\$833,755,683	39.48%	\$814,321,914	36.04%			\$817,781,460	34.21%
Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing	(\$79,237,330)	-4.25%	(\$94,304,723)	-4.47%	(\$98,997,466)	-4.38%	\$847,355,132 (\$105,673,142)		ı	
Gross Receipts Tax	\$58,795,882	3.16%	(\$\$4,304,723) \$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%		0.00%	(\$106,163,291) \$0	0.00%
·	\$14,770,860	0.79%	\$34,335,598		\$29,768,114		\$0 \$58,803,666			
Estate Tax	\$45,376,740			1.63%		1.32%	l	2.46%	\$30,616,759	1.28%
Cigarette Tax		2.44%	\$42,875,264	2.03%	\$74,858,953	3.31%	\$74,933,325	3.13%	\$74,357,622	3.11%
Tobacco Products Tax	\$2,671,255 \$1,350	0.14%	\$2,649,058 \$1,936	0.13%	\$2,891,201	0.13%	\$3,409,846	0.14%	\$3,144,209	0.13%
Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees	\$1,350	0.00%	\$1,825	0.00%	\$12,125	0.00%	\$2,443	0.00%	\$9,250	0.00%
Excise Tax - Spirits	\$20,661,837	1.11%	\$20,546,162	0.97%	\$19,794,778	0.88%	\$23,226,758	0.97%	\$24,231,271	1.01%
Premium Tax - Spirits	\$1,588,694	0.09%	\$1,593,834	0.08%	\$1,461,174	0.06%	, , , , ,	0.07%	\$1,628,788	0.07%
Excise Tax - Beer & Wine	\$7,334,649	0.39%	\$7,357,496	0.35%	\$7,464,978	0.33%		0.33%	\$7,771,928	0.33%
Premium Tax - Beer & Wine	\$2,996,835	0.16%	\$3,318,633	0.16%	\$3,371,354	0.15%	\$3,527,197	0.15%	\$3,524,331	0.15%
Liquor License Fees	\$3,088,049	0.17%	\$2,960,814	0.14%	\$2,904,977	0.13%	\$3,067,067	0.13%	\$3,000,776	0.13%
Insurance Premium Tax	\$39,642,756	2.13%	\$39,153,496	1.85%	\$37,730,425	1.67%	\$42,697,847	1.78%	\$43,576,501	1.82%
Banking Licenses & Assessments	\$4,957,470	0.27%	\$9,224,720	0.44%	\$7,691,753	0.34%	\$8,724,430	0.36%		0.41%
Corporation Fees & Licenses	\$2,647,928	0.14%	\$2,842,889	0.13%	\$3,113,991	0.14%		0.13%	\$3,313,312	0.14%
Railroad Company Tax	\$341,048	0.02%	\$424,436	0.02%	\$346,701	0.02%	\$365,949	0.02%	\$450,206	0.02%
Hospital License Fees	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$273,578	0.01%	\$ 216,687	0.01%	\$331,753	0.01%
Telecommunications Personal Property Tax	\$28,259,462	1.52%	\$28,910,458	1.37%	\$29,324,167	1.30%	\$15,420,982	0.64%	\$29,326,573	1.23%
Real Estate Transfer Tax	\$8,415,755	0.45%	\$9,636,432	0.46%	\$12,022,820	0.53%	\$9,320,476	0.39%	\$9,048,762	0.38%
Unorganized Territory Taxes	\$8,401,758	0.45%	\$8,722,729	0.41%	\$9,372,295	0.41%	\$9,333,204	0.39%	\$9,808,431	0.41%
Commercial Forestry Excise Tax	\$2,728,065	Ò.15%	\$3,325,828	0.16%	\$3,093,662	0.14%	\$3,078,166	0.13%	\$2,943,380	0.12%
Gasoline Tax	\$61,025	0.00%	\$62,685	0.00%	\$43,245	0.00%	\$ 75,919	0.00%	\$71,479	0.00%
Areonautical Fuel Taxes	\$7 09 ,073	0.04%	\$779,236	0.04%	\$907,481	0.04%	\$999,110	0.04%	\$908,593	0.04%
Other Fuel Taxes	(\$30,274)	0.00%	\$41,887	0.00%	\$64,808	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Motor Vehicle & Oper. Lic. Fees	\$1,909,077	0.10%	\$2,152,207	0.10%	\$2,233,058	0.10%	\$2,351,216	0.10%	\$2,398,819	0.10%
Hunting and Fishing Licenses	\$12,503,674	0.67%	\$13,838,407	0.66%	\$13,873,219	0.61%	\$14,028,485	0.59%	\$13,681,818	0.57%
ATV, Snowmobile & Watercraft Fees	\$1,074,692	0.06%	\$1,851,237	0.09%	\$2,049,030	0.09%	\$2,219,488	0.09%	\$2,136,790	0.09%
Marine Resources Licenses	\$1,713,794	0.09%	\$1,743,861	0.08%	\$1,671,374	0.07%	\$1,729,940	0.07%	\$1,764,927	0.07%
Mahogany Quahog Tax	\$28,194	0.00%	\$44,122	0.00%	\$54,605	0.00%	\$60,694	0.00%	\$ 72,003	0.00%
Milk Handling Tax	\$644,529	0.03%	\$489,091	0.02%	\$ 75,143	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Pari-mutuel Revenue	\$1,018,063	0.05%	\$952,793	0.05%	\$ 1,154,045	0.05%	\$1,084,560	0.05%	\$1,097,027	0.05%
Misc. Other Taxes, Fees & Assessments	\$3,167,049	0.17%	\$1,681,672	0.08%	\$1,841,467	0.08%	\$1,838,107	0.08%	\$1,693,118	0.07%
Lottery Revenue	\$40,937,096	2.20%	\$40,742,121	1.93%	\$39,600,544	1.75%	\$38,138,174	1.59%	\$35,483,595	1.48%
From Federal Government	\$6,042,746	0.32%	\$5,425,165	0.26%	\$8,436,128	0.37%	\$11,260,097	0.47%	\$16,522,149	0.69%
From Local Government	\$103,860	0.01%		0.00%	1	0.00%	l	0.00%	ŧ	0.00%
From Private Sources	\$2,128,805	0.11%		0.09%	1	0.09%	-	0.09%	1	0.12%
Service Charges for Current Services	\$15,425,839	0.83%	\$14,363,203	0.68%	1	0.79%	1	0.92%		1.13%
Contrib. and Trans. from Other Funds	\$8,328,749	0.45%		0.46%	l	0.19%		0.32%		0.13%
State Cost Allocation Program Transfers	\$6,775,140	0.36%		0.28%		0.31%	1	0.33%	1	0.25%
Sales & Comp. for Loss of Property	\$228,994	0.01%		0.02%	i '	0.03%		0.01%	1	0.02%
Fines, Forfeits & Penalties	\$23,318,463	1.25%	\$24,852,353	1.18%		1.13%		1.09%		1.11%
Earnings on Investments	\$9,875,895	0.53%	\$12,145,209	0.58%	1	0.87%	i	0.85%	1	0.68%
Total - General Fund Revenue	\$1,863,086,301				\$2,259,718,302		\$2,395,216,806		\$2,390,628,351	

See Revenue Notes in Section III - Summary of Major Revenue Sources for more detail.

Table GF-2 General Fund Expenditures by Departments & Major Programs Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

		•	iscai I ear	3 177 /	- 2001					•
	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
D	•	% of Total	_	% of Total		% of Total	_	% of Total	_	% of Total
Departments/Programs Administrative and Financial Services	<u> </u>	TOTAL	S	TOTAL	S	Total	<u> </u>	10(8)	S	TOTAL
Tax Relief & Reimbursement Programs	\$22.844.625	1.29%	\$ 45,891,161	2.42%	\$ 98,565,095	4.58%	\$108,613,086	4.69%	\$ 117,413,177	4.57%
Governmental Facilities Authority Debt	\$0	0.00%	\$45,451,101	0.00%	\$0	0.00%		0.00%	\$7,271,249	0.28%
Other DAFS Programs	\$42,707,366	2.41%	\$42,598,393	2.24%	\$47,544,221	2.21%	1	2.46%	\$53,059,922	2.06%
Administrative and Financial Services	\$65,551,991	3.71%	\$88,489,554	4.66%	\$146,109,317	6.78%	1	7.15%	1	6.91%
Agriculture, Food & Rural Resources	\$5,819,357	0.33%	\$5,617,015	0.30%		0.76%	1	0.25%	\$7,598,761	0.30%
Attorney General	\$6,994,189	0.40%	\$8,728,586	0.46%		0.45%		0.45%	\$11,887,831	0.46%
Conservation	\$18,802,954	1.06%	\$19,115,649	1.01%	\$18,739,948	0.87%	1 '	1.18%	\$20,971,720	0.82%
Corrections	\$10,002,554	1.0070	\$15,115,045	1.0170	310,739,946	0.0778	327,343,287	1.1078	\$20,571,720	0.0270
Adult Facilities	\$39,208,010	2.22%	\$ 42,539,348	2.24%	\$ 45,880,060	2.13%	\$47,705,888	2.06%	\$52,932,999	2.06%
Juvenile Facilities	\$10,249,754	0.58%	\$12,695,699	0.67%	\$14,839,801	0.69%	1 ' '	0.70%	\$18,698,001	0.73%
Other Corrections Programs	\$16,204,301	0.92%	\$17,589,319	0.93%	\$18,927,850	0.88%	\$20,451,943	0.88%	\$23,176,749	0.90%
Corrections	\$65,662,065	3.71%	\$72,824,365	3.84%	\$79,647,710	3.70%	1	3.64%	\$94,807,749	3.69%
Cultural Agencies	\$4,111,225	0.23%	\$4,115,874	0.22%	\$4,773,827	0.22%	1 ' '	0.32%	\$6,021,348	0.23%
Defense, Veterans and Emerg. Mugmt.	\$4,329,121	0.24%	\$7,554,307	0.40%	\$6,393,008	0.30%		0.25%	\$5,376,043	0.21%
Economic and Community Development	\$6,230,696	0.35%	\$8,031,233	0.42%	\$9,616,319	0.45%		0.59%	\$21,930,204	0.85%
Education	\$0,230,030	0.5576	40,031,233	0.4276	95,010,515	0.7376	313,720,013	0.3370	321,730,204	0.0370
General Purpose Aid for Local Schools	\$545,910,025	30.87%	\$595,846,013	31.39%	\$ 591,197,414	27.45%	\$624,751,951	26.96%	\$664,507,485	25.84%
Teacher Retirement	\$135,599,057	7.67%	\$151,539,355	7.98%	\$161,328,194	7.49%	\$153,641,283	6,63%	\$162,620,983	6.32%
Preschool Handicapped	\$7,239,124	0.41%	\$10,058,893	0.53%	\$10,059,887	0.47%	1	0.53%	\$13,691,284	0.53%
School Construction	\$0	0.00%	\$10,030,035	0.00%	\$20,000,000	0.93%		1.01%	\$28,000,000	1.09%
Other Department of Education Programs	\$26,812,913	1.52%	\$27,387,497	1.44%	\$30,374,451	1.41%	\$32,611,615	1.41%	\$84,408,210	3.28%
Education	\$715,561,119	40.46%	\$784,831,758	41.34%	\$812,959,946	37.75%	\$846,649,820	36.54%	\$953,227,961	37.07%
Higher Educ. Institutions and Programs	\$180,502,914		\$183,981,211	9.69%	\$199,918,523	9.28%	\$217,415,940	9.38%	\$255,260,350	9.93%
Environmental Protection	\$4,016,724	0.23%	\$4,986,997	0.26%	\$8,493,774	0.39%	\$5,812,490	0.25%	\$10,006,105	0.39%
Executive Department	\$3,682,251	0.21%	\$4,075,800	0.21%	\$3,926,287	0.18%	\$5,436,890	0.23%	\$4,836,049	0.19%
Human Services	00,002,000	0.2170	4 ,,0,0,000	0.21,0	45,520,207	0.1070	45,450,050	0.2570	64,050,015	011271
Medical Care - Payments to Providers	\$81,819,467	4.63%	\$113,244,512	5.97%	\$225,660,239	10.48%	\$251,563,472	10.86%	\$264,011,832	10.27%
Nursing Facilities	\$72,315,617	4.09%	\$61,600,676	3.24%	\$60,385,780	2.80%	\$66,421,064	2.87%	\$65,457,778	2.55%
AFDC/TANF	\$20,510,346	1.16%	\$21,069,180	1.11%	\$21,203,468	0.98%	\$23,163,965	1.00%	\$22,750,008	0.88%
Child Welfare/Foster Care	\$29,900,924	1.69%	\$33,815,072	1.78%	\$34,898,441	1.62%	\$38,709,180	1.67%	\$46,696,865	1.82%
State Supplement to Federal SSI	\$24,215,428	1.37%	\$8,372,075	0.44%	\$8,503,650	0.39%	\$8,944,309	0.39%	\$8,783,039	0.34%
General Assistance	\$5,723,080	0.32%	\$5,382,153	0.28%	\$5,409,604	0.25%	\$4,928,784	0.21%	\$4,532,067	0.18%
Other Human Services Programs	\$93,011,816	5.26%	\$99,298,525	5.23%	\$109,778,127	5.10%	\$122,171,137	5.27%	\$134,784,787	5.24%
Human Services	\$327,496,677	18.52%	\$342,782,193	18.06%	\$465,839,309	21.63%	\$515,901,912	22.26%	\$547,016,376	21.27%
Inland Fisheries and Wildlife	\$15,945,238	0.90%	\$16,186,764	0.85%	\$16,413,586	0.76%	\$17,194,015	0.74%	\$18,866,511	0.73%
Judicial Department	\$34,805,480	1.97%	\$35,510,706	1.87%	\$39,576,891	1.84%	\$41,129,472	1.78%	\$45,551,582	1.77%
Labor				İ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					1
Rehabilitation Services	\$7,805,366	0.44%	\$ 7,951,026	0.42%	\$6,258,157	0.29%	\$6,488,943	0.28%	\$6,589,889	0.26%
Employment Services Activities	\$2,162,113	0.12%	\$3,753,507	0.20%	\$4,940,230	0.23%	\$4,708,846	0.20%	\$4,266,846	0.17%
Other Labor Programs	\$1,307,014	0.07%	\$1,316,121	0.07%	\$1,404,444	0.07%	\$1,460,867	0.06%	\$1,555,321	0.06%
Labor	\$11,274,493	0.64%	\$13,020,654	0.69%	\$12,602,831	0.59%	\$12,658,656	0.55%	\$12,412,056	0.48%
Legislature	\$16,579,841	0.94%	\$15,749,034	0.83%	\$16,504,053	0.77%	\$19,315,993	0.83%	\$26,067,045	1.01%
Marine Resources	\$7,480,807	0.42%	\$7,261,860	0.38%	\$7,492,866	0.35%	\$8,609,581	0.37%	\$9,766,739	0.38%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.										
Mental Retardation Services	\$57,270,101	3.24%	\$57,001,750	3.00%	\$63,159,502	2.93%	\$70,103,351	3.03%	\$78,331,628	3.05%
Mental Health Services	\$41,850,951	2.37%	\$49,961,271	2.63%	\$57,010,567	2.65%	\$57,683,000	2.49%	\$61,131,152	2.38%
Other MHMRSAS Programs	\$52,527,436	2.97%	\$54,888,255	2.89%	\$55,648,915	2.58%	\$60,714,340	2.62%	\$70,022,699	2.72%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.	\$151,648,488	8.57%	\$161,851,277	8.53%	\$175,818,984	8.16%	\$188,500,691	8.14%	\$209,485,478	8.15%
Public Safety				. 1						
Public Safety - State Police	\$5,061,427	0.29%	\$11,202,038	0.59%	\$10,725,189	0.50%	\$11,857,647	0.51%	\$12,817,540	0.50%
Public Safety - Other Programs	\$ 3,945,857	0.22%	\$4,003,402	0.21%	\$4,440,420	0.21%	\$4,927,044	0.21%	\$6,247,254	0.24%
Public Safety	\$9,007,284	0.51%	\$15,205,441	0.80%	\$15,165,610	0.70%	\$16,784,690	0.72%	\$19,064,794	0.74%
Secretary of State	\$3,195,719	0.18%	\$2,853,872	0.15%	\$3,095,056	0.14%	\$3,432,116	0.15%	\$3,399,746	0.13%
Transportation										
Highway & Bridge Maint. & Improv.	\$0	0.00%	\$1,357,703	0.07%	\$690,275	0.03%	\$6,423,404	0.28%	\$150,000	0.01%
Other Transportation Programs	\$2,776,792	0.16%		0.27%	\$3,595,965	0.17%	\$3,441,212	0.15%	\$5,404,189	0.21%
Transportation	\$2,776,792	0.16%	\$6,513,566	0.34%	\$4,286,239	0.20%	\$9,864,616	0.43%	\$5,554,189	0.22%
Treasurer of State					,		, ,,			
Debt Service-Treasury	\$93,693,343	5.30%	\$75,283,056	3.97%	\$75,442,825	3.50%	\$77,491,445	3.34%	\$84,045,243	3.27%
Other Treasury Programs	\$975,273	0.06%		0.05%	\$1,006,739	0.05%	\$1,001,238	0.04%	\$ 4,730,300	0.18%
Treasurer of State	\$94,668,616	5.35%	1 1	4.02%	\$76,449,564	3.55%		3.39%	\$88,775,543	3.45%
All Other - State Agencies	\$12,508,488	0.71%		0.67%	\$14,423,204	0.67%	\$9,592,845	0.41%	\$15,740,366	0.61%
<u> </u>	\$1,768,652,528		\$1,898,373,018		\$2,153,508,109		\$2,317,138,580		\$2,571,368,893	100.0%

Table GF-3 GENERAL FUND Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001 Expenditures

Expenditures - By Expenditure Category

Expenditures - By Expenditure Category										
	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of								
Expenditure Category	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total
Personal Services										
Salaries and Wages	\$178,873,846	10.1%	\$188,904,215	10.0%	\$199,103,425	9.2%	\$207,253,467	8 9%	\$224,817,936	8.7%
Retirement Costs	\$42,719,206	2.4%	\$45,270,105	2.4%	\$51,263,886	2.4%	\$44,731,214	1.9%	\$52,465,587	2.0%
Health Ins. & Other Fringe Ben.	\$34,723,628	2.0%	\$33,123,485	1.7%	\$33,749,816	1.6%	\$36,780,636	1.6%	\$43,023,242	1.7%
Unemployment Reimbursements	\$785,791	0.0%	\$338,430	0.0%	\$350,017	0 0%	\$311,413	0.0%	\$224,939	0.0%
Personal Services - Subtotal	\$257,102,471	14.5%	\$267,636,235	14 1%	\$284,467,143	13.2%	\$289,076,730	12.5%	\$320,531,704	12 5%
All Other										
Professional Services	\$41,298,629	2.3%	\$47,909,479	2.5%	\$57,929,113	2.7%	\$54,888,434	2.4%	\$65,922,163	2.6%
Travel Expenses	\$4,718,650	0.3%	\$4,803,824	0 3%	\$5,483,480	0.3%	\$5,478,814	0.2%	\$6,261,580	0.2%
Miscellaneous Oper. Expenses	\$50,952,644	2.9%	\$56,135,368	3 0%	\$59,181,499	2 7%	\$63,700,212	2.7%	\$61,246,930	2.4%
Commodities	\$12,783,939	0.7%	\$14,562,262	0 8%	\$15,995,931	0.7%	\$40,531,079	1.7%	\$49,113,880	1.9%
Grants, Subsidies and Pensions			•							İ
To Other Governments	\$551,181,373	31.2%	\$605,776,158	31.9%	\$602,075,261	28.0%	\$629,413,822	27 2%	\$669,903,738	26 1%
To Pub. and Priv. Orgs	\$283,018,739	16 0%	\$300,298,308	15.8%	\$349,060,151	16.2%	\$385,119,891	16.6%	\$448,701,740	17.4%
To Individuals	\$459,124,656	26 0%	\$509,843,540	26 9%	\$694,603,933	32.3%	\$746,337,294	32 2%	\$850,396,035	33.1%
Debt Service										
Principal	\$67,537,345	3.8%	\$57,795,639	3.0%	\$58,031,543	2.7%	\$59,810,000	2.6%	\$65,850,000	2.6%
Interest	\$28,347,556	1.6%	\$17,769,027	0 9%	\$17,653,394	0.8%	\$17,867,295	0.8%	\$22,550,589	0.9%
All Other - Subtotal	\$1,498,963,532	84.8%	\$1,614,893,604	85 1%	\$1,860,014,306	86 4%	\$2,003,146,841	86.4%	\$2,239,946,654	87 1%
Capital Expenditures	\$10,218,202	0.6%	\$12,935,305	0.7%	\$6,096,931	0.3%	\$22,160,708	1.0%	\$7,995,743	0 3%
Contrib. and Trans. to Other Funds	\$2,368,323	0.1%	\$2,907,874	0 2%	\$2,929,729	0.1%	\$2,754,301	0.1%	\$2,894,791	0.1%
Total Expenditures	\$1,768,652,528	100.0%	\$1,898,373,018	100.0%	\$2,153,508,109	100.0%	\$2,317,138,580	100.0%	\$2,571,368,893	100.0%

STATE CONTINGENT ACCOUNT

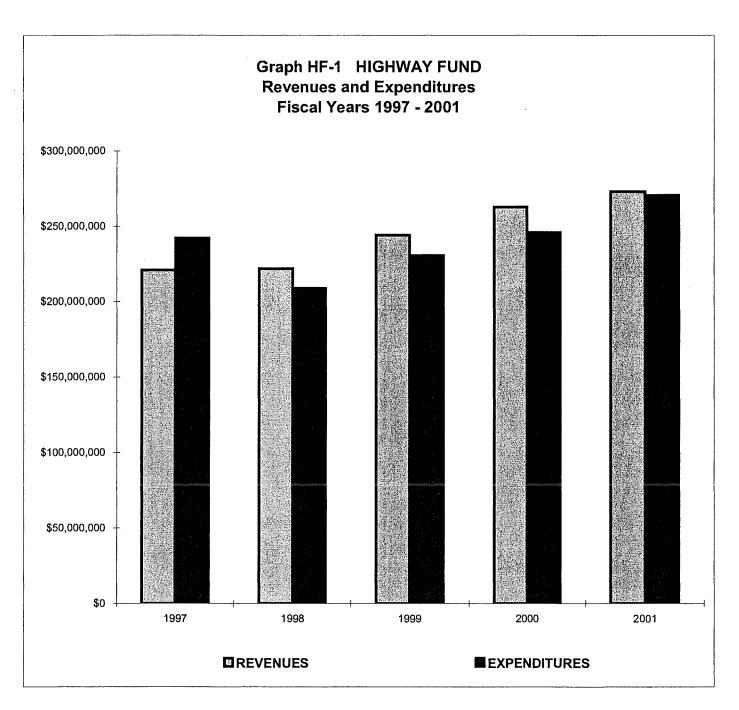
The State Contingent Account is a General Fund account. The resources of the account are replenished at the close of each fiscal year by transfers from the General Fund up to a maximum amount for any fiscal year, currently \$350,000. The Governor may allocate funds from this account for a number of specific purposes including "emergencies", see detail in 5 M.R.S.A. §1507. A separate statement is required in the State Controller's official report to detail all transfers made from this account. (The expenditures from the State Contingent Account are included in total General Fund expenditures in the fiscal year in which they are expended.)

Table GF-4 - Expenditures of the State Contingent Account

Fiscal Year	Actual Expenditures
1982	111,872
1983	187,132
1984	174,800
1985	158,757
1986	433,769
1987	604,574
1988	179,250
1989	735,934
1990	1,162,884
1991 1992	1,142,187
1993	1,178,199 1,337,850
1994	1,966,025
1995	1,926,285
1996	1,824,254
1997	2,225,755
1998	227,685
1999	212,497
2000	303,509
2001	321,994
Balance July 1, 2001	\$350,000

Notes: PL 1985, c. 759, increased annual cap to \$675,000 in fiscal year 1987 and \$600,000 in fiscal years thereafter. PL 1987, c. 816, Part N, effective June 30, 1988, increased annual cap to \$1,350,000 beginning in fiscal year 1989 to provide an additional \$750,000 for Job Development Training. PL 1993, c. 410, Part QQQ provided General Fund appropriations of \$1,000,000 annually in fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to the State Contingent Account for the training fund for job retention to bring the total amount available to the State Contingent Account to \$2,350,000. PL 1995, c. 464, sections 1 and 2 repealed the authority to transfer year-end balances to the State Contingent Account effective July 1, 1997 and instead authorized the Governor to request a maximum General Fund appropriation of \$2,350,000 per year. PL 1995, c. 665, Part DD authorized the transfer of up to \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 1997 from the State Contingent Account, job development training to the Governor's Training Initiative Program. PL 1997, c. 24, Part C, restored the authority to transfer year-end balances to the State Contingent Account, effective for the close of fiscal year 1997 and thereafter, but capped the amount at \$350,000. The Governor may still request a General Fund appropriation to bring the total available in the State Contingent Account to a maximum of \$2,350,000.

The expenditures for fiscal year 1991 reflect a transfer of \$550,000 to General Fund Undedicated Revenue in accordance with PL 1991, c. 9. The expenditures for fiscal year 1993 reflect a transfer of \$200,000 to General Fund Unappropriated Surplus in accordance with PL 1993, c. 6.



	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
REVENUES	\$220,942,617	\$221,876,271	\$244,163,962	\$262,918,938	\$273,117,902
Annual % Change	-13.1%	0.4%	10.0%	7.7%	3.9%
EXPENDITURES	\$242,135,329	\$208,817,043	\$230,675,828	\$245,942,060	\$270,749,229
Annual % Change	5.5%	-13.8%	10.5%	6.6%	10.1%

Table HF-1 Highway Fund Revenue Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

,	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of								
REVENUE SOURCE	\$	Total	\$\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total
Gasoline Tax	\$118,471,766	53.62%	\$121,456,054	54.74%	\$133,571,324	54.71%	\$143,128,178	54 44%	\$145,147,127	53 14%
Special Fuel	\$26,705,908	12.09%	\$28,893,590	13.02%	\$33,188,652	13.59%	\$31,563,077	12.00%	\$37,354,970	13.68%
Motor Veh. & Operator's Lic. Fees										
Motor Vehicle & Truck Registration Fees	\$47,608,909	21.55%	\$48,893,535	22.04%	\$50,020,216	20.49%	\$56,513,525	21.49%	\$57,204,786	20.95%
Title Fees	\$3,770,481	1.71%	\$6,088,298	2.74%	\$6,168,630	2.53%	\$6,345,995	2.41%	\$7,061,837	2.59%
Special Registration Plates	\$1,407,692	0.64%	\$1,528,808	0.69%	\$2,561,632	1.05%	\$1,103,268	0.42%	\$1,436,504	0.53%
Motor Vehicle Dealer Fees	\$169,920	0.08%	\$179,670	0.08%	\$181,446	0.07%	\$195,749	0.07%	\$184,615	0.07%
Motor Vehicle Inspection Fees	\$1,091,114	0.49%	\$1,147,198	0.52%	\$1,530,047	0.63%	\$1,747,935	0.66%	\$1,712,204	0.63%
Special Permit Fees	\$491,798	0.22%	\$543,805	0.25%	\$551,042	0.23%	\$816,526	0.31%	\$713,679	0.26%
Truck Excise Tax	\$44,859	0.02%	\$486,500	0.22%	\$1,130,373	0.46%	\$1,164,366	0.44%	\$1,358,020	0.50%
Motor Vehicle Operator's License Fees	\$6,737,308	3.05%	\$2,840,454	1.28%	\$2,989,055	1.22%	\$7,501,778	2.85%	\$7,787,391	2 85%
MV Operator's License Resotration Fees	\$903,228	0.41%	\$1,166,704	0.53%	\$1,244,910	0.51%	\$1,254,885	0.48%	\$1,284,605	0.47%
Driver Education Licensing Fees	\$72,288	0.03%	\$58,261	0.03%	\$57,279	0.02%	\$61,035	0.02%	\$65,355	0.02%
MV & Operator's Lic. Fees - Subtotal	\$62,297,597	28.20%	\$62,933,233	28.36%	\$66,434,630	27.21%	\$76,705,061	29.17%	\$78,808,995	28.86%
Misc. Taxes, Fees & Assessments	(\$6,171)	0.00%	\$2,192	0.00%	\$6,900	0.00%	(\$3,842)	0.00%	\$3,208	0.00%
From Local Governments	\$74,950	0.03%	\$74,217	0.03%	\$40,795	0.02%	\$85,190	0.03%	\$114,063	0.04%
From Private Sources	\$92	0.00%	\$20	0.00%	(\$2)	0.00%	\$24,264	0.01%	\$1,119	0.00%
Service Charges for Current Services	\$2,747,797	1.24%	\$4,270,438	1.92%	\$4,047,089	1 66%	\$4,179,574	1 59%	\$3,966,475	1.45%
Contrib. & Transfers from Other Funds	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$334,666	0 14%	\$2,262	0.00%	\$425	0.00%
State Cost Allocation Program Transfers	\$1,370,240	0 62%	\$874,825	0.39%	\$1,336,545	0.55%	\$746,901	0.28%	\$835,181	0.31%
Sales & Comp. for Loss of Property	\$294,201	0 13%	\$84,089	0.04%	\$134,736	0.06%	\$344,691	0.13%	\$546,773	0.20%
Fines, Forfeits & Penalties	\$2,022,436	0.92%	\$1,766,368	0.80%	\$1,952,025	0.80%	\$2,145,602	0.82%	\$2,097,609	0.77%
Earnings on Investments	\$966,740	0.44%	\$1,521,246	0.69%	\$3,031,603	1.24%	\$3,997,979	1.52%	\$4,241,955	1.55%
Me. Turnpike Authority Reimbursement	\$5,997,061	2.71%	\$0	0.00%	\$85,000	0.03%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Total - Highway Fund Revenue	\$220,942,617	100.0%	\$221,876,271	100.0%	\$244,163,962	100.0%	\$262,918,938	100.0%	\$273,117,902	100.0%

See Revenue Notes in Section III - Summary of Major Revenue Sources for more detail.

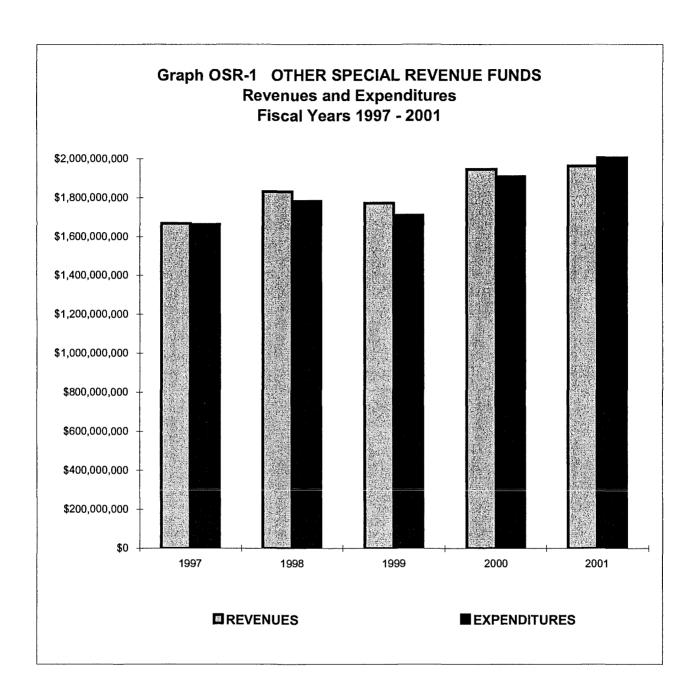
Table HF-2 Highway Fund Expenditures by Departments & Major Programs Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of								
Departments/Programs	\$	Total								
Administrative and Financial Services										
Buildings and Grounds Operations	\$1,423,855	0.59%	\$1,269,644	0.61%	\$1,593,770	0.69%	\$1,535,984	0.62%	\$1,702,972	0.63%
State Claims Board	\$113,519	0.05%	\$113,829	0.05%	\$108,922	0.05%	\$111,551	0 05%	\$97,253	0.04%
Other DAFS Programs	\$774,428	0.32%	\$78,525	0.04%	\$134,002	0.06%	\$131,823	0.05%	\$131,514	0.05%
Administrative and Financial Services	\$2,311,803	0.95%	\$1,461,998	0.70%	\$1,836,694	0.80%	\$1,779,359	0.72%	\$1,931,739	0.71%
Agriculture, Food & Rural Resources	\$48,541	0 02%	\$1,199	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0 00%	\$0	0.00%
Attorney General	\$1,195,864	0.49%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Environmental Protection	\$0	0 00%	\$0	0.00%	\$7,154	0.00%	\$47,344	0 02%	\$32,599	0.01%
Legislature	\$1,024	0 00%	\$449	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Public Safety										
State Police	\$20,242,031	8.36%	\$15,190,839	7.27%	\$17,530,778	7.60%	\$17,776,476	7.23%	\$19,104,349	7.06%
Other Public Safety Programs	\$2,516,627	1.04%	\$2,425,613	1.16%	\$2,687,313	1.16%	\$2,918,452	1.19%	\$2,665,235	0.98%
Public Safety	\$22,758,657	9.40%	\$17,616,452	8.44%	\$20,218,091	8.76%	\$20,694,928	8.41%	\$21,769,584	8.04%
Secretary of State										
Administration - Motor Vehicles	\$20,331,381	8.40%	\$20,905,530	10.01%	\$21,408,132	9.28%	\$22,320,681	9.08%	\$22,717,062	8.39%
Other Bureau of Motor Vehicle Programs	\$272,598	0.11%	\$708,483	0.34%	\$1,564,799	0.68%	\$909,058	0.37%	\$0	0.00%
Secretary of State	\$20,603,979	8.51%	\$21,614,013	10.35%	\$22,972,931	9.96%	\$23,229,739	9.45%	\$22,717,062	8.39%
Transportation										
Highway and Bridge Improvement	\$30,717,194	12.69%	\$19,521,158	9.35%	\$26,242,115	11.38%	\$21,241,528	8.64%	\$31,690,399	11.70%
Highway Maintenance	\$84,954,743	35.09%	\$85,196,539	40.80%	\$88,554,519	38.39%	\$94,171,183	38 29%	\$104,268,495	38.51%
Bridge Maintenance	\$10,927,896	4.51%	\$11,197,083	5.36%	\$12,846,675	5.57%	\$12,677,118	5.15%	\$13,128,008	4.85%
Local Road Assistance	\$19,450,195	8.03%	\$6,069,918	2.91%	\$9,761,892	4.23%	\$22,149,999	9 01%	\$23,016,340	8.50%
Local Bridges	\$1,574,448	0.65%	\$2,200,441	1.05%	\$1,264,758	0.55%	\$1,131,799	0.46%	\$3,547,493	1.31%
Collector Road Program	\$3,649,732	1.51%	\$833,485	0.40%	\$673,508	0.29%	\$2,330,283	0.95%	\$3,148,111	1.16%
Traffic Service	\$3,120,215	1.29%	\$3,734,287	1.79%	\$3,733,891	1.62%	\$4,276,905	1.74%	\$4,339,025	1.60%
Administration & Planning	\$11,271,214	4.65%	\$11,727,320	5.62%	\$12,055,001	5.23%	\$12,197,167	4.96%	\$13,028,229	4.81%
Other Transportation Programs	\$1,049,603	0.43%	\$687,506	0.33%	\$679,374	0.29%	\$682,697	0.28%	\$692,663	0.26%
Debt Service-Transportation	\$28,500,221	11.77%	\$26,955,196	12.91%	\$29,829,226	12.93%	\$29,332,012	11.93%	\$27,439,484	10.13%
Transportation	\$195,215,460	80.62%	\$168,122,932	80.51%	\$185,640,959	80.48%	\$200,190,691	81.40%	\$224,298,246	82.84%
Total - Highway Fund Expenditures	\$242,135,329	100.0%	\$208,817,043	100.0%	\$230,675,828	100.0%	\$245,942,060	100.0%	\$270,749,229	100.0%

Table HF-3 HIGHWAY FUND Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001 Expenditures

Expenditures - By Expenditure Category

			tures by		naitare e					
	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of								
Expenditure Category	\$	Total								
Personal Services										
Salaries and Wages	\$70,327,294	29.0%	\$65,799,751	31 5%	\$69,517,610	30.1%	\$71,094,665	28.9%	\$75,190,879	27.8%
Retirement Costs	\$16,474,245	6.8%	\$14,516,400	7.0%	\$16,043,455	7.0%	\$15,943,947	6.5%	\$17,185,353	6.3%
Health Ins. & Other Fringe Ben	\$16,710,574	6.9%	\$15,645,112	7.5%	\$15,851,045	6.9%	\$16,739,290	6.8%	\$21,139,881	7.8%
Unemployment Reimbursements	\$263,622	0.1%	\$172,376	0.1%	\$177,262	0.1%	\$175,352	0.1%	\$173,609	0.1%
Personal Services - Subtotal	\$103,775,736	42.9%	\$96,133,640	46.0%	\$101,589,371	44.0%	\$103,953,254	42.3%	\$113,689,722	42.0%
All Other	ĺ									
Professional Services	\$5,235,585	2.2%	\$4,275,373	2.0%	\$5,216,043	2.3%	\$4,619,225	1.9%	\$5,020,768	1.9%
Travel Expenses	\$781,904	0.3%	\$920,414	0.4%	\$1,108,479	0.5%	\$1,203,885	0.5%	\$1,114,070	0.4%
Miscellaneous Oper. Expenses	\$39,528,556	16.3%	\$39,671,805	19 0%	\$38,853,826	16.8%	\$37,354,601	15.2%	\$39,498,664	14.6%
Commodities	\$15,148,764	6.3%	\$13,631,865	6.5%	\$17,083,724	7.4%	\$21,986,059	8.9%	\$25,543,407	9.4%
Grants, Subsidies and Pensions										
To Other Governments	\$20,215,246	8.3%	\$6,257,747	3.0%	\$9,935,045	4.3%	\$22,941,045	9.3%	\$24,011,745	8.9%
To Pub. and Priv. Orgs.	\$1,160,861	0.5%	\$840,477	0.4%	\$1,249,234	0.5%	\$1,183,747	0.5%	\$516,896	0.2%
To Individuals	\$500,728	0.2%	\$403,637	0.2%	\$378,515	0.2%	\$424,743	0.2%	\$292,316	0.1%
Debt Service										
Principal	\$20,380,000	8.4%	\$19,880,000	9.5%	\$20,430,000	8.9%	\$22,470,000	9.1%	\$21,820,000	8.1%
Interest	\$8,176,596	3.4%	\$7,125,276	3.4%	\$9,449,135	4.1%	\$6,910,078	2.8%	\$5,654,999	2.1%
All Other - Subtotal	\$111,128,239	45.9%	\$93,006,594	44.5%	\$103,704,002	45.0%	\$119,093,384	48.4%	\$123,472,864	45.6%
Capital Expenditures	\$23,550,329	9.7%	\$17,047,074	8.2%	\$22,713,413	9 8%	\$19,938,976	8 1%	\$31,424,598	11.6%
Contrib. and Trans. to Other Funds	\$3,681,026	1 5%	\$2,629,735	1.3%	\$2,669,042	1.2%	\$2,956,446	1.2%	\$2,162,044	0.8%
Total Expenditures	\$242,135,329	100.0%	\$208,817,043	100.0%	\$230,675,828	100.0%	\$245,942,060	100.0%	\$270,749,229	100.0%



1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 REVENUES \$1,668,097,133 \$1,831,885,473 \$1,772,376,130 \$1,946,818,453 \$1,963,800,578 -3.2% Annual % Change 6.0% 9.8% 9.8% 0.9% **EXPENDITURES** \$1,662,806,247 \$1,782,596,264 \$1,710,448,335 \$1,908,789,569 \$2,026,323,519 Annual % Change 5.3% 7.2% -4.0% 11.6% 6.2%

Table OSR-1 Other Special Revenue Funds - Revenue Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees	\$0 \$0 (\$16) \$77,702,772 \$0 \$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279 \$150,000	% of Total 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 4.66% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$0 \$0 (\$12) \$89,495,308 \$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691 \$3,842,685	% of Total 0.00% 0.00% 4.89% 0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44% 0.10%	\$0 \$0 (\$12) \$111,924,140 \$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700 \$6,921,706	% of Total 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 6.31% 0.00% 0.20% 0.13% 0.01%	\$ \$2,298,681 \$0 \$2,483 \$105,697,654 \$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	% of Total 0.12% 0.00% 0.00% 5.43% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.11%	\$ \$2,128,874 \$279,134 \$105,733,382 \$0 \$0 \$21,664	% of Total 0.11% 0.00% 0.01% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
Individual Income Tax Corporate Income Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$0 \$0 (\$16) \$77,702,772 \$0 \$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 4.66% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29%	\$0 \$0 (\$12) \$89,495,308 \$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 4.89% 0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$0 \$0 (\$12) \$111,924,140 \$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 6.31% 0.00% 0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$2,298,681 \$0 \$2,483 \$105,697,654 \$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.12% 0.00% 0.00% 5.43% 0.00% 0.00%	\$2,128,874 \$279,134 \$105,733,382 \$0 \$0 \$21,664	0.11% 0.00% 0.01% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00%
Corporate Income Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$0 (\$16) \$77,702,772 \$0 \$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 0.00% 4.66% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29%	\$0 (\$12) \$89,495,308 \$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.00% 0.00% 4.89% 0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$0 (\$12) \$111,924,140 \$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.00% 0.00% 6.31% 0.00% 0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$0 \$2,483 \$105,697,654 \$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.00% 0.00% 5.43% 0.00% 0.00%	\$279,134 \$105,733,382 \$0 \$0 \$21,664	0.00% 0.01% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00%
Sales and Use Taxes Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	(\$16) \$77,702,772 \$0 \$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 4.66% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.29% 0.25%	(\$12) \$89,495,308 \$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.00% 4.89% 0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	(\$12) \$111,924,140 \$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.00% 6.31% 0.00% 0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$2,483 \$105,697,654 \$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.00% 5.43% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$105,733,382 \$0 \$0 \$21,664	0.01% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00%
Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$77,702,772 \$0 \$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	4.66% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29%	\$89,495,308 \$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	4.89% 0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$111,924,140 \$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	6.31% 0.00% 0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$105,697,654 \$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	5.43% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$105,733,382 \$0 \$0 \$21,664	5.38% 0.00% 0.00%
Estate Tax Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29%	\$6,200,000 \$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.34% 1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$0 \$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.00% 0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$0 \$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$0 \$0 \$21,664	0.00% 0.00%
Cigarette Tax Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$0 \$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$28,845,919 \$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	1.57% 0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$3,500,000 \$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.20% 0.00% 0.13%	\$0 \$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.00% 0.00%	\$0 \$21,664	0.00%
Cig. & Tobacco Products Lic. Fees Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$18,590 \$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.00% 0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29%	\$17,720 \$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.00% 0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$18,700 \$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.00% 0.13%	\$44,458 \$2,163,052	0.00%	\$21,664	
Fire Invest. & Prevention Tax Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$2,126,148 \$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.13% 0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$2,109,489 \$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.12% 0.13% 0.44%	\$2,370,159 \$98,700	0.13%	\$2,163,052		•	0.00%
Insurance Company Assessment Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$1,050,456 \$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.06% 0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$2,291,135 \$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.13% 0.44%	\$98,700			0.11%	A	,0
Assessment on Workers' Comp Insurers Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$6,730,386 \$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.40% 0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$8,126,555 \$1,887,220 \$4,680,691	0.44%	•	0.01%		- 1	\$2,538,267	0.13%
Safety and Education Fund Assessment Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$1,782,403 \$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.11% 0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$1,887,220 \$4,680,691		\$6,921,706	0.0170	\$1,451,539	0.07%	\$376	0.00%
Insurance License & Other Misc. Fees Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$2,266,736 \$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.14% 0.29% 0.25%	\$4,680,691	0.10%	ψ0,721,700	0.39%	\$6,741,940	0.35%	\$6,611,636	0.34%
Banking Industry Fees & Assessments Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$4,778,756 \$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.29% 0.25%			\$1,928,414	0.11%	\$2,051,670	0.11%	\$1,888,410	0.10%
Professional & Occupational Lic. Fees Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$4,092,536 \$138,498,110 \$24,279	0.25%	\$3,842,685	0 26%	\$1,586,909	0.09%	\$6,390,422	0.33%	\$3,656,728	0.19%
Hospital Assessment Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$138,498,110 \$24,279	ŀ	45,042,005	0.21%	\$4,534,974	0.26%	\$4,663,810	0.24%	\$4,849,928	0.25%
Hospital License Fees Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$24,279	8 300/	\$5,160,187	0.28%	\$4,675,466	0.26%	\$5,792,047	0.30%	\$5,278,200	0.27%
Railroad Company Tax Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	-	8.30%	\$128,805,830	7.03%	\$321,065	0.02%	\$375,555	0.02%	\$2,413,174	0.12%
Public Utilities Commission Assessment Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$150,000	0.00%	\$282,408	0.02%	\$3,020	0.00%	\$58,420	0.00%	(\$58,414)	0.00%
Public Advocate Assessment E-9-1-1 Surcharge		0.01%	\$150,000	0.01%	\$150,000	0.01%	\$150,000	0.01%	\$150,000	0.01%
E-9-1-1 Surcharge	\$8,558,646	0.51%	\$6,365,833	0.35%	\$5,501,230	0.31%	\$137,255	0.01%	\$5,117,539	0.26%
_	\$666,624	0.04%	\$274,462	0.01%	\$804,476	0.05%	\$1,275,282	0.07%	\$1,328,932	0.07%
Real Estate Transfer Tax	\$1,332,855	0.08%	\$1,928,472	0.11%	\$3,383,462	0.19%	\$2,496,177	0.13%	\$3,421,485	0.17%
	\$2,565,499	0.15%	\$3,268,004	0.18%	\$3,976,082	0.22%	\$9,316,253	0.48%	\$8,279,699	0.42%
Unorganized Territory Taxes	\$4,837,211	0.29%	\$4,559,641	0.25%	\$3,049,254	0.17%	\$4,765,761	0.24%	\$7,236,002	0.37%
Other Unorganized Territory Taxes	\$690,952	0.04%	\$722,882	0.04%	\$756,145	0.04%	\$806,527	0.04%	\$870,022	0.04%
Gasoline Tax	\$2,718,595	0.16%	\$2,863,275	0.16%	\$2,566,360	0.14%	\$2,918,045	0.15%	\$2,894,167	0.15%
Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees	\$3,955,561	0.24%	\$4,881,918	0.27%	\$5,195,431	0.29%	\$4,801,423	0 25%	\$4,589,868	0.23%
Hunting and Fishing License Fees	\$196,040	0.01%	\$225,091	0.01%	\$187,797	0.01%	\$373,751	0.02%	\$531,350	0.03%
ATV, Snowmobile & Watercraft Fees	\$1,986,512	0.12%	\$2,592,320	0.14%	\$3,079,903	0.17%	\$3,578,710	0.18%	\$4,535,279	0.23%
Marine Resources License Fees	\$637,011	0.04%	\$729,193	0.04%	\$362,405	0.02%	\$405,604	0.02%	\$401,842	0.02%
Sardine Tax	\$257,980	0.02%	\$185,767	0.01%	\$90,629	0.01%	\$89,284	0 00%	\$0	0.00%
Atlantic Salmon License Fees	\$182,476	0.01%	\$263,918	0.01%	\$282,148	0.02%	\$284,355	0.01%	\$392,295	0.02%
Mahogany Quahog Tax	\$16,000	0.00%	\$16,000	0.00%	\$16,000	0.00%	\$16,000	0.00%	\$16,000	0.00%
1	\$15,961,139	0.96%	\$21,037,461	1.15%	\$19,414,560	1.10%	\$16,617,837	0.85%	\$23,820,521	1.21%
Recycling Assistance Fee	\$1,558,921	0.09%	\$1,129,261	0.06%	\$1,331,814	0.08%	\$1,199,838	0.06%	\$1,289,358	0.07%
Milk Pool & Other Milk Fees	\$887,095	0.05%	\$917,212	0.05%	\$922,459	0.05%	\$230,646	0.01%		0.01%
Blueberry Tax	\$646,456	0.04%	\$824,616	0.05%	\$685,056	0.04%	\$744,755	0.04%	\$1,211,756	0.06%
Potato Tax	\$874,490	0.05%	\$751,943	0.04%	\$776,512	0.04%	\$665,941	0.03%		0.03%
Pari-mutuel Revenue	\$3,167,163	0.19%	\$3,052,893	0.17%	\$3,533,092	0.20%	\$3,285,250	0.17%	\$3,600,272	0.18%
Misc. Other Taxes, Fees & Assessments	\$3,463,610	0.21%	\$3,500,970	0.19%	\$3,368,344	0.19%	\$4,072,224	0 21%		0.23%
Lottery Revenue	\$1,068,430	0.06%	\$1,104,572	0.06%	\$1,757,809	0.10%	\$1,432,704	0.07%	· ·	0.07%
1	,215,669,724		\$1,329,739,768		\$1,367,532,357		\$1,466,680,163		\$1,515,901,302	77.19%
From Local Governments	\$6,468,562	0.39%	\$7,012,242	0.38%	\$10,857,564	0.61%	\$9,501,769	0.49%		0.39%
	\$75,576,488	4.53%	\$93,468,521	5.10%	\$105,200,802	5.94%	\$184,589,306	9.48%		7.50%
1	\$64,202,865	3.85%	\$64,305,470	3.51%	\$61,795,207	3.49%	\$57,306,689	2.94%		3.52%
Contrib. and Trans. from Other Funds	\$384,364	0.02%	(\$18,160,180)	-0.99%	\$4,806,538	0.27%	\$8,377,461	0.43%		
Sales & Comp. for Loss of Property	\$2,081,401	0.02%	\$2,736,645	0.15%	\$2,631,256	0.27%	\$2,600,619	0.43%	, , , ,	0.18%
l ' '	\$3,417,076	0.12%	\$4,502,158	0.15%	\$2,031,230 \$5,400,918	0.13%	\$6,237,019	0.13%		0.63%
Fines, Forfeits & Penalties		- 1	i -			0.65%	\$10,664,812	0.55%		0.68%
Earnings on Investments	\$2,339,177 \$2,507,055	0.14%	\$2,773,639	0.15%	\$11,591,451 \$3,485,827	0.65%		0.55%		0.08%
From Maine Turnpike Authority Total - Spec. Rev. Funds Revenue \$1,		0.15% 100.0%	\$2,416,374 \$1,831,885,473	0.13%	\$3,485,827	0.20%	\$3,465,260	U 15%0	D4.74.1.D/1	

See Revenue Notes in Section III - Summary of Major Revenue Sources for more detail.

Table OSR-2 Other Special Revenue Funds Expenditures by Departments & Major Programs
. Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001

	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
	İ	% of		% of		% of		% of		% of
Department/Program	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total
Administrative and Financial Services		0.000/	042.470	0.000/	***	0.0004	250.260	0.000/	0.42.072	0.000/
Tax Relief & Reimbursement Programs	\$0	0.00%		0.00%	\$39,881	0.00%	\$50,260	0.00%		0.00%
Unorg. Terr. County Taxes	\$5,580,719	0.34%	\$5,764,861	0.32%	\$5,969,813	0.35%	\$6,305,226	0 33%	\$7,096,346	0.35%
Other DAFS Programs	\$3,412,330	0.21%	\$4,158,129	0.23%	\$6,741,160	0.39%	\$12,065,064	0.63%	\$47,115,523	2.33%
Administrative and Financial Services	\$8,993,049	0.54% 0.89%	\$9,966,469	0.56% 0.69%	\$12,750,855	0.75% 0.63%	\$18,420,550	0 97% 0.55%		2.68% 0.60%
Agriculture, Food & Rural Resources Attorney General	\$14,718,645 \$5,411,306	0.33%	\$12,298,042 \$5,712,526	0.09%	\$10,785,846 \$6,885,416	0.40%	\$10,447,246 \$7,436,300	0.33%		0.40%
Conservation	\$8,492,598	0.51%	\$10,123,716	0.57%	\$11,747,396	0.40%	\$17,204,551	0.90%	\$16,610,587	0.40%
Adult Facilities	\$991,293	0.06%	\$562,403	0.03%	\$728,990	0.04%	\$1,000,006	0.05%	1 ' '	0.06%
Juvenile Facilities	\$231,242	0.01%	\$208,869	0.01%	\$218,689	0.01%	\$543,185	0.03%	1 ' '	0.02%
Other Corrections Programs	\$1,068,211	0.06%	\$2,048,660	0.11%	\$1,586,917	0.09%	\$9,796,767	0.51%		0.19%
Corrections	\$2,290,745	0.14%	\$2,819,932	0.16%	\$2,534,596	0.15%	\$11,339,958	0.59%		0.27%
Cultural Agencies	\$2,460,239	0.15%	\$1,887,206	0.11%	\$2,269,468	0.13%	\$2,861,963	0.15%		0.13%
Defense, Veterans and Emerg. Mngmt.	\$13,282,975	0.80%	\$31,321,587	1.76%	\$23,894,636	1.40%	\$21,505,505	1.13%	\$25,694,894	1.27%
Economic and Community Development	\$16,869,494	1.01%	\$15,997,120	0.90%	\$19,316,235	1.13%	\$38,950,605	2.04%	\$19,256,126	0.95%
Education										
General Purpose Aid for Local Schools	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%
Preschool Handicapped	\$4,271,158	0.26%	\$4,139,647	0 23%	\$4,111,416	0.24%	\$3,968,687	0.21%		0.21%
Other Department of Education Programs	\$81,916,813	4.93%	\$87,940,968	4 93%	\$91,237,652	5.33%	\$108,914,872	5.71%	\$114,226,653	5.64%
Education	\$86,187,971	5.18%	\$92,080,615	5.17%	\$95,349,068	5.57%	\$112,883,559	5.91%	\$118,533,133	5.85%
Higher Educ. Institutions and Programs	\$517,171	0.03%	\$514,369	0.03%	\$575,949	0.03%	\$616,729	0.03%	1 ' ' '	0.06%
Environmental Protection	\$31,110,854	1.87%	\$30,376,603	1.70%	\$34,904,364	2.04%	\$35,442,691	1.86%		2.09%
Executive Department	\$4,363,400	0.26%	\$3,886,998	0.22%	\$4,730,262	0.28%	\$12,280,676	0.64%	\$6,066,721	0.30%
Human Services	\$607,459,452	26 520/	F454 204 101	26 020/	\$540 AA1 900	33.23%	\$607,145,321	21 010/	6607 544 020	33.93%
Medical Care - Payments to Providers	\$189,998,349	36.53% 11.43%	\$656,306,191 \$179,693,531	36.82% 10 08%	\$568,441,899 \$175,408,433	10.26%	\$190,381,652	31.81% 9.97%	\$687,544,039 \$183,172,365	9.04%
Nursing Facilities AFDC/TANF	\$113,209,659	6.81%	\$105,418,560	5.91%	\$173,408,433	6.50%	\$190,381,632	6.59%	\$108,066,049	5.33%
Child Welfare/Foster Care	\$28,093,659	1.69%	\$34,255,187	1.92%	\$34,079,268	1.99%	\$41,340,989	2.17%		2.14%
General Assistance	\$456,343	0.03%	\$3,724,779	0.21%	(\$250)	0.00%	\$1,082,952	0.06%	\$23,414	0.00%
Other Human Services Programs	\$140,051,506	8.42%	\$175,088,680	9.82%	\$174,217,638	10.19%		9 75%		10.76%
Human Services	\$1,079,268,967		\$1,154,486,927		\$1,063,365,934		\$1,151,912,115		\$1,240,112,396	
Inland Fisheries and Wildlife	\$6,238,614	0.38%	\$6,949,485	0.39%	\$7,058,592	0.41%	1 ' ' '	0.38%	1	0.45%
Judicial Department	\$1,411,743	0.08%	\$2,546,090	0.14%	\$3,795,444	0 22%	\$4,244,038	0.22%		0.24%
Labor							·			
Other Labor Programs	\$3,206,537	0.19%	\$5,757,901	0.32%	\$8,162,717	0.48%	\$8,487,802	0.44%	\$8,463,164	0.42%
Rehabilitation Services	\$12,719,186	0.76%	\$13,126,997	0.74%	\$14,609,078	0.85%	\$14,982,129	0.78%	\$15,379,124	0.76%
Employment Services Activities	\$19,162,323	1.15%	\$27,528,016	1.54%	\$27,531,826	1.61%	\$28,544,369	1.50%	\$22,044,427	1.09%
Employment Security Services	\$31,431,289	1.89%	\$24,179,235	1.36%	\$19,101,076	1.12%	\$18,822,092	0.99%	\$19,347,892	0.95%
Labor	\$66,519,336	4.00%	\$70,592,149	3.96%	\$69,404,697	4.06%	\$70,836,391	3.71%	\$65,234,608	3.22%
Legislature	\$566	0.00%	\$55,243	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$5,257	0.00%	\$3	0.00%
Marine Resources	\$3,620,517	0.22%	\$3,724,789	0.21%	\$4,542,438	0.27%	\$4,441,984	0.23%	\$4,163,056	0.21%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.	£1 270 002	0.000/	£1 270 7/0	0.070/	#1 200 401	0.0007	E1 227 (04	0.0607	#1 C17 522	0.0007
Mental Retardation Services Mental Health Services	\$1,378,002 \$4,380,773	0 08% 0.26%	\$1,270,768 \$7,210,707	0.07% 0.40%	\$1,288,401 \$4,428,144	0.08% 0.26%	\$1,237,684 \$3,821,688	0.06% 0.20%	\$1,617,523 \$4,857,570	0.08% 0.24%
Other MHMRSAS Programs	\$4,380,773	2.67%	\$46,664,872	2.62%	\$4,428,144	2.27%	\$3,821,088	2.01%	\$4,857,570 \$41,016,961	2.02%
Men. Health, Men. Ret. & Sub. Ab. Svc.	\$50,198,692	3.02%	\$55,146,346	3.09%	\$44,600,833	2.61%	\$43,346,041	2.27%	\$47,492,054	2.02%
Professional and Financial Regulation	\$14,596,970	0.88%	\$14,481,408	0.81%	\$14,841,298	0.87%	\$15,952,233	0.84%	\$16,856,309	0.83%
Public Safety		,	1, 101, 100	2.21/0	·,o · · ·,		1,,	3.5170		2.5570
Public Safety - State Police	\$1,562,128	0.09%	\$1,570,525	0 09%	\$1,609,479	0.09%	\$991,975	0.05%	\$1,439,569	0.07%
Public Safety - Other Programs	\$12,194,338	0.73%	\$13,318,704	0.75%	\$14,267,126	0.83%	\$14,829,617	0.78%	\$18,646,438	0.92%
Public Safety	\$13,756,466	0.83%	\$14,889,228	0.84%	\$15,876,605	0.93%	\$15,821,592	0.83%	\$20,086,006	0.99%
Secretary of State	\$1,015,261	0.06%	\$1,248,774	0.07%	\$1,496,994	0.09%	\$1,410,630	0.07%	\$1,612,970	0.08%
Transportation										
Highway & Bridge Maint. & Improv.	\$124,813,479	7.51%	\$124,492,214	6.98%	\$132,321,314	7.74%	\$151,958,392	7.96%	\$146,174,542	7.21%
Other Transportation Programs	\$8,621,334	0.52%	\$5,069,228	0.28%	\$7,951,971	0.46%	\$13,268,042	0.70%	\$22,085,733	1.09%
Transportation	\$133,434,813	8.02%	\$129,561,442	7.27%	\$140,273,285	8.20%	\$165,226,434	8.66%	\$168,260,274	8.30%
Treasurer of State										
Municipal Revenue Sharing-Treasury	\$77,702,623	4.67%	\$89,494,820	5 02%	\$96,177,766	5.62%	\$107,119,831	5.61%	\$105,876,925	5.23%
Other Treasury Programs	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$8,961	0.00%
Treasurer of State	\$77,702,623	4.67%	\$89,494,820	5.02%	\$96,177,766	5.62%	\$107,119,831	5.61%	\$105,885,887	5.23%
All Other - State Agencies	\$20,343,231	1.22%	\$22,434,380	1.26%	\$23,270,358	1.36%	\$31,920,609	1.67%	\$30,453,360	1.50%
Total - Other Spec. Rev. Funds Exp.	\$1,662,806,247	100.0%	\$1,782,596,264	100.0%	\$1,710,448,335	100.0%	\$1,908,789,569	100.0%	\$2,026,323,519	100.0%

Table OSR-3 OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Fiscal Years 1997 - 2001 Expenditures

Expenditures - By Expenditure Category

	1997		1998		1999		2000		2001	
		% of								
Expenditure Category	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total	\$	Total
Personal Services			I							
Salaries and Wages	\$134,477,531	8.1%	\$135,458,026	7.6%	\$140,058,651	8.2%	\$146,114,841	7.7%	\$152,403,632	7.5%
Retirement Costs	\$29,806,995	1.8%	\$29,718,504	1.7%	\$31,846,563	1.9%	\$30,248,964	1.6%	\$33,297,824	1.6%
Health Ins. & Other Fringe Ben	\$25,387,893	1.5%	\$23,507,895	1.3%	\$24,252,187	1 4%	\$25,866,575	1.4%	\$30,531,438	1.5%
Unemployment Reimbursements	\$270,015	0 0%	\$230,882	0.0%	\$176,365	0.0%	\$100,784	0.0%	\$143,525	ó 0%
Personal Services - Subtotal	\$189,942,434	11.4%	\$188,915,306	10.6%	\$196,333,767	11.5%	\$202,331,164	10.6%	\$216,376,420	10.7%
All Other						:				
Professional Services	\$52,165,192	3 1%	\$66,376,614	3.7%	\$66,071,436	3 9%	\$65,097,257	3.4%	\$83,082,466	4.1%
Travel Expenses	\$4,084,213	0.2%	\$4,544,456	0.3%	\$4,472,197	0 3%	\$4,970,229	0 3%	\$5,211,228	0.3%
Miscellaneous Oper Expenses	\$33,225,302	2 0%	\$45,022,157	2.5%	\$44,079,413	2.6%	\$35,535,159	1.9%	\$39,394,179	1.9%
Commodities	\$9,503,127	0 6%	\$13,398,896	0 8%	\$12,325,486	0 7%	\$44,888,976	2 4%	\$48,208,176	2.4%
Grants, Subsidies and Pensions					•					
To Other Governments	\$174,330,425	10 5%	\$209,233,310	11.7%	\$216,311,670	12.6%	\$242,790,254	12.7%	\$234,726,287	116%
To Pub. and Priv. Orgs	\$108,485,723	6 5%	\$117,497,401	6 6%	\$112,215,586	6 6%	\$164,711,285	8 6%	\$149,463,739	7.4%
To Individuals	\$977,398,948	58.8%	\$1,030,412,103	57 8%	\$938,591,457	54 9%	\$1,010,271,897	52.9%	\$1,082,591,407	53 4%
All Other - Subtotal	\$1,359,192,930	81.7%	\$1,486,484,937	83 4%	\$1,394,067,246	81 5%	\$1,568,265,056	82.2%	\$1,642,677,481	81 1%
Capital Expenditures	\$109,305,746	6 6%	\$103,393,949	5.8%	\$114,969,557	6 7%	\$133,359,688	7 0%	\$163,239,524	8.1%
Contrib and Trans. to Other Funds	\$4,365,136	0 3%	\$3,802,071	0 2%	\$5,077,765	0.3%	\$4,833,661	0.3%	\$4,030,094	0.2%
Total Expenditures	\$1,662,806,247	100.0%	\$1,782,596,264	100.0%	\$1,710,448,335	100.0%	\$1,908,789,569	100.0%	\$2,026,323,519	100.0%

SECTION III - SUMMARY OF MAJOR TAXES AND REVENUE SOURCES

The following pages contain summaries of the major tax and revenue sources. The summaries identify the present tax base for each tax or the persons or entities required to pay each of the major license fees or assessments. For those revenue sources that are not considered taxes, fees or assessments, a discussion or description of the major contributions are provided. Most of these summaries include a statutory history showing dates of adoption and more recent major amendments to the tax. Each section includes "Revenue Notes" that provide information about the revenue collected from the various sources and cross-references to the revenue tables in Section II of this report.

INCOME TAXES - 36 M.R.S.A. cc. 801-841

<u>Individual Income Tax.</u> A tax is imposed for each taxable year on the Maine taxable income of every resident individual, estate and trust of this state. Maine taxable income is based on federal adjusted gross income with several Maine specific adjustments. Nonresident individuals, estates and trusts are subject to tax on income derived from sources within this state. Tax rates are progressive from 2% to 8.5%. Table III-1 on page 23 provides a summary of individual income tax schedules, personal exemptions and standard deductions. For nonresident individuals, the rate is determined based on taxable income from all sources and applied to Maine sourced income to determine the tax. Tax rates for fiduciaries are the same as those for single individuals.

Withholding of Maine income tax from wages is required of every employer who maintains an office or transacts business in Maine and who makes payment of any wages subject to Maine income tax, whether or not the employee is a Maine resident. Every person who maintains an office or who transacts business in Maine and who makes payment of any other items of income which constitute Maine taxable income is also required to withhold Maine income tax from such payments if federal withholding is required.

<u>Partnerships and S Corporations</u>. Every partnership and S corporation having a resident partner or shareholder or having Maine derived income is required to file an information tax return.

<u>Limited Liability Companies</u>. Limited liability companies are taxed as partnerships or corporations according to the treatment elected by the company for purposes of the federal income tax.

Corporate Income Tax. A corporate income tax is imposed on all corporations subject to federal income tax and having nexus with Maine, with the exception of financial institutions subject to the franchise tax and insurance companies subject to the premium tax. The tax is levied on Maine net income which is federal taxable income as modified by Maine law. In the case of a corporation doing business both within and outside of the State, Maine net income is determined by apportioning the modified federal taxable income according to a formula using payroll, property and sales. Tax rates are progressive from 3.5% to 8.93% (see Table III-1 on page 23 for rates). A taxable corporation that is a member of an affiliated group operating in a unitary fashion must file a combined report.

INCOME TAXES (continued)

Revenue Notes - Income Taxes - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Income tax collections accrue to the General Fund. At the end of each month 5.1% (increasing to 5.2% May 1, 2003) of this revenue is reserved for transfer to the Local Government Fund for municipal revenue sharing (See page 25). **Table OPF-1** includes all income taxes: individual, corporate and franchise tax on financial institutions. **Table GF-1** separates individual income tax revenue amounts from the corporate income tax. The 1998 amounts include \$137,245,402 that was transferred to the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents. This \$137,245,402 amount is included in the State Controller's report as General Fund revenue and is reflected in the General Fund balance sheet as a reserve account. Individual income tax revenue began year-end accruals of revenue in fiscal year 1996 and corporate income tax began accruals in fiscal year 2000. Provided below is a table of accruals by fiscal year.

	Income Tax Accruals	
Fiscal Year	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Income Tax
1996	\$24,200,000	N/A
1997	\$24,200,000	N/A
1998	\$32,760,000	N/A
1999	\$43,180,000	N/A
2000	\$46,250,000	\$2,515,000
2001	\$53,263,080	\$1,933,281

History - Income Taxes

Adopted 1969. Originally effective on July 1, 1969, for individuals, estates and trusts and on January 1, 1969, for corporations. Amended numerous times since enactment to alter the tax rates and other provisions. For individuals and fiduciaries, the tax rate brackets, standard deduction and personal exemption have been subject to indexing for inflation since tax year 1983 for each year except tax years 1988 and 1989. For tax years 1992 through 1999 the tax rate brackets and personal exemption were not adjusted for inflation because the inflation factor was less than 1.000. Since 1989, the standard deduction is the same as the federal deduction. Amended in 1998 to increase the personal exemption to \$2,400 in 1998 and \$2,750 in 1999 and indexed in subsequent years. Amended in 1999 to increase the personal exemption to \$2,850 in 2000 and subsequent years.

FRANCHISE TAX ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 819

The franchise tax on financial institutions is imposed annually on every financial institution doing business in Maine that had a substantial physical presence in the State and which at any time during the taxable year realized Maine net income or had Maine assets. The franchise tax is comprised of two parts: (1) one percent of Maine net income and (2) 8¢ per \$1,000 of Maine assets. A financial institution that is a member of an affiliated group operating in a unitary fashion must file a combined report.

Revenue Notes - Franchise Tax on Financial Institutions - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 and Table OSR-1

The franchise tax on financial institutions is collected as part of the corporate income tax filing process and accrues to the General Fund with 5.1% (increasing to 5.2% May 1, 2003) transferred to the Local Government Fund. Revenue from this tax is included in **Table OPF-1** under income taxes and in **Table GF-1** and **Table OSR-1** under Corporate Income Tax. Separate detail is not available.

History - Franchise Tax on Financial Institutions

Adopted 1983. Originally enacted with the corporate income tax (P&SL 1969 c. 154). Financial institutions were taxed at the same rate as corporations until 1984 when the tax was changed to $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of Maine net income and $\frac{4}{6}$ per \$1,000 of Maine assets. Tax was doubled in 1986. Amended in 1997 and 1998 to clarify definitions, application and apportionment.

Table III-1 State of Maine - Individual and Corporate Income Tax - 2001 Rates

Individual Income Tax Rate Schedules

Note: The tax rates and the personal exemption amount were established through recent legislation and are not subject to the inflation adjustment for tax year 2001

FOR SINGLE INDIVIDUALS AND MARRIED PERSONS FILING SEPARATE RETURNS

If the taxable income is:

The tax is:

Less than \$4,150 2.0% of the taxable income

FOR UNMARRIED OR LEGALLY SEPARATED INDIVIDUALS WHO QUALIFY AS HEADS-OF-HOUSEHOLDS

If the taxable income is:

The tax is:

Less than \$6,200 2.0% of the taxable income

\$ 6,200 but less than \$12,400 \$124 plus 4.5% of excess over \$ 6,200 \$12,400 but less than \$24,750 \$403 plus 7.0% of excess over \$12,400 \$24,750 or more \$1,268 plus 8.5% of excess over \$24,750

FOR MARRIED INDIVIDUALS AND SURVIVING SPOUSES FILING JOINT RETURNS

If the taxable income is:

The tax is:

Less than \$ 8,250 2.0% of the taxable income

\$8,250 but less than \$16,500 \$165 plus 4.5% of excess over \$8,250 \$16,500 but less than \$33,000 \$536 plus 7.0% of excess over \$16,500 \$33,000 or more \$1,691 plus 8.5% of excess over \$33,000

PERSONAL EXEMPTION: \$2,850 for each exemption claimed on the federal income tax form

STANDARD DEDUCTION:

Single - \$4,550 Married Filing Jointly - \$7,600 Head-of-Household - \$6,650 Married Filing Separate - \$3,800

If taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on another person's return, the standard deduction is the greater of \$750 or earned income plus \$250 up to the standard deduction amount. Additional Standard Deduction Amounts for Age (65 or over) and/or Blindness:

Married (whether filing jointly or separately) or Qualified Surviving Spouse

- \$900 for each occurrence of an individual meeting age threshold or being blind
- Maximum of \$3,600 additional if both spouses are blind and over 65

Single or Head-of-Household

- \$1,100 for each occurrence of an individual meeting age threshold or being blind
- Maximum of \$2,200 additional if individual is blind and over 65

Corporate Tax Rates

If the taxable income is:	The tax rate is:	
\$ 0 but not over \$ 25,000	3.50%	
\$ 25,000 but not over \$ 75,000	7.93%	
\$ 75,000 but not over \$250,000	8.33%	
\$250,000 or over	8.93%	ŝ

SALES AND USE TAXES - 36 M.R.S.A. cc. 211-225

Sales Tax The sales tax is imposed at the rate of 5% of the sale price on retail sales of tangible personal property, telecommunications service, fabrication services, extended cable television service, custom computer programming and rentals of furniture, audio and video tapes and equipment, transmission and distribution of electricity, prepaid calling arrangements and long-term automobile rentals or leases; at 7% on temporary rentals of living quarters in hotels, rooming houses, tourist and trailer camps, the sale of liquor by the drink and meals purchased at facilities licensed for the on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages; and at 10% on the short-term rental of automobiles. The tax is also imposed on casual sales of motor vehicles, camper trailers, truck campers, livestock trailers, special mobile equipment, boats and aircraft. Sales of new manufactured housing (mobile homes and modular homes) are subject to the 5% tax, usually at 50% of the selling price. Many exemptions and exclusions exist, including grocery staples. Beginning October 1, 2001, the tax on sales of all prepared food is 7%.

<u>Use Tax</u> The use tax is imposed at the same rate as the sales tax on the sale price of tangible personal property purchased at retail sale in another jurisdiction for use, storage or other consumption in Maine, unless substantial (12 months) use was made of the property elsewhere before it was brought to Maine. An exception is made for motor vehicles registered as automobiles that were purchased and actually used in another state before being brought to Maine, if the purchaser was a resident of the other state at the time of purchase. The use tax does not apply to purchases on which Maine sales tax has been paid, and credit is allowed for sales or use tax paid in another jurisdiction up to the amount of the Maine tax.

Revenue Notes - Sales and Use Taxes - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Sales and Use Tax collections accrue to the General Fund. At the end of each month 5.1% (increasing to 5.2% May 1, 2003) of this revenue is reserved and transferred to the Local Government Fund for municipal revenue sharing (See page 25 for more detail on these transfers). Table OPF-1 includes all Sales and Use Tax including the Gross Receipts Tax. Table GF-1 separates the Gross Receipts Tax from Sales and Use Taxes. The amounts in Table OSR-1 represent the revenue transferred to the Local Government Fund which do not include Gross Receipts Tax revenue which was not subject to the transfers for municipal revenue sharing. Sales and Use Tax revenue began year-end accruals of revenue in fiscal year 1998. The accruals were \$47,100,000 in fiscal year 1998, \$45,630,000 in fiscal year 1999, \$70,017,629 in fiscal year 2000 and \$76,857,508 in fiscal year 2001.

History - Sales and Use Taxes

Originally enacted effective July 1, 1951 at 2%. Amended July 1, 1957 increasing to 3%. Amended September 1, 1959 to include rentals of living quarters. Amended July 1, 1963 increasing to 4%. Amended July 1, 1965 to include telephone and telegraph service. Amended November 1, 1967 increasing to 41/2%. Amended June 1, 1969 increasing to 5%. Amended October 24, 1977 to include short-term rentals of automobiles. Amended December 15, 1984 to include extended cable television service. Amended July 16, 1986 to include fabrication services and custom computer programming and increasing to 7% on rentals of living quarters and short-term rentals of automobiles. Amended August 1, 1989 to include rentals of video tapes and equipment and increasing the rate to 10% on liquor sold by the drink effective December 1, 1989. Amended August 1, 1991 increasing the basic rate to 6% and imposing a 7% tax on meals purchased at facilities licensed for the on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages, and decreasing the rate to 7% on liquor served by the drink. Amended September 1, 1991 to include snack foods. Amended August 1, 1994 to increase the rate to 10% on the short-term rental of automobiles. Amended many times since enactment to add or repeal exemptions. The 6% tax rate was reduced to 51/2% on October 1, 1998 pursuant to the operation of 36 M.R.S.A. §1811. Rate reduced to 5% effective July 1, 2000. PL 1999, c. 698 repealed tax on snack food effective August 11, 2000. PL 2001, c. 429, Part TTTT set rate on all prepared food at 7% beginning October 1, 2001.

TRANSFERS FOR MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING - 30-A M.R.S.A. §5681

Transfers are made on the last day of each month from the General Fund to the Local Government Fund to set aside revenue to be distributed to municipalities to lessen the burdens on local property taxes. Amounts equal to 5.1% of the taxes collected and credited to the General Fund under Title 36, Parts 3 and 8, the individual income tax, the corporate income tax, the franchise tax on financial institutions and the sales and use taxes are transferred. The amounts in the Local Government Fund are distributed to municipalities on the 20th day of each month based on a formula factoring in property tax burden and population. An annual growth ceiling is established for the Local Government Fund equal to the amount transferred in fiscal year 1999-00 adjusted for inflation. Amounts exceeding the annual growth ceiling are transferred to the Disproportionate Tax Burden Fund and distributed to municipalities with mill rates over 10 mills based on a formula factoring in population and the portion of the property tax mill rate that exceeds 10 mills.

Revenue Notes - Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing - Table OFF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Table GF-1 details the revenue amounts reserved and netted out of General Fund revenue from individual income tax, corporate income tax, franchise tax on financial institutions and sales and use taxes. Table OSR-1 shows the amounts transferred to the Local Government Fund. The amounts in these table are not equal due to the one-month lag between the reserving of the revenue in the General Fund and the recognition of the revenue in the Local Government Fund. The difference in any fiscal year is equal to the amount of revenue reserved in June from the "revenue sharing" taxes of that fiscal year compared to the amounts reserved from those same taxes in June of the prior fiscal year. Table OPF-1 represents the "net effect" of the one-month lag. Effective in fiscal year 1998, the State Controller changed the financial reporting associated with the transfers to municipal revenue sharing. The Controller's Office now shows the gross amounts collected from the individual income tax, corporate income tax, franchise tax on financial institutions and sales and use taxes and no longer nets out the amounts reserved from the Local Government Fund when reporting on these tax collections. Instead, a separate line has been created to show the amounts reserved for "Transfer to Municipal Revenue Sharing." Effective in fiscal year 1999, the State Controller began recording transfers to the Local Government Fund during the same month in which the amounts were reserved in the General Fund. In fiscal year 1999, this represented a one-time increase of revenue to the Local Government Fund of \$15,746,438; the change did not affect the timing or the amount of payments to municipalities.

History - Transfers for Municipal Revenue Sharing

First implemented by PL 1971, c. 478. For fiscal years 1972 and 1973, the distributions were provided by appropriations of \$2,900,000 and \$3,700,000, respectively. Beginning July 1, 1973, 4% of the collections of the individual income tax, corporate income tax, franchise tax on financial institutions and sales and use taxes were set aside for distribution to municipalities. PL 1981, c. 522 effective July 1, 1983 required in addition to the 4% that \$237,000 of sales and use tax receipts be transferred monthly to the Local Government Fund for municipal revenue sharing. Amended by PL 1983, c. 855 to increase the percentage from 4% to 4.75% effective June 30, 1984 and to increase the percentage again from 4.75% to 5.1% effective July 1, 1985. PL 1991, c.780, part Q, effective August 1, 1992, eliminated the provision requiring the transfer of the \$237,000 per month or \$2,844,000 annually from sales and use tax receipts. The transfers to the Local Government Fund were suspended for 6 months in fiscal year 1992 to achieve approximately \$32.5 million in additional General Fund revenue. This suspension was partially offset by a General Fund appropriation of \$14,400,000 in that same fiscal year. PL 2001, c. 559, Part G postponed to May 1, 2003 the increase to 5.2% originally scheduled for January 1, 2003 by PL 2001, c. 439, Part OO.

GROSS RECEIPTS TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 370 (Repealed)

The Gross Receipts Tax was imposed from 1993 through 1996 on all licensed nursing home operations in the State at a rate of 7% of the gross receipts of charges made for nursing facility care. Sales of prepared food by establishments licensed for the on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages were also subject to the gross receipts tax in lieu of the 7% sales tax imposed on such sales previously when the Gross Receipt Tax was not in effect.

Revenue Notes - Gross Receipts Tax - Table GF-1 and Table OPF-1

Gross Receipts Tax collections accrued to the General Fund prior to its repeal on January 1, 1997. Unlike the Sales and Use Taxes, Gross Receipts Tax collections were not subject to the transfers to municipal revenue sharing. Taxes on the sale of prepared food by establishments licensed for the on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages reverted to a sales tax effective January 1, 1997 and became subject to the transfers to municipal revenue sharing. **Table GF-1** shows the amounts collected from the Gross Receipts Tax. In **Table OPF-1**, the revenue from the Gross Receipts Tax is included under Sales and Use Taxes.

History - Gross Receipts Tax

Adopted 1993. The tax was originally enacted by PL 1993, c. 410, Part YY. It was amended by PL 1993, c. 711 to repeal a refundable nursing home care tax credit and establish the Catastrophic Health Expense Program that allowed individuals or trusts acting on behalf of individuals a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 2.7% of the Federal income tax deduction for medical expenses. The Gross Receipts Tax and the Catastrophic Health Expense Program were repealed effective January 1, 1997, pursuant to PL 1995, c. 665, Part E. The sale of prepared food by establishments licensed for the on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages reverted to a sales tax on the same date the Gross Receipts Tax was repealed.

ESTATE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 575

The Maine estate tax is imposed upon the transfer of the estate of every person who was a Maine resident at the time of death. The tax is equal to the amount by which the credit allowed against the federal estate tax for state death taxes exceeds the amount of such taxes actually paid, provided that the allowance for such taxes may not exceed that percentage of the federal tax credit which the Maine taxable portion of the estate is to the total estate. A similar tax is imposed on real and tangible personal property having Maine situs passing by reason of the death of a person not a Maine resident, at the same percentage of the federal allowance for state death taxes that the value of the property taxable in Maine bears to the total estate.

Revenue Notes - Estate Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Estate Tax collections accrue to the General Fund with the exception of a one-time transfer of \$6,200,000 of Estate Tax revenue to a dedicated account in fiscal year 1998. **Table OPF-1** shows the total amounts of Estate Tax collections, **Table GF-1** shows the estate tax collections accruing to the General Fund and **Table OSR-1** shows the one-time transfer to a dedicated revenue account. Year-end accrual of the Estate Tax began in fiscal year 2000: \$4,175,000 was accrued in fiscal year 2000 and \$5,216,562 was accrued in fiscal year 2001. In addition, recognition of revenue deposited into the Estate Tax Suspense account resulted in \$8,677,386 of additional revenue in fiscal year 2000.

History - Estate Tax

Adopted 1927. The current Maine estate tax was enacted in 1981 to replace previous estate tax based on federal credit for state death taxes beginning with deaths occurring after June 30, 1986. An additional inheritance tax was phased out between 1981 and 1986.

CIGARETTE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 703 & 22 M.R.S.A. §1546

The cigarette tax is imposed on all cigarettes held in this State for retail sale. The rate of the tax is 37 mills per cigarette or 74¢ per package of 20 cigarettes with an increase to 50 mills per cigarette or \$1.00 per pack that began on October 1, 2001.

Revenue Notes - Cigarette Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from the Cigarette Tax, as noted above, currently accrues to the General Fund. All of the incremental revenue generated by the 1998 tax increase was dedicated to the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund (22 M.R.S.A. §1546) in fiscal year 1998. Revenue transfers out of the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund were required to maintain the budgeted amount of General Fund Cigarette Tax revenue in fiscal years 1998 and 1999 and to support allocations made to the Tobacco Prevention and Control program within the Department of Human Services. Effective December 31, 1998, the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund was abolished. This tax began year-end accrual of revenue in fiscal year 2000. The amount accrued at the end of fiscal year 2000 was \$1,500. There was no accrual for fiscal year 2001. Tables GF-1 & OSR-1 provide detail on the revenue generated by the Cigarette Tax.

History - Cigarette Tax

Adopted 1941. The original cigarette tax was enacted effective June 1, 1941 at 1 mill or 2¢ per package of 20 cigarettes. PL 1941, c. 298, sec. 20 stated that the revenue generated by the tax was appropriated for the payment of old age assistance, less any expenses incurred in assessing the tax. PL 1945, c. 297 provided that the revenue generated from the tax be credited to the General Fund. PL 1947, c. 377 increased the tax to 2 mills per cigarette or 4¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1947. PL 1955, c. 359 increased the tax to 2½ mills per cigarette or 5¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1955. PL 1961, c. 372 increased the tax to 3 mills per cigarette or 6¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1961. PL 1965, c. 343 increased the tax to 4 mills per cigarette or 8¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1965. P&S 1967, c. 154 increased the tax to 4½ mills per cigarette or 9¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1967. P&S 1967, c. 191 increased tax to 5 mills per cigarette or 10¢ per package of 20 effective November 1, 1967. PL 1969, c. 295 increased the tax to 6 mills per cigarette or 12¢ per package of 20 effective June 1, 1969. P&S 1971, c. 117 increased to 7 mills per cigarette or 14¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1971. PL 1973, c. 768 increased the tax to 8 mills per cigarette or 16¢ per package of 20 effective July 1, 1974. PL 1983, c. 477 increased the tax to 10 mills per cigarette or 20¢ per package of 20 effective September 23, 1983. PL 1983, c. 859 increased the tax to 14 mills per cigarette or 28¢ per package of 20 effective December 15, 1984. PL 1989, c. 588 increased the tax to 15.5 mills per cigarette or 31¢ per package of 20 beginning October 1, 1989; to 16.5 mills per cigarette or 33¢ per package of 20 beginning January 1, 1991; and to 18.5 mills per cigarette or 37¢ per package of 20 beginning July 1, 1991, PL 1997, c. 560, Part A doubled the tax to 37 mills per cigarette or 74¢ per package of 20 and dedicated the revenue to the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund (22 M.R.S.A. §1546) effective November 1, 1997. It also required revenue transfers out of the Other Special Revenue Tobacco Tax Relief Fund to support allocations made to the Tobacco Prevention and Control program within the Department of Human Services and transfers to the General Fund in amounts equal to the budgeted amount of Cigarette Tax revenue in fiscal years 1998 and 1999. General Fund transfers were also required beginning in fiscal year 2000 to maintain the level of cigarette tax revenue in the previous fiscal year less 3%. Part D of that Act authorized annual allocations of \$3,500,000 in fiscal years 1998 and 1999 from the fund to the Tobacco Prevention and Control program. PL 1997, c. 643, Part T effective June 30, 1999, undedicated the revenue generated by the cigarette tax, repealed the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund and required that any unencumbered balance in the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund at the end of fiscal year 1999 lapse to the General Fund. PL 1997, c. 750 changed the date of the repeal of the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund to December 31, 1998. PL 2001, c. 439 increased tax to 47 mills per cigarette or 94¢ per package of 20. PL 2001, c. 450 added an additional 3 mills per cigarette or 6¢ per package for a total of 50 mills per cigarette or \$1.00 per package of 20.

TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 704

A tax is imposed on all tobacco products, other than cigarettes, produced or imported for sale in Maine. The tax does not apply to tobacco products exported from the state. The tax rate for smokeless tobacco, including chewing tobacco and snuff, is 62% of the wholesale sales price. The tax rate for other tobacco, including cigars, pipe tobacco and other tobacco intended for smoking, is 16% of the wholesale sales price.

Revenue Notes - Tobacco Products Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue from the Tobacco Products Tax accrues to the General Fund (see **Table GF-1**). In **Table OPF-1**, the amounts from the Tobacco Products Tax are included with revenue from the Cigarette Tax. Year-end accrual of revenue for this tax began at the end of fiscal year 2000. The amount of revenue accrued at the end of fiscal year 2000 was \$223,500 and was \$257,250 in fiscal year 2001.

History - Tobacco Products Tax

A similar tax at the rate of 20% of the retail sale price was in effect from July 1, 1947 to December 31, 1955. The tax on smokeless tobacco was first imposed July 16, 1986 at a rate of 45% of the wholesale sales price. The rate was increased to 50% on October 1, 1989, 55% on January 1, 1991 and to 62% on July 1, 1991. The tax on other tobacco products was first imposed July 16, 1986 at a rate of 12% of the wholesale sales price. The rate was increased to 13% on October 1, 1989, to 14% on January 1, 1991 and to 16% on July 1, 1991.

CIGARETTE & TOBACCO PRODUCTS LICENSE FEES - 36 M.R.S.A. cc. 703-704 & 22 M.R.S.A. c. 262-A

The Bureau of Revenue Services and the Department of Human Services collect license fee revenue associated with the wholesale and retail sale, respectively, of cigarettes and tobacco products. Each distributor of cigarettes and tobacco products doing business in Maine must secure a distributor's license from the Bureau of Revenue Services. A \$250 fee must accompany the application for distributors of cigarettes and a \$25 fee must accompany the application for distributors of tobacco products. The \$25 fee for tobacco products is waived if the distributor is licensed for the distribution of cigarettes. Distributors' licenses expire one year from the 31st of July next succeeding the date of issuance and may be renewed by applying for renewal for a period of 2 years. The renewal fees are the same as the original fees. The Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health licenses the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco products. The fee for a one-time retail tobacco license is set by the department at the actual cost of processing the application and issuing the license, up to but not exceeding \$25. A licensee is required to have a separate license for each premises and each vending machine. The fee for a one-time retail tobacco license or a tobacco manufacturers sampling license is \$25. The fee for a vending machine is \$5. Retailers' licenses are valid indefinitely unless suspended or revoked.

Revenue Notes - Cigarette & Tobacco Products License Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue collected by the Bureau of Revenue Services for the wholesale distribution of cigarettes and tobacco products accrues to the General Fund (see **Table GF-1** for the amounts collected from these wholesale license fees). Fees for retail licenses collected by the Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health accrue as dedicated revenue to the Bureau of Health (see **Table OSR-1** for these amounts).

CIGARETTE & TOBACCO PRODUCTS LICENSE (continued)

History - Cigarette & Tobacco Products License Fees

Adopted 1941. Amended by PL 1985, c. 783 effective June 1, 1986 to add tobacco products distributors license. PL 1995, c. 470 effective September 29, 1995 established the retail license for cigarette and tobacco products within the Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health and set the fee at up to \$25.

LIQUOR TAXES - 28-A M.R.S.A.

State Liquor Tax (28-A M.R.S.A. §1651, Sub-§1). The selling price of all spirits and fortified wine is set to produce an aggregate state liquor tax sufficient to pay all liquor-related expenses of the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations and to return to the General Fund an amount substantially equal to the amount of state liquor tax collected in the previous fiscal year. In addition to this tax, a premium is imposed at the rate of \$1.25 per proof gallon (See 28-A M.R.S.A. §1703, Sub-§3).

Malt Liquor Tax (28-A M.R.S.A. §1652, Sub-§1). An excise tax is imposed on the privilege of manufacturing and selling malt liquor in the State. The Maine manufacturer or importing wholesale licensee must pay an excise tax of 25¢ per gallon on all malt liquor sold in the State. In addition to this tax, a premium is imposed at the rate of 10¢ per gallon (See 28-A M.R.S.A. §1703, Sub-§3).

Wine Tax (28-A M.R.S.A. §1652, Sub-§2). An excise tax is imposed on the privilege of manufacturing and selling wine in the State. The Maine manufacturer or importing wholesale licensee must pay an excise tax of 30¢ per gallon on all wine other than sparkling wine manufactured in or imported into the state and \$1 per gallon on all sparkling wine manufactured in or imported into the State. In addition to this tax, a premium is imposed at the rate of 30¢ per gallon on all wine other than sparkling wine and 24¢ per gallon on all sparkling wine (See 28-A M.R.S.A. §1703, Sub-§3). The tax on manufacture or importation of hard cider is 24¢ per gallon with a premium of 10¢ per gallon.

Low-alcohol Spirits Tax (28-A M.R.S.A. §1365; 28-A M.R.S.A. §1652, Sub-§1-A). An excise tax is imposed on the privilege of manufacturing and selling low-alcohol spirits products and fortified wines in the State. The Maine manufacturer or importing wholesale licensee must pay an excise tax of \$1 per gallon on all low-alcohol spirits products and fortified wines manufactured in or imported into the State. An additional tax of 30¢ per gallon is imposed on low-alcohol spirits products sold to wholesale licensees in this State by certificate of approval holders who manufacture low-alcohol spirits products. In addition to this tax, a premium is imposed at the rate of 24¢ per gallon (See 28-A M.R.S.A. §1703, Sub-§3).

Revenue Notes - Liquor Taxes - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue from Liquor Taxes accrues to the General Fund. Table GF-1 provides detail for each of the Liquor Excise Taxes and Premium Taxes.

History - Liquor Taxes

Sale of spirits and wine by the State was originally authorized in 1934 with a tax markup determined by the State Liquor Commission. Amended in 1937 to provide a tax at \$2.08 per gallon on spirits and 50¢ per gallon on wine. Amended in 1941 to provide a tax markup of at least 61%, which was increased in 1955 to 65%, in 1967 to 75% of the "less carload FOB warehouse price" and in 1994 to 65% of delivered case price. Amended in 1998 to set a list price for spirits and fortified wine that would return an additional \$3,000,000 in General Fund revenue above accepted fiscal year 1998-99 estimates. Amended in 1999 to set the tax to generate an aggregate amount sufficient to return to the General Fund an amount substantially equal to the amount collected in prior fiscal year.

LIQUOR TAXES (continued)

Tax on manufacture or importation of malt liquor originally enacted in 1933 at 5 1/3¢ per gallon, \$1.24 per barrel or varying rates per case based upon the number and volume of bottles per case. Amended in 1969 to remove wine from state sale and markup and impose tax at same level in distribution process as for malt liquor. Tax on manufacture and importation of wine at distribution level was enacted in 1969. Tax specific to fortified wine was enacted in 1993 at rate of \$1 per gallon. Tax specific to low-alcohol spirits was enacted in 1991 at rate of \$1 per gallon and product tax of 30¢ per gallon.

Alcohol premium enacted in 1981 on spirits at the rate of $62\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per gallon, malt liquor at the rate of 5¢ per gallon, table wines at the rate of 15¢ per gallon and sparkling wine at the rate of 12¢ per gallon. The premium was doubled in 1986. Premium for low-alcohol spirits added in 1991 and fortified wine added in 1993, both at rate of 24¢ per gallon.

LIQUOR LICENSE FEES - 28-A M.R.S.A.

In addition to the collection of beer and wine excise taxes, the Bureau of Liquor Enforcement within the Department of Public Safety collects a variety of license fees related to the selling and serving of alcoholic beverages. The Bureau regulates the operation of licensed premises and licenses approximately 4000 liquor establishments and 210 agency stores. Table III-2 on page 31 provides a comprehensive list of all fees collected by the Bureau of Liquor Enforcement. In addition to the fees listed in Table III-2, the bureau charges a \$10 filing fee for all applications.

Revenue Notes - Liquor License Fees - Table OPF-1 and Table GF-1

Revenue from the Liquor License Fees accrues to the General Fund (see Tables OPF-1 & GF-1).

History - Liquor License Fees

Liquor license fees have not been amended since 1993.

INSURANCE PREMIUM TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 357

Every insurance company or association organized under the laws of this State is liable for a tax at the rate of 2% of gross direct premiums, (1% of long-term health care premiums) including annuity considerations, on all policies written in Maine, less allowed deductions. The tax on qualified group disability plans is 2.55% for large domestic insurers and 1% for all other insurers. Every non-resident insurance company authorized to do business in this State is liable for a tax on all policies written in Maine at the Maine rate or the rate at which a Maine company would be taxed in the state or Canadian province where the non-resident company is domiciled, whichever is greater. Reduced rates are provided for captive insurers.

Revenue Notes - Insurance Premium Tax - Table OPF-1 and Table GF-1

Revenue from the Insurance Premium Tax accrues to the General Fund.

History - Insurance Premium Tax

Adopted in 1874. The rate on domestic companies was increased from 1% to 2% effective July 16, 1986. Amended in 1989 to reduce the rate to 1% of long-term health care premiums effective for tax years after 1988. Amended by PL 1997, c. 496, for tax years commencing on or after 1/1/97, to subject premiums on certain qualified group disability policies written by every insurer, except a large domestic insurer, to a 1% tax. Premiums on such policies written by every large domestic insurer are subject to a tax of 2.55%. PL 1997, c. 435 established reduced rates for non-Maine captive insurance companies.

Table III-2 - Liquor License Fee Schedule

License Class	Description	A 4
License Class	Description	Amount
Retail Sales		#000
Class I	Spirituous, Vinous & Malt - Airlines; Civic Auditoriums; Class A	\$900
	Restaurants; Clubs with Catering Privileges; Dining Cars; Golf	
	Clubs; Hotels; Indoor Ice Skating Clubs; Indoor Racquet Clubs;	
C1	Clubs; Class A Restaurants/Lounges; Vessels and Bowling Centers	#1 000
Class I-A	Spirituous, Vinous & Malt - Hotels - Optional Food	\$1,000
Class II	Spirituous Only - Airlines; Clubs; Civic Auditoriums; Clubs with	
	Catering Privileges; Dining Cars; Golf Clubs; Hotels; Indoor Ice	
	Skating Clubs; Indoor Racquet Clubs; Restaurants; Class A	
O1 TIT	Restaurants/Lounges; Bowling Centers and Vessels	#220
Class III	Clubs with Catering Privileges; Dining Cars; Golf Clubs; Indoor Ice	\$220
	Skating Clubs; Indoor Racquet Clubs; Restaurants; Bowling Centers and Vessels	
Class IV		#220
Class IV	Malt Only - Airlines; Civic Auditoriums; Class A Restaurants; Clubs	\$220
	with Catering Privileges; Dining Cars; Golf Clubs; Hotels; Indoor	
	Ice Skating Clubs; Indoor Racquet Clubs; Restaurants; Taverns; Bowling Centers and Vessels	
Class V	Spirituous; Vinous & Malt - Clubs without Catering Privileges and	\$495
Class v	Bed & Breakfasts	\$ 493
Class VI	Off-premise Retailers - Malt Liquor	\$200
Class VII	Off-premise Retailers - Table Wine	\$200 <u>.</u> \$200
Class X	Spirituous, Vinous & Malt - Class A Lounges	\$2,200
Class XI	Spirituous, Vinous & Malt - Class A Restaurants/Lounges	\$1,500
Class 711	*Competitive	Bid Process
	- (Renewal)	\$300
	Incorporated Civic Organizations	\$50
	Special Catering Permits	\$10
	Auxiliary Licenses	\$100
	Bottle Club Registrations	\$50
	B.Y.O.B. Functions	\$10
Wholesale Licen	ses	
Class XI	Certificates of Approval - Spirituous (Storage only)	\$600
	Certificates of Approval - Malt	\$600
	Certificates of Approval - Wine	\$600
	Wholesale - Malt	\$600
	Wholesale Storage - Malt - monthly	\$50
	Wholesale - Wine	\$600
	Wholesale Storage - Wine - monthly	\$50
	Small Maine Brewers	\$50
	Distillers & Brewers	\$1,000
	Maine Farm Wineries	\$50
	Rectifiers & Bottlers	\$1,000

^{*} Note: Requires a minimum bid of \$2000

FIRE INVESTIGATION AND PREVENTION TAX - 25 M.R.S.A. §2399

Every insurance company or association doing business or collecting premiums or assessments in Maine is liable, in addition to the insurance company tax, for a tax at the rate of 1.4% of gross direct premiums for fire risks, less allowable deductions. These funds are used to defray expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Public Safety in fire prevention investigation and educating the public in fire safety and to defray the cost of fire training and education programs at the Maine Technical College System (20-A M.R.S.A. Chapter 319).

Revenue Notes - Fire Investigation and Prevention Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from this tax accrues as dedicated revenue to the Office of the State Fire Marshall within the Department of Public Safety which transfers funds to the Maine Technical College System. **Table OPF-1** & **Table OSR-1** include the amounts generated by this tax.

History - Fire Investigation and Prevention Tax

Adopted and first imposed February 17, 1939 at 0.5%. Increased October 3, 1973 to 0.6%. Increased October 24, 1977 to 0.75%. Increased March 10, 1983 to 0.95%. Increased July 17, 1991 to 1.4%.

INSURANCE REGULATORY ASSESSMENTS - 24-A M.R.S.A. §237 & 24 M.R.S.A. §2332

Every insurance company or health maintenance organization licensed to do business in this State is assessed annually by the Bureau of Insurance. The assessment, not to exceed 0.2% of direct premiums written for any biennial period, is in proportion to the direct gross premium written on business in this State during the year ending December 31st immediately preceding the fiscal year for which an assessment is made. Similarly, every nonprofit hospital or medical service organization and nonprofit health care plans licensed to do business in the state is also assessed by the Bureau of Insurance. These annual assessments are based on subscription incomes and are not to exceed 0.015% of subscription income for any biennial period. The proceeds from each assessment process are used to support the costs of the Bureau of Insurance. There is a minimum assessment of \$100.

Revenue Notes - Insurance Regulatory Assessments - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Proceeds from this assessment accrue as dedicated revenue to the Bureau of Insurance and are detailed in Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1.

History - Insurance Regulatory Assessments

Adopted in 1985. PL 1993, c. 313 increased the assessment amount for insurance companies from 0.15% to 0.2%. PL 1997, c. 79 included health maintenance organizations in the assessment requirement of 24-A M.R.S.A. §237 which formerly applied to insurance companies only.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE ASSESSMENTS - 39-A M.R.S.A. §154

Each insurance company or entity that is authorized to write workers' compensation policies in this State and that either does business or collects premiums or assessments pays an annual assessment to the Workers' Compensation Board Administrative Fund which provides funding for the board's administrative and operating costs. Assessments for insurance carriers are based on payroll times the filed manual rate times the employer's current experience modification factor, if applicable. The only deductible credits that may be included in the calculation are for the \$1,000 and \$5,000 indemnity deductible and the \$250 and \$500 medical deductible per 24-A M.R.S.A. §2385 and §2385-A.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE ASSESSMENTS - continued

The assessment is levied by the Workers' Compensation Board by May 1st of each year. The assessment is collected from employers by certain insurance companies beginning on July 1st of each year. Those insurance companies which have an estimated annual payment of more than \$50,000 may pay the assessment on a quarterly basis on or before the last day of January and April, the 25th day of June and concluding on the last day of October. All insurance companies are required to file an adjusted annual return by September 15th for the previous fiscal year. Insurance companies with an annual assessment estimate of less than \$50,000 are required to pay the entire assessment by June 1st of each year. Self-insured employers must pay the assessment on or before June 1st.

The assessments determined by the Board must be distributed between insurance companies or associations and self-insured employers in direct proportion to the pro rata share of disabling cases attributable to each group for the most recent calendar year for which data is available. By law, the assessments may not be designed to produce more than \$6,735,000 in assessments for any one fiscal year except for fiscal year 2001-02 when the cap was increased to \$7,035,000.

Assessments collected that exceed \$6,735,000 by a margin of more than 10% must be refunded to those who paid the assessment. Any amount collected above the board's allocated budget and within the 10% margin must be used to create a reserve of up to ¼ of the board's annual budget. Any collected amounts or savings above the allowed reserve must be used to reduce the assessment for the following fiscal year.

Revenue Notes - Workers' Compensation Insurance Assessments - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1 Revenue from these workers' compensation insurance assessments accrues as dedicated revenue and is included in Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1.

History - Workers' Compensation Insurance Assessments

Adopted in 1991. Assessments based on specific percentages with an annual limit of \$2,500,000 became effective as undedicated revenues to the General Fund on July 17, 1991, PL 1991, c. 591. Amended effective January 1, 1993 to dedicate annual assessments with an annual limit of \$6,000,000 pursuant to PL 1991, c. 885. Amended 1994 to change assessment requirements and procedures effective April 7, 1994 pursuant to PL 1993, c. 619. Amended effective May 3, 1995 to change assessment requirements and procedures pursuant to PL 1995, c. 59. Amended 1997 to change assessment limit to \$6,600,000 effective September 19, 1997 to fund the Worker Advocate program pursuant to PL 1997, c. 486. Amended by PL 1999, c. 359 to increase the cap to \$6,735,000 beginning in fiscal year 2000. PL 2001, c. 393 §1 amended Sec. 6 to reflect that the assessment cap may not be designed to produce more than \$7,035,000 in fiscal year 2001-02.

EMPLOYMENT REHABILITATION FUND ASSESSMENT - 39-A M.R.S.A. §356

Each insurance company or entity that is authorized to write workers' compensation policies in this State is subject to an assessment by the Workers' Compensation Board when the amount of money in the Employment Rehabilitation Fund is less than \$500,000. Assessments are based on the actual paid losses of each insurance company in the previous calendar year.

Revenue Notes - Employment Rehabilitation Fund Assessment

Revenue from this assessment is recorded as Miscellaneous Income and is included under Service Charges for Current Services. A portion of this revenue from penalties is recorded as Miscellaneous Fines and appears as part of Fines, Forfeits and Penalties.

History - Employment Rehabilitation Fund Assessment

Adopted in 1985. Repealed by PL 1991, c. 825 effective April 6, 1992. Reenacted by PL 1991, c. 885 effective January 1, 1993.

PL 2001, c. 448 transferred responsibility to reimburse insurers and self-insurers for payment of benefits from the Employment Rehabilitation Fund to the newly created Supplemental Benefits Fund, to be administered by the Supplemental Benefits Oversight Committee, which is authorized to levy assessments against insurers and self-insurers to enable the fund to meet its statutory obligations.

SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING ASSESSMENT - 26 M.R.S.A. §61

An annual levy based on annual workers' compensation paid losses is assessed on each insurance carrier licensed to do workers' compensation business in this State and on individual self-insured employers authorized to make workers' compensation payments directly to their employees. The assessment is collected as dedicated revenue by the Department of Labor and deposited into the department's Safety Education and Training Fund to be used for safety education and training programming administered by the department.

Revenue Notes - Safety Education and Training Assessment - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1 Revenue collected from this assessment accrues as dedicated revenue (see Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1).

History - Safety Education and Training Assessment

Adopted in 1985 by PL 1985, c. 372. Amended numerous times since that date.

INSURANCE LICENSE AND OTHER INSURANCE FEES - 24-A M.R.S.A. §601

The Bureau of Insurance is authorized to assess a number of other license, application, filing and other miscellaneous fees related to its regulation of the insurance industry. The current fee schedule is available from the Office of Fiscal & Program Review or from the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation website. (www.state.me.us/pfr/ins/RetaliatoryStatement.htm)

Revenue Notes - Insurance License & Other Insurance Fees - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1 Revenue collected from these fees accrues as dedicated revenue to the Bureau of Insurance and is included in Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1.

History - Insurance License & Other Insurance Fees

Adopted in 1985 by PL 1985, c. 372. Amended numerous times since that date.

BANKING INDUSTRY FEES AND ASSESSMENTS - 9-A & 9-B M.R.S.A. & 32 M.R.S.A., c. 105

Consumer Credit Code Fees - 9-A M.R.S.A. §6-203 Every creditor, collection agency, credit services organization and credit reporting agency authorized under the provisions of the Maine Consumer Credit Code is required, depending on the type of creditor or organization, to pay certain application, examination and volume fees. The funds received from these various fees are used to support the operating costs of the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation and the Bureau of Banking, both are a part of the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation. See the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation's website (www.state.me.us/pfr/ccp/ccp_licensing.htm) for additional information about licenses and fees.

Banking License Fees And Assessments - 9-B M.R.S.A. §214 Every state chartered financial institution regulated by the Bureau of Banking is subject to examination by the bureau at least once in a 36 month period. The regulated financial institution is assessed by the bureau for the cost of the examination. In addition, each state chartered financial institution is subject to a semiannual assessment at the annual rate of at least 6¢ for each \$1,000 of the total of average assets; the semiannual assessment may not be less than \$25. The bureau is also authorized to levy an annual assessment not to exceed \$500 on interstate branches operated by an out-of-state financial institution. Lastly, non-depository trust companies that are not affiliated with a financial institution are required to pay an annual assessment of at least \$2,000 or an amount not to exceed 6¢ for every \$10,000 in fiduciary assets.

Securities Act Fees - 32 M.R.S.A. c. 105 (§10306 & §10405) The Maine Securities Division within the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation oversees the registration of securities and the licensing of broker-dealers, sales representatives and investment advisers. The \$40 annual renewal fee for sales representatives accrues as dedicated revenue to fund the operations of the Maine Securities Division. The remainder of the fees collected by the Division, sales representatives initial license fees, broker-dealer fees, investment adviser fees and securities registration fees accrue to the General Fund.

Revenue Notes - Banking Industry Fees & Assessments - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

The portion of the revenue generated by the Securities Division, with the exception of the fees for renewal of securities sales representatives, are included in **Table OFF-1**. **Table OSR-1** includes all other fees and assessments on the Banking Industry, except the Franchise Tax on Financial Institutions which is included in the Corporate Income Tax.

History - Banking Industry Fees & Assessments

The assessment on the banks was first authorized in 1923 by PL 1923, c. 144; annual assessments were fixed at \$2.50 for every \$100,000 of assets held by the financial institution. Amended numerous times. Fees pertaining to the Maine Consumer Credit Code were first authorized by PL 1973, c. 762. Since that time, the statutorily established fees have been increased a number of times.

CORPORATE FILING FEES - 13 M.R.S.A. & 13-A M.R.S.A.

The Bureau of Corporations, Elections and Commissions within the Department of the Secretary of State collects fees from business corporations, non-profit corporations, limited liability companies and limited liability partnerships for various filings. These filings include:

- filing for reserving or registering a name or mark;
- filing articles of incorporation;
- filing for corporate mergers, consolidations or dissolutions;
- filing for doing business under an assumed name; and
- filing for other changes in corporate or partnership status.

Fees collected by the Department of the Secretary of State range from \$2.00 a copy for any corporate document on file to \$125.00 associated with forming a limited liability company. Stock fees can range from \$30.00 to form a business corporation to as much as \$64,870 recently expended by a company due to a stock change based on the amount of stock reissued. The current fee schedule is available from the Office of Fiscal and Program Review or from the Department of the Secretary of State website at (www.state.me.us/sos/cec/corp/formfees.htm).

Revenue Notes - Corporate Filing Fees - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue generated from Corporate Filing Fees accrues to the General Fund. See Tables OPF-1 or GF-1 for the amount of revenue generated by these fees.

PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING FEES - 32 M.R.S.A.

The organization of the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation includes responsibility for the registration of 5 different professions, 36 professional licensing boards which are internal to the department and 6 professional licensing boards which are affiliated with the department. There are dedicated fees connected with each statutorily regulated profession. A complete list of these fees, as well as fees for professions regulated by other organizational units within the department, is on file at the Office of Fiscal and Program Review or is available from the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation.

Revenue Notes - Professional and Occupational Licensing Fees - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1 The revenue amounts shown in Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1 include revenue from a number of occupation

The revenue amounts shown in **Tables OPF-1** & **OSR-1** include revenue from a number of occupational and professional license fees, not otherwise classified within this report including revenue collected by other departments and agencies other than the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation.

HOSPITAL ASSESSMENT - 36 M.R.S.A. §2801-A (Repealed)

A tax was imposed on all hospitals at a rate of 6.0% of each facility's gross patient service revenue limit as established by the Department of Human Services. This revenue generated by the assessment accrued to the Department of Human Services' Medical Care - Payments to Providers program and was dedicated to support Medicaid costs. The tax was subsequently reduced and then eliminated in 1998.

HOSPITAL ASSESSMENT - 36 M.R.S.A. §2801-A (Repealed) (continued)

Revenue Notes - Hospital Assessment - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

As noted above, this revenue was dedicated to support Medicaid costs. Although repealed, revenue continued to be collected through fiscal year 2001, primarily from outstanding tax liabilities. (See Tables OPF-1 or OSR-1.)

History - Hospital Assessment

Adopted in 1991. The hospital assessment was established by PL 1991. c. 528, Part Q and c. 591, Part Q for hospital payment years ending during or after fiscal year 1992 at a rate of 6% of each hospital's gross patient service revenue limit. State operated hospitals were initially exempt from this assessment. PL 1995, c. 368, Part RR amended the assessment for hospital payment years that end in fiscal year 1998 to reduce the rate from 6% to 3.56%. PL 1995, c. 665, Part L amended the assessment to include state hospitals. PL 1997, c. 24, Part T amended the assessment for hospital payment years that end in fiscal year 1998 to increase the rate from 3.56% to 5.27%, due to the effective date of that legislation, the rate of 3.56% was never in effect. The assessment was repealed June 30, 1998 by PL 1995, c. 368, Part RR.

HOSPITAL LICENSE FEES - 22 M.R.S.A. §1815

Each application for a license to operate a hospital, convalescent home or nursing home must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$10 for each bed contained within the facility. Each application for a license to operate an ambulatory surgical facility must be accompanied by the fee up to \$500 established by the Department of Human Services on the basis of a sliding scale representing size, number of employees and scope of operations. All licenses issued must be renewed annually accompanied by a like fee. State hospitals are exempt from the licensing fees.

Revenue Notes - Hospital License Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1& Table OSR-1

The revenue amounts shown in **Tables OPF-1**, **Table GF-1** & **OSR-1** show the revenue collected from Hospital License Fees. Although the statutes indicate that the revenue from Hospital License Fees accrue to the General Fund, these fees were recorded as dedicated revenue through fiscal year 1998. In fiscal years 1999 and 2000, some small amounts were still recorded as dedicated revenue.

History - Hospital License Fees

Adopted in 1945. Amended in 1991 by PL 1991, c. 752 to increase the cap on the fee for ambulatory surgical facility from \$250 to \$500 effective June 30, 1992.

RAILROAD COMPANY TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 361 & 23 M.R.S.A. §7103

An excise tax is levied upon gross transportation receipts. The statutory rate varies from 3.25% to 5.25%, depending on the relation of net railway operating income to gross transportation receipts. The tax is decreased by the amount by which $5\frac{3}{4}$ % of operating investment exceeds net railway operating income but may not be less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of gross transportation receipts. Railroad tax revenues accrue to the General Fund, except that \$150,000 annually is transferred to the Railroad Preservation and Assistance Fund within the Department of Transportation.

Revenue Notes - Railroad Company Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

The revenue amounts shown in **Tables GF-1 & OSR-1** show the revenue collected from the Railroad Company Tax accruing to the General Fund and as dedicated revenue to the Department of Transportation, respectively. **Table OPF-1** shows the gross collections under this tax.

RAILROAD COMPANY TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 361 & 23 M.R.S.A. §7103 (continued)

History - Railroad Company Tax

Adopted 1872-1883. Amended in 1951 reducing gross transportation receipts tax by .25%. Amended in 1955 from 2 to 1.75%. Amended in 1961 establishing new minimum rates. Amended in 1972 to 0.9% for 1972 and 0.25% thereafter. Amended to provide that "operating investment" in 1979 and 1982 will include freight car operating leases of 10 years or more. Amended in 1984 to extend the 10-year freight car lease provision for excise taxes payable in 1984 and 1985. Amended in 1985 to extend the 10-year provision to taxes payable in 1986. Amended in 1989 to increase the minimum rate to 0.5%.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. §§457 & 458

A state tax is imposed on telecommunications personal property at the rate of 27 mills in each taxable year. This property continues to be exempt from ordinary local property taxation. This tax is assessed on May 30th of each year and must be paid by August 15th of that year.

Revenue Notes - Telecommunications Personal Property Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue from this tax accrues to the General Fund (see **Tables OPF-1 & GF-1**). Through fiscal year 1999, that portion of the revenue from these tax collections not associated with the prepayment was recognized as revenue in the year in which the taxes are levied, although not payable until June 1st of the next fiscal year. The portion of the revenue associated with the prepayment is accounted for on a cash basis in the year that it is paid. With the elimination of the prepayment and the change of the payment date, all revenue from this tax is recognized as revenue in the same fiscal year as the assessment. The reduction of this revenue source in fiscal year 2000 reflects the writing off of receivables associated with the recording of the prepayment of the subsequent year's tax.

History - Telecommunications Personal Property Tax

Adopted in 1987. Originally enacted as a property tax on telephone and telegraph property in 1883. Changed to a tax on gross receipts in 1901. Expanded in 1986 (PL 1985, c. 651) to cover telecommunications. Replaced in 1987 (PL 1987, c. 507) with a tax on telecommunications personal property at the rate of 21 mills in 1988 and 27 mills thereafter. Amended by PL 1991, c. 121 to add a prepayment of ½ of the subsequent year's tax by June 1st. Amended by PL 1999, c. 731, Part W and PL 1999, c. 732 Part H to eliminate the prepayment and to change the payment date to August 15th. PL 1999, c. 731, Part W also implemented a phased-in reduction of the rate from 27 mills to 26 mills for 2003 assessments, 25 mills for 2004 assessments, 24 mills for 2005 assessments, 23 mills for 2006 assessments, 22 mills for 2007 assessments, 21 mills for 2008 assessments and 20 mills for assessments made in 2009 and subsequent years.

PUBLIC UTILITIES ASSESSMENTS - 35-A M.R.S.A. §116 & 26 M.R.S.A. §1419-A

<u>Public Utilities Commission Assessment.</u> To provide funding for the costs of operating the Public Utilities Commission, each electric, telephone, gas and water utility and ferry subject to regulation by the Public Utilities Commission is subject to an annual assessment. This assessment is limited to .35% of the intrastate gross operating revenue of each regulated entity earning in excess of \$50,000. The assessment is currently limited to a maximum of \$4,918,000 in annual revenues.

<u>Public Advocate Assessment.</u> Every utility subject to regulation by the Public Utilities Commission and subject to the Public Utilities Commission Assessment is also subject to the Public Advocate Assessment. The dedicated revenue generated by this assessment is dedicated to support the costs of the Public Advocate and may not exceed the amount Legislatively allocated for that purpose.

PUBLIC UTILITIES ASSESSMENTS (continued)

Specialized Telecommunications Equipment Assessment. An annual assessment for specialized telecommunications equipment is levied on each interchange carrier, local exchanges carrier reseller and mobile telecommunications carrier that provides telecommunications service in the State. The actual assessment amounts are levied by the Public Utilities Commission in a manner which is proportional to the revenues collected by each entity from customers in the State. The initial annual amount to be collected in fiscal year 1999 is established at \$85,000. The funds are to be deposited into the Telecommunications Equipment Fund, which is administered by the Department of Labor, to purchase specialized telecommunications equipment for deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired persons and persons with disabilities.

Revenue Notes - Public Utilities Assessments - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

The dedicated revenue generated by this assessment is included in **Tables OPF-1 & OSR-1**. The large fluctuations in the amounts collected over the five year period are due to a timing issue in the recognition of certain revenue beginning at the end of fiscal year 1995.

History - Public Utilities Assessments

Adopted in 1979. Original Public Utilities Commission assessment was established by PL 1979, c. 427 at no more than .2% of intrastate gross operating revenues of each regulated utility with total annual revenues not to exceed \$150,000. Amended several times since to increase the % of intrastate gross operating revenues and to increase the maximum annual revenues. The assessment for the Office of the Public Advocate was adopted in 1989 by PL 1989, c. 571, Part A and was limited to no more than \$189,000 in fiscal year 1990 with a repeal date of June 30, 1990. Amended several times since to increase the amount of the assessment. PL 1997, c. 424 amended the Public Advocate Assessment to remove the specific dollar amount and fiscal year references and authorized the assessment at a level sufficient to support the Legislative allocations for the Public Advocate in any given fiscal year. PL 2001, c. 28 §1 authorized the Public Advocate to utilize unexpended funds in excess of 10% of the total annual assessment authorized that were carried forward at the end of fiscal year 2001 and 2002 instead of reducing the utility assessment. Specialized Telecommunications Equipment Assessment was first established by PL 1997, c. 751 §A-5 and continued by PL 1999, c. 227.

E-9-1-1 SURCHARGE - 25 M.R.S.A. §2927

A surcharge is authorized to be levied on each residence and business telephone exchange line, including private branch exchange or PBX, lines and Centrex lines, cellular or wireless telecommunications service subscribers and semi-public coin and public access lines. This surcharge is limited to not more than 25 lines or numbers per customer billing account. The revenue generated by the surcharge is used to support the implementation, operation and management of a statewide emergency E-9-1-1 telephone system and is administered by the Department of Public Safety.

Revenue Notes - Statewide E-9-1-1 Surcharge Tables OFP-1 & OSR-1

As noted above this revenue is used to support a statewide E-9-1-1 system. (See Tables OPF-1 or OSR-1).

History - E-9-1-1 Surcharge

Adopted in 1994. The E-9-1-1 surcharge was established by PL 1993, c. 566 at a rate of 2¢ per month per line beginning on August 1, 1995. PL 1995, c. 672 continued the surcharge at 2¢ until August 1, 1996 when it was increased to 20¢ per month per line. The surcharge was increased by PL 1997, c. 409 to a rate of 32¢ per month per line or number effective on August 1, 1998. The surcharge was repealed effective September 18, 1999 through a sunset provision included in PL 1997, c. 409. PL 1999, c. 651 reinstated the E-9-1-1 surcharge effective April 10, 2000 at a rate of 32¢ per month per line or number.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 711-A

A tax is imposed on each deed that transfers title to real property in the state at the rate of \$2.20 for each \$500 or fractional part of the value of the property transferred. There are certain exemptions. Of the total tax, ½ is imposed on the grantor and ½ is imposed on the grantee. 90% of the actual tax collected during the previous month is forwarded by each Registrar of Deeds to the State Tax Assessor. The remaining 10% is retained by the county and accounted for as reimbursement for services rendered in collecting the tax. Of the 90% that is forwarded to the State, ½ is credited to the Maine State Housing Authority's Housing Opportunities for Maine (H.O.M.E.) Fund, an Other Special Revenue program established by 30-A M.R.S.A. §4853. Of the remaining revenue, 2.5%, reduced by federal funding for community forestry, but not more than \$200,000, is transferred to the Community Forestry Fund. The remainder is credited to the General Fund.

Revenue Notes - Real Estate Transfer Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 and Table OSR-1

As noted above, the Real Estate Transfer Tax accrues to the General Fund and to the H.O.M.E. Fund. **Table GF-1** details the amounts accruing to the General Fund and **Table OSR-1** shows the amounts accruing to the H.O.M.E. Fund. **Table OPF-1** shows the total state collections from this tax; it does not include the amounts collected and retained by the counties. Year-end accrual of the Real Estate Transfer Tax began at the end of fiscal year 2000. \$1,670,000 was accrued in fiscal year 2000 and \$1,922,076 in fiscal year 2001. Through fiscal year 2001, no revenue has been transferred to the Community Forestry Fund from this tax.

History - Real Estate Transfer Tax

Adopted in 1967, effective in 1968. Originally enacted as 36 M.R.S.A. c. 712 which was repealed and replaced by c. 711-A. The Real Estate Transfer Tax was originally established by P&S 1967, c. 154. The tax applied to the transfer of title to real property at a rate of \$1 for transfers between \$251 and \$500 and 55¢ for each \$500 or fraction thereof, payable by the grantee. 90% of the total revenue collected was forwarded to the state for deposit in the General Fund and the remaining 10% was retained by the county. PL 1975, c. 572 repealed and replaced those provisions with a Real Estate Transfer Tax at a rate of 55¢ for each \$500 or fraction thereof, payable by the grantor. 85% of the total revenue was forwarded to the state for deposit in the General Fund and the remaining 15% was retained by the county. The tax was amended by PL 1983, c. 859 to increase the rate of the tax from 55¢ to \$1.10 per \$500 and to change the distribution of total revenues to 90% state and 10% counties. PL 1985, c. 381 amended the tax to make both the grantee and grantor subject to the tax and to distribute the 90% of total revenue forwarded to the state evenly between the General Fund and the H.O.M.E. fund. It was also amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Part P, PL 1991, c. 622, Part K, PL 1993, c. 6, Part D, PL 1993, c. 410, Part C, PL 1995, c. 368, Part K, PL 1997, c. 24, Part C and PL 1997, c. 759 to change the distribution of net revenue between the General Fund and the H.O.M.E. Fund. PL 1991, c. 591 required \$2,700,000 to be credited to the General Fund for fiscal year 1993. PL 1991, c. 622 repealed the c. 591 provision and required for the period November 1, 1991 through June 30, 1992 all net revenue be credited to the General Fund. It also required that during fiscal year 1993 \$1,500,000 be credited to the H.O.M.E. fund and the remaining revenue credited to the General Fund. PL 1993, c. 6 changed the provision concerning fiscal year 1993 such that all net revenue for the period July 1, 1992 through January 31, 1993 be credited to the General Fund except for \$875,000 which was to be credited to the H.O.M.E. fund and further required that for the period February 1, 1993 through June 30, 1993 all net revenue be credited to the General Fund. PL 1993, c. 410 amended the distribution for fiscal years 1994 and 1995 by limiting the revenue to the H.O.M.E. fund to \$2,000,000 each year with the remaining revenue credited to the General Fund. PL 1995, c. 368 amended the distribution of net revenue for fiscal years 1996 and 1997 to 75% General Fund and 25% H.O.M.E. fund. PL 1997, c. 24 amended the distribution of net revenue, without limitation to any specific fiscal year, to 75% General Fund and 25% H.O.M.E. fund. PL 1997, c. 759 changed the distribution of the State's share of revenue back to the 50% General Fund and 50% H.O.M.E fund distribution effective July 1, 1999. PL 1999, c. 439, Part XXX provided for a transfer of up to 2.5% of the General Fund portion of revenues to the Community Forestry Fund.

UNORGANIZED TERRITORY TAXES - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 115

The Unorganized Territory Educational and Services Tax. The Unorganized Territory Educational and Services Tax is levied upon non-exempt real and personal property located in the Unorganized Territory Tax District as of April 1st of each year. The Unorganized Territory Tax District includes all of the unorganized territory of the State of Maine. The tax is computed and apportioned on the basis of the State Tax Assessor's determination of the value of the property. The tax rate is calculated to raise the municipal cost component and the unorganized territory's portion of the county tax. The municipal cost component is the cost of funding services in the Unorganized Territory Tax District that would not be borne by the State if the Unorganized Territory Tax District were a municipality. The municipal cost component is comprised of the following categories of services provided for the Unorganized Territory: fiscal administration; land use regulation; property tax assessment; county reimbursement for services; education; forest fire protection; and general assistance. The Legislature determines the municipal cost component for the next fiscal year. The State Tax Assessor computes the mill rates for the Unorganized Territory Educational and Services Tax and the county tax.

Revenue from this tax is credited to the Unorganized Territory Educational and Services Fund which is used to reimburse State and County Governments for the cost of providing municipal services in the Unorganized Territory and the county tax.

Other Unorganized Territory Taxes. The State also collects excise taxes in the Unorganized Territory on motor vehicles, watercraft and aircraft. These revenues are distributed to counties quarterly.

Revenue Notes - Unorganized Territory Taxes - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 and Table OSR-1

The amounts in **Table GF-1** under Unorganized Territory Taxes are the amounts transferred to the General Fund each year as reimbursement for the General Fund costs of the municipal cost component. The amounts in **Table OSR-1** are separated into 2 categories. The first, "Unorganized Territory Taxes," includes the amounts collected for the municipal cost component. A portion of the amount is retained by the State for certain administrative costs within the Department of Audit and Maine Revenue Services. The remainder is the county taxes collected by the State and distributed to the counties. The "Other Unorganized Territory Taxes" are the excise taxes on motor vehicles, watercraft and aircraft which are distributed to the counties quarterly.

History - Unorganized Territory Taxes - History

Enacted in 1978 by PL 1977, c. 698. Administrative provisions amended by PL 1985, c. 458.

COMMERCIAL FORESTRY EXCISE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 367

This tax is assessed at a fixed amount per acre against owners of more than 500 acres of forested land in the State. The tax funds 40% of the costs of the State's forest fire suppression activities. The tax is determined by the State Tax Assessor from information provided and certified by the Commissioner of the State Department of Conservation. That information includes: the current fiscal year's appropriations and allocation for and anticipated revenues from forest fire protection; and, the preceding fiscal year's actual expenditures and revenues from forest fire protection.

COMMERCIAL FORESTRY EXCISE TAX (continued)

Revenue Notes - Commercial Forestry Excise Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue from the Commercial Forestry Excise Tax accrues to the General Fund (see Tables OPF-1 or GF-1 for the amounts collected).

History - Commercial Forestry Excise Tax

Adopted in 1985 by PL 1985, c. 514, to replace the "Forest Fire Suppression Tax" (which, in turn, replaced the Forest District Tax formerly imposed in the Unorganized Territory and selected adjoining towns and plantations). For fiscal year 1986, the tax assessment was determined by dividing \$9,827,150 by the total number of adjusted acres of commercial forestland, rounded to the nearest 1/10 of a cent and multiplying by the number of adjusted acres owned by each taxpayer. For fiscal years 1987 - 1995, the tax raised 50% of the costs of forest fire suppression; for fiscal year 1996, 45% of the costs; and for fiscal years 1997 and thereafter, 40% of the costs.

SPRUCE BUDWORM MANAGEMENT TAX - 12 M.R.S.A. §8427

There is established a Spruce Fir Forest Protection District consisting of land which has been accepted for silvicultural treatment designation under 12 M.R.S.A. §8424. Lands submitted remain under the jurisdiction of the Act for five years. Persons owning parcels of forest land within the Spruce Fir Forest Protection District are subject to pre-project and post-project excise taxes for the privilege of owning and operating such forest land. The pre-project excise tax is computed by multiplying the ratio of the planned spray acres for each landowner to the total planned spray acres for all landowners controlling 1% or more of the spray acres in the project by the total project cost. The post-project excise tax is designed to raise 90% of the state cost of each year's program from the owners of forest land actually sprayed, and 10% from all taxable acres in the Spruce Fir Forest Protection District. The amount of the post-project excise tax payable by each landowner is reduced by the amount of the pre-project excise taxes payable for that calendar year.

With the subsidence of the spruce budworm populations in the mid-1980's, no new acreage was submitted to the District. There has been no resubmission of acreage as the present five year enrollments reach maturity. There are presently no parcels enrolled in the District. Although there is no immediate need for this mechanism, the Act remains extant.

Revenue Notes - Spruce Budworm Management Tax

Revenue from the Spruce Budworm Management Tax accrues as dedicated revenue to the Department of Conservation. This tax has not generated or affected revenue collections since 1989.

History - Spruce Budworm Management Tax

Enacted by PL 1975, c. 764, initially the Spruce Budworm Management tax was established at 37¢ per applicable softwood acre in 1978; 38¢ per softwood acre in 1979 and 18.5¢ per mixed wood acre in 1978 and 19¢ in 1979. Amended by PL 1979, c. 545 to change the tax per softwood acre to 37¢ for 1978, \$1.24 for 1979 and 35¢ for 1980 and 1981; the tax per mixed wood acre was changed to 62¢ for 1979 and 17.5¢ for 1980 and 1981. Amended by PL 1979, c. 737 to delineate a pre-project excise tax of \$1.45 per softwood acre for 1980 and 1981 and 72.5¢ per mixed wood acre for 1980 and 1981 and a post-project excise tax to be computed on the basis of past cost and actual need.

For the years after 1981, PL 1979, c. 737 established a pre-project and post-project tax structure in which the total amount collected is based largely on current costs.

GASOLINE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 451

An excise tax is imposed at the rate of 22¢ per gallon upon internal combustion engine fuel sold or used within this State. Refund of the gasoline tax paid (less 1¢ per gallon) is provided for fuel used in commercial motor boats, tractors used for agricultural purposes, vehicles used on rail and tracks or in stationary engines or in mechanical or industrial arts. Fuel used for these purposes is subject to the 5% use tax if the gasoline tax is refunded. Full refund is provided for certain common carrier passenger service vehicles.

Revenue Notes - Gasoline Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Tables HF-1, & Table OSR-1

Revenue collected from the Gasoline Tax accrues primarily to the Highway Fund. **Tables GF-1** and **OSR-1** represent the amounts of Gasoline Tax revenue that accrues to the Department of Conservation, the Department of Marine Resources and the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife. Year-end accruals of gasoline tax revenue began in fiscal year 1999. The amounts accrued were \$10,575,646 in fiscal year 1999, \$13,366,875 in fiscal year 2000 and \$13,228,980 in fiscal year 2001.

History - Gasoline Tax

Adopted in 1923. Imposed effective July 6, 1923 at 1 cent per gallon. Amended July 10, 1925 increasing to 3¢ and providing refunds less 1 cent per gallon to users for certain non-highway use. Increased July 15, 1927 to 4¢. Increased June 1, 1947 to 6¢. Increased in 1955 to 7¢. Increased in 1969 to 8¢. Increased in 1971 to 9¢. Increased in 1983 to 14¢. Increased May 1, 1988 to 16¢. Increased April 1, 1989 to 17¢. Increased to 19¢ effective July 17, 1991 and temporarily on July 8, 9, and 10, 1991. Increased to 22¢ effective August 1, 1999.

Amended in 1965 to provide full refund to certain common passenger carriers and to provide shrinkage allowance for retail gasoline dealers. Amended in 1963 to add a refund provision for gasoline used in pleasure boats. Amended in 1965 to eliminate refunds for pleasure boat use and to set aside 1.25% of gasoline tax revenue for refunds to commercial motor boat users; 80% of balance credited to Boating Facilities Fund in the Dept. of Conservation and 20% of balance to Dept. of Marine Resources; set-aside increased effective May 1, 1988, to 2.00% up to \$2 million. Amended in 1973 to set aside .5% of gasoline tax revenue: 90% to Snowmobile Trail Fund in the Dept. of Conservation and 10% to Dept. of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife. Amended in 1995 to set aside an additional .17% for the Snowmobile Trail Fund and .045% for the ATV Recreational Management Fund.

SPECIAL FUEL TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 459

An excise tax is imposed at 23¢ per gallon on the sale or use of distillates (diesel fuel) and at 21¢ per gallon on low energy fuel (such as propane, methane and butane) when such fuel is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of power to propel motor vehicles of any kind or character on the public highways or tumpikes of this State. Effective August 11, 2000, low energy fuel is taxed based on the British Thermal Unit (BTU) rating of the low energy fuel compared to gasoline. The tax on propane is 16¢ per gallon. Rates for low energy fuel range from 12.5¢ per gallon to 19.1¢ per gallon. The tax is normally paid by the supplier and is refundable to the user (less one cent per gallon) when special fuel is purchased for off-highway use. Fuel used for these purposes is subject to the 5% use tax if the fuel tax is refunded. Full refunds are provided for certain common carrier passenger service vehicles.

SPECIAL FUEL TAX (continued)

Motor carriers using special fuel in interstate or intrastate commerce within Maine are liable for a road use tax equivalent to the Maine tax on motor fuels. Maine is a member of the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA). IFTA is a compact among the states and Canadian provinces for the reporting and payment of motor carrier fuel taxes. Motor carriers make a single quarterly fuel tax report covering travel in all IFTA jurisdictions. The carriers receive credit for motor fuel taxes paid in any IFTA jurisdiction, and pay or are refunded the net difference for all jurisdictions between fuel taxes owed and those paid. The carrier's home (or base) state transmits the appropriate data and tax payments monthly to all IFTA jurisdictions.

Revenue Notes - Special Fuel Tax - Table OPF-1 & Tables HF-1

Revenue collected from the special fuel tax accrues to the Highway Fund (see **Table HF-1**). The amounts in **Tables OPF-1 & HF-1** combine Special Fuel Tax collections with Road Use Taxes (see next section). Year-end accruals of the Special Fuel Tax began in fiscal year 1999. The amounts accrued were \$4,500,000 in fiscal year 1999, \$3,721,345 in fiscal year 2000 and \$4,500,000 in fiscal year 2001.

History - Special Fuel Tax

Enacted effective October 1, 1983 at the rate of 14¢ per gallon on distillates and 13¢ per gallon on low energy fuels. Increased on July 1, 1988 to 19¢ per gallon on distillates and 15¢ per gallon on low energy fuels. Increased on April 1, 1989 to 20¢ per gallon on distillates and 16¢ per gallon on low energy fuels. The special fuel tax replaces the "Use Fuel Tax" that was adopted in 1941. The tax on low-energy fuel increased from 16¢ to 18¢ per gallon effective July 17, 1991 and temporarily on July 8, 9, and 10, 1991. The tax on distillates and low energy fuel was increased to 23¢ and 21¢ per gallon, respectively, effective August 1, 1999. Effective October 1, 2000, the tax on low energy fuels will be decreased to rates ranging from to 12.5¢ and 19.1¢ per gallon depending on the fuel's BTU rating compared to gasoline.

AERONAUTICAL GASOLINE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. §§2903, 2910

Aeronautical gasoline sold for use in propelling piston engine aircraft is subject to the gasoline tax and is taxed at the same rate as other gasoline. The tax is refundable to the user, less 4ϕ per gallon. Fuel used for this purpose is subject to the sales tax if the fuel tax is refunded.

Revenue Notes - Aeronautical Gasoline Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue collected from the Aeronautical Gasoline Tax accrues to the General Fund (see **Tables OPF-1 & GF-1**). The amounts in these tables combine revenue from the Aeronautical Gasoline Tax with the Aeronautical Jet Fuel Tax (see next section).

History - Aeronautical Gasoline Tax

Enacted effective July 2, 1931 by PL 1931, c. 239. This law required distributors to keep a record of sales of gasoline used for aeronautical purposes as well as to provide a refund mechanism of three quarters of the tax for those who requested a refund within 9 months from the date of purchase. Prior to PL 1931, c. 239, the sale of aeronautical gasoline was subject to the gasoline tax. PL 1947, c. 349 §4-A changed the refund to 1/3 of the tax if used for the purpose of operating an aircraft. PL 1955, c. 436 changed the rate of refund to 3/7 of the tax. PL 1969, c. 426 changed the rate of refund to ½ of the tax. PL 1971, c. 529 changed the rate of refund to 5/9 of the tax. PL 1983, c. 94 changed the rate to 4¢ per gallon.

AERONAUTICAL JET FUEL TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. §2903

Fuel used for propelling jet or turbojet engine aircraft in domestic flights is subject to an excise tax of 3.4¢ per gallon and is exempt from sales and use tax. Jet fuel used in international flights is exempt from both the jet fuel tax and the sales and use tax.

Revenue Notes - Aeronautical Jet Fuel Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table GF-1

Revenue collected from the Aeronautical Jet Fuel Tax accrues to the General Fund (see **Tables OPF-1 & GF-1**). The amounts in these tables combine revenue from the Aeronautical Gasoline Tax (see previous section) with the Aeronautical Jet Fuel Tax.

History - Aeronautical Jet Fuel Tax

Enacted, effective August 4, 1988, pursuant to PL 1987, c. 798. This law established a 3.4¢ a gallon excise tax on jet fuel used by turbine-powered aircraft providing commercial air service in the state. This excise tax replaced a 5% sales tax per gallon used previously by the State Tax Assessor.

MOTOR VEHICLE & OPERATOR'S LICENSE FEES - 29-A M.R.S.A. c. 5 - 7

The Secretary of State oversees the administration of the various motor vehicle registrations and operator's licenses. All fees collected by the Secretary of State from motor vehicle registration and operator's license accrue to the Highway Fund, except that a portion of the fees and contributions collected for Conservation plates and University of Maine System plates accrue as dedicated revenue to be used for special purposes. **Table III-3** on pages 46 to 48 summarizes the fees collected for motor vehicle registrations and operator's licenses including driver education licensing fees. These fees are those that were in effect on October 1, 1999 unless otherwise noted. (Also see the website of the Department of the Secretary of State (www.state.me.us/sos/bmv/).

Revenue Notes - Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Tables HF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue collected from Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees accrue primarily to the Highway Fund (see **Table HF-1**). The General Fund revenue in **Table GF-1** recorded as Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees is primarily from excise taxes on non-resident motor vehicles, driver's license restoration fees and Driver Education and Evaluation program fees. The revenue in **Table OSR-1** recorded as Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees includes revenue generated from Conservation and University of Maine System plates and revenue from operating authority fees for the mandatory insurance program for motor carriers that accrue to the Transportation Safety Fund. **Table OSR-1** also includes revenue generated by the Truck Excise Tax program.

History - Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees

Motor vehicle fees were first implemented in 1905. Amended numerous times since then to add new fees and modify existing fees. Amended most recently by PL 2001, c. 440 to increase the title fee by \$8 to \$23.

TABLE III-3 Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees

MOTOR VEHICLE AND TRUCK FEES

Regular Motor Vehicle Plates	\$25.00/year
Out-of-Sequence Plates (one-time fee)	\$15.00 *
Initial Plates (Vanity Plates)	\$15.00/year *
Conservation Plates - 1st Year	\$20.00 *
Conservation Plates - Renewal	\$15.00 *
University of Maine System Plates - 1st Year	\$20.00 *
University of Maine System Plates - Renewal	\$15.00 *
Truck Camper	\$12.00
Motorcycles	\$21.00
Antique Motor Vehicles	\$15.00 *
Horseless Carriage	\$15.00
Stock Race Car	\$8.00
Stock Cars - Off-road Use Only	\$7.00
Dune Buggies - Off-road Use Only	\$7.00
Street Rod	\$30.00
Mopeds	\$9.00
Automobile - Island Use Only	\$4.00
Motor vehicle inspection exclusive of repairs, etc.	\$6.50
Enhanced Motor Vehicle Inspections (pre 1996 modelS)	\$9.50
Enhanced Motor Vehicle Inspections (1996 and later models)	\$12.50
Transfer fees for trailer not exceeding 2,000 lbs.	\$5.00
Transfer fees for trailer over 2,000 lbs.	\$8.00
Semi-trailers (annual) not exceeding 2,000 lbs.	\$10.50
Semi-trailers (annual) over 2,000 lbs.	\$18.00
Boat and mobile home trailers generally	\$10.00
Camp trailers in excess of 2000 lbs.	\$18.00
Special Equipment not exceeding 2,000 lbs.	\$10.00
Special Equipment not 2,001 to 5,000 lbs.	\$15.00
Special Equipment over 5,000 lbs.	\$20.00
Special Mobile Equipment Class A - (see table on next page for detail)	\$21.00 to \$567.00
Special Mobile Equipment Class B	\$21.00
Trucks & tractors registered for gross weight (see detail later in Table III-3)	\$25.00 to \$982.00
Farm trucks registered for gross weight (see detail later in Table III-3)	\$21.00 to \$469.00
Semipermanent and premanent registration plates (see detail later in Table III-3)	\$5.00 to \$80.00
Firefighter	\$5.00
Purple Heart (one-time)	\$10.00 *
Purple Heart - motorcycle (one-time)	\$5.00 *
Special Veterans (one-time)	\$5.00 *
Firefighter	\$5.00

^{*} In addition to the Regular Motor Vehicle Plates Fee

TABLE III-3 Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees (continued)

DETAIL - TRUCKS AND TRACTORS

Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee	Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee
0 to 6,000	\$25.00	42,001 to 45,000	\$426.00
6,001 to 9,000	\$31.00	48,001 to 51,000	\$533.00
9,001 to 12,000	\$48.00	51,001 to 54,000	\$568.00
12,001 to 14,000	\$81.00	54,001 to 55,000	\$580.00
14,001 to 16,000	\$105.00	55,001 to 60,000	\$640.00
16,001 to 18,000	\$130.00	60,001 to 65,000	\$699.00
18,001 to 20,000	\$161.00	65,001 to 69,000	\$762.00
20,001 to 23,000	\$188.00	69,001 to 72,000	\$797.00
23,001 to 26,000	\$220.00	72,001 to 75,000	\$821.00
26,001 to 28,000	\$267.00	75,001 to 78,000	\$857.00
28,001 to 32,000	\$308.00	78,001 to 80,000	\$877.00
32,001 to 34,000	\$342.00	78,001 to 80,000	\$877.00
34,001 to 38,000	\$379.00	80,001 to 90,000	\$982.00
38,001 to 40,000	\$403.00	90,001 to 94,000	\$1,026.00
40,001 to 42,000	\$426.00	94,001 to 100,000	\$1,234.00

DETAIL - FARM TRUCKS			
Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee	Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee
0 to 6,000	\$21.00	32,001 to 35,000	\$242.00
6,001 to 9,000	\$24.00	35,001 to 38,000	\$265.00
9,001 to 11,000	\$27.00	38,001 to 42,000	\$288.00
11,001 to 14,000	\$39.00	42,001 to 46,000	\$311.00
14,001 to 16,000	\$50.00	46,001 to 50,000	\$334.00
16,001 to 18,000	\$72.00	50,001 to 54,000	\$357.00
18,001 to 20,000	\$84.00	54,001 to 58,000	\$380.00
20,001 to 23,000	\$101.00	58,001 to 62,000	\$403.00
23,001 to 26,000	\$119.00	62,001 to 66,000	\$448.00
26,001 to 29,000	\$146.00	66,001 to 69,000	\$469.00
29,001 to 32,000	\$166.00		

Temporary Registered Gross Weight Increase for Trucks and Farm Trucks ⁽²⁾			
1-month permit	20%	5-month permit	60%
2-month permit	30%	6-month permit	70%
3-month permit	40%	7-month permit	75%
4-month permit	50%	8-month permit	80%

⁽²⁾ When a truck is already registered, the owner, by paying an additional fee, may receive a short-term permit allowing the owner to haul loads of larger tonnage for a limited period of 8 months or less.

No such permit may be issued for less than one month and no longer than 8 months.

DETAIL - SPECIAL MOBILE EQUIPMENT - CLASS $\mathbf{A}^{(3)}$

Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee	Gross Weight in Pounds	Fee
54,001 to 60,000	\$387.00	75,001 to 80,000	\$507.00
60,001 to 65,000	\$417.00	80,001 to 90,000	\$567.00
65,001 to 70,000	\$447.00	90,001 to 94,000	\$592.00
70,001 to 75,000	\$477.00	94,001 to 100,000	\$712.00

⁽³⁾ Farm Trucks Fee Schedule applies for Class A Special Mobile Equipment for 54,000 pounds and under.

TABLE III-3 Motor Vehicle & Operator's License Fees (Continued)

OPERATOR'S LICENSE FEES

Photo-licenses Class A and B	\$41.00 for 6 years
Photo-licenses Class C	\$30.00 for 6 years
Operator's License (non-photo for 65 & older)	\$18.00 for 4 years
Commercial license for 65 & older (without photo)	\$25.00 for 4 years
Photo (optional for persons over 65)	\$3.00
Operator's permit and examination: Class A and B	\$35.00
Operator's permit and examination: Class C	\$10.00
Operator's permit and examination: Endorsements	\$10.00
Re-Exam Fee Class A and B	\$20.00
Re-Exam Fee Class C	\$5.00

DEALER FEES

Dealer registration fees	\$150.00/year plus \$20.00 plate
Transporter license	\$150.00/year plus \$20.00 plate
Motorcycle dealer license	\$50.00/year plus \$5.00 plate
Light trailer dealer license	\$50.00/year plus \$5.00 plate
Dealer wrecker plate does not exceed 24,000 lbs.	\$50.00
Dealer wrecker plate does not exceed 80,000 lbs.	\$200.00
Automobile Recycler	\$150.00

DRIVER EDUCATION LICENSING FEES

Motorcycle Instructor Certification	\$100.00
Motorcycle Classroom Inspection	\$50.00
Motorcycle Driving Range Inspection	\$50.00
Commercial Driver Education School License	\$125.00
Non-commercial Driver Education School License	No Fee
Instructor License at Commercial School	\$80.00
Instructor License at Non-commercial School	No Fee

SEMIPERMANENT AND PERMANENT REGISTRATION PLATES

Semipermanent Registration Plates	
8 year plates for trailer not to exceed 2,000 lbs. (available to any person)	\$5.00 per year
12 year plates for trailer not to exceed 2,000 lbs. (available to any person)	\$5.00 per year
8 year plates for semitrailer (available to any person)	\$10.00 per year
12 year plates for semitrailer (available to any person)	\$10.00 per year
registrations	\$10.00 per year
Permanent Registration Plates	
25 year plates; available to any person registering 30,000 or more semitrailers	\$80.00

HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSE FEES - M.R.S.A. Title 12, Part 10

The Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife collects a wide variety of hunting and fishing related licensing fees. In addition to the hunting and fishing license fees, the department collects revenue from other sources such as the Gasoline Tax, ATV, Snowmobile and Watercraft fees, as well as fine revenue. Most of the revenue collected by the department is deposited into the General Fund. Article IX, section 21 of the Maine Constitution requires that the amount of funds appropriated to the department in any fiscal year may not be less than the total amount of revenues collected by the department in that same fiscal year. Table III-4 on page 51 provides a list of the hunting and fishing license fees collected by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife. The fees listed are effective January 1, 2001 unless otherwise noted. (Also see the website of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife at www.state.me.us/ifw).

Revenue Notes - Hunting and Fishing License Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, and Table OSR-1 Much of the revenue from hunting and fishing license fees accrue as General Fund revenue and are included in Table GF-1. A very small amount of revenue collected from hunting and fishing license fees accrue as Other Special Revenue and are included in Table OSR-1. The fees that are recorded as dedicated revenue are whitewater usage fees and a portion of the snowmobile registration fees.

History - Hunting and Fishing License Fees

The first recorded hunting licenses were issued in 1899, a special license permitting second deer in September, \$4.00. Non-resident fishing license adopted in 1917, \$2.00. First resident hunting and fishing license were adopted in 1919 at 25¢ for a lifetime license. Non-resident hunting license fees were adopted in 1920 at \$15.00. Since then, laws have been revised to present status as shown by the schedule of fees on page 51.

ATV, SNOWMOBILE & WATERCRAFT FEES - M.R.S.A. Title 12, c.715

A listing of ATV, snowmobile, & watercraft fees is provided in Table III-5 on page 52.

<u>Snowmobile Registration.</u> The resident snowmobile registration fee is distributed as follows: 22% of each fee is credited to the General Fund; 52% is credited to the Snowmobile Trail Fund of the Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands; and 26% is annually distributed to the municipality of the owner's residence as shown on the owner's registration certificate, except that in an unorganized territory, 26% of each fee is distributed to the county of the owner's residence and credited to the unorganized territory fund of that county.

Of the non-resident snowmobile registration fee, 18% of each fee is credited to the General Fund, 7% is credited to the Snowmobile Enforcement Fund of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and 75% is credited to the Snowmobile Trail Fund of the Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands. (12 M.R.S.A. §7824, sub-§3)

ATV, SNOWMOBILE & WATERCRAFT FEES (continued)

Watercraft Registration and Safety. All revenues collected under 12 M.R.S.A. chapter 715, sub-chapter I, including fines, fees and other available moneys, is distributed to the General Fund and as dedicated revenue to the Department of Marine Resources according to an allocation formula that directly relates to the administrative costs of the Division of Licensing and Registration within the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and the historical revenue distribution pattern, including any necessary year-end reconciliation and accounting distributions. The allocation rate must be jointly agreed to by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and the Department of Marine Resources, and approved by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of the Budget. (12 M.R.S.A. §7800, sub-§3)

<u>All-Terrain Vehicle Registration</u>. 51% of the revenue from the annual registration fee is credited to the undedicated revenue of the General Fund and the remaining 49% is credited to the ATV Recreational Management Fund administered by the Department of Conservation. (12 M.R.S.A. §7854 sub-§4)

Revenue Notes - ATV, Snowmobile, & Watercraft Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1 The amounts collected by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife from these fees are provided in Table GF-1. Table OSR-1 presents the amounts distributed to Department of Conservation and the Department of Marine Resources.

History - ATV, Snowmobile, & Watercraft Fees

The initial annual registration fee for ATV's was set at \$5 by PL 1983, c. 297. The initial annual registration fee for snowmobiles was set at \$11.25 by PL 1979, c. 420. The initial annual registration fee for watercraft was set at \$5 by PL 1979, c. 420. The fees for each registration category have been amended and increased several times since their initial authorization.

MARINE RESOURCES LICENSE FEES - 12 M.R.S.A., Part 9

The Department of Marine Resources collects a wide variety of marine-related licensing fees and permit fees. Most of the revenue collected by the department is deposited into the General Fund; the remaining dedicated revenues are used to directly support specific programs within the department. Table III-6 on page 53 provides a comprehensive list of all fees collected by the Department of Marine Resources. The fees listed were effective January 1, 2001.

Revenue Notes - Marine Resources License Fees - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1 See Table GF-1 for General Fund revenue and Table OSR-1 for dedicated revenue. Table OPF-1 provides the combined revenue derived from these fees.

History - Marine Resources License Fees

The first recorded fishing licenses appear to have been authorized by PL 1911, c. 69 in the form of clam licenses issued by municipalities at a fee of not less than \$1 and not greater than \$5. Since that time, numerous licenses have been authorized with various fees. Most recently, the fee schedule for seaweed permits were increased by the provisions of PL 1999, c. 501, which was effective September 19, 1999.

Table III-4 - Hunting and Fishing License Fees

Hunting	J	Fishing	
Resident Hunting	\$19.00	Resident Fishing	\$19 00
Resident Serviceman Hunting	\$10.00	Resident Serviceman Fishing	\$10.00
Lifetime Hunting - Age 0-5	\$150.00	Non-resident Season Fishing	\$50.00
Lifetime Hunting - Age 6-15	\$300.00	Alien Fishing	\$70.00
Lifetime Hunting - Age 65 and above	**	Lifetime Fishing - Age 0-5	\$150 00
Non-resident Big Game	\$85.00	Lifetime Fishing - Age 6-15	\$300.00
Resident Small Game	\$12.00	Lifetime Fishing - Age 65 and above	**
Non-resident Small Game	\$55.00	Resident/Non-resident 3-Day Fishing	\$21.00
Non-resident 3-day Small Game	\$30.00	1-Day Fish Exchange Resident	\$10.00
Alien Big Game	\$125.00	3-day Fish Exchange Resident	\$0.00
Alien Small Game	\$70.00	Non-resident 7-Day Fishing	\$34.00
Resident Junior Hunting	\$5.00	Non-resident Exchange Fishing	\$12.00
Non-resident Junior Hunting	\$25.00	Non-resident 15-Day Fishing	\$38.00
Resident Muzzle-Loading Hunting	\$11.00	Non-resident Junior Fishing	\$7.00
Non-resident Muzzle-Loading Hunting	\$33.00	Alewife, Sucker and Yellow Perch Individual Permit	\$42.00
Alien Muzzle-Loading Hunting	\$58.00	Alewife, Sucker and Yellow Perch Crew Permit	\$100.00
Resident Archery	\$19.00	Resident Salmon Permit	\$14.00
Resident Expanded Archery	\$40.00	Non-resident Salmon Permit	\$29.00
Non-resident Archery	\$55.00	Non-resident Salmon 3-day (16 years and older)	\$14.00
Nonresident Expanded Archery	\$80.00	Non-resident Salmon Junior (under 16 years)	\$4.00
Alien Archery	\$70.00	Resident/Non-resident One Day Fishing License	\$9 00
License to Hunt Commercial Shooting Area	\$19.00	Fishing Derby Permit	\$24 00
24-Hr. License to Hunt Commercial Shooting Area	\$5.00		00/73.00/104.00
Coyote Hunting Permit (Valid Hunting License Required)	\$2.00	One Day Bass Tournament - Weigh-in/Catch and Release	
Pheasant Stamp	\$15.00	1-day Fish Exchange Resident Combo	\$27.00
Migratory Waterfowl Stamp	\$2 25	3-day Fish Exchange Resident Combo	\$15.00
Resident Bear Hunting Permit	\$5.00	Eel Pot Permit	\$100 00
Non-resident Bear Hunting Permit	\$15.00	Eel Weir Permit	\$100.00
Resident Turkey Application	\$5.00	Miscellaneous	
Non-resident Turkey Application	\$10.00	Wildlife Exhibit Permit	\$73.00
Resident Moose Application - 1 chance	\$5.00	Wildlife Propagator (2 years)	\$25.00
Resident Moose Application - 3 chances	\$10 00	Wildlife Importation Permit	\$25.00
Resident Moose Application - 6 chances	\$20.00	Falconry	\$24.00
Non-resident Moose Application - 1 chance	\$10.00	Resident Hide Dealer	\$58.00
Non-resident Moose Application - 3 chances	\$20.00	Non-resident Hide Dealer	\$108.00
Non-resident Moose Application - 6 chances	\$30.00	Special Hide Dealer	\$10.00
Resident Moose Permit	\$29.00	Taxidermist	\$75 00
Non-resident Moose Permit	\$300.00	Commercial Shooting Area/Renewal	\$333.00/133.00
		Dog Training Area	\$25.00
		Dog Tracking License	\$25.00
		Dog Tracking License Duplicate License Fees	
Combination		Duplicate License Fees	\$25.00 \$2 00 \$79.00
	\$36.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years)	\$2 00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing	\$36.00 \$20.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination	\$20.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years)	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing		Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year)	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing	\$20.00 \$36.00 \$123.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing	\$20.00 \$36.00 \$123.00 \$176.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5	\$20.00 \$36.00 \$123.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal License to Cultivate or Harvest Fish	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00 \$25.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15 ** Lifetime Combo - Age 65 and above	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal License to Cultivate or Harvest Fish License to Sell Inland Fish (Commercially grown or impor	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$14.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15 ** Lifetime Combo - Age 65 and above ** Trapping	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00 **	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal License to Cultivate or Harvest Fish License to Sell Inland Fish (Commercially grown or important Live Bait Retailer Baitfish Wholesaler	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$25.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15 * Lifetime Combo - Age 65 and above * Trapping Resident Trapping	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00 **	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal License to Cultivate or Harvest Fish License to Sell Inland Fish (Commercially grown or importive Bait Retailer Baitfish Wholesaler Smelt Wholesaler	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.25 \$18.00/13.00
Resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Resident Serviceman's Combination Resident Combination Archery-Hunting & Fishing Non-resident Combination Hunting & Fishing Alien Combination Hunting & Fishing Lifetime Combo - Age 0-5 Lifetime Combo - Age 6-15 Lifetime Combo - Age 65 and above	\$20.00 \$36 00 \$123.00 \$176.00 \$250.00 \$500.00 **	Duplicate License Fees Guide (3 years) Guide Examination Fee Whitewater Guide (3 year) Whitewater Guide Examination Fee Commercial Whitewater Outfitters Whitewater Usage Fee Field Trials Sporting Retrieve Dogs Fur Seals Camp Trip Leader/Renewal License to Cultivate or Harvest Fish License to Sell Inland Fish (Commercially grown or important Live Bait Retailer Baitfish Wholesaler	\$2 00 \$79.00 \$100.00 \$87.00 \$100.00 \$350.00 \$1.00 \$25.00 \$0.22 \$18.00/13.0 \$25.00 \$14.00 \$24.00

Resident Junior Trapping

* Effective January 1, 2001

^{**} Lifetime Hunting and Lifetime Fishing Licenses for persons over age 65 vary by age starting at \$50 for age 65 reducing by \$10 for each year to \$10 at age 69 Lifetime Combo Licenses vary by age reducing by \$16 for each year starting at \$80 for age 65 and reducing to \$16 at age 69. Lifetime Hunting Fishing and Combo Licenses for age 70 and above are complimentary.

Table III-5 - ATV, Snowmobile & Watercraft Fees		
Fee Despription	Fee	
All Terrain Vehicle		
All-Terrain Vehicle Dealer's Registration	\$15.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Dealer's Plate	\$5.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Replacement Plate	\$2.50	
All-Terrain Vehicle Local Temporary Registration	\$12.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Duplicate Registration	\$1.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Sticker	\$1.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Registration Transfer	\$2.00	
All-Terrain Vehicle Dealer Temporary Plate	\$1.00	
Snowmobile		
Resident Snowmobile Registration	\$30.00	
Resident Antique Snowmobile Registration (One-Time Fee)	\$30.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Registration Season	\$65.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Registration 3-day	\$40.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Registration 10-day	\$55.00	
Snowmobile Dealer Fee	\$15.00	
Snowmobile Dealer Plate	\$16.00	
Snowmobile Dealer Temporary Plate	\$1.00	
Resident Snowmobile Duplicate Registration	\$1.00	
Snowmobile Duplicate Registration Sticker	\$1.00	
Resident Snowmobile Registration Transfer Fee	\$2.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Dealer Registration	\$15.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Transfer Registration	\$2.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Duplicate Registration	\$1.00	
Non-resident Snowmobile Dealer Plate	\$60.00	
Snowmobile Dealer Replacement Plates	\$5.00	
Watercraft		
Watercraft Registration - under 10 H.P.	\$6.00	
Watercraft Registration - 11 to 50 H.P.	\$10.00	
Watercraft Registration - 51 H.P. and above	\$15.00	
Personal Watercraft Registration	\$20.00	
Watercraft Registration-Dealer	\$15.00	
Watercraft Operators License	\$1.00	
Watercraft Duplicate Sticker	\$1.00	
Watercraft Dealer Temporary Plate	\$1.00	

Table III-6 - Marine Resources License Fees

Resident Commercial Fishing License (Single)	\$33.00	Mahogany Quahog License	\$89.00
Resident Commercial Fishing License (Crew)	\$89.00	Mussel License - Hand	\$63.00
Non-resident Commercial Fishing	\$334.00	Mussel License - Dragger	\$30.00
			;
Scallop Fishing License - non-commercial	\$8.00		
Scallop Fishing License - dragger	\$89.00	Retail Seafood Dealer License	\$85.00
Scallop Fishing License - diver	\$89.00	Wholesale Seafood Dealer License	\$217.00
Scallop Fishing License - tender	\$89.00	Wholesale Seafood Dealer License - supplemental	\$43.00
		Wholesale Seafood Dealer License - surcharge	\$200.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - dragger	\$89.00		
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - dragger	\$160.00	Resident Sea Weed License	\$50.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - diver	\$89.00	Resident Sea Weed License - supplemental	\$25.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - diver	\$160.00	Non Resident Sea Weed License	\$200.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - tender	\$89.00	Non Resident Sea Weed License - supplemental	\$50.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - tender	\$35.00		
Sea Urchin Fishing License - raker/trapper	\$89.00	Eel Gear Licenses:	
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - raker/trapper	\$160.00	1 Dip Net - Resident	\$83.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - temporary	\$25.00	1 Dip Net - Nonresident	\$384.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - dealer - processe	\$2,500.00	1 Fyke Net/Sheldon Trap Only - resident	\$83.00
Sea Urchin Fishing License - surcharge - dealer not proces	\$500.00	1 Fyke Net/Sheldon Trap Only - nonresident	\$384.00
-		1 Fyke Net/Trap & Dip Net - resident	\$133.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class I	\$93.00	1 Fyke Net/ Trap & Dip Net - nonresident	\$434.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class I - surcharge	\$25.00	2 Fyke Net/Traps - resident	\$133.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class II	\$186.00	2 Fyke Net/Traps - nonresident	\$434.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class II -surcharge	\$50.00		
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class III	\$279.00	Eel Pot License	\$100.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - Class III - surcharge	\$75.00		
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - student	\$46.00	Elver Dealer	\$1,000.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - under age 18	\$46.00	Elver Dealer - supplemental	\$43.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - over age 70	\$46.00		
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - apprentice	\$93.00	Commercial Shrimp License - Single	\$33.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - apprentice over 70	\$46.00	Commercial Shrimp License - Crew	\$89.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - apprentice under 18	\$46.00	Commercial Shrimp License - Non-resident	\$334.00
Lobster/Crab Fishing License - non-commercial	\$46.00	•	
Lobster Transportation License	\$217.00	Marine Worm Digger License	\$43 00
Lobster Transportation License - supplemental	\$43.00	Marine Worm Dealers License	\$55.00
Lobster Meat Permit	\$110.00	Marine Worm Dealers License - supplemental	\$22.00
Lobster Trap Tags	\$0.20		
, ,		Duplicate Licenses	\$1.00
Shellfish Transport License	\$259.00		
Shellfish Transport License - supplemental	\$85.00		
Commercial Shellfish License	\$63.00		

SARDINE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 713 (Repealed)

An excise tax at the rate of 15¢ per case was imposed upon the privilege of packing sardines and an excise tax of 10¢ per case was imposed on kippers, steaks and other canned herring products. Funds collected were transferred to the Maine Sardine Council and used to advertise, research, study and conserve the industry. The sardine tax was repealed effective March 1, 2000.

Revenue Notes - Sardine Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from the Sardine Tax accrued as dedicated revenue (see either Table OPF-1 or Table OSR-1 for the amount of revenue generated by the tax).

History - Sardine Tax

Adopted 1951. Amended in 1963 striking a provision for a \$500,000 limit on collections. Amended in 1965 to exempt exported sardines. Amended in 1969 to include financing of inspections of sardines. Amended in 1981 by PL 1981, c. 71, effective 11/1/81, to increase tax from 25¢ to 40¢ and, then, by PL 1981, c. 614 to decrease the tax to 30¢. Amended by PL 1991, c. 446 effective July 1, 1991 to increase the tax to 35¢ and impose a tax of 15¢ per case on kippers and steaks not previously subject to the tax. Amended by PL 1995, c. 397 to decrease the tax on sardines to 30¢, decrease the tax on kippers and steaks to 10¢ and extend the 10¢ per case tax to other canned herring products. Amended by PL 1997, c. 706 effective January 1, 1998 to decrease the excise tax for packing sardines to 15¢ with no change to the excise tax on kippers, steaks and other canned herring products. Repealed by PL 1999, c. 678 effective March 1, 2000.

ATLANTIC SALMON LICENSE FEES - 12 M.R.S.A. §9904

The Atlantic Salmon Commission collects fees charged for licenses that allow persons to fish for, possess or transport Atlantic salmon. As established by current law the following fees are in place:

Atlantic Salmon License, resident	\$15.00
Atlantic Salmon License, nonresident, 16 years of age or older, season license	\$30,00
Atlantic Salmon License, nonresident, 16 years of age or older, 3-day license	\$15.00
Atlantic Salmon License, nonresident, under 16 years of age	\$5.00
Atlantic Salmon Agents Fees	\$2.00
Atlantic Salmon Duplicate License	\$1.00

Revenue Notes - Atlantic Salmon License Fees - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from these license fees accrues as dedicated revenue (See Table OPF-1 or Table OSR-1 for the amount of revenue generated by these fees).

History - Atlantic Salmon License Fees

First authorized by PL 1979, c. 420; \$1 for resident Atlantic Salmon permit and \$15 for nonresident permit. Amended several times to increase fees to current levels.

MAHOGANY QUAHOG TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c.714

A tax is imposed at the rate of \$1.20 per bushel on all mahogany quahogs purchased from a harvester in Maine for wholesale distribution. The purpose of this tax is to fund the Toxin Monitoring Fund established in 12 M.R.S.A. §6731-A. Any revenue in excess of \$16,000 annually is credited to the General Fund.

Revenue Notes - Mahogany Quahog Tax - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Table OPF-1 shows the aggregate revenue generated by this tax, with Table OSR-1 showing the

amounts accruing to the Toxin Monitoring Fund and Table GF-1 showing the remainder that is credited to the General Fund.

History - Mahogany Quahog Tax

Imposed July 16, 1986 at the rate of 8% of the landed value of mahogany quahogs. Repealed and replaced June 29, 1987 changing rate to \$1.20 per bushel.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FEES - 38 M.R.S.A.

The Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to collect a wide variety of licensing and assessment fees. Most of the fees collected by the department are dedicated to particular programs. The various fees are categorized by the major programs within the department:

- Air Quality
- Remediation and Waste Management
 - Hazardous Waste
 - Biomedical Waste
 - Oil
 - Solid Waste
 - Septage Facilities
 - Sludge and Residuals
 - Composting
- Land and Water Quality
 - Natural Resources Protection Act
 - Site Location
 - Stormwater
 - Mining/Excavation
 - Wastewater Discharge
 - Oil Conveyance

A complete list of all fees charged by the Department of Environmental Protection is on file at the Office of Fiscal and Program Review or may be accessed at the Department of Environmental Protection's website (http://www.state.me.us/dep/mdep_reg.htm).

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FEES (continued)

Revenue Notes - Environmental Protection Fees - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Tables OPF-1 and OSR-1 show the dedicated revenue amounts generated by many of the fees imposed by the Department of Environmental Protection. Revenue collections of the Department of Environmental Protection that are not dedicated to a particular program accrue to the General Fund, these General Fund revenues are primarily Department of Environmental Protection fines. These amounts have not been segregated in Table GF-1.

History - Environmental Protection Fees

The first instance of pollution licensing fees appears to have been a \$50 fee charged for a water discharge license administered by the Sanitary Water Board; PL 1945, c. 345. Numerous adjustments have taken place and new fees have been established since 1945.

RECYCLING ASSISTANCE FEE - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 719

A recycling assistance fee is imposed on the retail sale of new tires and new lead-acid batteries at the rate of \$1.00 each. The fee is applied in the same manner as sales and use tax except that municipal revenue sharing is not deducted from the revenue collected by this fee. Any exclusion, exemption or credit provided in the sales and use tax law also applies to the recycling assistance fee. Retailers responsible for collecting and remitting sales and use tax are also responsible for collecting and remitting the recycling assistance fee. New tires and new lead-acid batteries purchased out-of-state for use within the State are also subject to the recycling assistance fee. All revenues are dedicated to the Maine Solid Waste Management Fund that is used to fund recycling programs for municipalities (administered by the State Planning Office) and the solid waste regulatory activities of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Revenue Notes - Recycling Assistance Fee - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

As noted above, the revenue from this source accrues as dedicated revenue (see either **Table OPF-1** or **Table OSR-1** for the total revenue generated by this fee). In previous versions of this report, this revenue was included under Service Charges for Current Services.

History - Recycling Assistance Fee

Adopted 1989. Amended by PL 1995, c. 368 to eliminate a \$5.00 fee on major appliances and bathtubs effective January 1, 1996 and the \$5.00 fee on furniture and mattresses effective January 1, 1997.

MAINE MILK POOL - 7 M.R.S.A. §2993-A, §2999-A & §3153

A fee determined by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources is imposed on all Maine milk dealers and credited to the Maine Milk Pool for redistribution to Maine and eligible Boston market producers to equalize price differentials in the dual market system. A fee of \$0.10 per hundredweight is applied to all milk produced by each producer and credited to the Maine Dairy Promotion Board, except that \$0.015 per hundredweight is paid to the Maine Dairy and Nutrition Council.

Revenue Notes - Maine Milk Pool - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

The revenue from this source accrues as dedicated revenue (see either **Table OFF-1** or **Table OSR-1** for the total revenue generated by this fee). The amounts under this heading in these tables do not include the amounts collected by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and then redistributed to producers. This amount is included under Service Charges for Current Services as Miscellaneous Income.

MAINE MILK POOL (continued)

History - Maine Milk Pool

Adopted in 1984 by PL 1983, c. 573. Amended on a number of occasions to reflect changing conditions of the milk producing industry. Amended by PL 1985, c. 506 to substitute a promotion fee of 10¢ per hundredweight for a percentage based formula. Amended by PL 1999, c. 161 to authorize direct payments to the Maine Dairy Promotion Board and the Maine Dairy and Nutrition Council and to reduce the fee paid to the Maine Dairy and Nutrition Council from \$0.02 to \$0.015 per hundredweight effective June 1, 1999.

MILK HANDLING TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 716 (Repealed)

A tax was imposed on the handling of packaged milk for retail sale in the State. The tax rate was established monthly in relation to the price of milk. The tax varied from \$0.00 per quart when the price of milk was \$16.50 per hundredweight or more to \$0.06 per quart when the price of milk is below \$14.00 per hundredweight. There was no tax on the handling in this state of packaged milk for sale in containers that were less than one quart or 20 or more quarts in volume, or packaged milk that was sold to an institution that was owned or operated by the State or Federal Government.

Revenue Notes - Milk Handling Tax - Table GF-1 & Table OPF-1

Revenue from this tax accrued as General Fund revenue (See **Table GF-1** for the amounts). The amounts in **Table OPF-1** under Milk Handling & Dairy Stabilization Taxes include the amounts collected under the Maine Dairy Stabilization Tax (see previous section).

History - Milk Handling Tax

Enacted by PL 1995, c. 2 effective January 17, 1995. This tax was originally scheduled to be repealed on August 1, 1996. PL 1995, c. 661 extended the repeal date to November 1, 1997. PL 1997, c. 348 extended the repeal date to November 1, 1998. Repealed effective November 1, 1998.

BLUEBERRY TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 701

A tax is imposed at the rate of 11/4¢ per pound of fresh fruit on all wild blueberries grown, purchased, sold, handled or processed in this State. Funds collected are transferred to the Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine for promotion, advertising, research and education.

Revenue Notes - Blueberry Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from this tax accrues as dedicated revenue. See either Table OPF-1 or Table OSR-1 for the amounts of revenue generated by this tax.

History - Blueberry Tax

First imposed July 21, 1945 at 1.25 mills per pound. Increased September 23, 1971 to 2.25 mills per pound. Increased October 24, 1977 to 3 mills per pound. Increased June 8, 1979 to 5 mills per pound. Increased July 25, 1984 to 10 mills or 1¢ per pound. Increased May 14, 2001 to 1¼¢ per pound.

POTATO TAX - 36 M.R.S.A c. 710

A tax is levied and imposed at the rate of \$.05 per hundredweight on all potatoes raised in this State except those retained by the grower for seed or consumption and those certified by a federal-state inspector as unmerchantable. Funds are transferred to the Maine Potato Board and used for research, marketing, promotion and information programs.

POTATO TAX (continued)

Revenue Notes - Potato Tax - Table OPF-1 & Table OSR-1

Revenue from this tax accrues as dedicated revenue to the Maine Potato Board. See either **Table OPF-1** or **Table OSR-1** for the total revenue generated by this tax.

History - Potato Tax

Adopted 1937. Amended in 1955 increasing tax from 1 cent to 2¢ per barrel. Amended in 1972 to \$.012 per hundredweight. Amended to \$.025 per hundredweight, effective October 1, 1975. Amended to \$.05 per hundredweight, effective July 25, 1984. Unmerchantable potatoes are exempted, effective August 1, 1986.

MINING EXCISE TAX - 36 M.R.S.A. c. 371

An excise tax is imposed on each mining company for the privilege of conducting mining within the state. It is imposed in lieu of all property taxes on or with respect to mining property except for the real property tax on buildings and land, excluding the value of minerals and mineral rights.

The annual excise tax on each mine site is the greater of:

- 1) The value of facilities and equipment multiplied by 0.005; or
- 2) A tax on gross proceeds computed by a formula.

Tax revenues accrue to the General Fund, the Mining Correction Action Fund, the Mining Impact Assistance Fund and the Mining Excise Tax Trust Fund according to formulas.

Revenue Notes - Mining Excise Tax

No revenue has been generated by this tax through fiscal year 2001.

History - Mining Excise Tax

Enacted in 1982 by PL 1981, c. 711.

PARI-MUTUEL REVENUE - 8 M.R.S.A. c. 11

The State collects a commission on live harness racing, race track simulcasting and off-track betting on horse racing. The commission for intrastate pools is 18% on regular wagers and 26% on exotic wagers. The commission on interstate common pools is the amount established by the State where the wager is pooled. Amounts collected as commissions are distributed among the General Fund, the Sire Stakes Fund, the Stipend Fund, and the Harness Racing Promotional Fund or retained by or returned to race tracks and off-track betting facilities.

Revenue Notes - Pari-Mutuel Revenue - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, & Table OSR-1

Table GF-1 shows the General Fund revenue generated by this source. Table GF-1 includes a small amount of revenue generated by License Fees for Harness Horse Racing. Table OSR-1 shows the amounts that accrue to the various dedicated funds listed above and Table OPF-1 shows the aggregate revenue generated by this revenue source.

PARI-MUTUEL REVENUE (continued)

History - Pari-Mutuel Revenue

Adopted 1935. Amended several times to adjust the percentage take-outs on types of wagers and the percentages of distribution to the various funds. Amended 1991, reducing rates and allowing off-track betting. Amended 1993, specifying take-outs from off-track betting facilities and establishing the Harness Racing Promotional Fund. Amended in 1995 to increase the Agricultural Fair Stipend to \$400,000. In 1997, the cap on wagers for the Commercial Meet Stipend fund was increased from \$33.5 to \$35 million.

LOTTERY REVENUE - 8 M.R.S.A. c. 14-A & c. 16

Revenue from the sales of lottery tickets, net of the costs of administering the lottery and the set aside of funds for prizes, is transferred to the State as General Fund revenue. In addition to its own instant ticket games, the Maine Lottery participates with the New Hampshire and Vermont lotteries as a member of the Tri-State Lottery. Pursuant to Title 12 M.R.S.A, Chapter 714, the Maine Lottery also administers a wildlife lottery game to raise funds for the Maine Outdoor Heritage Fund. Maine Law (Title 8 M.R.S.A., §387) requires that at least 45% of sales must be returned to the players in the form of prizes. The actual distribution of lottery revenue in fiscal year 2001 was as follows:

58.7% - Prizes

7.1% - Agent Commissions

6.3% - Vendor Fees

0.8% - Other Cost of Goods Sold

2.1% - Lottery Operating Expenses

24.1% - Transfer to General Fund

0.9% - Transfer to Outdoor Heritage Fund

Revenue Notes - Lottery Revenue - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table OSR-1

Table GF-1 provides a history of the General Fund revenue collected from lottery operations, while Table OSR-1 shows the amounts that accrued to the Outdoor Heritage Fund. Table OPF-1 provides the combined net operating revenue generated by lottery operations.

History - Lottery Revenue

Approved at public referendum in 1973. Amended in 1985 to allow Maine's participation in the Tri-State Lotto Compact. Amended in 1990 to allow the Lottery to participate in an additional multi-state lottery, Lotto*America. Maine stopped participating in Lotto*America in April 1992. Amended in 1995 to require the Lottery to initiate a wildlife lottery game to raise funds for the Maine Outdoor Heritage Fund (PL 1995, c. 494).

REVENUE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

This category of revenue includes funds received from the Federal Government. The largest portion of these revenues occur in Other Special Revenue funds which include the Federal Expenditures Fund and the Federal Block Grant Funds. Revenue received from the Federal Government is usually segregated using these funds. However, there are some situations where the General Fund and the Highway Fund record revenue from the Federal Government. For example, the Department of Corrections receives federal funds for the housing of federal prisoners. These funds are deposited as General Fund revenue to offset General Fund expenditures. Other institutions receive federal funds from the school nutrition program and credit the receipt as General Fund revenue, again to reimburse General Fund expenditures.

Revenue Notes - Revenue From Federal Government - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

REVENUE FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

This category of revenue includes most funds paid by municipal and county governments to the State. In the General Fund, most of this revenue results from payments by county governments for their share of the costs of housing certain juveniles at the Maine Youth Center. In Other Special Revenue Funds, the majority of this revenue is received by the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Transportation. The Department of Public Safety collects revenue from both municipalities and counties for contractual services provided by the State Police. The Department of Transportation also collects revenue from municipalities for the municipal share of project costs.

Revenue Notes - Revenue From Local Governments - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

REVENUE FROM PRIVATE SOURCES

Revenue items included under this category are those cash receipts from individuals that are not otherwise classified. The largest portion of these revenues is related to Child Support Collections. These collections accrue as General Fund revenue to offset General Fund expenditures for certain programs within the Department of Human Services. Child support collections also accrue to Other Special Revenue Funds and, again, represent the bulk of the revenue collected under this category.

The other major component under this category of General Fund revenue is Old Age Supplemental Insurance payments, resulting from federal benefit payments to an eligible dependent child in the care or custody of the Department of Human Services.

In Other Special Revenue Funds, a substantial amount of revenue is classified as "Private Contributions for Other Purposes" under this category of revenues. In fiscal years 1998 and 1999, the Department of Transportation received \$11.6 million dollars in each year for one-time funding as a pass-through from the federal government to a private corporation, the Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority, to implement Portland to Boston rail service. The Judicial Department has received approximately \$300,000 to \$400,000 annually from the federal government through the Department of Human Services to fund child support enforcement activities. The Maine Health Data Organization also uses this classification for its annual assessment.

Revenue Notes - Revenue From Private Sources - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

SERVICE CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES

This revenue category includes all charges such as rent or leases of land or buildings or copying fees. It also includes the revenue generated by the sale of books, maps and other miscellaneous items. In the General Fund and Other Special Revenue Funds, a large portion of the revenue is attributable to reimbursement for care provided at the State's mental health and mental retardation facilities. This category also includes the classification of "Miscellaneous Income" which is used by departments and agencies for any number of reasons. For example, the Department of Human Services uses "Miscellaneous Income" in the General Fund revenue to age certain accounts receivable. The Department of Public Safety is also a substantial contributor under this category with revenue resulting from special services provided upon request. The Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources also uses this "Miscellaneous Income" classification to record revenue collected from the Maine Milk Pool Fee that is distributed back to producers. This category also includes some application fees and exam fees that are associated with some of the license fees categorized under more specific headings such as Professional and Occupational Fees.

Revenue Notes - Service Charges for Current Services - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

CONTRIBUTION AND TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS

This revenue classification is used to record contributions and transfers between state funds. The major source in this category for the General Fund is the annual transfer from the Office of the State Treasurer as the administrator of the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act. After the expiration of the required holding period for unclaimed property, the property is sold with the proceeds accruing to the Abandoned Property Fund. At the end of each fiscal year, amounts in excess of \$150,000 in that fund are transferred to the General Fund. For Other Special Revenue, the negative amount in fiscal year 1998 results from a \$20,000,000 transfer from the Tobacco Tax Relief Fund to the Maine Rainy Day Fund. Beginning in fiscal year 1999, transfers from the General Fund to the Maine Clean Elections Fund, an Other Special Revenue fund, are included in the classification.

Revenue Notes - Contribution and Transfers from Other Funds - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table HF-1 $\,$

STATE COST ALLOCATION PROGRAM REVENUE

A charge is made against certain Highway Fund, Federal Funds and Other Special Revenue Funds expenditures. These expenditures include Personal Services and All Other expenditures, except grants and pensions and exclude Capital Expenditures. The charge is made as a percentage assessment of actual expenditures. The percentage assessment represents an equitable distribution of the indirect benefits received by all fund sources from General Fund supported central service agencies in accordance with the Federal Office of Management and Budget Circular A-87. This revenue accrues to the General Fund. (See **Table GF-1**). The amounts included in **Table OPF-1** also include some revenue to the Highway Fund that offsets the expenditures made for the operations and maintenance associated with certain buildings and grounds. State Cost Allocation Program Revenue is recorded in the General Fund as "Contributions and Transfers from Other Funds". The Highway Fund revenue is classified as "Miscellaneous Income" and appears in the Controller's reports under "Service Charges for Current Services".

Revenue Notes - State Cost Allocation Program Revenue - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1 & Table HF-1

SALES AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS OF PROPERTY

This includes revenue generated from the sale of assets (buildings, land, automobiles and equipment) and insurance settlements. Revenue accrues to General Fund, Highway Fund, Other Special Revenue Funds or other funds based on which fund's balance sheet the asset/property is recorded. In the General Fund Table (See Table GF-1), the largest portion of this revenue comes from the sale of automobiles. For the Highway Fund, the sale of land and automobiles comprise the bulk of the revenue in Table HF-1 under this category. For Other Special Revenue Funds, a significant portion of the revenue accrues to the Bureau of Public Lands within the Department of Conservation from the sale of timber harvested on public lands.

Revenue Notes - Sales and Compensation for Loss of Property - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

FINES, FORFEITS AND PENALTIES

This revenue category includes all revenue, collected primarily by the Judicial System, related to fines and penalties with the exception of interest and penalties for the late payment of taxes. These penalties and interest are classified with the tax associated with the collection. This category does include certain collection expenses of the Bureau of Revenue Services as well as some fines and penalties collected directly by other agencies. While most fines are undedicated revenue accruing to the State's General Fund, there are some instances where the fine and penalty revenue accrues to other funds. Fines from certain traffic infractions accrue to the Highway Fund or as Other Special Revenue for certain fines assessed against motor carriers. The courts also assess several surcharges on fines, forfeits and penalties that are recorded under this class of revenues. Most of these surcharges accrue as dedicated revenue under Other Special Revenue funds and are designated for specific uses.

Revenue Notes - Fines, Forfeits and Penalties - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS - 5 M.R.S.A. §135

The Treasurer of State is authorized to deposit money in the State Treasury with any banking institutions, trust companies, state/federal savings and loan associations or mutual savings banks organized under Maine laws or in any national banks or state or federal savings and loan associations located in the State. The Treasurer is also authorized, when there is excess money in the State Treasury that is not needed to meet current obligations, to invest those amounts in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the United States and its agencies that mature in no more than 24 months. The interest earned on those investments must be credited to the respective funds with certain exceptions. Interest earned on Other Special Revenue funds accrues to the General Fund unless specifically designated otherwise in the Revised Statutes. Interest earned on funds of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife is credited to the General Fund.

Revenue Notes - Earnings on Investments - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS (continued)

History - Earnings on Investments

PL 1957, c. 320 first provided that interest earned on Highway Fund balances be credited to the Highway Fund and that interest earned on the other 2 funds (i.e., the General Fund and special revenue funds) be credited to the General Fund. Amended by PL 1969, c. 583 such that earnings of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife funds would be credited to the General Fund and considered in lieu of any office rental charges made by the General Fund. Amended by PL 1983, c. 588 so that earnings on Inland Fisheries and Wildlife funds would be credited to the Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Fund. Amended by PL 1991, c. 622 to require that interest on funds of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife must be credited to the General Fund and to require that interest earned on investments of the Highway Fund be credited to the General Fund. Amended by PL 1995 c. 368 to require that Highway Fund investment earnings be credited to the Highway Fund.

REVENUE FROM MAINE TURNPIKE AUTHORITY - 23 M.R.S.A. c. 24

The Maine Turnpike Authority provides funds to the Highway Fund as reimbursement for interchange and connecting road work performed by the Department of Transportation. The Authority also provides funding to the State Police as dedicated revenue for the costs associated with Maine Turnpike enforcement activities of the State Police.

Revenue recorded as Highway Fund revenue (see Table HF-1) represents reimbursements for amounts incurred by the Department of Transportation in the maintenance and improvements to Maine Turnpike interchanges and connecting roads. The Maine Turnpike Authority agreed to pay \$34,000,000 in fiscal year 1996 as an advance payment for the estimated costs of \$4,700,000 annually scheduled from fiscal year 1998 through fiscal year 2005 (See PL 1995, c. 504. part C). Table OSR-1 provides a history of the amounts received as dedicated revenue to the State Police, except that in fiscal year 1994 and fiscal year 1995, the amounts in Revenue from Maine Turnpike Authority include \$15,000,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, associated with the sale of land to the Maine Turnpike Authority (See PL 1993, c. 410, part MM).

Revenue Notes - Revenue from Maine Turnpike Authority - Table OPF-1, Table GF-1, Table HF-1 & Table OSR-1

SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF BONDED DEBT

Table IV-1 on the following page contains a schedule, SUMMARY OF BONDED DEBT, for the State of Maine as of June 30, 2001. This schedule covers the fiscal years 1977 through 2001. The Total Interest column represents the total amount of interest paid by all funds, as does the Total Bonds Retired and New Bonds Issued, with the Total Bonded Debt shown as of June 30th of each fiscal year. For the purposes of this section, bonded debt refers to bonds authorized and issued. The table provides a 25-year history of Maine's General Obligation Debt segregated into General Fund and Highway Fund. It also includes certain self-liquidating bonds authorized by referendum that pledge the full faith and credit of the State, but are supported by a designated source of revenue, usually generated by fees charged for the use of the facility or capital equipment funded by the bonds. These self-liquidating bonds currently include: bonds for the Maine Veterans Home (see Public Service Enterprises) and bonds for the student housing and dining facilities (see State Colleges and Vocational Institutions). Also included in this report is the total of the Authorized but Unissued Bonds as of June 30, 2001.

Graph IV-1 on page 66 presents a 25-year history of Maine's bonded debt on a per capita basis and as a percentage of personal income. Per capita amounts are based on populated amounts from the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census. Personal income figures are from the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table IV-1 and Graph IV-1 do not include other debt instruments issued by the State such as certificates of participation and lease appropriations bonds of the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority (formerly the Maine Court Facilities Authority) nor does it include revenue bonds issued by other independent or quasi-independent agencies, such as the Maine Turnpike Authority. A history of the debt authorizations and issuances of the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority is included in Table IV-2 on Page 67.

In addition to the amounts detailed elsewhere in this section, the State's credit is pledged to guarantee certain loans. As of June 30, 2001 these pledges amounted to the following:

PURPOSE OF GUARANTEE	CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY LIMITS ⁽¹⁾	BONDS AUTHORIZED NOT ISSUED - CONTINGENT		
Finance Authority of Maine	\$ 90,000,000	\$ 90,000,000		
Business Loans to Veterans	4,000,000	4,000,000		
Student Loans	4,000,000	4,000,000		
School Buildings ⁽²⁾	6,000,000	0		
Indian Housing	1,000,000	1,000,000		
	\$105,000,000	\$ 99,000,000		

- (1) Except as otherwise noted, the constitutional limits and statutory limits are consistent.
- (2) The Constitution authorizes issuance of revenue bonds not to exceed \$6,000,000. The statutory bonding authority was repealed by PL 1993, c. 494.

TABLE IV-1 SUMMARY OF BONDED DEBT*

				PUBLIC	STATE	TOTAL	TOTAL	NEW	TOTAL
FISCAL	GENERAL	HIGHWAY	UNIVERSITY	SERVICE	COLLEGES AND	INTEREST	BONDS	BONDS	BONDED DEBT
YEAR	FUND	FUND	OF MAINE	ENTERPRISES	VOCATIONAL	PAID**	RETIRED	ISSUED	JUNE 30
					INSTITUTIONS				
1976	187,010,000	65,305,000	13,305,000	900,000	12,705,000	12,978,162	17,790,000	19,405,000	279,225,000
1977 [.]	188,270,000	60,515,000	12,995,000	790,000	12,280,000	13,030,951	19,780,000	15,405,000	274,850,000
1978	187,235,000	55,725,000	13,585,000	680,000	11,850,000	12,779,667	20,475,000	14,700,000	269,075,000
1979	185,945,000	50,935,000	13,210,000	570,000	11,390,000	12,933,309	21,940,000	14,915,000	262,050,000
1980	169,370,000	59,145,000	12,835,000	460,000	13,025,000	12,462,444	23,115,000	15,900,000	254,835,000
1981	172,834,000	62,105,000	12,450,000	550,000	12,450,000	13,469,520	23,993,000	29,547,000	260,389,000
1982	161,217,000	67,745,000	12,060,000	630,000	11,865,000	14,702,062	26,252,000	19,380,000	253,517,000
1983	185,097,000	90,260,000	· 11,655,000	2,200,000	11,240,000	18,525,756	27,410,000	74,345,000	300,452,000
1984	175,899,000	94,830,000	11,245,000	2,000,000	10,610,000	19,806,338	32,423,000	26,555,000	294,584,000
1985	170,084,000	93,185,000	10,805,000	1,890,000	9,970,000	20,023,385	32,695,000	24,045,000	285,934,000
1986	177,110,000	91,240,000	10,360,000	1,800,000	9,320,000	20,383,504	35,839,000	39,735,000	289,830,000
1987	183,990,000	92,365,000	9,895,000	1,710,000	8,615,000	21,478,787	36,245,000	42,990,000	296,575,000
1988	201,160,000	88,170,000	9,420,000	1,620,000	7,905,000	21,719,356	38,570,000	50,270,000	308,275,000
1989	221,645,000	98,850,000	8,930,000	1,530,000	7,145,000	22,775,476	41,955,000	71,780,000	338,100,000
1990	202,405,000	87,610,000	8,435,000	1,440,000	6,385,000	23,030,150	49,325,000	17,500,000	306,275,000
1991	277,710,000	102,870,000	7,910,000	1,350,000	5,580,000	20,012,627	46,980,000	136,125,000	395,420,000
1992	308,590,000	107,395,000	7,380,000	1,260,000	4,755,000	26,131,004	47,155,000	81,115,000	429,380,000
1993	405,821,580	136,320,000	0	1,170,000	1,393,420	30,350,159	47,555,000	162,880,000	544,705,000
1994	383,618,000	143,355,000	0	1,080,000	1,232,000	30,829,705	62,215,000	46,795,000	529,285,000
1995	377,055,000	136,950,000	0	990,000	1,065,000	38,488,110	74,575,000	61,350,000	516,060,000
1996	369,458,000	144,440,000	0	900,000	892,000	34,854,182	77,070,000	76,700,000	515,690,000
1997	339,620,000	129,060,000	0	810,000	720,000	34,408,689	88,180,000	42,700,000	470,210,000
1998	337,575,000	139,180,000	0	720,000	570,000	24,675,914	76,665,000	84,500,000	478,045,000
1999	334,725,000	133,700,000	0	630,000	485,000	24,959,834	79,790,000	71,285,000	469,540,000
2000	341,205,000	111,230,000	0	540,000	400,000	24,628,908	82,455,000	66,290,000	453,375,000
2001	297,405,000	108,635,000	0	450,000	315,000	23,921,817	87,845,000	41,275,000	406,805,000

^{* &}quot;Bonded Debt," unless otherwise qualified, refers to Bonds - Authorized and Issued

AUTHORIZED BONDS - UNISSUED June 30, 2001

GENERAL FUND \$93,301,316 HIGHWAY FUND \$1,031 \$93,302,347 TOTAL STATE BONDED DEBT June 30, 2001

TOTAL UNISSUED AUTHORIZED BONDS June 30, 2001

TOTAL AUTHORIZED BONDED DEBT June 30, 2001

\$406,805,000 \$93,302,347 \$500,107,347

65

^{**} Includes all interest paid on General Obligation Bonds, Self-liquidating Debt and Bond Anticipation Notes

Graph IV-1 Total State Bonded Debt

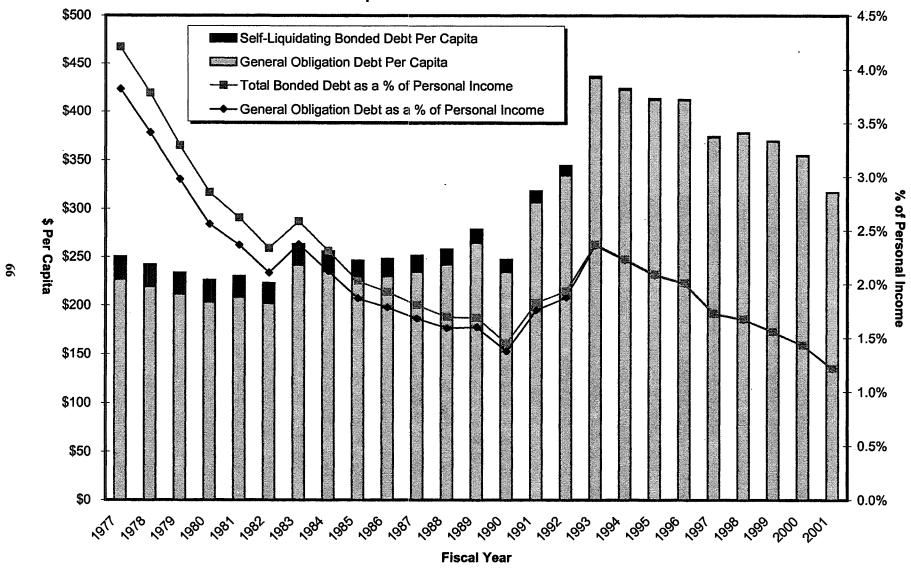


TABLE IV-2 MAINE GOVERNMENTAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY SUMMARY OF DEBT

(4 M.R.S.A. Chapter 33)

Fiscal Year	Outstanding Debt on June	Interest Paid	Total Bonds Retired	Total Bonds Issued	Net Change in Debt
1989	\$6,490,000	\$277,883	\$0	\$6,490,000	\$6,490,000
1990	\$7,470,000	\$448,560	\$20,000	\$1,000,000	\$980,000
1991	\$14,795,000	\$955,227	\$1,175,000	\$8,500,000	\$7,325,000
1992	\$14,375,000	\$1,001,130	\$420,000	\$0	(\$420,000)
1993	\$13,945,000	\$973,128	\$430,000	\$0	(\$430,000)
1994	\$16,255,000	\$895,606	\$455,000	\$2,765,000	\$2,310,000
1995	\$16,165,000	\$904,698	\$90,000	\$0	(\$90,000)
1996	\$15,400,000	\$875,895	\$765,000	\$0	(\$765,000)
1997	\$20,595,000	\$1,040,864	\$795,000	\$5,990,000	\$5,195,000
1998	\$19,575,000	\$961,709	\$1,020,000	80	(\$1,020,000)
1999 ¹	\$28,865,000	\$1,139,286	\$1,060,000	\$10,350,000 ²	\$9,290,000
2000	\$104,360,000	\$5,241,066	\$14,726,000	\$90,221,000	\$75,495,000
2001	\$159,975,000	\$8,670,729	\$3,325,100	\$58,850,000	\$55,524,900

Limits, Authorizations and Issuances by Category on June 30, 2001

	Judicial Limit	State Agency	Corrections	Psychiatric Treatment Facility	Totai
Maximum Limits	\$40,000,000	\$53,000,000	\$85,000,000	\$33,000,000	\$211,000,000
Authorizations ³	\$37, 6 05,000 ⁴	\$52,500,000	\$85,000,000	\$33,000,000	\$208,105,000
Total Issuances	\$18,425,000	\$50,475,000	\$85,000,000	\$6,075,000	\$159,975,000

Notes:

Connector Between State Capitol Building and State Office Building \$4,000,000
 Renovation and Preservation of State Capitol Building \$19,283,830
 State Office Building, Tyson Building and Marquardt Building Renov \$29,216,170

PL 1999, c. 731, Pt. NNN authorized \$33,000,000 for a pshychiatric treatment facility also not subject to the \$53,000,000 limit effective Au PL 1999, c. 787 increased the Judicial Limit to \$40,000,000 effective August 11, 2000.

RES 1999, c. 119 authorized \$1,200,000 for replacement of Springvale District Court on or after July 1, 2001.

RES 1999, c. 120 authorized \$2,000,000 for replacement of Lewiston District Court on or after July 1, 2001.

^{1 \$10,350,000} was first issuance for non-judicial state facilities.

² Includes borrowing on line of credit in anticipation of the issuance of revenue bonds.

³ PL 1997, c. 752 authorized \$85,000,000 for correctional facilities not subject to the \$53,000,000 limit for state facilities effective July 9, 199 PL 1997, c. 788 established a limit of \$53,000,000 and authorized \$52,500,000 for state facilities effective July 9, 1998. Authorizations an

⁴ Includes authorizations after the 1993 refinancing that totaled \$16,255,000 and \$5,500,000 authorized in PL 2001, c. 439, Section N.

SECTION V - MAINE RAINY DAY FUND

The Maine Rainy Day Fund, established in 1985 (see 5 M.R.S.A. §1513), is a General Fund reserve account intended to be used for the prepayment of outstanding General Fund bonds or for major construction (defined as a single project with a total cost of over \$500,000). Balances in the fund do not lapse; but carry forward each year. The money in the fund may be invested with any earnings credited to the fund except when the fund is at its statutory cap.

The Maine Rainy Day Fund is capitalized in 3 ways. At the close of each fiscal year, the State Controller is required to transfer from the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund, one-half of the excess of General Fund revenues received over accepted estimates for that fiscal year. The fund also receives funding when General Fund revenue estimates are adjusted. Accepted revenue estimates may be increased only if ½ of the increase is transferred to the fund at the same time (except that for the first year of a biennium, revenue estimates for the 2nd year of the biennium may be adjusted once during the 2nd Regular Session of the Legislature). Interest income is also credited to the Maine Rainy Day Fund throughout the fiscal year when the fund is not at its statutory cap.

The statutory cap for the fund during fiscal year 2001 was 6% of the total General Fund revenue received in the immediately preceding fiscal year. Based on fiscal year 2000 actual General Fund revenue, the statutory cap during fiscal year 2001 was \$143,713,008. At the close of fiscal year 2001, the Maine Rainy Day Fund was at its statutory cap. The statutory cap for fiscal year 2002 is \$143,437,701. No reductions to the Maine Rainy Day Fund balance are required when it exceeds the statutory cap as a result of a decline of General Fund revenue.

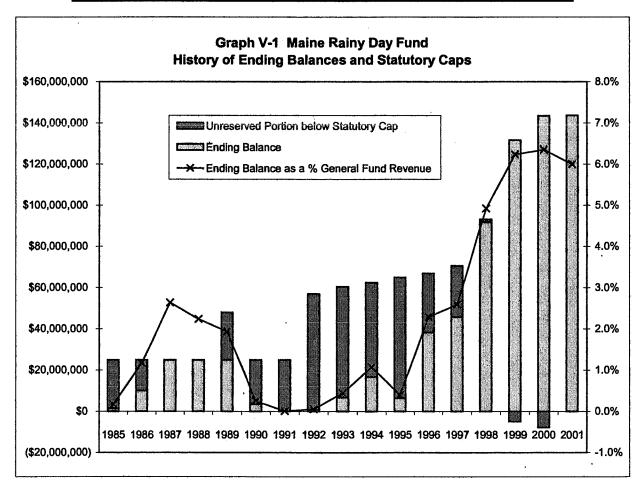
Table V-1 on the following page provides additional detail of the history of the Maine Rainy Day Fund and includes ending balances and the statutory caps at the end of each fiscal year.

History - Maine Rainy Day Fund

Enacted by PL 1985, c. 448 effective June 26, 1985, the fund was originally capped at \$25,000,000. PL 1987, c. 349, Part H authorized that, for the period starting June 30, 1988 and ending June 30, 1989, "the fund may exceed \$25,000,000 but not more than \$48,000,000" for payments to the Maine State Retirement System deemed appropriate as a result of a study of the system. PL 1991, c. 589, effective July 14, 1991, increased the cap to "not exceed 4% of the total General Fund revenues received in the immediately preceding fiscal year." PL 1997, c. 643, Part E, effective June 30, 1998, increased the cap from 4% to 5%. PL 1999, c. 401, Part GGG, increased the cap from 5% to 6% effective June 4, 1999. Amended by PL 1999, c. 749 effective August 11, 2000 to clarify that the Maine Rainy Day Fund is the first priority of transfers and that one-half of the excess General Fund revenue is reserved rather than transferred at the close of each fiscal year.

TABLE V-1 MAINE RAINY DAY FUND History of Ending Balances and Statutory Caps

Fiscal Year Ending June 30th	General Fund Revenue	Ending Statutory Cap	Ending Balance	Ending Balance as a % of Prior Year General Fund Revenue
1985	\$848,218,341	\$25,000,000	\$1,303,556	0.2%
1986	\$948,570,406	\$25,000,000	\$9,969,161	1.2%
1987	\$1,117,804,254	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	2.6%
1988	\$1,291,702,852	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	2.2%
1989	\$1,430,615,011	\$48,000,000	\$25,000,000	1.9%
1990	\$1,379,458,165	\$25,000,000	\$3,595,563	0.3%
1991	\$1,424,084,700	\$25,000,000	\$82,473	0.0%
1992	\$1,512,463,098	\$56,963,388	\$756,513	0.1%
1993	\$1,561,402,638	\$60,498,524	\$6,713,842	0.4%
1994	\$1,623,888,486	\$62,456,106	\$16,765,494	1.1%
1995	\$1,671,736,430	\$64,955,539	\$6,422,240	0.4%
1996	\$1,766,400,761	\$66,869,457	\$38,240,859	2.3%
1997	\$1,863,086,301	\$70,656,030	\$45,724,219	2.6%
1998	\$2,111,860,005	\$93,154,315	\$91,690,842	4.9%
1999	\$2,259,718,302	\$126,711,600	\$131,689,407	6.2%
2000	\$2,395,216,806	\$135,583,098	\$143,478,658	6.3%
2001	\$2,390,628,351	\$143,713,008	\$143,713,008	6.0%

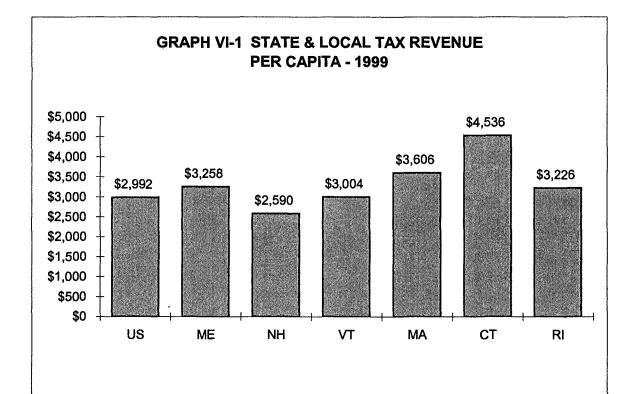


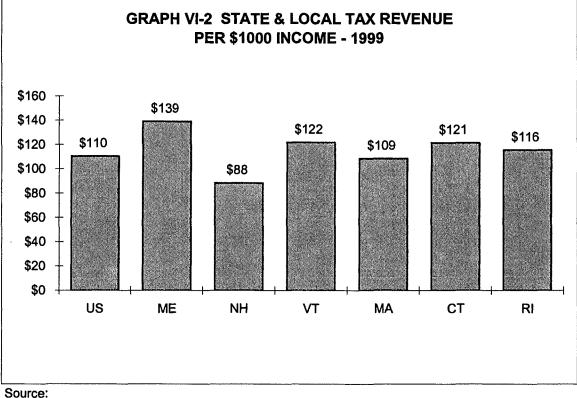
SECTION VI - STATE AND LOCAL TAX BURDENS

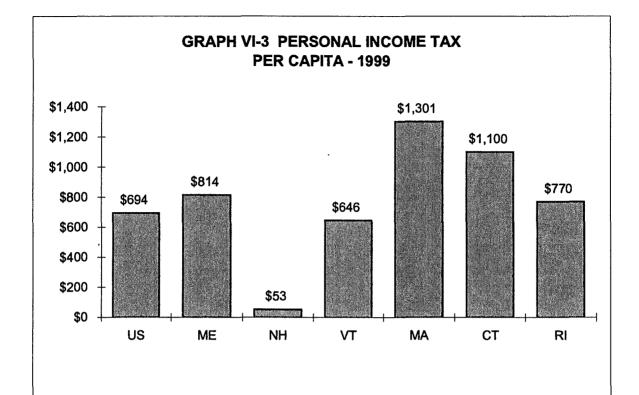
The following pages provide an analysis of Maine's state and local tax burdens. For the purposes of the compendium, tax burden is portrayed by 2 measures: taxes as a percent of personal income and taxes per capita. The analysis includes historical trends of Maine's tax burden using these measures and a comparison of Maine's state and local tax burdens with other New England states and the United States in aggregate.

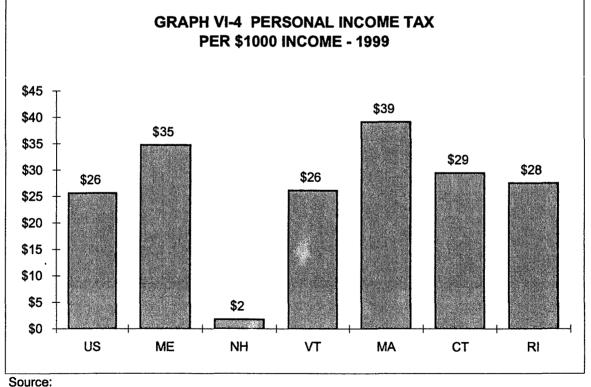
The "taxes" included in this analysis are all state and local taxes as well as most license fees and assessments. This definition of "taxes" mirrors that used by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census. The analysis breaks out the major broad based taxes (the income taxes, the sales and use taxes and local property taxes) and groups all other taxes and various license fees and assessments into an "Other Taxes" category. These taxes are then divided by Maine's personal income and population to develop taxes as a percentage of personal income and taxes per capita amounts. Personal income and population data are from the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and Bureau of Census.

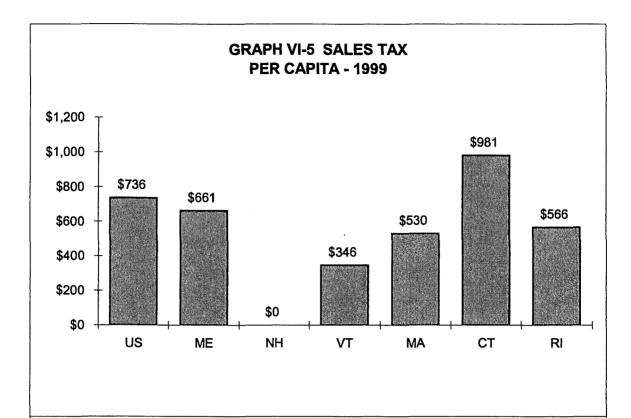
The graphs on pages 71 to 74 compare Maine's tax burden to the other New England states and the United States in aggregate. The data for these graphs are based on taxes for fiscal year 1999, the most recent data available for state and local taxes compiled by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census. The graphs, in order, compare total state and local taxes, personal income taxes, sales taxes and property taxes as percentage of personal income and on a per capita basis. The graphs on pages 75 to 78 look at Maine's tax burden for these taxes over a 15-year period from fiscal year 1987 to fiscal year 2001. Discrepancy between the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census Data and the data compiled for historical purposes is primarily related to local property tax collections data. The Census Data appears to overstate Maine's property tax collections in fiscal year 1999.

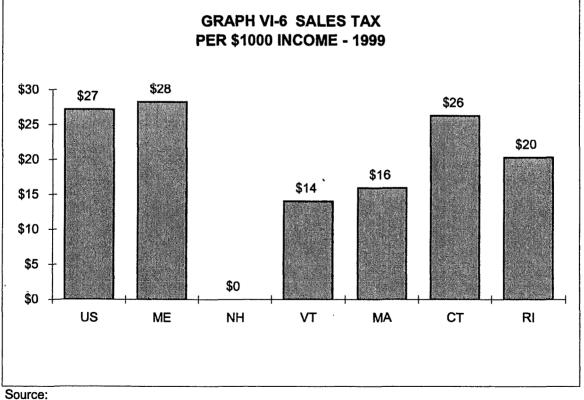


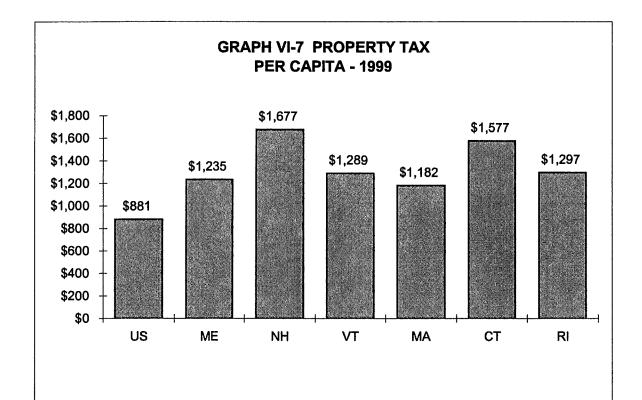


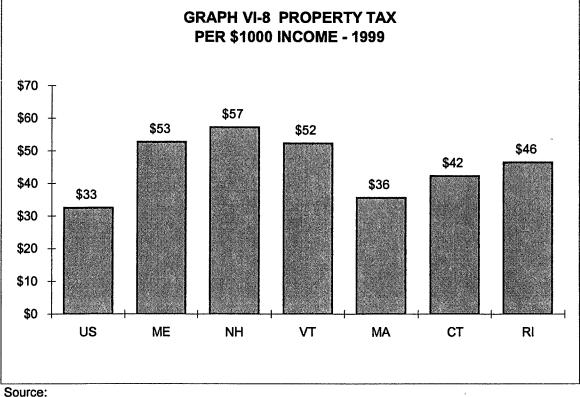




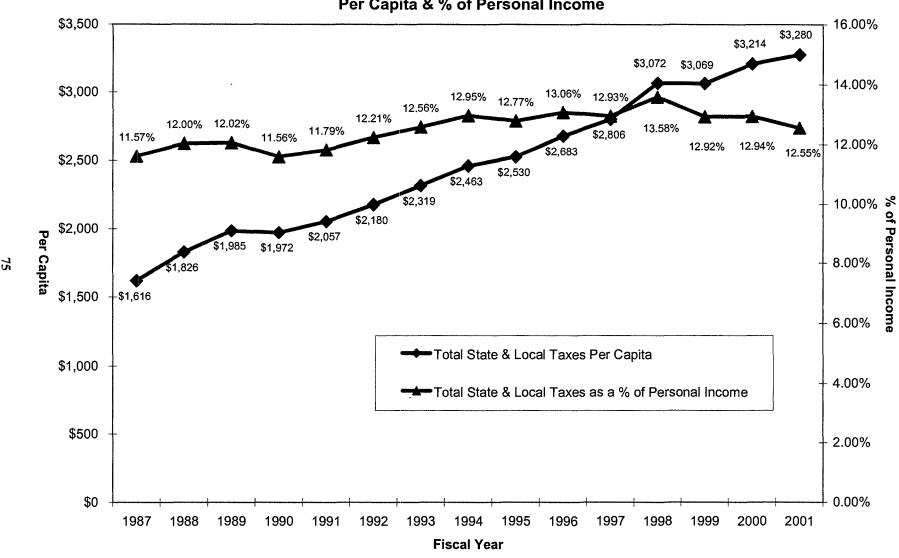




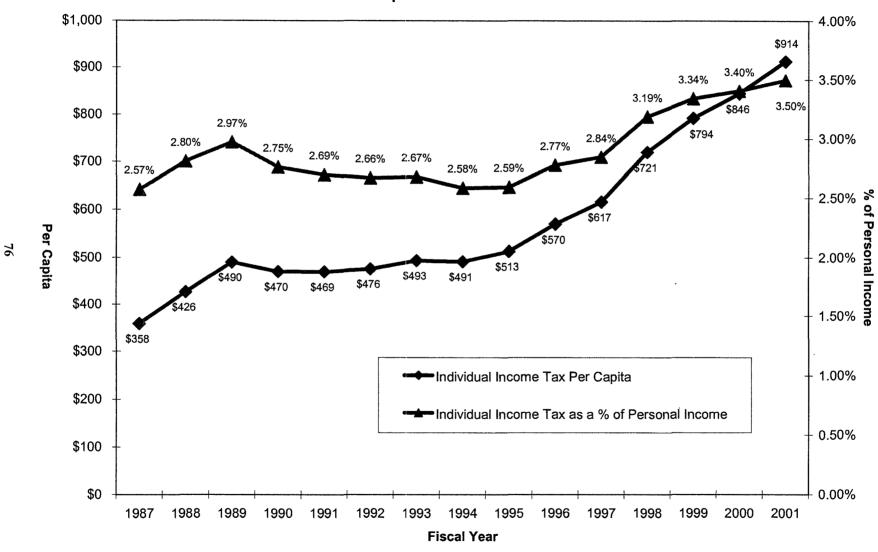




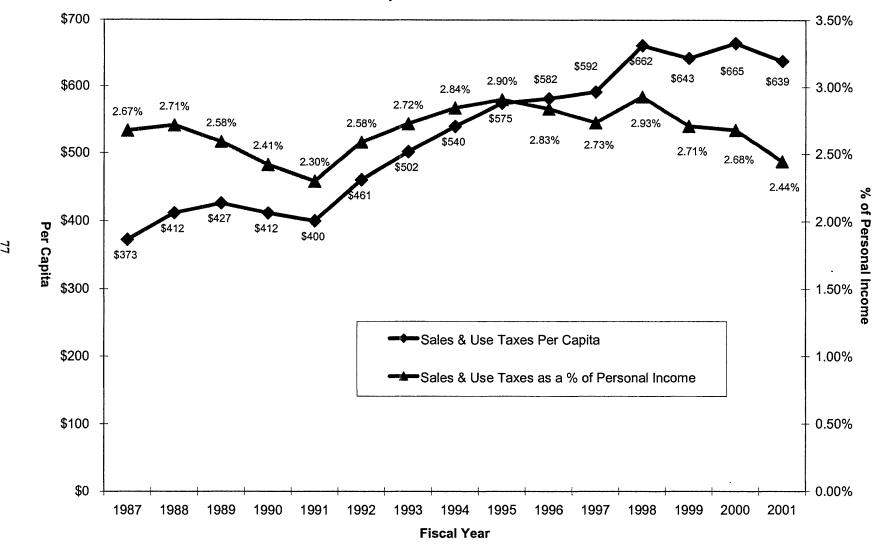
Graph VI-9 Total State & Local Taxes Per Capita & % of Personal Income



Graph VI-10 Individual Income Tax Per Capita & % of Personal Income



Graph VI-11 Sales & Use Taxes Per Capita & % of Personal Income



Graph VI-12 Property Taxes
Per Capita & % of Personal Income

