# Phillips Phonograph. 

devoted principally to the local interestis of north franklin, its summer resorts, mountains and lakes.

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The "Phonograph."

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## RAMBLING SKETCHES OF THE RANGE-

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(4)UE nortl, and ahout ten miles distant from Oquossoc Lake, lies that gem of forest lakes, Kennebago. It is located ia an unbroken wilderness and hemmed in by mountains; not rough, ragged crags peaks, but mountains with all their irregular lines snionthed nut by dense forests that reach to the very water's edge. $\mathrm{N}_{0}$ dead, unsightly trees line the margin of this lake, such as mar the beauty of the Rinngeley Lakes.
Kennebago Lake is about five miles long and one mile wide. It has no islands, and lies before you an unbroken sheet of pure, cold water. Its course is nearly northwest and southeast. The shores are very regular, indented only by a few small coves. There are several pretty little sand benches on its northerly side; but for the most part, the bank is a wall of rocks. The outlet is at the northwestern end. Down the stream about one mile and a half are the famous Kennebago Falls. Little Kennebage Lake, a body of water one mile long and half a mile wide, lies three miles to the north of Kennebago lake. Its waters empty into the main stream about half a mile from the outlet of the "big lake."
The writer and Mr. H. made the "Kennebago trip" late in May of last yenr. We were the first sportsmen of the season to arrive, and we had grand sport for three dlays, the length of our stay. A short description of our trip may be of interest: We left Greenvale soon atter daylight on the morning of May 27 th, if we remember correctly. A ride of six miles
brought us to the terminus of the wagon road. The balance of the journey, seven miles, we performed on foot, over the muddiest and nastiest road that we ever had the misfortune to travel. In dry weather, a fair walker can easily travel the distance in two and a half hours; but in the wet season-well we wouldn't dare to predict how long it would take. Mud ! mud! mud from the word go, and real affectionate mud to, for it "sticketh closer than a brother." The baggage is hauled across "the carry" on a rude sled, with huge greenwood runners, a horse furnishing the motive power. The driver walks behind holding a rope that is fastened to the sled to prevent its upsetting in passing over the uneven places.
Leaving the team to follow with our baggage, we started off with great courage and in excellent spirits; both, however, we are sorry to record, are much reduced ere we reach the end of our journey. A walk of half a mile brings us to the top of a high hill. Looking back, we can see a small portion of Oquossoc Lake. Easterly lies Gull Pond, and further on, Mt. Saddleback. A good view is also obtained of the Dead River region. From the top of the hill we plunge down into the wouds and begin to time the miles as we go-each quarter nite being marked on a tree. Twenty minutes later we energe into a clearing with a farm-house near the road.
The fierce howling of a dog tells us that the house is inhabited-by a dog at least. The path leads across the clearing, and then we enter the woods again. Soon we reach a long stretch of corduroy road, and beside it is a spring of water that furnishes us with a drink as cold as though it were iced. It is pure and sweet and delightfully refresling.
Less than half way we arrive at another clearing a few acres in extent. An old man, staggering under the huge butt of a cedar tree, is seen emerging from the woods on the right and going toward a log. cabin that stands close by our path. The guide informs us that this man is a "shingle maker," living alone from year to year. At our left we see Long Pond, (by the way how many Long Ponds are there in Maine?) a pretty body of water that looks as though it might be a good trout pond. Sometime we mean to give it a trial and find out about it. On the further edge of the clearing we notice a large tract of dead trees and are informed that a few years ago a fire commenced here and run some miles towards Dead Jiver. It spread over a large extent of territory, causing a great luss of timber. A little further on we come to Cow Pond, and then half our journey is completed. Following the bed of a small stream for a short distance, we begin a slight ascent that takes us upon the foot of E . Kennebago mountain. Here we see quantities of very nice spruce trees that are soon destined to be cut for lumber.
In a little less than three hours we arrive at our journey's end. We find a very
good hotel kept hy Messrs. Grant \& Richardson. The buildings that constitute this hotel, or camp, are several in number. The main house is a frame building, and has about a dozen rooms; another smaller building corners on, and is used for a dining room. The kitchen, a log building, joins the dining room. Some thirty feet from the main house stands a nice, twostory building with seven or eight rooms in it. This is to accommodate ladies, many of whom visit this lake each season. A very nice sand beach serves for a boat landing. So much for the hotel; now for fishing.
Our baggage arrived soon after we did; 3o we were able to get our fishingrods and prepare for the afternoon's fishing. After an excellent dinner, we take our first ride on Kennebago Lake. We were prepared to see beautiful sights; hut were agreeably disappointed in the loveliness of the lake and surrounding scenery. It was glorious beyond description. The sun shines on nothing more charming to behold. There it lies, and the summer dies away into winter; then spring clothes it with beauty again. But why so much glory spilled where but few, out of the millions, eyer see it. It seems too bad that this place is so hard of access. Perhaps, however, ton many people visiting there would temed to dispel, to an extent, the charm that induces most of the sportsmen to make the trip; that is, the excellent fishing.
Cur first afternoon's work was not productive of many trout, for we only caught about twenty-five. The next day, however, we made a catch that was simply "immense." We left the hotel about seven o'clock in the morning and trollesl along the northerly shures. We intended to make a trip to the Little Kennebagn, having arranged to meet a party at the "wigwam" and take dinner together. We passed "Skedaddler's Cuve," a pretty little semi-circular cove with a sandy beach and a nice little stream flowing in. This place obtained its name from the fact, that during the late war, quite a number of bounty-jumpers, deserters and men-afraid-of-the-draft rendezvoused at this cove. Their camp was a few rods from the shore. From the vicinity they had an unobstructed view up and down the lake. Here they remained for a long time undisturbed. The story goes, that a party of soldiers was sent to break up the camp. They got as far as John's pond, near the outlet of the lake, when the hooting of an owl, in the night, so scared these valiant soldiers that they did not dare to venture further and the next day started on their return to headquarters.
About four miles down on the northerly side is what is known as "the inlet." A small strean flows in, but is the largest of all the running waters that feed this lake. Just where the stream ends there is a deep pool, and here we had extraordinary success fishing. Our guide placed the boat in a good position and the fun began. We had been infurmed that fly fistiing commenced earlier on this lake than on any other water of the entire lake country,
so we were prepared to test the truth of the information. The first cast the writer made, he caught two trout that weighed nearly two pounds each, and suc:ceeded in less than two hours in catching six "pairs," and Mr. H. five "pairs," besides a great many singles. We filled, in that time, a very large "car" full of trout from 11-2 to 3 12 pounds each, throwing back all smaller than the lesser weight. Mr. II. caught one "pair" that weighed $23-4$ and 3 1-2 pounds respectively, and a more delighted sportsman never bandled a rod. After filling the car we towed it across the lake to where a small strean flows in. Some wo rods up the bank, there had been a fisla pen made a year or two previously This pen was constructed by driving small stakes close tugether on the edge of a pool which was some eight teet long by four broad, thus forming a sort of a fence; the cool spring waters running through the pen keeps the trout alive in fine shape. By making a few repairs we had the very place we wanted for we desired to keep the fish alive until the day before our return to Rangeley. Putting the trout iu the pen, we started for Little Kannebago.
Going down the stream, or outlet, for a short distance, we passed through the "cut off" and into the Little Kennebago stream. Three miles rowing and poling brought us to the desired place, passing on the way the party with whom we lad engaged to dine. Crossing the lake, a beautitul little body of water, we went up to the Seven Ponds stream about one fourth of a mile to the "wigwam." The wigwan is built of poles cuvered with bark, and is cone shaped. Five or six persons can occupy it comfortably. Dinner was nearly ready before the other party arrived, and then we had a jolly time.
The Seven Ponds are about ten miles distant from the "wigwam." They are reacherl by going up the stream some two or three miles and then a carry of seven or eight. Quite a number of parties visit these ponds each year.
We started on our return trip about two $0^{*}$ clock and in an hour"s time were again in the "big lake." We found it very much ensier to go down the stream than to go up -a fact that is not at all surprising, but very agreeable. We went at unce to the "big inlet," and caught some twenty or thirty large trout and took them across to our pen, hefore returning to the hotel. Our next two day's fishing we need not describe in detail. We will only suy that we caught hundreds of trout, keeping only the best and returning the rest to the lake. We had in our pen as many as enuld occupy it comfortably. From these we selected fifty-two of the largest and had them forwarded to Massachusetts io be distributed among our friends. They were three days in transit and arrived at their destination in excellent condition. To prepare trout for shipment, we have them killed in the evening and hung in an ice louse during the night to drain. Select a box of sufficient size to allow plenty

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of room for the fish; in the bottom put a layer of sawdust; then a few pieces of ice and more sawdust. Wrap each fish seperately in a piece of thin birch bark; pack them closely and then fill the box to the top with sawdust. Fish packed in this
way will keep sweet and goad for several days.

## Miscellaneous

Local and Personal Reminiscencess.-No 4.
The writer finds himself again in goord familiar company in the Phonograph, alongside of his old friend and neighbor Major Dill, who in his old age, has taken the advice of Horace Greeley to young men, but not until he had made a useful mark by an industrious and intelligent life in the state of his birth. As the snow of age begius to settle on our heads and the life currents to elb and flow more lan guidly, removal to a more sunny latitude is warranted by good physiological rea sons, and often results in prolongeil life That such may he the result with Major Dill his many friends devoutly hope. remember him in the days of my early hoyhood at the head of a company of Phil lips cavalry (troop, as it was called. One of my older brothers trained under him, and when not on military duty lef his luge horse-pistols where I could amuse nyshif with striking fire on their fint locks. One day my cousin Hi Clurch and I had a duel with them in the attic of the old tavern at the upper village, and while dodging under cover behind the chimney, Hi lost his footing and went crashing through the lathing and plastering to the Hoor below. But he survived that and a good many other hard knocks, and is now a tiller of the soil in Missouri. His brother Henry Clay, who in early life was as ociated with his cousin in pulling up old Unele Harden's tender corn down on the "Dodge road," and in breaking the windows of the old red school-house, is a miner in Nevada. He left home in 1848, em barked on a whaling voyage, and drifter to the Pacific coast. His mother, who is well remembered by the older people of Phillips, hy whom she was much beloved, died about two years ago at Presque Isle, where her husband, Charles Church, 2d died twenty years before, having previ ously left Plillips under a financial clour very surprising to those acquainted with his careful and methodical business habits, for thirty years as a merclant. Among his eariy cutemporaies in Plillips were
George W. Whitney, who traded in the old red store at the upper village, atterward long occupied by Col. Marston, who came from his farm on the Weld road and was the richest man in town; Joel Whit ney, who built and occupied the old cor ner store at the lower village afterward occupied by Crosby and Hoyt, and Seward Dill; Andrew Bonney, in the old rell stor pposite; Columbus Sinith, and William Butler and Ralph Butler. Of these vet erans, Ralph Butter survives, having achieved a comfortable property. He ives in Durchester. district of Bovton. He went to California in its golden days and upon his return entered upon mer cantile business in Yortland and afterwari in Buston. Among Church's later cotempraries were W. H. Josselyn, now of Portiand, the Tarboxes and Hiram Towle Imong the professitulal magnates of Phit

## ere Joshua Randall and Moses Sher-

 burne, lawyers, and Drs. Josiah Prescott, John L. Blake, Horace Barrows, Dr Samuel G. Stanley, previously of Farm lon and weld, came later, but devot diunself mainly to farming. He was educated at Brown's University, and was he best equipped mentally of all his prosome personal excentricities hid his light as under a bushel. Dr. Blake, now living at a great age at Farmington, was a student of Dr. Stanley's. Of the of Elder Downing and Elder Streeter. Elder Cushain of Avon taught a lot of us youngsters the alphabet in the old red school-house. Wich stood where the house of the late thner 'Toothaker is. Elder C. afterwaru lived for a short time at the Lakes, where he occasionally preached. He was de scended from Elder Cushnan of the Plymonth colonyNo doubt the reminiscences will contain some small, but unintentiontial errors of statement, and one in the next preceding this I am myself able to correct. The old Rangeley mansion, removed to the village of that name, does not as stated survive the general work of his establishment, but was destroyed in the great fire a f
years ago.
Z. T. H.

## A HUMAN BAROMETER

The Real Relation Between the Buman Body and the Weather Scientifioally

## Explainet.

sciemtific American.
ne of the mus of modern science ang ine of human necessity is the Nutional Weather Bureau Washington. Experience has shown that eighty-six per cent. of the predictions re unquestionamy of the greatsist and the to the seaman, the agriculist and the entire commercial worlu. The service har in past times the facilities for foretell,ing atmosplieric changes were meagre in leed. The only indications our fathers had of coming clanges in the weather were aching limbs, twinging joints or painal corns. These "indications," thougli crude, were usually correct, and hence naturally suggest the enquiry as to the relation between the human system and the reather. The body is unquestionably an x cellent barometer. It furetells changes in the atmosphere long before they occur, and this fact has been taken advantage of by physicians wha, when all other agencies fail, prescribe a change of air, thus hoping the boty may find an atmospheric condithe real relation between the human body nd the weather has never been fully understood, nor has there ever been until now, a correct explanation of what rhenmatism (which seems in league with the atmosphere) really is. It was originally thought by many to be a trouble in the oints, and as such was treated in the most rrange, not to say, ridiculous manner. This theory became dispelled when the ame tronbe attacked the muscles, and he feeling then prevalled that it whs purey a muscular disorder. But this idea was found to be ton narrow, and now it is universally conceded that rheumatism is a bood disease. Ant what a terrible disease
it is. It often comes without warning and prostrates the system with agony. Again is beginning is gradual, and its growth slow. In its acute form it manifests itself in every conceivable shape and always acis inflummatory, at anuther nour time Sumetimes it assumes the form of gout and again that of pleurisy or Lumbago: but in whatever manner it appears it is terribly painful and always to be dreaded. re increased by itoyance of the for it jable to attack the brain or heart at any moment, therchy chasing instant dealh. Indeed, nearly evory wase fluar disuase with all its dreadful' suddenness which has
ever occured, can be traced more or less directly to rheumatic causes. In its chronic form it stiffens the joints, contracts the muscles, undermines the health and ruins the life. It frequently attacks men and women who are apparently in perfe ed as any possible form of physical woe But, however severe its effects may be the exact cause of this blood trouble has been an undecided question, and it is only within the past year that any decision upon the subject has been reached. In order to fully determine what the cause of rheumatic disorders really was, certain authorities sent letters of inquiry fron Washington to the leading practicing physicians of the land, and these inquiries were responded to quite generally, thus urnishing data of great value to science doctors are of a varied nature, but belief a to lavg a proportion hold to correct one. This belief briefly ted, is that uric acid in the blood cause heumatism, and that it is only by remoring this poisonous acid that rleumatic or neuralgic troubles in all their terrible orms can be cured.
"How does this poisonous uric acid ge into the blood, and how can it best be removed?" Criu acid is a waste material of he hody which the kidneys should carry annot throw it fron the system. Restor he kidneys and your restore the power hat will force the uric acid from the sy en and thus banish the rheumatic aron ies which it causes. This is reason; it science. No one whose kidneys are in perfect condition was ever troubled with rheumatism, and no rheumatic sufferer, however slight the pain miny be, has perfeet kidneys. The conclusion of this truth is inevitable: perfect kidneys mean freedom from rheumatisn:
When rheumatism has manifested itself in any special part of the borly, attempts have usually been made to treat that part of the Lody. As a result, the pain has lying subtly concealed and ready to lreat out at some unexpected moment. Check ing the pain in any single locality only scatters the disease through the system hen, if the seat of the disorder, whic cure would be the reached, a complet therefore, to expel this rank and poitun, acid before it assumes all influmpary or chronic form is by keeping the kidneys in absolute liealth. This is no easy thing to to and no ueans bustil ithin past few years, been known which would successfully reach and affect these great organs. At last, however, scientists lave discovered that the leares of a tropical plant, previously but little known marvelous qualities adapted for the neys combined in the remedy been skillully 'Warner's sufe kidedy how know Warner's sate kidney and liver Cure known preparation that acts so directly upon the kidneys as to effectually cure the various dangerous forms of kidney disease and hence removes all uric acid from th the means of perf, the cures it has we the means of performing are really very rempans in deal, there are thousands their restoration to health and entire freedom from rheumatism to this simpl yet powermi remedy, which is know universally, manufactured in Rochester N. Y., and sold in every drug store in the

From the ductors in the various citie of the United States who have certified over their own aignatures the scientific starement that uric acid in the blood is the of Boston nhysicians, are a large number Dr. A. P. Lighthill, Dr. John 1B. Foleg Dr. Fred J. Garbie, Dr. M. L. Chamber isin, Dr. Albert N. Bludgett, Dr. John © Sharp, Dr. Charles W. Stevens, Dr. Hemr W. Bradford, Dr. Timothy H. Smith, Dr Charles M. Newell, Dr. William A. Dunn Mr. J. F. Perry, Dr. John Burke, 1) Elishas Rowland Ir Otis Gray Mandall 1)r. Stephen C. Martin, Dr. (reorge F , Whgelow, Dr. O. W. Duw, 1mp. Murris Franklin F , With

Dr. Williant F. Cornell, Dr. Henry Soht, Dr. Nathaniel Downes, Dr. William K Ripley, Dr. George C. Shuttuck, Dr Joseph Ingalls, Dr. Wilson Atwooid Dr. A. Fernald, Dr. Francis H. Brown, and Dr. Hamilton Ossood.
The theory of the doctors as above ex plained finds its confirmation in the fact hat when the kidneys have been cured heumatism is completely removed. Thi nstantly, for in a disease socomplished cure is often very slow, but under no other plan can any hope of permanen relief ever be found. There are hundreds of cases on record during the present winter of persons afflicted with rheumatic troubles of the worst order who have been entirely cured by following the theory above stated and using the remedy mentioned. Many of these persons har the very worst possible symptoms. Vague aches in different portions of the body followed by agonies the most intense in some particular spot. Acute and throbbing pains succeeded each other and the veins poisonous acid inflamed aligh disorders increased to deruncements the most rerlons. It is sad to thluk that all
this suffering was endured when it could hase deen so easily relleved. Acting upon the thenry and using the remedy abive
mentiened the kidneys conld have been re-
stored to their usual viror the uri poison stored to their usual vigor, the urie poison
expelled flom the system, the filtanishled.
These are some of the real and scirntiñt fartsterear diny rheunatism, attested ly the
highest authority and they are, beyond highest authority and they are, oryond guch
tion, the only correct ones ever brought iders, but ten years hence it will be the ao cepted belief and practice of the world. people suffer from rhemmatic troubles the future and with these plain truthsber
them, they can certainly blame no one Du them, they
themselves

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## [For the Phonograph.

 Treatment of Cows.Mr. Editor.-As I have heard some remarks in relation to the treatment of cows before calving, which I think are erroneous, and as I have had some litttle experience in keeping and raising cows, and some of them great milkers and buttermakers, I thought I would dare offer a few words on the subject in opposition to a few errors that many have who keep one or more cows. I have heard it said by farmers and mechanics in Franklin Co. and in the good town of Phillips, "never milk a cow or heifer before she drops her calf." Now I think such advice wrong for old farmers to advise young farmers as above. Although some young farmers and mechanics that keep from one to ten cows, will say "that is the way pa done, and I guess he's right," never giving any more thought to the subject. It is true with some cows that it is not neccessary to milk thens before calving, and not much consequence to milk them after. But a good cow-one that has a large udder and springs well before calving, should be milked every day after the udder is quite full. Many will say, "if you milk before calving the cow will leak milk." I would ask, how do you know, if you den't believe in it, and never tried it? There is as much reason in that as in the old saying our mothers used to quote, "if you kill frogs the cows will give bloody milk." Again, some will say, "the calf should have the first milk drawn." Do all children have the first milk drawn from its mothers breast, or any of it?
More especially should a cow be milked that is turned out to grass, for she has quicker and greater flow of milk on grass than hay, and in warm or hot weather noore fever will be created in the pressed and aching bag than in cold weather. How often we hear it said by the owner of a fine cow, "I milked a swinuming pail full from my cow as soon as the calf sucked." Well, in two or three days, you will hear the same man say, "My cow's bag is badly swolen and caked; gives no inilk from one teat. I guess she will loose the use of that teat," and it proves to be so. Now if he had milked his cow as soon as her bag was well filled, he would have saved all "cakes," inflammation and loss of one quarter of the cow.
Many cows are entirely ruined in consequence of this wrong idea, and it is called garget, when it is all caused by inflammation, through neglect, which causes the milk ducts and valves to close. Thousands of fine heifers are spoiled by this neglect, by not milking when the bag and teats are not sore and inflamed. When the bag is swolen to its utmost capacity after dropping her calf, of course she must then be milked by some means.
When a person or a cow is badly hurt they will give some indication of it, and that indication by a cow or heifer is to kick; then the milking stool and thick boots come into general use for a while. After this they have a kicking cow or spoiled udder. Now we say, to avoid all this, milk your cows and heifers before they calvo, if they spring well, and it will make gentle cows of them and add much to their comfort.
Many cows are spoiled in drying them orfi, and in wrong feed before and after they calve, of which we will say something ubout hereafter, if acceptable. L. [1)aso, by all means, for our columns are wide ofen.-EED.]

THE WONDER
Ys hecoming universal as to how such an immense sale could be created in Lowell for you could stand behtind our counter a week and hear what those say who are using it, the reason would appear as clear as the noon-day sun. The real curative power of in every case whicre out ditecentions are fitin fully regarded. We would that we might get before the people a fractional part of the confidence that is expressed to us every day
in this medicine by those who in hoted (without preiudice) its effects uporantlo boted and through that upon the whole syc tem, stimulating all the functions of the body to perform the duties nature requires of them. Try a bottle and satisfy yourself.
Cold Hands and Feet.
 Alout one year ago iny daughter conmenced
taking your sarsaparilla. At that time sile had very littie appetite; could take no long
walks, and her lace was badty broken walks, and her face was badly broken out
with alhumor. She was low-spirited; tronluled withrahumor. She was low-spirited; troulled
with cold hands and feet; lier blood scemed to be poor, and slie was in a condition which caused us great auxiety. After taking une
bottle of your sarsaparilia slie began to init prove, and shle enswhas a good beppetite and nothing compared with what it was one year ayo so is in better spirits, is not troubled
with cold hands and feet as previously
And
 tion largely to your sarsaparilla. SSle lins
taken six bottles, and intends to continue its
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## The Undying Worm.

"Intemperance, like an undying worm, gnaws at the vitals and corrupts the lifeblood of the noblest and fairest of earth." Yes, and some that are not so noble or so fair. With all the laws-and there are none too many-the problem of prohibition and reform is not solved. As far as our observation goes, rum seems to be plenty and easily obtained by all who desire it. We would not complain, raise a hand, or move a pen in the matter, were it not for the abuses-yes, abuses of the evil itself. Rum is a demon of frightful mein, yet there are those, seemingly, who can tamper with it, and it does not master them. Yet we are not wholly sure but the old darkey's story is the secret of their apparent mastery over the serpent. We were forced to tell the story once ou a time, in an argument at a temperance meeting, with a young man who avowed he could drink "from now till to-morrow at this time and not get drunk!" The story:
An old gent sat beside a stream, throwing crumbs of bread to the fish that gathered abnut, the crumbs having been first soaked in alcohol. The eager fish very soon got delightfully drunk; but an old fellow came among them, ate his fill and looked for more. Couldn't bamboozle him! Oh, no! The o. g. inquired of a darkey passing by, why it was that only one fish out of the whole could withstand the influence of the alcoliol. "Why, massa," said Cuffee, "dat fish am a mullethead -he don "thab no brains!"
We've been told never to fear insanity, hecause it takes a man of brains to be insane. It is possible that this is also a re quisite for a first class drunkard? (No, we were "never over the bay.") Sure it is many men of the world, who have rank ed high, or highest, among men of ability have proved notorious drunkards.
Harper's Weekly recently gave a presumably true account of an ex-Cungressman's death from- the blow of a bear, which the former had been in the habit of getting drunk with. What ia fall was there, my countrymen!
Who can describe the feelings when one sees, or hears, or thinks even of a man among men who blasts his own life and the life of those whom he should protect, by giving himself up to Rum! We have a case in roind, and if ever we felt as a temperance man that we had a mission to fulfill it is here, and we mean to try and relieve ourself of the duty to the best of nur abili$t y$.
A man of more than average ability in the profession of a physician, hus the habit of strong drink upon him. In a season of spreeing he sells out a good practice and home, and goes to another part of the State, where fortunately he falls among friends and has every prospect of stepping into the practice of the ablest plyssician of the place, who is about to retire. "I knew it would get the best of me again." and $i_{t}$ did. Up and down-now on a spree, and nuw sober. Who can consent to employ a drunken physician to administer to the
wants of his loved ones? Business is kill ed; property sold by the officers to pay debts, and a devoted wife's life nade more than miserable. Yet no one can interfere. The giddy-headed fool, when under liquor's influence, feels a lord himself, and what cares he? Come out of this, man, if man you be, and assert yourself. Know ye, that when sober men say "there is no need of, "he is not worth saving!" But this latter is not so. There are other's lives, perhaps, and happiness depending on yours. Oh, if you have a heart left, think of the dear one who stands by through dark and through light! Think of that precions little one who was wisely taken, perlaps--snatched as a brand from a like impending fate! Think of the futurethink of your soul, if the body is past saving, and seck some secluded spot where One wiser than we may take away the polluted breath or restore the man to manhood.
A life of debauchery is worse than no life at all! Far better for self and friends that a man be dead than a constant source of shame and disgrace by means of his ngodly appetite.
And, good people, why do you stand back, and shun hint while unler a cloud, though ever ready to greet him when himself? Have you not a duty to perform? Ay, evory one of you! Reprove, regret, eform:
Mayor Vickery, of Augusta, with his wife, will start on a European vnyage, the 17th of May. Mayor Vickery is one of the successful printers of Maine. Not longer ago thau 1871 he was half owner of a small job printing office, in Angusta, being himself foreman of E. C. Allen's printing department. A few years later he established "Vickery's Fireside Visitor," which was a success from the start. He cleared $\$ 9,000$, above the expenses of fitting up his office, the first year, and since then has made "heaps of cash," and "putting it where it would do the most gond." He has added as much, or more, in five years, to the beauty of Augusta, in fine new residences, than any other man in own. E. C. Allen probably has made more money in the business than Vickery, hut it bas not been laid out in beautifying the city, except two fine publishing houses for the accommodation of his business. It makes us proud of our humble station to see one of the craft make so good use of his money, and best of all, the city appreciates it, first in sending Mr. Vickery to the Legislature and now electing him the second time as mayor of Augusta.When the Mayor and his lady were here two years ago, they remarked, "we started in business with not as good prospects as you, friend Moore." And, we too, may be Mayor, (of Avon) some day. Bon royage, good people.
We have received a communication
from Greenvale giving cious barbarities pricticad by that vicinity upon his family. If the half be true the authorities ought to put the monster where he can lo no futher violence to the weak and helpless. Let the of thigns in that farmily of the condition of thigns in that family and they will
doubtleso take proper measures in the doubtless take pro
If people would make proper complaint of these matters, to town officials, instead of attempting to parade them in print, it would be the correct thing. It is not the
thing to expect the newspapers to make all the dirty exposures. The newspaper is not intended for a cats-paw.

The Phillips Рhonograph challenges us to prove our assertion that papers are in circulation in the towns of Phillips and Strong for signatures, looking to the r pudiation of the railroad debt of those towns. Our simple assertion is proof enough in this locality, and ere long will satisfy you Bro. Moore. Our authority for the statement comes principally from republicans. We are not in the repudiation ring, and consequently refer the
Phono, to the Farmington Herald.
But we are sorry to say, Bro. Wliting, that your "simple" assertion is still unbelieved in this locality. We will not deny that the papers may be in course of "circulation for signatures," for the above named object; but we do deny that signatures are being put upon thein, except they be the names of those who all along fouglt the building of the road. Give us the names of these would-be repudiators, and we will wager no Republican name appears, and the Kepublicans of these towns, with the aid of honest Democrats, can throttle this G-B-Repudiation monster even in its infancy. It's bosh to talk of such a thing, when but one man in this town was found to even dispute the propriety of paying the R. R. debt at the rate of $\$ 1,000$ per year.

The Courier-Gazette has a displayed heading in its editorial page, reading,

## A MODERN PAPER

It is a mighty good idea. It saves the peuple from supposing the paper was printed before the flood or in the dark ages. Ordinary editors would never take
this precaution; they might suppose that this precaution; they might suppose that
the date just above it, might suggest that the date just above it, might sugest wat comparatively recent, but
the that shows how green they are. This is supposed to be the only "Modern Paper"
in Maine. The Phonograph is a "Live in Maine. "The Phonograph is a "Live
Paper," but it makes no pretences to bePaper," but it makes no pretences to he
ing "Modern." ing Modern.
The above is copied from the column of SMALL TALK,
in the Gardiner Home Journal, the stayed old paper where the Phono. man learned the biz. The Small Talk column was remarkably facetious, this week, almost brilliant, but we must confess there is something in the last sentence quoted above which, in some hidden meaning savors of antiquity? But well never complain of being classed with the CourierGezette. However, one cannot fail to see how appropriate Bro. Morrell's caption appears, above the matter in question Some might say;"even this is "Small Talk."
Some of the good citizens of Range ley have been airing the last political campaign at "the city" through the columns of the Chronicle, for a few weeks past. Having published the pros and cons, the Chronicle now swears off publishing anv more of the controversey. We question if it wculdn't have been far more wise to have refused the first communication, which opened the controversy. It was easy to see what it would lead to. The first communication on the subject was written and sent us in the heat of the contest, or before cooling off. Being of the opinion that it is poor policy to draw party lines too closely in purely local elections, we gently laid the aforesaid letter in the waste-basket where it still reposes, and but for a more partizan sheet, here the matter would have ended, as it began.

* The "stair-builders" of New York have organized a strike. The stair-builders of Phillips have been on the strike for some time, and propose to keep it up all summer.
Death to rats and vermin, Parsons Exter-
minator.

Almost a Centenarian.-On Mon day afternoon, Peasley Hoyt, aged 98 yenrs 11 months and 27 days, quietly passed away at his grandson's (Mr. Charles Judkins) residence, East Baldwin, Sher New Hamplin Deceased when when he was seven years old, Maine remained until 1859, and then, where he to Missouri, from whence he renoved to Minneapolis in the spring of 1861, and finally settled down in Baldwin in the fall of 1862 . Last presidential election le walked one and une-half miles to vote for Garfield, and when the old gentleman heard of the lamented president's assassiheard of the lamented president s ansassination and subsequently of his death, he Sunday foreno Mr. Hoy Suncay forenoon in. Hoy could see to read andired to the lasg the funal took unimpared ro he last. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, the friends of he old veleran coming from far and near to pay their last sad tribute of respect to his memory. All that is earthly of Peasley Hoyt now reposes in the pretty little Baldwin burying ground. May his slumbers be peaceful.
The above is copied from the Princeton, Minn., Union, of March 30th, ult. Peasley Hoyt is remembered by our older citizens, and yet has many relatives and friends lett here.

20 The following obituary notice is rons the Brunswick Telegraph. Mrs. Lee was the only child of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Greenhalgh :
Mrs. Lee, wife of $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{r}}$. G. M. Lee, of Topsham, was taken sick on Thursday vening, 6th, and died early T'uesday morning, of a severe attack of infammation or the bowels, or peritonits. The doctor himself had but recenty resovered from a severe illness, whell his wife was aken ill. Mrs. Lee is spoken of by those who knew her, as a laidy singularly prepossessing in her manners, making warm riends of those who came to know her worth. Sle had heen a resident of Topsham but a short time, where the dector is securing a good practice in his profession. He will certainly have the warni synpathies of all who know hins, left as he is with a bright little bey about two years old. Mrs. Lee's age was thirty one years.

Some very prompt responses were made to the "legal" documents sent out from this office last week, and some bitter words elicited. We naturally expect many to stop their paper, who have been thus addressed; but they should do us the justice to remenber that we have repeatedly given notice of our intentions, and have only themselves to blame for neglect. They can thank us that we pay the lawyer's fee for collecting, instead of adding t to their account. A year's subscription in advance would offset the lawyer's regular fee.
It took fifty years of discussion and a halter around John Brown's neck to force the issues between fredom and slavery; It may take fifty years of discussion and another Jolin Brown to force the issue between the huge monopolies and the toiling masses.-Them Steers, Solon Chase eam.
Solon Chase's boots hang dangling in the air- 13 thnes)
And "Them Steers" are marching on!
Glory Hallejah! and repeat, ad lib.
DCTM. T. Barnum is quoted as recently saying " 50,000 persons stagger into drunkard's graves every year," and that $\$ 600$, 000,000 was spent for liquor in this country last year." This was said years ago. but is none the less true now, though the original figure was 60,000 , and probably the number has not decreased. No other scourge so great, or so little restricted.

A Valuable Admition-Because it - beneficial to the scalp and ardis to personal beauty by restoring color and luster to gray or faded hair, is why Parkers Hair Balsam is such a popular dressing. 34

## Local Notes.

## -Bad colds are quite prevalent.

The traveling is still about half and
half.
-Bates will have the largest signboard
And now the d-1 is sick and to pay generally.
-This has been a week of chilling winds and snow squalls.
Dutton probate notice, estate of M. W. utton, is published to-day.
-Joel Wilbur, Esq., returned a week nce from a brief vacation
-Rev. Mr. Wheelwright will preach at
the Town House Sunday, A prit 16 th .
-Rev. Mr. Woodcock will occupy the pulpit at Union Church gext Sabbath -A simple drunk (very simple) w een on the streets Monduy -a rare sight. -Mr. Page, of the Elmwood, is laying be foundation for the eastern wing to the main building.
-B. F. Hayden has sold his house-lot,
on the east side, to John Wilbur, who will erect a house thereon this summer

The four-legged animal doesn't hang Fork the office this week. The day's

The Herald says some one at Farinngton is selling candy at "Whaleoule and
-The memhers of Phillips Lodge, ond Templars, are requested to meet at their liall, over Mr. Noble's store, next Tuesday evening, 18 th inst.
-Several of our little folks are and them been quite sick the past week, among Bangs' and Mrs. C. M. Da vis' little ones. We may now expect a season flush With much paper fractional currency, some ments of lumbermen having large consignors. $10^{\prime}$ and $25^{\circ}$ 's from the contrac-

- Wanted, by a small family, to lease years- 3 or 5 -for which good rent will be years- 3 or 5 -for which good rent will be
paid, in advance, if neeessasy. Report at this office.
The early morning of to-day was Made cheerfully melodious with the sing-
ing of innumerable spring birds, Wel. ing of innumerable spring lirds. Wel-
come, little sengsters? sing on, with all come, little sengsters! sing on, with all
your powers, forsold Winter will be here lo drive you away, far too soon!
-Geo. A. French, at his uptown store, is making some radical improvements, to addition to one side forss. He makes an will finish off the back room for his groCery business. Success to you, George; above you be compelled to occupy dwe thang-house-before fall.
-Rev. M. B. Greenhalgh recieved the sad and sudden intelligence, Tuesday Mnorning, of the death of his conly child, the wife of Dr. G. M. Lee, formerly of
Weld. Her death occurred in Topsham, Weld. Her death occurred in Topsham,
after a brief illness. Mr. and Mrs. Greenafter a brief illness. Mr. and Mrs. Green-
langh attended the funeral of their daughter at 'Topsham, Wednesday, but will return in season that the services at the Methodist church, Sunday, will not We interrupted. The parents were not aware of their daughter's illness until
Monday evening. The blow was sudden and severe, and they have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their deep
grief srief.
this The constantly occuring accidents in this vicinity seem to point to a means of
partial relief-namely, insurance against partial relief-namely, insurance against
aecidents, in such a substantial company as is repesented, in a quitt sort of way, at this office. Half the editors' inconvensence of the present lameness is aleviated
by the fact that he was insured for a small by the fact that he was insured for a small $\$$ sun for each week he is laid up, and for
$\$ 1,000$ in case the accident results fatal!y. He las some apprehension that he will lase the latter sumb. Get insured and, if unfortunately laid up for a spell, feel conjfortable as possible with the assurance of reasonable wages for every week you are forced to forego business. Yes,
we were lucky for once, and are insured. and if we succeed in obtaining the $\$ 1,000$, two birds will be quieted with one pebble-but the joke is, we shall have to personate Olle of the birds.
-Our home-made telephones are sheep's skin, stretched over a "hole. They transmit sound very distinctly Ray's mother was at the office one-day while the boy, at the house, remarked that he guessed he would "cut a hole froo
the telephone." "What for?" "So mamthe telephone." "What for?" "So mam
ma can wipe my nose when I stick it froo!"
-There has been something rather wonderful, as well as exceedingly pleasing, in the great improvement in the health of Mrs. F. E. Howard, of Phillips. She has been an invalid for some two years or more, and for the whe the time confined to her hed. Her health was such that she could not retain food, and was virtually starving, her only small of sustenance being an occasional since, slie writy of milk. A French, Mr. Howard's sister, where change of medieine, diet, locality, and new associations has wrought a good change, the patient now being really "fat and hearty." She has been attended by
Dr. Higgins, of Strong. For the sake of that sulid chunt of a boy an attentive and loving husband, as well as scores of friends, we look upon this as almost a restoration from a much more gloomy abode than is theirs to be.


## Rancreley.

Dred.-At Rangeley, April 10th, wife of James Ellis, aged about 60 . Mrs. Ellis has been out of health for some time, but her friends thought for a few days past she was better. Monday night she was taken very suddenly ill and died before medical aid could get there. The cause of her death was lieart complaint.
Rufus Porter formerly of Pliillips, has moved to Rangeley, into the house he bought of Dan Ross, and Mr. Ross has moved to West Phillips on the farm for merly owned by R. Porter. Mr. Porter is engaged to cook down to the dam on the big Lake this season.
Our old friend Whitman this week arrived home from Seven Ponds, where he has been camping out for four or five weeks past. Mr. W. has been with D.T. Haines and Rufus Crosby, building toats and camp for spurtsmen.
Bither Smith has moved into the house with Ed. Grant and has engaged rooms in A. J. Haley's new shop for barber shop and jewelry sture.
13. F. Hayden, of Phillips, and party were here last week fisling, with what
access your enrrespondent knoweth not,
and has resumed his place on the benchmaking boots and shoes.
Dr. Pructor, of Weld, is visiting his fa ther, the Rev. R. Proctor of this town. Simon Oakes of this town is building an addition to his boat shop.

## strone.

Rev. Mr. Wilder has started an elocuion class in connection with the May school. Those who have joined it seen to be improving rapidly. The question resolved, that "war elevates a nation," was discussed in the May school Friday P. M. It was decided in the negative. Elias Porter is very sick with a fever. The travelling on our roads is now very bad. Mud holds undisputed sway
We are sorry to say that the Good T'em plars Lodge is not prospering as well as could be wished. The memhers do not work very hard just now. Butwith propor exertion they could make it a prosper ous Lodge.
Sunday evening a Sunday school concert was given at the Congregational Church. All the parts were weil performed, and everybody felt well pleased with the entertainment.

## Ealem.

Quite a quantity of birch lumber is be
ing hauled to E. H. Oliver's mill, fron ing hauled to E. H. Oliver's mill, fron Salem. S. H. Hinds and son are preparing their lumber for the saw.
Many in our vicinity are reported on the sick list with colds and lung troubles.
On and after May 1st our mail will eonnect with the train at Strong, that is, with the down train.
There is quite a call for hay among some of our farmers and the ruling price has been from $\$ 6$. to $\$ 10$. per ton. One man has sold 17 tons
Mrs. Amanda Graffam has tomato plants two inches in height, April 10th.

Thanksgiving, avaunt! Come, peaceful Fast day, come! Nor blond of hullucks Wor rams, nor guats stains thy pure altar Coming! Thou demandest no rictims grace thy feasts! The expiring groans of the turkey-the dying cadence of the chicken-the plaintive hotes of the doomed duck or goose, which constitute the earful music that ushers in the dread car nival of thy blood-stained sister, Thanks giving, do not grate upon the ears of thy peaceful votaries. 0 clean-handed and white-souled Fist Day-the purest and
holiest holiday of Church or State! Dev ils, exorcisable by naught else, tremble ins, exorchare tlyy all conquering power and flee hefor
New Age.
Must be that was written on a rather full stomach:
Reed Nichols of Lewiston, was shot Thursday, of last week, in passing through The woods with al loaden gun, the hammer caught, discharging the load in his hip Hle died of the injuries received Friday His wound and sufferings were horrible thigh about an inch in diameter, and burned away the flesh over a space as arge as a man's palm on the side it tered. Where the charge came out. on he inside of his thigh, it tore away
piece of flesh measuring several inches piece of fesh measuring several incines
either way. Assistance and medical ervices were obtained for him as quickiy as was possible, but it was an hour or more ader the shooting when the doctor great that he was unable to produce the least indication of a reaction
The Coimmercial says : Hay is now plentiful in the Bangor market, and the price for loose is from $\$ 8$ (for meadow) to $\$ 12$ and $\$ 15$ a ton. The recent reduction of 50 per cent in the impurt duty on hay effect will not be felt by the dealer, as his margin is about as much on a low market, with a steady supply, as on a high market. The farmer will lose by the re loss will in duty, but what is the farmers is a yreat hay contre and the business is incrussing every year. The breater prt of the hay is sent to Boston by rail.
I always keep your mediciues in stock Downs' Elixir is selling better than any
Cough Medicine I have and with good Cough Medicine I have and with good results

Smith, Druggist, Clarkston, Mich Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters give the best satisfaction of any medicine I sell. They have advertised themselves, and warrant every bottle. N. DeKrief,
Apr. Druggist, Zeeland, Mich.
Henry \& Johnson's Arnica and (i)
Lin:ment, fur external use is equally good
The senate confirmed the following nominations: William E. Chandler a Secretary of the Navy. W. H. Hunt rollat to Russia. John I. Knox, Compwas Only two formal speeches were made, one by Mr. Bayarl in opposition and the other hy Mr. Rollins in advecacy.
For aged men, women, weak and sickly children, without a rival. Will not caus headache. Brown's Iron Bitters.
Henry Moett, the Taglanic, N. Y murderer, has heen granted a ne
take place probably in October
"When I publicly tastified that I had bee cured of a terrible skin humor hy the cut
cura Remedies, I did so that others might 1 , cured, and do not regret the time give to answe
Botson.

Mr. A. T. Tuck, collector of Farmington Corporation, is placed in a peculiar situation. He has collected upwards of $\$ 1000$ towards satisfying the execution against the Corporation. Mr. Farrar, the newly elected Treasurer, refuses to re ceive the money.
Food fur Young and Old.-Food and medicine for young and old, prepared ey Malt Bitters are warranted more Nourishing, Strengthing, Vitalizing and Purifying, by reason of their richness in Bone and Muscle Producing Material than all other forms of malt or medicine, while free from the objections urged against malt liquors.
stockrbideg MANURES

Jnst received at
W. F. FULLER'S, Phillips,

ARDWARE, $S$ TOVES,
Farm Implements
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,
LAMPS,
Silver \& 1>lated Wara.

Etc. IEtc.

Estate of Mason W. Dutton.
$F^{\text {PRANLINN }}$ holden At a Court of Probate the County of Frankling, on the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1882.
Raymond Toothaker, Administrator of
the Estate of Mason W. Dutom, late of Philthe Estate of Mason wid
lips, in said County, deceased, havimg nre-
sented his second account of adminstration of the estate of said deceased for allowance: OrDERED, That said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, three weeks successively in the Phillips Phonograph, published at Phillips, that they
may appear at a Probate Court to be held at may appear at a Probate Court the he hield at
Farmington, in said county, on the trst Tues day of May next, at ten of the clock in hare, why the same showld not he allowed.
 5-HyJolen 13. Gロurghes



## 

BEES FOR SALE.
 erarive Functions. Clears Cloudy Urine, stops
losses and escapes in samp. The preat Re liable Tonic for General Debility or Special Weaknoss. A complete Rejuveriator for Exasustion, Faintness. Excesses, Advancing
Age, Ague, Chills, Female Weakness, \&c.
S1 at druegists, or by exnress, prenaid, on S1 at druagists, or by exnress, prenaid, on
receipt of $\$ 1.25$. E. S. WELLS, Jersey Clity, N ${ }_{2}$.
 jidrey ${ }^{2}$ Prinary lure BUPHIVAPA Calarthe Bladter


## NEWFFIRE: NEWGGooss!

PINKHAM \& MERROW
DRE CODDS ClothiraE, urnishing Goods, Hats a Caps,
 CHOICE GROCERIES

## mant DASCOMB

L. A. DASCOMB,

PHYSTCIAN \& SURGEON,
phillife, Maine.

1) fife and Residence with Mrs.C. C. Bangs.

Town Business.
The Selectmen of Phillips will be insession
as the Law Office of James Morrisou, Ir., on atarlay afternoon, of each week, for the transaction of town husiness. JAMES MOMRON, Jr., i. . B . REA. REATITT.

## News of the Week.

A revolution in Hayti is reported.
A I)ublin despatch says that Parnell was released from prison Monday.
Engineer Mellville and party are in the Lena detta searching for yeLong.
City elections in Trenton, N. J., resulted in the success of the Demoeratic ticket.
'The ice has gone out of the Penobscot and the port of Bangor is now open to navigation.
Two pleasure boats capsized by a squall on Lake Geneva, Sunday, and five students were drowned
F. M. Laughton of Bangor, Maine, was admitted to practice in the United States supreme court
Arthur Muller, of the Central Bank of Indianapolis, Ind., is a defaulter to the a mount of $\$ 30,000$.
The house and barn of Lyman J. Butler, Thomaston, was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon.
Two Chinamen were baptised Sunday by Kev. Dr. Grigg of the Reformed Presbyterian churels in New York eity
During a fit of insanity, John C. Bartlett, one of Gardiner's best known business men, committed suicile Saturday by hanging.
The Central Pacific mill at Lawrence opened Monday, with about one-fourth of its complement of hands, but six of whom were strikers.
Thomas FI. McGraw of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has made a pledge of $\$ 50,000$ for a permanent endowment of the president's chair at Amherst college.
The bodies of Mrs. Stowe, wife of the circus proprietor, and that of a deck hand have been found floating near the wreck
of the Golden City at Nemphis of the Golden City at Memphis.
A Washington special says the Ohio Congressmen believe the name of Judge Taft will be sent to the Senate this week as successor of Minister Lowell.
The President has signed the commission of Senator Teller as secretary of the interior, and he will enter upon his duties before the close of the present week.
M. N. McKusick, Esq., of Calais hav ing been appointed postmaster of that city, has transmityd to the Governor his resigan
William Capen, a well-to-do farmer in Milton, Mass., suicided by jumping into his well. He was 72 years old and leaves a widow. No reason is assigned for the act.
In
In the criminal court at Washington Monday, Judgh W ylie decided that the Star route indictments are good and sufficient. The motion to quasin was overruled, and the indictmenta
W. A. Hulbert, president of the Chicago ase hall club and of the National base ball league, dicd of heart disease and dropsy. Chicago board of trade.
The Governor and Council have apMaine Insane Hospital in trustees of the Soule of Readfield as steward Soule of Readfield as steward and treas-
urer of that institution.
The court in banc has set the Guiteau case for a hearing the fourth Monday of this month. Mr. Reed of Chicago, as consul for Guiteau will ask a postpone In of two weeks from this date.
In the Supreme Juticial Court in Boston, John Daley, indicted for the murder of his wife at 384 Hanover street last September, pleaded guilty to manslaughter and was sentenced to States prison for 20
Mi
Michael J. Nuonan, a liquor spotter, was arrested in Duver, N. H., Suturday night, tor signing the name of his wife and that of a witness to a deell, and other forger ies. He claims he can explain everything satisfactorily.
The Whig says on Friday morning, April Th, at 8 oclock, a man by the name of Wm . Hutchinson was found dead, hanging to a beam, in the shed of Mrs. Hiram Anderson of Sangerville. He was Houlton, Aroostook county about from weeks ago.

## No Whiskey!

Brown's Iron Bitters is one of the very few tonic medicines that are not composed mostly of alcohol or whiskey, thus becoming a fruitful source of intemperance by promoting a desire for rum.

Browns Iron Bitters is guaranteed to be a nonintoxicating stimulant, and it will, in nearly every case, take the place of all liquor, and at the same time absolutely kill the desire for whiskey and other intoxicating beverages.

Rev. G. W. Rice, editor of the American Christian $R e-$ view, says of Brown's Iron Bitters:

Cin., O., Nov. 16, 188 r.
Gents:-The foolish wast ing of vital force in business, pleasure, and vicious indulgence of our people, makes your preparation a necessity; nd if applied, will save hundreds who resort to saloon for temporary recuperation.

Brown's Iron Bitters has been thoroughly testol for dyspepsia, indigcstion biliousness, weakness, debil. ity, overwork, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption, liver complaints, kidney troubles, \&c., and it never fails to render speedy anc permanent relief.

## DRY GOODS!

BOOTS,
Shoes \& Rubbers

Marked Down.

For the Next 30 Days
1 shall offer the public astonishing trades in the above classes of Goods, whit
have marked clear down lu or-
 Spring Stock.



NEWEST \& BEST LINE OF

## CASHIMERES

in town. Just hecelved.
am now ready to exhibit the largest and

## CROCKERY

## Maine Central R.R.

Commencing Monday, June 27, 1881.

PASSENGFR TRAINS will leave FARM INGTON for PORTLAND and BOSTON, and
for LEWISTON, BKUNSWICK and BATH At MIXFO TRAIN leaves FARMINGTON for IEWISTON. Lower Station at 3.35 P. M. exceptan leave Lewiaton at $11,2 n \mathrm{P}$. $\mathbf{M}$. (ever night), connecting at Brunswick with Nigh Puliman Trains for Bangor and foston. arrives at FARMINGTON at 5.05 P . M. Frelght Train arrives at 1.5 TUCKER, Sup'
CUT THIS OUT!
 Wehavestoresin 15 leading CIties Nom
M.

Attorney at Law, зни KINGFIELD, ME.

## GLASS WARE

in town, and at prices
nedall and see
that new line of
Glass Ware-Latest
thing out.
N. P. NOBLE.

## outicura Rosolvin <br> operates with-Energy upon the Kidneys,





Cuticura-
 An exunisite Toilet, Burath, and Noarsery An exuuisite Toilet, Buth, and Nursery San-
ative. Fragrant with delicious flower odors
and healing balsain. Contains tha modiflod
form form all the virtues of CuTicura, the great serving and beautifying the complexion and Bkin. The only Medicinal Baby Soap. atives for diseases of the skin, Scalp and Price: Curlcura kfsolvent, $\$ 1.00$ per bot-
tle: C'uticura, foce per box: large boxes,
 CATARRH co
Sanford's Radical Cure. of Witch Hazel, American Pine,
nadian Vir, Marigold, Clover hadian Eir, Marikote, Blossor, et.,
For the Ymmediate Helief and Permanent
Cure of every furm of Catarrh, from a simple Head Cold or Influenza to the hoss of Smell, Taste, and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis, and Incipint Consumtion, Indorsed by
Physicians, Chemists. and Medical Journals
throunthout he wid as the only complete Physicians, Chemists, and Medichl dournals
throughout the world, as the only complete
external and internal troatment. Ont botule Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal narkaye, of all draggists for \$1. Ask for COLLINS ELE CTRICITY
 M. W. IIAIRIDFN. FASHIONABLE
HAIR DRESSER
Next to Barden House,
Ehillipe, Maixe
ITRES CRETM
|

## Miscellany.

A New Haven journal announces that at least one hundred families in that city get their preaching by telephonic conare lovers of a "sound" doctrine, and can Peruvian Syrup cures Dyspepsia, General Debility, Liver Complaint, Boils Iumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Nervous Af
fections, Female Complaints, fections, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the
blood. blood
"What shall we do to entertain our girls?" says a religious exchange. A man Who needs advice as to how to entertain his girls is not fit to edit a religious paper. them out buggy-riding in the afternoon, tell her what a daisy she is, and how insip id and fixed-up that other girl is. Then he should take "that other girl" out for ice
cream after supper and tell her confidencream after supper and very uninteresting and awkward the buggy-riding girl is.
What Eyerybody Wants.-Is a re liable medicine that never does any harm and that prevents and cures disease by keeping the stomach in order, the bowels regular, and the kidneys and liver active. Such a medicine is Parker's Ginger Tonie It relieve every case, and has cured thousands. See other column. - Tribune. 34
Henry Ward Beecher thinks the subject of free trade and protection will come up whole people. It would certainly be rrand thing to have the question thorough ly understood by the people. A course of Brooklyn, New York, and other cities are now instituting similar courses and the question is discussed pro and con. This is the right way to arrive at the truth, ani in the country may have such a course of instruction. No doubt the issue will be freely debated on the stump in the coming What Ails You? - Is it a disordered liver giving you a yellow skin or costive bowels; which have resulted in distress-
ing piles or do your kidneys refuse to per ing piles or do your kidneys refuse to per
form their functions? If so, your system will soon be clogged with poisuns. Tak a few doses of Kidney-Wort and yon'll feel
like a new man-nature will throw off like a new man-nature will throw off
every impedment and each organ will be ready for duty. Druggists sell both the dry and liquid.-Evansville Tribune. tunnel connection with France under the straits of Dover, lest the French may come over in it early some morning and to build a ship railway across that ugly bit of water. It can be done without trouble, as that mild mannered manipulator can easily demonstrate. There is much to be said in fuvor of the project, tables of prospective profits. The building of it would afford some fine pickings for the boys; when finished it would do away with the nasty sea-sick features ot a rip between the two countries; and, being always in plain sight. the English coutd watch the advance of the French, and at the right moment, knock the underpinning from the concern, and drop the whole invading force into the hungry sea. John Bull ought to send for Eads by all means. - Washington Star.

Itching Piles-Symetoms and clize. The symptoms are noisture, like perspi scratchine very disressing particularly scratching very disressing, particularly in ard about the rectun; the private parts in ard about the rectunl ; the private parts are sometimes affected; if alnwed follow. "Dinue very serious results may follow. a pleasant sure curet. Also for Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotehes, all scaty, Crusty, Cutarreous drapions. Price mai to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamps. Prepared only by I)r. Swayne \& Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. hy all prominent druggists. $\quad 1+1 \geqslant 3$

## A Brave Lady. DRY GOODS!

Mrs. Soh Maker, Of Lock Uister Co., N. Y., had the misfortune to entirely lase the sight of one of her eyes, inflammatory action therein for two long inflammatory action therein for two long years; the other eye finally becoming ously suffering; inleed she was a mere ously suffering; indeed she was a mere
wreck, a walking skeleton. In this terrible strait she consulted I)r. David Kennedy, of Rondout. N. Y., who told her at She quietly but firmily said: "All right She quietly but firmly said: "All right,
Doctor, but don"t give me chloroform. Let my husband sit by my side during the operation, and I will neither cry out or stir." The work was done, and the poor woman kept her word. Talk of soldierly it takes to face a hundred guns. To restore her general bealth and give ton then gave the "Favorite Remedy," which cleansed the blood and imparted new life gained health and strength, and is now well. The "Favorite Remedy" is a priceless blessing to we withont it. Your druggist has it. If not send to Dr. Havid Kennedy,
MRS. LYIA E P PIMKLiAM, OF LYHN, MASS.,


LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.



$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ It stimulants, and relieves weahness of the stomach.
It cures Bloating, Eeadaches, Nerrous Frostration General Dehilty, Sheplessness, Depression and Indi-
gestion. and backache, is nlways rermanently cured hy its use It will at all times and under all circumstances nct in harmony with the laws that govern the fewalo systcru.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex thi
LTEMA E, PLNKIAMM's VEGETABLE COM POEIND is prepared at 223 and 235 Westron Arenuc, in the form of pills, also in the form of lozinges, on
receipt of price, 11 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkhan
receipt of price, $\$ 1$ per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham
freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for yampla-

## No family should be without LYDIA E. FIXKIEAMS:

LNFR PILLS. They cure constijation, b:lic
and torpldity of the ilver. 2 z cents per box.
NOTICE.
$\underset{\substack{\text { che } \\ \text { cre } \\ \text { ed } \\ \hline}}{ }$
$A$ with permens haring


## $\$ 30$

## GROCERIES

Hefy call and inquire prices, and we are satisfied we can suit. We have recently added to our neet the demands of customers with a vari

Dried \& Smoked Fish,
Pickled Tripe, Sausages,
OYSTERS, (every Wed.) Oyster Crackers \& Pickies.

Tra de COFPrex:
For the next 30 cays we
shall close our sturk or
Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Woolen Shirts, Nubias, Hoods, \&c., \&c.,
At extremely low prices for ozesh call and inspect our goods. We have also

Paper-Hancines, Curtains, Cords, Tassels, \&c. CONFECTIONEPV.

## M.H. DNEELPORT \& CO..

## FARMERS <br> No. $\frac{0}{2}$ <br> EXCHANGE. <br> J E W ELR Y!

SPECTACLES \& EYE-GLASSES
Can be procured at No. 3 Beal Block I'hillips Lalble Waree and some of the 3est Clocks in the market. Prices to suir he times. W atches, CLOCKs Jow olry, dec. REPATIRED 1. M. Ty゚ecinwoorl.
J. C. WINTER, M. D.

Physician [e] Surgenn, Phillips, Maine.
Residence at the old stand of Dr. Kimliall
Office in Beal Block DENTIST
Beal Block, 17 Phillips, Me.
AGENTS wantod every yivere, Chaiden wanted every where, (chioine In hnaily ilustrateon aint

## 8 The Phillips Phonograph, a Live, Local Pader.-\$1.00 per Year.

## Fun and Physic.

"The Heavy Charge of the liglit Brig are" is the title of a prem dedicated to gas companies, not yet written by Tennyson. a true assistant to nature in restoring the system to perfect health, thus enabling In resist disease, is Brown's Iron Bitters. "L think the goose has the atvantage of you," said a lady to an expert buartler who was the withering retort.

Defightrel Novelty:-Ladies prefer Floreston Cologne because they find this lasting combination of exquisite per
funzes a delighthful novelty. $4 w 31$ fumes a delightuln novelty. tw31 a city home: Inquirer-"Are you the Citizen-"No, I don't own this hanse and lot. I only live here and pay the taxes
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping
Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest. J0 cents and $\$ 1$ a bottle. Iy12
An Illinois man, with a foresight worthy a railroard cause popped the qnestion on a loss to decide as to which county she had better commen
breach of promise.
No man feels like work when his back aches. There is a remedy for this; It is ner Kidney lemely. It cures Kidney and Liver Complaints, and all diseases of the Erinary Organs.
An article in an exchange is headed "Tay Gould to Sue for a Reputation." What anan who is worth fifty millions of dohars wants with a reputation is a problenu too deep for the average minil to solve. Mir. Grould is rich enougla to buy a reputa-
tion, if the wants one. every case; gratifyihg, wholesome reli beyona huacy value. Cure begins from dermanent lo for Sanford's Madieat Cure. Complete for \$1. Apr.
"Ponr man," exclaimed the Good Samapositi, feeling for his loose change and dephsing a quarter in the tramp's extended Paim; "how my heart bleeds for you ful wanderer; "fis "stole key this morning, and I've been bugging all day to try and get money enough to
ive arkscrew.
person are strongly disposed to regard that mosto alleviate lymansof dees lam, 233 Wtandard, Mrs. Lydia E. Pink. is antitley Western avenue, Lynn, Mass, tole the front rank, for hier Vegderful compound is daily working wonfor circular to the above addres.. sisi
Our Continent, repiying to a corresponident who asks, "How do you buy your poetry, accurding to quality or quantity? says: "As we are just begining we buy nur we get fully under way we expect to huy fo lhe cond. It will have to be eut into split without to sump or warranted to according to gating in the grain. Price it the more we pay

H Dover Wayt
sick man to a druggist "Aster, "-saill a something to cure me?" His symptoms were a lame back and disordered urine and were a sure indication of kidney disease. and in aggist told him to use Kiduey-W ort cure. a short time it effected a complete chre. Have you these symptoms? Then get a hox or bottle to-day-before you be-
come incurable. It is the cure; safe and sure.-Knoxville Republican.
Jokey fellows are tiey of the Ohio leg. istature. A bilt was introfuced the other day to give a lady authority to change her
name. It was moved to strike out the proposed name and substitute that of the hinnorable bachelor who had offered the bill. This was done amid a great hurrall. Then sideration. The matter occupied the at tention of the legislators the greater part of a
over it.

20 AnsCHEAP, CHEAP, CHE

Now is the time to BUVY GOOOS: CHEA

Having just taken account of S 1 have piicked out many goods that will he sold than Cost, to Close. Just look at some

## Bargains:-

1 Lot of Dress Goods, been selling for Marked down, to close out, at 122 l .
1 lot of Dress Goods, been selling of Marked down, to close, at 18 c .
1 lot all wool Dress Goods, been sellin 30 c ; marked downh, to close, at 22 c . Dress Flannels, been selling for 2.5 d now selling for wisc.

## CROCKERY

BOOTS展 SHOES, MARKED Di

Marked down to reduce stock. If you want to huy (heap, now is the time. 1 lot Beaver Boots $f$ $\$ 1.50$; been selling for 2.50 .

## Tea, Ty Te:

We have on hand many pieces of shelf goods which must be closed out at once.

E-Be sure and give us a call.

We mean what we say.

## G. A. French.

Phillips, April 5, 1882.
4*30

1 lot of Tea for 25 c .
1 lot of Tea for 30 c . 1 lot of Tea for 35c. 1 lot of Tea for 40 c . 1 lot ol Tea for 5
These Teas are 10 cents less on a pe than they can be bought for elserrletere in Phillipls. will save money by blying your Tea out of this ne

Resemer-the whole stoct markeed down, to close. Call and look and get pric goods.

Motto-"Lower than the Lowest." member I sell groods ouly for CASH.
B. F. HAYDEN, ${ }^{\text {soin }}{ }^{2}$ 2lek Phillips,





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# Che whillips whonograph, = Eetra. 



The "Phonograph."

## AND EXTRA,

## of S sold $2+\$ 1.00$

## §

Fintered as Second Class Mail Matter
O. M. MOORE, Editor \& Proprietor.

Snorting Matters.
${ }^{3}$ for
Rambling seetches or the rangeLEY LAKES.

## by doc.-no. 15

(Continued from page 2, of paper)
We left Kennebago on our return to Greenvale, just after dinner, and were two hours and thirty-five minutes in reaching the place where we expected to be met by a team. By some misunderstanding the team failed to appear; so, after waiting for $a$ time, we decided to hire a resident of the vicinity to "hiteh up" his team and carry us to Rangeley. This he "How long will it take you to hitch up?" enquires H.

Bout fifteen minutes, so you'd better g'win ter ther house while I go and git the ole mare.
We went into the house and made the acquaintance of the good lady and a"nineteen year old cat," that was nearly blind and much afficted with the "rheumatiz." The good man went into an adjoining room to change his well-patched clothing for something slightly better, an operation that consumed more than the allotted time for "hitching up." At last he emerged and takiug a small wooden measure, with
a handful of meal in it, he starts for the "paster to git the ole mare." We watch him as lie performs the operation. The "ole mare" is altended by a three years old colt that gave the owner no end of trouble. The old mare, after due persuasion, allows the halter to be put on; but the colt is full of mischief and wants to , peated several times before the stable is reached. We were requested to get the "waggin" out from the barn, its first appearance for the season. On getting out
the vehicle we find that we have a job to perform to clean out the hay and dirt, the inevitable of being used as a hen roost, that half fills the body of said "waggin." It is a rickety old affair and looks as hough it will scarcely hold together to be hauled a mile; but appearances are deceitful and so prove in this case. Ten minutes later the old man comes out with a harness on the "old mare" that is a combination of leather and rope yarn and is in perfect keeping with the "waggin." H. looks aghast and objects to riding to the city" in such style!
"Say mister!" says he, "do you think this is a safe conveyance?"
"Why sartin I do! whoa Dolly! whoa, I say! Safe of course it is. Hop right in gentlemen, an don't be scar't."
"We dont wish to get our necks broken," remarks H .
"Never you mind! you won't get hurt a bit. Be easy Dolly, can't ye? She don't act like a hoss that haint hed an oat this spring, does she, now?"
"No indeed!" replies H. "Is she gentle?"
"Yes sir! she is and she's a good un too, notwithstandin" she hain"t hed an oat this spring, nor fur thet matter she hain't hed one senee last fall, nuther.
After a little we are pursuaded to "git in," H., Doc and the O. M. occupy the seat and Stephen, the guide, sits in behind with his legs banging over the rear end of the wagon. For the first mile the road is fearfully rongh and the "ole mare" is decidely anxious, seemingly, to give us a good shaking up and show off her speed. She is really, or rather has been, a good beast, but is too old to be very valuable. The old man is talkative and allows not moment to go by without reminding us that "the ole mare haint hed an oat, \&c., \&. Where are you gentlemen from?' he enquires after a time.
"From Boston, sir!"
"From Busting! now I wouldn't hev thought it. From Bosting be ye, eli?" Being assured that we were, the old gentieman goes on.
"Thar was a Bosting man down here last year, an' ho sed he wouid hev gin me two hundred dollars for this mare, ef she hadn't hed that bunch on her nigh fore leg het you can see.
"Of course you would have sold her," said II.

Wal, I don't know; yer see sle's kinder one of the family, so ter speak. We've hed her ever sence she was a colt an' feel sorter 'tached' to her, an' I spect thet my wife would feel pooty bad to part with her. No! I don't think we'd sell he She's a nice loukin' beast, now hain't she, seein she hain't hed an oat this winter, nor this spring nuther?"
"What dp you think of the colt? Is i as good as the old mare?" enquires H.
"Wal now, he may be, but somehow could part with him mighty easy."
After the performance that we witnessd in the pasture, we could well believe the old man's statement. "Yer see he
haint broke, an he's mighty frisky. I'm getting too old ter break him, so I shall hire some one ter do it, or else sell the crittur.
For nearly a mile before "the city" is reached the road is quite level and the 0 . m. wished to show us the speed of his
'Ef ye say so, I'll show ye what the ole mare can do in the trottin' line," says he looking at Doc enquiringly.
"By all means," replies Do
Then a word to the mare, a slight tightening of the reins and the nag is off at a terrific gait. H. clears his legs and prepares to jump if anything breaks, while poor Stephen is in agony ; he is not blessed with a super-abundance of flesh to act as a cushion, so he is rattled about like a loose shutter in a gale of wind; the body of the wagon comes down with a thump on the axles every few feet and threatens in dislocate evary joint of the velricle. Wicked Doc enjoys the sport (?) but seegive misery of his companions, asks the driver to hold up.
"Thar," says he "ain't thet pooty good ur an ole mare that haint hed an oat this spring, no not all oat?"
Being assured that it was remarkable indeed and that the speed attained must have been about 2.40 , he felt highly elated.

We arrived in Rangeley a few minutes later and left the kind-hearted old gentleman just as he was telling us for the hundredth time that "the ole mare hain't hed in oat this spring," \&e., \&c

## Jesse James, the Weetern Outlaw.

The Kansas City (Mo.) Journal, week y, of last week, contains nearly three solid pages of matter relative to the recent killing of Jesse James, and incidents of his life. He was shot in the back, while unarmed, and various sentimental papers have seen fit to deplore the manner of his "taking off." The St. Louis Post-I is patch and Chicago Inter-Ocean are of this class, and are quoted from by the daily K . . Journal, of April 6th, with the following comments, which seem very considerate, after having read the history of the notorious outlaw's scores of cold blooded murders. The Journal says
Jesse James has never since the close of the rebellion met a foe face to face and root to foot. He has been a treacherous, sneaking cowar,, wo shat men the back by laying in ambusi) for thern. Did ie not lay belind a bridge, and when homest old farmer Askew, at the dawn of day, had left his house to proceed to the spring or a bucket of water, from his safe rereat the bold Jesse sent a bullet straight into his back. At the Winston robbery he sent two bullets into the back of Conductor Westfall. He murdered Ed Miller, one of his comrades in crime, while he lay asleep, on the mere suspicion that he might prove untaithful. A dozen or nore such instances of his cowardice might be enumerated. Of course he fought like a iger when it was necessary, but he avorided a foe whenever possible, and gething the "drop," without remorse took the life of any whom he conceived to be in his way. His friends boasted that he had taken the lives of over one hundred people. Sume
of them thought that made hims great. They were mistaken. It only made him a blackhearted murderer, whom fate was some day to overtake. Officers of the law, having ascertained his whereabouts, might possibly have surrounded the house with a force that he could not have broken hrough, but do any suppose he would have surrendered? No. Knowing that his life had been forfeited a hundred times to the law, he would from his domicil have shot down as many of his assuilants as possible, and would have finally died perrorated with bullets. Is it possible that the respectable papers above quoted from would have advised that he be taken or killed in that way? We bope not. Jesse James flied like a dog, as he deserved to die, at the liands of a boy whom he had loubtless led into crime. If he is not rasting in the fires of hades now, then here is no such place. The Inter-Ocean and Post-Dispatch hud better cease their indugence in the mock heroics. The people out in this country, over wheih the outlaw roamed, do not relish or appreciate such attempts to create sympatliy for a man whose heart, if he had any was catloused all over with crime.


THE ONLY MEDICINE
is bither hiotid or mit fork
THE ITVER, THE BOWEGM AND THR KTD WE WHY ARE WE SICK? beconne clogged or torphid, and poisonorts hat should be expelled naturally.


WILL SURELY CURE

## KIDNEY DISEASES.

LIVER COMPLAINTE.
PIIES, CONSTIPATION, TRINARY DISEASES, FEYALE WEAKNESSES, ND NFE VOUS DISORDERS, by causing free action of these orgens "1
restoring their power to tharo off disease Why sufter Bilions pains and aches! Hy tormanted with Piles, C'oustipation: Why frightened over disordered Kidnegs? fifly cmidure nervons or sica headincles? Cse KISINEX-WORTencl rejarisin 7 .ecarth.
 -2It nuts with equal enciency in eitiner form
 THELLS, MIC!IAMDSON \& CO., Iroテ's
 MALT BITTERS Salas Siture fompany
 A Blood Food for DrifCate Women, Nursing Motiers, CEMT, OVERWORKED, CAREWORN, EMACATETED, . 1

## A Bear Escape.

Mi. Eiditor:-As you like to tell about bears and other animals, I thought I would tell you a little story of a big bear some of your readers. When I was an inhabitant of the town of Carthage some 45 years ago, my father sent me from the vicinity of the Storer fill with a yoke of oxen and sled, in the month of Marelı o April, dlown into the Basin weighberhuod 0 a large and lonely barn for a lond of openings. I got to the barn in the earl morning, say 8 o'clock. The barn was nearly new, large and roomy, and set on the side of the hill, which made quite hasement to the barn. There was a flock of sheer of some 50 or more there which had heen shut in the basement the night hefore, evidently for safe keeping. 'The door had by some means got off the hing es, and had heen laid upon its sille and urned up to the door to keep the sheep in and not calculated to keep Brum out, who me time in the night had come to sat barn for a lamb supper. He found the aforesaid door leaning from him with quite a number of good looking sheep and a few young lanibs on the other side. He had scrambled ip over the doer and down in

## sheep pen

When I cance there the sheep seemed be very much scared. I found a lamb ders and left dead. Mr. Bear hadevident lien sared his supper or breakfast and leaning towards him discouraged him. He did not think it possible for him to been very easy indeed; but looked around for some other way out. He found chance through under one end of the bar Bruin into a large bay. The hay laa been taken out and one end of the bay floor, which was boarded up about fou teet. This made a high fence to get over but Mr. B. was bound to get out, so he climbed over with much seratehing. This let him into the barn floor, but no neare give it up ine mounted the scaffold. Th hay being off at one end and the scaffold being down hear the floor he went up on the hay-mow above the beams. Here lie seemed in a quandary; he couid peak on at the cracks and see the outer world, bu himself imprisoned by his own imprurlence He was apparentiy mad with limself an mall cige had taken hold of ofe of as though he would wrench it out. Final the brarding and jump out. He mate hole through the stout boarding larg mongh for the higgest kind of a bear but was ton high from the ground outside, dirty fect. He could not give it tip he had no idea of go ny back and be did mot intend to be cauglit up on the ha fre baw and wude anuther pile for wrod and a big hole through the boarding Mr. Bruin, by hook or crook, mate thi passage way ilirectly over a big pile of ressing and the fall not being urer, 18 of i) feet, he concluded to risk it, and st he ot clatr from his prison, leaving a loc
or two of his hair and other tokens of hi
presence, perhaps a wiser beast. Then loaded my hay all alone and drove ove the Tainter hill up to my home with "bear story" to tell, and here it endeth

Human Blood.-On the purity and vi health the blond depend the rigor an various kinds is often only the sign that rature is trying to remove the disturbing cuase. A remedy that gives life and vigu to the blood, eradicates scrofula and othe
mpurities from it, as Ifood's Sarsaparilla undonbledly does, must be the means of preventing many diseases that would $O C$
ur withont its use. Sold by dealers.
Saturday a meeting of the committee of the various cilies and towns interested
in the Knox \& Linculn railroad, voted-22
 40 bonds, at 5 per cent. A sub committee was instructed to submit this to the Maine Central, the latter road having withdrawn
all propositions.

Wontif Remamberivg.-Now that gond times are again upon us, it is worth
cmombering that no one can enjoy the pleasantest surroundings if in bad liealth There are liundreds of miserable people oing about to-day with disordered stomach, liver or kidneys, when a bottle of more good than all the medicines the have ever tried.
Here rests his head upon the lap earth, a youtli to fortune and to fame un neath his andthech benzine crept under with his temperate zone.
It's hard to believe Miss Whittier was


Rev. I. LIamilton, of the Independent mornins in the pulpit during the serneas




## Physical and Nervous Debility.



F L I X I IR
CIFE ROOT:
KIDNEY REMEQY!
A Positive Cure for Kidnev \& Liver Com paints and a11 Diseases arising therefrom, such as

## 

A Druggist has Sold over 1,000 Bottles
 case where it failed, to to kive satisfaction. Nearly Dead and One Bottle Cured Him.
 Dear Sir:-Harine suffererl intensely fo Your years mith disease of the Kidness, afte
having during that time tried various med cines withont obtaining relief, I wasinduced
to 1ry thotle of your ELIXIR OF LIFE ROOT, and it affords me pleasure to say that one bottle if it completely cured me. I reccuré for kidney troubles I have over seen 1 would add that before taking your medi-
cine I had bernme sn weak that I was aboll to give up work. Hoping that others who
have suffered like myself mav be so fortun-
$\qquad$

One Dollar a Bottle.
Elixir of Life Root Comp'y

T0 INVESTORS.
The
United States Loan and Deposit Co.
Ginarantee an Anmual Divideud o seven per ceut. for tive years on a

## Old Judge Gold \&

 Silver Mining Co.Payable semi-anuually, on July 1 : and Jannary 15 , commencing oluly next. Now seling at par value $\$ 2.00$ pler share, non assessable Tuis mine is one of the best in Col o add, and will before many months ram the dividends up very high, aud ontirue to pay them for many years ( wo the preferred stock now offered,
bayable at the Banking Rooms of The United States Loan and Deposit Company, No. 4 Post Office Sq., Boston Where stock can be purchased and ll information regarding his

## NOTICE:




BEATTYS
CABIMPARLOR


27 Stops, 10 Sets Reeds, $\$ 90$


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| REMED |
| Fwhevinaticim, |
|  |
| CR | Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Sciatica, Backache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

## It it a safe, nure, and

 prectural Remedy for ज̂alls, strains, Sores, Scratches, \&c., on HORSES One trial will prove its merits. TV゚ST.I.VT. T.NEOUS
## HEW RICH BLOOD!

## - - hor


AGENTS WANTED ETERTWHERR to


Nice Job Work at this Office

